H-0353.1

## HOUSE BILL 1139

State of Washington

69th Legislature

2025 Regular Session

By Representative Low Prefiled 12/30/24.

- AN ACT Relating to promoting public safety and deterring unlawful firearm possession by increasing criminal penalties for unlawful possession of a firearm; amending RCW 10.31.100, 9.94A.030, 9.94A.030, 9.94A.525, and 9.94A.525; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.515; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the unlawful possession of firearms by individuals with a history of violent criminal behavior presents a significant threat to public safety. Classifying certain instances of unlawful possession of firearms as violent offenses, adjusting sentencing levels, and mandating jail booking for violations seeks to reduce recidivism, deters unlawful firearm possession, and enhances penalties for such offenses.
- 15 **Sec. 2.** RCW 10.31.100 and 2023 c 462 s 702 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
- A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a felony shall have the authority to arrest the person without a warrant. A police officer may arrest a person without a warrant for committing a misdemeanor or gross

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misdemeanor only when the offense is committed in the presence of an officer, except as provided in subsections (1) through (11) of this section.

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- (1) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor, involving physical harm or threats of harm to any person or property or the unlawful taking of property or involving the use or possession of cannabis, or involving the acquisition, possession, or consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of twenty-one years under RCW 66.44.270, or involving criminal trespass under RCW 9A.52.070 or 9A.52.080, shall have the authority to arrest the person.
- (2) A police officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
- (a) A domestic violence protection order, a sexual assault protection order, a stalking protection order, or a vulnerable adult protection order has been issued, of which the person has knowledge, under chapter 7.105 RCW, or an order has been issued, of which the person has knowledge, under RCW 26.44.063, or chapter 9A.40, 9A.46, 9A.88, 10.99, 26.09, 26.26A, 26.26B, or 74.34 RCW, or any of the former chapters 7.90, 7.92, and 26.50 RCW, restraining the person and the person has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence, or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of, or entering, a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or prohibiting the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location, a protected party's person, or a protected party's vehicle, or requiring the person to submit to electronic monitoring, or, in the case of an order issued under RCW 26.44.063, imposing any other restrictions or conditions upon the person;
- (b) An extreme risk protection order has been issued against the person under chapter 7.105 RCW or former RCW 7.94.040, the person has knowledge of the order, and the person has violated the terms of the order prohibiting the person from having in the person's custody or control, purchasing, possessing, accessing, or receiving a firearm or concealed pistol license;
- (c) A foreign protection order, as defined in RCW 26.52.010, or a Canadian domestic violence protection order, as defined in RCW

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1 26.55.010, has been issued of which the person under restraint has knowledge and the person under restraint has violated a provision of 2 3 the foreign protection order or the Canadian domestic violence protection order prohibiting the person under restraint 4 contacting or communicating with another person, or excluding the 5 6 person under restraint from a residence, workplace, school, or day 7 care, or prohibiting the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location, a 8 9 protected party's person, or a protected party's vehicle, or a violation of any provision for which the foreign protection order or 10 11 Canadian domestic violence protection order specifically 12 indicates that a violation will be a crime; ((or))

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- The person is eighteen years or older and within the preceding four hours has assaulted a family or household member or intimate partner as defined in RCW 10.99.020 and the officer believes: (i) A felonious assault has occurred; (ii) an assault has occurred which has resulted in bodily injury to the victim, whether the injury is observable by the responding officer or not; or (iii) that any physical action has occurred which was intended to cause another person reasonably to fear imminent serious bodily injury or death. Bodily injury means physical pain, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. When the officer has probable cause to believe that family or household members or intimate partners have assaulted each other, the officer is not required to arrest both persons. The officer shall arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary aggressor. In making this determination, the officer shall make every reasonable effort to consider: (A) The intent to protect victims of domestic violence under RCW 10.99.010; (B) the comparative extent of injuries inflicted or serious threats creating fear of physical injury; and (C) the history of domestic violence of each person involved, including whether the conduct was part of an ongoing pattern of abuse; or
- (e) The person has unlawfully possessed a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040 (1) or (2).
- (3) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a violation of any of the following traffic laws shall have the authority to arrest the person:
- (a) RCW 46.52.010, relating to duty on striking an unattended car or other property;

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- 1 (b) RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to, or death of, a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 3 (c) RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.530, relating to reckless driving or 4 racing of vehicles;
- 5 (d) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
  - (e) RCW 46.61.503 or 46.25.110, relating to persons having alcohol or THC in their system;

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- 9 (f) RCW 46.20.342, relating to driving a motor vehicle while 10 operator's license is suspended or revoked;
  - (g) RCW 46.61.5249, relating to operating a motor vehicle in a negligent manner.
    - (4) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor vehicle accident may arrest the driver of a motor vehicle involved in the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the driver has committed, in connection with the accident, a violation of any traffic law or regulation.
    - (5)(a) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor vessel accident may arrest the operator of a motor vessel involved in the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the operator has committed, in connection with the accident, a criminal violation of chapter 79A.60 RCW.
    - (b) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor vessel accident may issue a citation for an infraction to the operator of a motor vessel involved in the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the operator has committed, in connection with the accident, a violation of any boating safety law of chapter 79A.60 RCW.
    - (6) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a violation of RCW 79A.60.040 shall have the authority to arrest the person.
    - (7) An officer may act upon the request of a law enforcement officer, in whose presence a traffic infraction was committed, to stop, detain, arrest, or issue a notice of traffic infraction to the driver who is believed to have committed the infraction. The request by the witnessing officer shall give an officer the authority to take appropriate action under the laws of the state of Washington.
- 38 (8) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 39 person has committed or is committing any act of indecent exposure, 40 as defined in RCW 9A.88.010, may arrest the person.

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(9) A police officer may arrest and take into custody, pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that an antiharassment protection order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under chapter 7.105 RCW or former chapter 10.14 RCW and the person has violated the terms of that order.

- (10) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has, within twenty-four hours of the alleged violation, committed a violation of RCW 9A.50.020 may arrest such person.
- (11) A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person illegally possesses or illegally has possessed a firearm or other dangerous weapon on private or public elementary or secondary school premises shall have the authority to arrest the person.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "firearm" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the term "dangerous weapon" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.250 and 9.41.280(1) (c) through (e).

- (12) A law enforcement officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed a violation under RCW 77.15.160(5) may issue a citation for an infraction to the person in connection with the violation.
- (13) A law enforcement officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed a criminal violation under RCW 77.15.809 or 77.15.811 may arrest the person in connection with the violation.
- (14) Except as specifically provided in subsections (2), (3), (4), and (7) of this section, nothing in this section extends or otherwise affects the powers of arrest prescribed in Title 46 RCW.
- (15) No police officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for making an arrest pursuant to subsection (2) or (9) of this section if the police officer acts in good faith and without malice.
- (16) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, a police officer shall arrest and keep in custody, until release by a judicial officer on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has violated RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or an equivalent local ordinance and the police officer: (i) Has knowledge that the person has a prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055 within ten years; or (ii) has knowledge, based on a review of the information available to the officer at the time of arrest, that the person is charged with or is awaiting arraignment for an offense that would

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- qualify as a prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055 if it were a conviction.
- 3 (b) A police officer is not required to keep in custody a person 4 under (a) of this subsection if the person requires immediate medical 5 attention and is admitted to a hospital.
- 6 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2022 c 231 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
- 8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

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- (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created under chapter 9.95 RCW.
- (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.
- (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department.
- 31 (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within 880 feet of 32 the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.
- 33 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 34 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 35 offender.
  - (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.
- 37 (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 38 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, 39 and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

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(10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.

- (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.
- (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon. However, when a defendant is charged with a recidivist offense, "criminal history" includes a vacated prior conviction for the sole purpose of establishing that such vacated prior conviction constitutes an element of the present recidivist offense as provided in RCW 9.94A.640(4)(b) and 9.96.060(((7)))(8)(c).
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
- (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their members or agents.

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(13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.

- (14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:
  - (a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;
- (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;
- 14 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of the gang;
  - (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness against the gang or any member of the gang;
  - (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement, gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation, influence, or membership; or
  - (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).
  - (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
  - (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.
    - (17) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- 39 (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 40 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total

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- confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- 7 (19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 8 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 9 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for 10 11 personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, 12 bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other 13 14 process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or 15 16 retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not 17 include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 18
- 19 (20)(a) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in 20 RCW 10.99.020.
  - (b) "Domestic violence" also means: (i) Physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one intimate partner by another intimate partner as defined in RCW 10.99.020; or (ii) physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one family or household member by another family or household member as defined in RCW 10.99.020.
- 30 (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing 31 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense who are 32 eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.
  - (22) "Drug offense" means:

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- 34 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession 35 of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for 36 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 37 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that 38 relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or 39 transportation of a controlled substance; or

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- 1 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the 2 laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense 3 under (a) of this subsection.
  - (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
    - (24) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an individual through the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:
    - (a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or removes the monitoring device; or
    - (b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location and which may also include electronic monitoring with victim notification technology that is capable of notifying a victim or protected party, either directly or through a monitoring agency, if the monitored individual enters within the restricted distance of a victim or protected party, or within the restricted distance of a designated location.
      - (25) "Escape" means:

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- (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.
  - (26) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 35 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-and-37 run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under 38 the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), 39 or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of 40 intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

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(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

- (27) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.
- (28) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
- (29) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence 24 hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to electronic monitoring.
- (30) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:
- (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations;
- (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or
- 24 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 25 invitee.
  - (31) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

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- 1 (32) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies 2 or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
- 3 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 4 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 5 felony;
  - (b) Assault in the second degree;
  - (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 8 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 9 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 10 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 11 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age 14;
- 12 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 13 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 14 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 15 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
  - (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 17 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 18 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 19 (o) Sexual exploitation;
- (p) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner;
- (q) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 28 (r) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 29 motivation;
- 30 (s) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 31 9.94A.825;
- 32 (t) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 33 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this 34 subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense 35 that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 36 most serious offense under this subsection;
- 37 (u)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 38 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. 39 sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW

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- 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- (ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 14; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997;

- (v) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was 10 years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.
- 17 (33) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 18 offense.
  - (34) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is 18 years of age or older or is less than 18 years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.
  - (35) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention, electronic monitoring, or work crew has been ordered by the court or home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the parenting program or the graduated reentry program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, electronic monitoring, and a combination of work crew, electronic monitoring, and home detention.

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         (36) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:
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        (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or
    any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or
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    more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:
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         (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this
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    section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a
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    Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);
         (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding
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    Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);
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         (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled
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    Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);
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         (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act
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    (chapter 9.41 RCW);
         (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);
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        (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);
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         (vii) Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080);
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        (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat
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    is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));
         (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);
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         (x) Any felony conviction by a person 18 years of age or older
    with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony offense
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    under RCW 9.94A.833;
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         (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
        (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);
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        (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);
        (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);
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        (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);
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         (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
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        (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1
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    9A.56.070);
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        (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2
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    9A.56.075);
         (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
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         (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
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         (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);
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         (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);
        (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
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        (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
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        (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
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         (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);
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- (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;
  - (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in (a) of this subsection; and
- (d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were committed by two or more persons.
  - (37) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

- (a) (i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
- (b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (37) (b) (i); and
- (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was 16 years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this

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subsection only when the offender was 18 years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.

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- (38) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a 3 stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the 4 perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim 5 6 prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the 7 relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, 8 volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private 9 school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her 10 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" 11 12 does not include home-based instruction as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in 13 authority in any recreational activity and the victim 14 participant in the activity under his or her authority 15 16 supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in 17 authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was 18 a member or participant of the organization under his or her authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 19 in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a 20 21 student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her 22 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Home-23 based instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 24 25 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the victim. 26
- 27 (39) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 28 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.
  - (40) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.
- 30 (41) "Recidivist offense" means a felony offense where a prior 31 conviction of the same offense or other specified offense is an 32 element of the crime including, but not limited to:
  - (a) Assault in the fourth degree where domestic violence is pleaded and proven, RCW 9A.36.041(3);
    - (b) Cyber harassment, RCW 9A.90.120(2)(b)(i);
  - (c) Harassment, RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)(i);
- 37 (d) Indecent exposure, RCW 9A.88.010(2)(c);
  - (e) Stalking, RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b) (i) and (iii);
- 39 (f) Telephone harassment, RCW 9.61.230(2)(a); and

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- 1 (g) Violation of a no-contact or protection order, RCW 7.105.450 or former RCW 26.50.110(5).
  - (42) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:
  - (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense under RCW 9A.36.041;
- 6 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 7 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- 8 (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under 9 chapter 26.09, 26.26A, or 26.26B RCW or former chapter 26.50 RCW, or 10 violation of a domestic violence protection order under chapter 7.105 11 RCW, that is not a felony offense;
- 12 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 13 that is not a felony offense; or
- 14 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 15 is not a felony offense; or
  - (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (43) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
  - (44) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state institute for public policy as having the highest degree of predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.
    - (45) "Serious traffic offense" means:
  - (a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 34 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 35 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 36 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 37 (46) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 38 offense and means:
  - (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;
- 40 (ii) Homicide by abuse;

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- 1 (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 2 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 3 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- 4 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;
- 5 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- 6 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or
- 7 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 8 commit one of these felonies; or
- 9 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 10 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 11 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 12 (47) "Sex offense" means:
- 13 (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 14 than RCW 9A.44.132;
- 15 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;
- 16 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 17 than RCW 9.68A.080;
- 18 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal 19 attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 20 crimes; or
- (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130 prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion;
- 25 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 26 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 27 sex offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 28 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
- 30 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 31 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 32 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 33 (48) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 34 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 35 sexual gratification.
- 36 (49) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 38 (50) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of 39 time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime 40 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute

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- defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.
- 3 (51) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 4 24 hours before the offense.

- (52) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for 24 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- (53) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.
- (54) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.
  - (55) "Victim of domestic violence" means an intimate partner or household member who has been subjected to the infliction of physical harm or sexual and psychological abuse by an intimate partner or household member as part of a pattern of assaultive, coercive, and controlling behaviors directed at achieving compliance from or control over that intimate partner or household member. Domestic violence includes, but is not limited to, the offenses listed in RCW 10.99.020 and 26.50.010 committed by an intimate partner or household member against a victim who is an intimate partner or household member.
  - (56) "Victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, or commercial sexual abuse of a minor" means a person who has been forced or coerced to perform a commercial sex act including, but not limited to, being a victim of offenses defined in RCW 9A.40.100, 9A.88.070, 9.68A.101, and the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et seq.; or a person who was induced to perform a commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age including but not limited to the offenses defined in chapter 9.68A RCW.
- (57) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who is a victim of a sexual assault offense, nonconsensual sexual conduct, or nonconsensual sexual penetration and as a result suffers physical, emotional, financial, or psychological impacts. Sexual assault

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- offenses include, but are not limited to, the offenses defined in chapter 9A.44 RCW.
  - (58) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- 5 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 6 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 7 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 8 class A felony;
  - (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 10 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 11 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 12 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 13 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 14 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 15 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 16 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 17 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 18 (xii) Drive-by shooting;
- 19 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 20 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 21 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 22 reckless manner; ((and))
- (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; and
  - (xv) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree;
  - (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
  - (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
  - (59) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
  - (60) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences,

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- character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
- 4 (61) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement 5 available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a 6 regular course of study at school.
- 7 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.030 and 2024 c 306 s 2 are each amended to 8 read as follows:

9 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 10 this section apply throughout this chapter.

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- (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created under chapter 9.95 RCW.
- (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, means that the department, either directly or through a collection agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- (3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.
  - (5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department.
- (6) "Community protection zone" means the area within 880 feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.
- 34 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 35 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 36 offender.
  - (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

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(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

- (10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor compliance with the order of a court may be required by the department.
- (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.
- (a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
- (b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon. However, when a defendant is charged with a recidivist offense, "criminal history" includes a vacated prior conviction for the sole purpose of establishing that such vacated prior conviction constitutes an element of the present recidivist offense as provided in RCW 9.94A.640(4) (b) and 9.96.060(((7))) (8)(c).
- (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains part of the defendant's criminal history.
- (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in

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concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their members or agents.

- (13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by the criminal street gang.
- (14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or is committed for one or more of the following reasons:
  - (a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;
- 15 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, 16 prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;
  - (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of the gang;
  - (d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witness against the gang or any member of the gang;
  - (e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement, gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation, influence, or membership; or
  - (f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 9.68 RCW).
  - (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
  - (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing court.

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(17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

- (18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.
- (19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.
- 22 (20)(a) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in 23 RCW 10.99.020.
  - (b) "Domestic violence" also means: (i) Physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one intimate partner by another intimate partner as defined in RCW 10.99.020; or (ii) physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, or assault, sexual assault, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110, of one family or household member by another family or household member as defined in RCW 10.99.020.
  - (21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of a felony offense who are eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.
  - (22) "Drug offender sentencing alternative for driving under the influence" is a sentencing option available to persons convicted of felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug under RCW 46.61.502(6), or felony physical control of a

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vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug under RCW 46.61.504(6) who are eligible under RCW 9.94A.661.

(23) "Drug offense" means:

- (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or
- 10 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 13 (24) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 14 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.
  - (25) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an individual through the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:
  - (a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or removes the monitoring device; or
  - (b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location and which may also include electronic monitoring with victim notification technology that is capable of notifying a victim or protected party, either directly or through a monitoring agency, if the monitored individual enters within the restricted distance of a victim or protected party, or within the restricted distance of a designated location.
    - (26) "Escape" means:
- (a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

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- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.
  - (27) "Felony traffic offense" means:

- 5 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or
  - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (28) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specific period of time.
  - (29) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.
  - (30) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence 24 hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to electronic monitoring.
  - (31) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:
  - (a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations;
    - (b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or
- 34 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 35 invitee.
  - (32) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug

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- funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, 1 and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender 2 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular 3 assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 4 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence 5 6 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of 7 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the 8
- 10 (33) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies 11 or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:
  - (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
    - (b) Assault in the second degree;

conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

- (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 20 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age 14;
- 21 (h) Indecent liberties;

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- 22 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 23 (j) Leading organized crime;
  - (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
  - (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 26 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
- 27 (n) Rape in the third degree;
- 28 (o) Sexual exploitation;
- (p) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 33 (q) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 34 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 35 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation 36 of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
- 37 (r) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 38 motivation;
- 39 (s) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 40 9.94A.825;

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(t) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;

- 6 (u)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 7 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. 8 sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;
- A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW (ii) 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 14; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through July 27, 1997;
  - (v) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was 10 years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.
  - (34) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.
  - established by state law and is 18 years of age or older or is less than 18 years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

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- 1 (36) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 2 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention, 3 electronic monitoring, or work crew has been ordered by the court or 4 home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the 5 6 parenting program or the graduated reentry program, in an approved 7 residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work 8 release, home detention, work crew, electronic monitoring, and a 9 combination of work crew, electronic monitoring, and home detention. 10
  - (37) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:
- 12 (a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or 13 any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or 14 more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:
- 15 (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);
- 18 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding 19 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);
- 20 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 21 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);
- 22 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 23 (chapter  $9.41\ RCW$ );
  - (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);
- 25 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);
- 26 (vii) Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080);

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9A.56.070);

- (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));
- 29 (ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);
- 30 (x) Any felony conviction by a person 18 years of age or older 31 with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony offense 32 under RCW 9.94A.833;
  - (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
- 34 (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);
- 35 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);
- 36 (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);
- 37 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);
- 38 (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);
- 39 (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW

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        (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW
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    9A.56.075);
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        (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
        (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
 4
        (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);
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 6
        (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);
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        (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
        (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
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        (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
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        (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);
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        (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this
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    subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;
        (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this
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    subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in
    (a) of this subsection; and
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        (d) Of the offenses that were committed in
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                                                            (a)
                                                                     this
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    subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were
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    committed by two or more persons.
        (38) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
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        (a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered
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    a most serious offense; and
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        (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this
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    subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate
    occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under
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    the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and
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    would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided
    that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction
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    must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most
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    serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
        (b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape
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    of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first
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    degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second
    degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the
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    following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the
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    first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse,
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    kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree,
    assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of
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    a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree,
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    or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any
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crime listed in this subsection (38)(b)(i); and

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(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was 16 years of age or older when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this subsection only when the offender was 18 years of age or older when the offender committed the offense.

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- (39) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" does not include home-based instruction as defined 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in authority in any recreational activity and the victim participant in the activity under his or her authority supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was a member or participant of the organization under his or her authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Homebased instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the victim.
- 37 (40) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter 38 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.
  - (41) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.

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- 1 (42) "Recidivist offense" means a felony offense where a prior 2 conviction of the same offense or other specified offense is an 3 element of the crime including, but not limited to:
- 4 (a) Assault in the fourth degree where domestic violence is pleaded and proven, RCW 9A.36.041(3);
  - (b) Cyber harassment, RCW 9A.90.120(2)(b)(i);
  - (c) Harassment, RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)(i);

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- 8 (d) Indecent exposure, RCW 9A.88.010(2)(c);
  - (e) Stalking, RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b) (i) and (iii);
- 10 (f) Telephone harassment, RCW 9.61.230(2)(a); and
- 11 (g) Violation of a no-contact or protection order, RCW 7.105.450 12 or former RCW 26.50.110(5).
  - (43) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:
- 14 (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 15 under RCW 9A.36.041;
- 16 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 17 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;
- (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under chapter 26.09, 26.26A, or 26.26B RCW or former chapter 26.50 RCW, or violation of a domestic violence protection order under chapter 7.105 RCW, that is not a felony offense;
- 22 (iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 23 that is not a felony offense; or
- 24 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 25 is not a felony offense; or
  - (b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (44) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs.
  - (45) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state institute for public policy as having the highest degree of predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.
    - (46) "Serious traffic offense" means:
- 39 (a)(i) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of 40 intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502);

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- 1 (ii) Nonfelony actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504); 2
  - (iii) Reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500);

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- (iv) Negligent driving if the conviction is the result of a 4 charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 5 6 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 7 46.61.522 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.5249); 8
- (v) Reckless endangerment if the conviction is the result of a 9 charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 10 11 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 12 46.61.522 while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 9A.36.050); or 13
  - (vi) Hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 15 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 16 17 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
  - (c) This definition applies for the purpose of a personal driver's license only and does not apply to violations related to a commercial motor vehicle under RCW 46.25.090.
- (47) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 21 22 offense and means:
  - (a) (i) Murder in the first degree;
  - (ii) Homicide by abuse;
  - (iii) Murder in the second degree;
- 26 (iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 27 (v) Assault in the first degree;
- (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree; 28
- 29 (vii) Rape in the first degree;
- (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or 30
- 31 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 32 commit one of these felonies; or
- (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection. 35
  - (48) "Sex offense" means:
- (a)(i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 37 than RCW 9A.44.132; 38
- 39 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;

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- 1 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 2 than RCW 9.68A.080;
- 3 (iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal 4 attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 5 crimes; or

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- (v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130 prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion;
- 10 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 11 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 12 sex offense in (a) of this subsection;
- 13 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or
- 15 (d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 16 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 17 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 18 (49) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 19 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 20 sexual gratification.
- 21 (50) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 22 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- (51) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for a crime.
- 28 (52) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 29 24 hours before the offense.
- 30 (53) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 31 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 32 contract by the state or any other unit of government for 24 hours a 33 day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 34 (54) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 35 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 36 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 37 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include 38 instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during 39 the offender's period of community custody.

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- 1 (55) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 2 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 3 a direct result of the crime charged.
- (56) "Victim of domestic violence" means an intimate partner or 4 household member who has been subjected to the infliction of physical 5 6 harm or sexual and psychological abuse by an intimate partner or 7 household member as part of a pattern of assaultive, coercive, and controlling behaviors directed at achieving compliance from or 8 control over that intimate partner or household member. Domestic 9 violence includes, but is not limited to, the offenses listed in RCW 10 11 10.99.020 and 26.50.010 committed by an intimate partner or household 12 member against a victim who is an intimate partner or household 13 member.
  - (57) "Victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, or commercial sexual abuse of a minor" means a person who has been forced or coerced to perform a commercial sex act including, but not limited to, being a victim of offenses defined in RCW 9A.40.100, 9A.88.070, 9.68A.101, and the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et seq.; or a person who was induced to perform a commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age including but not limited to the offenses defined in chapter 9.68A RCW.
- 22 (58) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who is a victim 23 of a sexual assault offense, nonconsensual sexual conduct, or 24 nonconsensual sexual penetration and as a result suffers physical, 25 emotional, financial, or psychological impacts. Sexual assault 26 offenses include, but are not limited to, the offenses defined in 27 chapter 9A.44 RCW.
  - (59) "Violent offense" means:

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- (a) Any of the following felonies:
- 30 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 31 attempt to commit a class A felony;
- 32 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 33 class A felony;
  - (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 35 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;
- 36 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;
- 37 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 38 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 39 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 40 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;

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1	(x) Extortion in the first degree;
2	(xi) Robbery in the second degree;
3	(xii) Drive-by shooting;
4	(xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving
5	of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating
6	liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a
7	reckless manner; ((and))
8	(xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving
9	of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of
10	intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by
11	the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; and
12	(xv) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree;
13	(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time
14	prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a
15	violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
16	(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
17	under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
18	violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
19	(60) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement
20	consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the
21	community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.
22	(61) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program
23	as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce recidivism and lower
24	the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a
25	comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences,
26	character-building work ethics training, life management skills
27	development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy
28	training, and basic adult education.
29	(62) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement
30	available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a
31	regular course of study at school.
32	Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.515 and 2024 c 301 s 29 and 2024 c 55 s 1 are
33	each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
34	TABLE 2
35	CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH
36	SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

XVI Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020)

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1	XV	Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055)
2		Malicious explosion 1 (RCW
3		70.74.280(1))
4		Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030)
5	XIV	Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050)
6		Trafficking 1 (RCW 9A.40.100(1))
7 8	XIII	Malicious explosion 2 (RCW 70.74.280(2))
9		Malicious placement of an explosive 1
10		(RCW 70.74.270(1))
11	XII	Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011)
12		Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120)
13		Malicious placement of an imitation
14		device 1 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(a))
15		Promoting Commercial Sexual Abuse
16		of a Minor (RCW 9.68A.101)
17		Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040)
18		Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073)
19		Trafficking 2 (RCW 9A.40.100(3))
20	XI	Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060)
21		Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050)
22		Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076)
23		Vehicular Homicide, by being under the
24		influence of intoxicating liquor or
25		any drug (RCW 46.61.520)
26		Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of
27 28		any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)
29	X	Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083)
30	Λ	Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW
31		9A.42.020)
32		Indecent Liberties (with forcible
33		compulsion) (RCW
34		9A.44.100(1)(a))
35		Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020)

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1 2		Leading Organized Crime (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a))
3 4		Malicious explosion 3 (RCW
5		70.74.280(3))
6		Sexually Violent Predator Escape (RCW 9A.76.115)
7 8	IX	Abandonment of Dependent Person 1 (RCW 9A.42.060)
9		Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130)
10 11		Explosive devices prohibited (RCW 70.74.180)
12 13		Hit and Run—Death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a))
14 15		Homicide by Watercraft, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor
16		or any drug (RCW 79A.60.050)
17 18		Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b))
19 20		Malicious placement of an explosive 2 (RCW 70.74.270(2))
21		Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200)
22		Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
23	VIII	Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
24 25		Commercial Sexual Abuse of a Minor (RCW 9.68A.100)
26		Homicide by Watercraft, by the
27 28		operation of any vessel in a reckless manner (RCW 79A.60.050)
29		Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
30		Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW
31		9A.88.070)
32		Theft of Ammonia (RCW 69.55.010)
33		<u>Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 1</u>
34		(RCW 9.41.040(1))

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1	VII	Air bag diagnostic systems (causing
2		bodily injury or death) (RCW
3		46.37.660(2)(b))
4		Air bag replacement requirements
5		(causing bodily injury or death)
6		(RCW 46.37.660(1)(b))
7		Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
8		Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
9		Civil Disorder Training (RCW
10		9A.48.120)
11		Custodial Sexual Misconduct 1 (RCW
12		9A.44.160)
13		Dealing in depictions of minor engaged
14		in sexually explicit conduct 1
15		(RCW 9.68A.050(1))
16		Drive-by Shooting (RCW 9A.36.045)
17		False Reporting 1 (RCW
18		9A.84.040(2)(a))
19		Homicide by Watercraft, by disregard
20		for the safety of others (RCW
21		79A.60.050)
22		Indecent Liberties (without forcible
23		compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)
24		(b) and (c))
25		Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW
26		9A.76.140)
27		Malicious placement of an explosive 3
28		(RCW 70.74.270(3))
29		Manufacture or import counterfeit,
30		nonfunctional, damaged, or
31		previously deployed air bag
32		(causing bodily injury or death)
33		(RCW 46.37.650(1)(b))
34		Negligently Causing Death By Use of a
35		Signal Preemption Device (RCW
36		46.37.675)

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1		Sell, install, or reinstall counterfeit,
2		nonfunctional, damaged, or
3		previously deployed airbag (RCW
4		46.37.650(2)(b))
5		Sending, bringing into state depictions
6		of minor engaged in sexually
7		explicit conduct 1 (RCW
8		9.68A.060(1))
9		((Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in
10		the first degree (RCW
11		<del>9.41.040(1))</del> )))
12		Use of a Machine Gun or Bump-fire
13		Stock in Commission of a Felony
14		(RCW 9.41.225)
15		Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for
16		the safety of others (RCW
17		46.61.520)
18	VI	Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW
19		9A.76.170(3)(a))
20		Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
21		Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
22		Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
23		Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW
24		9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
25		Malicious placement of an imitation
26		device 2 (RCW 70.74.272(1)(b))
27		Possession of Depictions of a Minor
28		Engaged in Sexually Explicit
29		Conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.070(1))
30		Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
31		Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)
32		Theft from a Vulnerable Adult 1 (RCW
33		9A.56.400(1))
34		Unlawful Storage of Ammonia (RCW
35		69.55.020)

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1	V Abandonment of Dependent Person 2
2	(RCW 9A.42.070)
3	Advancing money or property for
4	extortionate extension of credit
5	(RCW 9A.82.030)
6	Air bag diagnostic systems (RCW
7	46.37.660(2)(c))
8	Air bag replacement requirements
9	(RCW 46.37.660(1)(c))
10	Bail Jumping with class A Felony
11	(RCW 9A.76.170(3)(b))
12	Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
13	Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW
14	9A.42.030)
15	Custodial Sexual Misconduct 2 (RCW
16	9A.44.170)
17	Dealing in Depictions of Minor
18	Engaged in Sexually Explicit
19	Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.050(2))
20	Domestic Violence Court Order
21	Violation (RCW 7.105.450,
22	10.99.040, 10.99.050, 26.09.300,
23	26.26B.050, or 26.52.070)
24	Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
25	Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW
26	9A.82.020)
27	Extortionate Means to Collect
28	Extensions of Credit (RCW
29	9A.82.040)
30	Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
31	Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
32	Manufacture or import counterfeit,
33	nonfunctional, damaged, or
34	previously deployed air bag (RCW
35	46.37.650(1)(c))
36	Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)

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1 2		Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
3		Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW
4		9A.56.310)
5		Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
6 7		Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
8 9 10		Sell, install, or reinstall counterfeit, nonfunctional, damaged, or previously deployed airbag (RCW
11		46.37.650(2)(c))
12 13 14 15		Sending, Bringing into State Depictions of Minor Engaged in Sexually Explicit Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.060(2))
16 17		Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
18 19		Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
20		Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110)
21 22		Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 9A.56.070)
23 24		Unlawful Possession of a Firearm 2 (RCW 9.41.040(2))
25	IV	Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
26		Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
<ul><li>27</li><li>28</li><li>29</li></ul>		Assault 3 (of a Peace Officer with a Projectile Stun Gun) (RCW 9A.36.031(1)(h))
30 31		Assault 4 (third domestic violence offense) (RCW 9A.36.041(3))
32 33		Assault by Watercraft (RCW 79A.60.060)
<ul><li>34</li><li>35</li><li>36</li></ul>		Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
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1	Cheating 1 (RCW 9.46.1961)
2	Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
3	Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(4))
4	Driving While Under the Influence
5	(RCW 46.61.502(6))
6	Endangerment with a Controlled
7	Substance (RCW 9A.42.100)
8	Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
9	Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080)
10	Hit and Run—Injury (RCW
11	46.52.020(4)(b))
12	Hit and Run with Vessel—Injury
13	Accident (RCW 79A.60.200(3))
14	Identity Theft 1 (RCW 9.35.020(2))
15	Indecent Exposure to Person Under Age
16	14 (subsequent sex offense) (RCW
17	9A.88.010)
18 19	Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event
	(RCW 9A.82.070)
20 21	Physical Control of a Vehicle While Under the Influence (RCW
22	46.61.504(6))
23	Possession of Depictions of a Minor
24	Engaged in Sexually Explicit
25	Conduct 2 (RCW 9.68A.070(2))
26	Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
27	Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
28	Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
29	Threats to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
30	Trafficking in Catalytic Converters 1
31	(RCW 9A.82.190)
32	Trafficking in Stolen Property 1 (RCW
33	9A.82.050)

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1		Unlawful factoring of a credit card or
2		payment card transaction (RCW
3		9A.56.290(4)(b))
4		Unlawful transaction of health coverage
5		as a health care service contractor
6		(RCW 48.44.016(3))
7		Unlawful transaction of health coverage
8		as a health maintenance
9		organization (RCW 48.46.033(3))
10		Unlawful transaction of insurance
11		business (RCW 48.15.023(3))
12		Unlicensed practice as an insurance
13		professional (RCW 48.17.063(2))
14		Use of Proceeds of Criminal
15		Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1)
16		and (2))
17		Vehicle Prowling 2 (third or subsequent
18		offense) (RCW 9A.52.100(3))
19		Vehicular Assault, by being under the
20		influence of intoxicating liquor or
21		any drug, or by the operation or
22		driving of a vehicle in a reckless
23		manner (RCW 46.61.522)
24		Viewing of Depictions of a Minor
25		Engaged in Sexually Explicit
26		Conduct 1 (RCW 9.68A.075(1))
27	III	Animal Cruelty 1 (RCW 16.52.205)
28		Assault 3 (Except Assault 3 of a Peace
29		Officer With a Projectile Stun Gun)
30		(RCW 9A.36.031 except subsection
31		(1)(h))
32		Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
33		Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony
34		(RCW 9A.76.170(3)(c))
35		Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)

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1	Communication with a Minor for
2	Immoral Purposes (RCW
3	9.68A.090)
4	Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW
5	9A.46.120)
6	Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
7	Cyber Harassment (RCW
8	9A.90.120(2)(b))
9	Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
10	Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
11	False Reporting 2 (RCW
12	9A.84.040(2)(b))
13	Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
14	Hazing (RCW 28B.10.901(2)(b))
15	Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW
16	9A.76.180)
17	Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW
18	9A.76.150)
19	Malicious Injury to Railroad Property
20	(RCW 81.60.070)
21	Manufacture of Untraceable Firearm
22	with Intent to Sell (RCW 9.41.190)
23	Manufacture or Assembly of an
24	Undetectable Firearm or
25	Untraceable Firearm (RCW
26	9.41.325)
27	Mortgage Fraud (RCW 19.144.080)
28	Negligently Causing Substantial Bodily
29	Harm By Use of a Signal
30	Preemption Device (RCW
31	46.37.674)
32	Organized Retail Theft 1 (RCW
33	9A.56.350(2))
34	Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)

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1	Possession of Incendiary Device (RCW
2	9.40.120)
3	Possession of Machine Gun, Bump-Fire
4	Stock, Undetectable Firearm, or
5	Short-Barreled Shotgun or Rifle
6	(RCW 9.41.190)
7	Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW
8	9A.88.080)
9	Retail Theft with Special Circumstances
10	1 (RCW 9A.56.360(2))
11	Securities Act violation (RCW
12	21.20.400)
13	Tampering with a Witness (RCW
14	9A.72.120)
15	Telephone Harassment (subsequent
16	conviction or threat of death)
17	(RCW 9.61.230(2))
18	Theft of Livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.083)
19	Theft with the Intent to Resell 1 (RCW
20	9A.56.340(2))
21	Trafficking in Catalytic Converters 2
22	(RCW 9A.82.200)
23	Trafficking in Stolen Property 2 (RCW
24	9A.82.055)
25	Unlawful Hunting of Big Game 1
26	(RCW 77.15.410(3)(b))
27	Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW
28	9A.40.040)
29	Unlawful Misbranding of Fish or
30	Shellfish 1 (RCW 77.140.060(3))
31	((Unlawful possession of firearm in the
32	second degree (RCW 9.41.040(2))))
33	Unlawful Taking of Endangered Fish or
34	Wildlife 1 (RCW 77.15.120(3)(b))

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1		Unlawful Trafficking in Fish, Shellfish,
2		or Wildlife 1 (RCW
3		77.15.260(3)(b))
4		Unlawful Use of a Nondesignated
5		Vessel (RCW 77.15.530(4))
6		Vehicular Assault, by the operation or
7 8		driving of a vehicle with disregard
9		for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.522)
10	II	,
11	11	Commercial Fishing Without a License 1 (RCW 77.15.500(3)(b))
12		Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.90.040)
13		Counterfeiting (RCW 9.16.035(3))
14		Electronic Data Service Interference
15		(RCW 9A.90.060)
16		Electronic Data Tampering 1 (RCW
17		9A.90.080)
18		Electronic Data Theft (RCW
19		9A.90.100)
20		Engaging in Fish Dealing Activity
21		Unlicensed 1 (RCW 77.15.620(3))
22		Escape from Community Custody
23		(RCW 72.09.310)
24		Failure to Register as a Sex Offender
25		(second or subsequent offense)
26		(RCW 9A.44.130 prior to June 10,
27		2010, and RCW 9A.44.132)
28		Health Care False Claims (RCW
29		48.80.030)
30		Identity Theft 2 (RCW 9.35.020(3))
31		Improperly Obtaining Financial
32		Information (RCW 9.35.010)
33		Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
34		Organized Retail Theft 2 (RCW
35		9A.56.350(3))

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1 2	Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.56.150)
3	Possession of a Stolen Vehicle (RCW
4	9A.56.068)
5	Possession, sale, or offering for sale of
6	seven or more unmarked catalytic
7	converters (RCW 9A.82.180(5))
8	Retail Theft with Special Circumstances
9	2 (RCW 9A.56.360(3))
10	Scrap Processing, Recycling, or
11	Supplying Without a License
12	(second or subsequent offense)
13	(RCW 19.290.100)
14	Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
15	Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW
16	9A.56.065)
17	Theft of Rental, Leased, Lease-
18	purchased, or Loaned Property
19	(valued at \$5,000 or more) (RCW
20	9A.56.096(5)(a))
21	Theft with the Intent to Resell 2 (RCW
22	9A.56.340(3))
23	Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW
24	48.30A.015)
25	Unlawful factoring of a credit card or
26	payment card transaction (RCW
27	9A.56.290(4)(a))
28	Unlawful Participation of Non-Indians
29	in Indian Fishery (RCW
30	77.15.570(2))
31	Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW
32	2.48.180)
33	Unlawful Purchase or Use of a License
34	(RCW 77.15.650(3)(b))

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1		Unlawful Trafficking in Fish, Shellfish,
2		or Wildlife 2 (RCW
3		77.15.260(3)(a))
4		Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or
5		Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
6		Voyeurism 1 (RCW 9A.44.115)
7 8	I	Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
9		False Verification for Welfare (RCW
10		74.08.055)
11		Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)
12		Fraudulent Creation or Revocation of a
13		Mental Health Advance Directive
14		(RCW 9A.60.060)
15		Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
16		Mineral Trespass (RCW 78.44.330)
17		Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW
18		9A.56.160)
19		Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
20		Spotlighting Big Game 1 (RCW
21		77.15.450(3)(b))
22		Suspension of Department Privileges 1
23		(RCW 77.15.670(3)(b))
24		Taking Motor Vehicle Without
25		Permission 2 (RCW 9A.56.075)
26		Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
27		Theft from a Vulnerable Adult 2 (RCW
28		9A.56.400(2))
29		Theft of Rental, Leased, Lease-
30		purchased, or Loaned Property
31		(valued at \$750 or more but less
32		than \$5,000) (RCW
33		9A.56.096(5)(b))
34		Transaction of insurance business
35		beyond the scope of licensure
36		(RCW 48.17.063)

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1	Unlawful Fish and Shellfish Catch
2	Accounting (RCW 77.15.630(3)(b))
3	Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts
4	(RCW 9A.56.060)
5	Unlawful Possession of Fictitious
6	Identification (RCW 9A.56.320)
7	Unlawful Possession of Instruments of
8	Financial Fraud (RCW 9A.56.320)
9	Unlawful Possession of Payment
10	Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)
11	Unlawful Possession of a Personal
12	Identification Device (RCW
13	9A.56.320)
14	Unlawful Production of Payment
15	Instruments (RCW 9A.56.320)
16	Unlawful Releasing, Planting,
17	Possessing, or Placing Deleterious
18	Exotic Wildlife (RCW
19	77.15.250(2)(b))
20	Unlawful Trafficking in Food Stamps
21	(RCW 9.91.142)
22	Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW
23	9.91.144)
24	Unlawful Use of Net to Take Fish 1
25	(RCW 77.15.580(3)(b))
26	Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
27	Violating Commercial Fishing Area or
28	Time 1 (RCW 77.15.550(3)(b))

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29 **Sec. 6.** RCW 9.94A.525 and 2023 c 415 s 2 are each amended to 30 read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

33 The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this 34 section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(1) (a) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is

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- being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.589.
- 5 (b) For the purposes of this section, adjudications of guilt 6 pursuant to Title 13 RCW which are not murder in the first or second 7 degree or class A felony sex offenses may not be included in the 8 offender score.
- 9 (2)(a) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score.

- (b) Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (c) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (d) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (e) If the present conviction is felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)), all predicate crimes for the offense as defined by RCW 46.61.5055(14) shall be included in the offender score, and prior convictions for felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6))

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46.61.504(6)) shall always be included in the offender score. All other convictions of the defendant shall be scored according to this section.

- (f) Prior convictions for a repetitive domestic violence offense, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (g) This subsection applies to both prior adult convictions and prior juvenile adjudications.
  - (3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Neither out-of-state or federal convictions which would have been presumptively adjudicated in juvenile court under Washington law may be included in the offender score unless they are comparable to murder in the first or second degree or a class A felony sex offense. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.
  - (4) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.
  - (5) (a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:
  - (i) Prior offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score

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shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations;

- (ii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions or adjudications served concurrently as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.
- (b) As used in this subsection (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.
- (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense. When these convictions are used as criminal history, score them the same as a completed crime.
- (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count two points for each prior adult violent felony conviction and juvenile violent felony conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section, and one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction.
- (9) If the present conviction is for a serious violent offense, count three points for prior adult convictions and juvenile convictions which are scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section for crimes in this category, two points for each prior adult and scorable juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), and one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction.

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(10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

- (11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; for each serious traffic offense, other than those used for an enhancement pursuant to RCW 46.61.520(2), count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; count one point for each adult prior conviction for operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- (12) If the present conviction is for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft count two points for each adult prior conviction for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft; for each felony offense count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which would be scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; count one point for each adult prior conviction for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug.
- (13) If the present conviction is for manufacture of methamphetamine count three points for each adult prior manufacture of methamphetamine conviction. If the present conviction is for a drug offense and the offender has a criminal history that includes a sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction. All other felonies are scored as in subsection (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.
- (14) If the present conviction is for Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only adult prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count prior escape convictions as one point.
- (15) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point

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and juvenile prior convictions which are scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section as 1/2 point.

- (16) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (7) of this section; however, count two points for each prior Burglary 1 conviction, and two points for each prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.
- (17) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however count three points for each adult prior sex offense conviction and juvenile prior class A felony sex offense adjudication.
- (18) If the present conviction is for failure to register as a sex offender under RCW 9A.44.130 or 9A.44.132, count priors as in subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however count three points for each adult prior sex offense conviction and juvenile prior sex offense conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section, excluding adult prior convictions for failure to register as a sex offender under RCW 9A.44.130 or 9A.44.132, which shall count as one point.
- (19) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community custody, add one point. For purposes of this subsection, community custody includes community placement or postrelease supervision, as defined in chapter 9.94B RCW.
- (20) If the present conviction is for Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2, count priors as in subsections (7) through (18) of this section; however count one point for prior convictions of Vehicle Prowling 2, and three points for each adult prior Theft 1 (of a motor vehicle), Theft 2 (of a motor vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 1 (of a motor vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 2 (of a motor vehicle), Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 conviction.
- (21) If the present conviction is for a felony domestic violence offense where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was pleaded and proven, count priors as in subsections (7) through (20) of this section; however, count points as follows:
- (a) Count two points for each adult prior conviction where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was pleaded and proven

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after August 1, 2011, for any of the following offenses: A felony violation of a no-contact or protection order (RCW 7.105.450 or former RCW 26.50.110), felony Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)), felony Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b)), Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020), Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020), Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030), Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040), Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200), Robbery 2 9A.56.210), Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011), Assault 2 9A.36.021), Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031), Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020), or Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030); 

- (b) Count two points for each adult prior conviction where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was pleaded and proven after July 23, 2017, for any of the following offenses: Assault of a child in the first degree, RCW 9A.36.120; Assault of a child in the second degree, RCW 9A.36.130; Assault of a child in the third degree, RCW 9A.36.140; Criminal Mistreatment in the first degree, RCW 9A.42.020; or Criminal Mistreatment in the second degree, RCW 9A.42.030; and
- (c) Count one point for each adult prior conviction for a repetitive domestic violence offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, was pleaded and proven after August 1, 2011.
  - (22) If the present conviction is for unlawful possession of a firearm 1 (RCW 9.41.040(1)) or unlawful possession of a firearm 2 (RCW 9.41.040(2)), count two points for each prior juvenile adjudication and adult conviction for unlawful possession of a firearm 1 or unlawful possession of a firearm 2.
  - (23) The fact that a prior conviction was not included in an offender's offender score or criminal history at a previous sentencing shall have no bearing on whether it is included in the criminal history or offender score for the current offense. Prior convictions that were not counted in the offender score or included in criminal history under repealed or previous versions of the sentencing reform act shall be included in criminal history and shall count in the offender score if the current version of the sentencing reform act requires including or counting those convictions. Prior convictions that were not included in criminal history or in the offender score shall be included upon any resentencing to ensure imposition of an accurate sentence.

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**Sec. 7.** RCW 9.94A.525 and 2024 c 306 s 6 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

- (1) (a) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.589.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, adjudications of guilt pursuant to Title 13 RCW which are not murder in the first or second degree or class A felony sex offenses may not be included in the offender score.
- 17 (2)(a) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score.
  - (b) Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent 10 consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
  - (c) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
  - (d) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.

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(e) If the present conviction is felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)), all predicate crimes for the offense as defined by RCW 46.61.5055(14) shall be included in the offender score, and prior convictions for felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)) or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)) shall always be included in the offender score. All other convictions of the defendant shall be scored according to this section.

- (f) Prior convictions for a repetitive domestic violence offense, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent 10 consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction.
- (g) This subsection applies to both prior adult convictions and prior juvenile adjudications.
- (3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Neither out-of-state or federal convictions which would have been presumptively adjudicated in juvenile court under Washington law may be included in the offender score unless they are comparable to murder in the first or second degree or a class A felony sex offense. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.
- (4) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.
- (5)(a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

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(i) Prior offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.589(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations;

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- (ii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions or adjudications served concurrently as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.
- (b) As used in this subsection (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.
- (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense. When these convictions are used as criminal history, score them the same as a completed crime.
- (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section.
- (8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (9), (10), (11), (12), or (13) of this section, count two points for each prior adult violent felony conviction and juvenile violent felony conviction which is scorable under subsection

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(1) (b) of this section, and one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction.

- (9) If the present conviction is for a serious violent offense, count three points for prior adult convictions and juvenile convictions which are scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section for crimes in this category, two points for each prior adult and scorable juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), and one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction.
- (10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.
- (11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; for each serious traffic offense, other than those used for an enhancement pursuant to RCW 46.61.520(2), count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; count one point for each adult prior conviction for operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug; count one point for a deferred prosecution granted under chapter 10.05 RCW for a second or subsequent violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance.
- (12) If the present conviction is for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft count two points for each adult prior conviction for homicide by watercraft or assault by watercraft; for each felony offense count one point for each adult prior conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior conviction which would be scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section; count one point for each adult prior conviction for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, or operation of a vessel while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, liquor or any drug.
- (13) If the present conviction is for manufacture of methamphetamine count three points for each adult prior manufacture of methamphetamine conviction. If the present conviction is for a drug offense and the offender has a criminal history that includes a

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sex offense or serious violent offense, count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction. All other felonies are scored as in subsection (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.

- (14) If the present conviction is for Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only adult prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count prior escape convictions as one point.
- (15) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions which are scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section as 1/2 point.
- (16) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (7) of this section; however, count two points for each prior Burglary 1 conviction, and two points for each prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.
- (17) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however, count three points for each adult prior sex offense conviction and juvenile prior class A felony sex offense adjudication.
- (18) If the present conviction is for failure to register as a sex offender under RCW 9A.44.130 or 9A.44.132, count priors as in subsections (7) through (11) and (13) through (16) of this section; however, count three points for each adult prior sex offense conviction and juvenile prior sex offense conviction which is scorable under subsection (1)(b) of this section, excluding adult prior convictions for failure to register as a sex offender under RCW 9A.44.130 or 9A.44.132, which shall count as one point.
- (19) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community custody, add one point. For purposes of this subsection, community custody includes community placement or postrelease supervision, as defined in chapter 9.94B RCW.
- (20) If the present conviction is for Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2, count priors as in subsections (7) through (18) of this section; however count one point for prior convictions of Vehicle Prowling 2, and three points for each adult prior Theft 1 (of a motor vehicle), Theft 2 (of a motor vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 1 (of a motor

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- vehicle), Possession of Stolen Property 2 (of a motor vehicle), Theft of a Motor Vehicle, Possession of a Stolen Vehicle, Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1, or Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 conviction.
- 5 (21) If the present conviction is for a felony domestic violence 6 offense where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was 7 pleaded and proven, count priors as in subsections (7) through (20) 8 of this section; however, count points as follows:
- (a) Count two points for each adult prior conviction where 9 domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was pleaded and proven 10 11 after August 1, 2011, for any of the following offenses: A felony 12 violation of a no-contact or protection order (RCW 7.105.450 or former RCW 26.50.110), felony Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)), 13 14 felony Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b)), Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020), Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020), Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030), Unlawful 15 imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040), Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200), Robbery 2 16 17 9A.56.210), Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011), Assault 2 (RCW 18 9A.36.021), Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031), Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020), or 19 Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030);
  - (b) Count two points for each adult prior conviction where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 was pleaded and proven after July 23, 2017, for any of the following offenses: Assault of a child in the first degree, RCW 9A.36.120; Assault of a child in the second degree, RCW 9A.36.130; Assault of a child in the third degree, RCW 9A.36.140; Criminal Mistreatment in the first degree, RCW 9A.42.020; or Criminal Mistreatment in the second degree, RCW 9A.42.030; and

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- (c) Count one point for each adult prior conviction for a repetitive domestic violence offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, where domestic violence as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, was pleaded and proven after August 1, 2011.
- 32 (22) If the present conviction is for unlawful possession of a
  33 firearm 1 (RCW 9.41.040(1)) or unlawful possession of a firearm 2
  34 (RCW 9.41.040(2)), count two points for each prior juvenile
  35 adjudication and adult conviction for unlawful possession of a
  36 firearm 1 or unlawful possession of a firearm 2.
  - (23) The fact that a prior conviction was not included in an offender's offender score or criminal history at a previous sentencing shall have no bearing on whether it is included in the criminal history or offender score for the current offense. Prior

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- 1 convictions that were not counted in the offender score or included
- 2 in criminal history under repealed or previous versions of the
- 3 sentencing reform act shall be included in criminal history and shall
- 4 count in the offender score if the current version of the sentencing
- 5 reform act requires including or counting those convictions. Prior
- 6 convictions that were not included in criminal history or in the
- 7 offender score shall be included upon any resentencing to ensure
- 8 imposition of an accurate sentence.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** If any provision of this act or its
- 10 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 11 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 12 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 3 and 6 of this act expire
- 14 January 1, 2026.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** Sections 4 and 7 of this act take effect
- 16 January 1, 2026.

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