| TT | $\cap$ | 1  | 1  | 1   |
|----|--------|----|----|-----|
| H- | UZ     | 14 | 4. | . 1 |

## HOUSE BILL 1134

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Berry and Senn Prefiled 01/08/21.

- AN ACT Relating to the disposition of forfeited firearms by the Washington state patrol; and amending RCW 9.41.098.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9.41.098 and 2016 1st sp.s. c 29 s 281 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) The superior courts and the courts of limited jurisdiction of 7 the state may order forfeiture of a firearm which is proven to be:
- 8 (a) Found concealed on a person not authorized by RCW 9.41.060 or 9.41.070 to carry a concealed pistol: PROVIDED, That it is an absolute defense to forfeiture if the person possessed a valid 11 Washington concealed pistol license within the preceding two years 12 and has not become ineligible for a concealed pistol license in the 13 interim. Before the firearm may be returned, the person must pay the 14 past due renewal fee and the current renewal fee;
- 15 (b) Commercially sold to any person without an application as 16 required by RCW 9.41.090;
- 17 (c) In the possession of a person prohibited from possessing the 18 firearm under RCW 9.41.040 or 9.41.045;
- 19 (d) In the possession or under the control of a person at the 20 time the person committed or was arrested for committing a felony or

p. 1 HB 1134

1 committing a nonfelony crime in which a firearm was used or 2 displayed;

- (e) In the possession of a person who is in any place in which a concealed pistol license is required, and who is under the influence of any drug or under the influence of intoxicating liquor, as defined in chapter 46.61 RCW;
- (f) In the possession of a person free on bail or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a felony or for a nonfelony crime in which a firearm was used or displayed, except that violations of Title 77 RCW shall not result in forfeiture under this section;
- (g) In the possession of a person found to have been mentally incompetent while in possession of a firearm when apprehended or who is thereafter committed pursuant to chapter 10.77 RCW or committed for mental health treatment under chapter 71.05 RCW;
- 16 (h) Used or displayed by a person in the violation of a proper 17 written order of a court of general jurisdiction; or
  - (i) Used in the commission of a felony or of a nonfelony crime in which a firearm was used or displayed.
  - (2) Upon order of forfeiture, the court in its discretion may order destruction of any forfeited firearm. A court may temporarily retain forfeited firearms needed for evidence.
  - (a) Except as provided in (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection, firearms that are: (i) Judicially forfeited and no longer needed for evidence; or (ii) forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.32.010 or 63.40.010; may be disposed of in any manner determined by the local legislative authority. Any proceeds of an auction or trade may be retained by the legislative authority. This subsection (2)(a) applies only to firearms that come into the possession of the law enforcement agency after June 30, 1993.

By midnight, June 30, 1993, every law enforcement agency shall prepare an inventory, under oath, of every firearm that has been judicially forfeited, has been seized and may be subject to judicial forfeiture, or that has been, or may be, forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.32.010 or 63.40.010.

(b) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, of the inventoried firearms a law enforcement agency shall destroy illegal firearms, may retain a maximum of ((ten)) 10 percent of legal forfeited firearms for agency use, and shall either:

p. 2 HB 1134

(i) Comply with the provisions for the auction of firearms in ((RCW 9.41.098)) this section that were in effect immediately preceding May 7, 1993; or

- (ii) Trade, auction, or arrange for the auction of, rifles and shotguns. In addition, the law enforcement agency shall either trade, auction, or arrange for the auction of, short firearms, or shall pay a fee of ((twenty-five dollars)) \$25 to the state treasurer for every short firearm neither auctioned nor traded, to a maximum of ((fifty thousand dollars)) \$50,000. The fees shall be accompanied by an inventory, under oath, of every short firearm listed in the inventory required by (a) of this subsection, that has been neither traded nor auctioned. The state treasurer shall credit the fees to the firearms range account established in RCW 79A.25.210. All trades or auctions of firearms under this subsection shall be to licensed dealers. Proceeds of any auction less costs, including actual costs of storage and sale, shall be forwarded to the firearms range account established in RCW 79A.25.210.
  - (c) Antique firearms and firearms recognized as curios, relics, and firearms of particular historical significance by the United States treasury department bureau of alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives are exempt from destruction and shall be disposed of by auction or trade to licensed dealers.
- (d) Firearms in the possession of the Washington state patrol ((on or after May 7, 1993,)) that are judicially forfeited and no longer needed for evidence, or forfeited due to a failure to make a claim under RCW 63.35.020, must be disposed of as follows: (i) Firearms illegal for any person to possess must be destroyed; (ii) the Washington state patrol may retain a maximum of ((ten)) 10 percent of legal firearms for agency use; and (iii) all other legal firearms must be auctioned or traded to licensed dealers or destroyed. The Washington state patrol may retain any proceeds of an auction or trade. Not later than six months after the effective date of this section, the Washington state patrol shall develop and have in place policies addressing the criteria for determining when forfeited firearms should be destroyed.
- (3) The court shall order the firearm returned to the owner upon a showing that there is no probable cause to believe a violation of subsection (1) of this section existed or the firearm was stolen from the owner or the owner neither had knowledge of nor consented to the

p. 3 HB 1134

1 act or omission involving the firearm which resulted in its forfeiture.

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10 11

(4) A law enforcement officer of the state or of any county or municipality may confiscate a firearm found to be in the possession of a person under circumstances specified in subsection (1) of this section. After confiscation, the firearm shall not be surrendered except: (a) To the prosecuting attorney for use in subsequent legal proceedings; (b) for disposition according to an order of a court having jurisdiction as provided in subsection (1) of this section; or (c) to the owner if the proceedings are dismissed or as directed in subsection (3) of this section.

--- END ---

HB 1134 p. 4