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CONCEALED WEAPON PERMIT FOR SERVICE MEMBERS
2013 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
Senate Sponsor: Peter C. Knudson
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the requirements for a concealed firearm permit for a United States
active duty service member and spouse stationed in Utah.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>modifies the requirements for a concealed firearm permit for a United States</li> </ul>
military active duty service member and spouse who are not residents of the state
but who are stationed in Utah;
<ul> <li>waives the concealed firearm permit renewal fee for active duty service member and</li> </ul>
spouse of an active duty service member who is stationed with the member; and
<ul> <li>defines active duty service member and spouse of an active duty service member.</li> </ul>
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
None
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
AMENDS:
53-5-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 62
53-5-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 317
53-5-707, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 65

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30	Section 1. Section <b>53-5-702</b> is amended to read:
31	53-5-702. Definitions.
32	[(1) As] In addition to the definitions in Section 76-10-501, as used in this part:
33	(1) "Active duty service member" means a person on active military duty with the
34	United States military and includes full time military active duty, military reserve active duty,
35	and national guard military active duty service members stationed in Utah.
36	(2) "Active duty service member spouse" means a person recognized by the military as
37	the spouse of an active duty service member and who resides with the active duty service
38	member in Utah.
39	[(a)] (3) "Board" means the Concealed Firearm Review Board created in Section
40	53-5-703.
41	[(b)] (4) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section
12	53-10-201 within the Department of Public Safety.
43	[(c)] (5) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Public Safety.
14	[(d)] (6) "Conviction" means criminal conduct where the filing of a criminal charge has
45	resulted in:
46	[(i)] (a) a finding of guilt based on evidence presented to a judge or jury;
<b>1</b> 7	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> a guilty plea;
48	[(iii)] (c) a plea of nolo contendere;
19	[(iv)] (d) a plea of guilty or nolo contendere which is held in abeyance pending the
50	successful completion of probation;
51	[ <del>(v)</del> ] <u>(e)</u> a pending diversion agreement; or
52	$[\frac{\text{(vi)}}]$ (f) a conviction which has been reduced pursuant to Section 76-3-402.
53	[(2) The definitions in Section 76-10-501 apply to this part.]
54	Section 2. Section <b>53-5-704</b> is amended to read:
55	53-5-704. Bureau duties Permit to carry concealed firearm Certification for
56	concealed firearms instructor Requirements for issuance Violation Denial,
57	suspension or revocation Appeal procedure

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58	(1) (a) The bureau shall issue a permit to carry a concealed firearm for lawful self
59	defense to an applicant who is 21 years of age or older within 60 days after receiving an
60	application, unless the bureau finds proof that the applicant does not meet the qualifications set
61	forth in Subsection (2).
62	(b) The permit is valid throughout the state for five years, without restriction, except as
63	otherwise provided by Section 53-5-710.
64	(c) The provisions of Subsections 76-10-504(1) and (2), and Section 76-10-505 do not
65	apply to a person issued a permit under Subsection (1)(a).
66	(d) Subsection (4)(a) does not apply to a nonresident:
67	(i) active duty service member, who present to the bureau orders requiring the active
68	duty service member to report for duty in this state; or
69	(ii) an active duty service member's spouse, stationed with the active duty service
70	member, who presents to the bureau the active duty service member's orders requiring the
71	service member to report for duty in this state.
72	(2) (a) The bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm permit if the
73	applicant or permit holder:
74	(i) has been or is convicted of a felony;
75	(ii) has been or is convicted of a crime of violence;
76	(iii) has been or is convicted of an offense involving the use of alcohol;
77	(iv) has been or is convicted of an offense involving the unlawful use of narcotics or
78	other controlled substances;
79	(v) has been or is convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude;
80	(vi) has been or is convicted of an offense involving domestic violence;
81	(vii) has been or is adjudicated by a state or federal court as mentally incompetent,
82	unless the adjudication has been withdrawn or reversed; and
83	(viii) is not qualified to purchase and possess a firearm pursuant to Section 76-10-503
84	and federal law.
85	(b) In determining whether an applicant or permit holder meets the qualifications set

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forth in Subsection (2)(a), the bureau shall consider mitigating circumstances.

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- (3) (a) The bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm permit if it has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant or permit holder has been or is a danger to self or others as demonstrated by evidence, including:
  - (i) past pattern of behavior involving unlawful violence or threats of unlawful violence;
- (ii) past participation in incidents involving unlawful violence or threats of unlawful violence; or
  - (iii) conviction of an offense in violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons.
- (b) The bureau may not deny, suspend, or revoke a concealed firearm permit solely for a single conviction of an infraction violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons.
- (c) In determining whether the applicant or permit holder has been or is a danger to self or others, the bureau may inspect:
- (i) expunged records of arrests and convictions of adults as provided in Section 77-40-109; and
  - (ii) juvenile court records as provided in Section 78A-6-209.
- (4) (a) In addition to meeting the other qualifications for the issuance of a concealed firearm permit under this section, a nonresident applicant who resides in a state that recognizes the validity of the Utah permit or has reciprocity with Utah's concealed firearm permit law shall:
- (i) hold a current concealed firearm or concealed weapon permit issued by the appropriate permitting authority of the nonresident applicant's state of residency; and
- (ii) submit a photocopy or electronic copy of the nonresident applicant's current concealed firearm or concealed weapon permit referred to in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
- (b) A nonresident applicant who knowingly and willfully provides false information to the bureau under Subsection (4)(a) is prohibited from holding a Utah concealed firearm permit for a period of 10 years.
- 112 (c) Subsection (4)(a) applies to all applications for the issuance of a concealed firearm 113 permit that are received by the bureau after May 10, 2011.

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114 (d) Beginning January 1, 2012, Subsection (4)(a) also applies to an application for 115 renewal of a concealed firearm permit by a nonresident. 116 (5) The bureau shall issue a concealed firearm permit to a former peace officer who 117 departs full-time employment as a peace officer, in an honorable manner, within five years of 118 that departure if the officer meets the requirements of this section. 119 (6) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the bureau shall also require the applicant to 120 provide: 121 (a) the address of the applicant's permanent residence; 122 (b) one recent dated photograph; 123 (c) one set of fingerprints; and (d) evidence of general familiarity with the types of firearms to be concealed as defined 124 in Subsection (8). 125 126 (7) An applicant who is a law enforcement officer under Section 53-13-103 may 127 provide a letter of good standing from the officer's commanding officer in place of the evidence 128 required by Subsection (6)(d). 129 (8) (a) General familiarity with the types of firearms to be concealed includes training 130 in: (i) the safe loading, unloading, storage, and carrying of the types of firearms to be 131 132 concealed: and 133 (ii) current laws defining lawful use of a firearm by a private citizen, including lawful 134 self-defense, use of force by a private citizen, including use of deadly force, transportation, and 135 concealment. 136 (b) An applicant may satisfy the general familiarity requirement of Subsection (8)(a) by 137 one of the following: 138 (i) completion of a course of instruction conducted by a national, state, or local

firearms training organization approved by the bureau;

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(ii) certification of general familiarity by a person who has been certified by the bureau,

which may include a law enforcement officer, military or civilian firearms instructor, or hunter

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142	safety instructor; or
143	(iii) equivalent experience with a firearm through participation in an organized
144	shooting competition, law enforcement, or military service.
145	(c) Instruction taken by a student under Subsection (8) shall be in person and not
146	through electronic means.
147	(9) (a) An applicant for certification as a Utah concealed firearms instructor shall:
148	(i) be at least 21 years of age;
149	(ii) be currently eligible to possess a firearm under Section 76-10-503;
150	(iii) have:
151	(A) completed a firearm instruction training course from the National Rifle Association
152	or the Department of Public Safety, Division of Peace Officer Safety Standards and Training;
153	or
154	(B) received training equivalent to one of the courses referred to in Subsection [(8)]
155	(9)(a)(iii)(A) as determined by the bureau;
156	(iv) have taken a course of instruction and passed a certification test as described in
157	Subsection (9)(c); and
158	(v) possess a Utah concealed firearm permit.
159	(b) An instructor's certification is valid for three years from the date of issuance, unless
160	revoked by the bureau.
161	(c) (i) In order to obtain initial certification or renew a certification, an instructor shall
162	attend an instructional course and pass a test under the direction of the bureau.
163	(ii) (A) The bureau shall provide or contract to provide the course referred to in
164	Subsection (9)(c)(i) twice every year.
165	(B) The course shall include instruction on current Utah law related to firearms,
166	including concealed carry statutes and rules, and the use of deadly force by private citizens.
167	(d) (i) Each applicant for certification under this Subsection (9) shall pay a fee of
168	\$50.00 at the time of application for initial certification.
169	(ii) The renewal fee for the certificate is \$25.

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170	(iii) The bureau may use a fee paid under Subsections (9)(d)(i) and (ii) as a dedicated
171	credit to cover the cost incurred in maintaining and improving the instruction program required
172	for concealed firearm instructors under this Subsection (9).
173	(10) A certified concealed firearms instructor shall provide each of the instructor's
174	students with the required course of instruction outline approved by the bureau.
175	(11) (a) (i) A concealed firearms instructor shall provide a signed certificate to a person
176	successfully completing the offered course of instruction.
177	(ii) The instructor shall sign the certificate with the exact name indicated on the
178	instructor's certification issued by the bureau under Subsection (9).
179	(iii) (A) The certificate shall also have affixed to it the instructor's official seal, which
180	is the exclusive property of the instructor and may not be used by any other person.
181	(B) The instructor shall destroy the seal upon revocation or expiration of the
182	instructor's certification under Subsection (9).
183	(C) The bureau shall determine the design and content of the seal to include at least the
184	following:
185	(I) the instructor's name as it appears on the instructor's certification;
186	(II) the words "Utah Certified Concealed Firearms Instructor," "state of Utah," and "my
187	certification expires on (the instructor's certification expiration date)"; and
188	(III) the instructor's business or residence address.
189	(D) The seal shall be affixed to each student certificate issued by the instructor in a
190	manner that does not obscure or render illegible any information or signatures contained in the
191	document.
192	(b) The applicant shall provide the certificate to the bureau in compliance with
193	Subsection (6)(d).
194	(12) The bureau may deny, suspend, or revoke the certification of an applicant or a
195	concealed firearms instructor if it has reason to believe the applicant or the instructor has:
196	(a) become ineligible to possess a firearm under Section 76-10-503 or federal law; or

(b) knowingly and willfully provided false information to the bureau.

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198 (13) An applicant for certification or a concealed firearms instructor has the same 199 appeal rights as set forth in Subsection (16). 200 (14) In providing instruction and issuing a permit under this part, the concealed 201 firearms instructor and the bureau are not vicariously liable for damages caused by the permit 202 holder. 203 (15) An individual who knowingly and willfully provides false information on an 204 application filed under this part is guilty of a class B misdemeanor, and the application may be 205 denied, or the permit may be suspended or revoked. 206 (16) (a) In the event of a denial, suspension, or revocation of a permit, the applicant or 207 permit holder may file a petition for review with the board within 60 days from the date the 208 denial, suspension, or revocation is received by the applicant or permit holder by certified mail, 209 return receipt requested. 210 (b) The bureau's denial of a permit shall be in writing and shall include the general reasons for the action. 211 212 (c) If an applicant or permit holder appeals the denial to the review board, the applicant 213 or permit holder may have access to the evidence upon which the denial is based in accordance 214 with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act. 215 (d) On appeal to the board, the bureau has the burden of proof by a preponderance of 216 the evidence. 217 (e) (i) Upon a ruling by the board on the appeal of a denial, the board shall issue a final order within 30 days stating the board's decision. 218 (ii) The final order shall be in the form prescribed by Subsection 63G-4-203(1)(i). 219 220

- (iii) The final order is final bureau action for purposes of judicial review under Section 63G-4-402. 221
- 222 (17) The commissioner may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 223 Administrative Rulemaking Act, necessary to administer this chapter.
- 224 Section 3. Section **53-5-707** is amended to read:
- 225 53-5-707. Concealed firearm permit -- Fees -- Disposition.

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226 (1) (a) Each applicant for a concealed firearm permit shall pay a fee of \$29.75 at the 227 time of filing an application, except that a nonresident applicant shall pay an additional \$5 for 228 the additional cost of processing a nonresident application. 229 (b) The bureau shall waive the initial fee for an applicant who is a law enforcement 230 officer under Section 53-13-103. (c) Concealed firearm permit renewal fees for active duty service members and spouses 231 of an active duty service member shall be waived. 232 233 (2) The renewal fee for the permit is \$15. 234 (3) The replacement fee for the permit is \$10. 235 (4) (a) The late fee for the renewal permit is \$7.50. (b) As used in this section, "late fee" means the fee charged by the bureau for a renewal 236 237 submitted on a permit that has been expired for more than 30 days but less than one year. 238 (5) The bureau shall use the fees collected under Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) as a 239 dedicated credit to cover the costs of issuing concealed firearm permits under this part. 240 (6) (a) The bureau may collect any fees charged by an outside agency for additional 241 services required by statute as a prerequisite for issuance of a permit. (b) The bureau may modify the fee under Subsection (1)(a) by adjusting that fee so that 242 the total of the fee under Subsection (1)(a) and the fee under Subsection (6)(a) is the nearest 243 244 even dollar amount to that total. (c) The bureau shall promptly forward any fees collected under Subsection (6)(a) to the 245 246 appropriate agency. 247 (7) The bureau shall make an annual report in writing to the Legislature's Law

Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee on the amount and use of the fees

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collected under this section.