1	PUBLIC EDUCATION RECODIFICATION - CROSS
2	REFERENCES AND REPEALS
3	2018 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Ann Millner
6	House Sponsor: Val L. Peterson
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	Committee Note:
10	The Education Interim Committee recommended this bill.
11	General Description:
12	This bill repeals and makes technical cross reference changes to provisions related to
13	the public education code.
14	Highlighted Provisions:
15	This bill:
16	 repeals outdated provisions related to the public education code;
17	 makes technical cross reference changes to provisions related to the public
18	education code; and
19	 makes technical and conforming changes.
20	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
21	None
22	Other Special Clauses:
23	This bill provides a special effective date.
24	This bill provides revisor instructions.
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	9-9-104.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 53



28	10-9a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 17 and 84
29	10-9a-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 200
30	11-13-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 287
31	11-13-310, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 21
32	11-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 157, 251, 267 and last
33	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 267
34	11-17-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapters 201 and 347
35	11-36a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 363
36	11-36a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 2
37	11-44-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 181
38	11-49-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 350
39	13-22-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 98
40	17-27a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 84
41	17-27a-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 465
42	20A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 111 and 352
43	20A-14-206, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 1
44	26-1-17.5 (Superseded 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
45	26-1-17.5 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 344
46	26-7-9 (Effective 07/01/18) , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 344
47	26-10-6 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 351
48	26-10-9 (Superseded 07/01/18), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 147
49	26-10-9 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 344
50	26-10-10 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 45
51	26-10-11 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 16
52	26-39-402 (Superseded 07/01/18) , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
53	Chapter 111
54	26-39-402 (Effective 07/01/18) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 344
55	26-41-106 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 332
56	30-1-9 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 1
57	32B-2-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 455
58	34A-2-104.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 390

59	35A-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 226
60	35A-3-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 105
61	35A-9-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 336
62	35A-13-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 271
63	36-22-2 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 63
64	41-1a-422, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 107, 194, and 383
65	41-6a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 299
66	41-6a-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 412
67	41-6a-1309, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 296
68	49-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 325
69	49-12-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 15, 201, and 363
70	49-12-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 310
71	49-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 325
72	49-13-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 15, 201, and 363
73	49-13-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 310
74	49-22-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 325
75	49-22-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 363
76	51-2a-201.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 11
77	51-7-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 178
78	52-4-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 196, 277, and 441
79	52-4-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 363
80	53-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 85
81	53-3-505.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 121
82	53-7-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
83	53-10-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 296
84	53-10-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 263
85	53B-1-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 200
86	53B-1-114, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 382
87	53B-2a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 382
88	53B-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 88
89	53B-16-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 404

90	53B-16-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 389
91	53C-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 426
92	53D-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
93	53D-1-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 179
94	58-11a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 342
95	58-41-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
96	58-61-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 16
97	59-2-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 98, 308, 367, and 368
98	59-2-918.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 98
99	59-2-919, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 341 and 367
100	59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 390
101	59-2-926, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 367
102	59-2-1101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 129 and 261
103	59-10-1018, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 295
104	59-10-1307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
105	59-10-1318, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 172
106	59-12-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181, 382, and 422
107	59-28-103 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 166
108	62A-2-108.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 81
109	62A-4a-202.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 293
110	62A-4a-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 459
111	62A-4a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 148
112	62A-4a-1002, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 55
113	62A-5a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 271
114	62A-5a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 271
115	62A-15-1101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 296 and 346
116	63A-3-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 196
117	63A-3-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 215, 226, and 283
118	63A-4-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 189
119	63A-4-204.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 189
120	63G-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 196 and 441

121		63G-2-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 373
122		63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 168 and 282
123		63G-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 300
124		63I-1-251, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 275
125		63I-1-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 166 and 181
126		63I-2-253, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 217, 223, 350, 365, 381,
127	386, a	and 468
128		63I-4a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 345 and 363
129		63J-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, First Special Session, Chapter 1
130		63J-1-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 173
131		63J-1-602.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 396 and 423
132		63J-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310
133		63J-3-401, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
134		63J-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181, 345, and 363
135		63N-3-110, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 283
136		63N-12-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 219 and 353
137		63N-12-213, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 382
138		64-13-42, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
139		67-1a-11, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 142
140		67-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 139
141		67-16-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 196
142		67-16-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 196
143		67-19-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 463
144		75-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 124
145		76-5-415, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 135
146		76-10-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
147		77-37-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 311
148		78A-6-103 (Superseded 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
149	316	
150		78A-6-103 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
151		78A-6-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181, 330, and 401

152	78A-6-112 (Superseded 07/01/18), as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah
153	2008, Chapter 3
154	78A-6-112 (Effective 07/01/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
155	78A-6-319, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
156	78A-6-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
157	78A-6-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
158	78A-6-1001, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
159	78A-6-1203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 330
160	REPEALS:
161	53A-1-414, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 217
162	53A-1-901, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
163	53A-1-904, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, First Special Session, Chapter 2
164	53A-1-1101, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 378
165	53A-1-1201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 449
166	53A-1-1301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 443
167	53A-1-1401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 221
168	53A-1-1501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 318
169	53A-1a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1992, Chapter 47
170	53A-1a-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 231
171	53A-1a-701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 35
172	53A-1b-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 304
173	53A-1b-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 336
174	53A-2-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 339
175	53A-4-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 331
176	53A-6-101 , as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 108
177	53A-8a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 425
178	53A-11-1201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 114
179	53A-11-1501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 442
180	53A-11-1601, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 165
181	53A-11a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 197
182	53A-15-1001 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 227

183	53A-15-1201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 419
184	53A-15-1501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 389
185	53A-15-1701, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 200
186	53A-15-1801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 347
187	53A-15-1901, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 320
188	53A-15-2001, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 72
189	53A-17a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 21
190	53A-20b-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 201
191	53A-21-101, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 326
192	53A-25a-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1994, Chapter 280
193	53A-25b-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 294
194	53A-28-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 62
195	53A-30-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 433
196	53A-31-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 53
197	53A-31-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 63
198	
199	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
200	Section 1. Section 9-9-104.6 is amended to read:
201	9-9-104.6. Participation of state agencies in meetings with tribal leaders
202	Contact information.
203	(1) For at least three of the joint meetings described in Subsection $9-9-104.5(2)(a)$, the
204	division shall coordinate with representatives of tribal governments and the entities listed in
205	Subsection (2) to provide for the broadest participation possible in the joint meetings.
206	(2) The following may participate in all meetings described in Subsection (1):
207	(a) the chairs of the Native American Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
208	36-22-1;
209	(b) the governor or the governor's designee;
210	(c) (i) the American Indian-Alaskan Native Health Liaison appointed in accordance
211	with Section 26-7-2.5; or
212	(ii) if the American Indian-Alaskan Native Health Liaison is not appointed, a
213	representative of the Department of Health appointed by the executive director of the

214	Department of Health;
215	(d) the American Indian-Alaskan Native Public Education Liaison appointed in
216	accordance with Section [53A-31-201] 53E-10-402; and
217	(e) a representative appointed by the chief administrative officer of the following:
218	(i) the Department of Human Services;
219	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources;
220	(iii) the Department of Workforce Services;
221	(iv) the Governor's Office of Economic Development;
222	(v) the State Board of Education; and
223	(vi) the State Board of Regents.
224	(3) (a) The chief administrative officer of the agencies listed in Subsection (3)(b) shall:
225	(i) designate the name of a contact person for that agency that can assist in coordinating
226	the efforts of state and tribal governments in meeting the needs of the Native Americans
227	residing in the state; and
228	(ii) notify the division:
229	(A) who is the designated contact person described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
230	(B) of any change in who is the designated contact person described in Subsection
231	(3)(a)(i).
232	(b) This Subsection (3) applies to:
233	(i) the Department of Agriculture and Food;
234	(ii) the Department of Heritage and Arts;
235	(iii) the Department of Corrections;
236	(iv) the Department of Environmental Quality;
237	(v) the Department of Public Safety;
238	(vi) the Department of Transportation;
239	(vii) the Office of the Attorney General;
240	(viii) the State Tax Commission; and
241	(ix) any agency described in Subsections (2)(c) through (e).
242	(c) At the request of the division, a contact person listed in Subsection (3)(b) may
243	participate in a meeting described in Subsection (1).
244	(4) (a) A participant under this section who is not a legislator may not receive

12-11-17 5:14 PM 245 compensation or benefits for the participant's service, but may receive per diem and travel 246 expenses as allowed in: 247 (i) Section 63A-3-106; 248 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and 249 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and 250 63A-3-107. 251 (b) Compensation and expenses of a participant who is a legislator are governed by 252 Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses. 253 Section 2. Section 10-9a-103 is amended to read: 254 10-9a-103. Definitions. 255 As used in this chapter: 256 (1) "Affected entity" means a county, municipality, local district, special service 257 district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, school district, interlocal 258 cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, specified 259 public utility, property owner, property owners association, or the Utah Department of 260 Transportation, if: 261 (a) the entity's services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant 262 modification because of an intended use of land; 263 (b) the entity has filed with the municipality a copy of the entity's general or long-range 264 plan; or 265 (c) the entity has filed with the municipality a request for notice during the same 266 calendar year and before the municipality provides notice to an affected entity in compliance 267 with a requirement imposed under this chapter. 268 (2) "Appeal authority" means the person, board, commission, agency, or other body 269 designated by ordinance to decide an appeal of a decision of a land use application or a 270 variance. (3) "Billboard" means a freestanding ground sign located on industrial, commercial, or 271 272 residential property if the sign is designed or intended to direct attention to a business, product, 273 or service that is not sold, offered, or existing on the property where the sign is located. 274 (4) (a) "Charter school" means: 275 (i) an operating charter school;

276	(ii) a charter school applicant that has its application approved by a charter school
277	authorizer in accordance with [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act]
278	Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3, Charter School Authorization; or
279	(iii) an entity that is working on behalf of a charter school or approved charter
280	applicant to develop or construct a charter school building.
281	(b) "Charter school" does not include a therapeutic school.
282	(5) "Conditional use" means a land use that, because of its unique characteristics or
283	potential impact on the municipality, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be
284	compatible in some areas or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that
285	mitigate or eliminate the detrimental impacts.
286	(6) "Constitutional taking" means a governmental action that results in a taking of
287	private property so that compensation to the owner of the property is required by the:
288	(a) Fifth or Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States; or
289	(b) Utah Constitution Article I, Section 22.
290	(7) "Culinary water authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with
291	responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of the culinary water system and sources for
292	the subject property.
293	(8) "Development activity" means:
294	(a) any construction or expansion of a building, structure, or use that creates additional
295	demand and need for public facilities;
296	(b) any change in use of a building or structure that creates additional demand and need
297	for public facilities; or
298	(c) any change in the use of land that creates additional demand and need for public
299	facilities.
300	(9) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one
301	or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such an
302	impairment or being regarded as having such an impairment.
303	(b) "Disability" does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to, any federally
304	controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C.
305	802.
306	(10) "Educational facility":

307	(a) means:
308	(i) a school district's building at which pupils assemble to receive instruction in a
309	program for any combination of grades from preschool through grade 12, including
310	kindergarten and a program for children with disabilities;
311	(ii) a structure or facility:
312	(A) located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (10)(a)(i); and
313	(B) used in support of the use of that building; and
314	(iii) a building to provide office and related space to a school district's administrative
315	personnel; and
316	(b) does not include:
317	(i) land or a structure, including land or a structure for inventory storage, equipment
318	storage, food processing or preparing, vehicle storage or maintenance, or similar use that is:
319	(A) not located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (10)(a)(i);
320	and
321	(B) used in support of the purposes of a building described in Subsection (10)(a)(i); or
322	(ii) a therapeutic school.
323	(11) "Fire authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with responsibility
324	to review and approve the feasibility of fire protection and suppression services for the subject
325	property.
326	(12) "Flood plain" means land that:
327	(a) is within the 100-year flood plain designated by the Federal Emergency
328	Management Agency; or
329	(b) has not been studied or designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency
330	but presents a likelihood of experiencing chronic flooding or a catastrophic flood event because
331	the land has characteristics that are similar to those of a 100-year flood plain designated by the
332	Federal Emergency Management Agency.
333	(13) "General plan" means a document that a municipality adopts that sets forth general
334	guidelines for proposed future development of the land within the municipality.
335	(14) "Geologic hazard" means:
336	(a) a surface fault rupture;
337	(b) shallow groundwater;

338	(c) liquefaction;
339	(d) a landslide;
340	(e) a debris flow;
341	(f) unstable soil;
342	(g) a rock fall; or
343	(h) any other geologic condition that presents a risk:
344	(i) to life;
345	(ii) of substantial loss of real property; or
346	(iii) of substantial damage to real property.
347	(15) "Historic preservation authority" means a person, board, commission, or other
348	body designated by a legislative body to:
349	(a) recommend land use regulations to preserve local historic districts or areas; and
350	(b) administer local historic preservation land use regulations within a local historic
351	district or area.
352	(16) "Hookup fee" means a fee for the installation and inspection of any pipe, line,
353	meter, or appurtenance that connects to a municipal water, sewer, storm water, power, or other
354	utility system.
355	(17) "Identical plans" means building plans submitted to a municipality that:
356	(a) are clearly marked as "identical plans";
357	(b) are substantially identical to building plans that were previously submitted to and
358	reviewed and approved by the municipality; and
359	(c) describe a building that:
360	(i) is located on land zoned the same as the land on which the building described in the
361	previously approved plans is located;
362	(ii) is subject to the same geological and meteorological conditions and the same law
363	as the building described in the previously approved plans;
364	(iii) has a floor plan identical to the building plan previously submitted to and reviewed
365	and approved by the municipality; and
366	(iv) does not require any additional engineering or analysis.
367	(18) "Impact fee" means a payment of money imposed under Title 11, Chapter 36a,
368	Impact Fees Act.

 financial institution bond, cash, assignment of rights, lien, or other equivalent security req by a municipality to guaranty the proper completion of landscaping or an infrastructure improvement required as a condition precedent to: (a) recording a subdivision plat; or 	
 372 improvement required as a condition precedent to: 373 (a) recording a subdivision plat; or 	ð
373 (a) recording a subdivision plat; or	e
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	e
374 (b) development of a commercial, industrial, mixed use, or multifamily project.	e
375 (20) "Improvement warranty" means an applicant's unconditional warranty that th	
applicant's installed and accepted landscaping or infrastructure improvement:	
377 (a) complies with the municipality's written standards for design, materials, and	
378 workmanship; and	
379 (b) will not fail in any material respect, as a result of poor workmanship or material	als,
380 within the improvement warranty period.	
381 (21) "Improvement warranty period" means a period:	
382 (a) no later than one year after a municipality's acceptance of required landscaping	g; or
383 (b) no later than one year after a municipality's acceptance of required infrastructu	ire,
384 unless the municipality:	
385 (i) determines for good cause that a one-year period would be inadequate to prote	et the
386 public health, safety, and welfare; and	
387 (ii) has substantial evidence, on record:	
388 (A) of prior poor performance by the applicant; or	
389 (B) that the area upon which the infrastructure will be constructed contains suspec	t soil:
and the municipality has not otherwise required the applicant to mitigate the suspect soil.	
391 (22) "Infrastructure improvement" means permanent infrastructure that an applica	nt
392 must install:	
393 (a) pursuant to published installation and inspection specifications for public	
394 improvements; and	
395 (b) as a condition of:	
396 (i) recording a subdivision plat; or	
397 (ii) development of a commercial, industrial, mixed use, condominium, or multifa	mily
398 project.	
399 (23) "Internal lot restriction" means a platted note, platted demarcation, or platted	

400	designation that:
401	(a) runs with the land; and
402	(b) (i) creates a restriction that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot described on
403	the plat; or
404	(ii) designates a development condition that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot
405	described on the plat.
406	(24) "Land use applicant" means a property owner, or the property owner's designee,
407	who submits a land use application regarding the property owner's land.
408	(25) "Land use application":
409	(a) means an application that is:
410	(i) required by a municipality; and
411	(ii) submitted by a land use applicant to obtain a land use decision; and
412	(b) does not mean an application to enact, amend, or repeal a land use regulation.
413	(26) "Land use authority" means:
414	(a) a person, board, commission, agency, or body, including the local legislative body,
415	designated by the local legislative body to act upon a land use application; or
416	(b) if the local legislative body has not designated a person, board, commission,
417	agency, or body, the local legislative body.
418	(27) "Land use decision" means a final action of a land use authority or appeal
419	authority regarding:
420	(a) a land use permit;
421	(b) a land use application; or
422	(c) the enforcement of a land use regulation, land use permit, or development
423	agreement.
424	(28) "Land use permit" means a permit issued by a land use authority.
425	(29) "Land use regulation":
426	(a) means an ordinance, law, code, map, resolution, specification, fee, or rule that
427	governs the use or development of land; and
428	(b) does not include:
429	(i) a general plan;
430	(ii) a land use decision of the legislative body acting as the land use authority, even if

(ii) a land use decision of the legislative body acting as the land use authority, even if

431 the decision is expressed in a resolution or ordinance; or 432 (iii) a temporary revision to an engineering specification that does not materially: 433 (A) increase a land use applicant's cost of development compared to the existing 434 specification; or 435 (B) impact a land use applicant's use of land. (30) "Legislative body" means the municipal council. 436 437 (31) "Local district" means an entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local 438 Government Entities - Local Districts, and any other governmental or quasi-governmental 439 entity that is not a county, municipality, school district, or the state. 440 (32) "Local historic district or area" means a geographically definable area that: 441 (a) contains any combination of buildings, structures, sites, objects, landscape features, 442 archeological sites, or works of art that contribute to the historic preservation goals of a 443 legislative body: and 444 (b) is subject to land use regulations to preserve the historic significance of the local 445 historic district or area. 446 (33) "Lot line adjustment" means the relocation of the property boundary line in a 447 subdivision between two adjoining lots with the consent of the owners of record. 448 (34) "Moderate income housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy 449 by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross 450 income for households of the same size in the county in which the city is located. 451 (35) "Nominal fee" means a fee that reasonably reimburses a municipality only for time 452 spent and expenses incurred in: 453 (a) verifying that building plans are identical plans; and 454 (b) reviewing and approving those minor aspects of identical plans that differ from the 455 previously reviewed and approved building plans. 456 (36) "Noncomplying structure" means a structure that: 457 (a) legally existed before its current land use designation; and 458 (b) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform 459 to the setback, height restrictions, or other regulations, excluding those regulations, which 460 govern the use of land. (37) "Nonconforming use" means a use of land that: 461

462 (a) legally existed before its current land use designation; 463 (b) has been maintained continuously since the time the land use ordinance governing 464 the land changed; and 465 (c) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform 466 to the regulations that now govern the use of the land. 467 (38) "Official map" means a map drawn by municipal authorities and recorded in a 468 county recorder's office that: 469 (a) shows actual and proposed rights-of-way, centerline alignments, and setbacks for 470 highways and other transportation facilities; 471 (b) provides a basis for restricting development in designated rights-of-way or between 472 designated setbacks to allow the government authorities time to purchase or otherwise reserve 473 the land; and 474 (c) has been adopted as an element of the municipality's general plan. 475 (39) "Parcel boundary adjustment" means a recorded agreement between owners of 476 adjoining properties adjusting their mutual boundary if: 477 (a) no additional parcel is created; and 478 (b) each property identified in the agreement is unsubdivided land, including a 479 remainder of subdivided land. 480 (40) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association, 481 trust, governmental agency, or any other legal entity. 482 (41) "Plan for moderate income housing" means a written document adopted by a city 483 legislative body that includes: 484 (a) an estimate of the existing supply of moderate income housing located within the 485 city; 486 (b) an estimate of the need for moderate income housing in the city for the next five 487 years as revised biennially; 488 (c) a survey of total residential land use; 489 (d) an evaluation of how existing land uses and zones affect opportunities for moderate 490 income housing; and 491 (e) a description of the city's program to encourage an adequate supply of moderate 492 income housing.

493 (42) "Plat" means a map or other graphical representation of lands being laid out and 494 prepared in accordance with Section 10-9a-603, 17-23-17, or 57-8-13. 495 (43) "Potential geologic hazard area" means an area that: 496 (a) is designated by a Utah Geological Survey map, county geologist map, or other 497 relevant map or report as needing further study to determine the area's potential for geologic 498 hazard; or 499 (b) has not been studied by the Utah Geological Survey or a county geologist but 500 presents the potential of geologic hazard because the area has characteristics similar to those of 501 a designated geologic hazard area. 502 (44) "Public agency" means: 503 (a) the federal government; 504 (b) the state; 505 (c) a county, municipality, school district, local district, special service district, or other 506 political subdivision of the state; or 507 (d) a charter school. 508 (45) "Public hearing" means a hearing at which members of the public are provided a 509 reasonable opportunity to comment on the subject of the hearing. 510 (46) "Public meeting" means a meeting that is required to be open to the public under 511 Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act. 512 (47) "Receiving zone" means an area of a municipality that the municipality 513 designates, by ordinance, as an area in which an owner of land may receive a transferable 514 development right. 515 (48) "Record of survey map" means a map of a survey of land prepared in accordance 516 with Section 17-23-17. (49) "Residential facility for persons with a disability" means a residence: 517 518 (a) in which more than one person with a disability resides; and 519 (b) (i) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services under Title 520 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; or 521 (ii) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Health under Title 26, Chapter 522 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act. 523 (50) "Rules of order and procedure" means a set of rules that govern and prescribe in a

524	public meeting:
525	(a) parliamentary order and procedure;
526	(b) ethical behavior; and
527	(c) civil discourse.
528	(51) "Sanitary sewer authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with
529	responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of sanitary sewer services or onsite
530	wastewater systems.
531	(52) "Sending zone" means an area of a municipality that the municipality designates,
532	by ordinance, as an area from which an owner of land may transfer a transferable development
533	right.
534	(53) "Specified public agency" means:
535	(a) the state;
536	(b) a school district; or
537	(c) a charter school.
538	(54) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or
539	telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1.
540	(55) "State" includes any department, division, or agency of the state.
541	(56) "Street" means a public right-of-way, including a highway, avenue, boulevard,
542	parkway, road, lane, walk, alley, viaduct, subway, tunnel, bridge, public easement, or other
543	way.
544	(57) (a) "Subdivision" means any land that is divided, resubdivided or proposed to be
545	divided into two or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the
546	purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease, or development either on the
547	installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms, and conditions.
548	(b) "Subdivision" includes:
549	(i) the division or development of land whether by deed, metes and bounds description,
550	devise and testacy, map, plat, or other recorded instrument; and
551	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (57)(c), divisions of land for residential and
552	nonresidential uses, including land used or to be used for commercial, agricultural, and
553	industrial purposes.
554	(c) "Subdivision" does not include:

555	(i) a bona fide division or partition of agricultural land for the purpose of joining one of
556	the resulting separate parcels to a contiguous parcel of unsubdivided agricultural land, if
557	neither the resulting combined parcel nor the parcel remaining from the division or partition
558	violates an applicable land use ordinance;
559	(ii) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining unsubdivided properties
560	adjusting their mutual boundary if:
561	(A) no new lot is created; and
562	(B) the adjustment does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
563	(iii) a recorded document, executed by the owner of record:
564	(A) revising the legal description of more than one contiguous unsubdivided parcel of
565	property into one legal description encompassing all such parcels of property; or
566	(B) joining a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has not
567	been subdivided, if the joinder does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
568	(iv) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining subdivided properties adjusting
569	their mutual boundary if:
570	(A) no new dwelling lot or housing unit will result from the adjustment; and
571	(B) the adjustment will not violate any applicable land use ordinance;
572	(v) a bona fide division or partition of land by deed or other instrument where the land
573	use authority expressly approves in writing the division in anticipation of further land use
574	approvals on the parcel or parcels; or
575	(vi) a parcel boundary adjustment.
576	(d) The joining of a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has
577	not been subdivided does not constitute a subdivision under this Subsection (57) as to the
578	unsubdivided parcel of property or subject the unsubdivided parcel to the municipality's
579	subdivision ordinance.
580	(58) "Suspect soil" means soil that has:
581	(a) a high susceptibility for volumetric change, typically clay rich, having more than a
582	3% swell potential;
583	(b) bedrock units with high shrink or swell susceptibility; or
584	(c) gypsiferous silt and clay, gypsum, or bedrock units containing abundant gypsum
585	commonly associated with dissolution and collapse features.

586	(59) "Therapeutic school" means a residential group living facility:
587	(a) for four or more individuals who are not related to:
588	(i) the owner of the facility; or
589	(ii) the primary service provider of the facility;
590	(b) that serves students who have a history of failing to function:
591	(i) at home;
592	(ii) in a public school; or
593	(iii) in a nonresidential private school; and
594	(c) that offers:
595	(i) room and board; and
596	(ii) an academic education integrated with:
597	(A) specialized structure and supervision; or
598	(B) services or treatment related to a disability, an emotional development, a
599	behavioral development, a familial development, or a social development.
600	(60) "Transferable development right" means a right to develop and use land that
601	originates by an ordinance that authorizes a land owner in a designated sending zone to transfer
602	land use rights from a designated sending zone to a designated receiving zone.
603	(61) "Unincorporated" means the area outside of the incorporated area of a city or
604	town.
605	(62) "Water interest" means any right to the beneficial use of water, including:
606	(a) each of the rights listed in Section 73-1-11; and
607	(b) an ownership interest in the right to the beneficial use of water represented by:
608	(i) a contract; or
609	(ii) a share in a water company, as defined in Section 73-3-3.5.
610	(63) "Zoning map" means a map, adopted as part of a land use ordinance, that depicts
611	land use zones, overlays, or districts.
612	Section 3. Section 10-9a-305 is amended to read:
613	10-9a-305. Other entities required to conform to municipality's land use
614	ordinances Exceptions School districts and charter schools Submission of
615	development plan and schedule.
616	(1) (a) Each county, municipality, school district, charter school, local district, special

617 service district, and political subdivision of the state shall conform to any applicable land use
618 ordinance of any municipality when installing, constructing, operating, or otherwise using any
619 area, land, or building situated within that municipality.

(b) In addition to any other remedies provided by law, when a municipality's land use
ordinance is violated or about to be violated by another political subdivision, that municipality
may institute an injunction, mandamus, abatement, or other appropriate action or proceeding to
prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the improper installation, improvement, or use.

624 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a school district or charter school is625 subject to a municipality's land use ordinances.

626

(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), a municipality may:

(A) subject a charter school to standards within each zone pertaining to setback, height,
bulk and massing regulations, off-site parking, curb cut, traffic circulation, and construction
staging; and

(B) impose regulations upon the location of a project that are necessary to avoidunreasonable risks to health or safety, as provided in Subsection (3)(f).

(ii) The standards to which a municipality may subject a charter school under
Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall be objective standards only and may not be subjective.

(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), the only basis upon which a municipality
may deny or withhold approval of a charter school's land use application is the charter school's
failure to comply with a standard imposed under Subsection (2)(b)(i).

637 (iv) Nothing in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) may be construed to relieve a charter school of an
638 obligation to comply with a requirement of an applicable building or safety code to which it is
639 otherwise obligated to comply.

640 (3) A municipality may not:

641 (a) impose requirements for landscaping, fencing, aesthetic considerations,

construction methods or materials, additional building inspections, municipal building codes,
building use for educational purposes, or the placement or use of temporary classroom facilities
on school property;

(b) except as otherwise provided in this section, require a school district or charter
school to participate in the cost of any roadway or sidewalk, or a study on the impact of a
school on a roadway or sidewalk, that is not reasonably necessary for the safety of school

648	children and not located on or contiguous to school property, unless the roadway or sidewalk is
649	required to connect an otherwise isolated school site to an existing roadway;
650	(c) require a district or charter school to pay fees not authorized by this section;
651	(d) provide for inspection of school construction or assess a fee or other charges for
652	inspection, unless the school district or charter school is unable to provide for inspection by an
653	inspector, other than the project architect or contractor, who is qualified under criteria
654	established by the state superintendent;
655	(e) require a school district or charter school to pay any impact fee for an improvement
656	project unless the impact fee is imposed as provided in Title 11, Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act;
657	(f) impose regulations upon the location of an educational facility except as necessary
658	to avoid unreasonable risks to health or safety; or
659	(g) for a land use or a structure owned or operated by a school district or charter school
660	that is not an educational facility but is used in support of providing instruction to pupils,
661	impose a regulation that:
662	(i) is not imposed on a similar land use or structure in the zone in which the land use or
663	structure is approved; or
664	(ii) uses the tax exempt status of the school district or charter school as criteria for
665	prohibiting or regulating the land use or location of the structure.
666	(4) Subject to Section [53A-20-108] 53E-3-710, a school district or charter school shall
667	coordinate the siting of a new school with the municipality in which the school is to be located,
668	to:
669	(a) avoid or mitigate existing and potential traffic hazards, including consideration of
670	the impacts between the new school and future highways; and
671	(b) maximize school, student, and site safety.
672	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(d), a municipality may, at its discretion:
673	(a) provide a walk-through of school construction at no cost and at a time convenient to
674	the district or charter school; and
675	(b) provide recommendations based upon the walk-through.
676	(6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(d), a school district or charter school shall use:
677	(i) a municipal building inspector;
678	(ii) (A) for a school district, a school district building inspector from that school

679	district; or
680	(B) for a charter school, a school district building inspector from the school district in
681	which the charter school is located; or
682	(iii) an independent, certified building inspector who is:
683	(A) not an employee of the contractor;
684	(B) approved by:
685	(I) a municipal building inspector; or
686	(II) (Aa) for a school district, a school district building inspector from that school
687	district; or
688	(Bb) for a charter school, a school district building inspector from the school district in
689	which the charter school is located; and
690	(C) licensed to perform the inspection that the inspector is requested to perform.
691	(b) The approval under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(B) may not be unreasonably withheld.
692	(c) If a school district or charter school uses a school district or independent building
693	inspector under Subsection (6)(a)(ii) or (iii), the school district or charter school shall submit to
694	the state superintendent of public instruction and municipal building official, on a monthly
695	basis during construction of the school building, a copy of each inspection certificate regarding
696	the school building.
697	(7) (a) A charter school shall be considered a permitted use in all zoning districts
698	within a municipality.
699	(b) Each land use application for any approval required for a charter school, including
700	an application for a building permit, shall be processed on a first priority basis.
701	(c) Parking requirements for a charter school may not exceed the minimum parking
702	requirements for schools or other institutional public uses throughout the municipality.
703	(d) If a municipality has designated zones for a sexually oriented business, or a
704	business which sells alcohol, a charter school may be prohibited from a location which would
705	otherwise defeat the purpose for the zone unless the charter school provides a waiver.
706	(e) (i) A school district or a charter school may seek a certificate authorizing permanent
707	occupancy of a school building from:
708	(A) the state superintendent of public instruction, as provided in Subsection
709	$[\frac{53A-20-104}{53E-3-706}(3),$ if the school district or charter school used an independent

710	building inspector for inspection of the school building; or
711	(B) a municipal official with authority to issue the certificate, if the school district or
712	charter school used a municipal building inspector for inspection of the school building.
713	(ii) A school district may issue its own certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of
714	a school building if it used its own building inspector for inspection of the school building,
715	subject to the notification requirement of Subsection [53A-20-104] 53E-3-706(3)(a)(ii).
716	(iii) A charter school may seek a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of a
717	school building from a school district official with authority to issue the certificate, if the
718	charter school used a school district building inspector for inspection of the school building.
719	(iv) A certificate authorizing permanent occupancy issued by the state superintendent
720	of public instruction under Subsection [53A-20-104] 53E-3-706(3) or a school district official
721	with authority to issue the certificate shall be considered to satisfy any municipal requirement
722	for an inspection or a certificate of occupancy.
723	(8) (a) A specified public agency intending to develop its land shall submit to the land
724	use authority a development plan and schedule:
725	(i) as early as practicable in the development process, but no later than the
726	commencement of construction; and
727	(ii) with sufficient detail to enable the land use authority to assess:
728	(A) the specified public agency's compliance with applicable land use ordinances;
729	(B) the demand for public facilities listed in Subsections 11-36a-102(16)(a), (b), (c),
730	(d), (e), and (g) caused by the development;
731	(C) the amount of any applicable fee described in Section 10-9a-510;
732	(D) any credit against an impact fee; and
733	(E) the potential for waiving an impact fee.
734	(b) The land use authority shall respond to a specified public agency's submission
735	under Subsection (8)(a) with reasonable promptness in order to allow the specified public
736	agency to consider information the municipality provides under Subsection (8)(a)(ii) in the
737	process of preparing the budget for the development.
738	(9) Nothing in this section may be construed to:
739	(a) modify or supersede Section 10-9a-304; or
740	(b) authorize a municipality to enforce an ordinance in a way, or enact an ordinance,

that fails to comply with Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act, the federal Fair Housing

- Amendments Act of 1988, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq., the Americans with Disabilities Act of
- 743 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102, or any other provision of federal law.
- 744 Section 4. Section **11-13-302** is amended to read:

745 11-13-302. Payment of fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax by certain energy
 746 suppliers -- Method of calculating -- Collection -- Extent of tax lien.

(1) (a) Each project entity created under this chapter that owns a project and that sells
any capacity, service, or other benefit from it to an energy supplier or suppliers whose tangible
property is not exempted by Utah Constitution Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad
valorem property tax, shall pay an annual fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax as provided in
this section to each taxing jurisdiction within which the project or any part of it is located.

(b) For purposes of this section, "annual fee" means the annual fee described inSubsection (1)(a) that is in lieu of ad valorem property tax.

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(c) The requirement to pay an annual fee shall commence:

755 (i) with respect to each taxing jurisdiction that is a candidate receiving the benefit of 756 impact alleviation payments under contracts or determination orders provided for in Sections 757 11-13-305 and 11-13-306, with the fiscal year of the candidate following the fiscal year of the 758 candidate in which the date of commercial operation of the last generating unit, other than any 759 generating unit providing additional project capacity, of the project occurs, or, in the case of 760 any facilities providing additional project capacity, with the fiscal year of the candidate 761 following the fiscal year of the candidate in which the date of commercial operation of the 762 generating unit providing the additional project capacity occurs; and

(ii) with respect to any taxing jurisdiction other than a taxing jurisdiction described in
Subsection (1)(c)(i), with the fiscal year of the taxing jurisdiction in which construction of the
project commences, or, in the case of facilities providing additional project capacity, with the
fiscal year of the taxing jurisdiction in which construction of those facilities commences.

(d) The requirement to pay an annual fee shall continue for the period of the useful lifeof the project or facilities.

(2) (a) The annual fees due a school district shall be as provided in Subsection (2)(b)
because the ad valorem property tax imposed by a school district and authorized by the
Legislature represents both:

772 (i) a levy mandated by the state for the state minimum school program under Section 773 [53A-17a-135] 53F-2-301; and 774 (ii) local levies for capital outlay and other purposes under Sections $\left[\frac{53A-16-113}{3}\right]$ 53F-8-303, [53A-17a-133] 53F-8-301, and [53A-17a-164] 53F-8-302. 775 776 (b) The annual fees due a school district shall be as follows: 777 (i) the project entity shall pay to the school district an annual fee for the state minimum 778 school program at the rate imposed by the school district and authorized by the Legislature 779 under Section [53A-17a-135] 53F-2-301: and 780 (ii) for all other local property tax levies authorized to be imposed by a school district, 781 the project entity shall pay to the school district either: 782 (A) an annual fee; or 783 (B) impact alleviation payments under contracts or determination orders provided for 784 in Sections 11-13-305 and 11-13-306. 785 (3) (a) An annual fee due a taxing jurisdiction for a particular year shall be calculated 786 by multiplying the tax rate or rates of the jurisdiction for that year by the product obtained by 787 multiplying the fee base or value determined in accordance with Subsection (4) for that year of 788 the portion of the project located within the jurisdiction by the percentage of the project which 789 is used to produce the capacity, service, or other benefit sold to the energy supplier or suppliers. (b) As used in this section, "tax rate," when applied in respect to a school district, 790 791 includes any assessment to be made by the school district under Subsection (2) or Section 792 63M-5-302. 793 (c) There is to be credited against the annual fee due a taxing jurisdiction for each year, 794 an amount equal to the debt service, if any, payable in that year by the project entity on bonds, 795 the proceeds of which were used to provide public facilities and services for impact alleviation 796 in the taxing jurisdiction in accordance with Sections 11-13-305 and 11-13-306. 797 (d) The tax rate for the taxing jurisdiction for that year shall be computed so as to: 798 (i) take into account the fee base or value of the percentage of the project located 799 within the taxing jurisdiction determined in accordance with Subsection (4) used to produce the 800 capacity, service, or other benefit sold to the supplier or suppliers; and 801 (ii) reflect any credit to be given in that year. 802 (4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the annual fees required by this

803	section shall be paid, collected, and distributed to the taxing jurisdiction as if:
804	(i) the annual fees were ad valorem property taxes; and
805	(ii) the project were assessed at the same rate and upon the same measure of value as
806	taxable property in the state.
807	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), for purposes of an annual fee required by
808	this section, the fee base of a project may be determined in accordance with an agreement
809	among:
810	(A) the project entity; and
811	(B) any county that:
812	(I) is due an annual fee from the project entity; and
813	(II) agrees to have the fee base of the project determined in accordance with the
814	agreement described in this Subsection (4).
815	(ii) The agreement described in Subsection (4)(b)(i):
816	(A) shall specify each year for which the fee base determined by the agreement shall be
817	used for purposes of an annual fee; and
818	(B) may not modify any provision of this chapter except the method by which the fee
819	base of a project is determined for purposes of an annual fee.
820	(iii) For purposes of an annual fee imposed by a taxing jurisdiction within a county
821	described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(B), the fee base determined by the agreement described in
822	Subsection (4)(b)(i) shall be used for purposes of an annual fee imposed by that taxing
823	jurisdiction.
824	(iv) (A) If there is not agreement as to the fee base of a portion of a project for any
825	year, for purposes of an annual fee, the State Tax Commission shall determine the value of that
826	portion of the project for which there is not an agreement:
827	(I) for that year; and
828	(II) using the same measure of value as is used for taxable property in the state.
829	(B) The valuation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) shall be made by the State Tax
830	Commission in accordance with rules made by the State Tax Commission.
831	(c) Payments of the annual fees shall be made from:
832	(i) the proceeds of bonds issued for the project; and
833	(ii) revenues derived by the project entity from the project.

834	(d) (i) The contracts of the project entity with the purchasers of the capacity, service, or
835	other benefits of the project whose tangible property is not exempted by Utah Constitution
836	Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad valorem property tax shall require each
837	purchaser, whether or not located in the state, to pay, to the extent not otherwise provided for,
838	its share, determined in accordance with the terms of the contract, of these fees.
839	(ii) It is the responsibility of the project entity to enforce the obligations of the
840	purchasers.
841	(5) (a) The responsibility of the project entity to make payment of the annual fees is
842	limited to the extent that there is legally available to the project entity, from bond proceeds or
843	revenues, money to make these payments, and the obligation to make payments of the annual
844	fees is not otherwise a general obligation or liability of the project entity.
845	(b) No tax lien may attach upon any property or money of the project entity by virtue of
846	any failure to pay all or any part of an annual fee.
847	(c) The project entity or any purchaser may contest the validity of an annual fee to the
848	same extent as if the payment was a payment of the ad valorem property tax itself.
849	(d) The payments of an annual fee shall be reduced to the extent that any contest is
850	successful.
851	(6) (a) The annual fee described in Subsection (1):
852	(i) shall be paid by a public agency that:
853	(A) is not a project entity; and
854	(B) owns an interest in a facility providing additional project capacity if the interest is
855	otherwise exempt from taxation pursuant to Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3; and
856	(ii) for a public agency described in Subsection (6)(a)(i), shall be calculated in
857	accordance with Subsection (6)(b).
858	(b) The annual fee required under Subsection (6)(a) shall be an amount equal to the tax
859	rate or rates of the applicable taxing jurisdiction multiplied by the product of the following:
860	(i) the fee base or value of the facility providing additional project capacity located
861	within the jurisdiction;
862	(ii) the percentage of the ownership interest of the public agency in the facility; and
863	(iii) the portion, expressed as a percentage, of the public agency's ownership interest
864	that is attributable to the capacity, service, or other benefit from the facility that is sold by the

public agency to an energy supplier or suppliers whose tangible property is not exempted by 865 866 Utah Constitution, Article XIII, Section 3, from the payment of ad valorem property tax.

867 (c) A public agency paying the annual fee pursuant to Subsection (6)(a) shall have the obligations, credits, rights, and protections set forth in Subsections (1) through (5) with respect 868 869 to its ownership interest as though it were a project entity.

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Section 5. Section 11-13-310 is amended to read:

11-13-310. Termination of impact alleviation contract.

872 If the project or any part of it or the facilities providing additional project capacity or 873 any part of them, or the output from the project or facilities providing additional project 874 capacity become subject, in addition to the requirements of Section 11-13-302, to ad valorem 875 property taxation or other payments in lieu of ad valorem property taxation, or other form of 876 tax equivalent payments to any candidate which is a party to an impact alleviation contract with 877 respect to the project or facilities providing additional project capacity or is receiving impact 878 alleviation payments or means with respect to the project or facilities providing additional 879 project capacity pursuant to a determination by the board, then the impact alleviation contract 880 or the requirement to make impact alleviation payments or provide means therefor pursuant to the determination, as the case may be, shall, at the election of the candidate, terminate. In any 881 882 event, each impact alleviation contract or determination order shall terminate upon the project, 883 or, in the case of facilities providing additional project capacity, those facilities becoming 884 subject to the provisions of Section 11-13-302, except that no impact alleviation contract or agreement entered by a school district shall terminate because of in lieu ad valorem property 885 886 tax fees levied under Subsection 11-13-302(2)(b)(i) or because of ad valorem property taxes 887 levied under Section [53A-17a-135] 53F-2-301 for the state minimum school program. In 888 addition, if the construction of the project, or, in the case of facilities providing additional project capacity, of those facilities, is permanently terminated for any reason, each impact 889 890 alleviation contract and determination order, and the payments and means required thereunder. 891 shall terminate. No termination of an impact alleviation contract or determination order may 892 terminate or reduce any liability previously incurred pursuant to the contract or determination 893 order by the candidate beneficiary under it. If the provisions of Section 11-13-302, or its 894 successor, are held invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, and no ad valorem taxes or 895 other form of tax equivalent payments are payable, the remaining provisions of this chapter

896	shall continue in operation without regard to the commencement of commercial operation of
897	the last generating unit of that project or of facilities providing additional project capacity.
898	Section 6. Section 11-14-202 is amended to read:
899	11-14-202. Notice of election Contents Publication Mailing.
900	(1) The governing body shall ensure that notice of the election is provided:
901	(a) once per week during three consecutive weeks by publication in a newspaper
902	having general circulation in the local political subdivision in accordance with Section
903	11-14-316, the first publication occurring not less than 21 nor more than 35 days before the
904	election;
905	(b) on a website, if available, in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for the three weeks
906	that immediately precede the election; and
907	(c) in a local political subdivision where there is no newspaper of general circulation,
908	by posting notice of the bond election in at least five public places in the local political
909	subdivision at least 21 days before the election.
910	(2) When the debt service on the bonds to be issued will increase the property tax
911	imposed upon the average value of a residence by an amount that is greater than or equal to \$15
912	per year, the governing body shall prepare and mail either a voter information pamphlet or a
913	notification described in Subsection (8):
914	(a) at least 15 days but not more than 45 days before the bond election;
915	(b) to each household containing a registered voter who is eligible to vote on the
916	bonds; and
917	(c) that includes the information required by Subsections (4) and (5).
918	(3) The election officer may change the location of, or establish an additional:
919	(a) voting precinct polling place, in accordance with Subsection (6);
920	(b) early voting polling place, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3-603(2); or
921	(c) election day voting center, in accordance with Subsection 20A-3-703(2).
922	(4) The notice described in Subsection (1) and the voter information pamphlet
923	described in Subsection (2):
924	(a) shall include, in the following order:
925	(i) the date of the election;
926	(ii) the hours during which the polls will be open;

927	(iii) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if
928	available, the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the
929	election officer will post on the website the location of each polling place for each voting
930	precinct, each early voting polling place, and each election day voting center, including any
931	changes to the location of a polling place and the location of an additional polling place;
932	(iv) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location
933	of a polling place; and
934	(v) the title and text of the ballot proposition, including the property tax cost of the
935	bond described in Subsection 11-14-206(2)(a); and
936	(b) may include the location of each polling place.
937	(5) The voter information pamphlet required by this section shall include:
938	(a) the information required under Subsection (4); and
939	(b) an explanation of the property tax impact, if any, of the issuance of the bonds,
940	which may be based on information the governing body determines to be useful, including:
941	(i) expected debt service on the bonds to be issued;
942	(ii) a description of the purpose, remaining principal balance, and maturity date of any
943	outstanding general obligation bonds of the issuer;
944	(iii) funds other than property taxes available to pay debt service on general obligation
945	bonds;
946	(iv) timing of expenditures of bond proceeds;
947	(v) property values; and
948	(vi) any additional information that the governing body determines may be useful to
949	explain the property tax impact of issuance of the bonds.
950	(6) (a) Except as provided in Section $20A-1-308$, the election officer may, after the
951	deadlines described in Subsections (1) and (2):
952	(i) if necessary, change the location of a voting precinct polling place; or
953	(ii) if the election officer determines that the number of voting precinct polling places
954	is insufficient due to the number of registered voters who are voting, designate additional
955	voting precinct polling places.
956	(b) Except as provided in Section 20A-1-308, if an election officer changes the
957	location of a voting precinct polling place or designates an additional voting precinct polling

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958	place, the election officer shall, as soon as is reasonably possible, give notice of the dates,
959	times, and location of a changed voting precinct polling place or an additional voting precinct
960	polling place:
961	(i) to the lieutenant governor, for posting on the Statewide Electronic Voter
962	Information Website;
963	(ii) by posting the information on the website of the election officer, if available; and
964	(iii) by posting notice:
965	(A) of a change in the location of a voting precinct polling place, at the new location
966	and, if possible, the old location; and
967	(B) of an additional voting precinct polling place, at the additional voting precinct
968	polling place.
969	(7) The governing body shall pay the costs associated with the notice required by this
970	section.
971	(8) (a) The governing body may mail a notice printed on a postage prepaid,
972	preaddressed return form that a person may use to request delivery of a voter information
973	pamphlet by mail.
974	(b) The notice described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include:
975	(i) the website upon which the voter information pamphlet is available; and
976	(ii) the phone number a voter may call to request delivery of a voter information
977	pamphlet by mail.
978	(9) A local school board shall comply with the voter information pamphlet
979	requirements described in Section [53A-18-102] 53G-4-603.
980	Section 7. Section 11-17-20 is amended to read:
981	11-17-20. Power of the Utah Charter School Finance Authority.
982	(1) The Utah Charter School Finance Authority may exercise the powers granted to
983	municipalities and counties by this chapter, subject to the same limitations as that imposed on a
984	municipality or county under the chapter, except as provided by [Title 53A, Chapter 20b, Part
985	1, Utah Charter School Finance Authority] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 6, Charter School Credit
986	Enhancement Program.
987	(2) As used in this chapter, "governing body" when applied to the Utah Charter School
988	Finance Authority means the authority's governing board as described in Section

989	[53A-20b-103] <u>53G-5-602</u> .
990	(3) Notwithstanding Section 11-17-15, a charter school that receives financing under
991	this chapter is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
992	Section 8. Section 11-36a-102 is amended to read:
993	11-36a-102. Definitions.
994	As used in this chapter:
995	(1) (a) "Affected entity" means each county, municipality, local district under Title
996	17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special service district
997	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, school district, interlocal cooperation
998	entity established under Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, and specified public utility:
999	(i) whose services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant
1000	modification because of the facilities proposed in the proposed impact fee facilities plan; or
1001	(ii) that has filed with the local political subdivision or private entity a copy of the
1002	general or long-range plan of the county, municipality, local district, special service district,
1003	school district, interlocal cooperation entity, or specified public utility.
1004	(b) "Affected entity" does not include the local political subdivision or private entity
1005	that is required under Section 11-36a-501 to provide notice.
1006	(2) "Charter school" includes:
1007	(a) an operating charter school;
1008	(b) an applicant for a charter school whose application has been approved by a charter
1009	school authorizer as provided in [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act]
1010	Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 6, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program; and
1011	(c) an entity that is working on behalf of a charter school or approved charter applicant
1012	to develop or construct a charter school building.
1013	(3) "Development activity" means any construction or expansion of a building,
1014	structure, or use, any change in use of a building or structure, or any changes in the use of land
1015	that creates additional demand and need for public facilities.
1016	(4) "Development approval" means:
1017	(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), any written authorization from a local
1018	political subdivision that authorizes the commencement of development activity;
1019	(b) development activity, for a public entity that may develop without written

1020	authorization from a local political subdivision;
1020	(c) a written authorization from a public water supplier, as defined in Section 73-1-4,
1021	or a private water company:
1022	(i) to reserve or provide:
1023	(A) a water right;
1024	(B) a system capacity; or
1025	(C) a distribution facility; or
1020	
	(ii) to deliver for a development activity:(A) evaluation or
1028	(A) culinary water; or(B) improvement or
1029	 (B) irrigation water; or (d) a unitted authorization from a conitant court outhouity of defined in Section
1030	(d) a written authorization from a sanitary sewer authority, as defined in Section
1031	10-9a-103:
1032	(i) to reserve or provide:
1033	(A) sewer collection capacity; or
1034	(B) treatment capacity; or
1035	(ii) to provide sewer service for a development activity.
1036	(5) "Enactment" means:
1037	(a) a municipal ordinance, for a municipality;
1038	(b) a county ordinance, for a county; and
1039	(c) a governing board resolution, for a local district, special service district, or private
1040	entity.
1041	(6) "Encumber" means:
1042	(a) a pledge to retire a debt; or
1043	(b) an allocation to a current purchase order or contract.
1044	(7) "Hookup fee" means a fee for the installation and inspection of any pipe, line,
1045	meter, or appurtenance to connect to a gas, water, sewer, storm water, power, or other utility
1046	system of a municipality, county, local district, special service district, or private entity.
1047	(8) (a) "Impact fee" means a payment of money imposed upon new development
1048	activity as a condition of development approval to mitigate the impact of the new development
1049	on public infrastructure.
1050	(b) "Impact fee" does not mean a tax, a special assessment, a building permit fee, a

1051 hookup fee, a fee for project improvements, or other reasonable permit or application fee.

- 1052 (9) "Impact fee analysis" means the written analysis of each impact fee required by1053 Section 11-36a-303.
- 1054 (10) "Impact fee facilities plan" means the plan required by Section 11-36a-301.
- 1055 (11) "Level of service" means the defined performance standard or unit of demand for1056 each capital component of a public facility within a service area.
- 1057 (12) (a) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district
 1058 under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Local Districts, or a special
 1059 service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
- (b) "Local political subdivision" does not mean a school district, whose impact fee
 activity is governed by Section [53A-20-100.5] <u>11-36a-206</u>.
- (13) "Private entity" means an entity in private ownership with at least 100 individual
 shareholders, customers, or connections, that is located in a first, second, third, or fourth class
 county and provides water to an applicant for development approval who is required to obtain
 water from the private entity either as a:
- 1066 (a) specific condition of development approval by a local political subdivision acting 1067 pursuant to a prior agreement, whether written or unwritten, with the private entity; or
- 1068 (b) functional condition of development approval because the private entity:
- 1069 (i) has no reasonably equivalent competition in the immediate market; and
- 1070 (ii) is the only realistic source of water for the applicant's development.
- 1071 (14) (a) "Project improvements" means site improvements and facilities that are:
- 1072 (i) planned and designed to provide service for development resulting from a1073 development activity;
- 1074 (ii) necessary for the use and convenience of the occupants or users of development1075 resulting from a development activity; and
- 1076

(iii) not identified or reimbursed as a system improvement.

- 1077 (b) "Project improvements" does not mean system improvements.
- 1078 (15) "Proportionate share" means the cost of public facility improvements that are
 1079 roughly proportionate and reasonably related to the service demands and needs of any
 1080 development activity.
- 1081
- (16) "Public facilities" means only the following impact fee facilities that have a life

1082	expectancy of 10 or more years and are owned or operated by or on behalf of a local political
1083	subdivision or private entity:
1084	(a) water rights and water supply, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities;
1085	(b) wastewater collection and treatment facilities;
1086	(c) storm water, drainage, and flood control facilities;
1087	(d) municipal power facilities;
1088	(e) roadway facilities;
1089	(f) parks, recreation facilities, open space, and trails;
1090	(g) public safety facilities; or
1091	(h) environmental mitigation as provided in Section 11-36a-205.
1092	(17) (a) "Public safety facility" means:
1093	(i) a building constructed or leased to house police, fire, or other public safety entities;
1094	or
1095	(ii) a fire suppression vehicle costing in excess of \$500,000.
1096	(b) "Public safety facility" does not mean a jail, prison, or other place of involuntary
1097	incarceration.
1098	(18) (a) "Roadway facilities" means a street or road that has been designated on an
1099	officially adopted subdivision plat, roadway plan, or general plan of a political subdivision,
1100	together with all necessary appurtenances.
1101	(b) "Roadway facilities" includes associated improvements to a federal or state
1102	roadway only when the associated improvements:
1103	(i) are necessitated by the new development; and
1104	(ii) are not funded by the state or federal government.
1105	(c) "Roadway facilities" does not mean federal or state roadways.
1106	(19) (a) "Service area" means a geographic area designated by an entity that imposes an
1107	impact fee on the basis of sound planning or engineering principles in which a public facility,
1108	or a defined set of public facilities, provides service within the area.
1109	(b) "Service area" may include the entire local political subdivision or an entire area
1110	served by a private entity.
1111	(20) "Specified public agency" means:
1112	(a) the state;

1113	(b) a school district; or
1114	(c) a charter school.
1115	(21) (a) "System improvements" means:
1116	(i) existing public facilities that are:
1117	(A) identified in the impact fee analysis under Section 11-36a-304; and
1118	(B) designed to provide services to service areas within the community at large; and
1119	(ii) future public facilities identified in the impact fee analysis under Section
1120	11-36a-304 that are intended to provide services to service areas within the community at large.
1121	(b) "System improvements" does not mean project improvements.
1122	Section 9. Section 11-36a-202 is amended to read:
1123	11-36a-202. Prohibitions on impact fees.
1124	(1) A local political subdivision or private entity may not:
1125	(a) impose an impact fee to:
1126	(i) cure deficiencies in a public facility serving existing development;
1127	(ii) raise the established level of service of a public facility serving existing
1128	development;
1129	(iii) recoup more than the local political subdivision's or private entity's costs actually
1130	incurred for excess capacity in an existing system improvement; or
1131	(iv) include an expense for overhead, unless the expense is calculated pursuant to a
1132	methodology that is consistent with:
1133	(A) generally accepted cost accounting practices; and
1134	(B) the methodological standards set forth by the federal Office of Management and
1135	Budget for federal grant reimbursement;
1136	(b) delay the construction of a school or charter school because of a dispute with the
1137	school or charter school over impact fees; or
1138	(c) impose or charge any other fees as a condition of development approval unless
1139	those fees are a reasonable charge for the service provided.
1140	(2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a political subdivision or
1141	private entity may not impose an impact fee:
1142	(i) on residential components of development to pay for a public safety facility that is a
1143	fire suppression vehicle;

1144	(ii) on a school district or charter school for a park, recreation facility, open space, or
1145	trail;
1146	(iii) on a school district or charter school unless:
1147	(A) the development resulting from the school district's or charter school's
1148	development activity directly results in a need for additional system improvements for which
1149	the impact fee is imposed; and
1150	(B) the impact fee is calculated to cover only the school district's or charter school's
1151	proportionate share of the cost of those additional system improvements;
1152	(iv) to the extent that the impact fee includes a component for a law enforcement
1153	facility, on development activity for:
1154	(A) the Utah National Guard;
1155	(B) the Utah Highway Patrol; or
1156	(C) a state institution of higher education that has its own police force; or
1157	(v) on development activity on the state fair park, as defined in Section $63H-6-102$.
1158	(b) (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a political subdivision or
1159	private entity may not impose an impact fee on development activity that consists of the
1160	construction of a school, whether by a school district or a charter school, if:
1161	(A) the school is intended to replace another school, whether on the same or a different
1162	parcel;
1163	(B) the new school creates no greater demand or need for public facilities than the
1164	school or school facilities, including any portable or modular classrooms that are on the site of
1165	the replaced school at the time that the new school is proposed; and
1166	(C) the new school and the school being replaced are both within the boundary of the
1167	local political subdivision or the jurisdiction of the private entity.
1168	(ii) If the imposition of an impact fee on a new school is not prohibited under
1169	Subsection (2)(b)(i) because the new school creates a greater demand or need for public
1170	facilities than the school being replaced, the impact fee shall be based only on the demand or
1171	need that the new school creates for public facilities that exceeds the demand or need that the
1172	school being replaced creates for those public facilities.
1173	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a political subdivision or
1174	private entity may impose an impact fee for a road facility on the state only if and to the extent

1175	that:
1176	(i) the state's development causes an impact on the road facility; and
1177	(ii) the portion of the road facility related to an impact fee is not funded by the state or
1178	by the federal government.
1179	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a local political subdivision
1180	may impose and collect impact fees on behalf of a school district if authorized by Section
1181	[53A-20-100.5] <u>11-36a-206</u> .
1182	Section 10. Section 11-44-201 is amended to read:
1183	11-44-201. Political subdivision responsibilities State responsibilities.
1184	(1) A political subdivision may:
1185	(a) enter into a performance efficiency agreement;
1186	(b) develop and administer a performance efficiency program;
1187	(c) analyze energy consumption by the political subdivision;
1188	(d) designate a staff member who is responsible for a performance efficiency program;
1189	and
1190	(e) provide the governing body of the political subdivision with information regarding
1191	the performance efficiency program.
1192	(2) The following entities may provide information, technical resources, and other
1193	assistance to a political subdivision acting under this chapter:
1194	(a) the Utah Geological Survey, created in Section 79-3-201;
1195	(b) the State Board of Education[, under Title 53A, Chapter 1, Administration of
1196	Public Education at the State Level];
1197	(c) the Division of Purchasing and General Services, created in Section 63A-2-101;
1198	and
1199	(d) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, created in Section
1200	63A-5-201.
1201	Section 11. Section 11-49-102 is amended to read:
1202	11-49-102. Definitions.
1203	(1) "Commission" means the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission
1204	established in Section 11-49-201.
1205	(2) "Complainant" means a person who files a complaint in accordance with Section

1206	11-49-501.
1200	(3) "Ethics violation" means a violation of:
1207	(a) Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act;
1200	(a) Title 10, Chapter 3, Full 19, Multicipal Officers and Employees Disclosure Act; or
1210	(c) Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.
1210	(d) "Local political subdivision ethics commission" means an ethics commission
1211	established by a political subdivision within the political subdivision or with another political
1213	subdivision by interlocal agreement in accordance with Section 11-49-103.
1214	(5) "Political subdivision" means a county, municipality, school district, community
1215	reinvestment agency, local district, special service district, an entity created by an interlocal
1216	agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, a local building
1217	authority, or any other governmental subdivision or public corporation.
1218	(6) (a) "Political subdivision employee" means a person who is:
1219	(i) (A) in a municipality, employed as a city manager or non-elected chief executive on
1220	a full or part-time basis; or
1221	(B) employed as the non-elected chief executive by a political subdivision other than a
1222	municipality on a full or part-time basis; and
1223	(ii) subject to:
1224	(A) Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act;
1225	(B) Title 17, Chapter 16a, County Officers and Employees Disclosure Act; or
1226	(C) Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.
1227	(b) "Political subdivision employee" does not include:
1228	(i) a person who is a political subdivision officer;
1229	(ii) an employee of a state entity; or
1230	(iii) a legislative employee as defined in Section 67-16-3.
1231	(7) "Political subdivision governing body" means:
1232	(a) for a county, the county legislative body as defined in Section 68-3-12.5;
1233	(b) for a municipality, the council of the city or town;
1234	(c) for a school district, the local board of education described in Section $[53A-3-101]$
1235	<u>53G-4-201;</u>
1236	(d) for a community reinvestment agency, the agency board described in Section

1237	17C-1-203;
1238	(e) for a local district, the board of trustees described in Section 17B-1-301;
1239	(f) for a special service district:
1240	(i) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
1241	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
1242	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
1243	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301;
1244	(g) for an entity created by an interlocal agreement, the governing body of an interlocal
1245	entity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
1246	(h) for a local building authority, the governing body, as defined in Section 17D-2-102,
1247	that creates the local building authority; or
1248	(i) for any other governmental subdivision or public corporation, the board or other
1249	body authorized to make executive and management decisions for the subdivision or public
1250	corporation.
1251	(8) (a) "Political subdivision officer" means a person elected in a political subdivision
1252	who is subject to:
1253	(i) Title 10, Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act;
1254	(ii) Title 17, Chapter 16a, County Officers and Employees Disclosure Act; or
1255	(iii) Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act.
1256	(b) "Political subdivision officer" does not include:
1257	(i) a person elected or appointed to a state entity;
1258	(ii) the governor;
1259	(iii) the lieutenant governor;
1260	(iv) a member or member-elect of either house of the Legislature; or
1261	(v) a member of Utah's congressional delegation.
1262	(9) "Respondent" means a person who files a response in accordance with Section
1263	11-49-604.
1264	Section 12. Section 13-22-8 is amended to read:
1265	13-22-8. Exemptions.
1266	(1) Section 13-22-5 does not apply to:
1267	(a) a bona fide religious, ecclesiastical, or denominational organization if:

1268	(i) the solicitation is made for a church, missionary, religious, or humanitarian purpose;
1269	and
1270	(ii) the organization is either:
1271	(A) a lawfully organized corporation, institution, society, church, or established
1272	physical place of worship, at which nonprofit religious services and activities are regularly
1273	conducted and carried on;
1274	(B) a bona fide religious group:
1275	(I) that does not maintain specific places of worship;
1276	(II) that is not subject to federal income tax; and
1277	(III) not required to file an IRS Form 990 under any circumstance; or
1278	(C) a separate group or corporation that is an integral part of an institution that is an
1279	income tax exempt organization under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) and is not primarily supported
1280	by funds solicited outside the group's or corporation's own membership or congregation;
1281	(b) a solicitation by a broadcast media owned or operated by an educational institution
1282	or governmental entity, or any entity organized solely for the support of that broadcast media;
1283	(c) except as provided in Subsection 13-22-21(1), a solicitation for the relief of any
1284	person sustaining a life-threatening illness or injury specified by name at the time of
1285	solicitation if the entire amount collected without any deduction is turned over to the named
1286	person;
1287	(d) a political party authorized to transact the political party's affairs within this state
1288	and any candidate and campaign worker of the political party if the content and manner of any
1289	solicitation make clear that the solicitation is for the benefit of the political party or candidate;
1290	(e) a political action committee or group soliciting funds relating to issues or
1291	candidates on the ballot if the committee or group is required to file financial information with
1292	a federal or state election commission;
1293	(f) (i) a public school;
1294	(ii) a public institution of higher learning;
1295	(iii) a school accredited by an accreditation body recognized within the state or the
1296	United States;
1297	(iv) an institution of higher learning accredited by an accreditation body recognized
1298	within the state or the United States;

1299	(v) an organization within, and authorized by, an entity described in Subsections
1300	(1)(f)(i) through (iv); or
1301	(vi) a parent organization, teacher organization, or student organization authorized by
1302	an entity described in Subsection (1)(f)(i) or (iii) if:
1303	(A) the parent organization, teacher organization, or student organization is a branch
1304	of, or is affiliated with, a central organization;
1305	(B) the parent organization, teacher organization, or student organization is subject to
1306	the central organization's general control and supervision;
1307	(C) the central organization holds a United States Internal Revenue Service group tax
1308	exemption that covers the parent organization, teacher organization, or student organization;
1309	and
1310	(D) the central organization is registered with the division under this chapter;
1311	(g) a public or higher education foundation established under [Title 53A, State System
1312	of Public Education] Title 53E, Public Education System State Administration, Title 53G,
1313	Public Education System Local Administration, or Title 53B, State System of Higher
1314	Education;
1315	(h) a television station, radio station, or newspaper of general circulation that donates
1316	air time or print space for no consideration as part of a cooperative solicitation effort on behalf
1317	of a charitable organization, whether or not that organization is required to register under this
1318	chapter;
1319	(i) a volunteer fire department, rescue squad, or local civil defense organization whose
1320	financial oversight is under the control of a local governmental entity;
1321	(j) any governmental unit of any state or the United States;
1322	(k) any corporation:
1323	(i) established by an act of the United States Congress; and
1324	(ii) that is required by federal law to submit an annual report:
1325	(A) on the activities of the corporation, including an itemized report of all receipts and
1326	expenditures of the corporation; and
1327	(B) to the United States Secretary of Defense to be:
1328	(I) audited; and
1329	(II) submitted to the United States Congress;

- **S.B. 12** 12-11-17 5:14 PM 1330 (1) a solicitation by an applicant for a grant offered by a state agency if: 1331 (i) the terms of the grant provide that the state agency monitors a grant recipient to 1332 ensure that grant funds are used in accordance with the grant's purpose; and 1333 (ii) the sum of the amount available to the applicant under grants offered by a state 1334 agency that the applicant applies for in a calendar year is less than or equal to \$1,500; and 1335 (m) a chapter of a charitable organization or a person who solicits contributions for a 1336 charitable organization, if the charitable organization is registered with the division pursuant to 1337 Section 13-22-5, and: 1338 (i) all contributions solicited by the chapter or person are delivered directly to the 1339 control of the charitable organization; or 1340 (ii) (A) the charitable organization holds a United States Internal Revenue Service 1341 group tax exemption that covers the chapter; 1342 (B) the charitable organization provides a list of its chapters to the division with its 1343 registration or renewal of registration; 1344 (C) the chapter is on the list provided under Subsection (1)(m)(ii)(B); 1345 (D) the chapter maintains the information required under Section 13-22-15 and 1346 provides the information to the division upon request; and 1347 (E) solicitations by the chapter or the person are limited to the collection of 1348 membership-related fees, dues, or assessments from new and existing members. 1349 (2) An organization claiming an exemption under this section bears the burden of 1350 proving the organization's eligibility for, or the applicability of, the exemption claimed. 1351 (3) An organization exempt from registration pursuant to this section that makes a 1352 material change in the organization's legal status, officers, address, or similar changes shall file 1353 a report informing the division of the organization's current legal status, business address, 1354 business phone, officers, and primary contact person within 30 days of the change. 1355 (4) The division may by rule: 1356 (a) require an organization that is exempt from registration under this section to: 1357 (i) file a notice of claim of exemption; and 1358 (ii) file a renewal of a notice of claim of exemption; (b) prescribe the contents of a notice of claim of exemption and a renewal of a notice 1359
- 1360 of claim of exemption; and

1361	(c) require a filing fee for a notice of claim of exemption and a renewal of a notice of
1362	claim of exemption as determined under Section 63J-1-504.
1363	Section 13. Section 17-27a-103 is amended to read:
1364	17-27a-103. Definitions.
1365	As used in this chapter:
1366	(1) "Affected entity" means a county, municipality, local district, special service
1367	district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, school district, interlocal
1368	cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, specified
1369	property owner, property owners association, public utility, or the Utah Department of
1370	Transportation, if:
1371	(a) the entity's services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant
1372	modification because of an intended use of land;
1373	(b) the entity has filed with the county a copy of the entity's general or long-range plan;
1374	or
1375	(c) the entity has filed with the county a request for notice during the same calendar
1376	year and before the county provides notice to an affected entity in compliance with a
1377	requirement imposed under this chapter.
1378	(2) "Appeal authority" means the person, board, commission, agency, or other body
1379	designated by ordinance to decide an appeal of a decision of a land use application or a
1380	variance.
1381	(3) "Billboard" means a freestanding ground sign located on industrial, commercial, or
1382	residential property if the sign is designed or intended to direct attention to a business, product,
1383	or service that is not sold, offered, or existing on the property where the sign is located.
1384	(4) (a) "Charter school" means:
1385	(i) an operating charter school;
1386	(ii) a charter school applicant that has its application approved by a charter school
1387	authorizer in accordance with [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act]
1388	Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3, Charter School Authorization; or
1389	(iii) an entity that is working on behalf of a charter school or approved charter
1390	applicant to develop or construct a charter school building.
1391	(b) "Charter school" does not include a therapeutic school.

1392	(5) "Chief executive officer" means the person or body that exercises the executive
1393	powers of the county.
1394	(6) "Conditional use" means a land use that, because of its unique characteristics or
1395	potential impact on the county, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be
1396	compatible in some areas or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that
1397	mitigate or eliminate the detrimental impacts.
1398	(7) "Constitutional taking" means a governmental action that results in a taking of
1399	private property so that compensation to the owner of the property is required by the:
1400	(a) Fifth or Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States; or
1401	(b) Utah Constitution, Article I, Section 22.
1402	(8) "Culinary water authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with
1403	responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of the culinary water system and sources for
1404	the subject property.
1405	(9) "Development activity" means:
1406	(a) any construction or expansion of a building, structure, or use that creates additional
1407	demand and need for public facilities;
1408	(b) any change in use of a building or structure that creates additional demand and need
1409	for public facilities; or
1410	(c) any change in the use of land that creates additional demand and need for public
1411	facilities.
1412	(10) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits
1413	one or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such an
1414	impairment or being regarded as having such an impairment.
1415	(b) "Disability" does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to, any federally
1416	controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C.
1417	802.
1418	(11) "Educational facility":
1419	(a) means:
1420	(i) a school district's building at which pupils assemble to receive instruction in a
1421	program for any combination of grades from preschool through grade 12, including
1422	kindergarten and a program for children with disabilities;

1423	(ii) a structure or facility:
1424	(A) located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); and
1425	(B) used in support of the use of that building; and
1426	(iii) a building to provide office and related space to a school district's administrative
1427	personnel; and
1428	(b) does not include:
1429	(i) land or a structure, including land or a structure for inventory storage, equipment
1430	storage, food processing or preparing, vehicle storage or maintenance, or similar use that is:
1431	(A) not located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
1432	and
1433	(B) used in support of the purposes of a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); or
1434	(ii) a therapeutic school.
1435	(12) "Fire authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with responsibility
1436	to review and approve the feasibility of fire protection and suppression services for the subject
1437	property.
1438	(13) "Flood plain" means land that:
1439	(a) is within the 100-year flood plain designated by the Federal Emergency
1440	Management Agency; or
1441	(b) has not been studied or designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency
1442	but presents a likelihood of experiencing chronic flooding or a catastrophic flood event because
1443	the land has characteristics that are similar to those of a 100-year flood plain designated by the
1444	Federal Emergency Management Agency.
1445	(14) "Gas corporation" has the same meaning as defined in Section 54-2-1.
1446	(15) "General plan" means a document that a county adopts that sets forth general
1447	guidelines for proposed future development of:
1448	(a) the unincorporated land within the county; or
1449	(b) for a mountainous planning district, the land within the mountainous planning
1450	district.
1451	(16) "Geologic hazard" means:
1452	(a) a surface fault rupture;
1453	(b) shallow groundwater;

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1454	(c) liquefaction;
1455	(d) a landslide;
1456	(e) a debris flow;
1457	(f) unstable soil;
1458	(g) a rock fall; or
1459	(h) any other geologic condition that presents a risk:
1460	(i) to life;
1461	(ii) of substantial loss of real property; or
1462	(iii) of substantial damage to real property.
1463	(17) "Hookup fee" means a fee for the installation and inspection of any pipe, line,
1464	meter, or appurtenance to connect to a county water, sewer, storm water, power, or other utility
1465	system.
1466	(18) "Identical plans" means building plans submitted to a county that:
1467	(a) are clearly marked as "identical plans";
1468	(b) are substantially identical building plans that were previously submitted to and
1469	reviewed and approved by the county; and
1470	(c) describe a building that:
1471	(i) is located on land zoned the same as the land on which the building described in the
1472	previously approved plans is located;
1473	(ii) is subject to the same geological and meteorological conditions and the same law
1474	as the building described in the previously approved plans;
1475	(iii) has a floor plan identical to the building plan previously submitted to and reviewed
1476	and approved by the county; and
1477	(iv) does not require any additional engineering or analysis.
1478	(19) "Impact fee" means a payment of money imposed under Title 11, Chapter 36a,
1479	Impact Fees Act.
1480	(20) "Improvement completion assurance" means a surety bond, letter of credit,
1481	financial institution bond, cash, assignment of rights, lien, or other equivalent security required
1482	by a county to guaranty the proper completion of landscaping or an infrastructure improvement
1483	required as a condition precedent to:
1/8/	(a) recording a subdivision plat: or

1484 (a) recording a subdivision plat; or

1485	(b) development of a commercial, industrial, mixed use, or multifamily project.
1486	(21) "Improvement warranty" means an applicant's unconditional warranty that the
1487	applicant's installed and accepted landscaping or infrastructure improvement:
1488	(a) complies with the county's written standards for design, materials, and
1489	workmanship; and
1490	(b) will not fail in any material respect, as a result of poor workmanship or materials,
1491	within the improvement warranty period.
1492	(22) "Improvement warranty period" means a period:
1493	(a) no later than one year after a county's acceptance of required landscaping; or
1494	(b) no later than one year after a county's acceptance of required infrastructure, unless
1495	the county:
1496	(i) determines for good cause that a one-year period would be inadequate to protect the
1497	public health, safety, and welfare; and
1498	(ii) has substantial evidence, on record:
1499	(A) of prior poor performance by the applicant; or
1500	(B) that the area upon which the infrastructure will be constructed contains suspect soil
1501	and the county has not otherwise required the applicant to mitigate the suspect soil.
1502	(23) "Infrastructure improvement" means permanent infrastructure that an applicant
1503	must install:
1504	(a) pursuant to published installation and inspection specifications for public
1505	improvements; and
1506	(b) as a condition of:
1507	(i) recording a subdivision plat; or
1508	(ii) development of a commercial, industrial, mixed use, condominium, or multifamily
1509	project.
1510	(24) "Internal lot restriction" means a platted note, platted demarcation, or platted
1511	designation that:
1512	(a) runs with the land; and
1513	(b) (i) creates a restriction that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot described on
1514	the plat; or
1515	(ii) designates a development condition that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot

1516	described on the plat.
1517	(25) "Interstate pipeline company" means a person or entity engaged in natural gas
1518	transportation subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under
1519	the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 717 et seq.
1520	(26) "Intrastate pipeline company" means a person or entity engaged in natural gas
1521	transportation that is not subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory
1522	Commission under the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 717 et seq.
1523	(27) "Land use applicant" means a property owner, or the property owner's designee,
1524	who submits a land use application regarding the property owner's land.
1525	(28) "Land use application":
1526	(a) means an application that is:
1527	(i) required by a county; and
1528	(ii) submitted by a land use applicant to obtain a land use decision; and
1529	(b) does not mean an application to enact, amend, or repeal a land use regulation.
1530	(29) "Land use authority" means:
1531	(a) a person, board, commission, agency, or body, including the local legislative body,
1532	designated by the local legislative body to act upon a land use application; or
1533	(b) if the local legislative body has not designated a person, board, commission,
1534	agency, or body, the local legislative body.
1535	(30) "Land use decision" means a final action of a land use authority or appeal
1536	authority regarding:
1537	(a) a land use permit;
1538	(b) a land use application; or
1539	(c) the enforcement of a land use regulation, land use permit, or development
1540	agreement.
1541	(31) "Land use permit" means a permit issued by a land use authority.
1542	(32) "Land use regulation":
1543	(a) means an ordinance, law, code, map, resolution, specification, fee, or rule that
1544	governs the use or development of land; and
1545	(b) does not include:
1546	(i) a general plan;

1547	(ii) a land use decision of the legislative body acting as the land use authority, even if
1548	the decision is expressed in a resolution or ordinance; or
1549	(iii) a temporary revision to an engineering specification that does not materially:
1550	(A) increase a land use applicant's cost of development compared to the existing
1551	specification; or
1552	(B) impact a land use applicant's use of land.
1553	(33) "Legislative body" means the county legislative body, or for a county that has
1554	adopted an alternative form of government, the body exercising legislative powers.
1555	(34) "Local district" means any entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
1556	Government Entities - Local Districts, and any other governmental or quasi-governmental
1557	entity that is not a county, municipality, school district, or the state.
1558	(35) "Lot line adjustment" means the relocation of the property boundary line in a
1559	subdivision between two adjoining lots with the consent of the owners of record.
1560	(36) "Moderate income housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy
1561	by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
1562	income for households of the same size in the county in which the housing is located.
1563	(37) "Mountainous planning district" means an area:
1564	(a) designated by a county legislative body in accordance with Section 17-27a-901; and
1565	(b) that is not otherwise exempt under Section 10-9a-304.
1566	(38) "Nominal fee" means a fee that reasonably reimburses a county only for time spent
1567	and expenses incurred in:
1568	(a) verifying that building plans are identical plans; and
1569	(b) reviewing and approving those minor aspects of identical plans that differ from the
1570	previously reviewed and approved building plans.
1571	(39) "Noncomplying structure" means a structure that:
1572	(a) legally existed before its current land use designation; and
1573	(b) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform
1574	to the setback, height restrictions, or other regulations, excluding those regulations that govern
1575	the use of land.
1576	(40) "Nonconforming use" means a use of land that:
1577	(a) legally existed before its current land use designation;

1578 (b) has been maintained continuously since the time the land use ordinance regulation 1579 governing the land changed; and 1580 (c) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform 1581 to the regulations that now govern the use of the land. 1582 (41) "Official map" means a map drawn by county authorities and recorded in the 1583 county recorder's office that: 1584 (a) shows actual and proposed rights-of-way, centerline alignments, and setbacks for 1585 highways and other transportation facilities: 1586 (b) provides a basis for restricting development in designated rights-of-way or between designated setbacks to allow the government authorities time to purchase or otherwise reserve 1587 1588 the land; and 1589 (c) has been adopted as an element of the county's general plan. 1590 (42) "Parcel boundary adjustment" means a recorded agreement between owners of 1591 adjoining properties adjusting their mutual boundary if: 1592 (a) no additional parcel is created; and 1593 (b) each property identified in the agreement is unsubdivided land, including a 1594 remainder of subdivided land. 1595 (43) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association, 1596 trust, governmental agency, or any other legal entity. 1597 (44) "Plan for moderate income housing" means a written document adopted by a 1598 county legislative body that includes: 1599 (a) an estimate of the existing supply of moderate income housing located within the 1600 county; 1601 (b) an estimate of the need for moderate income housing in the county for the next five 1602 years as revised biennially; 1603 (c) a survey of total residential land use; 1604 (d) an evaluation of how existing land uses and zones affect opportunities for moderate 1605 income housing; and 1606 (e) a description of the county's program to encourage an adequate supply of moderate 1607 income housing. 1608 (45) "Planning advisory area" means a contiguous, geographically defined portion of

1609	the unincorporated area of a county established under this part with planning and zoning
1610	functions as exercised through the planning advisory area planning commission, as provided in
1611	this chapter, but with no legal or political identity separate from the county and no taxing
1612	authority.
1613	(46) "Plat" means a map or other graphical representation of lands being laid out and
1614	prepared in accordance with Section 17-27a-603, 17-23-17, or 57-8-13.
1615	(47) "Potential geologic hazard area" means an area that:
1616	(a) is designated by a Utah Geological Survey map, county geologist map, or other
1617	relevant map or report as needing further study to determine the area's potential for geologic
1618	hazard; or
1619	(b) has not been studied by the Utah Geological Survey or a county geologist but
1620	presents the potential of geologic hazard because the area has characteristics similar to those of
1621	a designated geologic hazard area.
1622	(48) "Public agency" means:
1623	(a) the federal government;
1624	(b) the state;
1625	(c) a county, municipality, school district, local district, special service district, or other
1626	political subdivision of the state; or
1627	(d) a charter school.
1628	(49) "Public hearing" means a hearing at which members of the public are provided a
1629	reasonable opportunity to comment on the subject of the hearing.
1630	(50) "Public meeting" means a meeting that is required to be open to the public under
1631	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
1632	(51) "Receiving zone" means an unincorporated area of a county that the county
1633	designates, by ordinance, as an area in which an owner of land may receive a transferable
1634	development right.
1635	(52) "Record of survey map" means a map of a survey of land prepared in accordance
1636	with Section 17-23-17.
1637	(53) "Residential facility for persons with a disability" means a residence:
1638	(a) in which more than one person with a disability resides; and
1639	(b) (i) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services under Title

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1640 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; or 1641 (ii) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Health under Title 26, Chapter 1642 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act. 1643 (54) "Rules of order and procedure" means a set of rules that govern and prescribe in a 1644 public meeting: 1645 (a) parliamentary order and procedure; (b) ethical behavior; and 1646 1647 (c) civil discourse. 1648 (55) "Sanitary sewer authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with 1649 responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of sanitary sewer services or onsite 1650 wastewater systems. 1651 (56) "Sending zone" means an unincorporated area of a county that the county 1652 designates, by ordinance, as an area from which an owner of land may transfer a transferable development right. 1653 1654 (57) "Site plan" means a document or map that may be required by a county during a 1655 preliminary review preceding the issuance of a building permit to demonstrate that an owner's 1656 or developer's proposed development activity meets a land use requirement. (58) "Specified public agency" means: 1657 1658 (a) the state; 1659 (b) a school district; or 1660 (c) a charter school. 1661 (59) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or 1662 telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1. 1663 (60) "State" includes any department, division, or agency of the state. 1664 (61) "Street" means a public right-of-way, including a highway, avenue, boulevard, 1665 parkway, road, lane, walk, alley, viaduct, subway, tunnel, bridge, public easement, or other 1666 way. (62) (a) "Subdivision" means any land that is divided, resubdivided or proposed to be 1667 1668 divided into two or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the 1669 purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease, or development either on the 1670 installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms, and conditions.

1671	(b) "Subdivision" includes:
1672	(i) the division or development of land whether by deed, metes and bounds description,
1673	devise and testacy, map, plat, or other recorded instrument; and
1674	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (62)(c), divisions of land for residential and
1675	nonresidential uses, including land used or to be used for commercial, agricultural, and
1676	industrial purposes.
1677	(c) "Subdivision" does not include:
1678	(i) a bona fide division or partition of agricultural land for agricultural purposes;
1679	(ii) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining properties adjusting their
1680	mutual boundary if:
1681	(A) no new lot is created; and
1682	(B) the adjustment does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
1683	(iii) a recorded document, executed by the owner of record:
1684	(A) revising the legal description of more than one contiguous unsubdivided parcel of
1685	property into one legal description encompassing all such parcels of property; or
1686	(B) joining a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has not
1687	been subdivided, if the joinder does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
1688	(iv) a bona fide division or partition of land in a county other than a first class county
1689	for the purpose of siting, on one or more of the resulting separate parcels:
1690	(A) an electrical transmission line or a substation;
1691	(B) a natural gas pipeline or a regulation station; or
1692	(C) an unmanned telecommunications, microwave, fiber optic, electrical, or other
1693	utility service regeneration, transformation, retransmission, or amplification facility;
1694	(v) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining subdivided properties adjusting
1695	their mutual boundary if:
1696	(A) no new dwelling lot or housing unit will result from the adjustment; and
1697	(B) the adjustment will not violate any applicable land use ordinance;
1698	(vi) a bona fide division or partition of land by deed or other instrument where the land
1699	use authority expressly approves in writing the division in anticipation of further land use
1700	approvals on the parcel or parcels; or
1701	(vii) a parcel boundary adjustment.

(d) The joining of a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has
not been subdivided does not constitute a subdivision under this Subsection (62) as to the
unsubdivided parcel of property or subject the unsubdivided parcel to the county's subdivision
ordinance.
(63) "Suspect soil" means soil that has:
(a) a high susceptibility for volumetric change, typically clay rich, having more than a
3% swell potential;
(b) bedrock units with high shrink or swell susceptibility; or
(c) gypsiferous silt and clay, gypsum, or bedrock units containing abundant gypsum
commonly associated with dissolution and collapse features.
(64) "Therapeutic school" means a residential group living facility:
(a) for four or more individuals who are not related to:
(i) the owner of the facility; or
(ii) the primary service provider of the facility;
(b) that serves students who have a history of failing to function:
(i) at home;
(ii) in a public school; or
(iii) in a nonresidential private school; and
(c) that offers:
(i) room and board; and
(ii) an academic education integrated with:
(A) specialized structure and supervision; or
(B) services or treatment related to a disability, an emotional development, a
behavioral development, a familial development, or a social development.
(65) "Transferable development right" means a right to develop and use land that
originates by an ordinance that authorizes a land owner in a designated sending zone to transfer
land use rights from a designated sending zone to a designated receiving zone.
(66) "Unincorporated" means the area outside of the incorporated area of a
municipality.
(67) "Water interest" means any right to the beneficial use of water, including:
(a) each of the rights listed in Section 73-1-11; and

1733 (b) an ownership interest in the right to the beneficial use of water represented by: 1734 (i) a contract; or 1735 (ii) a share in a water company, as defined in Section 73-3-3.5. 1736 (68) "Zoning map" means a map, adopted as part of a land use ordinance, that depicts 1737 land use zones, overlays, or districts. 1738 Section 14. Section 17-27a-305 is amended to read: 1739 17-27a-305. Other entities required to conform to county's land use ordinances --1740 Exceptions -- School districts and charter schools -- Submission of development plan and 1741 schedule. 1742 (1) (a) Each county, municipality, school district, charter school, local district, special 1743 service district, and political subdivision of the state shall conform to any applicable land use 1744 ordinance of any county when installing, constructing, operating, or otherwise using any area, 1745 land, or building situated within a mountainous planning district or the unincorporated portion 1746 of the county, as applicable. 1747 (b) In addition to any other remedies provided by law, when a county's land use 1748 ordinance is violated or about to be violated by another political subdivision, that county may 1749 institute an injunction, mandamus, abatement, or other appropriate action or proceeding to 1750 prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the improper installation, improvement, or use. 1751 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a school district or charter school is 1752 subject to a county's land use ordinances. 1753 (b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3), a county may: 1754 (A) subject a charter school to standards within each zone pertaining to setback, height, 1755 bulk and massing regulations, off-site parking, curb cut, traffic circulation, and construction 1756 staging; and 1757 (B) impose regulations upon the location of a project that are necessary to avoid 1758 unreasonable risks to health or safety, as provided in Subsection (3)(f). 1759 (ii) The standards to which a county may subject a charter school under Subsection 1760 (2)(b)(i) shall be objective standards only and may not be subjective. 1761 (iii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), the only basis upon which a county may deny or withhold approval of a charter school's land use application is the charter school's 1762 1763 failure to comply with a standard imposed under Subsection (2)(b)(i).

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(iv) Nothing in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) may be construed to relieve a charter school of an
obligation to comply with a requirement of an applicable building or safety code to which it is
otherwise obligated to comply.

1767 (3) A county may not:

(a) impose requirements for landscaping, fencing, aesthetic considerations,
construction methods or materials, additional building inspections, county building codes,
building use for educational purposes, or the placement or use of temporary classroom facilities
on school property;

(b) except as otherwise provided in this section, require a school district or charter
school to participate in the cost of any roadway or sidewalk, or a study on the impact of a
school on a roadway or sidewalk, that is not reasonably necessary for the safety of school
children and not located on or contiguous to school property, unless the roadway or sidewalk is
required to connect an otherwise isolated school site to an existing roadway;

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(c) require a district or charter school to pay fees not authorized by this section;

(d) provide for inspection of school construction or assess a fee or other charges for
inspection, unless the school district or charter school is unable to provide for inspection by an
inspector, other than the project architect or contractor, who is qualified under criteria
established by the state superintendent;

(e) require a school district or charter school to pay any impact fee for an improvement
project unless the impact fee is imposed as provided in Title 11, Chapter 36a, Impact Fees Act;

(f) impose regulations upon the location of an educational facility except as necessary
to avoid unreasonable risks to health or safety; or

(g) for a land use or a structure owned or operated by a school district or charter school
that is not an educational facility but is used in support of providing instruction to pupils,
impose a regulation that:

(i) is not imposed on a similar land use or structure in the zone in which the land use orstructure is approved; or

- (ii) uses the tax exempt status of the school district or charter school as criteria forprohibiting or regulating the land use or location of the structure.
- (4) Subject to Section [53A-20-108] 53E-3-710, a school district or charter school shall
 coordinate the siting of a new school with the county in which the school is to be located, to:

1795	(a) avoid or mitigate existing and potential traffic hazards, including consideration of
1796	the impacts between the new school and future highways; and
1797	(b) maximize school, student, and site safety.
1798	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(d), a county may, at its discretion:
1799	(a) provide a walk-through of school construction at no cost and at a time convenient to
1800	the district or charter school; and
1801	(b) provide recommendations based upon the walk-through.
1802	(6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(d), a school district or charter school shall use:
1803	(i) a county building inspector;
1804	(ii) (A) for a school district, a school district building inspector from that school
1805	district; or
1806	(B) for a charter school, a school district building inspector from the school district in
1807	which the charter school is located; or
1808	(iii) an independent, certified building inspector who is:
1809	(A) not an employee of the contractor;
1810	(B) approved by:
1811	(I) a county building inspector; or
1812	(II) (Aa) for a school district, a school district building inspector from that school
1813	district; or
1814	(Bb) for a charter school, a school district building inspector from the school district in
1815	which the charter school is located; and
1816	(C) licensed to perform the inspection that the inspector is requested to perform.
1817	(b) The approval under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(B) may not be unreasonably withheld.
1818	(c) If a school district or charter school uses a school district or independent building
1819	inspector under Subsection (6)(a)(ii) or (iii), the school district or charter school shall submit to
1820	the state superintendent of public instruction and county building official, on a monthly basis
1821	during construction of the school building, a copy of each inspection certificate regarding the
1822	school building.
1823	(7) (a) A charter school shall be considered a permitted use in all zoning districts
1824	within a county.
1825	(b) Each land use application for any approval required for a charter school, including

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1826 an application for a building permit, shall be processed on a first priority basis.

- 1827 (c) Parking requirements for a charter school may not exceed the minimum parking 1828 requirements for schools or other institutional public uses throughout the county.
- 1829 (d) If a county has designated zones for a sexually oriented business, or a business 1830 which sells alcohol, a charter school may be prohibited from a location which would otherwise 1831 defeat the purpose for the zone unless the charter school provides a waiver.
- 1832 (e) (i) A school district or a charter school may seek a certificate authorizing permanent 1833 occupancy of a school building from:
- 1834 (A) the state superintendent of public instruction, as provided in Subsection 1835 [53A-20-104] 53E-3-706(3), if the school district or charter school used an independent 1836 building inspector for inspection of the school building; or
- 1837 (B) a county official with authority to issue the certificate, if the school district or charter school used a county building inspector for inspection of the school building. 1838
- 1839 (ii) A school district may issue its own certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of 1840 a school building if it used its own building inspector for inspection of the school building, 1841 subject to the notification requirement of Subsection [53A-20-104] 53E-3-706(3)(a)(ii).
- 1842 (iii) A charter school may seek a certificate authorizing permanent occupancy of a 1843 school building from a school district official with authority to issue the certificate, if the 1844 charter school used a school district building inspector for inspection of the school building.
- 1845 (iv) A certificate authorizing permanent occupancy issued by the state superintendent of public instruction under Subsection [53A-20-104] 53E-3-706(3) or a school district official 1846 1847 with authority to issue the certificate shall be considered to satisfy any county requirement for 1848 an inspection or a certificate of occupancy.
- 1849 (8) (a) A specified public agency intending to develop its land shall submit to the land 1850 use authority a development plan and schedule:
- 1851 (i) as early as practicable in the development process, but no later than the 1852 commencement of construction; and
- 1853 (ii) with sufficient detail to enable the land use authority to assess:
- 1854
- (A) the specified public agency's compliance with applicable land use ordinances;
- 1855 (B) the demand for public facilities listed in Subsections 11-36a-102(16)(a), (b), (c),
- 1856 (d), (e), and (g) caused by the development;

1857	(C) the amount of any applicable fee described in Section 17-27a-509;
1858	(D) any credit against an impact fee; and
1859	(E) the potential for waiving an impact fee.
1860	(b) The land use authority shall respond to a specified public agency's submission
1861	under Subsection (8)(a) with reasonable promptness in order to allow the specified public
1862	agency to consider information the municipality provides under Subsection (8)(a)(ii) in the
1863	process of preparing the budget for the development.
1864	(9) Nothing in this section may be construed to:
1865	(a) modify or supersede Section 17-27a-304; or
1866	(b) authorize a county to enforce an ordinance in a way, or enact an ordinance, that
1867	fails to comply with Title 57, Chapter 21, Utah Fair Housing Act, the federal Fair Housing
1868	Amendments Act of 1988, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq., the Americans with Disabilities Act of
1869	1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102, or any other provision of federal law.
1870	Section 15. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:
1871	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
1872	limitations.
1873	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
1874	law.
1875	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
1876	general elections.
1877	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted
1878	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.
1879	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
1880	that designates:
1881	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1882	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1883	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
1884	concurrent resolution that designates:
1885	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
1886	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
1887	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special

1888	election only for:
1889	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
1890	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section [53A-16-110] 53F-8-402 or
1891	[53A-17a-133] <u>53F-8-301</u> ;
1892	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
1893	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
1894	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
1895	legal boundaries should be changed;
1896	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
1897	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
1898	remaining school district, as defined in Section [53A-2-117] 53G-3-102, following the creation
1899	of a new school district under Section [53A-2-118.1] 53G-3-302;
1900	(viii) a vote on a municipality providing cable television services or public
1901	telecommunications services under Section 10-18-204;
1902	(ix) a vote to create a new county under Section 17-3-1;
1903	(x) a vote on the creation of a study committee under Sections $17-52-202$ and
1904	17-52-203.5;
1905	(xi) a vote on a special property tax under Section [53A-16-110] 53F-8-402;
1906	(xii) a vote on the incorporation of a city in accordance with Section 10-2a-210;
1907	(xiii) a vote on the incorporation of a town in accordance with Section 10-2a-304; or
1908	(xiv) a vote on incorporation or annexation as described in Section $10-2a-404$.
1909	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
1910	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
1911	(i) the date for the local special election as authorized by Section 20A-1-204; and
1912	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
1913	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
1914	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
1915	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
1916	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
1917	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
1918	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection

1919	(5)(a)(vi).
1920	Section 16. Section 20A-14-206 is amended to read:
1921	20A-14-206. Student petition for student member on local school board.
1922	(1) A student petition requesting that a local school board appoint a nonvoting student
1923	member to the board may be submitted to the board under this section.
1924	(2) The petition shall have the signatures of at least 500 students regularly enrolled in
1925	high school in the district or at least 10% of the number of students regularly enrolled in high
1926	school in the district, whichever is less.
1927	(3) (a) Upon receipt of the petition, the board may appoint a nonvoting student member
1928	to serve a one-year term on the local school board as an addition to the number of regular
1929	members authorized by law.
1930	(b) A student member's term begins July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year.
1931	(4) A student board member shall be enrolled in a high school in the district and may
1932	be less than 18 years old.
1933	(5) A student member may participate in all board meetings, except executive sessions.
1934	(6) (a) A student board member shall receive the same expense allowance granted
1935	other board members under Section [53A-3-202] 53G-4-204.
1936	(b) A student member is not liable for any acts of the governing board.
1937	Section 17. Section 26-1-17.5 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
1938	26-1-17.5 (Superseded 07/01/18). Confidential records.
1939	(1) A record classified as confidential under this title shall remain confidential, and be
1940	released according to the provisions of this title, notwithstanding Section 63G-2-310.
1941	(2) In addition to those persons granted access to records described in Subsection
1942	63G-2-302(1)(b), immunization records may be shared among schools, school districts, and
1943	local and state health departments and the state Department of Human Services as necessary to
1944	assure compliance with Section [53A-11-301] 53G-9-302 and to prevent, investigate, and
1945	control the causes of epidemic, infectious, communicable, and other diseases affecting the
1946	public health.
1947	Section 18. Section 26-1-17.5 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
1948	26-1-17.5 (Effective 07/01/18). Confidential records.
1949	(1) A record classified as confidential under this title shall remain confidential, and be

1950	released according to the provisions of this title, notwithstanding Section 63G-2-310.
1951	(2) In addition to those persons granted access to a private record described in
1952	Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(b), schools, school districts, and local and state health departments
1953	and the state Department of Human Services may share an immunization record as defined in
1954	Section [53A-11-300.5] 53G-9-301 or any other record relating to a vaccination or
1955	immunization as necessary to ensure compliance with Title 53A, Chapter 11, Part 3,
1956	Immunization of Students, and to prevent, investigate, and control the causes of epidemic,
1957	infectious, communicable, and other diseases affecting the public health.
1958	Section 19. Section 26-7-9 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
1959	26-7-9 (Effective 07/01/18). Online public health education module.
1960	(1) As used in this section:
1961	(a) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1962	78B-3-403.
1963	(b) "Nonimmune" means that a child or an individual:
1964	(i) has not received each vaccine required in Section [$53A-11-303$] $53G-9-305$ and has
1965	not developed a natural immunity through previous illness to a vaccine-preventable disease, as
1966	documented by a health care provider;
1967	(ii) cannot receive each vaccine required in Section [53A-11-303] 53G-9-305; or
1968	(iii) is otherwise known to not be immune to a vaccine-preventable disease.
1969	(c) "Vaccine-preventable disease" means an infectious disease that can be prevented by
1970	a vaccination required in Section [53A-11-303] 53G-9-305.
1971	(2) The department shall develop an online education module regarding
1972	vaccine-preventable diseases:
1973	(a) to assist a parent of a nonimmune child to:
1974	(i) recognize the symptoms of vaccine-preventable diseases;
1975	(ii) respond in the case of an outbreak of a vaccine-preventable disease;
1976	(iii) protect children who contract a vaccine-preventable disease; and
1977	(iv) prevent the spread of vaccine-preventable diseases;
1978	(b) that contains only the following:
1979	(i) information about vaccine-preventable diseases necessary to achieve the goals
1980	stated in Subsection (2)(a), including the best practices to prevent the spread of

1981	vaccine-preventable diseases;
1982	(ii) recommendations to reduce the likelihood of a nonimmune individual contracting
1983	or transmitting a vaccine-preventable disease; and
1984	(iii) information about additional available resources related to vaccine-preventable
1985	diseases and the availability of low-cost vaccines;
1986	(c) that includes interactive questions or activities; and
1987	(d) that is expected to take an average user 20 minutes or less to complete, based on
1988	user testing.
1989	(3) In developing the online education module described in Subsection (2), the
1990	department shall consult with individuals interested in vaccination or vaccine-preventable
1991	diseases, including:
1992	(a) representatives from organizations of health care professionals; and
1993	(b) parents of nonimmune children.
1994	(4) The department shall make the online education module described in Subsection
1995	(2) publicly available to parents through:
1996	(a) a link on the department's website;
1997	(b) county health departments, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102;
1998	(c) local health departments, as that term is defined in Section 26A-1-102;
1999	(d) local education agencies, as that term is defined in Section [$53A-1-401$] $53E-3-401$;
2000	and
2001	(e) other public health programs or organizations.
2002	(5) The department shall report to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee
2003	before November 30, 2018, regarding compliance with this section.
2004	Section 20. Section 26-10-6 is amended to read:
2005	26-10-6. Testing of newborn infants.
2006	(1) Except in the case where parents object on the grounds that they are members of a
2007	specified, well-recognized religious organization whose teachings are contrary to the tests
2008	required by this section, a newborn infant shall be tested for:
2009	(a) phenylketonuria (PKU);
2010	(b) other heritable disorders which may result in an intellectual or physical disability or
2011	dooth and for which:

2011 death and for which:

S.B. 12 12-11-17 5:14 PM 2012 (i) a preventive measure or treatment is available; and 2013 (ii) there exists a reliable laboratory diagnostic test method; 2014 (c) (i) an infant born in a hospital with 100 or more live births annually, hearing loss; 2015 and 2016 (ii) an infant born in a setting other than a hospital with 100 or more live births 2017 annually, hearing loss; and 2018 (d) critical congenital heart defects using pulse oximetry. 2019 (2) In accordance with Section 26-1-6, the department may charge fees for: 2020 (a) materials supplied by the department to conduct tests required under Subsection (1); (b) tests required under Subsection (1) conducted by the department; 2021 2022 (c) laboratory analyses by the department of tests conducted under Subsection (1); and 2023 (d) the administrative cost of follow-up contacts with the parents or guardians of tested 2024 infants. 2025 (3) Tests for hearing loss described in Subsection (1) shall be based on one or more 2026 methods approved by the Newborn Hearing Screening Committee, including: 2027 (a) auditory brainstem response; 2028 (b) automated auditory brainstem response; and 2029 (c) evoked otoacoustic emissions. 2030 (4) Results of tests for hearing loss described in Subsection (1) shall be reported to: 2031 (a) the department; and 2032 (b) when results of tests for hearing loss under Subsection (1) suggest that additional 2033 diagnostic procedures or medical interventions are necessary: 2034 (i) a parent or guardian of the infant; 2035 (ii) an early intervention program administered by the department in accordance with 2036 Part C of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1431 et seq.; and 2037 (iii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, created in Section [53A-25b-103] 2038 53E-8-201. 2039 (5) (a) There is established the Newborn Hearing Screening Committee. 2040 (b) The committee shall advise the department on: 2041 (i) the validity and cost of newborn infant hearing loss testing procedures; and 2042 (ii) rules promulgated by the department to implement this section.

2043	(c) The committee shall be composed of at least 11 members appointed by the
2044	executive director, including:
2045	(i) one representative of the health insurance industry;
2046	(ii) one pediatrician;
2047	(iii) one family practitioner;
2048	(iv) one ear, nose, and throat specialist nominated by the Utah Medical Association;
2049	(v) two audiologists nominated by the Utah Speech-Language-Hearing Association;
2050	(vi) one representative of hospital neonatal nurseries;
2051	(vii) one representative of the Early Intervention Baby Watch Program administered by
2052	the department;
2053	(viii) one public health nurse;
2054	(ix) one consumer; and
2055	(x) the executive director or the executive director's designee.
2056	(d) Of the initial members of the committee, the executive director shall appoint as
2057	nearly as possible half to two-year terms and half to four-year terms. Thereafter, appointments
2058	shall be for four-year terms except:
2059	(i) for those members who have been appointed to complete an unexpired term; and
2060	(ii) as necessary to ensure that as nearly as possible the terms of half the appointments
2061	expire every two years.
2062	(e) A majority of the members constitute a quorum, and a vote of the majority of the
2063	members present constitutes an action of the committee.
2064	(f) The committee shall appoint a chairman from the committee's membership.
2065	(g) The committee shall meet at least quarterly.
2066	(h) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2067	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2068	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
2069	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
2070	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2071	63A-3-107.
2072	(i) The department shall provide staff for the committee.
2073	(6) Before implementing the test required by Subsection (1)(d), the department shall

2074	conduct a pilot program for testing newborns for critical congenital heart defects using pulse
2075	oximetry. The pilot program shall include the development of:
2076	(a) appropriate oxygen saturation levels that would indicate a need for further medical
2077	follow-up; and
2078	(b) the best methods for implementing the pulse oximetry screening in newborn care
2079	units.
2080	Section 21. Section 26-10-9 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2081	26-10-9 (Superseded 07/01/18). Immunizations Consent of minor to treatment.
2082	(1) This section:
2083	(a) is not intended to interfere with the integrity of the family or to minimize the rights
2084	of parents or children; and
2085	(b) applies to a minor, who at the time care is sought is:
2086	(i) married or has been married;
2087	(ii) emancipated as provided for in Section 78A-6-805;
2088	(iii) a parent with custody of a minor child; or
2089	(iv) pregnant.
2090	(2) (a) A minor described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii) may consent to:
2091	(i) immunizations against epidemic infections and communicable diseases as defined
2092	in Section 26-6-2; and
2093	(ii) examinations and immunizations required to attend school as provided in [Title
2094	53A, Chapter 11, Students in Public Schools] Title 53G, Public Education System Local
2095	Administration.
2096	(b) A minor described in Subsections (1)(b)(iii) and (iv) may consent to the
2097	immunizations described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii), and the vaccine for human
2098	papillomavirus only if:
2099	(i) the minor represents to the health care provider that the minor is an abandoned
2100	minor as defined in Section 76-5-109; and
2101	(ii) the health care provider makes a notation in the minor's chart that the minor
2102	represented to the health care provider that the minor is an abandoned minor under Section
2103	76-5-109.
2104	(c) Nothing in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) requires a health care provider to immunize a

2105	minor.
2106	(3) The consent of the minor pursuant to this section:
2107	(a) is not subject to later disaffirmance because of the minority of the person receiving
2108	the medical services;
2109	(b) is not voidable because of minority at the time the medical services were provided;
2110	(c) has the same legal effect upon the minor and the same legal obligations with regard
2111	to the giving of consent as consent given by a person of full age and capacity; and
2112	(d) does not require the consent of any other person or persons to authorize the medical
2113	services described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
2114	(4) A health care provider who provides medical services to a minor in accordance
2115	with the provisions of this section is not subject to civil or criminal liability for providing the
2116	services described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b) without obtaining the consent of another
2117	person prior to rendering the medical services.
2118	(5) This section does not remove the requirement for parental consent or notice when
2119	required by Section 76-7-304 or 76-7-304.5.
2120	(6) The parents, parent, or legal guardian of a minor who receives medical services
2121	pursuant to Subsections (2)(a) and (b) are not liable for the payment for those services unless
2122	the parents, parent, or legal guardian consented to the medical services.
2123	Section 22. Section 26-10-9 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2124	26-10-9 (Effective 07/01/18). Immunizations Consent of minor to treatment.
2125	(1) This section:
2126	(a) is not intended to interfere with the integrity of the family or to minimize the rights
2127	of parents or children; and
2128	(b) applies to a minor, who at the time care is sought is:
2129	(i) married or has been married;
2130	(ii) emancipated as provided for in Section 78A-6-805;
2131	(iii) a parent with custody of a minor child; or
2132	(iv) pregnant.
2133	(2) (a) A minor described in Subsections (1)(b)(i) and (ii) may consent to:
2134	(i) vaccinations against epidemic infections and communicable diseases as defined in

2135 Section 26-6-2; and

2136	(ii) examinations and vaccinations required to attend school as provided in [Title 53A,
2137	Chapter 11, Students in Public Schools] Title 53G, Public Education System Local
2138	Administration.
2139	(b) A minor described in Subsections (1)(b)(iii) and (iv) may consent to the
2140	vaccinations described in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii), and the vaccine for human
2141	papillomavirus only if:
2142	(i) the minor represents to the health care provider that the minor is an abandoned
2143	minor as defined in Section 76-5-109; and
2144	(ii) the health care provider makes a notation in the minor's chart that the minor
2145	represented to the health care provider that the minor is an abandoned minor under Section
2146	76-5-109.
2147	(c) Nothing in Subsection (2)(a) or (b) requires a health care provider to immunize a
2148	minor.
2149	(3) The consent of the minor pursuant to this section:
2150	(a) is not subject to later disaffirmance because of the minority of the person receiving
2151	the medical services;
2152	(b) is not voidable because of minority at the time the medical services were provided;
2153	(c) has the same legal effect upon the minor and the same legal obligations with regard
2154	to the giving of consent as consent given by a person of full age and capacity; and
2155	(d) does not require the consent of any other person or persons to authorize the medical
2156	services described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b).
2157	(4) A health care provider who provides medical services to a minor in accordance
2158	with the provisions of this section is not subject to civil or criminal liability for providing the
2159	services described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b) without obtaining the consent of another
2160	person prior to rendering the medical services.
2161	(5) This section does not remove the requirement for parental consent or notice when
2162	required by Section 76-7-304 or 76-7-304.5.
2163	(6) The parents, parent, or legal guardian of a minor who receives medical services
2164	pursuant to Subsections (2)(a) and (b) are not liable for the payment for those services unless
2165	the parents, parent, or legal guardian consented to the medical services.
2166	Section 23. Section 26-10-10 is amended to read:

2167	26-10-10. Cytomegalovirus (CMV) public education and testing.
2168	(1) As used in this section "CMV" means cytomegalovirus.
2169	(2) The department shall establish and conduct a public education program to inform
2170	pregnant women and women who may become pregnant regarding:
2171	(a) the incidence of CMV;
2172	(b) the transmission of CMV to pregnant women and women who may become
2173	pregnant;
2174	(c) birth defects caused by congenital CMV;
2175	(d) methods of diagnosing congenital CMV; and
2176	(e) available preventative measures.
2177	(3) The department shall provide the information described in Subsection (2) to:
2178	(a) child care programs licensed under Title 26, Chapter 39, Utah Child Care Licensing
2179	Act, and their employees;
2180	(b) a person described in Subsection 26-39-403(1)(c), (f), (g), (h), (j), or (k);
2181	(c) a person serving as a school nurse under Section [53A-11-204] 53G-9-204;
2182	(d) a person offering health education in a school district;
2183	(e) health care providers offering care to pregnant women and infants; and
2184	(f) religious, ecclesiastical, or denominational organizations offering children's
2185	programs as a part of worship services.
2186	(4) If a newborn infant fails the newborn hearing screening test(s) under Subsection
2187	26-10-6(1), a medical practitioner shall:
2188	(a) test the newborn infant for CMV before the newborn is 21 days of age, unless a
2189	parent of the newborn infant objects; and
2190	(b) provide to the parents of the newborn infant information regarding:
2191	(i) birth defects caused by congenital CMV; and
2192	(ii) available methods of treatment.
2193	(5) The department shall provide to the family and the medical practitioner, if known,
2194	information regarding the testing requirements under Subsection (4) when providing results
2195	indicating that an infant has failed the newborn hearing screening test(s) under Subsection
2196	26-10-6(1).
2197	(6) The department may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

2198	Administrative Rulemaking Act, as necessary to administer the provisions of this section.
2199	Section 24. Section 26-10-11 is amended to read:
2200	26-10-11. Children's Hearing Aid Program.
2201	(1) The department shall offer a program to provide hearing aids to children who
2202	qualify under this section.
2203	(2) The department shall provide hearing aids to a child who:
2204	(a) is younger than six years old;
2205	(b) is a resident of Utah;
2206	(c) has been diagnosed with hearing loss by:
2207	(i) an audiologist with pediatric expertise; and
2208	(ii) a physician;
2209	(d) provides documentation from an audiologist with pediatric expertise certifying that
2210	the child needs hearing aids;
2211	(e) has obtained medical clearance by a medical provider for hearing aid fitting;
2212	(f) does not qualify to receive a contribution that equals the full cost of a hearing aid
2213	from the state's Medicaid program or the Utah Children's Health Insurance Program; and
2214	(g) meets the financial need qualification criteria established by the department by rule,
2215	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
2216	participation in the program.
2217	(3) (a) There is established the Children's Hearing Aid Advisory Committee.
2218	(b) The committee shall be composed of five members appointed by the executive
2219	director, and shall include:
2220	(i) one audiologist with pediatric expertise;
2221	(ii) one speech language pathologist;
2222	(iii) one teacher, certified under [Title 53A, State System of Public Education] Title
2223	53E, Public Education System State Administration, as a teacher of the deaf or a listening
2224	and spoken language therapist;
2225	(iv) one ear, nose, and throat specialist; and
2226	(v) one parent whose child:
2227	(A) is six years old or older; and
2228	(B) has hearing loss.

2229	(c) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum.
2230	(d) A vote of the majority of the members, with a quorum present, constitutes an action
2231	of the committee.
2232	(e) The committee shall elect a chair from its members.
2233	(f) The committee shall:
2234	(i) meet at least quarterly;
2235	(ii) recommend to the department medical criteria and procedures for selecting children
2236	who may qualify for assistance from the account; and
2237	(iii) review rules developed by the department.
2238	(g) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
2239	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with Sections 63A-3-106 and
2240	63A-3-107 and rules made by the Division of Finance, pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2241	63A-3-107.
2242	(h) The department shall provide staff to the committee.
2243	(4) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
2244	"Children's Hearing Aid Program Restricted Account."
2245	(b) The Children's Hearing Aid Program Restricted Account shall consist of:
2246	(i) amounts appropriated to the account by the Legislature; and
2247	(ii) gifts, grants, devises, donations, and bequests of real property, personal property, or
2248	services, from any source, or any other conveyance that may be made to the account from
2249	private sources.
2250	(c) Upon appropriation, all actual and necessary operating expenses for the committee
2251	described in Subsection (3) shall be paid by the account.
2252	(d) Upon appropriation, no more than 9% of the account money may be used for the
2253	department's expenses.
2254	(e) If this account is repealed in accordance with Section 63I-1-226, any remaining
2255	assets in the account shall be deposited into the General Fund.
2256	(5) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2257	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish procedures for:
2258	(a) identifying the children who are financially eligible to receive services under the
2259	program; and

2260	(b) reviewing and paying for services provided to a child under the program.
2261	(6) The department shall, before December 1 of each year, submit a report to the
2262	Health and Human Services Interim Committee that describes the operation and
2263	accomplishments of the program.
2264	Section 25. Section 26-39-402 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2265	26-39-402 (Superseded 07/01/18). Residential child care certificate.
2266	(1) (a) A residential child care provider of five to eight qualifying children shall obtain
2267	a Residential Child Care Certificate from the department, unless Section 26-39-403 applies.
2268	(b) The minimum qualifications for a Residential Child Care Certificate are:
2269	(i) the submission of:
2270	(A) an application in the form prescribed by the department;
2271	(B) a certification and criminal background fee established in accordance with Section
2272	26-1-6; and
2273	(C) in accordance with Section 26-39-404, identifying information for each adult
2274	person and each juvenile age 12 through 17 years of age who resides in the provider's home:
2275	(I) for processing by the Department of Public Safety to determine whether any such
2276	person has been convicted of a crime;
2277	(II) to screen for a substantiated finding of child abuse or neglect by a juvenile court;
2278	and
2279	(III) to discover whether the person is listed in the Licensing Information System
2280	described in Section 62A-4a-1006;
2281	(ii) an initial and annual inspection of the provider's home within 90 days of sending an
2282	intent to inspect notice to:
2283	(A) check the immunization record of each qualifying child who receives child care in
2284	the provider's home;
2285	(B) identify serious sanitation, fire, and health hazards to qualifying children; and
2286	(C) make appropriate recommendations; and
2287	(iii) annual training consisting of 10 hours of department-approved training as
2288	specified by the department by administrative rule, including a current department-approved
2289	CPR and first aid course.
2290	(c) If a serious sanitation, fire, or health hazard has been found during an inspection

2291	conducted pursuant to Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the department shall require corrective action for
2292	the serious hazards found and make an unannounced follow up inspection to determine
2293	compliance.
2294	(d) In addition to an inspection conducted pursuant to Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the
2295	department may inspect the home of a residential care provider of five to eight qualifying
2296	children in response to a complaint of:
2297	(i) child abuse or neglect;
2298	(ii) serious health hazards in or around the provider's home; or
2299	(iii) providing residential child care without the appropriate certificate or license.
2300	(2) Notwithstanding this section:
2301	(a) a license under Section 26-39-401 is required of a residential child care provider
2302	who cares for nine or more qualifying children;
2303	(b) a certified residential child care provider may not provide care to more than two
2304	qualifying children under the age of two; and
2305	(c) an inspection may be required of a residential child care provider in connection
2306	with a federal child care program.
2307	(3) With respect to residential child care, the department may only make and enforce
2308	rules necessary to implement this section.
2309	Section 26. Section 26-39-402 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
2310	26-39-402 (Effective 07/01/18). Residential child care certificate.
2311	(1) A residential child care provider of five to eight qualifying children shall obtain a
2312	Residential Child Care Certificate from the department, unless Section 26-39-403 applies.
2313	(2) The minimum qualifications for a Residential Child Care Certificate are:
2314	(a) the submission of:
2315	(i) an application in the form prescribed by the department;
2316	(ii) a certification and criminal background fee established in accordance with Section
2317	26-1-6; and
2318	(iii) in accordance with Section 26-39-404, identifying information for each adult
2319	person and each juvenile age 12 through 17 years of age who resides in the provider's home:
2320	(A) for processing by the Department of Public Safety to determine whether any such
2321	person has been convicted of a crime;

2322	(B) to screen for a substantiated finding of child abuse or neglect by a juvenile court;
2323	and
2324	(C) to discover whether the person is listed in the Licensing Information System
2325	described in Section 62A-4a-1006;
2326	(b) an initial and annual inspection of the provider's home within 90 days of sending an
2327	intent to inspect notice to:
2328	(i) check the immunization record, as defined in Section [53A-11-300.5] 53G-9-301, of
2329	each qualifying child who receives child care in the provider's home;
2330	(ii) identify serious sanitation, fire, and health hazards to qualifying children; and
2331	(iii) make appropriate recommendations; and
2332	(c) annual training consisting of 10 hours of department-approved training as specified
2333	by the department by administrative rule, including a current department-approved CPR and
2334	first aid course.
2335	(3) If a serious sanitation, fire, or health hazard has been found during an inspection
2336	conducted pursuant to Subsection (2)(b), the department shall require corrective action for the
2337	serious hazards found and make an unannounced follow up inspection to determine
2338	compliance.
2339	(4) In addition to an inspection conducted pursuant to Subsection (2)(b), the
2340	department may inspect the home of a residential care provider of five to eight qualifying
2341	children in response to a complaint of:
2342	(a) child abuse or neglect;
2343	(b) serious health hazards in or around the provider's home; or
2344	(c) providing residential child care without the appropriate certificate or license.
2345	(5) Notwithstanding this section:
2346	(a) a license under Section 26-39-401 is required of a residential child care provider
2347	who cares for nine or more qualifying children;
2348	(b) a certified residential child care provider may not provide care to more than two
2349	qualifying children under the age of two; and
2350	(c) an inspection may be required of a residential child care provider in connection
2351	with a federal child care program.
2352	(6) With respect to residential child care, the department may only make and enforce

2353	rules necessary to implement this section.
2354	Section 27. Section 26-41-106 is amended to read:
2355	26-41-106. Immunity from liability.
2356	(1) The following, if acting in good faith, are not liable in any civil or criminal action
2357	for any act taken or not taken under the authority of this chapter with respect to an anaphylactic
2358	reaction:
2359	(a) a qualified adult;
2360	(b) a physician, pharmacist, or any other person or entity authorized to prescribe or
2361	dispense prescription drugs;
2362	(c) a person who conducts training described in Section 26-41-104; and
2363	(d) a qualified entity.
2364	(2) Section [$53A-11-601$] $53G-9-502$ does not apply to the administration of an
2365	epinephrine auto-injector in accordance with this chapter.
2366	(3) This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any other immunity from liability
2367	or defense against liability that may be available under state law.
2368	Section 28. Section 30-1-9 is amended to read:
2369	30-1-9. Marriage by minors Consent of parent or guardian Juvenile court
2370	authorization.
2371	(1) For purposes of this section, "minor" means a male or female under 18 years of age.
2372	(2) (a) If at the time of applying for a license the applicant is a minor, and not before
2373	married, a license may not be issued without the signed consent of the minor's father, mother,
2374	or guardian given in person to the clerk; however:
2375	(i) if the parents of the minor are divorced, consent shall be given by the parent having
2376	legal custody of the minor as evidenced by an oath of affirmation to the clerk;
2377	(ii) if the parents of the minor are divorced and have been awarded joint custody of the
2378	minor, consent shall be given by the parent having physical custody of the minor the majority
2379	of the time as evidenced by an oath of affirmation to the clerk; or
2380	(iii) if the minor is not in the custody of a parent, the legal guardian shall provide the
2381	consent and provide proof of guardianship by court order as well as an oath of affirmation.
2381 2382	consent and provide proof of guardianship by court order as well as an oath of affirmation.(b) If the male or female is 15 years of age, the minor and the parent or guardian of the

2384	(i) a judge of the court exercising juvenile jurisdiction in the county where either party
2385	to the marriage resides; or
2386	(ii) a court commissioner as permitted by rule of the Judicial Council.
2387	(3) (a) Before issuing written authorization for a minor to marry, the judge or court
2388	commissioner shall determine:
2389	(i) that the minor is entering into the marriage voluntarily; and
2390	(ii) the marriage is in the best interests of the minor under the circumstances.
2391	(b) The judge or court commissioner shall require that both parties to the marriage
2392	complete premarital counseling. This requirement may be waived if premarital counseling is
2393	not reasonably available.
2394	(c) The judge or court commissioner may require:
2395	(i) that the person continue to attend school, unless excused under Section
2396	[53A-11-102] <u>53G-6-204;</u> and
2397	(ii) any other conditions that the court deems reasonable under the circumstances.
2398	(4) The determination required in Subsection (3) shall be made on the record. Any
2399	inquiry conducted by the judge or commissioner may be conducted in chambers.
2400	Section 29. Section 32B-2-304 is amended to read:
2401	32B-2-304. Liquor price School lunch program Remittance of markup.
2402	(1) For purposes of this section:
2403	(a) (i) "Landed case cost" means:
2404	(A) the cost of the product; and
2405	(B) inbound shipping costs incurred by the department.
2406	(ii) "Landed case cost" does not include the outbound shipping cost from a warehouse
2407	of the department to a state store.
2408	(b) "Proof gallon" means the same as that term is defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5002.
2409	(c) Notwithstanding Section 32B-1-102, "small brewer" means a brewer who
2410	manufactures in a calendar year less than 40,000 barrels of beer, heavy beer, and flavored malt
2411	beverage.
2412	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3):
2413	(a) spirituous liquor sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an
2414	amount not less than 88% above the landed case cost to the department;

2415	(b) wine sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount not
2416	less than 88% above the landed case cost to the department;
2417	(c) heavy beer sold by the department within the state shall be marked up in an amount
2418	not less than 66.5% above the landed case cost to the department; and
2419	(d) a flavored malt beverage sold by the department within the state shall be marked up
2420	in an amount not less than 88% above the landed case cost to the department.
2421	(3) (a) Liquor sold by the department to a military installation in Utah shall be marked
2422	up in an amount not less than 17% above the landed case cost to the department.
2423	(b) Except for spirituous liquor sold by the department to a military installation in
2424	Utah, spirituous liquor that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49%
2425	above the landed case cost to the department if:
2426	(i) the spirituous liquor is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less than 30,000
2427	proof gallons of spirituous liquor in a calendar year; and
2428	(ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup.
2429	(c) Except for wine sold by the department to a military installation in Utah, wine that
2430	is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 49% above the landed case cost to
2431	the department if:
2432	(i) the wine is manufactured by a manufacturer producing less than 20,000 gallons of
2433	wine in a calendar year; and
2434	(ii) the manufacturer applies to the department for a reduced markup.
2435	(d) Except for heavy beer sold by the department to a military installation in Utah,
2436	heavy beer that is sold by the department within the state shall be marked up 32% above the
2437	landed case cost to the department if:
2438	(i) a small brewer manufactures the heavy beer; and
2439	(ii) the small brewer applies to the department for a reduced markup.
2440	(e) The department shall verify an amount described in Subsection (3)(b), (c), or (d)
2441	pursuant to a federal or other verifiable production report.
2442	(4) The department shall deposit 10% of the total gross revenue from sales of liquor
2443	with the state treasurer to be credited to the Uniform School Fund and used to support the
2444	school lunch program administered by the State Board of Education under Section
2445	[53A-19-201] <u>53E-3-510</u> .

2446	(5) This section does not prohibit the department from selling discontinued items at a
2447	discount.
2448	(6) (a) Except as provided in Section $[\frac{53A-13-114}{53F-9-304}]$, the department shall
2449	collect the markup and remit the markup collected by the department under this section:
2450	(i) to the State Tax Commission monthly on or before the last day of the month
2451	immediately following the last day of the previous month; and
2452	(ii) using a form prescribed by the State Tax Commission.
2453	(b) For liquor provided to a package agency on consignment, the department shall
2454	remit the markup to the State Tax Commission for the month during which the liquor is
2455	provided to the package agency regardless of when the package agency pays the department for
2456	the liquor provided to the package agency.
2457	(c) The State Tax Commission shall deposit revenues remitted to it under Subsection
2458	(6)(a) into the Markup Holding Fund created in Section 32B-2-301.
2459	(d) The assessment, collection, and refund of a markup under this section shall be in
2460	accordance with Title 59, Chapter 1, Part 14, Assessment, Collections, and Refunds Act.
2461	(e) The department, if it fails to comply with this Subsection (6), is subject to penalties
2462	as provided in Section 59-1-401 and interest as provided in Section 59-1-402.
2463	(f) The State Tax Commission may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2464	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish procedures under this Subsection (6).
2465	Section 30. Section 34A-2-104.5 is amended to read:
2466	34A-2-104.5. Nongovernment entity volunteers.
2467	(1) As used in this section:
2468	(a) (i) "Intern" means a student or trainee who works without pay at a trade or
2469	occupation in order to gain work experience.
2470	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(i), "intern" does not include an intern described
2471	in Section [53A-29-103] <u>53G-7-903</u> or 53B-16-403.
2472	(b) "Nongovernment entity" means an entity or individual that:
2473	(i) is an employer as provided in Section 34A-2-103; and
2474	(ii) is not a government entity.
2475	(c) "Utah minimum wage" means the highest wage designated as Utah's minimum
2476	wage under Title 34, Chapter 40, Utah Minimum Wage Act.

(d) (i) "Volunteer" means an individual who donates service without pay or other
compensation except expenses actually and reasonably incurred as approved by the supervising
nongovernment entity.

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(ii) "Volunteer" includes an intern of a nongovernment entity.

(iii) "Volunteer" does not include an individual participating in human subjects
research to the extent that the participation is governed by federal law or regulation inconsistent
with this chapter.

(2) A volunteer for a nongovernment entity is not an employee of the nongovernment
entity for purposes of this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act, unless the
nongovernment entity elects in accordance with this section to provide coverage under this
chapter and Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.

(3) (a) A nongovernment entity may elect to secure coverage for all of the
nongovernment entity's volunteers by obtaining coverage for the volunteers in accordance with
Section 34A-2-201 under the same policy it uses to cover the nongovernment entity's
employees.

(b) If a nongovernment entity obtains coverage under Section 34A-2-201 for the
nongovernment entity's volunteers, for purposes of receiving benefits under this chapter and
Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act:

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(i) a volunteer is considered an employee of the nongovernment entity; and

(ii) these benefits are the exclusive remedy of the volunteer in accordance with Section
34A-2-105 for an industrial injury or disease covered by this chapter and Chapter 3, Utah
Occupational Disease Act.

(4) A nongovernment entity shall keep sufficient records of the nongovernment entity'svolunteers and the volunteers' duties to determine compliance with this section.

(5) To compute the disability compensation benefits under Subsection (3), the
disability compensation shall be calculated in accordance with Part 4, Compensation and
Benefits, with the average weekly wage of the nongovernment volunteer assumed to be the
Utah minimum wage at the time of the industrial accident or occupational disease that is the
basis for the volunteer's workers' compensation claim.

(6) A workers' compensation insurer shall calculate the premium for a nongovernmententity's volunteer on the basis of the Utah minimum wage on the actual hours the volunteer

2508	provides service to the nongovernment entity, except that a workers' compensation insurer may
2509	assume 30 hours worked per week if the nongovernment entity does not provide a record of
2510	actual hours worked. The imputed wages shall be assigned to the class code on the policy that
2511	best describes the volunteer's duties.
2512	(7) The failure or refusal of a nongovernment entity to make an election under this
2513	section in regard to volunteers does not alter, have an effect on, or give rise to any implication
2514	or presumption regarding:
2515	(a) the nongovernment entity's duties or liabilities with respect to volunteers; or
2516	(b) the rights of volunteers.
2517	(8) Subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), nothing in this section affects a volunteer's right to
2518	seek remedies available to the volunteer through a personal insurance policy that the volunteer
2519	obtains for the volunteer in addition to any workers' compensation benefits obtained under this
2520	section.
2521	(9) A nongovernment entity shall notify a volunteer of an election under Subsection
2522	(3)(a) by posting:
2523	(a) printed notices where volunteers are likely to see the notices in conspicuous places
2524	about the nongovernment entity's place of business; and
2525	(b) notices on a website that the nongovernment entity uses to recruit or provide
2526	information to volunteers.
2527	Section 31. Section 35A-1-102 is amended to read:
2528	35A-1-102. Definitions.
2529	Unless otherwise specified, as used in this title:
2530	(1) "Client" means an individual who the department has determined to be eligible for
2531	services or benefits under:
2532	(a) Chapter 3, Employment Support Act; and
2533	(b) Chapter 5, Training and Workforce Improvement Act.
2534	(2) "Department" means the Department of Workforce Services created in Section
2535	35A-1-103.
2536	(3) "Economic service area" means an economic service area established in accordance
2537	with Chapter 2, Economic Service Areas.
2538	(4) "Employment assistance" means services or benefits provided by the department

under:		
(a) Chapter 3, Employment Support Act; and		
(b) Chapter 5, Training and Workforce Improvement Act.		
(5) "Employment center" is a location in an economic service area where the services		
provided by an economic service area under Section 35A-2-201 may be accessed by a client.		
(6) "Employment counselor" means an individual responsible for developing an		
employment plan and coordinating the services and benefits under this title in accordance with		
Chapter 2, Economic Service Areas.		
(7) "Employment plan" means a written agreement between the department and a client		
that describes:		
(a) the relationship between the department and the client;		
(b) the obligations of the department and the client; and		
(c) the result if an obligation is not fulfilled by the department or the client.		
(8) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department appointed		
under Section 35A-1-201.		
(9) "Government entity" means the state or any county, municipality, local district,		
special service district, or other political subdivision or administrative unit of the state, a state		
institution of higher education as defined in Section 53B-2-101, or a local education agency as		
defined in Section [53A-30-102] 53G-7-401.		
(10) "Public assistance" means:		
(a) services or benefits provided under Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;		
(b) medical assistance provided under Title 26, Chapter 18, Medical Assistance Act;		
(c) foster care maintenance payments provided from the General Fund or under Title		
IV-E of the Social Security Act;		
(d) SNAP benefits; and		
(e) any other public funds expended for the benefit of a person in need of financial,		
medical, food, housing, or related assistance.		
(11) "SNAP" means the federal "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program" under		
Title 7, U.S.C. Chapter 51, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program, formerly known as the		
federal Food Stamp Program.		

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2569 (12) "SNAP benefit" or "SNAP benefits" means a financial benefit, coupon, or

2570	privilege available under SNAP.
2571	(13) "Stabilization" means addressing the basic living, family care, and social or
2572	psychological needs of the client so that the client may take advantage of training or
2573	employment opportunities provided under this title or through other agencies or institutions.
2574	Section 32. Section 35A-3-304 is amended to read:
2575	35A-3-304. Assessment Participation requirements and limitations
2576	Employment plan Mentors.
2577	(1) (a) Within 30 business days of the date of enrollment, the department shall provide
2578	that a parent recipient:
2579	(i) is assigned an employment counselor; and
2580	(ii) completes an assessment provided by the department regarding the parent
2581	recipient's:
2582	(A) prior work experience;
2583	(B) ability to become employable; and
2584	(C) skills.
2585	(b) The assessment provided under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall include a survey to be
2586	completed by the parent recipient with the assistance of the department.
2587	(2) (a) Within 15 business days of a parent recipient completing an assessment:
2588	(i) the department and the parent recipient shall enter into an employment plan; and
2589	(ii) the parent recipient shall complete a written questionnaire, provided by the
2590	department, designed to accurately determine the likelihood of the parent recipient having a
2591	substance use disorder involving the misuse of a controlled substance.
2592	(b) The employment plan shall have a target date for entry into employment.
2593	(c) The department shall provide a copy of the employment plan to the parent recipient.
2594	(d) For the parent recipient, the employment plan may include:
2595	(i) job searching requirements;
2596	(ii) if the parent recipient does not have a high school diploma, participation in an
2597	educational program to obtain a high school diploma, or its equivalent;
2598	(iii) education or training necessary to obtain employment;
2599	(iv) a combination of work and education or training; and
2600	(v) assisting the Office of Recovery Services in good faith to:

2601	(A) establish the paternity of a minor child; and
2602	(B) establish or enforce a child support order.
2603	(e) If the parent recipient tests positive for the unlawful use of a controlled substance
2604	after taking a drug test under Section 35A-3-304.5, the employment plan shall include an
2605	agreement by the parent recipient to:
2606	(i) participate in treatment for a substance use disorder; and
2607	(ii) meet the other requirements of Section 35A-3-304.5.
2608	(f) The department's responsibilities under the employment plan may include:
2609	(i) providing cash and other types of public and employment assistance, including child
2610	care;
2611	(ii) assisting the parent recipient to obtain education or training necessary for
2612	employment;
2613	(iii) assisting the parent recipient to set up and follow a household budget; and
2614	(iv) assisting the parent recipient to obtain employment.
2615	(g) The department may amend the employment plan to reflect new information or
2616	changed circumstances.
2617	(h) If immediate employment is an activity in the employment plan, the parent recipient
2618	shall:
2619	(i) promptly commence a search for employment for a specified number of hours each
2620	week; and
2621	(ii) regularly submit a report to the department on:
2622	(A) how time was spent in search for a job;
2623	(B) the number of job applications completed;
2624	(C) the interviews attended;
2625	(D) the offers of employment extended; and
2626	(E) other related information required by the department.
2627	(i) (i) If full-time education or training to secure employment is an activity in an
2628	employment plan, the parent recipient shall promptly undertake a full-time education or
2629	training program.
2630	(ii) The employment plan may describe courses, education or training goals, and
2631	classroom hours.

2632	(j) (i) The department may only provide cash assistance under this part if the parent
2633	recipient agrees in writing to make a good faith effort to comply with the parent recipient's
2634	employment plan.
2635	(ii) The department shall establish a process to reconcile disputes between a parent
2636	recipient and the department as to whether:
2637	(A) the parent recipient has made a good faith effort to comply with the employment
2638	plan; or
2639	(B) the department has complied with the employment plan.
2640	(iii) If a parent recipient consistently fails to show good faith in complying with the
2641	employment plan, the department may seek to terminate all or part of the cash assistance
2642	services provided under this part.
2643	(3) The department may only provide cash assistance on behalf of a minor child under
2644	this part if the minor child is:
2645	(a) enrolled in and attending school in compliance with Sections [53A-11-101.5]
2646	<u>53G-6-202</u> and [53A-11-101.7] <u>53G-6-203;</u> or
2647	(b) exempt from school attendance under Section [$\frac{53A-11-102}{53G-6-204}$.
2648	(4) This section does not apply to a person who has received diversion assistance under
2649	Section 35A-3-303.
2650	(5) (a) The department may recruit and train volunteers to serve as mentors for parent
2651	recipients.
2652	(b) A mentor may advocate on behalf of a parent recipient and help a parent recipient:
2653	(i) develop life skills;
2654	(ii) implement an employment plan; or
2655	(iii) obtain services and support from:
2656	(A) the volunteer mentor;
2657	(B) the department; or
2658	(C) civic organizations.
2659	Section 33. Section 35A-9-401 is amended to read:
2660	35A-9-401. Eligibility determination Awarding of scholarship.
2661	(1) As used in this section:
2662	(a) "Eligible child" means an individual who:

2663	(i) is experiencing intergenerational poverty;
2664	(ii) will be four years of age on or before September 2 of the school year in which the
2665	individual intends to enroll in a school readiness program; and
2666	(iii) has not enrolled in kindergarten, as reported by the individual's parent or legal
2667	guardian.
2668	(b) "Intergenerational poverty" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2669	35A-9-102.
2670	(c) "Intergenerational poverty scholarship" or "IGP scholarship" means the same as that
2671	term is defined in Section [$\frac{53A-1b-202}{53F-5-301}$.
2672	(2) The department shall determine if an applicant for an IGP scholarship is eligible for
2673	the Intergenerational Poverty School Readiness Scholarship Program, created in Section
2674	[53A-1b-206] <u>53F-5-305</u> .
2675	(3) An individual may apply to the department annually to qualify for a scholarship for
2676	an eligible child to attend a high quality school readiness program.
2677	(4) (a) The department shall create an application form that requires an applicant to
2678	provide the information necessary for the department to make the eligibility determination
2679	described in Subsection (5).
2680	(b) The department may:
2681	(i) require an applicant to submit supporting documentation; and
2682	(ii) create a deadline for an applicant to apply for an IGP scholarship.
2683	(5) The department shall determine if:
2684	(a) the information contained in an application submitted under Subsection (3) is
2685	accurate and complete; and
2686	(b) the child for whom the applicant is applying for an IGP scholarship is an eligible
2687	child.
2688	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), and subject to legislative
2689	appropriations, the department shall:
2690	(i) award an IGP scholarship for an individual who is determined to be an eligible child
2691	under Subsection (5); and
2692	(ii) with input from the State Board of Education, determine the value of an IGP
2693	scholarship.

2694	(b) If the department receives an appropriation for IGP scholarships that is not
2695	sufficient to award a scholarship to each eligible child, the department shall prioritize awarding
2696	IGP scholarships to eligible children who are at the highest risk as determined by the
2697	department.
2698	(7) The department shall coordinate with the State Board of Education, as necessary, to
2699	enroll a recipient of an IGP scholarship in a high quality school readiness program of the
2700	recipient's parent's choice, space permitting, as described in Section [53A-1b-206] 53F-5-305.
2701	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2702	department shall make rules to administer this section.
2703	Section 34. Section 35A-13-403 is amended to read:
2704	35A-13-403. Services provided by the division.
2705	The division may:
2706	(1) provide:
2707	(a) a business enterprise program;
2708	(b) workshops, employment, and training; and
2709	(c) vocational rehabilitation, training and adjustment, sight conservation, prevention of
2710	blindness, low vision lenses, and recreational services;
2711	(2) assist public education officials in the discharge of their duties towards children
2712	who are blind or have visual impairments, and perform services related to vision screening
2713	under Section [53A-11-203] <u>53G-9-404</u> ;
2714	(3) maintain a register of individuals who are blind or have visual impairments,
2715	including such facts as the office considers necessary for proper planning, administration, and
2716	operations, but protecting against unwarranted invasions of privacy;
2717	(4) establish and operate community service centers, rehabilitation facilities, and
2718	workshops; and
2719	(5) perform other duties assigned by the director or the executive director.
2720	Section 35. Section 36-22-2 is amended to read:
2721	36-22-2. Duties.
2722	(1) The committee shall:
2723	(a) serve as a liaison between Utah Native American tribes and the Legislature;
2724	(b) recommend legislation for each annual general session of the Legislature if the

2725	committee determines that modifications to current law are in the best interest of the state of
2726	Utah and of the Utah Native American tribes;
2727	(c) review the operations of the Division of Indian Affairs and other state agencies
2728	working with Utah Native American tribes;
2729	(d) help sponsor meetings and other opportunities for discussion with and between
2730	Native Americans; and
2731	(e) hold a meeting at which public education is discussed as required by Section
2732	[53A-31-405] <u>53F-5-604</u> .
2733	(2) In conducting its business, the committee shall comply with the rules of legislative
2734	interim committees.
2735	Section 36. Section 41-1a-422 is amended to read:
2736	41-1a-422. Support special group license plates Contributor Voluntary
2737	contribution collection procedures.
2738	(1) As used in this section:
2739	(a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), "contributor" means a person who
2740	has donated or in whose name at least \$25 has been donated to:
2741	(A) a scholastic scholarship fund of a single named institution;
2742	(B) the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs for veterans' programs;
2743	(C) the Division of Wildlife Resources for the Wildlife Resources Account created in
2744	Section 23-14-13, for conservation of wildlife and the enhancement, preservation, protection,
2745	access, and management of wildlife habitat;
2746	(D) the Department of Agriculture and Food for the benefit of conservation districts;
2747	(E) the Division of Parks and Recreation for the benefit of snowmobile programs;
2748	(F) the Guardian Ad Litem Services Account and the Children's Museum of Utah, with
2749	the donation evenly divided between the two;
2750	(G) the Boy Scouts of America for the benefit of a Utah Boy Scouts of America
2751	council as specified by the contributor;
2752	(H) No More Homeless Pets in Utah for distribution to organizations or individuals
2753	that provide spay and neuter programs that subsidize the sterilization of domestic animals;
2754	(I) the Utah Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs, Inc. to provide and enhance youth
2755	development programs;

2756 (J) the Utah Association of Public School Foundations to support public education; 2757 (K) the Utah Housing Opportunity Restricted Account created in Section 61-2-204 to 2758 assist people who have severe housing needs: (L) the Public Safety Honoring Heroes Restricted Account created in Section 53-1-118 2759 2760 to support the families of fallen Utah Highway Patrol troopers and other Department of Public 2761 Safety employees; 2762 (M) the Division of Parks and Recreation for distribution to organizations that provide 2763 support for Zion National Park: 2764 (N) the Firefighter Support Restricted Account created in Section 53-7-109 to support 2765 firefighter organizations; 2766 (O) the Share the Road Bicycle Support Restricted Account created in Section 2767 72-2-127 to support bicycle operation and safety awareness programs; 2768 (P) the Cancer Research Restricted Account created in Section 26-21a-302 to support 2769 cancer research programs; 2770 (O) Autism Awareness Restricted Account created in Section [53A-1-304] 53F-9-401 2771 to support autism awareness programs; (R) Humanitarian Service and Educational and Cultural Exchange Restricted Account 2772 created in Section 9-17-102 to support humanitarian service and educational and cultural 2773 2774 programs; 2775 (S) Prostate Cancer Support Restricted Account created in Section 26-21a-303 for 2776 programs that conduct or support prostate cancer awareness, screening, detection, or prevention 2777 until September 30, 2017, and beginning on October 1, 2017, upon renewal of a prostate cancer 2778 support special group license plate, to the Cancer Research Restricted Account created in 2779 Section 26-21a-302 to support cancer research programs; 2780 (T) the Choose Life Adoption Support Restricted Account created in Section 2781 62A-4a-608 to support programs that promote adoption; 2782 (U) the Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil Rights Support Restricted Account created in 2783 Section 9-18-102: 2784 (V) the National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of Women and Children 2785 Issues Restricted Account created in Section 62A-1-202; 2786 (W) the Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support Restricted Account created in

Section 53-1-120;
(X) the Children with Cancer Support Restricted Account created in Section
26-21a-304 for programs that provide assistance to children with cancer;
(Y) the National Professional Men's Soccer Team Support of Building Communities
Restricted Account created in Section 9-19-102;
(Z) the Children with Heart Disease Support Restricted Account created in Section
26-58-102;
(AA) the Utah Intracurricular Student Organization Support for Agricultural Education
and Leadership Restricted Account created in Section 4-42-102; or
(BB) the Division of Wildlife Resources for the Support for State-Owned Shooting
Ranges Restricted Account created in Section 23-14-13.5, for the creation of new, and
operation and maintenance of existing, state-owned firearm shooting ranges.
(ii) (A) For a veterans' special group license plate, "contributor" means a person who
has donated or in whose name at least a \$25 donation at the time of application and \$10 annual
donation thereafter has been made.
(B) For a Utah Housing Opportunity special group license plate, "contributor" means a
person who:
(I) has donated or in whose name at least \$30 has been donated at the time of
application and annually after the time of application; and
(II) is a member of a trade organization for real estate licensees that has more than
15,000 Utah members.
(C) For an Honoring Heroes special group license plate, "contributor" means a person
who has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated at the time of application and
annually thereafter.
(D) For a firefighter support special group license plate, "contributor" means a person
who:
(I) has donated or in whose name at least \$15 has been donated at the time of
application and annually after the time of application; and
(II) is a currently employed, volunteer, or retired firefighter.
(E) For a cancer research special group license plate, "contributor" means a person who
has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated at the time of application and

2818	annually after the time of application.
2819	(F) For a Martin Luther King, Jr. Civil Rights Support special group license plate,
2820	"contributor" means a person who has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated
2821	at the time of application and annually thereafter.
2822	(G) For a Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support special group license plate,
2823	"contributor" means a person who has donated or in whose name at least \$35 has been donated
2824	at the time of application and annually thereafter.
2825	(b) "Institution" means a state institution of higher education as defined under Section
2826	53B-3-102 or a private institution of higher education in the state accredited by a regional or
2827	national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education.
2828	(2) (a) An applicant for original or renewal collegiate special group license plates under
2829	Subsection (1)(a)(i) must be a contributor to the institution named in the application and
2830	present the original contribution verification form under Subsection (2)(b) or make a
2831	contribution to the division at the time of application under Subsection (3).
2832	(b) An institution with a support special group license plate shall issue to a contributor
2833	a verification form designed by the commission containing:
2834	(i) the name of the contributor;
2835	(ii) the institution to which a donation was made;
2836	(iii) the date of the donation; and
2837	(iv) an attestation that the donation was for a scholastic scholarship.
2838	(c) The state auditor may audit each institution to verify that the money collected by the
2839	institutions from contributors is used for scholastic scholarships.
2840	(d) After an applicant has been issued collegiate license plates or renewal decals, the
2841	commission shall charge the institution whose plate was issued, a fee determined in accordance
2842	with Section 63J-1-504 for management and administrative expenses incurred in issuing and
2843	renewing the collegiate license plates.
2844	(e) If the contribution is made at the time of application, the contribution shall be
2845	collected, treated, and deposited as provided under Subsection (3).
2846	(3) (a) An applicant for original or renewal support special group license plates under
2847	this section must be a contributor to the sponsoring organization associated with the license
2848	plate.

2849	(b) This contribution shall be:
2850	(i) unless collected by the named institution under Subsection (2), collected by the
2851	division;
2852	(ii) considered a voluntary contribution for the funding of the activities specified under
2853	this section and not a motor vehicle registration fee;
2854	(iii) deposited into the appropriate account less actual administrative costs associated
2855	with issuing the license plates; and
2856	(iv) for a firefighter special group license plate, deposited into the appropriate account
2857	less:
2858	(A) the costs of reordering firefighter special group license plate decals; and
2859	(B) the costs of replacing recognition special group license plates with new license
2860	plates under Subsection 41-1a-1211(13).
2861	(c) The donation described in Subsection (1)(a) must be made in the 12 months prior to
2862	registration or renewal of registration.
2863	(d) The donation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be a one-time donation made to
2864	the division when issuing original:
2865	(i) snowmobile license plates; or
2866	(ii) conservation license plates.
2867	(4) Veterans' license plates shall display one of the symbols representing the Army,
2868	Navy, Air Force, Marines, Coast Guard, or American Legion.
2869	Section 37. Section 41-6a-303 is amended to read:
2870	41-6a-303. Definition of reduced speed school zone Operation of warning lights
2871	School crossing guard requirements Responsibility provisions Rulemaking
2872	authority.
2873	(1) As used in this section "reduced speed school zone" means a designated length of a
2874	highway extending from a school zone speed limit sign with warning lights operating to an end
2875	school zone sign.
2876	(2) The Department of Transportation for state highways and local highway authorities
2877	for highways under their jurisdiction:
2878	(a) shall establish reduced speed school zones at elementary schools after written
2879	assurance by a local highway authority that the local highway authority complies with

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2880 Subsections (3) and (4); and 2881 (b) may establish reduced speed school zones for secondary schools at the request of 2882 the local highway authority. 2883 (3) For all reduced speed school zones on highways, including state highways within 2884 the jurisdictional boundaries of a local highway authority, the local highway authority shall: 2885 (a) (i) provide shuttle service across highways for school children; or 2886 (ii) provide, train, and supervise school crossing guards in accordance with this 2887 section: 2888 (b) provide for the: 2889 (i) operation of reduced speed school zones, including providing power to warning 2890 lights and turning on and off the warning lights as required under Subsections (4) and (5); and 2891 (ii) maintenance of reduced speed school zones except on state highways as provided 2892 in Section 41-6a-302: and 2893 (c) notify the Department of Transportation of reduced speed school zones on state 2894 highways that are in need of maintenance. 2895 (4) While children are going to or leaving school during opening and closing hours all 2896 reduced speed school zones shall have: 2897 (a) the warning lights operating on each school zone speed limit sign; and 2898 (b) a school crossing guard present if the reduced speed school zone is for an 2899 elementary school. 2900 (5) The warning lights on a school zone speed limit sign may not be operating except 2901 as provided under Subsection (4). 2902 (6) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 2903 the Department of Transportation shall make rules establishing criteria and specifications for 2904 the: 2905 (i) establishment, location, and operation of school crosswalks, school zones, and 2906 reduced speed school zones; 2907 (ii) training, use, and supervision of school crossing guards at elementary schools and 2908 secondary schools; and 2909 (iii) content and implementation of child access routing plans under Section 2910 [53A-3-402] 53G-4-402.

2911	(b) If a school crosswalk is established at a signalized intersection in accordance with
2912	the requirements of this section, a local highway authority may reduce the speed limit at the
2913	signalized intersection to 20 miles per hour for a highway under its jurisdiction.
2914	(7) Each local highway authority shall pay for providing, training, and supervising
2915	school crossing guards in accordance with this section.
2916	Section 38. Section 41-6a-1307 is amended to read:
2917	41-6a-1307. School bus parking zones Establishment Uniform markings
2918	Penalty.
2919	(1) As used in this section, "school bus parking zone" means a parking space that is
2920	clearly identified as reserved for use by a school bus.
2921	(2) A highway authority for highways under its jurisdiction and school boards for
2922	roadways located on school property may establish and locate school bus parking zones in
2923	accordance with specifications established under Subsection (3).
2924	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2925	Department of Transportation, after consultation with local highway authorities and school
2926	boards which may include input from school traffic safety committees established under
2927	Section [53A-3-402] 53G-4-402, shall make rules establishing specifications for uniform
2928	signage or markings to clearly identify school bus parking zones.
2929	(4) A person may not stop, stand, or park a vehicle other than a school bus, whether
2930	occupied or not, in a clearly identified school bus parking zone.
2931	(5) (a) A violation of Subsection (4) is an infraction.
2932	(b) A person who violates Subsection (4) shall pay a minimum fine of \$75.
2933	Section 39. Section 41-6a-1309 is amended to read:
2934	41-6a-1309. Advertising on a school bus.
2935	(1) A local school board or charter school governing board may sell advertising space
2936	on the exterior of a school bus in accordance with this section.
2937	(2) (a) A local school board or charter school governing board that sells advertising
2938	space on the exterior of a school bus shall adopt guidelines for the type of advertising that will
2939	be permitted.
2940	(b) Advertising on a school bus:
2941	(i) shall be age appropriate;

2942	(ii) shall be consistent with the instructional requirements of Section [53A-13-101]
2943	<u>53G-10-402;</u>
2944	(iii) may not contain:
2945	(A) promotion of any substance or activity that is illegal for minors, such as alcohol,
2946	tobacco, drugs, or gambling;
2947	(B) promotion of any political party, candidate, or issue; or
2948	(C) sexual material; and
2949	(iv) may not resemble a traffic-control device as defined in Section 41-6a-102.
2950	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation shall make and enforce rules pursuant to
2951	Section 41-6a-1304 governing the placement and size of an advertisement on a school bus.
2952	(b) Rules made under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
2953	(i) prohibit the placement of an advertisement on the back or the front of a school bus;
2954	and
2955	(ii) limit the size of an advertisement to no more than 35% of the area of the side of a
2956	school bus.
2957	(4) (a) A school bus advertisement shall be painted or affixed by decal on a school bus
2958	in a manner that complies with rules adopted under Subsection (3).
2959	(b) A commercial advertiser that contracts with a school district for the use of space for
2960	an advertisement shall pay:
2961	(i) the cost of placing the advertisement on a school bus; and
2962	(ii) for the removal of the advertisement after the term of the contract has expired.
2963	(5) A school district or charter school shall use revenue from the sale of advertising
2964	space on a school bus for expenditures made within accounting function classification 2700,
2965	School Transportation Services, of the Financial Accounting for Local and State School
2966	Systems guidelines developed by the National Center for Education Statistics.
2967	Section 40. Section 49-12-102 is amended to read:
2968	49-12-102. Definitions.
2969	As used in this chapter:
2970	(1) "Benefits normally provided":
2971	(a) means a benefit offered by an employer, including:
2972	(i) a leave benefit of any kind;

2973	(ii) insurance coverage of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the premium for
2974	the coverage;
2975	(iii) employer contributions to a health savings account, health reimbursement account,
2976	health reimbursement arrangement, or medical expense reimbursement plan; and
2977	(iv) a retirement benefit of any kind if the employer pays some or all of the cost of the
2978	benefit; and
2979	(b) does not include:
2980	(i) a payment for social security;
2981	(ii) workers' compensation insurance;
2982	(iii) unemployment insurance;
2983	(iv) a payment for Medicare;
2984	(v) a payment or insurance required by federal or state law that is similar to a payment
2985	or insurance listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv);
2986	(vi) any other benefit that state or federal law requires an employer to provide an
2987	employee who would not otherwise be eligible to receive the benefit; or
2988	(vii) any benefit that an employer provides an employee in order to avoid a penalty or
2989	tax under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Pub. L. No. 111-148 and the Health
2990	Care Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, Pub. L. No. 111-152, and related federal
2991	regulations, including a penalty imposed by Internal Revenue Code, Section 4980H.
2992	(2) (a) "Compensation" means, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the total
2993	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
2994	rendered to the participating employer, including:
2995	(i) bonuses;
2996	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
2997	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
2998	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
2999	deduction under social security law;
3000	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
3001	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
3002	(v) member contributions.
3003	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed

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3004 under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17). 3005 (c) "Compensation" does not include: 3006 (i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of 3007 equipment; 3008 (ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer; 3009 (iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee 3010 otherwise ineligible for service credit; 3011 (iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave 3012 payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments; 3013 (v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the 3014 participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs, 3015 housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or 3016 (vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section [53A-17a-173] 53F-2-513. 3017 (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection 3018 (2) falls within the definition of compensation. 3019 (3) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five 3020 vears of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), (d), 3021 and (e). 3022 (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual 3023 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 3024 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 3025 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 3026 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 3027 3028 office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if: 3029 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 3030 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 3031 (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 3032 employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay 3033 from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes 3034 of computing the member's final average salary only.

3035	(d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average
3036	salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of
3037	service credit.
3038	(e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on:
3039	(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
3040	educational institution; or
3041	(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.
3042	(4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
3043	requirements of Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202.
3044	(5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment
3045	for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar
3046	year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
3047	except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the
3048	participating employer.
3049	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
3050	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
3051	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half-time or more;
3052	(ii) a classified school employee:
3053	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
3054	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
3055	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
3056	(iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as
3057	of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-12-407;
3058	(iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
3059	considered full-time by that institution of higher education; and
3060	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
3061	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
3062	similar arrangement.
3063	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
3064	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
3065	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer

(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer

3066 even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a 3067 participating employer; 3068 (ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; 3069 (B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013; 3070 (C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer; 3071 and 3072 (D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an 3073 average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or 3074 (iii) who is a person working on a contract: 3075 (A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of 3076 people with significant disabilities; and 3077 (B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to 3078 Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq. 3079 (6) "System" means the Public Employees' Contributory Retirement System created 3080 under this chapter. 3081 (7) "Years of service credit" means: 3082 (a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board; 3083 (b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a 3084 regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time 3085 the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating 3086 employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as 3087 provided by this chapter; or 3088 (c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service 3089 for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution. 3090 Section 41. Section 49-12-202 is amended to read: 3091 49-12-202. Participation of employers -- Limitations -- Exclusions -- Admission 3092 requirements -- Exceptions -- Nondiscrimination requirements. 3093 (1) (a) Unless excluded under Subsection (2), an employer is a participating employer 3094 and may not withdraw from participation in this system. 3095 (b) In addition to their participation in this system, participating employers may 3096 provide or participate in public or private retirement, supplemental or defined contribution

3097	plan, either directly or indirectly, for their employees.
3098	(2) The following employers may be excluded from participation in this system:
3099	(a) an employer not initially admitted or included as a participating employer in this
3100	system prior to January 1, 1982 if:
3101	(i) the employer elects not to provide or participate in any type of private or public
3102	retirement, supplemental or defined contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, for its
3103	employees, except for Social Security; or
3104	(ii) the employer offers another collectively bargained retirement benefit and has
3105	continued to do so on an uninterrupted basis since that date;
3106	(b) an employer that is a charter school authorized under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5,
3107	The Utah Charter Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3, Charter School Authorization, and
3108	does not elect to participate in accordance with Section [53A-1a-512] 53G-5-407;
3109	(c) an employer that is a hospital created as a special service district under Title 17D,
3110	Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, that makes an election of nonparticipation in
3111	accordance with Subsection (4); or
3112	(d) an employer that is licensed as a nursing care facility under Title 26, Chapter 21,
3113	Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act, and created as a special service district
3114	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, in a rural area of the state that makes
3115	an election of nonparticipation in accordance with Subsection (4).
3116	(3) An employer who did not become a participating employer in this system prior to
3117	July 1, 1986, may not participate in this system.
3118	(4) (a) (i) Until June 30, 2009, a employer that is a hospital created as a special service
3119	district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, may make an election of
3120	nonparticipation as an employer for retirement programs under this chapter.
3121	(ii) Until June 30, 2014, an employer that is licensed as a nursing care facility under
3122	Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act, and created as a
3123	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, in a rural area
3124	of the state may make an election of nonparticipation as an employer for retirement programs
3125	under this chapter.
3126	(b) An election provided under Subsection (4)(a):

(i) is a one-time election made no later than the time specified under Subsection (4)(a);

3128	(ii) shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the special
3129	service district;
3130	(iii) is irrevocable; and
3131	(iv) applies to the special service district as the employer and to all employees of the
3132	special service district.
3133	(c) The governing body of the special service district may offer employee benefit plans
3134	for its employees:
3135	(i) under Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act;
3136	or
3137	(ii) under any other program.
3138	(5) (a) If a participating employer purchases service credit on behalf of regular
3139	full-time employees for service rendered prior to the participating employer's admission to this
3140	system, the service credit shall be purchased in a nondiscriminatory manner on behalf of all
3141	current and former regular full-time employees who were eligible for service credit at the time
3142	service was rendered.
3143	(b) For a purchase made under this Subsection (5), an employee is not required to:
3144	(i) have at least four years of service credit before the purchase can be made; or
3145	(ii) forfeit service credit or any defined contribution balance based on the employer
3146	contributions under any other retirement system or plan based on the period of employment for
3147	which service credit is being purchased.
3148	Section 42. Section 49-12-701 is amended to read:
3149	49-12-701. Early retirement incentive Eligibility Calculation of benefit
3150	Payment of costs Savings to be appropriated by Legislature Restrictions on
3151	reemployment.
3152	(1) Any member of this system may retire and receive the allowance allowed under
3153	Subsection (2) if the member meets the following requirements as of the member's retirement
3154	date:
3155	(a) the member is eligible for retirement under Section 49-12-401, or has 25 years of
3156	service credit;
3157	(b) the member elects to forfeit any stipend for retirement offered by the participating
3158	employer; and

3159 (c) the member elects to retire from this system by applying for retirement by the date3160 established under Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b).

3161 (2) (a) A member who retires under Subsection (1) shall receive 2% of that member's
3162 final average salary for all years of service credit.

3163 (b) An actuarial reduction may not be applied to the allowance granted under this3164 section.

3165 (3) In order to receive the allowance allowed by this section, a member shall submit an3166 application to the office as follows:

(a) (i) For state and school employees under Level A, the application shall be filed by
May 31, 1987. The member's retirement date shall then be set by the member on the 1st or 16th
day of July, August, or September, 1987.

(ii) If a Level A member elects to retire, the executive director or participating
employer may request the member to delay the retirement date until a later date, but no later
than June 30, 1988.

(iii) If the member agrees to delay the retirement date, the retirement date shall be
delayed, but service credit may not be accrued after the member's original retirement date
elected by the member, and compensation earned after the member's original retirement date
may not be used in the calculation of the final average salary for determining the retirement
allowance.

3178 (b) (i) For political subdivision employees under Level B, the application shall be filed3179 by September 30, 1987.

3180 (ii) The retirement date shall then be set by the member on the 1st or 16th day of July,3181 August, September, October, November, or December, 1987.

(4) (a) The cost of providing the allowance under this section shall be funded in fiscal
year 1987-88 by a supplemental appropriation in the 1988 General Session based on the
retirement contribution rate increase established by the consulting actuary and approved by the
board.

(b) The cost of providing the allowance under this section shall be funded beginning
July 1, 1988, by means of an increase in the retirement contribution rate established by the
consulting actuary and approved by the board.

3189

(c) The rate increase under Subsections (4)(a) and (b) shall be funded:

3190	(i) for state employees, by an appropriation from the account established by the
3191	Division of Finance under Subsection (4)(d), which is funded by savings derived from this
3192	early retirement incentive and a work force reduction;
3193	(ii) for school employees, by direct contributions from the employing unit, which may
3194	not be funded through an increase in the retirement contribution amount established in [Title
3195	53A, Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act] Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding
3196	Minimum School Program; and
3197	(iii) for political subdivisions under Level B, by direct contributions by the
3198	participating employer.
3199	(d) (i) Each year, any excess savings derived from this early retirement incentive which
3200	are above the costs of funding the increase and the costs of paying insurance, sick leave,
3201	compensatory leave, and vacation leave under Subsections (4)(c)(i) and (ii) shall be reported to
3202	the Legislature and shall be appropriated as provided by law.
3203	(ii) In the case of Subsection (4)(c)(i), the Division of Finance shall establish an
3204	account into which all savings derived from this early retirement incentive shall be deposited as
3205	the savings are realized.
3206	(iii) In the case of Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the State Board of Education shall certify the
3207	amount of savings derived from this early retirement incentive.
3208	(iv) The State Board of Education and the participating employer may not spend the
3209	savings until appropriated by the Legislature as provided by law.
3210	(5) A member who retires under this section is subject to Section $49-11-504$ and
3211	Chapter 11, Part 12, Postretirement Reemployment Restrictions Act.
3212	(6) The board may adopt rules to administer this section.
3213	(7) The Legislative Auditor General shall perform an audit to ensure compliance with
3214	this section.
3215	Section 43. Section 49-13-102 is amended to read:
3216	49-13-102. Definitions.
3217	As used in this chapter:
3218	(1) "Benefits normally provided" has the same meaning as defined in Section
3219	49-12-102.
3220	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), "compensation" means the total

3221	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
3222	rendered to the participating employer, including:
3223	(i) bonuses;
3224	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
3225	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
3226	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
3227	deduction under social security law; and
3228	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
3229	or other benefits authorized by federal law.
3230	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
3231	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
3232	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
3233	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
3234	equipment;
3235	(ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer;
3236	(iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee, an exempt employee, or an employee
3237	otherwise ineligible for service credit;
3238	(iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave
3239	payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments;
3240	(v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the
3241	participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs,
3242	housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or
3243	(vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section [53A-17a-173] 53F-2-513.
3244	(d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection
3245	(2) falls within the definition of compensation.
3246	(3) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest three
3247	years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), and
3248	(d).
3249	(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the percentage increase in annual
3250	compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by
3251	more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power

3252 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 3253 3254 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 3255 office, the limitation in Subsection (3)(a) may be exceeded if: 3256 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 3257 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 3258 3259 employment and for purposes of computing the member's final average salary only, the 3260 member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay from the date of 3261 the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement. 3262 (d) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on: 3263 (i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an 3264 educational institution: or 3265 (ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution. 3266 (4) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation 3267 requirements of Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202. 3268 (5) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment 3269 for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar 3270 year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week, 3271 except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the 3272 participating employer. 3273 (b) "Regular full-time employee" includes: 3274 (i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates 3275 continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more; 3276 (ii) a classified school employee: 3277 (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and 3278 (B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for 3279 a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided: 3280 (iii) an officer, elective or appointive, who earns \$500 or more per month, indexed as 3281 of January 1, 1990, as provided in Section 49-13-407; 3282 (iv) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is

3283	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and
3284	(v) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (5) who
3285	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
3286	similar arrangement.
3287	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include a classified school employee:
3288	(i) (A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
3289	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
3290	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
3291	participating employer;
3292	(ii) (A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
3293	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
3294	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
3295	and
3296	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
3297	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
3298	(iii) who is a person working on a contract:
3299	(A) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
3300	people with significant disabilities; and
3301	(B) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
3302	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
3303	(6) "System" means the Public Employees' Noncontributory Retirement System.
3304	(7) "Years of service credit" means:
3305	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
3306	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
3307	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
3308	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
3309	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as
3310	provided by this chapter; or
3311	(c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service
3312	for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution.
3313	Section 44. Section 49-13-202 is amended to read:

3314	49-13-202. Participation of employers Limitations Exclusions Admission
3315	requirements Nondiscrimination requirements Service credit purchases.
3316	(1) (a) Unless excluded under Subsection (2), an employer is a participating employer
3317	and may not withdraw from participation in this system.
3318	(b) In addition to their participation in this system, participating employers may
3319	provide or participate in any additional public or private retirement, supplemental or defined
3320	contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, for their employees.
3321	(2) The following employers may be excluded from participation in this system:
3322	(a) an employer not initially admitted or included as a participating employer in this
3323	system before January 1, 1982, if:
3324	(i) the employer elects not to provide or participate in any type of private or public
3325	retirement, supplemental or defined contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, for its
3326	employees, except for Social Security; or
3327	(ii) the employer offers another collectively bargained retirement benefit and has
3328	continued to do so on an uninterrupted basis since that date;
3329	(b) an employer that is a charter school authorized under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5,
3330	The Utah Charter Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3, Charter School Authorization, and
3331	does not elect to participate in accordance with Section [53A-1a-512] 53G-5-407;
3332	(c) an employer that is a hospital created as a special service district under Title 17D,
3333	Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, that makes an election of nonparticipation in
3334	accordance with Subsection (5);
3335	(d) an employer that is licensed as a nursing care facility under Title 26, Chapter 21,
3336	Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act, and created as a special service district
3337	under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, in a rural area of the state that makes
3338	an election of nonparticipation in accordance with Subsection (5); or
3339	(e) an employer that is a risk management association initially created by interlocal
3340	agreement before 1986 for the purpose of implementing a self-insurance joint protection
3341	program for the benefit of member municipalities of the association.
3342	(3) If an employer that may be excluded under Subsection (2)(a)(i) elects at any time to
3343	provide or participate in any type of public or private retirement, supplemental or defined
3344	contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, except for Social Security, the employer shall be

3345	a participating employer in this system regardless of whether the employer has applied for
3346	admission under Subsection (4).
3347	(4) (a) An employer may, by resolution of its governing body, apply for admission to
3348	this system.
3349	(b) Upon approval of the resolution by the board, the employer is a participating
3350	employer in this system and is subject to this title.
3351	(5) (a) (i) Until June 30, 2009, a employer that is a hospital created as a special service
3352	district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, may make an election of
3353	nonparticipation as an employer for retirement programs under this chapter.
3354	(ii) Until June 30, 2014, an employer that is licensed as a nursing care facility under
3355	Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act, and created as a
3356	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, in a rural area
3357	of the state may make an election of nonparticipation as an employer for retirement programs
3358	under this chapter.
3359	(iii) On or before July 1, 2010, an employer described in Subsection (2)(e) may make
3360	an election of nonparticipation as an employer for retirement programs under this chapter.
3361	(b) An election provided under Subsection (5)(a):
3362	(i) is a one-time election made no later than the time specified under Subsection (5)(a);
3363	(ii) shall be documented by a resolution adopted by the governing body of the
3364	employer;
3365	(iii) is irrevocable; and
3366	(iv) applies to the employer as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) and to all
3367	employees of that employer.
3368	(c) The employer making an election under Subsection (5)(a) may offer employee
3369	benefit plans for its employees:
3370	(i) under Title 49, Chapter 20, Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Act;
3371	or
3372	(ii) under any other program.
3373	(6) (a) If a participating employer purchases service credit on behalf of regular
3374	full-time employees for service rendered prior to the participating employer's admission to this
3375	system, the service credit shall be purchased in a nondiscriminatory manner on behalf of all

3376	current and former regular full-time employees who were eligible for service credit at the time
3377	service was rendered.
3378	(b) For a purchase made under this Subsection (6), an employee is not required to:
3379	(i) have at least four years of service credit before the purchase can be made; or
3380	(ii) forfeit service credit or any defined contribution balance based on the employer
3381	contributions under any other retirement system or plan based on the period of employment for
3382	which service credit is being purchased.
3383	Section 45. Section 49-13-701 is amended to read:
3384	49-13-701. Early retirement incentive Eligibility Calculation of benefit
3385	Payment of costs Savings to be appropriated by Legislature Restrictions on
3386	reemployment.
3387	(1) Any member of this system may retire and receive the allowance allowed under
3388	Subsection (2) if the member meets the following requirements as of the member's retirement:
3389	(a) the member is eligible for retirement under Section 49-13-401, or has 25 years of
3390	service credit;
3391	(b) the member elects to forfeit any stipend for retirement offered by the participating
3392	employer; and
3393	(c) the member elects to retire from this system by applying for retirement by the date
3394	established under Subsection (3)(a) or (3)(b).
3395	(2) (a) A member who retires under Subsection (1) shall receive 2% of that member's
3396	final average salary for all years of service credit.
3397	(b) No actuarial reduction may be applied to the allowance granted under this section.
3398	(3) In order to receive the allowance allowed by this section, a member shall submit an
3399	application to the office as follows:
3400	(a) (i) For state and school employees under Level A, the application shall be filed by
3401	May 31, 1987. The member's retirement date shall then be set by the member on the 1st or 16th
3402	day of July, August, or September, 1987.
3403	(ii) If a Level A member elects to retire, the executive director or participating
3404	employer may request the member to delay the retirement date until a later date, but no later
3405	than June 30, 1988.
3406	(iii) If the member agrees to delay the retirement date, the retirement date shall be

delayed, but service credit may not be accrued after the member's original retirement date
elected by the member, and compensation earned after the member's original retirement date
may not be used in the calculation of the final average salary for determining the retirement
allowance.

3411 (b) (i) For political subdivision employees under Level B, the application shall be filed3412 by September 30, 1987.

3413 (ii) The member's retirement date shall then be set by the member on the 1st or 16th3414 day of July, August, September, October, November, or December, 1987.

3415 (4) (a) The cost of providing the allowance under this section shall be funded in fiscal
3416 year 1987-88 by a supplemental appropriation in the 1988 General Session based on the
3417 retirement contribution rate increase established by the consulting actuary and approved by the
3418 board.

3419 (b) The cost of providing the allowance under this section shall be funded beginning
3420 July 1, 1988, by means of an increase in the retirement contribution rate established by the
3421 consulting actuary and approved by the board.

3422

(c) The rate increase under Subsections (4)(a) and (b) shall be funded:

(i) for state employees, by an appropriation from the account established by the
Division of Finance under Subsection (4)(d), which is funded by savings derived from this
early retirement incentive and a work force reduction;

(ii) for school employees, by direct contributions from the employing unit, which maynot be funded through an increase in the retirement contribution amount established in [Title

3428 53A, Chapter 17a, Minimum School Program Act] <u>Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding --</u>

3429 Minimum School Program; and

3430 (iii) for political subdivisions under Level B, by direct contributions by the3431 participating employer.

(d) (i) Each year, any excess savings derived from this early retirement incentive which
are above the costs of funding the increase and the costs of paying insurance, sick leave,
compensatory leave, and vacation leave under Subsections (4)(c)(i) and (ii) shall be reported to
the Legislature and shall be appropriated as provided by law.

3436 (ii) In the case of Subsection (4)(c)(i), the Division of Finance shall establish an
3437 account into which all savings derived from this early retirement incentive shall be deposited as

3438	the savings are realized.
3439	(iii) In the case of Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the State Board of Education shall certify the
3440	amount of savings derived from this early retirement incentive.
3441	(iv) The State Board of Education and the participating employer may not spend the
3442	savings until appropriated by the Legislature as provided by law.
3443	(5) A member who retires under this section is subject to Section $49-11-504$ and
3444	Chapter 11, Part 12, Postretirement Reemployment Restrictions Act.
3445	(6) The board may make rules to administer this section.
3446	(7) The Legislative Auditor General shall perform an audit to ensure compliance with
3447	this section.
3448	Section 46. Section 49-22-102 is amended to read:
3449	49-22-102. Definitions.
3450	As used in this chapter:
3451	(1) "Benefits normally provided" has the same meaning as defined in Section
3452	49-12-102.
3453	(2) (a) "Compensation" means, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the total
3454	amount of payments made by a participating employer to a member of this system for services
3455	rendered to the participating employer, including:
3456	(i) bonuses;
3457	(ii) cost-of-living adjustments;
3458	(iii) other payments currently includable in gross income and that are subject to social
3459	security deductions, including any payments in excess of the maximum amount subject to
3460	deduction under social security law;
3461	(iv) amounts that the member authorizes to be deducted or reduced for salary deferral
3462	or other benefits authorized by federal law; and
3463	(v) member contributions.
3464	(b) "Compensation" for purposes of this chapter may not exceed the amount allowed
3465	under Internal Revenue Code, Section 401(a)(17).
3466	(c) "Compensation" does not include:
3467	(i) the monetary value of remuneration paid in kind, including a residence or use of
3468	equipment;

3469 (ii) the cost of any employment benefits paid for by the participating employer; 3470 (iii) compensation paid to a temporary employee or an employee otherwise ineligible 3471 for service credit; 3472 (iv) any payments upon termination, including accumulated vacation, sick leave 3473 payments, severance payments, compensatory time payments, or any other special payments; 3474 (v) any allowances or payments to a member for costs or expenses paid by the 3475 participating employer, including automobile costs, uniform costs, travel costs, tuition costs, 3476 housing costs, insurance costs, equipment costs, and dependent care costs; or 3477 (vi) a teacher salary bonus described in Section [53A-17a-173] 53F-2-513. 3478 (d) The executive director may determine if a payment not listed under this Subsection 3479 (2) falls within the definition of compensation. 3480 (3) "Corresponding Tier I system" means the system or plan that would have covered 3481 the member if the member had initially entered employment before July 1, 2011. (4) "Final average salary" means the amount calculated by averaging the highest five 3482 3483 years of annual compensation preceding retirement subject to Subsections (4)(a), (b), (c), (d), 3484 and (e). 3485 (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the percentage increase in annual 3486 compensation in any one of the years used may not exceed the previous year's compensation by 3487 more than 10% plus a cost-of-living adjustment equal to the decrease in the purchasing power 3488 of the dollar during the previous year, as measured by a United States Bureau of Labor 3489 Statistics Consumer Price Index average as determined by the board. 3490 (b) In cases where the participating employer provides acceptable documentation to the 3491 office, the limitation in Subsection (4)(a) may be exceeded if: 3492 (i) the member has transferred from another agency; or 3493 (ii) the member has been promoted to a new position. 3494 (c) If the member retires more than six months from the date of termination of 3495 employment, the member is considered to have been in service at the member's last rate of pay 3496 from the date of the termination of employment to the effective date of retirement for purposes 3497 of computing the member's final average salary only. (d) If the member has less than five years of service credit in this system, final average 3498 3499 salary means the average annual compensation paid to the member during the full period of

3500	service credit.
3501	(e) The annual compensation used to calculate final average salary shall be based on:
3502	(i) a calendar year for a member employed by a participating employer that is not an
3503	educational institution; or
3504	(ii) a contract year for a member employed by an educational institution.
3505	(5) "Participating employer" means an employer which meets the participation
3506	requirements of:
3507	(a) Sections 49-12-201 and 49-12-202;
3508	(b) Sections 49-13-201 and 49-13-202;
3509	(c) Section 49-19-201; or
3510	(d) Section 49-22-201 or 49-22-202.
3511	(6) (a) "Regular full-time employee" means an employee whose term of employment
3512	for a participating employer contemplates continued employment during a fiscal or calendar
3513	year and whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week,
3514	except as modified by the board, and who receives benefits normally provided by the
3515	participating employer.
3516	(b) "Regular full-time employee" includes:
3517	(i) a teacher whose term of employment for a participating employer contemplates
3518	continued employment during a school year and who teaches half time or more;
3519	(ii) a classified school employee:
3520	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013; and
3521	(B) whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for
3522	a participating employer, regardless of benefits provided;
3523	(iii) an appointive officer whose appointed position is full time as certified by the
3524	participating employer;
3525	(iv) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, the state treasurer, the
3526	attorney general, and a state legislator;
3527	(v) an elected official not included under Subsection (6)(b)(iv) whose elected position
3528	is full time as certified by the participating employer;
3529	(vi) a faculty member or employee of an institution of higher education who is
3530	considered full time by that institution of higher education; and

3531	(vii) an individual who otherwise meets the definition of this Subsection (6) who
3532	performs services for a participating employer through a professional employer organization or
3533	similar arrangement.
3534	(c) "Regular full-time employee" does not include:
3535	(i) a firefighter service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
3536	(ii) a public safety service employee as defined in Section 49-23-102;
3537	(iii) a classified school employee:
3538	(A) who is hired on or after July 1, 2013; and
3539	(B) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer
3540	even if the employment normally requires an average of 20 hours per week or more for a
3541	participating employer;
3542	(iv) a classified school employee:
3543	(A) who is hired before July 1, 2013;
3544	(B) who did not qualify as a regular full-time employee before July 1, 2013;
3545	(C) who does not receive benefits normally provided by the participating employer;
3546	and
3547	(D) whose employment hours are increased on or after July 1, 2013, to require an
3548	average of 20 hours per week or more for a participating employer; or
3549	(E) who is a person working on a contract:
3550	(I) for the purposes of vocational rehabilitation and the employment and training of
3551	people with significant disabilities; and
3552	(II) that has been set aside from procurement requirements by the state pursuant to
3553	Section 63G-6a-805 or the federal government pursuant to 41 U.S.C. Sec. 8501 et seq.
3554	(7) "System" means the New Public Employees' Tier II Contributory Retirement
3555	System created under this chapter.
3556	(8) "Years of service credit" means:
3557	(a) a period consisting of 12 full months as determined by the board;
3558	(b) a period determined by the board, whether consecutive or not, during which a
3559	regular full-time employee performed services for a participating employer, including any time
3560	the regular full-time employee was absent on a paid leave of absence granted by a participating
3561	employer or was absent in the service of the United States government on military duty as

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3562 provided by this chapter; or 3563 (c) the regular school year consisting of not less than eight months of full-time service 3564 for a regular full-time employee of an educational institution. 3565 Section 47. Section 49-22-202 is amended to read: 3566 49-22-202. Participation of employers -- Limitations -- Exclusions -- Admission 3567 requirements. 3568 (1) Unless excluded under Subsection (2), an employer is a participating employer and 3569 may not withdraw from participation in this system. (2) The following employers may be excluded from participation in this system: 3570 (a) an employer not initially admitted or included as a participating employer in this 3571 3572 system before January 1, 1982, if: (i) the employer elects not to provide or participate in any type of private or public 3573 3574 retirement, supplemental or defined contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, for its 3575 employees, except for Social Security; or 3576 (ii) the employer offers another collectively bargained retirement benefit and has 3577 continued to do so on an uninterrupted basis since that date; 3578 (b) an employer that is a charter school authorized under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, 3579 The Utah Charter Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Part 3, Charter School Authorization, and 3580 does not elect to participate in accordance with Section [53A-1a-512] 53G-5-407; or 3581 (c) an employer that is a risk management association initially created by interlocal 3582 agreement before 1986 for the purpose of implementing a self-insurance joint protection 3583 program for the benefit of member municipalities of the association. 3584 (3) If an employer that may be excluded under Subsection (2)(a)(i) elects at any time to provide or participate in any type of public or private retirement, supplemental or defined 3585 3586 contribution plan, either directly or indirectly, except for Social Security, the employer shall be 3587 a participating employer in this system regardless of whether the employer has applied for 3588 admission under Subsection (4). 3589 (4) (a) An employer may, by resolution of its governing body, apply for admission to 3590 this system. 3591 (b) Upon approval of the resolution by the board, the employer is a participating 3592 employer in this system and is subject to this title.

3593	(5) If a participating employer purchases service credit on behalf of a regular full-time
3594	employee for service rendered prior to the participating employer's admission to this system,
3595	the participating employer:

(a) shall purchase credit in a nondiscriminatory manner on behalf of all current and
 former regular full-time employees who were eligible for service credit at the time service was
 rendered; and

(b) shall comply with the provisions of Section 49-11-403.

3600 Section 48. Section **51-2a-201.5** is amended to read:

3601 51-2a-201.5. Accounting reports required -- Reporting to state auditor.

3602 (1) As used in this section:

3603 (a) (i) "Federal pass through money" means federal money received by a nonprofit
 3604 corporation through a subaward or contract from the state or a political subdivision.

(ii) "Federal pass through money" does not include federal money received by a
nonprofit corporation as payment for goods or services purchased by the state or political
subdivision from the nonprofit corporation.

3608 (b) (i) "Local money" means money that is owned, held, or administered by a political3609 subdivision of the state that is derived from fee or tax revenues.

3610 (ii) "Local money" does not include:

3611 (A) money received by a nonprofit corporation as payment for goods or services3612 purchased from the nonprofit corporation; or

3613 (B) contributions or donations received by the political subdivision.

3614 (c) (i) "State money" means money that is owned, held, or administered by a state 3615 agency and derived from state fee or tax revenues.

3616 (ii) "State money" does not include:

3617 (A) money received by a nonprofit corporation as payment for goods or services

3618 purchased from the nonprofit corporation; or

3619

(B) contributions or donations received by the state agency.

3620 (2) (a) The governing board of a nonprofit corporation whose revenues or expenditures
3621 of federal pass through money, state money, and local money is \$1,000,000 or more shall cause
3622 an audit to be made of its accounts by an independent certified public accountant.

3623 (b) The governing board of a nonprofit corporation whose revenues or expenditures of

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federal pass through money, state money, and local money is at least \$350,000 but less than
\$1,000,000 shall cause a review to be made of its accounts by an independent certified public
accountant.

(c) The governing board of a nonprofit corporation whose revenues or expenditures of
federal pass through money, state money, and local money is at least \$100,000 but less than
\$350,000 shall cause a compilation to be made of its accounts by an independent certified
public accountant.

3631 (d) The governing board of a nonprofit corporation whose revenues or expenditures of
3632 federal pass through money, state money, and local money is less than \$100,000 but greater
3633 than \$25,000 shall cause a fiscal report to be made in a format prescribed by the state auditor.

3634 (3) A nonprofit corporation described in Subsection 51-2a-102(6)(f) shall provide the
 3635 state auditor a copy of an accounting report prepared under this section within six months of
 3636 the end of the nonprofit corporation's fiscal year.

3637 (4) (a) A state agency that disburses federal pass through money or state money to a
 3638 nonprofit corporation shall enter into a written agreement with the nonprofit corporation that
 3639 requires the nonprofit corporation to annually disclose whether:

(i) the nonprofit corporation met or exceeded the dollar amounts listed in Subsection(2) in the previous fiscal year of the nonprofit corporation; or

(ii) the nonprofit corporation anticipates meeting or exceeding the dollar amounts listedin Subsection (2) in the fiscal year the money is disbursed.

(b) If the nonprofit corporation discloses to the state agency that the nonprofit
corporation meets or exceeds the dollar amounts as described in Subsection (4)(a), the state
agency shall notify the state auditor.

3647 (5) This section does not apply to a nonprofit corporation that is a charter school
3648 created under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act] <u>Title 53G</u>,

3649 <u>Chapter 5, Charter Schools</u>. A charter school is subject to the requirements of Section

3650 [53A-1a-507] <u>53G-5-404</u>.

3651 (6) A nonprofit corporation is exempt from Section 51-2a-201.

3652 Section 49. Section 51-7-13 is amended to read:

365351-7-13. Funds of member institutions of state system of higher education and3654public education foundations -- Authorized deposits or investments.

- 3655 (1) The provisions of this section apply to all funds of:
- 3656 (a) higher education institutions, other than endowment funds, that are not transferred 3657 to the state treasurer under Section 51-7-4; and
- 3658

(b) public education foundations established under Section [53A-4-205] 53E-3-403.

3659 (2) (a) Proceeds of general obligation bond issues and all funds pledged or otherwise 3660 dedicated to the payment of interest and principal of general obligation bonds issued by or for 3661 the benefit of the institution shall be invested according to the requirements of:

3662

(i) Section 51-7-11 and the rules of the council; or

3663 (ii) the terms of the borrowing instruments applicable to those bonds and funds if those 3664 terms are more restrictive than Section 51-7-11.

3665 (b) (i) The public treasurer shall invest the proceeds of bonds other than general obligation bonds issued by or for the benefit of the institution and all funds pledged or 3666 otherwise dedicated to the payment of interest and principal of bonds other than general 3667 3668 obligation bonds according to the terms of the borrowing instruments applicable to those 3669 bonds.

3670 (ii) If no provisions governing investment of bond proceeds or pledged or dedicated 3671 funds are contained in the borrowing instruments applicable to those bonds or funds, the public 3672 treasurer shall comply with the requirements of Section 51-7-11 in investing those proceeds 3673 and funds.

3674 (c) All other funds in the custody or control of any of those institutions or public 3675 education foundations shall be invested as provided in Section 51-7-11 and the rules of the 3676 council.

3677 (3) (a) Each institution shall make monthly reports detailing the deposit and investment 3678 of funds in its custody or control to its institutional council and the State Board of Regents.

3679 (b) The state auditor may conduct or cause to be conducted an annual audit of the 3680 investment program of each institution.

3681

(c) The State Board of Regents shall:

3682 (i) require whatever internal controls and supervision are necessary to ensure the 3683 appropriate safekeeping, investment, and accounting for all funds of these institutions; and

3684 (ii) submit annually to the governor and the Legislature a summary report of all 3685 investments by institutions under its jurisdiction.

3686	Section 50. Section 52-4-103 is amended to read:
3687	52-4-103. Definitions.
3688	As used in this chapter:
3689	(1) "Anchor location" means the physical location from which:
3690	(a) an electronic meeting originates; or
3691	(b) the participants are connected.
3692	(2) "Capitol hill complex" means the grounds and buildings within the area bounded by
3693	300 North Street, Columbus Street, 500 North Street, and East Capitol Boulevard in Salt Lake
3694	City.
3695	(3) "Convening" means the calling together of a public body by a person authorized to
3696	do so for the express purpose of discussing or acting upon a subject over which that public
3697	body has jurisdiction or advisory power.
3698	(4) "Electronic meeting" means a public meeting convened or conducted by means of a
3699	conference using electronic communications.
3700	(5) "Electronic message" means a communication transmitted electronically, including:
3701	(a) electronic mail;
3702	(b) instant messaging;
3703	(c) electronic chat;
3704	(d) text messaging as defined in Section 76-4-401; or
3705	(e) any other method that conveys a message or facilitates communication
3706	electronically.
3707	(6) (a) "Meeting" means the convening of a public body or a specified body, with a
3708	quorum present, including a workshop or an executive session, whether in person or by means
3709	of electronic communications, for the purpose of discussing, receiving comments from the
3710	public about, or acting upon a matter over which the public body or specific body has
3711	jurisdiction or advisory power.
3712	(b) "Meeting" does not mean:
3713	(i) a chance gathering or social gathering; or
3714	(ii) a convening of the State Tax Commission to consider a confidential tax matter in
3715	accordance with Section 59-1-405.
3716	(c) "Meeting" does not mean the convening of a public body that has both legislative

3717	and executive responsibilities if:
3718	(i) no public funds are appropriated for expenditure during the time the public body is
3719	convened; and
3720	(ii) the public body is convened solely for the discussion or implementation of
3721	administrative or operational matters:
3722	(A) for which no formal action by the public body is required; or
3723	(B) that would not come before the public body for discussion or action.
3724	(7) "Monitor" means to hear or observe, live, by audio or video equipment, all of the
3725	public statements of each member of the public body who is participating in a meeting.
3726	(8) "Participate" means the ability to communicate with all of the members of a public
3727	body, either verbally or electronically, so that each member of the public body can hear or
3728	observe the communication.
3729	(9) (a) "Public body" means:
3730	(i) any administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body of the state or its
3731	political subdivisions that:
3732	(A) is created by the Utah Constitution, statute, rule, ordinance, or resolution;
3733	(B) consists of two or more persons;
3734	(C) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by tax revenue; and
3735	(D) is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the public's business; or
3736	(ii) any administrative, advisory, executive, or policymaking body of an association, as
3737	defined in Section [53A-1-1601] 53G-7-1101, that:
3738	(A) consists of two or more persons;
3739	(B) expends, disburses, or is supported in whole or in part by dues paid by a public
3740	school or whose employees participate in a benefit or program described in Title 49, Utah State
3741	Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act; and
3742	(C) is vested with authority to make decisions regarding the participation of a public
3743	school or student in an interscholastic activity as defined in Section [$\frac{53A-1-1601}{53G-7-1101}$]
3744	(b) "Public body" includes:
3745	(i) as defined in Section 11-13-103, an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative
3746	undertaking; and
3747	(ii) as defined in Section 11-13a-102, a governmental nonprofit corporation.

3748	(c) "Public body" does not include:
3749	(i) a political party, a political group, or a political caucus;
3750	(ii) a conference committee, a rules committee, or a sifting committee of the
3751	Legislature;
3752	(iii) a school community council or charter trust land council as defined in Section
3753	[53A-1a-108.1] <u>53G-7-1203</u> ; or
3754	(iv) the Economic Development Legislative Liaison Committee created in Section
3755	36-30-201.
3756	(10) "Public statement" means a statement made in the ordinary course of business of
3757	the public body with the intent that all other members of the public body receive it.
3758	(11) (a) "Quorum" means a simple majority of the membership of a public body, unless
3759	otherwise defined by applicable law.
3760	(b) "Quorum" does not include a meeting of two elected officials by themselves when
3761	no action, either formal or informal, is taken on a subject over which these elected officials
3762	have advisory power.
3763	(12) "Recording" means an audio, or an audio and video, record of the proceedings of a
3764	meeting that can be used to review the proceedings of the meeting.
3765	(13) "Specified body":
3766	(a) means an administrative, advisory, executive, or legislative body that:
3767	(i) is not a public body;
3768	(ii) consists of three or more members; and
3769	(iii) includes at least one member who is:
3770	(A) a legislator; and
3771	(B) officially appointed to the body by the president of the Senate, speaker of the
3772	House of Representatives, or governor; and
3773	(b) does not include a body listed in Subsection (9)(c)(ii).
3774	(14) "Transmit" means to send, convey, or communicate an electronic message by
3775	electronic means.
3776	Section 51. Section 52-4-209 is amended to read:
3777	52-4-209. Electronic meetings for charter school board.
3778	(1) Notwithstanding the definitions provided in Section 52-4-103 for this chapter, as

3779	used in this section:
3780	(a) "Anchor location" means a physical location where:
3781	(i) the charter school board would normally meet if the charter school board were not
3782	holding an electronic meeting; and
3783	(ii) space, a facility, and technology are provided to the public to monitor and, if public
3784	comment is allowed, to participate in an electronic meeting during regular business hours.
3785	(b) "Charter school board" means the governing board of a school created under [Title
3786	53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act] Tile 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools.
3787	(c) "Meeting" means the convening of a charter school board:
3788	(i) with a quorum who:
3789	(A) monitors a website at least once during the electronic meeting; and
3790	(B) casts a vote on a website, if a vote is taken; and
3791	(ii) for the purpose of discussing, receiving comments from the public about, or acting
3792	upon a matter over which the charter school board has jurisdiction or advisory power.
3793	(d) "Monitor" means to:
3794	(i) read all the content added to a website by the public or a charter school board
3795	member; and
3796	(ii) view a vote cast by a charter school board member on a website.
3797	(e) "Participate" means to add content to a website.
3798	(2) (a) A charter school board may convene and conduct an electronic meeting in
3799	accordance with Section 52-4-207.
3800	(b) A charter school board may convene and conduct an electronic meeting in
3801	accordance with this section that is in writing on a website if:
3802	(i) the chair verifies that a quorum monitors the website;
3803	(ii) the content of the website is available to the public;
3804	(iii) the chair controls the times in which a charter school board member or the public
3805	participates; and
3806	(iv) the chair requires a person to identify himself or herself if the person:
3807	(A) participates; or
3808	(B) casts a vote as a charter school board member.
3809	(3) A charter school that conducts an electronic meeting under this section shall:

3810	(a) give public notice of the electronic meeting:
3811	(i) in accordance with Section 52-4-202; and
3812	(ii) by posting written notice at the anchor location as required under Section 52-4-207;
3813	(b) in addition to giving public notice required by Subsection (3)(a), provide:
3814	(i) notice of the electronic meeting to the members of the charter school board at least
3815	24 hours before the meeting so that they may participate in and be counted as present for all
3816	purposes, including the determination that a quorum is present;
3817	(ii) a description of how the members and the public may be connected to the
3818	electronic meeting;
3819	(iii) a start and end time for the meeting, which shall be no longer than 5 days; and
3820	(iv) a start and end time for when a vote will be taken in an electronic meeting, which
3821	shall be no longer than four hours; and
3822	(c) provide an anchor location.
3823	(4) The chair shall:
3824	(a) not allow anyone to participate from the time the notice described in Subsection
3825	(3)(b)(iv) is given until the end time for when a vote will be taken; and
3826	(b) allow a charter school board member to change a vote until the end time for when a
3827	vote will be taken.
3828	(5) During the time in which a vote may be taken, a charter school board member may
3829	not communicate in any way with any person regarding an issue over which the charter school
3830	board has jurisdiction.
3831	(6) A charter school conducting an electronic meeting under this section may not close
3832	a meeting as otherwise allowed under this part.
3833	(7) (a) Written minutes shall be kept of an electronic meeting conducted as required in
3834	Section 52-4-203.
3835	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Section 52-4-203, a recording is not required of an electronic
3836	meeting described in Subsection (2)(b).
3837	(ii) All of the content of the website shall be kept for an electronic meeting conducted
3838	under this section.
3839	(c) Written minutes are the official record of action taken at an electronic meeting as
3840	required in Section 52-4-203.

3841 (8) (a) A charter school board shall ensure that the website used to conduct an 3842 electronic meeting: 3843 (i) is secure; and 3844 (ii) provides with reasonably certainty the identity of a charter school board member 3845 who logs on, adds content, or casts a vote on the website. 3846 (b) A person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person falsely identifies himself 3847 or herself as required by Subsection (2)(b)(iv). 3848 (9) Compliance with the provisions of this section by a charter school constitutes full 3849 and complete compliance by the public body with the corresponding provisions of Sections 3850 52-4-201 and 52-4-202. 3851 Section 52. Section 53-3-104 is amended to read: 53-3-104. Division duties. 3852 The division shall: 3853 3854 (1) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 3855 make rules: 3856 (a) for examining applicants for a license, as necessary for the safety and welfare of the 3857 traveling public; 3858 (b) for acceptable documentation of an applicant's identity. Social Security number, 3859 Utah resident status, Utah residence address, proof of legal presence, proof of citizenship in the 3860 United States, honorable or general discharge from the United States military, and other proof 3861 or documentation required under this chapter; (c) regarding the restrictions to be imposed on a person driving a motor vehicle with a 3862 temporary learner permit or learner permit; 3863 3864 (d) for exemptions from licensing requirements as authorized in this chapter; and 3865 (e) establishing procedures for the storage and maintenance of applicant information 3866 provided in accordance with Section 53-3-205, 53-3-410, or 53-3-804; 3867 (2) examine each applicant according to the class of license applied for; 3868 (3) license motor vehicle drivers: 3869 (4) file every application for a license received by it and shall maintain indices 3870 containing: 3871 (a) all applications denied and the reason each was denied:

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3872 (b) all applications granted; and 3873 (c) the name of every licensee whose license has been suspended, disgualified, or 3874 revoked by the division and the reasons for the action; 3875 (5) suspend, revoke, disgualify, cancel, or deny any license issued in accordance with 3876 this chapter; 3877 (6) file all accident reports and abstracts of court records of convictions received by it 3878 under state law; 3879 (7) maintain a record of each licensee showing the licensee's convictions and the traffic 3880 accidents in which the licensee has been involved where a conviction has resulted; 3881 (8) consider the record of a licensee upon an application for renewal of a license and at 3882 other appropriate times; 3883 (9) search the license files, compile, and furnish a report on the driving record of any 3884 person licensed in the state in accordance with Section 53-3-109: 3885 (10) develop and implement a record system as required by Section 41-6a-604; 3886 (11) in accordance with Section $[\frac{53A-13-208}{53G-10-507}]$, establish: 3887 (a) procedures and standards to certify teachers of driver education classes to 3888 administer knowledge and skills tests; 3889 (b) minimal standards for the tests: and 3890 (c) procedures to enable school districts to administer or process any tests for students 3891 to receive a class D operator's license; 3892 (12) in accordance with Section 53-3-510, establish: 3893 (a) procedures and standards to certify licensed instructors of commercial driver 3894 training school courses to administer the skills test; 3895 (b) minimal standards for the test; and 3896 (c) procedures to enable licensed commercial driver training schools to administer or 3897 process skills tests for students to receive a class D operator's license; 3898 (13) provide administrative support to the Driver License Medical Advisory Board 3899 created in Section 53-3-303; 3900 (14) upon request by the lieutenant governor, provide the lieutenant governor with a 3901 digital copy of the driver license or identification card signature of a person who is an applicant 3902 for voter registration under Section 20A-2-206; and

3903	(15) in accordance with Section 53-3-407.1, establish:
3904	(a) procedures and standards to license a commercial driver license third party tester or
3905	commercial driver license third party examiner to administer the commercial driver license
3906	skills tests;
3907	(b) minimum standards for the commercial driver license skills test; and
3908	(c) procedures to enable a licensed commercial driver license third party tester or
3909	commercial driver license third party examiner to administer a commercial driver license skills
3910	test for an applicant to receive a commercial driver license.
3911	Section 53. Section 53-3-505.5 is amended to read:
3912	53-3-505.5. Behind-the-wheel training requirements.
3913	(1) Except as provided under Subsection (2), a driver education course under this part
3914	or [Title 53A, Chapter 13, Part 2, Driver Education Classes] Title 53G, Chapter 10, Part 5,
3915	Driver Education Classes, that is used to satisfy the driver training requirement under Section
3916	53-3-204 shall require each student to complete at least six hours of behind-the-wheel driving a
3917	dual-control motor vehicle with a certified instructor seated in the front seat next to the student
3918	driver.
3919	(2) Up to three hours of the behind-the-wheel driving may be substituted as follows:
3920	(a) two hours of range driving on an approved driving range under Section
3921	[53A-13-201] 53G-10-502 equals one hour of the behind-the-wheel driving required under
3922	Subsection (1);
3923	(b) two hours of driving simulation practice on a driving simulation device that is fully
3924	interactive as set forth in rules made under Section 53-3-505, equals one hour of the
3925	behind-the-wheel driving required under Subsection (1); and
3926	(c) four hours of driving simulation practice on a driving simulation device that is not
3927	fully interactive as set forth in rules made under Section 53-3-505, equals one hour of the
3928	behind-the-wheel driving required under Subsection (1), with a maximum of one hour of the
3929	behind-the-wheel driving required under Subsection (1) that may be substituted under this
3930	Subsection (2)(c).
3931	(3) The behind-the-wheel driving required under Subsection (1) shall include, if
3932	feasible, driving on interstate and other multilane highways.
3933	Section 54. Section 53-7-103 is amended to read:

3934	53-7-103. State Fire Marshal Division Creation State fire marshal
3935	Appointment, qualifications, duties, and compensation.
3936	(1) There is created within the department the State Fire Marshal Division.
3937	(2) (a) The director of the division is the state fire marshal, who shall be appointed by
3938	the commissioner upon the recommendation of the Utah Fire Prevention Board created in
3939	Section 53-7-203 and with the approval of the governor.
3940	(b) The state fire marshal is the executive and administrative head of the division, and
3941	shall be qualified by experience and education to:
3942	(i) enforce the state fire code;
3943	(ii) enforce rules made under this chapter; and
3944	(iii) perform the duties prescribed by the commissioner.
3945	(3) The state fire marshal acts under the supervision and control of the commissioner
3946	and may be removed from the position at the will of the commissioner.
3947	(4) The state fire marshal shall:
3948	(a) enforce the state fire code and rules made under this chapter in accordance with
3949	Section 53-7-104;
3950	(b) complete the duties assigned by the commissioner;
3951	(c) examine plans and specifications for school buildings, as required by Section
3952	[53A-20-104] <u>53E-3-706</u> ;
3953	(d) approve criteria established by the state superintendent for building inspectors;
3954	(e) promote and support injury prevention public education programs; and
3955	(f) perform all other duties provided in this chapter.
3956	(5) The state fire marshal shall receive compensation as provided by Title 67, Chapter
3957	19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
3958	Section 55. Section 53-10-202 is amended to read:
3959	53-10-202. Criminal identification Duties of bureau.
3960	The bureau shall:
3961	(1) procure and file information relating to identification and activities of persons who:
3962	(a) are fugitives from justice;
3963	(b) are wanted or missing;
3964	(c) have been arrested for or convicted of a crime under the laws of any state or nation;

3965	and
3966	(d) are believed to be involved in racketeering, organized crime, or a dangerous
3967	offense;
3968	(2) establish a statewide uniform crime reporting system that shall include:
3969	(a) statistics concerning general categories of criminal activities;
3970	(b) statistics concerning crimes that exhibit evidence of prejudice based on race,
3971	religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnicity, or other categories that the division finds
3972	appropriate; and
3973	(c) other statistics as required by the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
3974	(3) make a complete and systematic record and index of the information obtained
3975	under this part;
3976	(4) subject to the restrictions in this part, establish policy concerning the use and
3977	dissemination of data obtained under this part;
3978	(5) publish an annual report concerning the extent, fluctuation, distribution, and nature
3979	of crime in Utah;
3980	(6) establish a statewide central register for the identification and location of missing
3981	persons, which may include:
3982	(a) identifying data including fingerprints of each missing person;
3983	(b) identifying data of any missing person who is reported as missing to a law
3984	enforcement agency having jurisdiction;
3985	(c) dates and circumstances of any persons requesting or receiving information from
3986	the register; and
3987	(d) any other information, including blood types and photographs found necessary in
3988	furthering the purposes of this part;
3989	(7) publish a quarterly directory of missing persons for distribution to persons or
3990	entities likely to be instrumental in the identification and location of missing persons;
3991	(8) list the name of every missing person with the appropriate nationally maintained
3992	missing persons lists;
3993	(9) establish and operate a 24-hour communication network for reports of missing
3994	persons and reports of sightings of missing persons;
3995	(10) coordinate with the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children and other

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agencies to facilitate the identification and location of missing persons and the identification ofunidentified persons and bodies;

(11) receive information regarding missing persons, as provided in Sections 26-2-27
 and [53A-11-502] 53G-6-602, and stolen vehicles, vessels, and outboard motors, as provided
 in Section 41-1a-1401;

4001 (12) adopt systems of identification, including the fingerprint system, to be used by the4002 division to facilitate law enforcement;

4003 (13) assign a distinguishing number or mark of identification to any pistol or revolver,
4004 as provided in Section 76-10-520;

4005 (14) check certain criminal records databases for information regarding motor vehicle
4006 salesperson applicants, maintain a separate file of fingerprints for motor vehicle salespersons,
4007 and inform the Motor Vehicle Enforcement Division when new entries are made for certain
4008 criminal offenses for motor vehicle salespersons in accordance with the requirements of
4009 Section 41-3-205.5;

4010 (15) check certain criminal records databases for information regarding driving
4011 privilege card applicants or cardholders and maintain a separate file of fingerprints for driving
4012 privilege applicants and cardholders and inform the federal Immigration and Customs
4013 Enforcement Agency of the United States Department of Homeland Security when new entries
4014 are made in accordance with the requirements of Section 53-3-205.5.

4015 (16) review and approve or disapprove applications for license renewal that meet the 4016 requirements for renewal;

4017 (17) forward to the board those applications for renewal under Subsection (16) that do 4018 not meet the requirements for renewal; and

4019 (18) within funds appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose, implement and
4020 manage the operation of firearm safety and suicide prevention education programs, in
4021 conjunction with the state suicide prevention coordinator, as described in this section and
4022 Section 62A-15-1101, including:

4023 (a) coordinating with the Department of Health, local mental health and substance
4024 abuse authorities, a nonprofit behavioral health advocacy group, and a representative from a
4025 Utah-based nonprofit organization with expertise in the field of firearm use and safety that
4026 represents firearm owners, to:

4027	(i) produce a firearm safety brochure with information about the safe handling and use
4028	of firearms that includes:
4029	(A) rules for safe handling, storage, and use of firearms in a home environment;
4030	(B) information about at-risk individuals and individuals who are legally prohibited
4031	from possessing firearms;
4032	(C) information about suicide prevention and awareness; and
4033	(D) information about the availability of firearm safety packets;
4034	(ii) procure cable-style gun locks for distribution pursuant to this section;
4035	(iii) produce a firearm safety packet that includes both the firearm safety brochure
4036	described in Subsection (18)(a)(i) and the cable-style gun lock described in Subsection
4037	(18)(a)(ii); and
4038	(iv) create a suicide prevention education course that:
4039	(A) provides information that includes posters for display and pamphlets or brochures
4040	for distribution regarding firearm safety education;
4041	(B) incorporates current information on how to recognize suicidal behaviors and
4042	identify persons who may be suicidal;
4043	(C) provides information regarding crisis intervention resources; and
4044	(D) provides continuing education in the area of suicide prevention;
4045	(b) distributing, free of charge, the firearm safety packet to the following persons, who
4046	shall make the firearm safety packet available free of charge:
4047	(i) health care providers, including emergency rooms;
4048	(ii) mental health practitioners;
4049	(iii) other public health suicide prevention organizations;
4050	(iv) entities that teach firearm safety courses; and
4051	(v) school districts for use in the seminar, described in Section $[53A-15-1302]$
4052	53G-9-703, for parents of students in the school district;
4053	(c) creating and administering a redeemable coupon program described in this section
4054	and Section 76-10-526, that may include:
4055	(i) producing a redeemable coupon that offers between \$10 and \$200 off the purchase
4056	of a gun safe from a participating federally licensed firearms dealer, as defined in Section
4057	76-10-501, by a Utah resident who has filed an application for a concealed firearm permit;

4058	(ii) advertising the redeemable coupon program to all federally licensed firearms
4059	dealers and maintaining a list of dealers who wish to participate in the program;
4060	(iii) printing or writing the name of a Utah resident who has filed an application for a
4061	concealed firearm permit on the redeemable coupon;
4062	(iv) mailing the redeemable coupon and the firearm safety brochure to Utah residents
4063	who have filed an application for a concealed firearm permit; and
4064	(v) collecting from the participating dealers receipts described in Section 76-10-526
4065	and reimbursing the dealers;
4066	(d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
4067	making rules that establish procedures for:
4068	(i) producing and distributing the firearm safety brochures and packets;
4069	(ii) procuring the cable-style gun locks for distribution; and
4070	(iii) administering the redeemable coupon program; and
4071	(e) reporting to the Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee
4072	regarding implementation and success of the firearm safety program:
4073	(i) during the 2016 interim, before November 1; and
4074	(ii) during the 2018 interim, before June 1.
4075	Section 56. Section 53-10-203 is amended to read:
4076	53-10-203. Missing persons Reports Notification.
4077	(1) Each law enforcement agency that is investigating the report of a missing person
4078	shall provide information regarding that report to the division. The report shall include
4079	descriptive information and the date and location of the last-known contact with the missing
4080	person.
4081	(2) The division shall notify the state registrar of Vital Statistics and the FBI National
4082	Crime Information Center of all missing persons reported in accordance with Subsection (1)
4083	and shall provide the state registrar with information concerning the identity of those missing
4084	persons.
4085	(3) If the division has reason to believe that a missing person reported in accordance
4086	with Subsection (1) has been enrolled in a specific school in this state, the division shall also
4087	notify the last-known school of that report.
4088	(4) Upon learning of the recovery of a missing person, the division shall notify the state

4089 registrar and any school that it has previously informed of the person's disappearance.

4090 (5) The division shall, by rule, determine the manner and form of reports, notices, and4091 information required by this section.

4092 (6) Upon notification by the state registrar or school personnel that a request for a birth
4093 certificate, school record, or other information concerning a missing person has been made, or
4094 that an investigation is needed in accordance with Section [53A-11-503] 53G-6-603, the

4095 division shall immediately notify the local law enforcement authority.

4096

Section 57. Section **53B-1-109** is amended to read:

4097 53B-1-109. Coordination of higher education and public education information
4098 technology systems -- Use of unique student identifier.

4099 (1) As used in this section, "unique student identifier" means the same as that term is
4100 defined in Section [53A-1-603.5] 53E-4-308.

4101 (2) The State Board of Regents and State Board of Education shall coordinate public
4102 education and higher education information technology systems to allow individual student
4103 academic achievement to be tracked through both education systems in accordance with this
4104 section and Section [53A-1-603.5] 53E-4-308.

4105 (3) Information technology systems utilized at an institution within the state system of
4106 higher education shall utilize the unique student identifier of all students who have previously
4107 been assigned a unique student identifier.

4108 Section 58. Section **53B-1-114** is amended to read:

4109

53B-1-114. Coordination for education.

4110 (1) At least quarterly, in order to coordinate education services, individuals who have4111 responsibilities related to Utah's education system shall meet, including:

4112 (a) the state superintendent of public instruction described in Section [53A-1-301]
4113 53E-3-301;

4114 (b) the commissioner;

4115 (c) the commissioner of technical education described in Section 53B-2a-102;

- 4116 (d) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services described in4117 Section 35A-1-201;
- 4118 (e) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development
 4119 described in Section 63N-1-202;

(f) the chair of the State Board of Education;
(g) the chair of the State Board of Regents;
(h) the chair of the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees described in
Section 53B-2a-103; and
(i) the chairs of the Education Interim Committee.
(2) A meeting described in this section is not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
Public Meetings Act.
Section 59. Section 53B-2a-106 is amended to read:
53B-2a-106. Technical colleges Duties.
(1) Each technical college shall, within the geographic area served by the technical
college:
(a) offer a noncredit postsecondary and secondary career and technical education
curriculum;
(b) offer that curriculum at:
(i) low cost to adult students, as approved by the board of trustees; and
(ii) no tuition to secondary students;
(c) provide career and technical education that will result in:
(i) appropriate licensing, certification, or other evidence of completion of training; and
(ii) qualification for specific employment, with an emphasis on high demand, high
wage, and high skill jobs in business and industry;
(d) develop cooperative agreements with school districts, charter schools, other higher
education institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to maximize
the availability of instructional facilities within the geographic area served by the technical
college; and
(e) after consulting with school districts and charter schools within the geographic area
served by the technical college:
(i) ensure that secondary students in the public education system have access to career
and technical education at the technical college; and
(ii) prepare and submit an annual report to the board of trustees detailing:
(A) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students within the
region are being met;

4151	(B) what access secondary students within the region have to programs offered at the
4152	technical college;
4153	(C) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, high skill jobs in business and
4154	industry described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) is being provided; and
4155	(D) student tuition and fees.
4156	(2) A technical college may offer:
4157	(a) a competency-based high school diploma approved by the State Board of Education
4158	in accordance with Section [53A-1-402] 53E-3-501;
4159	(b) noncredit, basic instruction in areas such as reading, language arts, and
4160	mathematics that are necessary for student success in a chosen career and technical education
4161	or job-related program;
4162	(c) noncredit courses of interest when similar offerings to the community are limited
4163	and courses are financially self-supporting; and
4164	(d) secondary school level courses through the Statewide Online Education Program in
4165	accordance with Section $[53A-15-1205]$ <u>53F-4-504</u> .
4166	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), a technical college may not:
4167	(a) offer courses other than noncredit career and technical education or the noncredit,
4168	basic instruction described in Subsections (2)(b) and (c);
4169	(b) offer a degree;
4170	(c) offer career and technical education or basic instruction outside the geographic area
4171	served by the technical college without a cooperative agreement between an affected
4172	institution, except as provided in Subsection (6);
4173	(d) provide tenure or academic rank for its instructors; or
4174	(e) participate in intercollegiate athletics.
4175	(4) The mission of a technical college is limited to noncredit career and technical
4176	education and may not expand to include credit-based academic programs typically offered by
4177	community colleges or other institutions of higher education.
4178	(5) A technical college shall be recognized as a member of the Utah System of
4179	Technical Colleges, and regional affiliation shall be retained and recognized through local
4180	designations such as "Bridgerland Technical College: A member technical college of the Utah
4181	System of Technical Colleges."

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4182 (6) (a) A technical college may offer career and technical education or basic instruction 4183 outside the geographic area served by the technical college without a cooperative agreement, as 4184 required in Subsection (3)(c), if: 4185 (i) the career and technical education or basic instruction is specifically requested by: 4186 (A) an employer; or 4187 (B) a craft, trade, or apprenticeship program; 4188 (ii) the technical college notifies the affected institution about the request; and 4189 (iii) the affected institution is given an opportunity to make a proposal, prior to any 4190 contract being finalized or training being initiated by the technical college, to the employer, 4191 craft, trade, or apprenticeship program about offering the requested career and technical 4192 education or basic instruction, provided that the proposal shall be presented no later than one 4193 business week from the delivery of the notice described under Subsection (6)(a)(i). 4194 (b) The requirements under Subsection (6)(a)(iii) do not apply if there is a prior 4195 training relationship. 4196 Section 60. Section **53B-10-101** is amended to read: 4197 53B-10-101. Terrel H. Bell Teaching Incentive Loans program -- Eligible 4198 students -- Cancellation of incentive loans -- Repayment by recipient who fails to meet 4199 requirements -- Duration of incentive loans. 4200 (1) (a) A Terrel H. Bell Teaching Incentive Loans program is established to recruit and train superior candidates for teaching in Utah's public school system as a component of the 4201 4202 teacher quality continuum referred to in Subsections $\left[\frac{53A-1a-104}{53E-2-302(7)}\right]$ and 4203 $[\frac{53A-6-102}{53E-6-103(2)(a)}]$ 4204 (b) Under the program, the incentive loans may be used in any of Utah's state-operated 4205 institutions of higher education or at a private institution of higher education in Utah that offers 4206 a state-approved teacher education program. 4207 (2) (a) The State Board of Regents shall award the incentive loans to college students 4208 who have been admitted to, or have made application to and are prepared to enter into, a 4209 program preparing students for licensure and who declare an intent to complete the prescribed 4210 course of instruction and to teach in this state in accordance with the priorities described under 4211 Subsection (5)(c). (b) The incentive loan may be canceled at any time by the institution of attendance if: 4212

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- 4235 conditions approved by the State Board of Regents, based upon criteria developed to insure that 4236 all recipients of the loans will pursue an education career within the state.
- 4237 (ii) An incentive loan for tuition and fees at a private institution may not exceed the 4238 average scholarship amounts granted for tuition and fees at public institutions of higher 4239 education within the state.
- 4240 (c) Incentive loans shall be awarded in accordance with prioritized critical areas of 4241 need for teaching expertise within the state, as determined by the State Board of Education's 4242 criticality index and school district priorities based upon data provided by the school district, 4243 and may include preparing persons as:

S.B. 12 12-11-17 5:14 PM 4244 (i) a special education teacher; 4245 (ii) a speech or language pathologist; or 4246 (iii) another licensed professional providing services in the public schools to pupils 4247 with disabilities. Section 61. Section 53B-16-108 is amended to read: 4248 4249 53B-16-108. Courses offered through the Statewide Online Education Program. 4250 An institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101 may offer a secondary 4251 school level course through the Statewide Online Education Program in accordance with 4252 Section [53A-15-1205] 53F-4-504. 4253 Section 62. Section 53B-16-404 is amended to read: 4254 53B-16-404. Internship programs -- Criminal background checks. 4255 An institution of higher education shall require an officer or employee of the institution 4256 or a cooperating employer, who will be given significant unsupervised access to a minor 4257 student in connection with the student's activities as an intern, to submit to a criminal 4258 background check on the same basis as a volunteer under Section [53A-15-1503] 53G-11-402. 4259 Section 63. Section **53C-1-203** is amended to read: 4260 53C-1-203. Board of trustees nominating committee -- Composition --4261 **Responsibilities** -- Per diem and expenses. 4262 (1) There is established an 11 member board of trustees nominating committee. 4263 (2) (a) The State Board of Education shall appoint five members to the nominating 4264 committee from different geographical areas of the state. 4265 (b) The governor shall appoint five members to the nominating committee on or before 4266 the December 1 of the year preceding the vacancy on the nominating committee as follows: 4267 (i) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names of individuals knowledgeable about institutional trust lands submitted on or before the October 1 of the year 4268 4269 preceding the vacancy on the nominating committee by the University of Utah and Utah State 4270 University on an alternating basis every four years; 4271 (ii) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the Utah 4272 Farm Bureau in consultation with the Utah Cattleman's Association and the Utah Wool 4273 Growers' Association on or before the October 1 of the year preceding the vacancy on the 4274 nominating committee;

4275 (iii) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the Utah
4276 Petroleum Association on or before the October 1 of the year preceding the vacancy on the
4277 nominating committee;

4278 (iv) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the Utah
4279 Mining Association on or before the October 1 of the year preceding the vacancy on the
4280 nominating committee; and

(v) one individual from a nomination list of at least two names submitted by the
executive director of the Department of Natural Resources after consultation with statewide
wildlife and conservation organizations on or before the October 1 of the year preceding the
vacancy on the nominating committee.

4285 (c) The president of the Utah Association of Counties shall designate the chair of the
4286 Public Lands Steering Committee, who must be an elected county commissioner or councilor,
4287 to serve as the eleventh member of the nominating committee.

4288 (3) (a) Except as required by Subsection (3)(b), each member shall serve a four-year4289 term.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (3)(a), the state board and the
governor shall, at the time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to
ensure that the terms of committee members are staggered so that approximately half of the
committee is appointed every two years.

4294 (c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be 4295 appointed for the unexpired term.

4296 (4) The nominating committee shall select a chair and vice chair from its membership4297 by majority vote.

4298 (5) (a) The nominating committee shall nominate at least two candidates for each
4299 position or vacancy which occurs on the board of trustees except for the governor's appointee
4300 under Subsection 53C-1-202(5).

4301

(b) The nominations shall be by majority vote of the committee.

4302 (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but4303 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

- 4304 (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 4305 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and

4306	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4307	63A-3-107.
4308	(7) The School Children's Trust Section, established in Section [53A-16-101.6]
4309	53E-3-514, shall provide staff support to the nominating committee.
4310	Section 64. Section 53D-1-102 is amended to read:
4311	53D-1-102. Definitions.
4312	(1) "Account" means the School and Institutional Trust Fund Management Account,
4313	created in Section 53D-1-203.
4314	(2) "Beneficiaries":
4315	(a) means those for whose benefit the trust fund is managed and preserved, consistent
4316	with the enabling act, the Utah Constitution, and state law; and
4317	(b) does not include other government institutions or agencies, the public at large, or
4318	the general welfare of the state.
4319	(3) "Board" means the board of trustees established in Section 53D-1-301.
4320	(4) "Director" means the director of the office.
4321	(5) "Enabling act" means the act of Congress, dated July 16, 1894, enabling the people
4322	of Utah to form a constitution and state government and to be admitted into the Union.
4323	(6) "Nominating committee" means the committee established under Section
4324	53D-1-501.
4325	(7) "Office" means the School and Institutional Trust Fund Office, created in Section
4326	53D-1-201.
4327	(8) "School children's trust section" means the School Children's Trust Section under
4328	the State Board of Education, established in Section [53A-16-101.6] 53E-3-514.
4329	(9) "Trust fund" means money derived from:
4330	(a) the sale or use of land granted to the state under Sections 6, 8, and 12 of the
4331	enabling act;
4332	(b) proceeds referred to in Section 9 of the enabling act from the sale of public land;
4333	and
4334	(c) revenue and assets referred to in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section 5,
4335	Subsections (1)(c), (e), and (f).
4336	Section 65. Section 53D-1-403 is amended to read:

4337	53D-1-403. Reports.
4338	(1) At least annually, the director shall report in person to the Legislative Management
4339	Committee, the governor, and the State Board of Education, concerning the office's
4340	investments, performance, estimated distributions, and other activities.
4341	(2) The director shall report to the board concerning the work of the director and the
4342	investment activities and other activities of the office:
4343	(a) in a public meeting at least six times per year; and
4344	(b) as otherwise requested by the board.
4345	(3) (a) Before November 1 of each year, the director shall:
4346	(i) submit a written report to school community councils, created under Section
4347	[53A-1a-108] 53G-7-1202, and charter trust land councils, established under Section
4348	[53A-16-101.5] 53F-2-404 concerning the office's investments, performance, estimated
4349	distributions, and other activities; and
4350	(ii) post the written report described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) on the office's website.
4351	(b) A report under Subsection (3)(a) shall be prepared in simple language designed to
4352	be understood by the general public.
4353	(4) The director shall provide to the board:
4354	(a) monthly written reports on the activities of the office;
4355	(b) quarterly financial reports; and
4356	(c) any other report requested by the board.
4357	(5) The director shall:
4358	(a) invite the director of the school children's trust section to attend any meeting at
4359	which the director gives a report under this section; and
4360	(b) provide the director of the school children's trust section:
4361	(i) a copy of any written report prepared under this section; and
4362	(ii) any other report requested by the director of the school children's trust section.
4363	Section 66. Section 58-11a-302 is amended to read:
4364	58-11a-302. Qualifications for licensure.
4365	(1) Each applicant for licensure as a barber shall:
4366	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4367	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;

4368	(c) be of good moral character;
4369	(d) provide satisfactory documentation of:
4370	(i) graduation from a licensed or recognized barber school, or a licensed or recognized
4371	cosmetology/barber school, whose curriculum consists of a minimum of 1,000 hours of
4372	instruction, or the equivalent number of credit hours, over a period of not less than 25 weeks;
4373	(ii) (A) graduation from a recognized barber school located in a state other than Utah
4374	whose curriculum consists of less than 1,000 hours of instruction or the equivalent number of
4375	credit hours; and
4376	(B) practice as a licensed barber in a state other than Utah for not less than the number
4377	of hours required to equal 1,000 total hours when added to the hours of instruction described in
4378	Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A); or
4379	(iii) completion of an approved barber apprenticeship; and
4380	(e) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4381	(2) Each applicant for licensure as a barber instructor shall:
4382	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4383	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4384	63J-1-504;
4385	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as a
4386	barber;
4387	(d) be of good moral character;
4388	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4389	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4390	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 250 hours or the equivalent number of credit
4391	hours;
4392	(ii) on-the-job instructor training conducted by a licensed instructor at a licensed or
4393	recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 250 hours or the equivalent
4394	number of credit hours; or
4395	(iii) a minimum of 2,000 hours of experience as a barber; and
4396	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4397	(3) Each applicant for licensure as a barber school shall:
4398	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;

4399	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4400	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4401	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4402	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4403	(iii) that the applicant's physical facilities comply with the requirements established by
4404	rule; and
4405	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4406	(A) the standards for barber schools, including staff and accreditation requirements,
4407	established by rule; and
4408	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as
4409	described in Subsection (22).
4410	(4) Each applicant for licensure as a cosmetologist/barber shall:
4411	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4412	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
4413	(c) be of good moral character;
4414	(d) provide satisfactory documentation of:
4415	(i) graduation from a licensed or recognized cosmetology/barber school whose
4416	curriculum consists of a minimum of 1,600 hours of instruction, or the equivalent number of
4417	credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours;
4418	(ii) (A) graduation from a recognized cosmetology/barber school located in a state
4419	other than Utah whose curriculum consists of less than 1,600 hours of instruction, or the
4420	equivalent number of credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours; and
4421	(B) practice as a licensed cosmetologist/barber in a state other than Utah for not less
4422	than the number of hours required to equal 1,600 total hours when added to the hours of
4423	instruction described in Subsection (4)(d)(ii)(A); or
4424	(iii) completion of an approved cosmetology/barber apprenticeship; and
4425	(e) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4426	(5) Each applicant for licensure as a cosmetologist/barber instructor shall:
4427	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4428	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4429	63J-1-504;

4430	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as a
4431	cosmetologist/barber;
4432	(d) be of good moral character;
4433	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4434	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4435	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 400 hours or the equivalent number of credit
4436	hours;
4437	(ii) on-the-job instructor training conducted by a licensed instructor at a licensed or
4438	recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 400 hours or the equivalent
4439	number of credit hours; or
4440	(iii) a minimum of 3,000 hours of experience as a cosmetologist/barber; and
4441	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4442	(6) Each applicant for licensure as a cosmetologist/barber school shall:
4443	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4444	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4445	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4446	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4447	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4448	(iii) that the applicant's physical facilities comply with the requirements established by
4449	rule; and
4450	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4451	(A) the standards for cosmetology schools, including staff and accreditation
4452	requirements, established by rule; and
4453	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as
4454	described in Subsection (22).
4455	(7) Each applicant for licensure as an electrologist shall:
4456	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4457	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
4458	(c) be of good moral character;
4459	(d) provide satisfactory documentation of having graduated from a licensed or
4460	recognized electrology school after completing a curriculum of 600 hours of instruction or the

4461	equivalent number of credit hours; and
4462	(e) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4463	(8) Each applicant for licensure as an electrologist instructor shall:
4464	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4465	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4466	63J-1-504;
4467	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as an
4468	electrologist;
4469	(d) be of good moral character;
4470	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4471	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4472	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 150 hours or the equivalent number of credit
4473	hours;
4474	(ii) on-the-job instructor training conducted by a licensed instructor at a licensed or
4475	recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 150 hours or the equivalent
4476	number of credit hours; or
4477	(iii) a minimum of 1,000 hours of experience as an electrologist; and
4478	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4479	(9) Each applicant for licensure as an electrologist school shall:
4480	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4481	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4482	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4483	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4484	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4485	(iii) that the applicant's facilities comply with the requirements established by rule; and
4486	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4487	(A) the standards for electrologist schools, including staff, curriculum, and
4488	accreditation requirements, established by rule; and
4489	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as
4490	described in Subsection (22).
4491	(10) Each applicant for licensure as an esthetician shall:

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4492 (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; 4493 (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; 4494 (c) be of good moral character; 4495 (d) provide satisfactory documentation of one of the following: 4496 (i) graduation from a licensed or recognized esthetic school or a licensed or recognized 4497 cosmetology/barber school whose curriculum consists of not less than 15 weeks of esthetic 4498 instruction with a minimum of 600 hours or the equivalent number of credit hours; 4499 (ii) completion of an approved esthetician apprenticeship: or 4500 (iii) (A) graduation from a recognized cosmetology/barber school located in a state 4501 other than Utah whose curriculum consists of less than 1,600 hours of instruction, or the 4502 equivalent number of credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours; and 4503 (B) practice as a licensed cosmetologist/barber for not less than the number of hours 4504 required to equal 1.600 total hours when added to the hours of instruction described in 4505 Subsection (10)(d)(iii)(A); and 4506 (e) meet the examination requirement established by division rule. 4507 (11) Each applicant for licensure as a master esthetician shall: 4508 (a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division; 4509 (b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504: 4510 (c) be of good moral character; 4511 (d) provide satisfactory documentation of: 4512 (i) completion of at least 1,200 hours of training, or the equivalent number of credit 4513 hours, at a licensed or recognized esthetics school, except that up to 600 hours toward the 4514 1,200 hours may have been completed: 4515 (A) at a licensed or recognized cosmetology/barbering school, if the applicant 4516 graduated from the school and its curriculum consisted of at least 1,600 hours of instruction, or 4517 the equivalent number of credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours; or 4518 (B) at a licensed or recognized cosmetology/barber school located in a state other than 4519 Utah, if the applicant graduated from the school and its curriculum contained full flexibility 4520 within its hours of instruction; or 4521 (ii) completion of an approved master esthetician apprenticeship; 4522 (e) if the applicant will practice lymphatic massage, provide satisfactory documentation

4523	to show completion of 200 hours of training, or the equivalent number of credit hours, in
4524	lymphatic massage as defined by division rule; and
4525	(f) meet the examination requirement established by division rule.
4526	(12) Each applicant for licensure as an esthetician instructor shall:
4527	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4528	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4529	63J-1-504;
4530	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as a
4531	master esthetician;
4532	(d) be of good moral character;
4533	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4534	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4535	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 300 hours or the equivalent number of credit
4536	hours;
4537	(ii) on-the-job instructor training conducted by a licensed instructor at a licensed or
4538	recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 300 hours or the equivalent
4539	number of credit hours; or
4540	(iii) a minimum of 1,000 hours of experience in esthetics; and
4541	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4542	(13) Each applicant for licensure as an esthetics school shall:
4543	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4544	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4545	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4546	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4547	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4548	(iii) that the applicant's physical facilities comply with the requirements established by
4549	rule; and
4550	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4551	(A) the standards for esthetics schools, including staff, curriculum, and accreditation
4552	requirements, established by division rule made in collaboration with the board; and
4553	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as

4554	described in Subsection (22).
4555	(14) Each applicant for licensure as a hair designer shall:
4556	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4557	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
4558	(c) be of good moral character;
4559	(d) provide satisfactory documentation of:
4560	(i) graduation from a licensed or recognized cosmetology/barber, hair design, or
4561	barbering school whose curriculum consists of a minimum of 1,200 hours of instruction, or the
4562	equivalent number of credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours;
4563	(ii) (A) graduation from a recognized cosmetology/barber, hair design, or barbering
4564	school located in a state other than Utah whose curriculum consists of less than 1,200 hours of
4565	instruction, or the equivalent number of credit hours, with full flexibility within those hours;
4566	and
4567	(B) practice as a licensed cosmetologist/barber or hair designer in a state other than
4568	Utah for not less than the number of hours required to equal 1,200 total hours when added to
4569	the hours of instruction described in Subsection (14)(d)(ii)(A); or
4570	(iii) being a state licensed cosmetologist/barber; and
4571	(e) meet the examination requirements established by rule.
4572	(15) Each applicant for licensure as a hair designer instructor shall:
4573	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4574	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4575	63J-1-504;
4576	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as a hair
4577	designer or as a cosmetologist/barber;
4578	(d) be of good moral character;
4579	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4580	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4581	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 300 hours or the equivalent number of credit
4582	hours;
4583	(ii) on-the-job instructor training conducted by a licensed instructor at a licensed or
4584	recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 300 hours or the equivalent

4585	number of credit hours; or
4586	(iii) a minimum of 2,500 hours of experience as a hair designer or as a
4587	cosmetologist/barber; and
4588	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4589	(16) Each applicant for licensure as a hair design school shall:
4590	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4591	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4592	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4593	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4594	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4595	(iii) that the applicant's physical facilities comply with the requirements established by
4596	rule; and
4597	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4598	(A) the standards for a hair design school, including staff and accreditation
4599	requirements, established by rule; and
4600	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as
4601	described in Subsection (22).
4602	(17) Each applicant for licensure as a nail technician shall:
4603	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4604	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
4605	(c) be of good moral character;
4606	(d) provide satisfactory documentation of:
4607	(i) graduation from a licensed or recognized nail technology school, or a licensed or
4608	recognized cosmetology/barber school, whose curriculum consists of not less than 300 hours of
4609	instruction, or the equivalent number of credit hours;
4610	(ii) (A) graduation from a recognized nail technology school located in a state other
4611	than Utah whose curriculum consists of less than 300 hours of instruction or the equivalent
4612	number of credit hours; and
4613	(B) practice as a licensed nail technician in a state other than Utah for not less than the
4614	number of hours required to equal 300 total hours when added to the hours of instruction
4615	described in Subsection (17)(d)(ii)(A); or

4616	(iii) completion of an approved nail technician apprenticeship; and
4617	(e) meet the examination requirement established by division rule.
4618	(18) Each applicant for licensure as a nail technician instructor shall:
4619	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4620	(b) subject to Subsection (24), pay a fee determined by the department under Section
4621	63J-1-504;
4622	(c) provide satisfactory documentation that the applicant is currently licensed as a nail
4623	technician;
4624	(d) be of good moral character;
4625	(e) provide satisfactory documentation of completion of:
4626	(i) an instructor training program conducted by a licensed or recognized school, as
4627	defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 75 hours or the equivalent number of credit hours;
4628	(ii) an on-the-job instructor training program conducted by a licensed instructor at a
4629	licensed or recognized school, as defined by rule, consisting of a minimum of 75 hours or the
4630	equivalent number of credit hours; or
4631	(iii) a minimum of 600 hours of experience in nail technology; and
4632	(f) meet the examination requirement established by rule.
4633	(19) Each applicant for licensure as a nail technology school shall:
4634	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
4635	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504; and
4636	(c) provide satisfactory documentation:
4637	(i) of appropriate registration with the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code;
4638	(ii) of business licensure from the city, town, or county in which the school is located;
4639	(iii) that the applicant's facilities comply with the requirements established by rule; and
4640	(iv) that the applicant meets:
4641	(A) the standards for nail technology schools, including staff, curriculum, and
4642	accreditation requirements, established by rule; and
4643	(B) the requirements for recognition as an institution of postsecondary study as
4644	described in Subsection (22).
4645	(20) Each applicant for licensure under this chapter whose education in the field for
4646	which a license is sought was completed at a foreign school may satisfy the educational

requirement for licensure by demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the division, the educationalequivalency of the foreign school education with a licensed school under this chapter.

4649 (21) (a) A licensed or recognized school under this section shall accept credit hours
4650 towards graduation for documented, relevant, and substantially equivalent coursework
4651 previously completed by:

4652 (i) a student that did not complete the student's education while attending a different4653 school; or

4654 (ii) a licensee of any other profession listed in this section, based on the licensee's4655 schooling, apprenticeship, or experience.

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
consistent with this section, the division may make rules governing the acceptance of credit
hours under Subsection (21)(a).

4659 (22) A school licensed or applying for licensure under this chapter shall maintain
 4660 recognition as an institution of postsecondary study by meeting the following conditions:

(a) the school shall admit as a regular student only an individual who has earned a
recognized high school diploma or the equivalent of a recognized high school diploma, or who
is beyond the age of compulsory high school attendance as prescribed by [Title 53A, Chapter
11, Students in Public Schools] Title 53G, Chapter 6, Part 2, Compulsory Education; and

(b) the school shall be licensed by name, or in the case of an applicant, shall apply for
licensure by name, under this chapter to offer one or more training programs beyond the
secondary level.

4668 (23) A person seeking to qualify for licensure under this chapter by apprenticing in an 4669 approved apprenticeship shall register with the division as described in Section 58-11a-306.

4670 (24) The department may only charge a fee to a person applying for licensure as any
4671 type of instructor under this chapter if the person is not a licensed instructor in any other
4672 profession under this chapter.

4673 Section 67. Section **58-41-4** is amended to read:

4674

58-41-4. Exemptions from chapter.

4675 (1) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
4676 persons may engage in the practice of speech-language pathology and audiology subject to the
4677 stated circumstances and limitations without being licensed under this chapter:

4678 (a) a qualified person licensed in this state under any law existing in this state prior to4679 May 13, 1975, from engaging in the profession for which he is licensed;

4680 (b) a medical doctor, physician, or surgeon licensed in this state, from engaging in his4681 specialty in the practice of medicine;

4682 (c) a hearing aid dealer or salesman from selling, fitting, adjusting, and repairing
4683 hearing aids, and conducting hearing tests solely for that purpose. However, a hearing aid
4684 dealer may not conduct audiologic testing on persons under the age of 18 years except under
4685 the direct supervision of an audiologist licensed under this chapter;

(d) a person who has obtained a valid and current credential issued by the State Board
of Education while performing specifically the functions of a speech-language pathologist or
audiologist, in no way in his own interest, solely within the confines of and under the direction
and jurisdiction of and only in the academic interest of the schools by which employed in this
state;

(e) a person employed as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist by federal
government agencies or subdivisions or, prior to July 1, 1989, by state or local government
agencies or subdivisions, while specifically performing speech-language pathology or
audiology services in no way in his own interest, solely within the confines of and under the
direction and jurisdiction of and in the specific interest of that agency or subdivision;

4696 (f) a person identified in Subsections (1)(d) and (e) may offer lectures for a fee, or
4697 monetary or other compensation, without being licensed; however, such person may elect to be
4698 subject to the requirements of this chapter;

(g) a person employed by accredited colleges or universities as a speech-language
pathologist or audiologist from performing the services or functions described in this chapter
when they are:

4702 (i) performed solely as an assigned teaching function of employment;

4703 (ii) solely in academic interest and pursuit as a function of that employment;

4704 (iii) in no way for their own interest; and

4705 (iv) provided for no fee, monetary or otherwise, other than their agreed institutional4706 salary;

4707 (h) a person pursuing a course of study leading to a degree in speech-language4708 pathology or audiology while enrolled in an accredited college or university, provided those

activities constitute an assigned, directed, and supervised part of his curricular study, and in no
other interest, and that all examinations, tests, histories, charts, progress notes, reports,
correspondence, and all documents and records which he produces be identified clearly as
having been conducted and prepared by a student in training and that such a person is
obviously identified and designated by appropriate title clearly indicating the training status
and provided that he does not hold himself out directly or indirectly as being qualified to
practice independently;

4716 (i) a person trained in elementary audiometry and qualified to perform basic
4717 audiometric tests while employed by a licensed medical doctor to perform solely for him while
4718 under his direct supervision, the elementary conventional audiometric tests of air conduction
4719 screening, air conduction threshold testing, and tympanometry;

(j) a person while performing as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist for the
purpose of obtaining required professional experience under the provisions of this chapter, if he
meets all training requirements and is professionally responsible to and under the supervision
of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist who holds the CCC or a state license in
speech-language pathology or audiology. This provision is applicable only during the time that
person is obtaining the required professional experience;

(k) a corporation, partnership, trust, association, group practice, or like organization
engaging in speech-language pathology or audiology services without certification or license, if
it acts only through employees or consists only of persons who are licensed under this chapter;

(1) performance of speech-language pathology or audiology services in this state by a
speech-language pathologist or audiologist who is not a resident of this state and is not licensed
under this chapter if those services are performed for no more than one month in any calendar
year in association with a speech-language pathologist or audiologist licensed under this
chapter, and if that person meets the qualifications and requirements for application for
licensure described in Section 58-41-5; and

(m) a person certified under [Title 53A, State System of Public Education] <u>Title 53E</u>,
<u>Public Education System -- State Administration</u>, as a teacher of the deaf, from providing the
services or performing the functions he is certified to perform.

4738 (2) No person is exempt from the requirements of this chapter who performs or4739 provides any services as a speech-language pathologist or audiologist for which a fee, salary,

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- 4740 bonus, gratuity, or compensation of any kind paid by the recipient of the service; or who
- 4741 engages any part of his professional work for a fee practicing in conjunction with, by
- 4742 permission of, or apart from his position of employment as speech-language pathologist or
- 4743 audiologist in any branch or subdivision of local, state, or federal government or as otherwise
- 4744 identified in this section.
- 4745
- 4746

58-61-307. Exemptions from licensure.

Section 68. Section **58-61-307** is amended to read:

- 4747 (1) Except as modified in Section 58-61-301, the exemptions from licensure in Section
 4748 58-1-307 apply to this chapter.
- 4749 (2) In addition to the exemptions from licensure in Section 58-1-307, the following
 4750 when practicing within the scope of the license held, may engage in acts included within the
 4751 definition of practice as a psychologist, subject to the stated circumstances and limitations,
 4752 without being licensed under this chapter:
- 4753 (a) a physician and surgeon or osteopathic physician licensed under Chapter 67, Utah
 4754 Medical Practice Act, or Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
- 4755 (b) a registered psychiatric mental health nurse specialist licensed under Chapter 31b,
 4756 Nurse Practice Act;
- 4757 (c) a recognized member of the clergy while functioning in his ministerial capacity as4758 long as he does not represent himself as or use the title of psychologist;
- (d) an individual who is offering expert testimony in any proceeding before a court,
 administrative hearing, deposition upon the order of any court or other body having power to
 order the deposition, or proceedings before any master, referee, or alternative dispute resolution
 provider;
- 4763 (e) an individual engaged in performing hypnosis who is not licensed under this title in4764 a profession which includes hypnosis in its scope of practice, and who:
- 4765 (i) (A) induces a hypnotic state in a client for the purpose of increasing motivation or4766 altering lifestyles or habits, such as eating or smoking, through hypnosis;
- 4767
- (B) consults with a client to determine current motivation and behavior patterns;
- 4768 (C) prepares the client to enter hypnotic states by explaining how hypnosis works and 4769 what the client will experience;
- 4770 (D) tests clients to determine degrees of suggestibility;

4771 (E) applies hypnotic techniques based on interpretation of consultation results and 4772 analysis of client's motivation and behavior patterns; and 4773 (F) trains clients in self-hypnosis conditioning; 4774 (ii) may not: 4775 (A) engage in the practice of mental health therapy; 4776 (B) represent himself using the title of a license classification in Subsection 58-60-102(5); or 4777 4778 (C) use hypnosis with or treat a medical, psychological, or dental condition defined in 4779 generally recognized diagnostic and statistical manuals of medical, psychological, or dental 4780 disorders: 4781 (f) an individual's exemption from licensure under Subsection 58-1-307(1)(b)4782 terminates when the student's training is no longer supervised by qualified faculty or staff and 4783 the activities are no longer a defined part of the degree program: 4784 (g) an individual holding an earned doctoral degree in psychology who is employed by 4785 an accredited institution of higher education and who conducts research and teaches in that 4786 individual's professional field, but only if the individual does not engage in providing delivery 4787 or supervision of professional services regulated under this chapter to individuals or groups 4788 regardless of whether there is compensation for the services: 4789 (h) any individual who was employed as a psychologist by a state, county, or municipal 4790 agency or other political subdivision of the state prior to July 1, 1981, and who subsequently 4791 has maintained employment as a psychologist in the same state, county, or municipal agency or 4792 other political subdivision while engaged in the performance of his official duties for that 4793 agency or political subdivision; 4794 (i) an individual licensed as a school psychologist under Section [53A-6-104]4795 53E-6-201: 4796 (i) may represent himself as and use the terms "school psychologist" or "licensed 4797 school psychologist"; and 4798 (ii) is restricted in his practice to employment within settings authorized by the State 4799 Board of Education; 4800 (i) an individual providing advice or counsel to another individual in a setting of their 4801 association as friends or relatives and in a nonprofessional and noncommercial relationship, if

4802	there is no compensation paid for the advice or counsel; and
4803	(k) an individual who is licensed, in good standing, to practice mental health therapy in
4804	a state or territory of the United States outside of Utah may provide short term transitional
4805	mental health therapy remotely to a client in Utah only if:
4806	(i) the individual is present in the state or territory where the individual is licensed to
4807	practice mental health therapy;
4808	(ii) the client relocates to Utah;
4809	(iii) the client is a client of the individual immediately before the client relocates to
4810	Utah;
4811	(iv) the individual provides the short term transitional mental health therapy to the
4812	client only during the 45 day period beginning on the day on which the client relocates to Utah;
4813	(v) within 10 days after the day on which the client relocates to Utah, the individual
4814	provides written notice to the division of the individual's intent to provide short term
4815	transitional mental health therapy remotely to the client; and
4816	(vi) the individual does not engage in unlawful conduct or unprofessional conduct.
4817	Section 69. Section 59-2-102 is amended to read:
4818	59-2-102. Definitions.
4819	As used in this chapter and title:
4820	(1) "Aerial applicator" means aircraft or rotorcraft used exclusively for the purpose of
4821	engaging in dispensing activities directly affecting agriculture or horticulture with an
4822	airworthiness certificate from the Federal Aviation Administration certifying the aircraft or
4823	rotorcraft's use for agricultural and pest control purposes.
4824	(2) "Air charter service" means an air carrier operation that requires the customer to
4825	hire an entire aircraft rather than book passage in whatever capacity is available on a scheduled
4826	trip.
4827	(3) "Air contract service" means an air carrier operation available only to customers
4828	that engage the services of the carrier through a contractual agreement and excess capacity on
4829	any trip and is not available to the public at large.
4830	(4) "Aircraft" means the same as that term is defined in Section 72-10-102.
4831	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), "airline" means an air carrier that:
4832	(i) operates:

4833	(A) on an interstate route; and
4834	(B) on a scheduled basis; and
4835	(ii) offers to fly one or more passengers or cargo on the basis of available capacity on a
4836	regularly scheduled route.
4837	(b) "Airline" does not include an:
4838	(i) air charter service; or
4839	(ii) air contract service.
4840	(6) "Assessment roll" means a permanent record of the assessment of property as
4841	assessed by the county assessor and the commission and may be maintained manually or as a
4842	computerized file as a consolidated record or as multiple records by type, classification, or
4843	categories.
4844	(7) "Base parcel" means a parcel of property that was legally:
4845	(a) subdivided into two or more lots, parcels, or other divisions of land; or
4846	(b) (i) combined with one or more other parcels of property; and
4847	(ii) subdivided into two or more lots, parcels, or other divisions of land.
4848	(8) (a) "Certified revenue levy" means a property tax levy that provides an amount of
4849	ad valorem property tax revenue equal to the sum of:
4850	(i) the amount of ad valorem property tax revenue to be generated statewide in the
4851	previous year from imposing a school minimum basic tax rate, as specified in Section
4852	[53A-17a-135] 53F-2-301, or multicounty assessing and collecting levy, as specified in Section
4853	59-2-1602; and
4854	(ii) the product of:
4855	(A) eligible new growth, as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
4856	(B) the school minimum basic tax rate or multicounty assessing and collecting levy
4857	certified by the commission for the previous year.
4858	(b) For purposes of this Subsection (8), "ad valorem property tax revenue" does not
4859	include property tax revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is:
4860	(i) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
4861	(ii) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
4862	(c) For purposes of calculating the certified revenue levy described in this Subsection
4863	(8), the commission shall use:

4864	(i) the taxable value of real property assessed by a county assessor contained on the
4865	assessment roll;
4866	(ii) the taxable value of real and personal property assessed by the commission; and
4867	(iii) the taxable year end value of personal property assessed by a county assessor
4868	contained on the prior year's assessment roll.
4869	(9) "County-assessed commercial vehicle" means:
4870	(a) any commercial vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer that is not apportioned under Section
4871	41-1a-301 and is not operated interstate to transport the vehicle owner's goods or property in
4872	furtherance of the owner's commercial enterprise;
4873	(b) any passenger vehicle owned by a business and used by its employees for
4874	transportation as a company car or vanpool vehicle; and
4875	(c) vehicles that are:
4876	(i) especially constructed for towing or wrecking, and that are not otherwise used to
4877	transport goods, merchandise, or people for compensation;
4878	(ii) used or licensed as taxicabs or limousines;
4879	(iii) used as rental passenger cars, travel trailers, or motor homes;
4880	(iv) used or licensed in this state for use as ambulances or hearses;
4881	(v) especially designed and used for garbage and rubbish collection; or
4882	(vi) used exclusively to transport students or their instructors to or from any private,
4883	public, or religious school or school activities.
4884	(10) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (10)(b), for purposes of Section 59-2-801,
4885	"designated tax area" means a tax area created by the overlapping boundaries of only the
4886	following taxing entities:
4887	(i) a county; and
4888	(ii) a school district.
4889	(b) "Designated tax area" includes a tax area created by the overlapping boundaries of
4890	the taxing entities described in Subsection (10)(a) and:
4891	(i) a city or town if the boundaries of the school district under Subsection (10)(a) and
4892	the boundaries of the city or town are identical; or
4893	(ii) a special service district if the boundaries of the school district under Subsection
4894	(10)(a) are located entirely within the special service district.

4895	(11) "Eligible judgment" means a final and unappealable judgment or order under
4896	Section 59-2-1330:
4897	(a) that became a final and unappealable judgment or order no more than 14 months
4898	before the day on which the notice described in Section 59-2-919.1 is required to be provided;
4899	and
4900	(b) for which a taxing entity's share of the final and unappealable judgment or order is
4901	greater than or equal to the lesser of:
4902	(i) \$5,000; or
4903	(ii) 2.5% of the total ad valorem property taxes collected by the taxing entity in the
4904	previous fiscal year.
4905	(12) (a) "Escaped property" means any property, whether personal, land, or any
4906	improvements to the property, that is subject to taxation and is:
4907	(i) inadvertently omitted from the tax rolls, assigned to the incorrect parcel, or assessed
4908	to the wrong taxpayer by the assessing authority;
4909	(ii) undervalued or omitted from the tax rolls because of the failure of the taxpayer to
4910	comply with the reporting requirements of this chapter; or
4911	(iii) undervalued because of errors made by the assessing authority based upon
4912	incomplete or erroneous information furnished by the taxpayer.
4913	(b) "Escaped property" does not include property that is undervalued because of the use
4914	of a different valuation methodology or because of a different application of the same valuation
4915	methodology.
4916	(13) "Fair market value" means the amount at which property would change hands
4917	between a willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or sell
4918	and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant facts. For purposes of taxation, "fair
4919	market value" shall be determined using the current zoning laws applicable to the property in
4920	question, except in cases where there is a reasonable probability of a change in the zoning laws
4921	affecting that property in the tax year in question and the change would have an appreciable
4922	influence upon the value.
4923	(14) (a) "Farm machinery and equipment," for purposes of the exemption provided
4924	under Section 59-2-1101, means tractors, milking equipment and storage and cooling facilities,
4925	feed handling equipment, irrigation equipment, harvesters, choppers, grain drills and planters,

4926	tillage tools, scales, combines, spreaders, sprayers, having equipment, including balers and
4927	cubers, and any other machinery or equipment used primarily for agricultural purposes.
4928	(b) "Farm machinery and equipment" does not include vehicles required to be
4929	registered with the Motor Vehicle Division or vehicles or other equipment used for business
4930	purposes other than farming.
4931	(15) "Geothermal fluid" means water in any form at temperatures greater than 120
4932	degrees centigrade naturally present in a geothermal system.
4933	(16) "Geothermal resource" means:
4934	(a) the natural heat of the earth at temperatures greater than 120 degrees centigrade;
4935	and
4936	(b) the energy, in whatever form, including pressure, present in, resulting from, created
4937	by, or which may be extracted from that natural heat, directly or through a material medium.
4938	(17) (a) "Goodwill" means:
4939	(i) acquired goodwill that is reported as goodwill on the books and records that a
4940	taxpayer maintains for financial reporting purposes; or
4941	(ii) the ability of a business to:
4942	(A) generate income that exceeds a normal rate of return on assets and that results from
4943	a factor described in Subsection (17)(b); or
4944	(B) obtain an economic or competitive advantage resulting from a factor described in
4945	Subsection (17)(b).
4946	(b) The following factors apply to Subsection (17)(a)(ii):
4947	(i) superior management skills;
4948	(ii) reputation;
4949	(iii) customer relationships;
4950	(iv) patronage; or
4951	(v) a factor similar to Subsections (17)(b)(i) through (iv).
4952	(c) "Goodwill" does not include:
4953	(i) the intangible property described in Subsection (21)(a) or (b);
4954	(ii) locational attributes of real property, including:
4955	(A) zoning;
4956	(B) location;

4957	(C) view;
4958	(D) a geographic feature;
4959	(E) an easement;
4960	(F) a covenant;
4961	(G) proximity to raw materials;
4962	(H) the condition of surrounding property; or
4963	(I) proximity to markets;
4964	(iii) value attributable to the identification of an improvement to real property,
4965	including:
4966	(A) reputation of the designer, builder, or architect of the improvement;
4967	(B) a name given to, or associated with, the improvement; or
4968	(C) the historic significance of an improvement; or
4969	(iv) the enhancement or assemblage value specifically attributable to the interrelation
4970	of the existing tangible property in place working together as a unit.
4971	(18) "Governing body" means:
4972	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
4973	(b) for a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities -
4974	Local Districts, the local district's board of trustees;
4975	(c) for a school district, the local board of education; or
4976	(d) for a special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District
4977	Act:
4978	(i) the legislative body of the county or municipality that created the special service
4979	district, to the extent that the county or municipal legislative body has not delegated authority
4980	to an administrative control board established under Section 17D-1-301; or
4981	(ii) the administrative control board, to the extent that the county or municipal
4982	legislative body has delegated authority to an administrative control board established under
4983	Section 17D-1-301.
4984	(19) (a) For purposes of Section $59-2-103$:
4985	(i) "household" means the association of individuals who live in the same dwelling,
4986	sharing its furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and expenses; and
4987	(ii) "household" includes married individuals, who are not legally separated, that have

4987 (ii) "household" includes married individuals, who are not legally separated, that have

4988	established domiciles at separate locations within the state.
4989	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4990	commission may make rules defining the term "domicile."
4991	(20) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (20)(c), "improvement" means a building,
4992	structure, fixture, fence, or other item that is permanently attached to land, regardless of
4993	whether the title has been acquired to the land, if:
4994	(i) (A) attachment to land is essential to the operation or use of the item; and
4995	(B) the manner of attachment to land suggests that the item will remain attached to the
4996	land in the same place over the useful life of the item; or
4997	(ii) removal of the item would:
4998	(A) cause substantial damage to the item; or
4999	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of a structure to which the item is attached.
5000	(b) "Improvement" includes:
5001	(i) an accessory to an item described in Subsection (20)(a) if the accessory is:
5002	(A) essential to the operation of the item described in Subsection (20)(a); and
5003	(B) installed solely to serve the operation of the item described in Subsection (20)(a);
5004	and
5005	(ii) an item described in Subsection (20)(a) that is temporarily detached from the land
5006	for repairs and remains located on the land.
5007	(c) "Improvement" does not include:
5008	(i) an item considered to be personal property pursuant to rules made in accordance
5009	with Section 59-2-107;
5010	(ii) a moveable item that is attached to land for stability only or for an obvious
5011	temporary purpose;
5012	(iii) (A) manufacturing equipment and machinery; or
5013	(B) essential accessories to manufacturing equipment and machinery;
5014	(iv) an item attached to the land in a manner that facilitates removal without substantial
5015	damage to the land or the item; or
5016	(v) a transportable factory-built housing unit as defined in Section 59-2-1502 if that
5017	transportable factory-built housing unit is considered to be personal property under Section
5018	59-2-1503.

5019	(21) "Intangible property" means:
5020	(a) property that is capable of private ownership separate from tangible property,
5020	including:
5021	(i) money;
5022	(i) money, (ii) credits;
5025	(ii) bonds;
5024	(iv) stocks;
5025	(v) representative property;
5020 5027	(v) representative property, (vi) franchises;
5027	(vii) licenses;
5028 5029	
	(viii) trade names;
5030	(ix) copyrights; and
5031	 (x) patents; (b) a large income handing target and lite
5032	(b) a low-income housing tax credit;
5033	(c) goodwill; or
5034	(d) a renewable energy tax credit or incentive, including:
5035	(i) a federal renewable energy production tax credit under Section 45, Internal Revenue
5036	Code;
5037	(ii) a federal energy credit for qualified renewable electricity production facilities under
5038	Section 48, Internal Revenue Code;
5039	(iii) a federal grant for a renewable energy property under American Recovery and
5040	Reinvestment Act of 2009, Pub. L. No. 111-5, Section 1603; and
5041	(iv) a tax credit under Subsection 59-7-614(5).
5042	(22) "Livestock" means:
5043	(a) a domestic animal;
5044	(b) a fish;
5045	(c) a fur-bearing animal;
5046	(d) a honeybee; or
5047	(e) poultry.
5048	(23) "Low-income housing tax credit" means:
5049	(a) a federal low-income housing tax credit under Section 42, Internal Revenue Code;

5050	or
5051	(b) a low-income housing tax credit under Section 59-7-607 or Section 59-10-1010.
5052	(24) "Metalliferous minerals" includes gold, silver, copper, lead, zinc, and uranium.
5053	(25) "Mine" means a natural deposit of either metalliferous or nonmetalliferous
5054	valuable mineral.
5055	(26) "Mining" means the process of producing, extracting, leaching, evaporating, or
5056	otherwise removing a mineral from a mine.
5057	(27) (a) "Mobile flight equipment" means tangible personal property that is owned or
5058	operated by an air charter service, air contract service, or airline and:
5059	(i) is capable of flight or is attached to an aircraft that is capable of flight; or
5060	(ii) is contained in an aircraft that is capable of flight if the tangible personal property
5061	is intended to be used:
5062	(A) during multiple flights;
5063	(B) during a takeoff, flight, or landing; and
5064	(C) as a service provided by an air charter service, air contract service, or airline.
5065	(b) (i) "Mobile flight equipment" does not include a spare part other than a spare
5066	engine that is rotated at regular intervals with an engine that is attached to the aircraft.
5067	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
5068	commission may make rules defining the term "regular intervals."
5069	(28) "Nonmetalliferous minerals" includes, but is not limited to, oil, gas, coal, salts,
5070	sand, rock, gravel, and all carboniferous materials.
5071	(29) "Part-year residential property" means property that is not residential property on
5072	January 1 of a calendar year but becomes residential property after January 1 of the calendar
5073	year.
5074	(30) "Personal property" includes:
5075	(a) every class of property as defined in Subsection (31) that is the subject of
5076	ownership and is not real estate or an improvement;
5077	(b) any pipe laid in or affixed to land whether or not the ownership of the pipe is
5078	separate from the ownership of the underlying land, even if the pipe meets the definition of an
5079	improvement;
5080	(c) bridges and ferries;

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5081 (d) livestock; and

5082 (e) outdoor advertising structures as defined in Section 72-7-502.

5083 (31) (a) "Property" means property that is subject to assessment and taxation according 5084 to its value.

5085

(b) "Property" does not include intangible property as defined in this section.

5086 (32) "Public utility" means:

(a) for purposes of this chapter, the operating property of a railroad, gas corporation, oil
or gas transportation or pipeline company, coal slurry pipeline company, electrical corporation,
telephone corporation, sewerage corporation, or heat corporation where the company performs
the service for, or delivers the commodity to, the public generally or companies serving the
public generally, or in the case of a gas corporation or an electrical corporation, where the gas
or electricity is sold or furnished to any member or consumers within the state for domestic,
commercial, or industrial use; and

(b) the operating property of any entity or person defined under Section 54-2-1 exceptwater corporations.

5096 (33) (a) Subject to Subsection (33)(b), "qualifying exempt primary residential rental
5097 personal property" means household furnishings, furniture, and equipment that:

5098 (i) are used exclusively within a dwelling unit that is the primary residence of a tenant;

5099 (ii) are owned by the owner of the dwelling unit that is the primary residence of a 5100 tenant; and

5101 (iii) after applying the residential exemption described in Section 59-2-103, are exempt 5102 from taxation under this chapter in accordance with Subsection 59-2-1115(2).

(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
commission may by rule define the term "dwelling unit" for purposes of this Subsection (33)
and Subsection (36).

5106

(34) "Real estate" or "real property" includes:

5107

(a) the possession of, claim to, ownership of, or right to the possession of land;

(b) all mines, minerals, and quarries in and under the land, all timber belonging to
individuals or corporations growing or being on the lands of this state or the United States, and
all rights and privileges appertaining to these; and

5111 (c) improvements.

5112	(35) (a) "Relationship with an owner of the property's land surface rights" means a
5113	relationship described in Subsection 267(b), Internal Revenue Code, except that the term 25%
5114	shall be substituted for the term 50% in Subsection 267(b), Internal Revenue Code.
5115	(b) For purposes of determining if a relationship described in Subsection 267(b),
5116	Internal Revenue Code, exists, the ownership of stock shall be determined using the ownership
5117	rules in Subsection 267(c), Internal Revenue Code.
5118	(36) (a) Subject to Subsection (36)(b), "residential property," for purposes of the
5119	reductions and adjustments under this chapter, means any property used for residential
5120	purposes as a primary residence.
5121	(b) Subject to Subsection (36)(c), "residential property":
5122	(i) except as provided in Subsection (36)(b)(ii), includes household furnishings,
5123	furniture, and equipment if the household furnishings, furniture, and equipment are:
5124	(A) used exclusively within a dwelling unit that is the primary residence of a tenant;
5125	and
5126	(B) owned by the owner of the dwelling unit that is the primary residence of a tenant;
5127	and
5128	(ii) does not include property used for transient residential use.
5129	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
5130	commission may by rule define the term "dwelling unit" for purposes of Subsection (33) and
5131	this Subsection (36).
5132	(37) "Split estate mineral rights owner" means a person that:
5133	(a) has a legal right to extract a mineral from property;
5134	(b) does not hold more than a 25% interest in:
5135	(i) the land surface rights of the property where the wellhead is located; or
5136	(ii) an entity with an ownership interest in the land surface rights of the property where
5137	the wellhead is located;
5138	(c) is not an entity in which the owner of the land surface rights of the property where
5139	the wellhead is located holds more than a 25% interest; and
5140	(d) does not have a relationship with an owner of the land surface rights of the property
5141	where the wellhead is located.
5142	(38) (a) "State-assessed commercial vehicle" means:

5143	(i) any commercial vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer that operates interstate or intrastate to
5144	transport passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire; or
5145	(ii) any commercial vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer that operates interstate and transports
5146	the vehicle owner's goods or property in furtherance of the owner's commercial enterprise.
5147	(b) "State-assessed commercial vehicle" does not include vehicles used for hire that are
5148	specified in Subsection (9)(c) as county-assessed commercial vehicles.
5149	(39) "Subdivided lot" means a lot, parcel, or other division of land, that is a division of
5150	a base parcel.
5151	(40) "Taxable value" means fair market value less any applicable reduction allowed for
5152	residential property under Section 59-2-103.
5153	(41) "Tax area" means a geographic area created by the overlapping boundaries of one
5154	or more taxing entities.
5155	(42) "Taxing entity" means any county, city, town, school district, special taxing
5156	district, local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local
5157	Districts, or other political subdivision of the state with the authority to levy a tax on property.
5158	(43) (a) "Tax roll" means a permanent record of the taxes charged on property, as
5159	extended on the assessment roll, and may be maintained on the same record or records as the
5160	assessment roll or may be maintained on a separate record properly indexed to the assessment
5161	roll.
5162	(b) "Tax roll" includes tax books, tax lists, and other similar materials.
5163	Section 70. Section 59-2-918.6 is amended to read:
5164	59-2-918.6. New and remaining school district budgets Advertisement Public
5165	hearing.
5166	(1) As used in this section, "existing school district," "new school district," and
5167	"remaining school district" are as defined in Section [53A-2-117] 53G-3-102.
5168	(2) For the first fiscal year in which a new school district created under Section
5169	[53A-2-118.1] 53G-3-302 assumes responsibility for providing student instruction, the new
5170	school district and the remaining school district or districts may not impose a property tax
5171	unless the district imposing the tax:
5172	(a) advertises its intention to do so in accordance with Subsection (3); and
5173	(b) holds a public hearing in accordance with Subsection (4).

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5174	(3) The advertisement required by this section:
5175	(a) may be combined with the advertisement described in Section 59-2-919;
5176	(b) shall be at least 1/4 of a page in size and shall meet the type, placement, and
5177	frequency requirements established under Section 59-2-919; and
5178	(c) shall specify the date, time, and location of the public hearing at which the levy will
5179	be considered and shall set forth the total amount of the district's proposed property tax levy
5180	and the tax impact on an average residential and business property located within the taxing
5181	entity compared to the property tax levy imposed in the prior year by the existing school
5182	district.
5183	(4) (a) The date, time, and place of public hearings required by this section shall be
5184	included on the notice provided to property owners pursuant to Section 59-2-919.1.
5185	(b) If a final decision regarding the property tax levy is not made at the public hearing,
5186	the school district shall announce at the public hearing the scheduled time and place for
5187	consideration and adoption of the budget and property tax levies.
5188	Section 71. Section 59-2-919 is amended to read:
5189	59-2-919. Notice and public hearing requirements for certain tax increases
5190	Exceptions.
5191	(1) As used in this section:
5192	(a) "Additional ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue
5193	generated by the portion of the tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax rate.
5194	(b) "Ad valorem tax revenue" means ad valorem property tax revenue not including
5195	revenue from:
5196	(i) eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924; or
5197	(ii) personal property that is:
5198	(A) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
5199	(B) semiconductor manufacturing equipment.
5200	(c) "Calendar year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year
5201	that begins on January 1 and ends on December 31.
5202	(d) "County executive calendar year taxing entity" means a calendar year taxing entity
5203	that operates under the county executive-council form of government described in Section

5204 17-52-504.

5205	(e) "Current calendar year" means the calendar year immediately preceding the
5206	calendar year for which a calendar year taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
5207	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate.
5208	(f) "Fiscal year taxing entity" means a taxing entity that operates under a fiscal year that
5209	begins on July 1 and ends on June 30.
5210	(g) "Last year's property tax budgeted revenue" does not include revenue received by a
5211	taxing entity from a debt service levy voted on by the public.
5212	(2) A taxing entity may not levy a tax rate that exceeds the taxing entity's certified tax
5213	rate unless the taxing entity meets:
5214	(a) the requirements of this section that apply to the taxing entity; and
5215	(b) all other requirements as may be required by law.
5216	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (5), a calendar
5217	year taxing entity may levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
5218	rate if the calendar year taxing entity:
5219	(i) 14 or more days before the date of the regular general election or municipal general
5220	election held in the current calendar year, states at a public meeting:
5221	(A) that the calendar year taxing entity intends to levy a tax rate that exceeds the
5222	calendar year taxing entity's certified tax rate;
5223	(B) the dollar amount of and purpose for additional ad valorem tax revenue that would
5224	be generated by the proposed increase in the certified tax rate; and
5225	(C) the approximate percentage increase in ad valorem tax revenue for the taxing entity
5226	based on the proposed increase described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(B);
5227	(ii) provides notice for the public meeting described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) in
5228	accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, including providing a
5229	separate item on the meeting agenda that notifies the public that the calendar year taxing entity
5230	intends to make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i);
5231	(iii) meets the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and (7) before the
5232	calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by Subsection (3)(a)(v);
5233	(iv) provides notice by mail:
5234	(A) seven or more days before the regular general election or municipal general
5235	election held in the current calendar year; and

5236	(B) as provided in Subsection (3)(c); and
5237	(v) conducts a public hearing that is held:
5238	(A) in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9); and
5239	(B) in conjunction with the public hearing required by Section 17-36-13 or 17B-1-610.
5240	(b) (i) For a county executive calendar year taxing entity, the statement described in
5241	Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made by the:
5242	(A) county council;
5243	(B) county executive; or
5244	(C) both the county council and county executive.
5245	(ii) If the county council makes the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) or the
5246	county council states a dollar amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue that is greater than
5247	the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue previously stated by the county executive in
5248	accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i), the county executive calendar year taxing entity shall:
5249	(A) make the statement described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) 14 or more days before the
5250	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing under Subsection
5251	(3)(a)(v); and
5252	(B) provide the notice required by Subsection (3)(a)(iv) 14 or more days before the
5253	county executive calendar year taxing entity conducts the public hearing required by
5254	Subsection (3)(a)(v).
5255	(c) The notice described in Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
5256	(i) shall be mailed to each owner of property:
5257	(A) within the calendar year taxing entity; and
5258	(B) listed on the assessment roll;
5259	(ii) shall be printed on a separate form that:
5260	(A) is developed by the commission;
5261	(B) states at the top of the form, in bold upper-case type no smaller than 18 point
5262	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE"; and
5263	(C) may be mailed with the notice required by Section 59-2-1317;
5264	(iii) shall contain for each property described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
5265	(A) the value of the property for the current calendar year;
5266	(B) the tax on the property for the current calendar year; and

5267	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(d), for the calendar year for which the calendar year
5268	taxing entity seeks to levy a tax rate that exceeds the calendar year taxing entity's certified tax
5269	rate, the estimated tax on the property;
5270	(iv) shall contain the following statement:
5271	"[Insert name of taxing entity] is proposing a tax increase for [insert applicable calendar
5272	year]. This notice contains estimates of the tax on your property and the proposed tax increase
5273	on your property as a result of this tax increase. These estimates are calculated on the basis of
5274	[insert previous applicable calendar year] data. The actual tax on your property and proposed
5275	tax increase on your property may vary from this estimate.";
5276	(v) shall state the date, time, and place of the public hearing described in Subsection
5277	(3)(a)(v); and
5278	(vi) may contain other property tax information approved by the commission.
5279	(d) For purposes of Subsection (3)(c)(iii)(C), a calendar year taxing entity shall
5280	calculate the estimated tax on property on the basis of:
5281	(i) data for the current calendar year; and
5282	(ii) the amount of additional ad valorem tax revenue stated in accordance with this
5283	section.
5284	(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a fiscal year taxing entity may levy a tax rate
5285	that exceeds the fiscal year taxing entity's certified tax rate if the fiscal year taxing entity:
5286	(a) provides notice by meeting the advertisement requirements of Subsections (6) and
5287	(7) before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts the public meeting at which the fiscal year
5288	taxing entity's annual budget is adopted; and
5289	(b) conducts a public hearing in accordance with Subsections (8) and (9) before the
5290	fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget is adopted.
5291	(5) (a) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice or public hearing requirements
5292	of Subsection (3) or (4) if the taxing entity is expressly exempted by law from complying with
5293	the requirements of this section.
5294	(b) A taxing entity is not required to meet the notice requirements of Subsection (3) or
5295	(4) if:
5296	(i) Section $[\frac{53A-17a-133}]$ $\frac{53F-8-301}{2}$ allows the taxing entity to levy a tax rate that
5297	exceeds that certified tax rate without having to comply with the notice provisions of this

5298	section; or
5299	(ii) the taxing entity:
5300	(A) budgeted less than \$20,000 in ad valorem tax revenues for the previous fiscal year;
5301	and
5302	(B) sets a budget during the current fiscal year of less than \$20,000 of ad valorem tax
5303	revenues.
5304	(6) (a) Subject to Subsections (6)(d) and (7)(b), the advertisement described in this
5305	section shall be published:
5306	(i) subject to Section 45-1-101, in a newspaper or combination of newspapers of
5307	general circulation in the taxing entity;
5308	(ii) electronically in accordance with Section 45-1-101; and
5309	(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701.
5310	(b) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
5311	(i) be no less than 1/4 page in size;
5312	(ii) use type no smaller than 18 point; and
5313	(iii) be surrounded by a 1/4-inch border.
5314	(c) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) may not be placed in that
5315	portion of the newspaper where legal notices and classified advertisements appear.
5316	(d) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
5317	(i) whenever possible, the advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) appear in a
5318	newspaper that is published at least one day per week; and
5319	(ii) the newspaper or combination of newspapers selected:
5320	(A) be of general interest and readership in the taxing entity; and
5321	(B) not be of limited subject matter.
5322	(e) (i) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall:
5323	(A) except as provided in Subsection (6)(f), be run once each week for the two weeks
5324	before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described under Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b);
5325	and
5326	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
5327	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
5328	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain

5329	the reasons for the proposed increase.
5330	(ii) The advertisement described in Subsection (6)(a)(ii) shall:
5331	(A) be published two weeks before a taxing entity conducts a public hearing described
5332	in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b); and
5333	(B) state that the taxing entity will meet on a certain day, time, and place fixed in the
5334	advertisement, which shall be seven or more days after the day the first advertisement is
5335	published, for the purpose of hearing comments regarding any proposed increase and to explain
5336	the reasons for the proposed increase.
5337	(f) If a fiscal year taxing entity's public hearing information is published by the county
5338	auditor in accordance with Section 59-2-919.2, the fiscal year taxing entity is not subject to the
5339	requirement to run the advertisement twice, as required by Subsection (6)(e)(i), but shall run
5340	the advertisement once during the week before the fiscal year taxing entity conducts a public
5341	hearing at which the taxing entity's annual budget is discussed.
5342	(g) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) or (4)(a), the form and content of an
5343	advertisement shall be substantially as follows:
5344	"NOTICE OF PROPOSED TAX INCREASE
5345	(NAME OF TAXING ENTITY)
5346	The (name of the taxing entity) is proposing to increase its property tax revenue.
5347	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the average value of a residence
5348	in the taxing entity rounded to the nearest thousand dollars) residence would
5349	increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
5350	• The (name of the taxing entity) tax on a (insert the value of a business having
5351	the same value as the average value of a residence in the taxing entity) business
5352	would increase from \$ to \$, which is \$ per year.
5353	• If the proposed budget is approved, (name of the taxing entity) would increase
5354	its property tax budgeted revenue by% above last year's property tax
5355	budgeted revenue excluding eligible new growth.
5356	All concerned citizens are invited to a public hearing on the tax increase.
5357	PUBLIC HEARING
5358	Date/Time: (date) (time)
5359	Location: (name of meeting place and address of meeting place)

5360	To obtain more information regarding the tax increase, citizens may contact the (name
5361	of the taxing entity) at (phone number of taxing entity)."
5362	(7) The commission:
5363	(a) shall adopt rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
5364	Rulemaking Act, governing the joint use of one advertisement described in Subsection (6) by
5365	two or more taxing entities; and
5366	(b) subject to Section 45-1-101, may authorize:
5367	(i) the use of a weekly newspaper:
5368	(A) in a county having both daily and weekly newspapers if the weekly newspaper
5369	would provide equal or greater notice to the taxpayer; and
5370	(B) if the county petitions the commission for the use of the weekly newspaper; or
5371	(ii) the use by a taxing entity of a commission approved direct notice to each taxpayer
5372	if:
5373	(A) the cost of the advertisement would cause undue hardship;
5374	(B) the direct notice is different and separate from that provided for in Section
5375	59-2-919.1; and
5376	(C) the taxing entity petitions the commission for the use of a commission approved
5377	direct notice.
5378	(8) (a) (i) (A) A fiscal year taxing entity shall, on or before March 1, notify the county
5379	legislative body in which the fiscal year taxing entity is located of the date, time, and place of
5380	the first public hearing at which the fiscal year taxing entity's annual budget will be discussed.
5381	(B) A county that receives notice from a fiscal year taxing entity under Subsection
5382	(8)(a)(i)(A) shall include on the notice required by Section 59-2-919.1 the date, time, and place
5383	of the public hearing described in Subsection (8)(a)(i)(A).
5384	(ii) A calendar year taxing entity shall, on or before October 1 of the current calendar
5385	year, notify the county legislative body in which the calendar year taxing entity is located of the
5386	date, time, and place of the first public hearing at which the calendar year taxing entity's annual
5387	budget will be discussed.
5388	(b) (i) A public hearing described in Subsection $(3)(a)(v)$ or $(4)(b)$ shall be open to the
5389	public.
5390	(ii) The governing body of a taxing entity conducting a public hearing described in

5391 Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) shall provide an interested party desiring to be heard an 5392 opportunity to present oral testimony within reasonable time limits.

(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (8)(c)(ii), a taxing entity may not schedule a
public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) at the same time as the public hearing
of another overlapping taxing entity in the same county.

(ii) The taxing entities in which the power to set tax levies is vested in the same
governing board or authority may consolidate the public hearings described in Subsection
(3)(a)(v) or (4)(b) into one public hearing.

(d) A county legislative body shall resolve any conflict in public hearing dates andtimes after consultation with each affected taxing entity.

(e) A taxing entity shall hold a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or
(4)(b) beginning at or after 6 p.m.

(9) (a) If a taxing entity does not make a final decision on budgeting additional ad
valorem tax revenue at a public hearing described in Subsection (3)(a)(v) or (4)(b), the taxing
entity shall announce at that public hearing the scheduled time and place of the next public
meeting at which the taxing entity will consider budgeting the additional ad valorem tax
revenue.

5408 (b) A calendar year taxing entity may not adopt a final budget that budgets an amount 5409 of additional ad valorem tax revenue that exceeds the largest amount of additional ad valorem 5410 tax revenue stated at a public meeting under Subsection (3)(a)(i).

5411 (c) A public hearing on levying a tax rate that exceeds a fiscal year taxing entity's 5412 certified tax rate may coincide with a public hearing on the fiscal year taxing entity's proposed 5413 annual budget.

5414 Section 72. Section **59-2-924** is amended to read:

541559-2-924. Definitions -- Report of valuation of property to county auditor and5416commission -- Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies -- Calculation of certified tax5417rate -- Rulemaking authority -- Adoption of tentative budget -- Notice provided by the5418commission.

5419 (1) As used in this section:

5420 (a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with5421 this chapter.

5422	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
5423	(h) Ad valorent property tax revenue does not mendde.(A) interest;
5423	(A) interest, (B) penalties;
5425	(C) collections from redemptions; or(D) revenue received have toxing antity from non-only moments that is consistend water
5426	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor
5427	manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
5428	Assessment.
5429	(b) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
5430	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
5431	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
5432	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
5433	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
5434	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
5435	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
5436	of the taxing entity.
5437	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
5438	end taxable value of personal property that is:
5439	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
5440	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
5441	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
5442	(c) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year
5443	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
5444	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
5445	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
5446	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity; or
5447	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
5448	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
5449	(d) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
5450	(A) zero; or
5451	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
5452	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
	- · · ·

5453	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
5454	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
5455	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
5456	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
5457	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
5458	(e) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
5459	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
5460	(f) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
5461	(i) zero; or
5462	(ii) the sum of:
5463	(A) locally assessed new growth;
5464	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
5465	(C) project area new growth.
5466	(g) "Incremental value" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
5467	(h) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
5468	(A) zero; or
5469	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
5470	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
5471	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
5472	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
5473	for current year incremental value.
5474	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
5475	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
5476	another adjustment;
5477	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
5478	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
5479	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
5480	Assessment Act; or
5481	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
5482	Farming Assessment Act.
5483	(i) "Project area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.

5484	(j) "Project area new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that is
5485	no longer provided to an agency as tax increment.
5486	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
5487	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
5488	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
5489	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
5490	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
5491	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
5492	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
5493	each taxing entity:
5494	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
5495	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
5496	(c) the certified tax rate; and
5497	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
5498	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
5499	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
5500	prior year by the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b).
5501	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
5502	calculate an amount as follows:
5503	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
5504	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
5505	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
5506	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
5507	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
5508	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization
5509	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;
5510	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product
5511	of:
5512	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
5513	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately
5514	preceding the current calendar year; and

5515	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount
5516	determined by subtracting eligible new growth from the amount calculated under Subsection
5517	(4)(b)(iii).
5518	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be
5519	calculated as follows:
5520	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), for a new taxing entity, the certified tax
5521	rate is zero;
5522	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
5523	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
5524	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
5525	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
5526	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in
5527	Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(22); and
5528	(c) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
5529	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be
5530	calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
5531	(i) a school levy provided for under Section [53A-16-113] <u>53F-8-303</u> , [53A-17a-133]
5532	<u>53F-8-301</u> , or [53A-17a-164] <u>53F-8-302</u> ; and
5533	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative
5534	orders under Section 59-2-1602.
5535	(6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be
5536	imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
5537	eligible judgments.
5538	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
5539	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax
5540	rate.
5541	(7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
5542	(i) the taxable value of real property:
5543	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
5544	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
5545	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:

5548 (iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in 5549 accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible newgrowth.

(8) (a) On or before June 22, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.

(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and

(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shallnotify the county auditor of:

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(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and

5556 (ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.

5557 (c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that 5558 exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.

(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim
Committee if:

(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
value; and

(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end
taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in
accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.

5575 (c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by 5576 subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission

5577	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total
5578	year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses
5579	in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
5580	(d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet
5581	the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
5582	Section 73. Section 59-2-926 is amended to read:
5583	59-2-926. Proposed tax increase by state Notice Contents Dates.
5584	If the state authorizes a levy pursuant to Section [53A-17a-135] 53F-2-301 that exceeds
5585	the certified revenue levy as defined in Section [$\frac{53A-17a-103}{53F-2-102}$ or authorizes a levy
5586	pursuant to Section 59-2-1602 that exceeds the certified revenue levy as defined in Section
5587	59-2-102, the state shall publish a notice no later than 10 days after the last day of the annual
5588	legislative general session that meets the following requirements:
5589	(1) (a) The Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst shall advertise that the state
5590	authorized a levy that generates revenue in excess of the previous year's ad valorem tax
5591	revenue, plus eligible new growth as defined in Section 59-2-924, but exclusive of revenue
5592	from collections from redemptions, interest, and penalties:
5593	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the state; and
5594	(ii) as required in Section 45-1-101.
5595	(b) Except an advertisement published on a website, the advertisement described in
5596	Subsection (1)(a):
5597	(i) shall be no less than 1/4 page in size and the type used shall be no smaller than 18
5598	point, and surrounded by a 1/4-inch border;
5599	(ii) may not be placed in that portion of the newspaper where legal notices and
5600	classified advertisements appear; and
5601	(iii) shall be run once.
5602	(2) The form and content of the notice shall be substantially as follows:
5603	"NOTICE OF TAX INCREASE
5604	The state has budgeted an increase in its property tax revenue from \$ to
5605	\$ or%. The increase in property tax revenues will come from the following
5606	sources (include all of the following provisions):
5607	(a) \$ of the increase will come from (provide an explanation of the cause

5608	of adjustment or increased revenues, such as reappraisals or factoring orders);
5609	(b) \$ of the increase will come from natural increases in the value of the
5610	tax base due to (explain cause of eligible new growth, such as new building activity,
5611	annexation, etc.);
5612	(c) a home valued at \$100,000 in the state of Utah which based on last year's (levy for
5613	the basic state-supported school program, levy for the Property Tax Valuation Agency Fund, or
5614	both) paid \$ in property taxes would pay the following:
5615	(i) \$ if the state of Utah did not budget an increase in property tax revenue
5616	exclusive of eligible new growth; and
5617	(ii) \$ under the increased property tax revenues exclusive of eligible new
5618	growth budgeted by the state of Utah."
5619	Section 74. Section 59-2-1101 is amended to read:
5620	59-2-1101. Definitions Exemption of certain property Proportional payments
5621	for certain property County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.
5622	(1) As used in this section:
5623	(a) "Educational purposes" includes:
5624	(i) the physical or mental teaching, training, or conditioning of competitive athletes by
5625	a national governing body of sport recognized by the United States Olympic Committee that
5626	qualifies as being tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; and
5627	(ii) an activity in support of or incidental to the teaching, training, or conditioning
5628	described in Subsection (1)(a)(i).
5629	(b) "Exclusive use exemption" means a property tax exemption under Subsection
5630	(3)(a)(iv), for property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for religious, charitable, or
5631	educational purposes.
5632	(c) "Government exemption" means a property tax exemption provided under
5633	Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii).
5634	(d) "Nonprofit entity" includes an entity if the:
5635	(i) entity is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes;
5636	(ii) entity is wholly owned by, and controlled under the direction of, a nonprofit entity;
5637	and
5638	(iii) net earnings and profits of the entity irrevocably inure to the benefit of a nonprofit

5639	entity.
5640	(e) "Tax relief" means an exemption, deferral, or abatement that is authorized by this
5641	part.
5642	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), tax relief may be allowed only if
5643	the claimant is the owner of the property as of January 1 of the year the exemption is claimed.
5644	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a claimant shall collect and pay a proportional
5645	tax based upon the length of time that the property was not owned by the claimant if:
5646	(i) the claimant is a federal, state, or political subdivision entity described in
5647	Subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii); or
5648	(ii) pursuant to Subsection (3)(a)(iv):
5649	(A) the claimant is a nonprofit entity; and
5650	(B) the property is used exclusively for religious, charitable, or educational purposes.
5651	(c) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply to an exemption under Section 59-2-1104.
5652	(3) (a) The following property is exempt from taxation:
5653	(i) property exempt under the laws of the United States;
5654	(ii) property of:
5655	(A) the state;
5656	(B) school districts; and
5657	(C) public libraries;
5658	(iii) except as provided in Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, property of:
5659	(A) counties;
5660	(B) cities;
5661	(C) towns;
5662	(D) local districts;
5663	(E) special service districts; and
5664	(F) all other political subdivisions of the state;
5665	(iv) property owned by a nonprofit entity used exclusively for religious, charitable, or
5666	educational purposes;
5667	(v) places of burial not held or used for private or corporate benefit;
5668	(vi) farm machinery and equipment;
5669	(vii) a high tunnel, as defined in Section 10-9a-525;

5670	(viii) intangible property; and
5671	(ix) the ownership interest of an out-of-state public agency, as defined in Section
5672	11-13-103:
5673	(A) if that ownership interest is in property providing additional project capacity, as
5674	defined in Section 11-13-103; and
5675	(B) on which a fee in lieu of ad valorem property tax is payable under Section
5676	11-13-302.
5677	(b) For purposes of a property tax exemption for property of school districts under
5678	Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B), a charter school under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah
5679	Charter Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools, is considered to be a school
5680	district.
5681	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), if property that is allowed an exclusive use exemption or
5682	a government exemption ceases to qualify for the exemption because of a change in the
5683	ownership of the property:
5684	(a) the new owner of the property shall pay a proportional tax based upon the period of
5685	time:
5686	(i) beginning on the day that the new owner acquired the property; and
5687	(ii) ending on the last day of the calendar year during which the new owner acquired
5688	the property; and
5689	(b) the new owner of the property and the person from whom the new owner acquires
5690	the property shall notify the county assessor, in writing, of the change in ownership of the
5691	property within 30 days from the day that the new owner acquires the property.
5692	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the proportional tax described in Subsection
5693	(4)(a):
5694	(a) is subject to any exclusive use exemption or government exemption that the
5695	property is entitled to under the new ownership of the property; and
5696	(b) applies only to property that is acquired after December 31, 2005.
5697	(6) A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
5698	(a) effectuate the exemptions, deferrals, abatements, or other relief from taxation
5699	provided in this part; and
5700	(b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given the county under this

5701	part.
5702	Section 75. Section 59-10-1018 is amended to read:
5703	59-10-1018. Definitions Nonrefundable taxpayer tax credits.
5704	(1) As used in this section:
5705	(a) "Dependent adult with a disability" means an individual who:
5706	(i) a claimant claims as a dependent under Section 151, Internal Revenue Code, on the
5707	claimant's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year;
5708	(ii) is not the claimant or the claimant's spouse; and
5709	(iii) is:
5710	(A) 18 years of age or older;
5711	(B) eligible for services under Title 62A, Chapter 5, Services for People with
5712	Disabilities; and
5713	(C) not enrolled in an education program for students with disabilities that is
5714	authorized under Section [53A-15-301] 53E-7-202.
5715	(b) "Dependent child with a disability" means an individual 21 years of age or younger
5716	who:
5717	(i) a claimant claims as a dependent under Section 151, Internal Revenue Code, on the
5718	claimant's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year;
5719	(ii) is not the claimant or the claimant's spouse; and
5720	(iii) is:
5721	(A) an eligible student with a disability; or
5722	(B) identified under guidelines of the Department of Health as qualified for Early
5723	Intervention or Infant Development Services.
5724	(c) "Eligible student with a disability" means an individual who is:
5725	(i) diagnosed by a school district representative under rules the State Board of
5726	Education adopts in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
5727	Act, as having a disability classified as autism, deafness, preschool developmental delay, dual
5728	sensory impairment, hearing impairment, intellectual disability, multidisability, orthopedic
5729	impairment, other health impairment, traumatic brain injury, or visual impairment;
5730	(ii) not receiving residential services from the Division of Services for People with
5731	Disabilities created under Section 62A-5-102 or a school established under [Title 53A, Chapter

5732	25b, Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind] Title 53E, Chapter 8, Utah Schools for the Deaf
5733	and the Blind; and
5734	(iii) (A) enrolled in an education program for students with disabilities that is
5735	authorized under Section [53A-15-301] 53E-7-202; or
5736	(B) a recipient of a scholarship awarded under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 7, Carson
5737	Smith Scholarships for Students with Special Needs Act] Title 53F, Chapter 4, Part 3, Carson
5738	Smith Scholarship Program.
5739	(d) "Head of household filing status" means a head of household, as defined in Section
5740	2(b), Internal Revenue Code, who files a single federal individual income tax return for the
5741	taxable year.
5742	(e) "Joint filing status" means:
5743	(i) a husband and wife who file a single return jointly under this chapter for a taxable
5744	year; or
5745	(ii) a surviving spouse, as defined in Section 2(a), Internal Revenue Code, who files a
5746	single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
5747	(f) "Single filing status" means:
5748	(i) a single individual who files a single federal individual income tax return for the
5749	taxable year; or
5750	(ii) a married individual who:
5751	(A) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
5752	individual's spouse for the taxable year; and
5753	(B) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.
5754	(2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2, and subject to Subsections (3) through
5755	(5), a claimant may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this part
5756	equal to the sum of:
5757	(a) (i) for a claimant that deducts the standard deduction on the claimant's federal
5758	individual income tax return for the taxable year, 6% of the amount the claimant deducts as
5759	allowed as the standard deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for
5760	that taxable year; or
5761	(ii) for a claimant that itemizes deductions on the claimant's federal individual income
5762	tax return for the taxable year, the product of:

5763	(A) the difference between:
5764	(I) the amount the claimant deducts as allowed as an itemized deduction on the
5765	claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year; and
5766	(II) any amount of state or local income taxes the claimant deducts as allowed as an
5767	itemized deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year;
5768	and
5769	(B) 6%; and
5770	(b) the product of:
5771	(i) 75% of the total amount the claimant deducts as allowed as a personal exemption
5772	deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year, plus an
5773	additional 75% of the amount the claimant deducts as allowed as a personal exemption
5774	deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year with
5775	respect to each dependent adult with a disability or dependent child with a disability; and
5776	(ii) 6%.
5777	(3) A claimant may not carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section.
5778	(4) The tax credit allowed by Subsection (2) shall be reduced by \$.013 for each dollar
5779	by which a claimant's state taxable income exceeds:
5780	(a) for a claimant who has a single filing status, \$12,000;
5781	(b) for a claimant who has a head of household filing status, \$18,000; or
5782	(c) for a claimant who has a joint filing status, \$24,000.
5783	(5) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, the commission shall
5784	increase or decrease the following dollar amounts by a percentage equal to the percentage
5785	difference between the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year and the consumer
5786	price index for calendar year 2007:
5787	(i) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(a); and
5788	(ii) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(b).
5789	(b) After the commission increases or decreases the dollar amounts listed in Subsection
5790	(5)(a), the commission shall round those dollar amounts listed in Subsection (5)(a) to the
5791	nearest whole dollar.
5792	(c) After the commission rounds the dollar amounts as required by Subsection (5)(b),
5793	the commission shall increase or decrease the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(c) so that

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	(i) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(a); and
5796	(ii) two.
5797	(d) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the commission shall calculate the consumer
5798	price index as provided in Sections $1(f)(4)$ and $1(f)(5)$, Internal Revenue Code.
5799	Section 76. Section 59-10-1307 is amended to read:
5800	59-10-1307. Contributions for education.
5801	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1304, a resident or nonresident individual that
5802	files an individual income tax return under this chapter may designate on the resident or
5803	nonresident individual's individual income tax return a contribution as provided in this part to:
5804	(a) the foundation of any school district if that foundation is exempt from federal
5805	income taxation under Section 501(c)(3), Internal Revenue Code; or
5806	(b) a school district described in [Title 53A, Chapter 2, School Districts] Title 53G,
5807	Chapter 3, School District Creation and Change, if the school district has not established a
5808	foundation.
5809	(2) If a resident or nonresident individual designates an amount as a contribution
5810	under:
5811	(a) Subsection (1)(a), but does not designate a particular school district foundation to
5812	receive the contribution, the contribution shall be made to the State Board of Education to be
5813	distributed to one or more associations of foundations:
5814	(i) if those foundations that are members of the association are established in
5815	accordance with Section [53A-4-205] 53E-3-403; and
5816	(ii) as determined by the State Board of Education; or
5817	(b) Subsection (1)(b), but does not designate a particular school district to receive the
5818	contribution, the contribution shall be made to the State Board of Education.
5819	(3) The commission shall:
5820	(a) determine annually the total amount of contributions designated to each entity
5821	described in Subsection (1) in accordance with this section; and
5822	(b) subject to Subsection (2), credit the amounts described in Subsection (1) to the
5823	entities.
5824	Section 77. Section 59-10-1318 is amended to read:

5825	59-10-1318. Contribution to Invest More for Education Account.
5826	(1) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1304, a resident or nonresident individual that
5827	files an individual income tax return under this chapter may designate on the resident or
5828	nonresident individual's individual income tax return a contribution as provided in this section
5829	to be:
5830	(a) deposited into the Invest More for Education Account; and
5831	(b) expended as provided in Section [$53A-16-115$] $53F-9-205$.
5832	(2) The commission shall:
5833	(a) determine the total amount of contributions designated in accordance with this
5834	section for a taxable year; and
5835	(b) credit the amount described in Subsection (2)(a) to the Invest More for Education
5836	Account created in Section [53A-16-115] 53F-9-205.
5837	Section 78. Section 59-12-102 is amended to read:
5838	59-12-102. Definitions.
5839	As used in this chapter:
5840	(1) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that:
5841	(a) allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call; and
5842	(b) is typically marketed:
5843	(i) under the name 800 toll-free calling;
5844	(ii) under the name 855 toll-free calling;
5845	(iii) under the name 866 toll-free calling;
5846	(iv) under the name 877 toll-free calling;
5847	(v) under the name 888 toll-free calling; or
5848	(vi) under a name similar to Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v) as designated by the
5849	Federal Communications Commission.
5850	(2) (a) "900 service" means an inbound toll telecommunications service that:
5851	(i) a subscriber purchases;
5852	(ii) allows a customer of the subscriber described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to call in to
5853	the subscriber's:
5854	(A) prerecorded announcement; or
5855	(B) live service; and

5856	(iii) is typically marketed:
5857	(A) under the name 900 service; or
5858	(B) under a name similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) as designated by the Federal
5859	Communications Commission.
5860	(b) "900 service" does not include a charge for:
5861	(i) a collection service a seller of a telecommunications service provides to a
5862	subscriber; or
5863	(ii) the following a subscriber sells to the subscriber's customer:
5864	(A) a product; or
5865	(B) a service.
5866	(3) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.
5867	(b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
5868	organizations.
5869	(4) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement adopted on
5870	November 12, 2002, including amendments made to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
5871	Agreement after November 12, 2002.
5872	(5) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
5873	(a) listed under Subsection (6); and
5874	(b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
5875	(6) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
5876	(a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A);
5877	(b) Subsection $59-12-103(2)(b)(i)$;
5878	(c) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c)(i);
5879	(d) Subsection $59-12-103(2)(d)(i)(A)(I)$;
5880	(e) Section 59-12-204;
5881	(f) Section 59-12-401;
5882	(g) Section 59-12-402;
5883	(h) Section 59-12-402.1;
5884	(i) Section 59-12-703;
5885	(j) Section 59-12-802;
5886	(k) Section 59-12-804;

5887	(1) Section 59-12-1102;
5888	(m) Section 59-12-1302;
5889	(n) Section 59-12-1402;
5890	(o) Section 59-12-1802;
5891	(p) Section 59-12-2003;
5892	(q) Section 59-12-2103;
5893	(r) Section 59-12-2213;
5894	(s) Section 59-12-2214;
5895	(t) Section 59-12-2215;
5896	(u) Section 59-12-2216;
5897	(v) Section 59-12-2217;
5898	(w) Section 59-12-2218; or
5899	(x) Section 59-12-2219.
5900	(7) "Aircraft" means the same as that term is defined in Section $72-10-102$.
5901	(8) "Aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul provider" means a business entity:
5902	(a) except for:
5903	(i) an airline as defined in Section 59-2-102; or
5904	(ii) an affiliated group, as defined in Section 59-7-101, except that "affiliated group"
5905	includes a corporation that is qualified to do business but is not otherwise doing business in the
5906	state, of an airline; and
5907	(b) that has the workers, expertise, and facilities to perform the following, regardless of
5908	whether the business entity performs the following in this state:
5909	(i) check, diagnose, overhaul, and repair:
5910	(A) an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
5911	(B) the parts that comprise an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
5912	(ii) assemble, change, dismantle, inspect, and test a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft
5913	engine;
5914	(iii) perform at least the following maintenance on a fixed wing turbine powered
5915	aircraft:
5916	(A) an inspection;
5917	(B) a repair, including a structural repair or modification;

5918	(C) changing landing gear; and
5919	(D) addressing issues related to an aging fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
5920	(iv) completely remove the existing paint of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft and
5921	completely apply new paint to the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
5922	(v) refurbish the interior of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft in a manner that
5923	results in a change in the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's certification requirements by the
5924	authority that certifies the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft.
5925	(9) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
5926	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
5927	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
5928	(10) "Alternative energy" means:
5929	(a) biomass energy;
5930	(b) geothermal energy;
5931	(c) hydroelectric energy;
5932	(d) solar energy;
5933	(e) wind energy; or
5934	(f) energy that is derived from:
5935	(i) coal-to-liquids;
5936	(ii) nuclear fuel;
5937	(iii) oil-impregnated diatomaceous earth;
5938	(iv) oil sands;
5939	(v) oil shale;
5940	(vi) petroleum coke; or
5941	(vii) waste heat from:
5942	(A) an industrial facility; or
5943	(B) a power station in which an electric generator is driven through a process in which
5944	water is heated, turns into steam, and spins a steam turbine.
5945	(11) (a) Subject to Subsection (11)(b), "alternative energy electricity production
5946	facility" means a facility that:
5947	(i) uses alternative energy to produce electricity; and
5948	(ii) has a production capacity of two megawatts or greater.

5949	(b) A facility is an alternative energy electricity production facility regardless of
5950	whether the facility is:
5951	(i) connected to an electric grid; or
5952	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
5953	(12) (a) "Ancillary service" means a service associated with, or incidental to, the
5954	provision of telecommunications service.
5955	(b) "Ancillary service" includes:
5956	(i) a conference bridging service;
5957	(ii) a detailed communications billing service;
5958	(iii) directory assistance;
5959	(iv) a vertical service; or
5960	(v) a voice mail service.
5961	(13) "Area agency on aging" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5962	62A-3-101.
5963	(14) "Assisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride
5964	device that is started and stopped by an individual:
5965	(a) who is not the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement
5966	device, skill device, or ride device; and
5967	(b) at the direction of the seller of the right to use the amusement device, skill device,
5968	or ride device.
5969	(15) "Assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property" means cleaning or
5970	washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing labor is primarily performed
5971	by an individual:
5972	(a) who is not the purchaser of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal
5973	property; and
5974	(b) at the direction of the seller of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal
5975	property.
5976	(16) "Authorized carrier" means:
5977	(a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials
5978	indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration
5979	Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement;

5980	(b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating
5981	certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or
5982	(c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling
5983	stock, a person who uses locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling
5984	stock in more than one state.
5985	(17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the
5986	following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity:
5987	(i) material from a plant or tree; or
5988	(ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including:
5989	(A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands;
5990	(B) animal waste;
5991	(C) waste vegetable oil;
5992	(D) methane or synthetic gas produced at a landfill, as a byproduct of the treatment of
5993	wastewater residuals, or through the conversion of a waste material through a nonincineration,
5994	thermal conversion process;
5995	(E) aquatic plants; and
5996	(F) agricultural products.
5997	(b) "Biomass energy" does not include:
5998	(i) black liquor; or
5999	(ii) treated woods.
6000	(18) (a) "Bundled transaction" means the sale of two or more items of tangible personal
6001	property, products, or services if the tangible personal property, products, or services are:
6002	(i) distinct and identifiable; and
6003	(ii) sold for one nonitemized price.
6004	(b) "Bundled transaction" does not include:
6005	(i) the sale of tangible personal property if the sales price varies, or is negotiable, on
6006	the basis of the selection by the purchaser of the items of tangible personal property included in
6007	the transaction;
6008	(ii) the sale of real property;
6009	(iii) the sale of services to real property;
6010	(iv) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service if:

6011	(A) the tangible personal property:
6012	(I) is essential to the use of the service; and
6013	(II) is provided exclusively in connection with the service; and
6014	(B) the service is the true object of the transaction;
6015	(v) the retail sale of two services if:
6016	(A) one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service;
6017	(B) the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service; and
6018	(C) the second service is the true object of the transaction;
6019	(vi) a transaction that includes tangible personal property or a product subject to
6020	taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property or a product that is not subject to
6021	taxation under this chapter if the:
6022	(A) seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product subject to
6023	taxation under this chapter is de minimis; or
6024	(B) seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
6025	under this chapter is de minimis; and
6026	(vii) the retail sale of tangible personal property that is not subject to taxation under
6027	this chapter and tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter if:
6028	(A) that retail sale includes:
6029	(I) food and food ingredients;
6030	(II) a drug;
6031	(III) durable medical equipment;
6032	(IV) mobility enhancing equipment;
6033	(V) an over-the-counter drug;
6034	(VI) a prosthetic device; or
6035	(VII) a medical supply; and
6036	(B) subject to Subsection (18)(f):
6037	(I) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
6038	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price of that retail sale; or
6039	(II) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
6040	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total sales price of that retail sale.
6041	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(i), tangible personal property, a product, or a

6042 service that is distinct and identifiable does not include:

- 6043 (A) packaging that:
- (I) accompanies the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or service; and
- 6045 (II) is incidental or immaterial to the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or 6046 service;
- 6047 (B) tangible personal property, a product, or a service provided free of charge with the 6048 purchase of another item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service; or
- 6049 (C) an item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service included in the 6050 definition of "purchase price."
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(c)(i)(B), an item of tangible personal property, a
 product, or a service is provided free of charge with the purchase of another item of tangible
 personal property, a product, or a service if the sales price of the purchased item of tangible
 personal property, product, or service does not vary depending on the inclusion of the tangible
 personal property, product, or service provided free of charge.
- 6056 (d) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(ii), property sold for one nonitemized price 6057 does not include a price that is separately identified by tangible personal property, product, or 6058 service on the following, regardless of whether the following is in paper format or electronic 6059 format:
- 6060 (A) a binding sales document; or
- 6061 (B) another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser.
- 6062 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(d)(i), a binding sales document or another
 6063 supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser includes:
- 6064 (A) a bill of sale;
- 6065 (B) a contract;
- 6066 (C) an invoice;
- 6067 (D) a lease agreement;
- 6068 (E) a periodic notice of rates and services;
- 6069 (F) a price list;
- 6070 (G) a rate card;
- 6071 (H) a receipt; or
- 6072 (I) a service agreement.

6073	(e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), the sales price of tangible personal
6074	property or a product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis if:
6075	(A) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or
6076	less of the seller's total purchase price of the bundled transaction; or
6077	(B) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of
6078	the seller's total sales price of the bundled transaction.
6079	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller:
6080	(A) shall use the seller's purchase price or the seller's sales price to determine if the
6081	purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
6082	under this chapter is de minimis; and
6083	(B) may not use a combination of the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price
6084	to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product
6085	subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis.
6086	(iii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller shall use the full term of a service
6087	contract to determine if the sales price of tangible personal property or a product is de minimis.
6088	(f) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vii)(B), a seller may not use a combination of
6089	the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price to determine if tangible personal property
6090	subject to taxation under this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price or sales
6091	price of that retail sale.
6092	(19) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of
6093	the agreement that:
6094	(a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing
6095	jurisdiction:
6096	(i) on a transaction; and
6097	(ii) in the states that are members of the agreement;
6098	(b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a
6099	member of the agreement; and
6100	(c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (19)(a)(i).
6101	(20) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified:
6102	(a) by the governing board of the agreement; and
6103	(b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and

6104	use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's
6105	own purchases.
6106	(21) (a) Subject to Subsection (21)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel
6107	suitable for general use.
6108	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6109	commission shall make rules:
6110	(i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and
6111	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the
6112	agreement.
6113	(22) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel.
6114	(23) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other
6115	fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (56) or residential use under
6116	Subsection (106).
6117	(24) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
6118	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
6119	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
6120	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
6121	passenger's place of employment.
6122	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (24)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
6123	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
6124	constitutes a person's place of employment.
6125	(c) "Common carrier" does not include a person that provides transportation network
6126	services, as defined in Section 13-51-102.
6127	(25) "Component part" includes:
6128	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;
6129	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
6130	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
6131	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
6132	off-highway type farm machinery; and
6133	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
6134	(26) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:

6135	(a) (i) in digital form; or
6136	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
6137	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
6138	(27) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
6139	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
6140	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
6141	(28) "Computer software maintenance contract" means a contract that obligates a seller
6142	of computer software to provide a customer with:
6143	(a) future updates or upgrades to computer software;
6144	(b) support services with respect to computer software; or
6145	(c) a combination of Subsections (28)(a) and (b).
6146	(29) (a) "Conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or
6147	more participants of an audio conference call or video conference call.
6148	(b) "Conference bridging service" may include providing a telephone number as part of
6149	the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
6150	(c) "Conference bridging service" does not include a telecommunications service used
6151	to reach the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
6152	(30) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
6153	converted into real property.
6154	(31) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
6155	tangible storage media.
6156	(32) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
6157	(i) by a seller of:
6158	(A) tangible personal property;
6159	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
6160	(C) services; and
6161	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property, product transferred
6162	electronically, or services described in Subsection (32)(a)(i) to a location designated by the
6163	purchaser.
6164	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
6165	(i) transportation;

6165 (i) transportation;

6166	(ii) shipping;
6167	(iii) postage;
6168	(iv) handling;
6169	(v) crating; or
6170	(vi) packing.
6171	(33) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of
6172	separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
6173	(34) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
6174	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
6175	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
6176	(i) a vitamin;
6177	(ii) a mineral;
6178	(iii) an herb or other botanical;
6179	(iv) an amino acid;
6180	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
6181	dietary intake; or
6182	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
6183	described in Subsections (34)(b)(i) through (v);
6184	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (34)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
6185	(A) tablet form;
6186	(B) capsule form;
6187	(C) powder form;
6188	(D) softgel form;
6189	(E) gelcap form; or
6190	(F) liquid form; or
6191	(ii) if the product is not intended for ingestion in a form described in Subsections
6192	(34)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
6193	(A) as conventional food; and
6194	(B) for use as a sole item of:
6195	(I) a meal; or
6196	(II) the diet; and

6107	(d) is required to be labeled as a distant symplement.
6197	(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:
6198	(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and
6199	(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.
6200	(35) "Digital audio-visual work" means a series of related images which, when shown
6201	in succession, imparts an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any.
6202	(36) (a) "Digital audio work" means a work that results from the fixation of a series of
6203	musical, spoken, or other sounds.
6204	(b) "Digital audio work" includes a ringtone.
6205	(37) "Digital book" means a work that is generally recognized in the ordinary and usual
6206	sense as a book.
6207	(38) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
6208	mail or other delivery service:
6209	(i) to:
6210	(A) a mass audience; or
6211	(B) addressees on a mailing list provided:
6212	(I) by a purchaser of the mailing list; or
6213	(II) at the discretion of the purchaser of the mailing list; and
6214	(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.
6215	(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a
6216	purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.
6217	(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a
6218	single address.
6219	(39) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing:
6220	(a) address information; or
6221	(b) telephone number information.
6222	(40) (a) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" means medical equipment
6223	or supplies that:
6224	(i) cannot withstand repeated use; and
6225	(ii) are purchased by, for, or on behalf of a person other than:
6226	(A) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2;
6227	(B) a health care provider as defined in Section 78B-3-403;

6228	(C) an office of a health care provider described in Subsection (40)(a)(ii)(B); or
6229	(D) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (40)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
6230	(b) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" does not include:
6231	(i) a drug;
6232	(ii) durable medical equipment;
6233	(iii) a hearing aid;
6234	(iv) a hearing aid accessory;
6235	(v) mobility enhancing equipment; or
6236	(vi) tangible personal property used to correct impaired vision, including:
6237	(A) eyeglasses; or
6238	(B) contact lenses.
6239	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6240	commission may by rule define what constitutes medical equipment or supplies.
6241	(41) "Drilling equipment manufacturer" means a facility:
6242	(a) located in the state;
6243	(b) with respect to which 51% or more of the manufacturing activities of the facility
6244	consist of manufacturing component parts of drilling equipment;
6245	(c) that uses pressure of 800,000 or more pounds per square inch as part of the
6246	manufacturing process; and
6247	(d) that uses a temperature of 2,000 or more degrees Fahrenheit as part of the
6248	manufacturing process.
6249	(42) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
6250	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
6251	(i) recognized in:
6252	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
6253	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
6254	(C) the official National Formulary; or
6255	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (42)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
6256	(ii) intended for use in the:
6257	(A) diagnosis of disease;
6258	(B) cure of disease;

6259	(C) mitigation of disease;
6260	(D) treatment of disease; or
6261	(E) prevention of disease; or
6262	(iii) intended to affect:
6263	(A) the structure of the body; or
6264	(B) any function of the body.
6265	(b) "Drug" does not include:
6266	(i) food and food ingredients;
6267	(ii) a dietary supplement;
6268	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
6269	(iv) a prosthetic device.
6270	(43) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (43)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
6271	equipment that:
6272	(i) can withstand repeated use;
6273	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
6274	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and
6275	(iv) is not worn in or on the body.
6276	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
6277	equipment described in Subsection (43)(a).
6278	(c) "Durable medical equipment" does not include mobility enhancing equipment.
6279	(44) "Electronic" means:
6280	(a) relating to technology; and
6281	(b) having:
6282	(i) electrical capabilities;
6283	(ii) digital capabilities;
6284	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
6285	(iv) wireless capabilities;
6286	(v) optical capabilities;
6287	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or
6288	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (44)(b)(i) through (vi).
6289	(45) "Electronic financial payment service" means an establishment:

6290	(a) within NAICS Code 522320, Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and
6291	Clearinghouse Activities, of the 2012 North American Industry Classification System of the
6292	federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; and
6293	(b) that performs electronic financial payment services.
6294	(46) "Employee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-10-401.
6295	(47) "Fixed guideway" means a public transit facility that uses and occupies:
6296	(a) rail for the use of public transit; or
6297	(b) a separate right-of-way for the use of public transit.
6298	(48) "Fixed wing turbine powered aircraft" means an aircraft that:
6299	(a) is powered by turbine engines;
6300	(b) operates on jet fuel; and
6301	(c) has wings that are permanently attached to the fuselage of the aircraft.
6302	(49) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio
6303	communication between fixed points.
6304	(50) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
6305	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
6306	(A) liquid form;
6307	(B) concentrated form;
6308	(C) solid form;
6309	(D) frozen form;
6310	(E) dried form; or
6311	(F) dehydrated form; and
6312	(ii) that are:
6313	(A) sold for:
6314	(I) ingestion by humans; or
6315	(II) chewing by humans; and
6316	(B) consumed for the substance's:
6317	(I) taste; or
6318	(II) nutritional value.
6319	(b) "Food and food ingredients" includes an item described in Subsection (91)(b)(iii).
6320	(c) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:

6321	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
6322	(ii) tobacco; or
6323	(iii) prepared food.
6324	(51) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
6325	(i) (A) made by a school; or
6326	(B) made by a school student;
6327	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
6328	materials, or provide transportation; and
6329	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
6330	(b) For purposes of Subsection (51)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
6331	means a school activity:
6332	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
6333	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;
6334	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
6335	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
6336	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
6337	controlled by the school or school district.
6338	(52) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
6339	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
6340	(53) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
6341	that is:
6342	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
6343	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
6344	(54) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "governmental entity" means:
6345	(i) the executive branch of the state, including all departments, institutions, boards,
6346	divisions, bureaus, offices, commissions, and committees;
6347	(ii) the judicial branch of the state, including the courts, the Judicial Council, the
6348	Office of the Court Administrator, and similar administrative units in the judicial branch;
6349	(iii) the legislative branch of the state, including the House of Representatives, the
6350	Senate, the Legislative Printing Office, the Office of Legislative Research and General
6351	Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal

6352	Analyst;
6353	(iv) the National Guard;
6354	(v) an independent entity as defined in Section $63E-1-102$; or
6355	(vi) a political subdivision as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
6356	(b) "Governmental entity" does not include the state systems of public and higher
6357	education, including:
6358	(i) a school;
6359	(ii) the State Board of Education;
6360	(iii) the State Board of Regents; or
6361	(iv) an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-1-102.
6362	(55) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
6363	electricity.
6364	(56) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
6365	other fuels:
6366	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
6367	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
6368	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
6369	(i) commercial greenhouses;
6370	(ii) irrigation pumps;
6371	(iii) farm machinery;
6372	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Section 41-1a-102 that are not registered
6373	under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
6374	(v) other farming activities;
6375	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
6376	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
6377	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
6378	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
6379	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
6380	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
6381	products:
6382	(A) iron;

(202	
6383	(B) steel;
6384	(C) nonferrous metal;
6385	(D) paper;
6386	(E) glass;
6387	(F) plastic;
6388	(G) textile; or
6389	(H) rubber; and
6390	(ii) the new products under Subsection (56)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
6391	nonrecycled materials; or
6392	(e) in producing a form of energy or steam described in Subsection $54-2-1(3)(a)$ by a
6393	cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
6394	(57) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (57)(b), "installation charge" means a charge
6395	for installing:
6396	(i) tangible personal property; or
6397	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
6398	(b) "Installation charge" does not include a charge for:
6399	(i) repairs or renovations of:
6400	(A) tangible personal property; or
6401	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
6402	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
6403	(A) to other tangible personal property; and
6404	(B) as part of a manufacturing or fabrication process.
6405	(58) "Institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education listed in
6406	Section 53B-2-101.
6407	(59) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
6408	personal property or a product transferred electronically for:
6409	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
6410	(B) an indeterminate term; and
6411	(ii) consideration.
6412	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
(11)	

6413 amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized

6414	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
6415	Code.
6416	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
6417	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
6418	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
6419	payments;
6420	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the
6421	transfer of title:
6422	(A) upon completion of required payments; and
6423	(B) if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
6424	(I) \$100; or
6425	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or
6426	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
6427	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
6428	designed.
6429	(d) For purposes of Subsection (59)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
6430	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
6431	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
6432	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
6433	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
6434	(60) "Life science establishment" means an establishment in this state that is classified
6435	under the following NAICS codes of the 2007 North American Industry Classification System
6436	of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:
6437	(a) NAICS Code 33911, Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing;
6438	(b) NAICS Code 334510, Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus
6439	Manufacturing; or
6440	(c) NAICS Code 334517, Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing.
6441	(61) "Life science research and development facility" means a facility owned, leased,
6442	or rented by a life science establishment if research and development is performed in 51% or
6443	more of the total area of the facility.
6444	(62) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media

6445	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
6446	(63) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
6447	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
6448	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
6449	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
6450	(64) "Manufactured home" means the same as that term is defined in Section
6451	15A-1-302.
6452	(65) "Manufacturing facility" means:
6453	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
6454	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
6455	Management and Budget;
6456	(b) a scrap recycler if:
6457	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
6458	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
6459	products:
6460	(A) iron;
6461	(B) steel;
6462	(C) nonferrous metal;
6463	(D) paper;
6464	(E) glass;
6465	(F) plastic;
6466	(G) textile; or
6467	(H) rubber; and
6468	(ii) the new products under Subsection (65)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
6469	nonrecycled materials; or
6470	(c) a cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1 if the cogeneration facility is
6471	placed in service on or after May 1, 2006.
6472	(66) "Member of the immediate family of the producer" means a person who is related
6473	to a producer described in Subsection 59-12-104(20)(a) as a:
6474	(a) child or stepchild, regardless of whether the child or stepchild is:
6475	(i) an adopted child or adopted stepchild; or

6476	(ii) a foster child or foster stepchild;
6477	(b) grandchild or stepgrandchild;
6478	(c) grandparent or stepgrandparent;
6479	(d) nephew or stepnephew;
6480	(e) niece or stepniece;
6481	(f) parent or stepparent;
6482	(g) sibling or stepsibling;
6483	(h) spouse;
6484	(i) person who is the spouse of a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (g);
6485	or
6486	(j) person similar to a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (i) as
6487	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
6488	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
6489	(67) "Mobile home" means the same as that term is defined in Section $15A-1-302$.
6490	(68) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
6491	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
6492	(69) (a) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service, regardless of
6493	the technology used, if:
6494	(i) the origination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed;
6495	(ii) the termination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed; or
6496	(iii) the origination point described in Subsection (69)(a)(i) and the termination point
6497	described in Subsection (69)(a)(ii) are not fixed.
6498	(b) "Mobile wireless service" includes a telecommunications service that is provided
6499	by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
6500	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6501	commission may by rule define "commercial mobile radio service provider."
6502	(70) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (70)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
6503	means equipment that is:
6504	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one
6505	place to another;
6506	(ii) appropriate for use in a:

6507	(A) home; or
6508	(B) motor vehicle; and
6509	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
6510	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
6511	the equipment described in Subsection (70)(a).
6512	(c) "Mobility enhancing equipment" does not include:
6513	(i) a motor vehicle;
6514	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
6515	vehicle manufacturer;
6516	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
6517	(iv) a prosthetic device.
6518	(71) "Model 1 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
6519	certified service provider as the seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax
6520	functions for agreement sales and use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section
6521	59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's own purchases.
6522	(72) "Model 2 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that:
6523	(a) except as provided in Subsection (72)(b), has selected a certified automated system
6524	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
6525	(b) retains responsibility for remitting all of the sales tax:
6526	(i) collected by the seller; and
6527	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
6528	(73) (a) Subject to Subsection (73)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller registered under
6529	the agreement that has:
6530	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
6531	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
6532	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
6533	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
6534	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
6535	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
6536	(b) For purposes of Subsection (73)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
6537	sellers using the same proprietary system.

6538	(74) "Model 4 seller" means a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
6539	model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller.
6540	(75) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
6541	(76) "Motor vehicle" means the same as that term is defined in Section $41-1a-102$.
6542	(77) "Oil sands" means impregnated bituminous sands that:
6543	(a) contain a heavy, thick form of petroleum that is released when heated, mixed with
6544	other hydrocarbons, or otherwise treated;
6545	(b) yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon; and
6546	(c) require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
6547	petroleum products.
6548	(78) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing kerogen
6549	material that yields petroleum upon heating and distillation.
6550	(79) "Optional computer software maintenance contract" means a computer software
6551	maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to purchase as a condition to the retail
6552	sale of computer software.
6553	(80) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
6554	energy.
6555	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
6556	personal property.
6557	(81) (a) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides
6558	transmission of a coded radio signal for the purpose of activating a specific pager.
6559	(b) For purposes of Subsection (81)(a), the transmission of a coded radio signal
6560	includes a transmission by message or sound.
6561	(82) "Pawnbroker" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-32a-102.
6562	(83) "Pawn transaction" means the same as that term is defined in Section 13-32a-102.
6563	(84) (a) "Permanently attached to real property" means that for tangible personal
6564	property attached to real property:
6565	(i) the attachment of the tangible personal property to the real property:
6566	(A) is essential to the use of the tangible personal property; and
6567	(B) suggests that the tangible personal property will remain attached to the real
6568	property in the same place over the useful life of the tangible personal property; or

6569	(ii) if the tangible personal property is detached from the real property, the detachment
6570	would:
6571	(A) cause substantial damage to the tangible personal property; or
6572	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of the real property to which the tangible
6573	personal property is attached.
6574	(b) "Permanently attached to real property" includes:
6575	(i) the attachment of an accessory to the tangible personal property if the accessory is:
6576	(A) essential to the operation of the tangible personal property; and
6577	(B) attached only to facilitate the operation of the tangible personal property;
6578	(ii) a temporary detachment of tangible personal property from real property for a
6579	repair or renovation if the repair or renovation is performed where the tangible personal
6580	property and real property are located; or
6581	(iii) property attached to oil, gas, or water pipelines, except for the property listed in
6582	Subsection (84)(c)(iii) or (iv).
6583	(c) "Permanently attached to real property" does not include:
6584	(i) the attachment of portable or movable tangible personal property to real property if
6585	that portable or movable tangible personal property is attached to real property only for:
6586	(A) convenience;
6587	(B) stability; or
6588	(C) for an obvious temporary purpose;
6589	(ii) the detachment of tangible personal property from real property except for the
6590	detachment described in Subsection (84)(b)(ii);
6591	(iii) an attachment of the following tangible personal property to real property if the
6592	attachment to real property is only through a line that supplies water, electricity, gas,
6593	telecommunications, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the commission by rule
6594	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
6595	(A) a computer;
6596	(B) a telephone;
6597	(C) a television; or
6598	(D) tangible personal property similar to Subsections (84)(c)(iii)(A) through (C) as

determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

6600	Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
6601	(iv) an item listed in Subsection (125)(c).
6602	(85) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
6603	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
6604	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or
6605	combination acting as a unit.
6606	(86) "Place of primary use":
6607	(a) for telecommunications service other than mobile telecommunications service,
6608	means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications
6609	service primarily occurs, which shall be:
6610	(i) the residential street address of the customer; or
6611	(ii) the primary business street address of the customer; or
6612	(b) for mobile telecommunications service, is as defined in the Mobile
6613	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
6614	(87) (a) "Postpaid calling service" means a telecommunications service a person
6615	obtains by making a payment on a call-by-call basis:
6616	(i) through the use of a:
6617	(A) bank card;
6618	(B) credit card;
6619	(C) debit card; or
6620	(D) travel card; or
6621	(ii) by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination
6622	or termination of the telecommunications service.
6623	(b) "Postpaid calling service" includes a service, except for a prepaid wireless calling
6624	service, that would be a prepaid wireless calling service if the service were exclusively a
6625	telecommunications service.
6626	(88) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
6627	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(54)(a).
6628	(89) "Prepaid calling service" means a telecommunications service:
6629	(a) that allows a purchaser access to telecommunications service that is exclusively
6630	telecommunications service;

6631	(b) that:
6632	(i) is paid for in advance; and
6633	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
6634	(A) access number; or
6635	(B) authorization code;
6636	(c) that is dialed:
6637	(i) manually; or
6638	(ii) electronically; and
6639	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
6640	(i) by a known amount; and
6641	(ii) with use.
6642	(90) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service:
6643	(a) that provides the right to utilize:
6644	(i) mobile wireless service; and
6645	(ii) other service that is not a telecommunications service, including:
6646	(A) the download of a product transferred electronically;
6647	(B) a content service; or
6648	(C) an ancillary service;
6649	(b) that:
6650	(i) is paid for in advance; and
6651	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
6652	(A) access number; or
6653	(B) authorization code;
6654	(c) that is dialed:
6655	(i) manually; or
6656	(ii) electronically; and
6657	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
6658	(i) by a known amount; and
6659	(ii) with use.
6660	(91) (a) "Prepared food" means:
6661	(i) food:

6662	(A) sold in a heated state; or
6663	(B) heated by a seller;
6664	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
6665	item; or
6666	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (91)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
6667	by the seller, including a:
6668	(A) plate;
6669	(B) knife;
6670	(C) fork;
6671	(D) spoon;
6672	(E) glass;
6673	(F) cup;
6674	(G) napkin; or
6675	(H) straw.
6676	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
6677	(i) food that a seller only:
6678	(A) cuts;
6679	(B) repackages; or
6680	(C) pasteurizes; or
6681	(ii) (A) the following:
6682	(I) raw egg;
6683	(II) raw fish;
6684	(III) raw meat;
6685	(IV) raw poultry; or
6686	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (91)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
6687	and
6688	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
6689	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
6690	Subsection (91)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness; or
6691	(iii) the following if sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
6692	(A) food and food ingredients sold by a seller if the seller's proper primary

- 6693 classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal
- 6694 Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, is manufacturing in
- 6695 Sector 311, Food Manufacturing, except for Subsector 3118, Bakeries and Tortilla
- 6696 Manufacturing;
- (B) food and food ingredients sold in an unheated state:
- 6698 (I) by weight or volume; and
- 6699 (II) as a single item; or
- 6700 (C) a bakery item, including:
- 6701 (I) a bagel;
- 6702 (II) a bar;
- 6703 (III) a biscuit;
- 6704 (IV) bread;
- 6705 (V) a bun;
- 6706 (VI) a cake;
- 6707 (VII) a cookie;
- 6708 (VIII) a croissant;
- 6709 (IX) a danish;
- 6710 (X) a donut;
- 6711 (XI) a muffin;
- 6712 (XII) a pastry;
- 6713 (XIII) a pie;
- 6714 (XIV) a roll;
- 6715 (XV) a tart;
- 6716 (XVI) a torte; or
- 6717 (XVII) a tortilla.
- 6718 (c) An eating utensil provided by the seller does not include the following used to
- 6719 transport the food:
- 6720 (i) a container; or
- 6721 (ii) packaging.
- 6722 (92) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
- 6723 (a) (i) orally;

6724	(ii) in writing;
6725	(iii) electronically; or
6726	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
6727	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
6728	(93) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (93)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer
6729	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
6730	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
6731	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
6732	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
6733	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
6734	software is not designed and developed:
6735	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
6736	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;
6737	(ii) computer software designed and developed by the author or other creator of the
6738	computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser if the computer software is sold
6739	to a person other than the purchaser; or
6740	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (93)(c), prewritten computer software or a
6741	prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
6742	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
6743	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii)(A) is
6744	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
6745	(c) "Prewritten computer software" does not include a modification or enhancement
6746	described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii) if the charges for the modification or enhancement are:
6747	(i) reasonable; and
6748	(ii) subject to Subsections 59-12-103(2)(e)(ii) and (2)(f)(i), separately stated on the
6749	invoice or other statement of price provided to the purchaser at the time of sale or later, as
6750	demonstrated by:
6751	(A) the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in the regular
6752	course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in
6753	the regular course of business for nontax purposes;
6754	(B) a preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction; and

6755	(C) the understanding of all of the parties to the transaction.
6756	(94) (a) "Private communications service" means a telecommunications service:
6757	(i) that entitles a customer to exclusive or priority use of one or more communications
6758	channels between or among termination points; and
6759	(ii) regardless of the manner in which the one or more communications channels are
6760	connected.
6761	(b) "Private communications service" includes the following provided in connection
6762	with the use of one or more communications channels:
6763	(i) an extension line;
6764	(ii) a station;
6765	(iii) switching capacity; or
6766	(iv) another associated service that is provided in connection with the use of one or
6767	more communications channels as defined in Section 59-12-215.
6768	(95) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (95)(b), "product transferred electronically"
6769	means a product transferred electronically that would be subject to a tax under this chapter if
6770	that product was transferred in a manner other than electronically.
6771	(b) "Product transferred electronically" does not include:
6772	(i) an ancillary service;
6773	(ii) computer software; or
6774	(iii) a telecommunications service.
6775	(96) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is worn on or in the body to:
6776	(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
6777	(ii) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
6778	(iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
6779	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
6780	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device;
6781	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device;
6782	(iii) a dental prosthesis; or
6783	(iv) a hearing aid.
6784	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
6785	(i) corrective eyeglasses; or

6786	(ii) contact lenses.
6787	(97) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
6788	(i) for human wear; and
6789	(ii) that is:
6790	(A) designed as protection:
6791	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
6792	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
6793	(B) not suitable for general use.
6794	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6795	commission shall make rules:
6796	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
6797	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
6798	under the agreement.
6799	(98) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "publication" means any written or
6800	printed matter, other than a photocopy:
6801	(i) regardless of:
6802	(A) characteristics;
6803	(B) copyright;
6804	(C) form;
6805	(D) format;
6806	(E) method of reproduction; or
6807	(F) source; and
6808	(ii) made available in printed or electronic format.
6809	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6810	commission may by rule define the term "photocopy."
6811	(99) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
6812	(i) valued in money; and
6813	(ii) for which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or
6814	services are:
6815	(A) sold;
6816	(B) leased; or

6817	(C) rented.
6818	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
6819	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property, a product transferred
6820	electronically, or services sold;
6821	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
6822	(A) the cost of materials used;
6823	(B) a labor cost;
6824	(C) a service cost;
6825	(D) interest;
6826	(E) a loss;
6827	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
6828	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
6829	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale; or
6830	(iv) consideration a seller receives from a person other than the purchaser if:
6831	(A) (I) the seller actually receives consideration from a person other than the purchaser;
6832	and
6833	(II) the consideration described in Subsection (99)(b)(iv)(A)(I) is directly related to a
6834	price reduction or discount on the sale;
6835	(B) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the
6836	purchaser;
6837	(C) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by
6838	the seller at the time of the sale to the purchaser; and
6839	(D) (I) (Aa) the purchaser presents a certificate, coupon, or other documentation to the
6840	seller to claim a price reduction or discount; and
6841	(Bb) a person other than the seller authorizes, distributes, or grants the certificate,
6842	coupon, or other documentation with the understanding that the person other than the seller
6843	will reimburse any seller to whom the certificate, coupon, or other documentation is presented;
6844	(II) the purchaser identifies that purchaser to the seller as a member of a group or
6845	organization allowed a price reduction or discount, except that a preferred customer card that is
6846	available to any patron of a seller does not constitute membership in a group or organization
6847	allowed a price reduction or discount; or

6848	(III) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or
6849	discount on the:
6850	(Aa) invoice the purchaser receives; or
6851	(Bb) certificate, coupon, or other documentation the purchaser presents.
6852	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
6853	(i) a discount:
6854	(A) in a form including:
6855	(I) cash;
6856	(II) term; or
6857	(III) coupon;
6858	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
6859	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
6860	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or
6861	(ii) subject to Subsections 59-12-103(2)(e)(ii) and (2)(f)(i), the following if separately
6862	stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser at the time of
6863	sale or later, as demonstrated by the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the
6864	transaction in the regular course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the
6865	time of the transaction in the regular course of business for nontax purposes, by a
6866	preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction, and by the
6867	understanding of all of the parties to the transaction:
6868	(A) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
6869	services:
6870	(I) a carrying charge;
6871	(II) a financing charge; or
6872	(III) an interest charge;
6873	(B) a delivery charge;
6874	(C) an installation charge;
6875	(D) a manufacturer rebate on a motor vehicle; or
6876	(E) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
6877	(100) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
6878	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made;

6879	(b) a product is transferred electronically; or
6880	(c) a service is furnished.
6881	(101) "Qualifying enterprise data center" means an establishment that will:
6882	(a) own and operate a data center facility that will house a group of networked server
6883	computers in one physical location in order to centralize the dissemination, management, and
6884	storage of data and information;
6885	(b) be located in the state;
6886	(c) be a new operation constructed on or after July 1, 2016;
6887	(d) consist of one or more buildings that total 150,000 or more square feet;
6888	(e) be owned or leased by:
6889	(i) the establishment; or
6890	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
6891	establishment; and
6892	(f) be located on one or more parcels of land that are owned or leased by:
6893	(i) the establishment; or
6894	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
6895	establishment.
6896	(102) "Regularly rented" means:
6897	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
6898	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
6899	value.
6900	(103) "Rental" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (59).
6901	(104) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (104)(b), "repairs or renovations of tangible
6902	personal property" means:
6903	(i) a repair or renovation of tangible personal property that is not permanently attached
6904	to real property; or
6905	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically to other
6906	tangible personal property or detaching tangible personal property or a product transferred
6907	electronically from other tangible personal property if:
6908	(A) the other tangible personal property to which the tangible personal property or
6909	product transferred electronically is attached or from which the tangible personal property or

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- 6910 product transferred electronically is detached is not permanently attached to real property; and
- (B) the attachment of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
 to other tangible personal property or detachment of tangible personal property or a product
 transferred electronically from other tangible personal property is made in conjunction with a
- 6914 repair or replacement of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically.
- 6915

(b) "Repairs or renovations of tangible personal property" does not include:

6916 (i) attaching prewritten computer software to other tangible personal property if the
6917 other tangible personal property to which the prewritten computer software is attached is not
6918 permanently attached to real property; or

(ii) detaching prewritten computer software from other tangible personal property if the
other tangible personal property from which the prewritten computer software is detached is
not permanently attached to real property.

(105) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation
aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of
preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.

6925 (106) (a) "Residential telecommunications services" means a telecommunications
6926 service or an ancillary service that is provided to an individual for personal use:

(i) at a residential address; or

(ii) at an institution, including a nursing home or a school, if the telecommunications
service or ancillary service is provided to and paid for by the individual residing at the
institution rather than the institution.

(b) For purposes of Subsection (106)(a)(i), a residential address includes an:

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(i) apartment; or

6933 (ii) other individual dwelling unit.

6934 (107) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building,6935 sleeping quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.

(108) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.

(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularlyengaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.

6941	(109) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
6942	than:
6943	(a) resale;
6944	(b) sublease; or
6945	(c) subrent.
6946	(110) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
6947	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
6948	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
6949	(b) "Sale" includes:
6950	(i) installment and credit sales;
6951	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
6952	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this
6953	chapter;
6954	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
6955	title as security for the payment of the price; and
6956	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
6957	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
6958	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
6959	(111) "Sale at retail" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (109).
6960	(112) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
6961	personal property or a product transferred electronically that is subject to a tax under this
6962	chapter is transferred:
6963	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
6964	(b) to a lessor;
6965	(c) for consideration; and
6966	(d) if:
6967	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
6968	of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
6969	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically to the
6970	lessor is intended as a form of financing:
6971	(A) for the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; and

6972	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
6973	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
6974	is required to:
6975	(A) capitalize the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically for
6976	financial reporting purposes; and
6977	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
6978	(113) "Sales price" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (99).
6979	(114) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
6980	amounts charged by a school:
6981	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
6982	including:
6983	(A) the sale of:
6984	(I) textbooks;
6985	(II) textbook fees;
6986	(III) laboratory fees;
6987	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
6988	(V) safety equipment;
6989	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
6990	that:
6991	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
6992	school-related event or school-related activity; and
6993	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
6994	place of ordinary clothing;
6995	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
6996	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
6997	(I) food and food ingredients; or
6998	(II) prepared food; or
6999	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
7000	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
7001	event or school-related activity.
7002	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:

7003	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
7004	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (114)(a)(i)(B):
7005	(A) clothing;
7006	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
7007	(C) protective equipment; or
7008	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
7009	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
7010	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
7011	(A) other than a:
7012	(I) school;
7013	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
7014	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
7015	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
7016	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
7017	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
7018	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7019	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
7020	(115) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school":
7021	(a) means:
7022	(i) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
7023	(A) is a:
7024	(I) public school; or
7025	(II) private school; and
7026	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
7027	(ii) a public school district; and
7028	(b) includes the Electronic High School as defined in Section [53A-15-1002]
7029	<u>53E-10-601</u> .
7030	(116) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
7031	(a) tangible personal property;
7032	(b) a product transferred electronically; or
7033	(c) a service.

7034	(117) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
7035	means tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if the tangible personal
7036	property or product transferred electronically is:
7037	(i) used primarily in the process of:
7038	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
7039	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
7040	(III) research or development of a:
7041	(Aa) semiconductor; or
7042	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
7043	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or
7044	(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:
7045	(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;
7046	(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or
7047	(III) research or development of a:
7048	(Aa) semiconductor; or
7049	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
7050	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
7051	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
7052	includes:
7053	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a product
7054	transferred electronically described in Subsection (117)(a); or
7055	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
7056	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
7057	(I) chemical change; or
7058	(II) physical change;
7059	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
7060	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
7061	(118) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
7062	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
7063	(119) (a) Subject to Subsections (119)(b) and (c), "short-term lodging consumable"

7065	(i) a business that provides accommodations and services described in Subsection
7066	59-12-103(1)(i) purchases as part of a transaction to provide the accommodations and services
7067	to a purchaser;
7068	(ii) is intended to be consumed by the purchaser; and
7069	(iii) is:
7070	(A) included in the purchase price of the accommodations and services; and
7071	(B) not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or other similar document provided
7072	to the purchaser.
7073	(b) "Short-term lodging consumable" includes:
7074	(i) a beverage;
7075	(ii) a brush or comb;
7076	(iii) a cosmetic;
7077	(iv) a hair care product;
7078	(v) lotion;
7079	(vi) a magazine;
7080	(vii) makeup;
7081	(viii) a meal;
7082	(ix) mouthwash;
7083	(x) nail polish remover;
7084	(xi) a newspaper;
7085	(xii) a notepad;
7086	(xiii) a pen;
7087	(xiv) a pencil;
7088	(xv) a razor;
7089	(xvi) saline solution;
7090	(xvii) a sewing kit;
7091	(xviii) shaving cream;
7092	(xix) a shoe shine kit;
7093	(xx) a shower cap;
7094	(xxi) a snack item;
7095	(xxii) soap;

7096	(xxiii) toilet paper;
7097	(xxiv) a toothbrush;
7098	(xxv) toothpaste; or
7099	(xxvi) an item similar to Subsections (119)(b)(i) through (xxv) as the commission may
7100	provide by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
7101	Rulemaking Act.
7102	(c) "Short-term lodging consumable" does not include:
7103	(i) tangible personal property that is cleaned or washed to allow the tangible personal
7104	property to be reused; or
7105	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
7106	(120) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
7107	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
7108	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
7109	(121) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing
7110	electricity.
7111	(122) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
7112	(i) designed for human use; and
7113	(ii) that is:
7114	(A) worn in conjunction with:
7115	(I) an athletic activity; or
7116	(II) a recreational activity; and
7117	(B) not suitable for general use.
7118	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7119	commission shall make rules:
7120	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
7121	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
7122	equipment" under the agreement.
7123	(123) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
7124	(124) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
7125	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
7126	sale in the regular course of business.

7127	(125) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (125)(d) or (e), "tangible personal property"
7128	means personal property that:
7129	(i) may be:
7130	(A) seen;
7131	(B) weighed;
7132	(C) measured;
7133	(D) felt; or
7134	(E) touched; or
7135	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
7136	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
7137	(i) electricity;
7138	(ii) water;
7139	(iii) gas;
7140	(iv) steam; or
7141	(v) prewritten computer software, regardless of the manner in which the prewritten
7142	computer software is transferred.
7143	(c) "Tangible personal property" includes the following regardless of whether the item
7144	is attached to real property:
7145	(i) a dishwasher;
7146	(ii) a dryer;
7147	(iii) a freezer;
7148	(iv) a microwave;
7149	(v) a refrigerator;
7150	(vi) a stove;
7151	(vii) a washer; or
7152	(viii) an item similar to Subsections (125)(c)(i) through (vii) as determined by the
7153	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
7154	Rulemaking Act.
7155	(d) "Tangible personal property" does not include a product that is transferred
7156	electronically.
7157	(e) "Tangible personal property" does not include the following if attached to real

- property, regardless of whether the attachment to real property is only through a line that
 supplies water, electricity, gas, telephone, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the
 commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
 Rulemaking Act:
- (i) a hot water heater;
- 7163 (ii) a water filtration system; or
- 7164 (iii) a water softener system.
- 7165 (126) (a) "Telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or
- 5166 software" means an item listed in Subsection (126)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
- 7167 primarily to enable or facilitate one or more of the following to function:
- (i) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
- 7169 (ii) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
- 7170 (b) The following apply to Subsection (126)(a):
- 7171 (i) a pole;
- 7172 (ii) software;
- 7173 (iii) a supplementary power supply;
- 7174 (iv) temperature or environmental equipment or machinery;
- 7175 (v) test equipment;
- 7176 (vi) a tower; or
- (vii) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
 Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi) as determined by the commission by rule made in
 accordance with Subsection (126)(c).
- (c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
 commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
 functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi).
- (127) "Telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911
 service" means equipment, machinery, or software that is required to comply with 47 C.F.R.
 Sec. 20.18.
- (128) "Telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software"
 means equipment, machinery, or software purchased or leased primarily to maintain or repair
 one or more of the following, regardless of whether the equipment, machinery, or software is

7189	purchased or leased as a spare part or as an upgrade or modification to one or more of the
7190	following:
7191	(a) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
7192	(b) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
7193	(c) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
7194	(129) (a) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic conveyance, routing, or
7195	transmission of audio, data, video, voice, or any other information or signal to a point, or
7196	among or between points.
7197	(b) "Telecommunications service" includes:
7198	(i) an electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission with respect to which a computer
7199	processing application is used to act:
7200	(A) on the code, form, or protocol of the content;
7201	(B) for the purpose of electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission; and
7202	(C) regardless of whether the service:
7203	(I) is referred to as voice over Internet protocol service; or
7204	(II) is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value
7205	added;
7206	(ii) an 800 service;
7207	(iii) a 900 service;
7208	(iv) a fixed wireless service;
7209	(v) a mobile wireless service;
7210	(vi) a postpaid calling service;
7211	(vii) a prepaid calling service;
7212	(viii) a prepaid wireless calling service; or
7213	(ix) a private communications service.
7214	(c) "Telecommunications service" does not include:
7215	(i) advertising, including directory advertising;
7216	(ii) an ancillary service;
7217	(iii) a billing and collection service provided to a third party;
7218	(iv) a data processing and information service if:
7219	(A) the data processing and information service allows data to be:

7220	(I) (Aa) acquired;
7221	(Bb) generated;
7222	(Cc) processed;
7223	(Dd) retrieved; or
7224	(Ee) stored; and
7225	(II) delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser; and
7226	(B) the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data
7227	or information;
7228	(v) installation or maintenance of the following on a customer's premises:
7229	(A) equipment; or
7230	(B) wiring;
7231	(vi) Internet access service;
7232	(vii) a paging service;
7233	(viii) a product transferred electronically, including:
7234	(A) music;
7235	(B) reading material;
7236	(C) a ring tone;
7237	(D) software; or
7238	(E) video;
7239	(ix) a radio and television audio and video programming service:
7240	(A) regardless of the medium; and
7241	(B) including:
7242	(I) furnishing conveyance, routing, or transmission of a television audio and video
7243	programming service by a programming service provider;
7244	(II) cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6); or
7245	(III) audio and video programming services delivered by a commercial mobile radio
7246	service provider as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3;
7247	(x) a value-added nonvoice data service; or
7248	(xi) tangible personal property.
7249	(130) (a) "Telecommunications service provider" means a person that:
7250	(i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telecommunications service; and

7251	(ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (130)(a)(i) for the shared use with or
7252	resale to any person of the telecommunications service.
7253	(b) A person described in Subsection (130)(a) is a telecommunications service provider
7254	whether or not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates:
7255	(i) that person; or
7256	(ii) the telecommunications service that the person owns, controls, operates, or
7257	manages.
7258	(131) (a) "Telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or
7259	software" means an item listed in Subsection (131)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
7260	primarily for switching or routing:
7261	(i) an ancillary service;
7262	(ii) data communications;
7263	(iii) voice communications; or
7264	(iv) telecommunications service.
7265	(b) The following apply to Subsection (131)(a):
7266	(i) a bridge;
7267	(ii) a computer;
7268	(iii) a cross connect;
7269	(iv) a modem;
7270	(v) a multiplexer;
7271	(vi) plug in circuitry;
7272	(vii) a router;
7273	(viii) software;
7274	(ix) a switch; or
7275	(x) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
7276	Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix) as determined by the commission by rule made in
7277	accordance with Subsection (131)(c).
7278	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7279	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
7280	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix).
7281	(132) (a) "Telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software"

- S.B. 12 7282 means an item listed in Subsection (132)(b) if that item is purchased or leased primarily for 7283 sending, receiving, or transporting: (i) an ancillary service; 7284 7285 (ii) data communications; 7286 (iii) voice communications; or 7287 (iv) telecommunications service. (b) The following apply to Subsection (132)(a): 7288 7289 (i) an amplifier; 7290 (ii) a cable; 7291 (iii) a closure; 7292 (iv) a conduit; 7293 (v) a controller; 7294 (vi) a duplexer; (vii) a filter; 7295 (viii) an input device; 7296
- 7297 (ix) an input/output device;
- 7298 (x) an insulator;
- (xi) microwave machinery or equipment; 7299
- 7300 (xii) an oscillator;
- 7301 (xiii) an output device;
- 7302 (xiv) a pedestal;
- 7303 (xv) a power converter;
- 7304 (xvi) a power supply;
- 7305 (xvii) a radio channel;
- 7306 (xviii) a radio receiver;
- 7307 (xix) a radio transmitter;
- 7308 (xx) a repeater;
- 7309 (xxi) software;
- 7310 (xxii) a terminal;
- 7311 (xxiii) a timing unit;
- 7312 (xxiv) a transformer;

7313	(xxv) a wire; or
7314	(xxvi) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
7315	Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv) as determined by the commission by rule made in
7316	accordance with Subsection (132)(c).
7317	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7318	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
7319	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv).
7320	(133) (a) "Textbook for a higher education course" means a textbook or other printed
7321	material that is required for a course:
7322	(i) offered by an institution of higher education; and
7323	(ii) that the purchaser of the textbook or other printed material attends or will attend.
7324	(b) "Textbook for a higher education course" includes a textbook in electronic format.
7325	(134) "Tobacco" means:
7326	(a) a cigarette;
7327	(b) a cigar;
7328	(c) chewing tobacco;
7329	(d) pipe tobacco; or
7330	(e) any other item that contains tobacco.
7331	(135) "Unassisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or
7332	ride device that is started and stopped by the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate
7333	the amusement device, skill device, or ride device.
7334	(136) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal
7335	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service under Subsection 59-12-103(1),
7336	incident to the ownership or the leasing of that tangible personal property, product transferred
7337	electronically, or service.
7338	(b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of tangible personal
7339	property, a product transferred electronically, or a service in the regular course of business and
7340	held for resale.
7341	(137) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service:
7342	(a) that otherwise meets the definition of a telecommunications service except that a
7343	computer processing application is used to act primarily for a purpose other than conveyance,

- 7344 routing, or transmission; and
- (b) with respect to which a computer processing application is used to act on data orinformation:

7347	(i) code;
7348	(ii) content;
7349	(iii) form; or
7350	(iv) protocol.
7351	(138) (a) Subject to Subsection (138)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are
7352	required to be titled, registered, or titled and registered:
7353	(i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102;
7354	(ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102;
7355	(iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or
7356	(iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
7357	(b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(33) only, "vehicle" includes:
7358	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (138)(a); or
7359	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
7360	(B) a freight car;
7361	(C) railroad work equipment; or
7362	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
7363	(139) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
7364	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (138).
7365	(140) (a) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that:
7366	(i) is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services; and
7367	(ii) offers an advanced calling feature that allows a customer to:
7368	(A) identify a caller; and
7369	(B) manage multiple calls and call connections.
7370	(b) "Vertical service" includes an ancillary service that allows a customer to manage a
7371	conference bridging service.
7372	(141) (a) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables a customer to
7373	receive, send, or store a recorded message.
7374	(b) "Voice mail service" does not include a vertical service that a customer is required

7375	to have in order to utilize a voice mail service.
7376	(142) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (142)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
7377	facility that generates electricity:
7378	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
7379	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
7380	(A) tires;
7381	(B) waste coal;
7382	(C) oil shale; or
7383	(D) municipal solid waste; and
7384	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
7385	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
7386	(i) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
7387	(ii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
7388	(143) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.
7389	(144) "Wind energy" means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
7390	electricity.
7391	(145) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
7392	location by the United States Postal Service.
7393	Section 79. Section 59-28-103 is amended to read:
7394	59-28-103. Imposition Rate Revenue distribution.
7395	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this chapter, the state shall impose a tax on the
7396	transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) at a rate of .32%.
7397	(2) The tax imposed under this chapter is in addition to any other taxes imposed on the
7398	transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
7399	(3) (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the commission shall deposit 6% of the
7400	revenue the state collects from the tax under this chapter into the Hospitality and Tourism
7401	Management Education Account created in Section [53A-15-207] 53F-9-501 to fund the
7402	Hospitality and Tourism Management Career and Technical Education Pilot Program created
7403	in Section [53A-15-206] <u>53E-3-515</u> .
7404	(ii) The commission may not deposit more than \$300,000 into the Hospitality and
7405	Tourism Management Education Account under Subsection (3)(a)(i) in a fiscal year.

7406	(b) Except for the amount deposited into the Hospitality and Tourism Management
7407	Education Account under Subsection (3)(a) and the administrative charge retained under
7408	Subsection 59-28-104(4), the commission shall deposit any revenue the state collects from the
7409	tax under this chapter into the Outdoor Recreation Infrastructure Account created in Section
7410	63N-9-205 to fund the Outdoor Recreational Infrastructure Grant Program created in Section
7411	63N-9-202.
7412	Section 80. Section 62A-2-108.1 is amended to read:
7413	62A-2-108.1. Coordination of human services and educational services
7414	Licensing of programs Procedures.
7415	(1) For purposes of this section:
7416	(a) "accredited private school" means a private school that is accredited by an
7417	accrediting entity recognized by the Utah State Board of Education; and
7418	(b) "education entitled children" means children:
7419	(i) subject to compulsory education under Section [53A-11-101.5] 53G-6-202;
7420	(ii) subject to the school attendance requirements of Section [53A-11-101.7]
7421	<u>53G-6-203;</u> or
7422	(iii) entitled to educational services under Section $[\frac{53A-15-301}{53E-7-202}]$.
7423	(2) Subject to Subsection (8) or (9), a human services program may not be licensed to
7424	serve education entitled children unless the human services program presents an educational
7425	service plan that includes evidence:
7426	(a) satisfactory to:
7427	(i) the office; and
7428	(ii) (A) the local school board of the school district in which the human services
7429	program will be operated; or
7430	(B) the school district superintendent of the school district in which the human services
7431	program will be operated; and
7432	(b) that children served by the human services program shall receive appropriate
7433	educational services satisfying the requirements of applicable law.
7434	(3) Subject to Subsection (8) or (9), if a human services program serves any education
7435	entitled children whose custodial parents or legal guardians reside outside the state, then the
7436	program shall also provide an educational funding plan that includes evidence:

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7437	(a) satisfactory to:
7438	(i) the office; and
7439	(ii) (A) the local school board of the school district in which the human services
7440	program will be operated; or
7441	(B) the school district superintendent of the school district in which the human services
7442	program will be operated; and
7443	(b) that all costs for educational services to be provided to the education entitled
7444	children, including tuition, and school fees approved by the local school board, shall be borne
7445	by the human services program.
7446	(4) Subject to Subsection (8) or (9), and in accordance with Subsection (2), the human
7447	services program shall obtain and provide the office with a letter:
7448	(a) from the entity referred to in Subsection (2)(a)(ii):
7449	(i) approving the educational service plan referred to in Subsection (2); or
7450	(ii) (A) disapproving the educational service plan referred to in Subsection (2); and
7451	(B) listing the specific requirements the human services program must meet before
7452	approval is granted; and
7453	(b) from the entity referred to in Subsection (3)(a)(ii):
7454	(i) approving the educational funding plan, referred to in Subsection (3); or
7455	(ii) (A) disapproving the educational funding plan, referred to in Subsection (3); and
7456	(B) listing the specific requirements the human services program must meet before
7457	approval is granted.
7458	(5) Subject to Subsection (8), failure of a local school board or school district
7459	superintendent to respond to a proposed plan within 45 days of receipt of the plan is equivalent
7460	to approval of the plan by the local school board or school district superintendent if the human
7461	services program provides to the office:
7462	(a) proof that:
7463	(i) the human services program submitted the proposed plan to the local school board
7464	or school district superintendent; and
7465	(ii) more than 45 days have passed from the day on which the plan was submitted; and
7466	(b) an affidavit, on a form produced by the office, stating:
7467	(i) the date that the human services program submitted the proposed plan to the local

7468	school board or school district superintendent;
7469	(ii) that more than 45 days have passed from the day on which the plan was submitted;
7470	and
7471	(iii) that the local school board or school district superintendent described in
7472	Subsection (5)(b)(i) failed to respond to the proposed plan within 45 days from the day on
7473	which the plan was submitted.
7474	(6) If a licensee that is licensed to serve an education entitled child fails to comply with
7475	its approved educational service plan or educational funding plan, then:
7476	(a) the office shall give the licensee notice of intent to revoke the licensee's license; and
7477	(b) if the licensee continues its noncompliance for more than 30 days after receipt of
7478	the notice described in Subsection (6)(a), the office shall revoke the licensee's license.
7479	(7) If an education entitled child whose custodial parent or legal guardian resides
7480	within the state is provided with educational services by a school district other than the school
7481	district in which the custodial parent or legal guardian resides, then the funding provisions of
7482	Section [53A-2-210] <u>53G-6-405</u> apply.
7483	(8) A human services program that is an accredited private school:
7484	(a) for purposes of Subsection (2):
7485	(i) is only required to submit proof to the office that the accreditation of the private
7486	school is current; and
7487	(ii) is not required to submit an educational service plan for approval by an entity
7488	described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
7489	(b) for purposes of Subsection (3):
7490	(i) is only required to submit proof to the office that all costs for educational services
7491	provided to education entitled children will be borne by the human services program; and
7492	(ii) is not required to submit an educational funding plan for approval by an entity
7493	described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii); and
7494	(c) is not required to comply with Subsections (4) and (5).
7495	(9) Except for Subsection (7), the provisions of this section do not apply to a human
7496	services program that is:
7497	(a) a foster home; and
7498	(b) required to be licensed by the office.

7499	Section 81. Section 62A-4a-202.6 is amended to read:
7500	62A-4a-202.6. Conflict child protective services investigations Authority of
7501	investigators.
7502	(1) (a) The division shall contract with an independent child protective service
7503	investigator from the private sector to investigate reports of abuse or neglect of a child that
7504	occur while the child is in the custody of the division.
7505	(b) The executive director shall designate an entity within the department, other than
7506	the division, to monitor the contract for the investigators described in Subsection (1)(a).
7507	(c) Subject to Subsection (4), when a report is made that a child is abused or neglected
7508	while in the custody of the division:
7509	(i) the attorney general may, in accordance with Section 67-5-16, and with the consent
7510	of the division, employ a child protective services investigator to conduct a conflict
7511	investigation of the report; or
7512	(ii) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103, may, with the consent
7513	of the division, conduct a conflict investigation of the report.
7514	(d) Subsection (1)(c)(ii) does not prevent a law enforcement officer from, without the
7515	consent of the division, conducting a criminal investigation of abuse or neglect under Title 53,
7516	Public Safety Code.
7517	(2) The investigators described in Subsections (1)(c) and (d) may also investigate
7518	allegations of abuse or neglect of a child by a department employee or a licensed substitute care
7519	provider.
7520	(3) The investigators described in Subsection (1), if not peace officers, shall have the
7521	same rights, duties, and authority of a child protective services investigator employed by the
7522	division to:
7523	(a) make a thorough investigation upon receiving either an oral or written report of
7524	alleged abuse or neglect of a child, with the primary purpose of that investigation being the
7525	protection of the child;
7526	(b) make an inquiry into the child's home environment, emotional, or mental health, the
7527	nature and extent of the child's injuries, and the child's physical safety;
7528	(c) make a written report of their investigation, including determination regarding
7529	whether the alleged abuse or neglect was substantiated, unsubstantiated, or without merit, and

7530 forward a copy of that report to the division within the time mandates for investigations established by the division; and 7531 7532 (d) immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in 7533 accordance with Sections [53A-11-101] 53G-6-201 through [53A-11-103] 53G-6-206 when a 7534 report is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect. 7535 (4) If there is a lapse in the contract with a private child protective service investigator 7536 and no other investigator is available under Subsection (1)(a) or (c), the department may 7537 conduct an independent investigation. 7538 Section 82. Section 62A-4a-409 is amended to read: 7539 62A-4a-409. Investigation by division -- Temporary protective custody --7540 Preremoval interviews of children. 7541 (1) (a) The division shall make a thorough preremoval investigation upon receiving 7542 either an oral or written report of alleged abuse, neglect, fetal alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency, when there is reasonable cause to suspect that a situation of abuse, neglect, fetal 7543 7544 alcohol syndrome, or fetal drug dependency exists. 7545 (b) The primary purpose of the investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be 7546 protection of the child. 7547 (2) The preremoval investigation described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include the same 7548 investigative requirements described in Section 62A-4a-202.3. (3) The division shall make a written report of its investigation that shall include a 7549 7550 determination regarding whether the alleged abuse or neglect is supported, unsupported, or 7551 without merit. 7552 (4) (a) The division shall use an interdisciplinary approach when appropriate in dealing 7553 with reports made under this part. 7554 (b) The division shall convene a child protection team to assist the division in the 7555 division's protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services. 7556 (c) The division may include members of a child protection unit in the division's 7557 protective, diagnostic, assessment, treatment, and coordination services. 7558 (d) A representative of the division shall serve as the team's coordinator and chair. 7559 Members of the team shall serve at the coordinator's invitation. Whenever possible, the team 7560 shall include representatives of:

7561	(i) health, mental health, education, and law enforcement agencies;
7562	(ii) the child;
7563	(iii) parent and family support groups unless the parent is alleged to be the perpetrator;
7564	and
7565	(iv) other appropriate agencies or individuals.
7566	(5) If a report of neglect is based upon or includes an allegation of educational neglect,
7567	the division shall immediately consult with school authorities to verify the child's status in
7568	accordance with Sections [53A-11-101] 53G-6-201 through [53A-11-103] 53G-6-206.
7569	(6) When the division completes its initial investigation under this part, it shall give
7570	notice of that completion to the person who made the initial report.
7571	(7) Division workers or other child protection team members have authority to enter
7572	upon public or private premises, using appropriate legal processes, to investigate reports of
7573	alleged abuse or neglect, upon notice to parents of their rights under the Child Abuse
7574	Prevention and Treatment Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5106, or any successor thereof.
7575	(8) With regard to any interview of a child prior to removal of that child from the
7576	child's home:
7577	(a) except as provided in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), the division shall inform a parent of
7578	the child prior to the interview of:
7579	(i) the specific allegations concerning the child; and
7580	(ii) the time and place of the interview;
7581	(b) if a child's parent or stepparent, or a parent's paramour has been identified as the
7582	alleged perpetrator, the division is not required to comply with Subsection (8)(a);
7583	(c) if the perpetrator is unknown, or if the perpetrator's relationship to the child's family
7584	is unknown, the division may conduct a minimal interview or conversation, not to exceed 15
7585	minutes, with the child prior to complying with Subsection (8)(a);
7586	(d) in all cases described in Subsection (8)(b) or (c), a parent of the child shall be
7587	notified as soon as practicable after the child has been interviewed, but in no case later than 24
7588	hours after the interview has taken place;
7589	(e) a child's parents shall be notified of the time and place of all subsequent interviews
7590	with the child; and
7591	(f) the child shall be allowed to have a support person of the child's choice present,

7592	who:
7593	(i) may include:
7594	(A) a school teacher;
7595	(B) an administrator;
7596	(C) a guidance counselor;
7597	(D) a child care provider;
7598	(E) a family member;
7599	(F) a family advocate; or
7600	(G) clergy; and
7601	(ii) may not be a person who is alleged to be, or potentially may be, the perpetrator.
7602	(9) In accordance with the procedures and requirements of Sections 62A-4a-202.1
7603	through 62A-4a-202.3, a division worker or child protection team member may take a child
7604	into protective custody and deliver the child to a law enforcement officer, or place the child in
7605	an emergency shelter facility approved by the juvenile court, at the earliest opportunity
7606	subsequent to the child's removal from the child's original environment. Control and
7607	jurisdiction over the child is determined by the provisions of Title 78A, Chapter 6, Juvenile
7608	Court Act, and as otherwise provided by law.
7609	(10) With regard to cases in which law enforcement has or is conducting an
7610	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child:
7611	(a) the division shall coordinate with law enforcement to ensure that there is an
7612	adequate safety plan to protect the child from further abuse or neglect; and
7613	(b) the division is not required to duplicate an aspect of the investigation that, in the
7614	division's determination, has been satisfactorily completed by law enforcement.
7615	(11) With regard to a mutual case in which a child protection unit was involved in the
7616	investigation of alleged abuse or neglect of a child, the division shall consult with the child
7617	protection unit before closing the case.
7618	Section 83. Section 62A-4a-606 is amended to read:
7619	62A-4a-606. Child-placing agency responsibility for educational services
7620	Payment of costs.
7621	(1) A child-placing agency shall ensure that the requirements of Subsections
7622	$[\frac{53A-11-101.5}{53G-6-202}(2)$ and $[\frac{53A-11-101.7}{53G-6-203}(1)$ are met through the provision

7623	of appropriate educational services for all children served in the state by the agency.
7624	(2) If the educational services are to be provided through a public school, and:
7625	(a) the custodial parent or legal guardian resides outside the state, then the child
7626	placing agency shall pay all educational costs required under Sections [53A-2-205] 53G-6-306
7627	and [53A-12-102] <u>53G-7-503</u> ; or
7628	(b) the custodial parent or legal guardian resides within the state, then the child placing
7629	agency shall pay all educational costs required under Section [53A-12-102] 53G-7-503.
7630	(3) Children in the custody or under the care of a Utah state agency are exempt from
7631	the payment of fees required under Subsection (2).
7632	(4) A public school shall admit any child living within its school boundaries who is
7633	under the supervision of a child placing agency upon payment by the agency of the tuition and
7634	fees required under Subsection (2).
7635	Section 84. Section 62A-4a-1002 is amended to read:
7636	62A-4a-1002. Definitions.
7637	As used in this part:
7638	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), "severe type of child abuse or neglect"
7639	means:
7640	(i) if committed by a person 18 years of age or older:
7641	(A) chronic abuse;
7642	(B) severe abuse;
7643	(C) sexual abuse;
7644	(D) sexual exploitation;
7645	(E) abandonment;
7646	(F) chronic neglect; or
7647	(G) severe neglect; or
7648	(ii) if committed by a person under the age of 18:
7649	(A) serious physical injury, as defined in Subsection 76-5-109(1), to another child
7650	which indicates a significant risk to other children; or
7651	(B) sexual behavior with or upon another child which indicates a significant risk to
7652	other children.
7653	(b) "Severe type of child abuse or neglect" does not include:

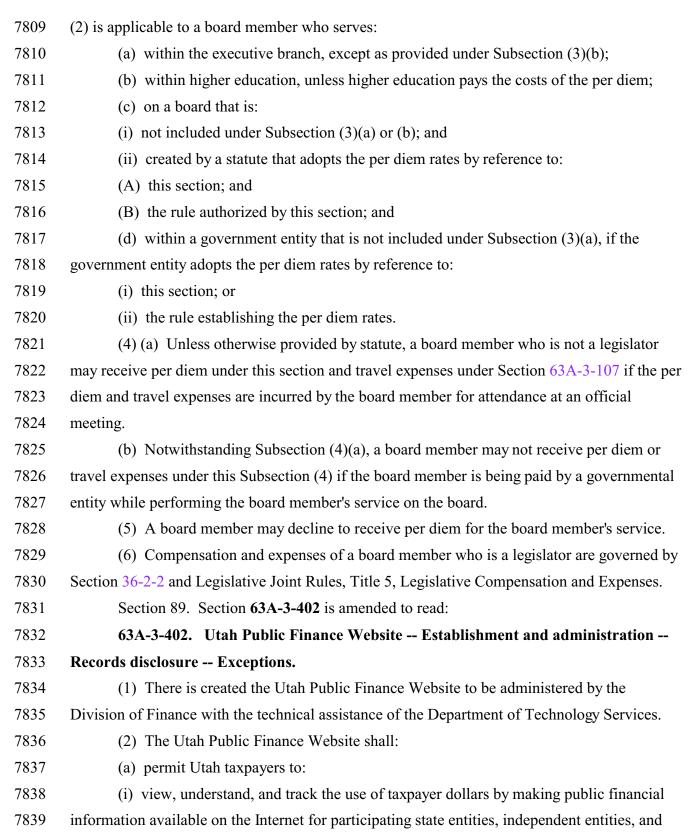
7654	(i) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint by an educator in accordance
7655	with Subsection [53A-11-802] 53G-8-302(2) or Section 76-2-401;
7656	(ii) a person's conduct that:
7657	(A) is justified under Section 76-2-401; or
7658	(B) constitutes the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force in
7659	self-defense or otherwise appropriate to the circumstances to obtain possession of a weapon or
7660	other dangerous object in the possession or under the control of a child or to protect the child or
7661	another person from physical injury; or
7662	(iii) a health care decision made for a child by the child's parent or guardian, unless,
7663	subject to Subsection 62A-4a-1004(2), the state or other party to the proceeding shows, by
7664	clear and convincing evidence, that the health care decision is not reasonable and informed.
7665	(2) "Significant risk" means a risk of harm that is determined to be significant in
7666	accordance with risk assessment tools and rules established by the division that focus on:
7667	(a) age;
7668	(b) social factors;
7669	(c) emotional factors;
7670	(d) sexual factors;
7671	(e) intellectual factors;
7672	(f) family risk factors; and
7673	(g) other related considerations.
7674	Section 85. Section 62A-5a-102 is amended to read:
7675	62A-5a-102. Definitions.
7676	As used in this chapter:
7677	(1) "Council" means the Coordinating Council for Persons with Disabilities.
7678	(2) "State agencies" means:
7679	(a) the Division of Services for People with Disabilities and the Division of Substance
7680	Abuse and Mental Health, within the Department of Human Services;
7681	(b) the Division of Health Care Financing within the Department of Health;
7682	(c) family health services programs established under Title 26, Chapter 10, Family
7683	Health Services, operated by the Department of Health;
7684	(d) the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation created in Section 35A-1-202; and

7685	(e) special education programs operated by the State Board of Education and local
7686	school districts under [Title 53A, Chapter 15, Part 3, Education of Children with Disabilities]
7687	Title 53E, Chapter 7, Part 2, Special Education Program.
7688	Section 86. Section 62A-5a-105 is amended to read:
7689	62A-5a-105. Coordination of services for school-age children.
7690	(1) Within appropriations authorized by the Legislature, the state director of special
7691	education, the director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation created in Section 35A-1-202,
7692	the executive director of the Department of Human Services, and the family health services
7693	director within the Department of Health, or their designees, and the affected local school
7694	district shall cooperatively develop a single coordinated education program, treatment services,
7695	and individual and family supports for students entitled to a free appropriate education under
7696	[Title 53A, Chapter 15, Part 3, Education of Children with Disabilities] Title 53E, Chapter 7,
7697	Part 2, Special Education Program, who also require services from the Department of Human
7698	Services, the Department of Health, or the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation.
7699	(2) Distribution of costs for services and supports described in Subsection (1) shall be
7700	determined through a process established by the State Board of Education, the Department of
7701	Human Services, and the Department of Health.
7702	Section 87. Section 62A-15-1101 is amended to read:
7703	62A-15-1101. Suicide prevention Reporting requirements.
7704	(1) As used in the section:
7705	(a) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification created in Section 53-10-201
7706	within the Department of Public Safety.
7707	(b) "Division" means the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.
7708	(c) "Intervention" means an effort to prevent a person from attempting suicide.
7709	(d) "Postvention" means mental health intervention after a suicide attempt or death to
7710	prevent or contain contagion.
7711	(e) "State suicide prevention coordinator" means an individual designated by the
7712	division as described in Subsections (2) and (3).
7713	(2) The division shall appoint a state suicide prevention coordinator to administer a
7714	state suicide prevention program composed of suicide prevention, intervention, and postvention
7715	programs, services, and efforts.

7716	(3) The state suicide prevention program may include the following components:
7717	(a) delivery of resources, tools, and training to community-based coalitions;
7718	(b) evidence-based suicide risk assessment tools and training;
7719	(c) town hall meetings for building community-based suicide prevention strategies;
7720	(d) suicide prevention gatekeeper training;
7721	(e) training to identify warning signs and to manage an at-risk individual's crisis;
7722	(f) evidence-based intervention training;
7723	(g) intervention skills training; and
7724	(h) postvention training.
7725	(4) The state suicide prevention coordinator shall coordinate with the following to
7726	gather statistics, among other duties:
7727	(a) local mental health and substance abuse authorities;
7728	(b) the State Board of Education, including the public education suicide prevention
7729	coordinator described in Section [53A-15-1301] 53G-9-702;
7730	(c) the Department of Health;
7731	(d) health care providers, including emergency rooms;
7732	(e) federal agencies, including the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
7733	(f) other unbiased sources; and
7734	(g) other public health suicide prevention efforts.
7735	(5) The state suicide prevention coordinator shall provide a written report to the Health
7736	and Human Services Interim Committee, by the October meeting every year, on:
7737	(a) implementation of the state suicide prevention program, as described in Subsections
7738	(2) and (3);
7739	(b) data measuring the effectiveness of each component of the state suicide prevention
7740	program;
7741	(c) funds appropriated for each component of the state suicide prevention program; and
7742	(d) five-year trends of suicides in Utah, including subgroups of youths and adults and
7743	other subgroups identified by the state suicide prevention coordinator.
7744	(6) The state suicide prevention coordinator shall report to the Legislature's:
7745	(a) Education Interim Committee, by the October 2015 meeting, jointly with the State
7746	Board of Education, on the coordination of suicide prevention programs and efforts with the

7747	State Board of Education and the public education suicide prevention coordinator as described
7748	in Section [53A-15-1301] <u>53G-9-702;</u> and
7749	(b) Health and Human Services Interim Committee, by the October 2017 meeting,
7750	statistics on the number of annual suicides in Utah, including how many suicides were
7751	committed with a gun, and if so:
7752	(i) where the victim procured the gun and if the gun was legally possessed by the
7753	victim;
7754	(ii) if the victim purchased the gun legally and whether a background check was
7755	performed before the victim purchased the gun;
7756	(iii) whether the victim had a history of mental illness or was under the treatment of a
7757	mental health professional;
7758	(iv) whether any medication or illegal drugs or alcohol were also involved in the
7759	suicide; and
7760	(v) if the suicide incident also involved the injury or death of another individual,
7761	whether the shooter had a history of domestic violence.
7762	(7) The state suicide prevention coordinator shall consult with the bureau to implement
7763	and manage the operation of a firearm safety program, as described in Subsection
7764	53-10-202(18), Section 53-10-202.1, and the Suicide Prevention Education Program described
7765	in Section 53-10-202.3.
7766	(8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7767	division shall make rules:
7768	(a) governing the implementation of the state suicide prevention program, consistent
7769	with this section; and
7770	(b) in conjunction with the bureau, defining the criteria for employers to apply for
7771	grants under the Suicide Prevention Education Program in Section 53-10-202.3, which shall
7772	include:
7773	(i) attendance at a suicide prevention education course; and
7774	(ii) display of posters and distribution of the firearm safety brochures or packets
7775	created in Subsection 53-10-202(18)(a)(iii), but does not require the distribution of a
7776	cable-style gun lock with a firearm if the firearm already has a trigger lock or comparable
7777	safety mechanism.

7778	(9) The state suicide prevention coordinator shall present to the Health and Human
7779	Services Interim Committee, no later than November 2017, a 10-year statewide suicide
7780	prevention plan.
7781	(10) As funding by the Legislature allows, the state suicide prevention coordinator
7782	shall award grants, not to exceed a total of \$100,000 per fiscal year, to suicide prevention
7783	programs that focus on the needs of children who have been served by the Division of Juvenile
7784	Justice Services.
7785	Section 88. Section 63A-3-106 is amended to read:
7786	63A-3-106. Per diem rates for board members.
7787	(1) As used in this section and Section $63A-3-107$:
7788	(a) "Board" means a board, commission, council, committee, task force, or similar
7789	body established to perform a governmental function.
7790	(b) "Board member" means a person appointed or designated by statute to serve on a
7791	board.
7792	(c) "Executive branch" means an agency within the executive branch of state
7793	government.
7794	(d) (i) "Governmental entity" has the same meaning, except as provided in Subsection
7795	(1)(d)(ii), as provided under Section 63G-2-103.
7796	(ii) "Governmental entity" does not include an association as defined in Section
7797	[53A-16-101] <u>53G-7-1101</u> .
7798	(e) "Higher education" means a state institution of higher education, as defined under
7799	Section 53B-1-102.
7800	(f) "Officer" means a person who is elected or appointed to an office or position within
7801	a governmental entity.
7802	(g) "Official meeting" means a meeting of a board that is called in accordance with
7803	statute.
7804	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and
7805	subject to approval by the executive director, the director of the Division of Finance shall make
7806	rules establishing per diem rates to defray subsistence costs for a board member's attendance at
7807	an official meeting.
7808	(3) Unless otherwise provided by statute, a per diem rate established under Subsection



7840	participating local entities, using the Utah Public Finance Website; and
7841	(ii) link to websites administered by participating local entities or independent entities
7842	that do not use the Utah Public Finance Website for the purpose of providing participating
7843	local entities' or independent entities' public financial information as required by this part and
7844	by rule under Section 63A-3-404;
7845	(b) allow a person who has Internet access to use the website without paying a fee;
7846	(c) allow the public to search public financial information on the Utah Public Finance
7847	Website using criteria established by the board;
7848	(d) provide access to financial reports, financial audits, budgets, or other financial
7849	documents that are used to allocate, appropriate, spend, and account for government funds, as
7850	may be established by rule under Section 63A-3-404;
7851	(e) have a unique and simplified website address;
7852	(f) be directly accessible via a link from the main page of the official state website;
7853	(g) include other links, features, or functionality that will assist the public in obtaining
7854	and reviewing public financial information, as may be established by rule under Section
7855	63A-3-404; and
7856	(h) include a link to school report cards published on the State Board of Education's
7857	website under Section [53A-1-1112] <u>53E-5-211</u> .
7858	(3) The division shall:
7859	(a) establish and maintain the website, including the provision of equipment, resources,
7860	and personnel as necessary;
7861	(b) maintain an archive of all information posted to the website;
7862	(c) coordinate and process the receipt and posting of public financial information from
7863	participating state entities;
7864	(d) coordinate and regulate the posting of public financial information by participating
7865	local entities and independent entities; and
7866	(e) provide staff support for the advisory committee.
7867	(4) (a) A participating state entity and each independent entity shall permit the public
7868	to view the entity's public financial information via the website, beginning with information
7869	that is generated not later than the fiscal year that begins July 1, 2008, except that public
7870	financial information for an:

7871	(i) institution of higher education shall be provided beginning with information
7872	generated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009; and
7873	(ii) independent entity shall be provided beginning with information generated for the
7874	entity's fiscal year beginning in 2014.
7875	(b) No later than May 15, 2009, the website shall:
7876	(i) be operational; and
7877	(ii) permit public access to participating state entities' public financial information,
7878	except as provided in Subsections (4)(c) and (d).
7879	(c) An institution of higher education that is a participating state entity shall submit the
7880	entity's public financial information at a time allowing for inclusion on the website no later
7881	than May 15, 2010.
7882	(d) No later than the first full quarter after July 1, 2014, an independent entity shall
7883	submit the entity's public financial information for inclusion on the Utah Public Finance
7884	Website or via a link to its own website on the Utah Public Finance Website.
7885	(5) (a) The Utah Educational Savings Plan, created in Section 53B-8a-103, shall
7886	provide the following financial information to the division for posting on the Utah Public
7887	Finance Website:
7888	(i) administrative fund expense transactions from its general ledger accounting system;
7889	and
7890	(ii) employee compensation information.
7891	(b) The plan is not required to submit other financial information to the division,
7892	including:
7893	(i) revenue transactions;
7894	(ii) account owner transactions; and
7895	(iii) fiduciary or commercial information, as defined in Section 53B-12-102.
7896	(6) (a) The following independent entities shall each provide administrative expense
7897	transactions from its general ledger accounting system and employee compensation
7898	information to the division for posting on the Utah Public Finance Website or via a link to a
7899	website administered by the independent entity:
7900	(i) the Utah Capital Investment Corporation, created in Section 63N-6-301;
7901	(ii) the Utah Housing Corporation, created in Section 63H-8-201; and

7902	(iii) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, created in Section
7903	53C-1-201.
7904	(b) For purposes of this part, an independent entity described in Subsection (6)(a) is not
7905	required to submit to the division, or provide a link to, other financial information, including:
7906	(i) revenue transactions of a fund or account created in its enabling statute;
7907	(ii) fiduciary or commercial information related to any subject if the disclosure of the
7908	information:
7909	(A) would conflict with fiduciary obligations; or
7910	(B) is prohibited by insider trading provisions;
7911	(iii) information of a commercial nature, including information related to:
7912	(A) account owners, borrowers, and dependents;
7913	(B) demographic data;
7914	(C) contracts and related payments;
7915	(D) negotiations;
7916	(E) proposals or bids;
7917	(F) investments;
7918	(G) the investment and management of funds;
7919	(H) fees and charges;
7920	(I) plan and program design;
7921	(J) investment options and underlying investments offered to account owners;
7922	(K) marketing and outreach efforts;
7923	(L) lending criteria;
7924	(M) the structure and terms of bonding; and
7925	(N) financial plans or strategies; and
7926	(iv) information protected from public disclosure by federal law.
7927	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7):
7928	(i) "Local education agency" means a school district or a charter school.
7929	(ii) "New school building project" means:
7930	(A) the construction of a school or school facility that did not previously exist in a local
7931	education agency; or
7932	(B) the lease or purchase of an existing building, by a local education agency, to be

7933	used as a school or school facility.
7934	(iii) "School facility" means a facility, including a pool, theater, stadium, or
7935	maintenance building, that is built, leased, acquired, or remodeled by a local education agency
7936	regardless of whether the facility is open to the public.
7937	(iv) "Significant school remodel" means a construction project undertaken by a local
7938	education agency with a project cost equal to or greater than \$2,000,000, including:
7939	(A) the upgrading, changing, alteration, refurbishment, modification, or complete
7940	substitution of an existing school or school facility in a local education agency; or
7941	(B) the addition of a school facility.
7942	(b) For each new school building project or significant school remodel, the local
7943	education agency shall:
7944	(i) prepare an annual school plant capital outlay report; and
7945	(ii) submit the report:
7946	(A) to the division for publication on the Utah Public Finance Website; and
7947	(B) in a format, including any raw data or electronic formatting, prescribed by
7948	applicable division policy.
7949	(c) The local education agency shall include in the capital outlay report described in
7950	Subsection (7)(b)(i) the following information as applicable to each new school building
7951	project or significant school remodel:
7952	(i) the name and location of the new school building project or significant school
7953	remodel;
7954	(ii) construction and design costs, including:
7955	(A) the purchase price or lease terms of any real property acquired or leased for the
7956	project or remodel;
7957	(B) facility construction;
7958	(C) facility and landscape design;
7959	(D) applicable impact fees; and
7960	(E) furnishings and equipment;
7961	(iii) the gross square footage of the project or remodel;
7962	(iv) the year construction was completed; and
7963	(v) the final student capacity of the new school building project or, for a significant

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school remodel, the increase or decrease in student capacity created by the remodel.

- (d) (i) For a cost, fee, or other expense required to be reported under Subsection (7)(c),
 the local education agency shall report the actual cost, fee, or other expense.
- (ii) The division may require that a local education agency provide further itemizeddata on information listed in Subsection (7)(c).
- (e) (i) No later than May 15, 2015, a local education agency shall provide the division a
 school plant capital outlay report for each new school building project and significant school
 remodel completed on or after July 1, 2004, and before May 13, 2014.
- (ii) For a new school building project or significant school remodel completed after
 May 13, 2014, the local education agency shall provide the school plant capital outlay report
 described in this Subsection (7) to the division annually by a date designated by the division.
- (8) A person who negligently discloses a record that is classified as private, protected,
 or controlled by Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, is
 not criminally or civilly liable for an improper disclosure of the record if the record is disclosed
 solely as a result of the preparation or publication of the Utah Public Finance Website.
- 7979 7980

Section 90. Section **63A-4-204** is amended to read:

63A-4-204. School district participation in Risk Management Fund.

- (1) (a) For the purpose of this section, action by a public school district shall be takenupon resolution by a majority of the members of the school district's board of education.
- (b) (i) Upon approval by the state risk manager and the board of education of the
 school district, a public school district may participate in the Risk Management Fund and may
 permit a foundation established under Section [53A-4-205] 53E-3-403 to participate in the
 Risk Management Fund.
- (ii) Upon approval by the state risk manager and the State Board of Education, a statepublic education foundation may participate in the Risk Management Fund.
- (c) Subject to any cancellation or other applicable coverage provisions, either the staterisk manager or the public school district may terminate participation in the fund.
- (2) The state risk manager shall contract for all insurance, legal, loss adjustment,
 consulting, loss control, safety, and other related services necessary to support the insurance
 program provided to a participating public school district, except that all supporting legal
 services are subject to the prior approval of the state attorney general.

7995	(3) (a) The state risk manager shall treat each participating public school district as a
7996	state agency when participating in the Risk Management Fund.
7997	(b) Each public school district participating in the fund shall comply with the
7998	provisions of this part that affect state agencies.
7999	(4) (a) Each year, the risk manager shall prepare, in writing, the information required
8000	by Subsection (4)(b) regarding the coverage against legal liability provided a school district
8001	employee of this state:
8002	(i) by the Risk Management Fund;
8003	(ii) under Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah; and
8004	(iii) under Title 52, Chapter 6, Reimbursement of Legal Fees and Costs to Officers and
8005	Employees Act.
8006	(b) (i) The information described in Subsection (4)(a) shall include:
8007	(A) the eligibility requirements, if any, to receive the coverage;
8008	(B) the basic nature of the coverage for a school district employee, including what is
8009	not covered; and
8010	(C) whether the coverage is primary or in excess of any other coverage the risk
8011	manager knows is commonly available to a school district employee in this state.
8012	(ii) The information described in Subsection (4)(a) may include:
8013	(A) comparisons the risk manager considers beneficial to a school district employee
8014	between:
8015	(I) the coverage described in Subsection (4)(a); and
8016	(II) other coverage the risk manager knows is commonly available to a school district
8017	employee in this state; and
8018	(B) any other information the risk manager considers appropriate.
8019	(c) By no later than July 1 of each year, the risk manager shall provide the information
8020	prepared under this Subsection (4) to each school district that participates in the Risk
8021	Management Fund.
8022	(d) A school district that participates in the Risk Management Fund shall provide a
8023	copy of the information described in Subsection (4)(c) to each school district employee within
8024	the school district no later than the first day of each school year.
8025	(e) If a school district hires an employee after the first day of the school year, no later

8026	than 10 days after the day on which the employee is hired, the school district shall provide the
8027	information described in Subsection (4)(c) to the employee.
8028	Section 91. Section 63A-4-204.5 is amended to read:
8029	63A-4-204.5. Charter school participation in Risk Management Fund.
8030	(1) A charter school established under the authority of [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5,
8031	The Utah Charter Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools, may participate in the
8032	Risk Management Fund upon the approval of the state risk manager and the governing body of
8033	the charter school.
8034	(2) (a) For purposes of administration, the state risk manager shall treat each charter
8035	school participating in the fund as a state agency.
8036	(b) Each charter school participating in the fund shall comply with the provisions of
8037	this part that affect state agencies.
8038	(3) (a) Each year, the risk manager shall prepare, in writing, the information required
8039	by Subsection (3)(b) regarding the coverage against legal liability provided a charter school
8040	employee of this state:
8041	(i) by the Risk Management Fund;
8042	(ii) under Title 63G, Chapter 7, Utah Governmental Immunity Act of Utah; and
8043	(iii) under Title 52, Chapter 6, Reimbursement of Legal Fees and Costs to Officers and
8044	Employees Act.
8045	(b) (i) The information described in Subsection (3)(a) shall include:
8046	(A) the eligibility requirements, if any, to receive the coverage;
8047	(B) the basic nature of the coverage for a charter school employee, including what is
8048	not covered; and
8049	(C) whether the coverage is primary or in excess of any other coverage the risk
8050	manager knows is commonly available to a charter school employee in this state.
8051	(ii) The information described in Subsection (3)(a) may include:
8052	(A) comparisons the risk manager considers beneficial to a charter school employee
8053	between:
8054	(I) the coverage described in Subsection (3)(a); and
8055	(II) other coverage the risk manager knows is commonly available to a charter school
8056	employee in this state; and

8057 (B) any other information the risk manager considers appropriate. 8058 (c) By no later than July 1 of each year, the risk manager shall provide the information 8059 prepared under this Subsection (3) to each charter school that participates in the Risk 8060 Management Fund. 8061 (d) A charter school that participates in the Risk Management Fund shall provide a 8062 copy of the information described in Subsection (3)(c) to each charter school employee within 8063 the charter school no later than the first day of each school year. 8064 (e) If a charter school hires an employee after the first day of the school year, no later 8065 than 10 days after the day on which the employee is hired, the charter school shall provide the 8066 information described in Subsection (3)(c) to the employee. 8067 Section 92. Section 63G-2-103 is amended to read:

8068 **63G-2-103. Definitions.**

8069 As used in this chapter:

8070 (1) "Audit" means:

(a) a systematic examination of financial, management, program, and related records
for the purpose of determining the fair presentation of financial statements, adequacy of
internal controls, or compliance with laws and regulations; or

(b) a systematic examination of program procedures and operations for the purpose of
determining their effectiveness, economy, efficiency, and compliance with statutes and
regulations.

8077 (2) "Chronological logs" mean the regular and customary summary records of law8078 enforcement agencies and other public safety agencies that show:

8079 (a) the time and general nature of police, fire, and paramedic calls made to the agency;8080 and

(b) any arrests or jail bookings made by the agency.

8082 (3) "Classification," "classify," and their derivative forms mean determining whether a
8083 record series, record, or information within a record is public, private, controlled, protected, or
8084 exempt from disclosure under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b).

8085 (4) (a) "Computer program" means:

8086 (i) a series of instructions or statements that permit the functioning of a computer 8087 system in a manner designed to provide storage, retrieval, and manipulation of data from the

- 8088 computer system; and 8089 (ii) any associated documentation and source material that explain how to operate the 8090 computer program. 8091 (b) "Computer program" does not mean: 8092 (i) the original data, including numbers, text, voice, graphics, and images; 8093 (ii) analysis, compilation, and other manipulated forms of the original data produced by 8094 use of the program; or 8095 (iii) the mathematical or statistical formulas, excluding the underlying mathematical 8096 algorithms contained in the program, that would be used if the manipulated forms of the 8097 original data were to be produced manually. 8098 (5) (a) "Contractor" means: 8099 (i) any person who contracts with a governmental entity to provide goods or services 8100 directly to a governmental entity: or 8101 (ii) any private, nonprofit organization that receives funds from a governmental entity. 8102 (b) "Contractor" does not mean a private provider. 8103 (6) "Controlled record" means a record containing data on individuals that is controlled 8104 as provided by Section 63G-2-304. 8105 (7) "Designation," "designate," and their derivative forms mean indicating, based on a 8106 governmental entity's familiarity with a record series or based on a governmental entity's 8107 review of a reasonable sample of a record series, the primary classification that a majority of 8108 records in a record series would be given if classified and the classification that other records 8109 typically present in the record series would be given if classified. 8110 (8) "Elected official" means each person elected to a state office, county office, 8111 municipal office, school board or school district office, local district office, or special service 8112 district office, but does not include judges. 8113 (9) "Explosive" means a chemical compound, device, or mixture: 8114 (a) commonly used or intended for the purpose of producing an explosion; and 8115 (b) that contains oxidizing or combustive units or other ingredients in proportions. quantities, or packing so that: 8116 8117 (i) an ignition by fire, friction, concussion, percussion, or detonator of any part of the
- 8118 compound or mixture may cause a sudden generation of highly heated gases; and

8119	(ii) the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of:
8120	(A) producing destructive effects on contiguous objects; or
8121	(B) causing death or serious bodily injury.
8122	(10) "Government audit agency" means any governmental entity that conducts an audit.
8123	(11) (a) "Governmental entity" means:
8124	(i) executive department agencies of the state, the offices of the governor, lieutenant
8125	governor, state auditor, attorney general, and state treasurer, the Board of Pardons and Parole,
8126	the Board of Examiners, the National Guard, the Career Service Review Office, the State
8127	Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and the State Archives;
8128	(ii) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, Office of the Legislative Fiscal
8129	Analyst, Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, the Legislature, and legislative
8130	committees, except any political party, group, caucus, or rules or sifting committee of the
8131	Legislature;
8132	(iii) courts, the Judicial Council, the Office of the Court Administrator, and similar
8133	administrative units in the judicial branch;
8134	(iv) any state-funded institution of higher education or public education; or
8135	(v) any political subdivision of the state, but, if a political subdivision has adopted an
8136	ordinance or a policy relating to information practices pursuant to Section 63G-2-701, this
8137	chapter shall apply to the political subdivision to the extent specified in Section 63G-2-701 or
8138	as specified in any other section of this chapter that specifically refers to political subdivisions.
8139	(b) "Governmental entity" also means:
8140	(i) every office, agency, board, bureau, committee, department, advisory board, or
8141	commission of an entity listed in Subsection (11)(a) that is funded or established by the
8142	government to carry out the public's business;
8143	(ii) as defined in Section 11-13-103, an interlocal entity or joint or cooperative
8144	undertaking;
8145	(iii) as defined in Section 11-13a-102, a governmental nonprofit corporation; and
8146	(iv) an association as defined in Section [53A-1-1601] 53G-7-1101.
8147	(c) "Governmental entity" does not include the Utah Educational Savings Plan created
8148	in Section 53B-8a-103.
8149	(12) "Gross compensation" means every form of remuneration payable for a given

8150	period to an individual for services provided including salaries, commissions, vacation pay,
8151	severance pay, bonuses, and any board, rent, housing, lodging, payments in kind, and any
8152	similar benefit received from the individual's employer.
8153	(13) "Individual" means a human being.
8154	(14) (a) "Initial contact report" means an initial written or recorded report, however
8155	titled, prepared by peace officers engaged in public patrol or response duties describing official
8156	actions initially taken in response to either a public complaint about or the discovery of an
8157	apparent violation of law, which report may describe:
8158	(i) the date, time, location, and nature of the complaint, the incident, or offense;
8159	(ii) names of victims;
8160	(iii) the nature or general scope of the agency's initial actions taken in response to the
8161	incident;
8162	(iv) the general nature of any injuries or estimate of damages sustained in the incident;
8163	(v) the name, address, and other identifying information about any person arrested or
8164	charged in connection with the incident; or
8165	(vi) the identity of the public safety personnel, except undercover personnel, or
8166	prosecuting attorney involved in responding to the initial incident.
8167	(b) Initial contact reports do not include follow-up or investigative reports prepared
8168	after the initial contact report. However, if the information specified in Subsection (14)(a)
8169	appears in follow-up or investigative reports, it may only be treated confidentially if it is
8170	private, controlled, protected, or exempt from disclosure under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b).
8171	(15) "Legislative body" means the Legislature.
8172	(16) "Notice of compliance" means a statement confirming that a governmental entity
8173	has complied with a records committee order.
8174	(17) "Person" means:
8175	(a) an individual;
8176	(b) a nonprofit or profit corporation;
8177	(c) a partnership;
8178	(d) a sole proprietorship;
8179	(e) other type of business organization; or
8180	(f) any combination acting in concert with one another.

8181	(18) "Private provider" means any person who contracts with a governmental entity to
8182	provide services directly to the public.
8183	(19) "Private record" means a record containing data on individuals that is private as
8184	provided by Section 63G-2-302.
8185	(20) "Protected record" means a record that is classified protected as provided by
8186	Section 63G-2-305.
8187	(21) "Public record" means a record that is not private, controlled, or protected and that
8188	is not exempt from disclosure as provided in Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b).
8189	(22) (a) "Record" means a book, letter, document, paper, map, plan, photograph, film,
8190	card, tape, recording, electronic data, or other documentary material regardless of physical form
8191	or characteristics:
8192	(i) that is prepared, owned, received, or retained by a governmental entity or political
8193	subdivision; and
8194	(ii) where all of the information in the original is reproducible by photocopy or other
8195	mechanical or electronic means.
8196	(b) "Record" does not mean:
8197	(i) a personal note or personal communication prepared or received by an employee or
8198	officer of a governmental entity:
8199	(A) in a capacity other than the employee's or officer's governmental capacity; or
8200	(B) that is unrelated to the conduct of the public's business;
8201	(ii) a temporary draft or similar material prepared for the originator's personal use or
8202	prepared by the originator for the personal use of an individual for whom the originator is
8203	working;
8204	(iii) material that is legally owned by an individual in the individual's private capacity;
8205	(iv) material to which access is limited by the laws of copyright or patent unless the
8206	copyright or patent is owned by a governmental entity or political subdivision;
8207	(v) proprietary software;
8208	(vi) junk mail or a commercial publication received by a governmental entity or an
8209	official or employee of a governmental entity;
8210	(vii) a book that is cataloged, indexed, or inventoried and contained in the collections
8211	of a library open to the public;

8212	(viii) material that is cataloged, indexed, or inventoried and contained in the collections
8213	of a library open to the public, regardless of physical form or characteristics of the material;
8214	(ix) a daily calendar or other personal note prepared by the originator for the
8215	originator's personal use or for the personal use of an individual for whom the originator is
8216	working;
8217	(x) a computer program that is developed or purchased by or for any governmental
8218	entity for its own use;
8219	(xi) a note or internal memorandum prepared as part of the deliberative process by:
8220	(A) a member of the judiciary;
8221	(B) an administrative law judge;
8222	(C) a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole; or
8223	(D) a member of any other body, other than an association or appeals panel as defined
8224	in Section [53A-1-1601] 53G-7-1101, charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial
8225	function;
8226	(xii) a telephone number or similar code used to access a mobile communication
8227	device that is used by an employee or officer of a governmental entity, provided that the
8228	employee or officer of the governmental entity has designated at least one business telephone
8229	number that is a public record as provided in Section 63G-2-301;
8230	(xiii) information provided by the Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program,
8231	created in Section 49-20-103, to a county to enable the county to calculate the amount to be
8232	paid to a health care provider under Subsection 17-50-319(2)(e)(ii);
8233	(xiv) information that an owner of unimproved property provides to a local entity as
8234	provided in Section 11-42-205; or
8235	(xv) a video or audio recording of an interview, or a transcript of the video or audio
8236	recording, that is conducted at a Children's Justice Center established under Section 67-5b-102.
8237	(23) "Record series" means a group of records that may be treated as a unit for
8238	purposes of designation, description, management, or disposition.
8239	(24) "Records committee" means the State Records Committee created in Section
8240	63G-2-501.
8241	(25) "Records officer" means the individual appointed by the chief administrative
8242	officer of each governmental entity, or the political subdivision to work with state archives in

8243	the care, maintenance, scheduling, designation, classification, disposal, and preservation of
8244	records.
8245	(26) "Schedule," "scheduling," and their derivative forms mean the process of
8246	specifying the length of time each record series should be retained by a governmental entity for
8247	administrative, legal, fiscal, or historical purposes and when each record series should be
8248	transferred to the state archives or destroyed.
8249	(27) "Sponsored research" means research, training, and other sponsored activities as
8250	defined by the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:
8251	(a) conducted:
8252	(i) by an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
8253	53B-1-102; and
8254	(ii) through an office responsible for sponsored projects or programs; and
8255	(b) funded or otherwise supported by an external:
8256	(i) person that is not created or controlled by the institution within the state system of
8257	higher education; or
8258	(ii) federal, state, or local governmental entity.
8259	(28) "State archives" means the Division of Archives and Records Service created in
8260	Section 63A-12-101.
8261	(29) "State archivist" means the director of the state archives.
8262	(30) "Summary data" means statistical records and compilations that contain data
8263	derived from private, controlled, or protected information but that do not disclose private,
8264	controlled, or protected information.
8265	Section 93. Section 63G-2-301 is amended to read:
8266	63G-2-301. Public records.
8267	(1) As used in this section:
8268	(a) "Business address" means a single address of a governmental agency designated for
8269	the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
8270	(b) "Business email address" means a single email address of a governmental agency
8271	designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.
8272	(c) "Business telephone number" means a single telephone number of a governmental
8273	agency designated for the public to contact an employee or officer of the governmental agency.

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8274 (2) The following records are public except to the extent they contain information
8275 expressly permitted to be treated confidentially under the provisions of Subsections
8276 63G-2-201(3)(b) and (6)(a):

8277 (a) laws;

(b) the name, gender, gross compensation, job title, job description, business address,
business email address, business telephone number, number of hours worked per pay period,
dates of employment, and relevant education, previous employment, and similar job
qualifications of a current or former employee or officer of the governmental entity, excluding:

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(i) undercover law enforcement personnel; and

(ii) investigative personnel if disclosure could reasonably be expected to impair the
effectiveness of investigations or endanger any individual's safety;

(c) final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, and orders that are
made by a governmental entity in an administrative, adjudicative, or judicial proceeding except
that if the proceedings were properly closed to the public, the opinion and order may be
withheld to the extent that they contain information that is private, controlled, or protected;

(d) final interpretations of statutes or rules by a governmental entity unless classified as
protected as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(17) or (18);

(e) information contained in or compiled from a transcript, minutes, or report of the
open portions of a meeting of a governmental entity as provided by Title 52, Chapter 4, Open
and Public Meetings Act, including the records of all votes of each member of the
governmental entity;

(f) judicial records unless a court orders the records to be restricted under the rules ofcivil or criminal procedure or unless the records are private under this chapter;

(g) unless otherwise classified as private under Section 63G-2-303, records or parts of
records filed with or maintained by county recorders, clerks, treasurers, surveyors, zoning
commissions, the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School and Institutional Trust
Lands Administration, the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining, the Division of Water Rights, or
other governmental entities that give public notice of:

8302

(i) titles or encumbrances to real property;

- 8303 (ii) restrictions on the use of real property;
- 8304 (iii) the capacity of persons to take or convey title to real property; or

8305	(iv) tax status for real and personal property;
8306	(h) records of the Department of Commerce that evidence incorporations, mergers,
8307	name changes, and uniform commercial code filings;
8308	(i) data on individuals that would otherwise be private under this chapter if the
8309	individual who is the subject of the record has given the governmental entity written
8310	permission to make the records available to the public;
8311	(j) documentation of the compensation that a governmental entity pays to a contractor
8312	or private provider;
8313	(k) summary data;
8314	(1) voter registration records, including an individual's voting history, except for a voter
8315	registration record or those parts of a voter registration record that are classified as private
8316	under Subsection 63G-2-302(1)(j) or (k);
8317	(m) for an elected official, as defined in Section 11-47-102, a telephone number, if
8318	available, and email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached as required
8319	in Title 11, Chapter 47, Access to Elected Officials;
8320	(n) for a school community council member, a telephone number, if available, and
8321	email address, if available, where that elected official may be reached directly as required in
8322	Section [53A-1a-108.1] <u>53G-7-1203;</u>
8323	(o) annual audited financial statements of the Utah Educational Savings Plan described
8324	in Section 53B-8a-111; and
8325	(p) an initiative packet, as defined in Section 20A-7-101, and a referendum packet, as
8326	defined in Section 20A-7-101, after the packet is submitted to a county clerk.
8327	(3) The following records are normally public, but to the extent that a record is
8328	expressly exempt from disclosure, access may be restricted under Subsection 63G-2-201(3)(b),
8329	Section 63G-2-302, 63G-2-304, or 63G-2-305:
8330	(a) administrative staff manuals, instructions to staff, and statements of policy;
8331	(b) records documenting a contractor's or private provider's compliance with the terms
8332	of a contract with a governmental entity;
8333	(c) records documenting the services provided by a contractor or a private provider to
8334	the extent the records would be public if prepared by the governmental entity;
8335	(d) contracts entered into by a governmental entity;

8336	(e) any account, voucher, or contract that deals with the receipt or expenditure of funds
8337	by a governmental entity;
8338	(f) records relating to government assistance or incentives publicly disclosed,
8339	contracted for, or given by a governmental entity, encouraging a person to expand or relocate a
8340	business in Utah, except as provided in Subsection 63G-2-305(35);
8341	(g) chronological logs and initial contact reports;
8342	(h) correspondence by and with a governmental entity in which the governmental entity
8343	determines or states an opinion upon the rights of the state, a political subdivision, the public,
8344	or any person;
8345	(i) empirical data contained in drafts if:
8346	(i) the empirical data is not reasonably available to the requester elsewhere in similar
8347	form; and
8348	(ii) the governmental entity is given a reasonable opportunity to correct any errors or
8349	make nonsubstantive changes before release;
8350	(j) drafts that are circulated to anyone other than:
8351	(i) a governmental entity;
8352	(ii) a political subdivision;
8353	(iii) a federal agency if the governmental entity and the federal agency are jointly
8354	responsible for implementation of a program or project that has been legislatively approved;
8355	(iv) a government-managed corporation; or
8356	(v) a contractor or private provider;
8357	(k) drafts that have never been finalized but were relied upon by the governmental
8358	entity in carrying out action or policy;
8359	(l) original data in a computer program if the governmental entity chooses not to
8360	disclose the program;
8361	(m) arrest warrants after issuance, except that, for good cause, a court may order
8362	restricted access to arrest warrants prior to service;
8363	(n) search warrants after execution and filing of the return, except that a court, for good
8364	cause, may order restricted access to search warrants prior to trial;
8365	(o) records that would disclose information relating to formal charges or disciplinary
8366	actions against a past or present governmental entity employee if:

8367	(i) the disciplinary action has been completed and all time periods for administrative
8368	appeal have expired; and
8369	(ii) the charges on which the disciplinary action was based were sustained;
8370	(p) records maintained by the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, the School
8371	and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, or the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining that
8372	evidence mineral production on government lands;
8373	(q) final audit reports;
8374	(r) occupational and professional licenses;
8375	(s) business licenses; and
8376	(t) a notice of violation, a notice of agency action under Section 63G-4-201, or similar
8377	records used to initiate proceedings for discipline or sanctions against persons regulated by a
8378	governmental entity, but not including records that initiate employee discipline.
8379	(4) The list of public records in this section is not exhaustive and should not be used to
8380	limit access to records.
8381	Section 94. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:
8382	63G-2-302. Private records.
8383	(1) The following records are private:
8384	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
8385	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
8386	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
8387	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
8388	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
8389	identify a patron;
8390	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
8391	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
8392	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule; and
8393	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
8394	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics complaints,
8395	unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
8396	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch
8397	Ethics Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14, Review

8398	of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
8399	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
8400	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
8401	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the records:
8402	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by the
8403	committee; or
8404	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
8405	impartial hearing; and
8406	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
8407	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
8408	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home address,
8409	home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital status, or payroll
8410	deductions;
8411	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
8412	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
8413	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer
8414	identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 31A-26-202,
8415	58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203;
8416	(j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's:
8417	(i) driver license or identification card number;
8418	(ii) Social Security number, or last four digits of the Social Security number;
8419	(iii) email address; or
8420	(iv) date of birth;
8421	(k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant
8422	governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-104(4)(f) or 20A-2-101.1(5)(a);
8423	(l) a record that:
8424	(i) contains information about an individual;
8425	(ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and
8426	(iii) goes into an electronic database that:
8427	(A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information
8428	Officer; and

8429	(B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically
8430	retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction with a state agency;
8431	(m) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under:
8432	(i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a);
8433	(ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or
8434	(iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4);
8435	(n) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter
8436	40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems;
8437	(o) information provided by an offender that is:
8438	(i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex and Kidnap
8439	Offender Registry or Title 77, Chapter 43, Child Abuse Registry; and
8440	(ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection $77-41-110(4)$ or
8441	77-43-108(4);
8442	(p) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in
8443	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing involves
8444	homeland security;
8445	(q) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
8446	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815 received or
8447	collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment information and customer
8448	travel data;
8449	(r) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section
8450	20A-16-501;
8451	(s) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title
8452	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
8453	(t) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
8454	Commission established in Section 11-49-201, except for:
8455	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 11-49-202; and
8456	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 11, Chapter
8457	49, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
8458	(u) a record described in Subsection $[\frac{53A-11a-203}]$ $\frac{53G-9-604}{3}$ that verifies that a
8459	parent was notified of an incident or threat; and

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8460 (v) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with 8461 Section 63A-3-201. 8462 (2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity: 8463 (a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment 8464 with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status information 8465 such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are public under Subsection 8466 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under Subsection (1)(b); 8467 (b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public: 8468 (i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2); 8469 (ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying with 8470 a financial assurance requirement; or (iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute; 8471 8472 (c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would 8473 conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency; 8474 (d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a 8475 clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy; 8476 (e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state 8477 that are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the 8478 providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if 8479 retained by it; 8480 (f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services, 8481 created in Section 62A-3-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the identity of a 8482 person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult; and 8483 (g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section 8484 77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for recordings that: 8485 (i) depict the commission of an alleged crime; 8486 (ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results in 8487 death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon; 8488 (iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding 8489 against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency; 8490 (iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Section 76-2-408(1)(d);

8491	or
8492	(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
8493	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
8494	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports,
8495	records, statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
8496	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
8497	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under Section
8498	63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
8499	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
8500	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
8501	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any party
8502	relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
8503	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
8504	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the medical
8505	records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
8506	Section 95. Section 63G-7-102 is amended to read:
8507	63G-7-102. Definitions.
8508	As used in this chapter:
8509	(1) "Arises out of or in connection with, or results from," when used to describe the
8510	relationship between conduct or a condition and an injury, means that:
8511	(a) there is some causal relationship between the conduct or condition and the injury;
8512	(b) the causal relationship is more than any causal connection but less than proximate
8513	cause; and
8514	(c) the causal relationship is sufficient to conclude that the injury originates with, flows
8515	from, or is incident to the conduct or condition.
8516	(2) "Claim" means any asserted demand for or cause of action for money or damages,
8517	whether arising under the common law, under state constitutional provisions, or under state
8518	statutes, against a governmental entity or against an employee in the employee's personal
8519	capacity.
8520	(3) (a) "Employee" includes:
8521	(i) a governmental entity's officers, employees, servants, trustees, or commissioners;

8522	(ii) members of a governing body;
8523	(iii) members of a government entity board;
8524	(iv) members of a government entity commission;
8525	(v) members of an advisory body, officers, and employees of a Children's Justice
8526	Center created in accordance with Section 67-5b-102;
8527	(vi) student teachers holding a letter of authorization in accordance with Sections
8528	[53A-6-103] <u>53E-6-102</u> and [53A-6-104] <u>53E-6-201;</u>
8529	(vii) educational aides;
8530	(viii) students engaged in providing services to members of the public in the course of
8531	an approved medical, nursing, or other professional health care clinical training program;
8532	(ix) volunteers as defined by Subsection 67-20-2(3); and
8533	(x) tutors.
8534	(b) "Employee" includes all of the positions identified in Subsection (3)(a), whether or
8535	not the individual holding that position receives compensation.
8536	(c) "Employee" does not include an independent contractor.
8537	(4) "Governmental entity" means the state and its political subdivisions as both are
8538	defined in this section.
8539	(5) (a) "Governmental function" means each activity, undertaking, or operation of a
8540	governmental entity.
8541	(b) "Governmental function" includes each activity, undertaking, or operation
8542	performed by a department, agency, employee, agent, or officer of a governmental entity.
8543	(c) "Governmental function" includes a governmental entity's failure to act.
8544	(6) "Injury" means death, injury to a person, damage to or loss of property, or any other
8545	injury that a person may suffer to the person or estate, that would be actionable if inflicted by a
8546	private person or the private person's agent.
8547	(7) "Personal injury" means an injury of any kind other than property damage.
8548	(8) "Political subdivision" means any county, city, town, school district, community
8549	reinvestment agency, special improvement or taxing district, local district, special service
8550	district, an entity created by an interlocal agreement adopted under Title 11, Chapter 13,
8551	Interlocal Cooperation Act, or other governmental subdivision or public corporation.
8552	(9) "Property damage" means injury to, or loss of, any right, title, estate, or interest in

8553	real or personal property.
8554	(10) "State" means the state of Utah, and includes each office, department, division,
8555	agency, authority, commission, board, institution, hospital, college, university, Children's
8556	Justice Center, or other instrumentality of the state.
8557	(11) "Willful misconduct" means the intentional doing of a wrongful act, or the
8558	wrongful failure to act, without just cause or excuse, where the actor is aware that the actor's
8559	conduct will probably result in injury.
8560	Section 96. Section 63I-1-251 is amended to read:
8561	63I-1-251. Repeal dates, Title 51.
8562	Subsection 51-2a-202(3) is repealed on June 30, 2020.
8563	Section 97. Section 63I-1-253 is amended to read:
8564	63I-1-253. Repeal dates, Titles 53, 53A, and 53B.
8565	The following provisions are repealed on the following dates:
8566	(1) Subsection 53-10-202(18) is repealed July 1, 2018.
8567	(2) Section 53-10-202.1 is repealed July 1, 2018.
8568	(3) [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 6, Public Education Job Enhancement Program]
8569	Section 53F-2-514, is repealed July 1, 2020.
8570	(4) Section [53A-13-106.5] <u>53F-6-201</u> is repealed July 1, 2019.
8571	(5) Section [53A-15-106] <u>53F-5-203</u> is repealed July 1, 2019.
8572	(6) Sections [53A-15-206] <u>53E-3-515</u> and [53A-15-207] <u>53F-9-501</u> are repealed
8573	January 1, 2023.
8574	(7) [Title 53A, Chapter 31, Part 4, American Indian and Alaskan Native Education
8575	State Plan Pilot Program] Title 53F, Chapter 5, Part 6, American Indian and Alaskan Native
8576	Education State Plan Pilot Program, is repealed July 1, 2022.
8577	(8) Section 53B-24-402, Rural residency training program, is repealed July 1, 2020.
8578	(9) Subsection $53C-3-203(4)(b)(vii)$, which provides for the distribution of money
8579	from the Land Exchange Distribution Account to the Geological Survey for test wells, other
8580	hydrologic studies, and air quality monitoring in the West Desert, is repealed July 1, 2020.
8581	Section 98. Section 63I-2-253 is amended to read:
8582	63I-2-253. Repeal dates Titles 53, 53A, and 53B.
8583	[(1) Section 53A-1-403.5 is repealed July 1, 2017.]

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8584	[(2) Section 53A-1-411 is repealed July 1, 2017.]
8585	[(3)] (1) Section $[53A-1-415]$ $53F-4-204$ is repealed July 1, 2019.
8586	[(4)] (2) Section $[53A-1-709]$ $53F-6-202$ is repealed July 1, 2020.
8587	[(5)] (3) Subsection [53A-1-1207] 53E-5-306(3)(b)(ii)(B) is repealed July 1, 2020.
8588	[(6)] (4) Section $[53A-1-1208]$ $53E-5-307$ is repealed July 1, 2020.
8589	[(7) Subsection 53A-1a-513(4) is repealed July 1, 2017.]
8590	[(8) Title 53A, Chapter 8a, Part 8, Peer Assistance and Review Pilot Program, is
8591	repealed July 1, 2017.]
8592	[(9) Section 53A-24-601 is repealed January 1, 2018.]
8593	[(10)] (5) Section 53A-24-602 is repealed July 1, 2018.
8594	[(11)] (6) (a) Subsections 53B-2a-103(2) and (4) are repealed July 1, 2019.
8595	(b) When repealing Subsections $53B-2a-103(2)$ and (4), the Office of Legislative
8596	Research and General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3),
8597	make necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
8598	[(12) Subsections 53B-7-101(2)(b)(iii)(A) and (3) are repealed January 1, 2018.]
8599	[(13)] <u>(7)</u> Subsection 53B-7-705(6)(b)(ii)(B) is repealed July 1, 2021.
8600	[(14)] <u>(8)</u> Subsection 53B-7-707(4)(b) is repealed July 1, 2021.
8601	[(15)] (9) (a) The following sections are repealed on July 1, 2023:
8602	(i) Section 53B-8-202;
8603	(ii) Section 53B-8-203;
8604	(iii) Section 53B-8-204; and
8605	(iv) Section 53B-8-205.
8606	(b) (i) Subsection $53B-8-201(2)$ is repealed on July 1, 2023.
8607	(ii) When repealing Subsection 53B-8-201(2), the Office of Legislative Research and
8608	General Counsel shall, in addition to its authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make
8609	necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
8610	[(16)] (10) Title 53B, Chapter 18, Part 14, Uintah Basin Air Quality Research Project,
8611	is repealed July 1, 2023.
8612	Section 99. Section 63I-4a-102 is amended to read:
8613	63I-4a-102. Definitions.
8614	(1) (a) "Activity" means to provide a good or service.

8615	(b) "Activity" includes to:
8616	(i) manufacture a good or service;
8617	(ii) process a good or service;
8618	(iii) sell a good or service;
8619	(iv) offer for sale a good or service;
8620	(v) rent a good or service;
8621	(vi) lease a good or service;
8622	(vii) deliver a good or service;
8623	(viii) distribute a good or service; or
8624	(ix) advertise a good or service.
8625	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "agency" means:
8626	(i) the state; or
8627	(ii) an entity of the state including a department, office, division, authority,
8628	commission, or board.
8629	(b) "Agency" does not include:
8630	(i) the Legislature;
8631	(ii) an entity or agency of the Legislature;
8632	(iii) the state auditor;
8633	(iv) the state treasurer;
8634	(v) the Office of the Attorney General;
8635	(vi) the Utah Dairy Commission created in Section 4-22-103;
8636	(vii) the Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority created in Section 63H-4-102;
8637	(viii) the Utah State Railroad Museum Authority created in Section 63H-5-102;
8638	(ix) the Utah Housing Corporation created in Section 63H-8-201;
8639	(x) the Utah State Fair Corporation created in Section 63H-6-103;
8640	(xi) the Utah State Retirement Office created in Section 49-11-201;
8641	(xii) a charter school chartered by the State Charter School Board or a board of trustees
8642	of a higher education institution under [Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter
8643	Schools Act] Title 53G, Chapter 5, Charter Schools;
8644	(xiii) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind created in [Title 53A, Chapter 25b,
8645	Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind] Title 53E, Chapter 8, Utah Schools for the Deaf and

8646	Blind;
8647	(xiv) an institution of higher education as defined in Section 53B-3-102;
8648	(xv) the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in Section
8649	53C-1-201;
8650	(xvi) the Utah Communications Authority created in Section 63H-7a-201; or
8651	(xvii) the Utah Capital Investment Corporation created in Section 63N-6-301.
8652	(3) "Agency head" means the chief administrative officer of an agency.
8653	(4) "Board" means the Free Market Protection and Privatization Board created in
8654	Section 63I-4a-202.
8655	(5) "Commercial activity" means to engage in an activity that can be obtained in whole
8656	or in part from a private enterprise.
8657	(6) "Local entity" means:
8658	(a) a political subdivision of the state, including a:
8659	(i) county;
8660	(ii) city;
8661	(iii) town;
8662	(iv) local school district;
8663	(v) local district; or
8664	(vi) special service district;
8665	(b) an agency of an entity described in this Subsection (6), including a department,
8666	office, division, authority, commission, or board; or
8667	(c) an entity created by an interlocal cooperative agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13,
8668	Interlocal Cooperation Act, between two or more entities described in this Subsection (6).
8669	(7) "Private enterprise" means a person that engages in an activity for profit.
8670	(8) "Privatize" means that an activity engaged in by an agency is transferred so that a
8671	private enterprise engages in the activity, including a transfer by:
8672	(a) contract;
8673	(b) transfer of property; or
8674	(c) another arrangement.
8675	(9) "Special district" means:
8676	(a) a local district, as defined in Section 17B-1-102;

8677	(b) a special service district, as defined in Section 17D-1-102; or
8678	(c) a conservation district, as defined in Section 17D-3-102.
8679	Section 100. Section 63J-1-206 is amended to read:
8680	63J-1-206. Appropriations governed by chapter Restrictions on expenditures
8681	Transfer of funds Exclusion.
8682	(1) As used in this section, "work program" means a budget that contains revenues and
8683	expenditures for specific purposes or functions within an item of appropriation.
8684	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), (3)(e), or where expressly exempted in
8685	the appropriating act:
8686	(i) all money appropriated by the Legislature is appropriated upon the terms and
8687	conditions set forth in this chapter; and
8688	(ii) any department, agency, or institution that accepts money appropriated by the
8689	Legislature does so subject to the requirements of this chapter.
8690	(b) This section does not apply to:
8691	(i) the Legislature and its committees; and
8692	(ii) the Investigation Account of the Water Resources Construction Fund, which is
8693	governed by Section 73-10-8.
8694	(3) (a) Each appropriation item is to be expended subject to any schedule of programs
8695	and any restriction attached to the appropriation item, as designated by the Legislature.
8696	(b) Each schedule of programs or restriction attached to an appropriation item:
8697	(i) is a restriction or limitation upon the expenditure of the respective appropriation
8698	made;
8699	(ii) does not itself appropriate any money; and
8700	(iii) is not itself an item of appropriation.
8701	(c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(c)(ii), an appropriation or any surplus of
8702	any appropriation may not be diverted from any department, agency, institution, or division to
8703	any other department, agency, institution, or division.
8704	(ii) Until July 1, 2019, the Department of Workforce Services may transfer or divert
8705	money to another department, agency, institution, or division only for the purposes of law
8706	enforcement, adjudication, corrections, and providing and addressing services for homeless
8707	individuals and families.

8708	(d) The money appropriated subject to a schedule or programs or restriction may be
8709	used only for the purposes authorized.
8710	(e) In order for a department, agency, or institution to transfer money appropriated to it
8711	from one program to another program within an item of appropriation, the following procedure
8712	shall be followed:
8713	(i) The department, agency, or institution seeking to make the transfer shall prepare:
8714	(A) a new work program for the fiscal year involved that consists of the currently
8715	approved work program and the transfer sought to be made; and
8716	(B) a written justification for the new work program that sets forth the purpose and
8717	necessity for the transfer.
8718	(ii) The Division of Finance shall process the new work program with written
8719	justification and make this information available to the Governor's Office of Management and
8720	Budget and the legislative fiscal analyst.
8721	(f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(f)(ii), money may not be transferred from
8722	one item of appropriation to any other item of appropriation.
8723	(ii) The state superintendent may transfer money appropriated for the Minimum School
8724	Program between line items of appropriation in accordance with Section [53A-17a-105]
8725	<u>53F-2-205</u> .
8726	(g) (i) The procedures for transferring money between programs within an item of
8727	appropriation as provided by Subsection (3)(e) do not apply to money appropriated to the State
8728	Board of Education for the Minimum School Program or capital outlay programs created in
8729	[Title 53A, Chapter 21, Public Education Capital Outlay Act] Title 53F, Chapter 3, State
8730	Funding Capital Outlay Programs.
8731	(ii) The state superintendent may transfer money appropriated for the programs
8732	specified in Subsection (3)(g)(i) only as provided by Section [$\frac{53A-17a-105}{2}$] $\frac{53F-2-205}{2}$.
8733	Section 101. Section 63J-1-220 is amended to read:
8734	63J-1-220. Reporting related to pass through money distributed by state
8735	agencies.
8736	(1) As used in this section:
8737	(a) "Local government entity" means a county, municipality, school district, local
8738	district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, special

8739 service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other political 8740 subdivision of the state. 8741 (b) (i) "Pass through funding" means money appropriated by the Legislature to a state 8742 agency that is intended to be passed through the state agency to one or more: 8743 (A) local government entities; 8744 (B) private organizations, including not-for-profit organizations; or 8745 (C) persons in the form of a loan or grant. 8746 (ii) "Pass through funding" may be: 8747 (A) general funds, dedicated credits, or any combination of state funding sources; and 8748 (B) ongoing or one-time. 8749 (c) "Recipient entity" means a local government entity or private entity, including a 8750 nonprofit entity, that receives money by way of pass through funding from a state agency. 8751 (d) "State agency" means a department, commission, board, council, agency, 8752 institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library, 8753 unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the executive branch of the state. 8754 (e) (i) "State money" means money that is owned, held, or administered by a state agency and derived from state fees or tax revenues. 8755 8756 (ii) "State money" does not include contributions or donations received by a state 8757 agency. 8758 (2) A state agency may not provide a recipient entity state money through pass through 8759 funding unless: 8760 (a) the state agency enters into a written agreement with the recipient entity; and 8761 (b) the written agreement described in Subsection (2)(a) requires the recipient entity to 8762 provide the state agency: 8763 (i) a written description and an itemized report at least annually detailing the 8764 expenditure of the state money, or the intended expenditure of any state money that has not 8765 been spent; and 8766 (ii) a final written itemized report when all the state money is spent. 8767 (3) A state agency shall provide to the Governor's Office of Management and Budget a copy of a written description or itemized report received by the state agency under Subsection 8768 8769 (2).

8770	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), a state agency is not required to comply with this
8771	section to the extent that the pass through funding is issued:
8772	(a) under a competitive award process;
8773	(b) in accordance with a formula enacted in statute;
8774	(c) in accordance with a state program under parameters in statute or rule that guides
8775	the distribution of the pass through funding; or
8776	(d) under the authority of the minimum school program, as defined in Subsection
8777	[53A-17a-103] <u>53F-2-102(</u> 7)(e).
8778	Section 102. Section 63J-1-602.3 is amended to read:
8779	63J-1-602.3. List of nonlapsing funds and accounts Title 46 through Title 60.
8780	(1) The Utah Law Enforcement Memorial Support Restricted Account created in
8781	Section 53-1-120.
8782	(2) Funding for the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in
8783	Section 53-2a-1102.
8784	(3) Appropriations made to the Division of Emergency Management from the State
8785	Disaster Recovery Restricted Account, as provided in Section 53-2a-603.
8786	(4) Appropriations made to the Department of Public Safety from the Department of
8787	Public Safety Restricted Account, as provided in Section 53-3-106.
8788	(5) Appropriations to the Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section
8789	53-3-905.
8790	(6) Appropriations from the Utah Highway Patrol Aero Bureau Restricted Account
8791	created in Section 53-8-303.
8792	(7) Appropriations from the DNA Specimen Restricted Account created in Section
8793	53-10-407.
8794	(8) The Canine Body Armor Restricted Account created in Section 53-16-201.
8795	(9) The School Readiness Restricted Account created in Section [53A-1b-104]
8796	<u>53F-9-402</u> .
8797	(10) Appropriations to the State Board of Education, as provided in Section
8798	[53A-17a-105] <u>53F-2-205</u> .
8799	(11) Money received by the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation for the sale of certain
8800	products or services, as provided in Section 35A-13-202.

8801	(12) Certain funds appropriated from the General Fund to the State Board of Regents
8802	for teacher preparation programs, as provided in Section 53B-6-104.
8803	(13) Funding for the Medical Education Program administered by the Medical
8804	Education Council, as provided in Section 53B-24-202.
8805	(14) A certain portion of money collected for administrative costs under the School
8806	Institutional Trust Lands Management Act, as provided under Section 53C-3-202.
8807	(15) Subject to Subsection $54-5-1.5(4)(d)$, appropriations from the Public Utility
8808	Regulatory Restricted Account created in Section 54-5-1.5.
8809	(16) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
8810	for violation of unlawful or unprofessional conduct that are used for education and enforcement
8811	purposes, as provided in Section 58-17b-505.
8812	(17) Certain fines collected by the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing
8813	for use in education and enforcement of the Security Personnel Licensing Act, as provided in
8814	Section 58-63-103.
8815	(18) Appropriations from the Relative Value Study Restricted Account created in
8816	Section 59-9-105.
8817	(19) The Cigarette Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-204.
8818	Section 103. Section 63J-3-102 is amended to read:
8819	63J-3-102. Purpose of chapter Limitations on state mandated property tax,
8820	state appropriations, and state debt.
8821	(1) (a) It is the purpose of this chapter to:
8822	(i) place a limitation on the state mandated property tax rate under [Title 53A, Chapter
8823	17a, Minimum School Program Act] Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding Minimum School
8824	Program;
8825	(ii) place limitations on state government appropriations based upon the combined
8826	changes in population and inflation; and
8827	(iii) place a limitation on the state's outstanding general obligation debt.
8828	(b) The limitations imposed by this chapter are in addition to limitations on tax levies,
8829	rates, and revenues otherwise provided for by law.
8830	(2) (a) This chapter may not be construed as requiring the state to collect the full
8831	amount of tax revenues permitted to be appropriated by this chapter.

8832	(b) This chapter's purpose is to provide a ceiling, not a floor, limitation on the
8833	appropriations of state government.
8834	(3) The recommendations and budget analysis prepared by the Governor's Office of
8835	Management and Budget and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, as required by Title
8836	36, Chapter 12, Legislative Organization, shall be in strict compliance with the limitations
8837	imposed under this chapter.
8838	Section 104. Section 63J-3-401 is amended to read:
8839	63J-3-401. State mandated property tax limitation Vote requirement needed to
8840	exceed limitation.
8841	The state mandated property tax rate in [Title 53A, Chapter 17a, Minimum School
8842	Program Act] Title 53F, Chapter 2, State Funding Minimum School Program, as of July 1,
8843	1989, may not be increased without more than a two-thirds vote of both houses of the
8844	Legislature.
8845	Section 105. Section 63J-7-102 is amended to read:
8846	63J-7-102. Scope and applicability of chapter.
8847	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and except as otherwise provided by a statute
8848	superseding provisions of this chapter by explicit reference to this chapter, the provisions of
8849	this chapter apply to each agency and govern each grant received on or after May 5, 2008.
8850	(2) This chapter does not govern:
8851	(a) a grant deposited into a General Fund restricted account;
8852	(b) a grant deposited into a Trust and Agency Fund as defined in Section 51-5-4;
8853	(c) a grant deposited into an Enterprise Fund as defined in Section 51-5-4;
8854	(d) a grant made to the state without a restriction or other designated purpose that is
8855	deposited into the General Fund as free revenue;
8856	(e) a grant made to the state that is restricted only to "education" and that is deposited
8857	into the Education Fund or Uniform School Fund as free revenue;
8858	(f) in-kind donations;
8859	(g) a tax, fees, penalty, fine, surcharge, money judgment, or other money due the state
8860	when required by state law or application of state law;
8861	(h) a contribution made under Title 59, Chapter 10, Part 13, Individual Income Tax
8862	Contribution Act;

8863	(i) a grant received by an agency from another agency or political subdivision;
8864	(j) a grant to the Utah Dairy Commission created in Section 4-22-103;
8865	(k) a grant to the Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority created in Section
8866	63H-4-102;
8867	(1) a grant to the Utah State Railroad Museum Authority created in Section 63H-5-102;
8868	(m) a grant to the Utah Housing Corporation created in Section 63H-8-201;
8869	(n) a grant to the Utah State Fair Corporation created in Section 63H-6-103;
8870	(o) a grant to the Utah State Retirement Office created in Section 49-11-201;
8871	(p) a grant to the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration created in
8872	Section 53C-1-201;
8873	(q) a grant to the Utah Communications Authority created in Section 63H-7a-201;
8874	(r) a grant to the Medical Education Program created in Section 53B-24-202;
8875	(s) a grant to the Utah Capital Investment Corporation created in Section 63N-6-301;
8876	(t) a grant to the Utah Charter School Finance Authority created in Section
8877	[53A-20b-103] <u>53G-5-602</u> ;
8878	(u) a grant to the State Building Ownership Authority created in Section 63B-1-304; or
8879	(v) a grant to the Military Installation Development Authority created in Section
8880	63H-1-201.
8881	(3) An agency need not seek legislative review or approval of grants under Part 2,
8882	Grant Approval Requirements, if:
8883	(a) the governor has declared a state of emergency; and
8884	(b) the grant is donated to the agency to assist victims of the state of emergency under
8885	Subsection 53-2a-204(1).
8886	Section 106. Section 63N-3-110 is amended to read:
8887	63N-3-110. Selection of educational technology provider to implement
8888	whole-school one-to-one mobile device technology deployment plan for schools.
8889	The board shall select an educational technology provider to develop and implement a
8890	whole-school one-to-one mobile device technology deployment plan for schools in accordance
8891	with the requirements of this part and Section $[\frac{53A-1-709}{53F-6-202}]$
8892	Section 107. Section 63N-12-202 is amended to read:
8893	63N-12-202. Definitions.

8894	As used in this part:
8895	(1) "Board" means the STEM Action Center Board created in Section 63N-12-203.
8896	(1) "Dould "means the STENT retion Center Dould created in Section OST(12 205.(2) "Computing partnerships" means a set of skills, knowledge, and aptitudes used in
8897	computer science, information technology, or computer engineering courses and career options.
8898	(3) "Director" means the director appointed by the board to oversee the administration
8899	of the STEM Action Center.
8900	(4) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section [53A-6-103]
8901	53E-6-102.
8902	(5) "Foundation" means a foundation established as described in Subsections
8903	63N-12-204(3) and (4).
8904	(6) "Fund" means the STEM Action Center Foundation Fund created in Section
8905	63N-12-204.5.
8906	(7) "Grant program" means the Computing Partnerships Grants program created in this
8907	part.
8908	(8) "High quality professional development" means professional development that
8909	meets high quality standards developed by the State Board of Education.
8910	(9) "Institution of higher education" means an institution listed in Section 53B-1-102.
8911	(10) "K-16" means kindergarten through grade 12 and post-secondary education
8912	programs.
8913	(11) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
8914	(12) "Provider" means a provider selected on behalf of the board by the staff of the
8915	board and the staff of the State Board of Education:
8916	(a) through a request for proposals process; or
8917	(b) through a direct award or sole source procurement process for a pilot described in
8918	Section 63N-12-206.
8919	(13) "Review committee" means the committee established under Section 63N-12-214.
8920	(14) "Stacked credentials" means credentials that:
8921	(a) an individual can build upon to access an advanced job or higher wage;
8922	(b) are part of a career pathway system;
8923	(c) provide a pathway culminating in the equivalent of an associate's or bachelor's
8924	degree;

8925	(d) facilitate multiple exit and entry points; and
8926	(e) recognize sub-goals or momentum points.
8927	(15) "STEM" means science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
8928	(16) "STEM Action Center" means the center described in Section 63N-12-205.
8929	(17) "Talent Ready Utah" means a partnership between the Governor's Office of
8930	Economic Development, the Governor's Education Advisor, the Department of Workforce
8931	Services, the Utah State Board of Education, the Utah System of Higher Education,
8932	representatives of post-secondary technical education, industry partners, and the Utah STEM
8933	Action Center.
8934	Section 108. Section 63N-12-213 is amended to read:
8935	63N-12-213. Computer science initiative for public schools.
8936	(1) As used in this section:
8937	(a) "Computational thinking" means the set of problem-solving skills and techniques
8938	that software engineers use to write programs that underlie computer applications, including
8939	decomposition, pattern recognition, pattern generalization, and algorithm design.
8940	(b) "Computer coding" means the process of writing script for a computer program or
8941	mobile device.
8942	(c) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section $[53A-6-103]$
8943	<u>53E-6-102</u> .
8944	(d) "Endorsement" means a stipulation, authorized by the State Board of Education and
8945	appended to a license, that specifies the areas of practice to which the license applies.
8946	(e) (i) "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in
8947	Section 53B-3-102.
8948	(ii) "Institution of higher education" includes a technical college described in Section
8949	53B-2a-105.
8950	(f) "Employer" means a private employer, public employer, industry association, union,
8951	or the military.
8952	(g) "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section $[53A-6-103]$
8953	<u>53E-6-102</u> .
8954	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, on behalf of the board, the staff of the board
8955	and the staff of the State Board of Education shall collaborate to develop and implement a

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8956	computer science initiative for public schools by:
8957	(a) creating an online repository that:
8958	(i) is available for school districts and charter schools to use as a resource; and
8959	(ii) includes high quality computer science instructional resources that are designed to
8960	teach students in all grade levels:
8961	(A) computational thinking skills; and
8962	(B) computer coding skills;
8963	(b) providing for professional development on teaching computer science by:
8964	(i) including resources for educators related to teaching computational thinking and
8965	computer coding in the STEM education high quality professional development application
8966	described in Section 63N-12-210; and
8967	(ii) providing statewide or regional professional development institutes; and
8968	(c) awarding grants to a school district or charter school, on a competitive basis, that
8969	may be used to provide incentives for an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
8970	(3) A school district or charter school may enter into an agreement with one or more of
8971	the following entities to jointly apply for a grant under Subsection (2)(c):
8972	(a) a school district;
8973	(b) a charter school;
8974	(c) an employer;
8975	(d) an institution of higher education; or
8976	(e) a non-profit organization.
8977	(4) To apply for a grant described in Subsection (2)(c), a school district or charter
8978	school shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education for the use of the grant, including a
8979	statement of purpose that describes the methods the school district or charter school proposes
8980	to use to incentivize an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
8981	(5) The board and the State Board of Education shall encourage schools to
8982	independently pursue computer science and coding initiatives, subject to local school board or
8983	charter school governing board approval, based on the unique needs of the school's students.
8984	(6) The board shall include information on the status of the computer science initiative
8985	in the annual report described in Section 63N-12-208.
8986	Section 109. Section 64-13-42 is amended to read:

8987	64-13-42. Prison Telephone Surcharge Account Funding inmate and offender
8988	education and training programs.
8989	(1) (a) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
8990	Prison Telephone Surcharge Account.
8991	(b) The Prison Telephone Surcharge Account consists of:
8992	(i) beginning July 1, 2006, revenue generated by the state from pay telephone services
8993	located at any correctional facility as defined in Section 64-13-1;
8994	(ii) interest on account money;
8995	(iii) (A) money paid by inmates participating in postsecondary education provided by
8996	the department; and
8997	(B) money repaid by former inmates who have a written agreement with the
8998	department to pay for a specified portion of the tuition costs under the department's deferred
8999	tuition payment program;
9000	(iv) money collected by the Office of State Debt Collection for debt described in
9001	Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
9002	(v) money appropriated by the Legislature.
9003	(2) Upon appropriation by the Legislature, money from the Prison Telephone
9004	Surcharge Account shall be used by the department for education and training programs for
9005	offenders and inmates as defined in Section 64-13-1.
9006	[(3) Funds appropriated from the Prison Telephone Surcharge Account may only be
9007	used by the department for purposes under Subsections 53A-1-403.5(3)(a)(i) and (iv).]
9008	Section 110. Section 67-1a-11 is amended to read:
9009	67-1a-11. Commission on Civic and Character Education Duties and
9010	responsibilities.
9011	The commission shall:
9012	(1) promote supportive coalitions and collaborative efforts to develop public
9013	awareness, and training regarding the provisions of Section [53A-13-109] 53G-10-204 in
9014	recognition that the cultivation of a continuing understanding and appreciation of
9015	representative democracy in Utah and the United States among succeeding generations of
9016	educated and responsible citizens is important to the nation and state; and
9017	(2) provide leadership to the state's continuous focus on civic and character education

- 9018 in the public schools and institutions of higher education and make recommendations to local
- 9019 school boards and school administrators.
- 9020 Section 111. Section 67-8-3 is amended to read:

902167-8-3. Compensation plan for appointive officers -- Exceptions -- Legislative9022approval -- Career status attorneys.

9023 (1) (a) The executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management,
9024 based upon recommendations of the Executive and Judicial Compensation Commission shall,
9025 before October 31 of each year, recommend to the governor a compensation plan for appointed
9026 officers of the state except those officers whose compensation is set under Section 49-11-203,
9027 [53A-1-302] 53E-3-302, 53B-1-105, or 53C-1-301.

- (b) The plan shall include salaries and wages, paid leave, group insurance plans,retirement programs, and any other benefits that may be offered to state officers.
- 9030 (2) The governor shall include in each annual budget proposal to the Legislature9031 specific recommendations on compensation for those appointed state officers in Subsection (1).
- 9032 (3) (a) After consultation with the attorney general, the executive director of the
 9033 Department of Human Resource Management shall place career status attorneys on a state
 9034 salary schedule at a range comparable with salaries paid attorneys in private and other public
 9035 employment.
- (b) The attorney general and the executive director shall take into consideration the
 experience of the attorney, length of service with the Office of the Attorney General, quality of
 performance, and responsibility involved in legal assignments.
- 9039 (c) The attorney general and the executive director shall periodically adjust the salary
 9040 levels for attorneys in a career status to reasonably compensate them for full-time employment
 9041 and the restrictions placed on the private practice of law.
- 9042 Section 112. Section **67-16-3** is amended to read:
- 9043 **67-16-3. Definitions.**

9044 As used in this chapter:

- 9045 (1) "Agency" means:
- 9046 (a) any department, division, agency, commission, board, council, committee, 9047 authority, or any other institution of the state or any of its political subdivisions; or
- 9048 (b) an association as defined in Section $[\frac{53A-16-101}{53G-7-1101}]$.

9049

(2) "Agency head" means the chief executive or administrative officer of any agency.

- (3) "Assist" means to act, or offer or agree to act, in such a way as to help, represent,
 aid, advise, furnish information to, or otherwise provide assistance to a person or business
 entity, believing that such action is of help, aid, advice, or assistance to such person or business
 entity and with the intent to assist such person or business entity.
- 9054 (4) "Business entity" means a sole proprietorship, partnership, association, joint
 9055 venture, corporation, firm, trust, foundation, or other organization or entity used in carrying on
 9056 a business.
- 9057 (5) "Compensation" means anything of economic value, however designated, which is
 9058 paid, loaned, granted, given, donated, or transferred to any person or business entity by anyone
 9059 other than the governmental employer for or in consideration of personal services, materials,
 9060 property, or any other thing whatsoever.
- 9061 (6) "Controlled, private, or protected information" means information classified as
 9062 controlled, private, or protected in Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
 9063 Management Act, or other applicable provision of law.
- 9064 (7) "Governmental action" means any action on the part of the state, a political9065 subdivision, or an agency, including:
- 9066 (a) any decision, determination, finding, ruling, or order; and
- 9067 (b) any grant, payment, award, license, contract, subcontract, transaction, decision,9068 sanction, or approval, or the denial thereof, or the failure to act in respect to.
- 9069 (8) "Improper disclosure" means disclosure of controlled, private, or protected9070 information to any person who does not have the right to receive the information.
- 9071 (9) "Legislative employee" means any officer or employee of the Legislature, or any
 9072 committee of the Legislature, who is appointed or employed to serve, either with or without
 9073 compensation, for an aggregate of less than 800 hours during any period of 365 days.
 9074 "Legislative employee" does not include legislators.
- 9075 (10) "Legislator" means a member or member-elect of either house of the Legislature9076 of the state of Utah.
- 9077 (11) "Political subdivision" means a district, school district, or any other political
 9078 subdivision of the state that is not an agency, but does not include a municipality or a county.
 9079 (12) (a) "Public employee" means a person who is not a public officer who is employed

9080	on a full-time, part-time, or contract basis by:
9081	(i) the state;
9082	(ii) a political subdivision of the state; or
9083	(iii) an association as defined in Section [53A-1-1601] 53G-7-1101.
9084	(b) "Public employee" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
9085	(13) (a) "Public officer" means an elected or appointed officer:
9086	(i) (A) of the state;
9087	(B) of a political subdivision of the state; or
9088	(C) an association as defined in Section [53A-1-1601] 53G-7-1101; and
9089	(ii) who occupies a policymaking post.
9090	(b) "Public officer" does not include legislators or legislative employees.
9091	(14) "State" means the state of Utah.
9092	(15) "Substantial interest" means the ownership, either legally or equitably, by an
9093	individual, the individual's spouse, or the individual's minor children, of at least 10% of the
9094	outstanding capital stock of a corporation or a 10% interest in any other business entity.
9095	Section 113. Section 67-16-4 is amended to read:
1010	
9096	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected
9096	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected
9096 9097	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment
9096 9097 9098	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception.
9096 9097 9098 9099	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to:
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103	67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position;
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103 9104	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position; (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103 9104 9105	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position; (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103 9104 9105 9106	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position; (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103 9104 9105 9106 9107	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position; (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others;
9096 9097 9098 9099 9100 9101 9102 9103 9104 9105 9106 9107 9108	 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information Using position to secure privileges or exemptions Accepting employment that would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance Exception. (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator to: (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position; (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others; (c) use or attempt to use his official position to:

9111	(d) accept other employment that he might expect would impair his independence of
9112	judgment in the performance of his public duties; or
9113	(e) accept other employment that he might expect would interfere with the ethical
9114	performance of his public duties.
9115	(2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to the provision of education-related services to
9116	public school students by public education employees acting outside their regular employment.
9117	(b) The conduct referred to in Subsection $(2)(a)$ is subject to Section [53A-1-402.5]
9118	<u>53E-3-512</u> .
9119	(3) This section does not apply to a public officer, public employee, or legislator who
9120	engages in conduct that constitutes a violation of this section to the extent that the public
9121	officer, public employee, or legislator is chargeable, for the same conduct, under Section
9122	63G-6a-2404 or Section 76-8-105.
9123	Section 114. Section 67-19-15 is amended to read:
9124	67-19-15. Career service Exempt positions Schedules for civil service
9125	positions Coverage of career service provisions.
9126	(1) Except as otherwise provided by law or by rules and regulations established for
9127	federally aided programs, the following positions are exempt from the career service provisions
9128	of this chapter and are designated under the following schedules:
9129	(a) schedule AA includes the governor, members of the Legislature, and all other
9130	elected state officers;
9131	(b) schedule AB includes appointed executives and board or commission executives
9132	enumerated in Section 67-22-2;
9133	(c) schedule AC includes all employees and officers in:
9134	(i) the office and at the residence of the governor;
9135	(ii) the Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative (USTAR);
9136	(iii) the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Council;
9137	(iv) the Office of the State Auditor; and
9138	(v) the Office of the State Treasurer;
9139	(d) schedule AD includes employees who:
9140	(i) are in a confidential relationship to an agency head or commissioner; and
9141	(ii) report directly to, and are supervised by, a department head, commissioner, or

9142	deputy director of an agency or its equivalent;
9143	(e) schedule AE includes each employee of the State Board of Education that the State
9144	Board of Education designates as exempt from the career service provisions of this chapter;
9145	(f) schedule AG includes employees in the Office of the Attorney General who are
9146	under their own career service pay plan under Sections 67-5-7 through 67-5-13;
9147	(g) schedule AH includes:
9148	(i) teaching staff of all state institutions; and
9149	(ii) employees of the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind who are:
9150	(A) educational interpreters as classified by the department; or
9151	(B) educators as defined by Section $\left[\frac{53A-25b-102}{53E-8-102}\right]$
9152	(h) schedule AN includes employees of the Legislature;
9153	(i) schedule AO includes employees of the judiciary;
9154	(j) schedule AP includes all judges in the judiciary;
9155	(k) schedule AQ includes:
9156	(i) members of state and local boards and councils appointed by the governor and
9157	governing bodies of agencies;
9158	(ii) a water commissioner appointed under Section 73-5-1;
9159	(iii) other local officials serving in an ex officio capacity; and
9160	(iv) officers, faculty, and other employees of state universities and other state
9161	institutions of higher education;
9162	(l) schedule AR includes employees in positions that involve responsibility:
9163	(i) for determining policy;
9164	(ii) for determining the way in which a policy is carried out; or
9165	(iii) of a type not appropriate for career service, as determined by the agency head with
9166	the concurrence of the executive director;
9167	(m) schedule AS includes any other employee:
9168	(i) whose appointment is required by statute to be career service exempt;
9169	(ii) whose agency is not subject to this chapter; or
9170	(iii) whose agency has authority to make rules regarding the performance,
9171	compensation, and bonuses for its employees;
9172	(n) schedule AT includes employees of the Department of Technology Services,

9173	designated as executive/professional positions by the executive director of the Department of
9174	Technology Services with the concurrence of the executive director;
9175	(o) schedule AU includes patients and inmates employed in state institutions;
9176	(p) employees of the Department of Workforce Services, designated as schedule AW:
9177	(i) who are temporary employees that are federally funded and are required to work
9178	under federally qualified merit principles as certified by the director; or
9179	(ii) for whom substantially all of their work is repetitive, measurable, or transaction
9180	based, and who voluntarily apply for and are accepted by the Department of Workforce
9181	Services to work in a pay for performance program designed by the Department of Workforce
9182	Services with the concurrence of the executive director; and
9183	(q) for employees in positions that are temporary, seasonal, time limited, funding
9184	limited, or variable hour in nature, under schedule codes and parameters established by the
9185	department by administrative rule.
9186	(2) The civil service shall consist of two schedules as follows:
9187	(a) (i) Schedule A is the schedule consisting of positions under Subsection (1).
9188	(ii) Removal from any appointive position under schedule A, unless otherwise
9189	regulated by statute, is at the pleasure of the appointing officers without regard to tenure.
9190	(b) Schedule B is the competitive career service schedule, consisting of:
9191	(i) all positions filled through competitive selection procedures as defined by the
9192	executive director; or
9193	(ii) positions filled through a department approved on-the-job examination intended to
9194	appoint a qualified person with a disability, or a veteran in accordance with Title 71, Chapter
9195	10, Veteran's Preference.
9196	(3) (a) The executive director, after consultation with the heads of concerned executive
9197	branch departments and agencies and with the approval of the governor, shall allocate positions
9198	to the appropriate schedules under this section.
9199	(b) Agency heads shall make requests and obtain approval from the executive director
9200	before changing the schedule assignment and tenure rights of any position.
9201	(c) Unless the executive director's decision is reversed by the governor, when the
9202	executive director denies an agency's request, the executive director's decision is final.
9203	(4) (a) Compensation for employees of the Legislature shall be established by the

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9204 directors of the legislative offices in accordance with Section 36-12-7. 9205 (b) Compensation for employees of the judiciary shall be established by the state court 9206 administrator in accordance with Section 78A-2-107. 9207 (c) Compensation for officers, faculty, and other employees of state universities and 9208 institutions of higher education shall be established as provided in Title 53B, Chapter 1, 9209 Governance, Powers, Rights, and Responsibilities, and Title 53B, Chapter 2, Institutions of 9210 Higher Education. 9211 (d) Unless otherwise provided by law, compensation for all other schedule A 9212 employees shall be established by their appointing authorities, within ranges approved by, and 9213 after consultation with the executive director of the Department of Human Resource 9214 Management. 9215 (5) An employee who is in a position designated schedule AC and who holds career 9216 service status on June 30, 2010, shall retain the career service status if the employee: 9217 (a) remains in the position that the employee is in on June 30, 2010; and 9218 (b) does not elect to convert to career service exempt status in accordance with a rule 9219 made by the department. 9220 Section 115. Section 75-5-201 is amended to read: 9221 75-5-201. Status of guardian of minor -- General. 9222 (1) (a) A person becomes a guardian of a minor by acceptance of a testamentary 9223 appointment, through appointment by a local school board under Section [53A-2-202]9224 53G-6-303, or upon appointment by the court. 9225 (b) The guardianship status continues until terminated, without regard to the location from time to time of the guardian and minor ward. 9226 9227 (2) (a) A document issued by other than a court of law which purports to award 9228 guardianship to a person who is not a legal resident of the jurisdiction in which the 9229 guardianship is awarded is not valid in the state of Utah until reviewed and approved by a Utah 9230 court. 9231 (b) The procedure for obtaining approval of a guardianship under Subsection (2)(a)9232 shall be identical to the procedure required under this part for obtaining a court appointment of 9233 a guardian. 9234 Section 116. Section **76-5-415** is amended to read:

9235	76-5-415. Educator's license subject to action for violation of this part.
9236	Commission of any offense under this Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, by
9237	an educator as defined in Section $[53A-6-103]$ <u>53E-6-102</u> , is grounds under Section
9238	[53A-6-501] <u>53E-6-604</u> for disciplinary action against the educator, including revocation of the
9239	educator's license.
9240	Section 117. Section 76-10-105 is amended to read:
9241	76-10-105. Buying or possessing a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco
9242	by a minor Penalty Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
9243	(1) Any 18 year old person who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the person's
9244	possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a class C
9245	misdemeanor and subject to:
9246	(a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
9247	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
9248	participation fee.
9249	(2) Any person under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the
9250	person's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form is subject
9251	to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section 78A-6-602, unless the violation
9252	is committed on school property. If a violation under this section is adjudicated under Section
9253	78A-6-117, the minor may be subject to the following:
9254	(a) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and
9255	(b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may include a
9256	participation fee.
9257	(3) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section $[53A-3-402]$
9258	53G-4-402 may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school
9259	property. A cited violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance with
9260	Section [53A-11-911] <u>53G-8-211</u> .
9261	Section 118. Section 77-37-4 is amended to read:
9262	77-37-4. Additional rights Children.
9263	In addition to all rights afforded to victims and witnesses under this chapter, child
9264	victims and witnesses shall be afforded these rights:
9265	(1) Children have the right to protection from physical and emotional abuse during

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9266 their involvement with the criminal justice process.

- (2) Children are not responsible for inappropriate behavior adults commit against them
 and have the right not to be questioned, in any manner, nor to have allegations made, implying
 this responsibility. Those who interview children have the responsibility to consider the
 interests of the child in this regard.
- 9271 (3) Child victims and witnesses have the right to have interviews relating to a criminal
 9272 prosecution kept to a minimum. All agencies shall coordinate interviews and ensure that they
 9273 are conducted by persons sensitive to the needs of children.
- 9274 (4) Child victims have the right to be informed of available community resources that
 9275 might assist them and how to gain access to those resources. Law enforcement and prosecutors
 9276 have the duty to ensure that child victims are informed of community resources, including
 9277 counseling prior to the court proceeding, and have those services available throughout the
 9278 criminal justice process.
- (5) (a) Child victims have the right, once an investigation has been initiated by law
 enforcement or the Division of Child and Family Services, to keep confidential their interviews
 that are conducted at a Children's Justice Center, including video and audio recordings, and
 transcripts of those recordings. Except as provided in Subsection (6), recordings and
 transcripts of interviews may not be distributed, released, or displayed to anyone without a
 court order.
- 9285

(b) A court order described in Subsection (5)(a):

(i) shall describe with particularity to whom the recording or transcript of the interview
may be released and prohibit further distribution or viewing by anyone not named in the order;
and

(ii) may impose restrictions on access to the materials considered reasonable to protectthe privacy of the child victim.

(c) A parent or guardian of the child victim may petition a juvenile or district court for
an order allowing the parent or guardian to view a recording or transcript upon a finding of
good cause. The order shall designate the agency that is required to display the recording or
transcript to the parent or guardian and shall prohibit viewing by anyone not named in the
order.

9296 (d) Following the conclusion of any legal proceedings in which the recordings or

9297	transcripts are used, the court shall order the recordings and transcripts in the court's file sealed
9298	and preserved.
9299	(6) (a) The following offices and their designated employees may distribute and receive
9300	a recording or transcript to and from one another without a court order:
9301	(i) the Division of Child and Family Services;
9302	(ii) administrative law judges employed by the Department of Human Services;
9303	(iii) Department of Human Services investigators investigating the Division of Child
9304	and Family Services or investigators authorized to investigate under Section 62A-4a-202.6;
9305	(iv) an office of the city attorney, county attorney, district attorney, or attorney general;
9306	(v) a law enforcement agency;
9307	(vi) a Children's Justice Center established under Section 67-5b-102; or
9308	(vii) the attorney for the child who is the subject of the interview.
9309	(b) In a criminal case or in a juvenile court in which the state is a party:
9310	(i) the parties may display and enter into evidence a recording or transcript in the
9311	course of a prosecution;
9312	(ii) the state's attorney may distribute a recording or transcript to the attorney for the
9313	defendant, pro se defendant, respondent, or pro se respondent pursuant to a valid request for
9314	discovery;
9315	(iii) the attorney for the defendant or respondent may do one or both of the following:
9316	(A) release the recording or transcript to an expert retained by the attorney for the
9317	defendant or respondent if the expert agrees in writing that the expert will not distribute,
9318	release, or display the recording or transcript to anyone without prior authorization from the
9319	court; or
9320	(B) permit the defendant or respondent to view the recording or transcript, but may not
9321	distribute or release the recording or transcript to the defendant or respondent; and
9322	(iv) the court shall advise a pro se defendant or respondent that a recording or
9323	transcript received as part of discovery is confidential and may not be distributed, released, or
9324	displayed without prior authorization from the court.
9325	(c) A court's failure to advise a pro se defendant or respondent that a recording or
9326	transcript received as part of discovery is confidential and may not be used as a defense to
9327	prosecution for a violation of the disclosure rule.

- (d) In an administrative case, pursuant to a written request, the Division of Child and
 Family Services may display, but may not distribute or release, a recording or transcript to the
 respondent or to the respondent's designated representative.
- (e) (i) Within two business days of a request from a parent or guardian of a child
 victim, an investigative agency shall allow the parent or guardian to view a recording after the
 conclusion of an interview, unless:
- 9334 (A) the suspect is a parent or guardian of the child victim;
- 9335 (B) the suspect resides in the home with the child victim; or
- 9336 (C) the investigative agency determines that allowing the parent or guardian to view9337 the recording would likely compromise or impede the investigation.
- (ii) If the investigative agency determines that allowing the parent or guardian to view
 the recording would likely compromise or impede the investigation, the parent or guardian may
 petition a juvenile or district court for an expedited hearing on whether there is good cause for
 the court to enter an order allowing the parent or guardian to view the recording in accordance
 with Subsection (5)(c).
- 9343 (iii) A Children's Justice Center shall coordinate the viewing of the recording described9344 in this Subsection (6)(e).
- 9345 (f) A multidisciplinary team assembled by a Children's Justice Center or an
 9346 interdisciplinary team assembled by the Division of Child and Family Services may view a
 9347 recording or transcript, but may not receive a recording or transcript.
- 9348 (g) A Children's Justice Center:
- (i) may distribute or display a recording or transcript to an authorized trainer orevaluator for purposes of training or evaluation; and
- 9351 (ii) may display, but may not distribute, a recording or transcript to an authorized9352 trainee.
- (h) An authorized trainer or instructor may display a recording or transcript according
 to the terms of the authorized trainer's or instructor's contract with the Children's Justice Center
 or according to the authorized trainer's or instructor's scope of employment.
- (i) (i) In an investigation under Section [53A-6-306] 53E-6-506, in which a child
 victim who is the subject of the recording or transcript has alleged criminal conduct against an
 educator, a law enforcement agency may distribute or release the recording or transcript to an

9359 investigator operating under State Board of Education authorization, upon the investigator's 9360 written request. 9361 (ii) If the respondent in a case investigated under Section [53A-6-306] 53E-6-506 9362 requests a hearing authorized under that section, the investigator operating under State Board 9363 of Education authorization may display, release, or distribute the recording or transcript to the 9364 prosecutor operating under State Board of Education authorization or to an expert retained by 9365 an investigator. 9366 (iii) Upon request for a hearing under Section [53A-6-306] 53E-6-506, a prosecutor 9367 operating under State Board of Education authorization may display the recording or transcript 9368 to a pro se respondent, to an attorney retained by the respondent, or to an expert retained by the 9369 respondent. 9370 (iv) The parties to a hearing authorized under Section [53A-6-306] 53E-6-506 may 9371 display and enter into evidence a recording or transcript in the course of a prosecution. (7) Except as otherwise provided in this section, it is a class B misdemeanor for any 9372 9373 individual to distribute, release, or display any recording or transcript of an interview of a child 9374 victim conducted at a Children's Justice Center. 9375 Section 119. Section 78A-6-103 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read: 9376 78A-6-103 (Superseded 07/01/18). Jurisdiction of juvenile court -- Original --9377 **Exclusive.** (1) Except as otherwise provided by law, the juvenile court has exclusive original 9378 9379 jurisdiction in proceedings concerning: 9380 (a) a child who has violated any federal, state, or local law or municipal ordinance or a 9381 person younger than 21 years of age who has violated any law or ordinance before becoming 9382 18 years of age, regardless of where the violation occurred, excluding offenses in Subsection 9383 78A-7-106(2); 9384 (b) a person 21 years of age or older who has failed or refused to comply with an order 9385 of the juvenile court to pay a fine or restitution, if the order was imposed before the person's 9386 21st birthday; however, the continuing jurisdiction is limited to causing compliance with

9387 existing orders;

9388 (c) a child who is an abused child, neglected child, or dependent child, as those terms
9389 are defined in Section 78A-6-105;

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(d) a protective order for a child pursuant to the provisions of Title 78B, Chapter 7,
Part 2, Child Protective Orders, which the juvenile court may transfer to the district court if the
juvenile court has entered an ex parte protective order and finds that:
(i) the petitioner and the respondent are the natural parent, adoptive parent, or step
parent of the child who is the object of the petition;
(ii) the district court has a petition pending or an order related to custody or parent-time
entered under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant Abuse Act,
or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, in which the petitioner and the
respondent are parties; and
(iii) the best interests of the child will be better served in the district court;
(e) appointment of a guardian of the person or other guardian of a minor who comes
within the court's jurisdiction under other provisions of this section;
(f) the emancipation of a minor in accordance with Part 8, Emancipation;
(g) the termination of the legal parent-child relationship in accordance with Part 5,
Termination of Parental Rights Act, including termination of residual parental rights and
duties;
(h) the treatment or commitment of a minor who has an intellectual disability;
(i) a minor who is a habitual truant from school;
(j) the judicial consent to the marriage of a child under age 16 upon a determination of
voluntariness or where otherwise required by law, employment, or enlistment of a child when
consent is required by law;
(k) any parent or parents of a child committed to a secure youth corrections facility, to
order, at the discretion of the court and on the recommendation of a secure facility, the parent
or parents of a child committed to a secure facility for a custodial term, to undergo group
rehabilitation therapy under the direction of a secure facility therapist, who has supervision of
that parent's or parents' child, or any other therapist the court may direct, for a period directed
by the court as recommended by a secure facility;
(1) a minor under Title 55, Chapter 12, Interstate Compact for Juveniles;
(m) the treatment or commitment of a child with a mental illness. The court may

9419 commit a child to the physical custody of a local mental health authority in accordance with the 9420 procedures and requirements of Title 62A, Chapter 15, Part 7, Commitment of Persons Under

9421 Age 18 to Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, but not directly to the Utah State 9422 Hospital; 9423 (n) the commitment of a child to a secure drug or alcohol facility in accordance with 9424 Section 62A-15-301; 9425 (o) a minor found not competent to proceed pursuant to Section 78A-6-1301; 9426 (p) de novo review of final agency actions resulting from an informal adjudicative 9427 proceeding as provided in Section 63G-4-402; and 9428 (q) adoptions conducted in accordance with the procedures described in Title 78B. 9429 Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, when the juvenile court has previously entered an order 9430 terminating the rights of a parent and finds that adoption is in the best interest of the child. 9431 (2) Notwithstanding Section 78A-7-106 and Subsection 78A-5-102(9), the juvenile 9432 court has exclusive jurisdiction over the following offenses committed by a child: 9433 (a) Title 41. Chapter 6a. Part 5. Driving Under the Influence and Reckless Driving: 9434 (b) Section 73-18-12, reckless operation; and (c) class B and C misdemeanors, infractions, or violations of ordinances that are part of 9435 9436 a single criminal episode filed in a petition that contains an offense over which the court has 9437 jurisdiction. 9438 (3) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over an ungovernable or runaway child who is 9439 referred to it by the Division of Child and Family Services or by public or private agencies that 9440 contract with the division to provide services to that child where, despite earnest and persistent 9441 efforts by the division or agency, the child has demonstrated that the child: 9442 (a) is beyond the control of the child's parent, guardian, lawful custodian, or school 9443 authorities to the extent that the child's behavior or condition endangers the child's own welfare 9444 or the welfare of others; or 9445 (b) has run away from home. 9446 (4) This section does not restrict the right of access to the juvenile court by private 9447 agencies or other persons. 9448 (5) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of all magistrate functions relative to cases 9449 arising under Section 78A-6-702. 9450 (6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction to make a finding of substantiated. 9451 unsubstantiated, or without merit, in accordance with Section 78A-6-323.

9452	(7) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of matters transferred to it by another trial court
9453	pursuant to Subsection 78A-7-106(7).
9454	Section 120. Section 78A-6-103 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
9455	78A-6-103 (Effective 07/01/18). Jurisdiction of juvenile court Original
9456	Exclusive.
9457	(1) Except as otherwise provided by law, the juvenile court has exclusive original
9458	jurisdiction in proceedings concerning:
9459	(a) a child who has violated any federal, state, or local law or municipal ordinance or a
9460	person younger than 21 years of age who has violated any law or ordinance before becoming
9461	18 years of age, regardless of where the violation occurred, excluding offenses:
9462	(i) in Section $[\frac{53A-11-911}{53G-8-211}]$ until such time that the child is referred to the
9463	courts under Section [53A-11-911] <u>53G-8-211</u> ; and
9464	(ii) in Subsection 78A-7-106(2);
9465	(b) a child who is an abused child, neglected child, or dependent child, as those terms
9466	are defined in Section 78A-6-105;
9467	(c) a protective order for a child pursuant to Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 2, Child
9468	Protective Orders, which the juvenile court may transfer to the district court if the juvenile
9469	court has entered an ex parte protective order and finds that:
9470	(i) the petitioner and the respondent are the natural parent, adoptive parent, or step
9471	parent of the child who is the object of the petition;
9472	(ii) the district court has a petition pending or an order related to custody or parent-time
9473	entered under Title 30, Chapter 3, Divorce, Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 1, Cohabitant Abuse Act,
9474	or Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, in which the petitioner and the
9475	respondent are parties; and
9476	(iii) the best interests of the child will be better served in the district court;
9477	(d) appointment of a guardian of the person or other guardian of a minor who comes
9478	within the court's jurisdiction under other provisions of this section;
9479	(e) the emancipation of a minor in accordance with Part 8, Emancipation;
9480	(f) the termination of the legal parent-child relationship in accordance with Part 5,
9481	Termination of Parental Rights Act, including termination of residual parental rights and
9482	duties;

9483 (g) the treatment or commitment of a minor who has an intellectual disability; 9484 (h) the judicial consent to the marriage of a child under age 16 upon a determination of 9485 voluntariness or where otherwise required by law, employment, or enlistment of a child when consent is required by law: 9486 9487 (i) any parent or parents of a child committed to a secure youth facility, to order, at the 9488 discretion of the court and on the recommendation of a secure facility, the parent or parents of a 9489 child committed to a secure facility for a custodial term, to undergo group rehabilitation 9490 therapy under the direction of a secure facility therapist, who has supervision of that parent's or 9491 parents' child, or any other therapist the court may direct, for a period directed by the court as 9492 recommended by a secure facility: 9493 (i) a minor under Title 55, Chapter 12, Interstate Compact for Juveniles; 9494 (k) subject to Subsection (8), the treatment or commitment of a child with a mental 9495 illness: 9496 (1) the commitment of a child to a secure drug or alcohol facility in accordance with 9497 Section 62A-15-301; 9498 (m) a minor found not competent to proceed pursuant to Section 78A-6-1301; 9499 (n) de novo review of final agency actions resulting from an informal adjudicative 9500 proceeding as provided in Section 63G-4-402; and 9501 (o) adoptions conducted in accordance with the procedures described in Title 78B. 9502 Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, when the juvenile court has previously entered an order 9503 terminating the rights of a parent and finds that adoption is in the best interest of the child. 9504 (2) (a) Notwithstanding Section 78A-7-106 and Subsection 78A-5-102(9), the juvenile 9505 court has exclusive jurisdiction over the following offenses committed by a child: 9506 (i) Title 41, Chapter 6a, Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and Reckless Driving; 9507 (ii) Section 73-18-12, reckless operation; and 9508 (iii) class B and C misdemeanors, infractions, or violations of ordinances that are part 9509 of a single criminal episode filed in a petition that contains an offense over which the court has 9510 jurisdiction. 9511 (b) A juvenile court may only order substance use disorder treatment or an educational 9512 series if the minor has an assessed need for the intervention on the basis of the results of a 9513 validated assessment.

9514	(3) The juvenile court has jurisdiction over an ungovernable or runaway child who is
9515	referred to it by the Division of Child and Family Services or by public or private agencies that
9516	contract with the division to provide services to that child when, despite earnest and persistent
9517	efforts by the division or agency, the child has demonstrated that the child:
9518	(a) is beyond the control of the child's parent, guardian, or lawful custodian to the
9519	extent that the child's behavior or condition endangers the child's own welfare or the welfare of
9520	others; or
9521	(b) has run away from home.
9522	(4) This section does not restrict the right of access to the juvenile court by private
9523	agencies or other persons.
9524	(5) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of all magistrate functions relative to cases
9525	arising under Section 78A-6-702.
9526	(6) The juvenile court has jurisdiction to make a finding of substantiated,
9527	unsubstantiated, or without merit, in accordance with Section 78A-6-323.
9528	(7) The juvenile court has jurisdiction of matters transferred to it by another trial court
9529	pursuant to Subsection 78A-7-106(5) and subject to Section [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211.
9530	(8) The court may commit a child to the physical custody of a local mental health
9531	authority in accordance with Title 62A, Chapter 15, Part 7, Commitment of Persons Under Age
9532	18 to Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health, but not directly to the Utah State
9533	Hospital.
9534	Section 121. Section 78A-6-105 is amended to read:
9535	78A-6-105. Definitions.
9536	As used in this chapter:
9537	(1) (a) "Abuse" means:
9538	(i) (A) nonaccidental harm of a child;
9539	(B) threatened harm of a child;
9540	(C) sexual exploitation;
9541	(D) sexual abuse; or
9542	(E) human trafficking of a child in violation of Section 76-5-308.5; or
9543	(ii) that a child's natural parent:
9544	(A) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causes the death of another parent of the

9545	child;
9546	(B) is identified by a law enforcement agency as the primary suspect in an investigation
9547	for intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing the death of another parent of the child; or
9548	(C) is being prosecuted for or has been convicted of intentionally, knowingly, or
9549	recklessly causing the death of another parent of the child.
9550	(b) "Abuse" does not include:
9551	(i) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding privileges;
9552	(ii) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
9553	(iii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
9554	(A) in self-defense;
9555	(B) in defense of others;
9556	(C) to protect the child; or
9557	(D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons described in
9558	Subsections (1)(b)(iii)(A) through (C).
9559	(2) "Abused child" means a child who has been subjected to abuse.
9560	(3) "Adjudication" means a finding by the court, incorporated in a decree, that the facts
9561	alleged in the petition have been proved. A finding of not competent to proceed pursuant to
9562	Section 78A-6-1302 is not an adjudication.
9563	(4) "Adult" means a person 18 years of age or over, except that a person 18 years or
9564	over under the continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court pursuant to Section 78A-6-120 shall
9565	be referred to as a minor.
9566	(5) "Board" means the Board of Juvenile Court Judges.
9567	(6) "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
9568	(7) "Child placement agency" means:
9569	(a) a private agency licensed to receive a child for placement or adoption under this
9570	code; or
9571	(b) a private agency that receives a child for placement or adoption in another state,
9572	which agency is licensed or approved where such license or approval is required by law.
9573	(8) "Clandestine laboratory operation" means the same as that term is defined in
9574	Section 58-37d-3.
9575	(9) "Commit" means, unless specified otherwise:

9576 (a) with respect to a child, to transfer legal custody; and

(b) with respect to a minor who is at least 18 years of age, to transfer custody.

9578 (10) "Court" means the juvenile court.

9579 (11) "Criminogenic risk factors" means evidence-based factors that are associated with9580 a minor's likelihood of reoffending.

9581 (12) "Delinquent act" means an act that would constitute a felony or misdemeanor if9582 committed by an adult.

9583 (13) "Dependent child" includes a child who is homeless or without proper care9584 through no fault of the child's parent, guardian, or custodian.

9585 (14) "Deprivation of custody" means transfer of legal custody by the court from a 9586 parent or the parents or a previous legal custodian to another person, agency, or institution.

9587 (15) "Detention" means home detention and secure detention as defined in Section
9588 62A-7-101 for the temporary care of a minor who requires secure custody in a physically
9589 restricting facility:

9590

(a) pending court disposition or transfer to another jurisdiction; or

9591 (b) while under the continuing jurisdiction of the court.

(16) "Detention risk assessment tool" means an evidence-based tool established under
Section 78A-6-124, on and after July 1, 2018, that assesses a minor's risk of failing to appear in
court or reoffending pre-adjudication and designed to assist in making detention
determinations.

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(17) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services.

(18) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple randomized
control studies or a meta-analysis demonstrating that the program or practice is effective for a
specific population or has been rated as effective by a standardized program evaluation tool.

9600 (19) "Formal probation" means a minor is under field supervision by the probation
9601 department or other agency designated by the court and subject to return to the court in
9602 accordance with Section 78A-6-123 on and after July 1, 2018.

9603 (20) "Formal referral" means a written report from a peace officer or other person
9604 informing the court that a minor is or appears to be within the court's jurisdiction and that a
9605 case must be reviewed.

9606

(21) "Group rehabilitation therapy" means psychological and social counseling of one

9607	or more persons in the group, depending upon the recommendation of the therapist.
9608	(22) "Guardianship of the person" includes the authority to consent to:
9609	(a) marriage;
9610	(b) enlistment in the armed forces;
9611	(c) major medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment; or
9612	(d) legal custody, if legal custody is not vested in another person, agency, or institution
9613	(23) "Habitual truant" means the same as that term is defined in Section $[53A-11-101]$
9614	<u>53G-6-201</u> .
9615	(24) "Harm" means:
9616	(a) physical or developmental injury or damage;
9617	(b) emotional damage that results in a serious impairment in the child's growth,
9618	development, behavior, or psychological functioning;
9619	(c) sexual abuse; or
9620	(d) sexual exploitation.
9621	(25) (a) "Incest" means engaging in sexual intercourse with a person whom the
9622	perpetrator knows to be the perpetrator's ancestor, descendant, brother, sister, uncle, aunt,
9623	nephew, niece, or first cousin.
9624	(b) The relationships described in Subsection (25)(a) include:
9625	(i) blood relationships of the whole or half blood, without regard to legitimacy;
9626	(ii) relationships of parent and child by adoption; and
9627	(iii) relationships of stepparent and stepchild while the marriage creating the
9628	relationship of a stepparent and stepchild exists.
9629	(26) "Intake probation" means a period of court monitoring that does not include field
9630	supervision, but is overseen by a juvenile probation officer, during which a minor is subject to
9631	return to the court in accordance with Section 78A-6-123 on and after July 1, 2018.
9632	(27) "Intellectual disability" means:
9633	(a) significantly subaverage intellectual functioning, an IQ of approximately 70 or
9634	below on an individually administered IQ test, for infants, a clinical judgment of significantly
9635	subaverage intellectual functioning;
9636	(b) concurrent deficits or impairments in present adaptive functioning, the person's
9637	effectiveness in meeting the standards expected for the person's age by the person's cultural

9638	group, in at least two of the following areas: communication, self-care, home living,
9639	social/interpersonal skills, use of community resources, self-direction, functional academic
9640	skills, work, leisure, health, and safety; and
9641	(c) the onset is before the person reaches the age of 18 years.
9642	(28) "Legal custody" means a relationship embodying the following rights and duties:
9643	(a) the right to physical custody of the minor;
9644	(b) the right and duty to protect, train, and discipline the minor;
9645	(c) the duty to provide the minor with food, clothing, shelter, education, and ordinary
9646	medical care;
9647	(d) the right to determine where and with whom the minor shall live; and
9648	(e) the right, in an emergency, to authorize surgery or other extraordinary care.
9649	(29) "Material loss" means an uninsured:
9650	(a) property loss;
9651	(b) out-of-pocket monetary loss;
9652	(c) lost wages; or
9653	(d) medical expenses.
9654	(30) "Mental disorder" means a serious emotional and mental disturbance that severely
9655	limits a minor's development and welfare over a significant period of time.
9656	(31) "Minor" means:
9657	(a) a child; or
9658	(b) a person who is:
9659	(i) at least 18 years of age and younger than 21 years of age; and
9660	(ii) under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
9661	(32) "Mobile crisis outreach team" means a crisis intervention service for minors or
9662	families of minors experiencing behavioral health or psychiatric emergencies.
9663	(33) "Molestation" means that a person, with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual
9664	desire of any person:
9665	(a) touches the anus or any part of the genitals of a child;
9666	(b) takes indecent liberties with a child; or
9667	(c) causes a child to take indecent liberties with the perpetrator or another.
9668	(34) "Natural parent" means a minor's biological or adoptive parent, and includes the

9669 minor's noncustodial parent. (35) (a) "Neglect" means action or inaction causing: 9670 9671 (i) abandonment of a child, except as provided in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 8, Safe 9672 Relinquishment of a Newborn Child; 9673 (ii) lack of proper parental care of a child by reason of the fault or habits of the parent, 9674 guardian, or custodian; 9675 (iii) failure or refusal of a parent, guardian, or custodian to provide proper or necessary 9676 subsistence, education, or medical care, or any other care necessary for the child's health. 9677 safety, morals, or well-being; 9678 (iv) a child to be at risk of being neglected or abused because another child in the same 9679 home is neglected or abused; or 9680 (v) abandonment of a child through an unregulated custody transfer. 9681 (b) The aspect of neglect relating to education, described in Subsection (35)(a)(iii), 9682 means that, after receiving a notice of compulsory education violation under Section 9683 [53A-11-101.5] 53G-6-202, the parent or guardian fails to make a good faith effort to ensure 9684 that the child receives an appropriate education. 9685 (c) A parent or guardian legitimately practicing religious beliefs and who, for that 9686 reason, does not provide specified medical treatment for a child, is not guilty of neglect. 9687 (d) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (35)(a), a health care decision made for a child by 9688 the child's parent or guardian does not constitute neglect unless the state or other party to the 9689 proceeding shows, by clear and convincing evidence, that the health care decision is not 9690 reasonable and informed. 9691 (ii) Nothing in Subsection (35)(d)(i) may prohibit a parent or guardian from exercising 9692 the right to obtain a second health care opinion and from pursuing care and treatment pursuant 9693 to the second health care opinion, as described in Section 78A-6-301.5. 9694 (36) "Neglected child" means a child who has been subjected to neglect. 9695 (37) "Nonjudicial adjustment" means closure of the case by the assigned probation 9696 officer without judicial determination upon the consent in writing of: (a) the assigned probation officer; and 9697 9698 (b) (i) the minor; or 9699 (ii) the minor and the minor's parent, legal guardian, or custodian.

9700	(38) "Not competent to proceed" means that a minor, due to a mental disorder,
9701	intellectual disability, or related condition as defined, lacks the ability to:
9702	(a) understand the nature of the proceedings against them or of the potential disposition
9703	for the offense charged; or
9704	(b) consult with counsel and participate in the proceedings against them with a
9705	reasonable degree of rational understanding.
9706	(39) "Physical abuse" means abuse that results in physical injury or damage to a child.
9707	(40) "Probation" means a legal status created by court order following an adjudication
9708	on the ground of a violation of law or under Section 78A-6-103, whereby the minor is
9709	permitted to remain in the minor's home under prescribed conditions.
9710	(41) "Protective supervision" means a legal status created by court order following an
9711	adjudication on the ground of abuse, neglect, or dependency, whereby the minor is permitted to
9712	remain in the minor's home, and supervision and assistance to correct the abuse, neglect, or
9713	dependency is provided by the probation department or other agency designated by the court.
9714	(42) "Related condition" means a condition closely related to intellectual disability in
9715	accordance with 42 C.F.R. Part 435.1010 and further defined in Rule R539-1-3, Utah
9716	Administrative Code.
9717	(43) (a) "Residual parental rights and duties" means those rights and duties remaining
9718	with the parent after legal custody or guardianship, or both, have been vested in another person
9719	or agency, including:
9720	(i) the responsibility for support;
9721	(ii) the right to consent to adoption;
9722	(iii) the right to determine the child's religious affiliation; and
9723	(iv) the right to reasonable parent-time unless restricted by the court.
9724	(b) If no guardian has been appointed, "residual parental rights and duties" also include
9725	the right to consent to:
9726	(i) marriage;
9727	(ii) enlistment; and
9728	(iii) major medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment.
9729	(44) "Secure facility" means any facility operated by or under contract with the
9730	Division of Juvenile Justice Services, that provides 24-hour supervision and confinement for

9731	youth offenders committed to the division for custody and rehabilitation pursuant to Subsection
9732	78A-6-117(2)(d).
9733	(45) "Severe abuse" means abuse that causes or threatens to cause serious harm to a
9734	child.
9735	(46) "Severe neglect" means neglect that causes or threatens to cause serious harm to a
9736	child.
9737	(47) "Sexual abuse" means:
9738	(a) an act or attempted act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, incest, or molestation by an
9739	adult directed towards a child;
9740	(b) an act or attempted act of sexual intercourse, sodomy, incest, or molestation
9741	committed by a child towards another child if:
9742	(i) there is an indication of force or coercion;
9743	(ii) the children are related, as described in Subsection (25);
9744	(iii) there have been repeated incidents of sexual contact between the two children,
9745	unless the children are 14 years of age or older; or
9746	(iv) there is a disparity in chronological age of four or more years between the two
9747	children; or
9748	(c) engaging in any conduct with a child that would constitute an offense under any of
9749	the following, regardless of whether the person who engages in the conduct is actually charged
9750	with, or convicted of, the offense:
9751	(i) Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, except for Section 76-5-401, if the
9752	alleged perpetrator of an offense described in Section 76-5-401 is a minor;
9753	(ii) child bigamy, Section 76-7-101.5;
9754	(iii) incest, Section 76-7-102;
9755	(iv) lewdness, Section 76-9-702;
9756	(v) sexual battery, Section 76-9-702.1;
9757	(vi) lewdness involving a child, Section 76-9-702.5; or
9758	(vii) voyeurism, Section 76-9-702.7.
9759	(48) "Sexual exploitation" means knowingly:
9760	(a) employing, using, persuading, inducing, enticing, or coercing any child to:
9761	(i) pose in the nude for the purpose of sexual arousal of any person; or

9762	(ii) engage in any sexual or simulated sexual conduct for the purpose of photographing,
9763	filming, recording, or displaying in any way the sexual or simulated sexual conduct;
9764	(b) displaying, distributing, possessing for the purpose of distribution, or selling
9765	material depicting a child:
9766	(i) in the nude, for the purpose of sexual arousal of any person; or
9767	(ii) engaging in sexual or simulated sexual conduct; or
9768	(c) engaging in any conduct that would constitute an offense under Section 76-5b-201,
9769	sexual exploitation of a minor, regardless of whether the person who engages in the conduct is
9770	actually charged with, or convicted of, the offense.
9771	(49) "Shelter" means the temporary care of a child in a physically unrestricted facility
9772	pending court disposition or transfer to another jurisdiction.
9773	(50) "Status offense" means a violation of the law that would not be a violation but for
9774	the age of the offender.
9775	(51) "Substance abuse" means the misuse or excessive use of alcohol or other drugs or
9776	substances.
9777	(52) "Substantiated" means the same as that term is defined in Section $62A-4a-101$.
9778	(53) "Supported" means the same as that term is defined in Section 62A-4a-101.
9779	(54) "Termination of parental rights" means the permanent elimination of all parental
9780	rights and duties, including residual parental rights and duties, by court order.
9781	(55) "Therapist" means:
9782	(a) a person employed by a state division or agency for the purpose of conducting
9783	psychological treatment and counseling of a minor in its custody; or
9784	(b) any other person licensed or approved by the state for the purpose of conducting
9785	psychological treatment and counseling.
9786	(56) "Unregulated custody transfer" means the placement of a child:
9787	(a) with a person who is not the child's parent, step-parent, grandparent, adult sibling,
9788	adult uncle or aunt, or legal guardian, or a friend of the family who is an adult and with whom
9789	the child is familiar, or a member of the child's federally recognized tribe;
9790	(b) with the intent of severing the child's existing parent-child or guardian-child
9791	relationship; and
9792	(c) without taking:

9793	(i) reasonable steps to ensure the safety of the child and permanency of the placement;
9794	and
9795	(ii) the necessary steps to transfer the legal rights and responsibilities of parenthood or
9796	guardianship to the person taking custody of the child.
9797	(57) "Unsubstantiated" means the same as that term is defined in Section 62A-4a-101.
9798	(58) "Validated risk and needs assessment" means an evidence-based tool that assesses
9799	a minor's risk of reoffending and a minor's criminogenic needs.
9800	(59) "Without merit" means the same as that term is defined in Section $62A-4a-101$.
9801	Section 122. Section 78A-6-112 (Superseded 07/01/18) is amended to read:
9802	78A-6-112 (Superseded 07/01/18). Minor taken into custody by peace officer,
9803	private citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or
9804	detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody.
9805	(1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if:
9806	(a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local
9807	law, or municipal ordinance;
9808	(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if
9809	committed by an adult would be a felony;
9810	(c) the minor:
9811	(i) (A) is seriously endangered in the minor's surroundings; or
9812	(B) seriously endangers others; and
9813	(ii) immediate removal appears to be necessary for the minor's protection or the
9814	protection of others;
9815	(d) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has run away or escaped from the
9816	minor's parents, guardian, or custodian; or
9817	(e) there is reason to believe that the minor is:
9818	(i) subject to the state's compulsory education law; and
9819	(ii) absent from school without legitimate or valid excuse, subject to Section
9820	[53A-11-105] <u>53G-6-208</u> .
9821	(2) (a) A private citizen or a probation officer may take a minor into custody if under
9822	the circumstances he could make a citizen's arrest if the minor was an adult.
9823	(b) A probation officer may also take a minor into custody under Subsection (1) or if

the minor has violated the conditions of probation, if the minor is under the continuing
jurisdiction of the juvenile court or in emergency situations in which a peace officer is not
immediately available.

9827 (3) (a) (i) If an officer or other person takes a minor into temporary custody, he shall
9828 without unnecessary delay notify the parents, guardian, or custodian.

(ii) The minor shall then be released to the care of the minor's parent or other
responsible adult, unless the minor's immediate welfare or the protection of the community
requires the minor's detention.

(b) If the minor is taken into custody or detention for a violent felony, as defined in
Section 76-3-203.5, or an offense in violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons, the
officer or other law enforcement agent taking the minor into custody shall, as soon as
practicable or as established under Subsection [53A-11-1001] 53G-8-402(2), notify the school
superintendent of the district in which the minor resides or attends school for the purposes of
the minor's supervision and student safety.

- 9838 (i) The notice shall disclose only:
- 9839 (A) the name of the minor;
- 9840 (B) the offense for which the minor was taken into custody or detention; and
- 9841 (C) if available, the name of the victim, if the victim:
- 9842 (I) resides in the same school district as the minor; or
- 9843 (II) attends the same school as the minor.
- 9844 (ii) The notice shall be classified as a protected record under Section 63G-2-305.

9845 (iii) All other records disclosures are governed by Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
9846 Records Access and Management Act and the Federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy
9847 Act.

(c) Employees of a governmental agency are immune from any criminal liability for
providing or failing to provide the information required by this section unless the person acts or
fails to act due to malice, gross negligence, or deliberate indifference to the consequences.

9851 (d) Before the minor is released, the parent or other person to whom the minor is
9852 released shall be required to sign a written promise on forms supplied by the court to bring the
9853 minor to the court at a time set or to be set by the court.

9854 (4) (a) A child may not be held in temporary custody by law enforcement any longer

than is reasonably necessary to obtain the child's name, age, residence, and other necessaryinformation and to contact the child's parents, guardian, or custodian.

9857 (b) If the minor is not released under Subsection (3), the minor shall be taken to a place 9858 of detention or shelter without unnecessary delay.

(5) (a) The person who takes a minor to a detention or shelter facility shall promptly
file with the detention or shelter facility a written report on a form provided by the division
stating the details of the presently alleged offense, the facts which bring the minor within the
jurisdiction of the juvenile court, and the reason the minor was not released by law
enforcement.

(b) (i) The designated youth corrections facility staff person shall immediately review
the form and determine, based on the guidelines for detention admissions established by the
Division of Juvenile Justice Services under Section 62A-7-202, whether to admit the minor to
secure detention, admit the minor to home detention, place the minor in a placement other than
detention, or return the minor home upon written promise to bring the minor to the court at a
time set, or without restriction.

(ii) If the designated youth corrections facility staff person determines to admit the
minor to home detention, that staff person shall notify the juvenile court of that determination.
The court shall order that notice be provided to the designated persons in the local law
enforcement agency and the school or transferee school, if applicable, which the minor attends
of the home detention. The designated persons may receive the information for purposes of the
minor's supervision and student safety.

9876 (iii) Any employee of the local law enforcement agency and the school which the9877 minor attends who discloses the notification of home detention is not:

9878 (A) civilly liable except when disclosure constitutes fraud or willful misconduct as
9879 provided in Section 63G-7-202; and

9880 (B) civilly or criminally liable except when disclosure constitutes a knowing violation9881 of Section 63G-2-801.

9882 (c) A minor may not be admitted to detention unless the minor is detainable based on
9883 the guidelines or the minor has been brought to detention pursuant to a judicial order or
9884 division warrant pursuant to Section 62A-7-504.

9885

(d) If a minor taken to detention does not qualify for admission under the guidelines

9886	established by the division under Section 62A-7-104, detention staff shall arrange appropriate
9887	placement.
9888	(e) If a minor is taken into custody and admitted to a secure detention or shelter
9889	facility, facility staff shall:
9890	(i) immediately notify the minor's parents, guardian, or custodian; and
9891	(ii) promptly notify the court of the placement.
9892	(f) If the minor is admitted to a secure detention or shelter facility outside the county of
9893	the minor's residence and it is determined in the hearing held under Subsection 78A-6-113(3)
9894	that detention shall continue, the judge or commissioner shall direct the sheriff of the county of
9895	the minor's residence to transport the minor to a detention or shelter facility as provided in this
9896	section.
9897	(6) A person may be taken into custody by a peace officer without a court order if the
9898	person is in apparent violation of a protective order or if there is reason to believe that a child is
9899	being abused by the person and any of the situations outlined in Section 77-7-2 exist.
9900	Section 123. Section 78A-6-112 (Effective 07/01/18) is amended to read:
9901	78A-6-112 (Effective 07/01/18). Minor taken into custody by peace officer, private
9901 9902	citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention
9902	citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention
9902 9903	citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody.
9902 9903 9904	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if:
9902 9903 9904 9905	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance;
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony;
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908 9909	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony; (c) the minor:
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908 9909 9910	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony; (c) the minor: (i) (A) is seriously endangered in the minor's surroundings; or
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908 9909 9910 9911	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony; (c) the minor: (i) (A) is seriously endangered in the minor's surroundings; or (B) seriously endangers others; and
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908 9909 9910 9911 9912	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony; (c) the minor: (i) (A) is seriously endangered in the minor's surroundings; or (B) seriously endangers others; and (ii) immediate removal appears to be necessary for the minor's protection or the
9902 9903 9904 9905 9906 9907 9908 9909 9910 9911 9912 9913	 citizen, or probation officer Grounds Notice requirements Release or detention Grounds for peace officer to take adult into custody. (1) A minor may be taken into custody by a peace officer without order of the court if: (a) in the presence of the officer the minor has violated a state law, federal law, local law, or municipal ordinance; (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe the minor has committed an act which if committed by an adult would be a felony; (c) the minor: (i) (A) is seriously endangered in the minor's surroundings; or (B) seriously endangers others; and (ii) immediate removal appears to be necessary for the minor's protection or the protection of others;

9917 (i) subject to the state's compulsory education law; and

9918 (ii) absent from school without legitimate or valid excuse, subject to Section
9919 [53A-11-105] 53G-6-208.

(2) (a) A private citizen or a probation officer may take a minor into custody if under
the circumstances the private citizen or probation officer could make a citizen's arrest if the
minor was an adult.

(b) A probation officer may also take a minor into custody under Subsection (1) or if
the minor has violated the conditions of probation, if the minor is under the continuing
jurisdiction of the juvenile court or in emergency situations in which a peace officer is not
immediately available.

(3) (a) (i) If an officer or other person takes a minor into temporary custody under
Subsection (1) or (2), the officer or person shall without unnecessary delay notify the parents,
guardian, or custodian.

(ii) The minor shall then be released to the care of the minor's parent or other
responsible adult, unless the minor's immediate welfare or the protection of the community
requires the minor's detention.

(b) If the minor is taken into custody under Subsection (1) or (2) or placed in detention
under Subsection (4) for a violent felony, as defined in Section 76-3-203.5, or an offense in
violation of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons, the officer or other law enforcement agent
taking the minor into custody shall, as soon as practicable or as established under Subsection
[53A-11-1001] 53G-8-402(2), notify the school superintendent of the district in which the
minor resides or attends school for the purposes of the minor's supervision and student safety.

- (i) The notice shall disclose only:
- 9940 (A) the name of the minor;
- (B) the offense for which the minor was taken into custody or detention; and
- 9942 (C) if available, the name of the victim, if the victim:
- 9943 (I) resides in the same school district as the minor; or
- 9944 (II) attends the same school as the minor.
- 9945 (ii) The notice shall be classified as a protected record under Section 63G-2-305.
- 9946 (iii) All other records disclosures are governed by Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government
- 9947 Records Access and Management Act, and the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy

9948	Act.
9949	(c) Employees of a governmental agency are immune from any criminal liability for
9950	providing or failing to provide the information required by this section unless the person acts or
9951	fails to act due to malice, gross negligence, or deliberate indifference to the consequences.
9952	(d) Before the minor is released, the parent or other person to whom the minor is
9953	released shall be required to sign a written promise on forms supplied by the court to bring the
9954	minor to the court at a time set or to be set by the court.
9955	(4) (a) A child may not be held in temporary custody by law enforcement any longer
9956	than is reasonably necessary to obtain the child's name, age, residence, and other necessary
9957	information and to contact the child's parents, guardian, or custodian.
9958	(b) If the minor is not released under Subsection (3), the minor shall be taken to a place
9959	of detention or shelter without unnecessary delay.
9960	(5) (a) The person who takes a minor to a detention or shelter facility shall promptly
9961	file with the detention or shelter facility a written report on a form provided by the division
9962	stating:
9963	(i) the details of the presently alleged offense;
9964	(ii) the facts that bring the minor within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court;
9965	(iii) the reason the minor was not released by law enforcement; and
9966	(iv) the eligibility of the minor under the division guidelines for detention admissions
9967	established by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services under Section 62A-7-202 if the minor
9968	is under consideration for detention.
9969	(b) (i) The designated facility staff person shall immediately review the form and
9970	determine, based on the guidelines for detention admissions established by the Division of
9971	Juvenile Justice Services under Section 62A-7-202, the results of the detention risk assessment,
9972	and the criteria for detention eligibility under Section 78A-6-113, whether to:
9973	(A) admit the minor to secure detention;
9974	(B) admit the minor to home detention;
9975	(C) place the minor in another alternative to detention; or
9976	(D) return the minor home upon written promise to bring the minor to the court at a
9977	time set, or without restriction.
9978	(ii) If the designated facility staff person determines to admit the minor to home

detention, that staff person shall notify the juvenile court of that determination. The court shall
order that notice be provided to the designated persons in the local law enforcement agency and
the school or transferee school, if applicable, which the minor attends of the home detention.
The designated persons may receive the information for purposes of the minor's supervision
and student safety.

(iii) Any employee of the local law enforcement agency and the school which theminor attends who discloses the notification of home detention is not:

9986 (A) civilly liable except when disclosure constitutes fraud or willful misconduct as 9987 provided in Section 63G-7-202; and

(B) civilly or criminally liable except when disclosure constitutes a knowing violationof Section 63G-2-801.

(iv) The person who takes a minor to a detention facility or the designated facility staff
person may release a minor to a less restrictive alternative even if the minor is eligible for
secure detention under this Subsection (5).

9993 (c) A minor may not be admitted to detention unless the minor is detainable based on
9994 the guidelines or the minor has been brought to detention pursuant to a judicial order or
9995 division warrant pursuant to Section 62A-7-504.

(d) If a minor taken to detention does not qualify for admission under the guidelines
established by the division under Section 62A-7-104 or the eligibility criteria under Subsection
(4) and this Subsection (5), detention staff shall arrange an appropriate alternative.

9999 (e) If a minor is taken into custody and admitted to a secure detention or shelter10000 facility, facility staff shall:

10001 (i) immediately notify the minor's parents, guardian, or custodian; and

10002

(ii) promptly notify the court of the placement.

10003 (f) If the minor is admitted to a secure detention or shelter facility outside the county of 10004 the minor's residence and it is determined in the hearing held under Subsection 78A-6-113(3) 10005 that detention shall continue, the judge or commissioner shall direct the sheriff of the county of 10006 the minor's residence to transport the minor to a detention or shelter facility as provided in this 10007 section.

10008 (6) A person may be taken into custody by a peace officer without a court order if the 10009 person is in apparent violation of a protective order or if there is reason to believe that a child is 10010 being abused by the person and any of the situations outlined in Section 77-7-2 exist. 10011 Section 124. Section 78A-6-319 is amended to read: 10012 78A-6-319. Educational neglect of a child -- Procedures -- Defenses. 10013 (1) With regard to a child who is the subject of a petition under this chapter based on 10014 educational neglect: 10015 (a) if allegations include failure of a child to make adequate educational progress, the 10016 court shall permit demonstration of the child's educational skills and abilities based upon any of 10017 the criteria used in granting school credit, in accordance with Section [53A-11-102.5]10018 53G-6-702; 10019 (b) parental refusal to comply with actions taken by school authorities in violation of [Sections 53A-13-101.1] Section 53G-10-202, [53A-13-101.2] 53G-10-205, 53G-10-403, or 10020 [53A-13-101.3] 53G-10-203, does not constitute educational neglect; 10021 10022 (c) parental refusal to support efforts by a school to encourage a child to act in 10023 accordance with any educational objective that focuses on the adoption or expression of a 10024 personal philosophy, attitude, or belief that is not reasonably necessary to maintain order and 10025 discipline in the school, prevent unreasonable endangerment of persons or property, or to 10026 maintain concepts of civility and propriety appropriate to a school setting, does not constitute 10027 educational neglect; and 10028 (d) an allegation of educational neglect may not be sustained, based solely on a child's 10029 absence from school, unless the child has been absent from school or from any given class, 10030 without good cause, for more than 10 consecutive school days or more than 1/16 of the 10031 applicable school term. (2) A child may not be considered to be educationally neglected, for purposes of this 10032 10033 chapter: 10034 (a) unless there is clear and convincing evidence that: 10035 (i) the child has failed to make adequate educational progress, and school officials have complied with the requirements of Section [53A-11-103] 53G-6-206; and 10036 10037 (ii) the child is two or more years behind the local public school's age group 10038 expectations in one or more basic skills, and is not receiving special educational services or systematic remediation efforts designed to correct the problem; 10039 10040 (b) if the child's parent or guardian establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that:

10041 (i) school authorities have failed to comply with the requirements of [Title 53A, 10042 Chapter 11, Students in Public Schools, or Chapter 13, Curriculum in the Public Schools] Title 10043 53G, Public Education System -- Local Administration; 10044 (ii) the child is being instructed at home in compliance with Section [53A-11-102]10045 53G-6-204; 10046 (iii) there is documentation that the child has demonstrated educational progress at a 10047 level commensurate with the child's ability; 10048 (iv) the parent, guardian, or other person in control of the child has made a good faith effort to secure the child's regular attendance in school; 10049 10050 (v) good cause or a valid excuse exists for the child's absence from school; 10051 (vi) the child is not required to attend school pursuant to court order or is exempt under 10052 other applicable state or federal law; 10053 (vii) the student has performed above the twenty-fifth percentile of the local public 10054 school's age group expectations in all basic skills, as measured by a standardized academic 10055 achievement test administered by the school district where the student resides; or 10056 (viii) the parent or guardian has proffered a reasonable alternative to required school 10057 curriculum, in accordance with Section [53A-13-101.2] 53G-10-205 or 53G-10-403, that 10058 alternative was rejected by the school district, but the parents have implemented the alternative 10059 curriculum; or 10060 (c) if the child is attending school on a regular basis. 10061 Section 125. Section **78A-6-602** is amended to read: 10062 78A-6-602. Petition -- Preliminary inquiry -- Nonjudicial adjustments -- Formal 10063 referral -- Citation -- Failure to appear. 10064 (1) A proceeding in a minor's case is commenced by petition, except as provided in 10065 Sections 78A-6-701, 78A-6-702, and 78A-6-703. 10066 (2) (a) A peace officer or a public official of the state, a county, city, or town charged 10067 with the enforcement of the laws of the state or local jurisdiction shall file a formal referral with the juvenile court within 10 days of a minor's arrest. If the arrested minor is taken to a 10068 10069 detention facility, the formal referral shall be filed with the juvenile court within 72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays. A formal referral under Section [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211 10070 10071 may not be filed with the juvenile court on an offense unless the offense is subject to referral

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10072 under Section [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211. 10073 (b) When the court is informed by a peace officer or other person that a minor is or 10074 appears to be within the court's jurisdiction, the probation department shall make a preliminary 10075 inquiry to determine whether the minor is eligible to enter into a written consent agreement 10076 with the probation department and, if the minor is a child, the minor's parent, guardian, or 10077 custodian for the nonjudicial adjustment of the case pursuant to this Subsection (2). The court's 10078 probation department shall offer a nonjudicial adjustment if the minor: 10079 (i) is referred with a misdemeanor, infraction, or status offense: 10080 (ii) has fewer than three prior adjudications; and 10081 (iii) has no more than three prior unsuccessful nonjudicial adjustment attempts. 10082 (c) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b), the probation department may conduct a 10083 validated risk and needs assessment and may request that the prosecutor review the referral 10084 pursuant to Subsection (2)(g) to determine whether to dismiss the referral or file a petition instead of offering a nonjudicial adjustment if: 10085 10086 (A) the results of the assessment indicate the youth is high risk; or 10087 (B) the results of the assessment indicate the youth is moderate risk and the referral is 10088 for a class A misdemeanor violation under Title 76, Chapter 5, or Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 7, 10089 Miscellaneous Provisions. 10090 (ii) The court's probation department, may offer a nonjudicial adjustment to any other 10091 minor who does not meet the criteria provided in Subsection (2)(b). 10092 (iii) Acceptance of an offer of nonjudicial adjustment may not be predicated on an 10093 admission of guilt. 10094 (iv) A minor may not be denied an offer of nonjudicial adjustment due to an inability to 10095 pay a financial penalty under Subsection (2)(d). 10096 (v) Efforts to effect a nonjudicial adjustment may not extend for a period of more than 10097 90 days without leave of a judge of the court, who may extend the period for an additional 90 10098 days. 10099 (d) The nonjudicial adjustment of a case may include conditions agreed upon as part of 10100 the nonjudicial closure: 10101 (i) payment of a financial penalty of not more than \$250 to the juvenile court subject to 10102 the terms established under Subsection (2)(e);

10103	(ii) payment of victim restitution;
10104	(iii) satisfactory completion of compensatory service;
10105	(iv) referral to an appropriate provider for counseling or treatment;
10106	(v) attendance at substance use disorder programs or counseling programs;
10107	(vi) compliance with specified restrictions on activities and associations; and
10108	(vii) other reasonable actions that are in the interest of the child or minor and the
10109	community.
10110	(e) A fee, fine, or restitution included in a nonjudicial closure in accordance with
10111	Subsection (2)(d) shall be based upon the ability of the minor's family to pay as determined by
10112	a statewide sliding scale developed as provided in Section 63M-7-208 on and after July 1,
10113	2018.
10114	(f) If a minor fails to substantially comply with the conditions agreed upon as part of
10115	the nonjudicial closure, or if a minor is not offered or declines a nonjudicial adjustment
10116	pursuant to Subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c)(ii), the prosecutor shall review the case and take one of
10117	the following actions:
10118	(i) dismiss the case;
10119	(ii) refer the case back to the probation department for a new attempt at nonjudicial
10120	adjustment; or
10121	(iii) in accordance with Subsections (2)(h), file a petition with the court.
10122	(g) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(f), a petition may only be filed upon reasonable
10123	belief that:
10124	(i) the charges are supported by probable cause;
10125	(ii) admissible evidence will be sufficient to support conviction beyond a reasonable
10126	doubt; and
10127	(iii) the decision to charge is in the interests of justice.
10128	(h) Failure to a pay a fine or fee may not serve as a basis for filing of a petition under
10129	Subsection (2)(f)(iii) if the minor has substantially complied with the other conditions agreed
10130	upon in accordance with Subsection (2)(d) or those imposed through any other court diversion
10131	program.
10132	(i) A violation of Section 76-10-105 that is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile
10133	court may include a fine or penalty and participation in a court-approved tobacco education

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10134	program, which may include a participation fee.
10135	(j) If the prosecutor files a petition in court, the court may refer the case to the
10136	probation department for another offer of nonjudicial adjustment.
10137	(3) Except as provided in Sections 78A-6-701 and 78A-6-702, in the case of a minor
10138	14 years of age or older, the county attorney, district attorney, or attorney general may
10139	commence an action by filing a criminal information and a motion requesting the juvenile court
10140	to waive its jurisdiction and certify the minor to the district court.
10141	(4) (a) In cases of violations of wildlife laws, boating laws, class B and class C
10142	misdemeanors, other infractions or misdemeanors as designated by general order of the Board
10143	of Juvenile Court Judges, and violations of Section 76-10-105 subject to the jurisdiction of the
10144	juvenile court, a petition is not required and the issuance of a citation as provided in Section
10145	78A-6-603 is sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the court. A preliminary inquiry is
10146	required.
10147	(b) Any failure to comply with the time deadline on a formal referral may not be the
10148	basis of dismissing the formal referral.
10149	Section 126. Section 78A-6-603 is amended to read:
10150	78A-6-603. Citation procedure Citation Offenses Time limits Failure to
10151	appear.
10152	(1) As used in this section, "citation" means an abbreviated referral and is sufficient to
10153	invoke the jurisdiction of the court in lieu of a petition.
10154	(2) A citation shall be submitted to the court within five days of issuance.
10155	(3) A copy of the citation shall contain:
10156	(a) the name and address of the juvenile court before which the minor may be required
10157	to appear;
10158	(b) the name of the minor cited;
10159	(c) the statute or local ordinance that is alleged to have been violated;
10160	(d) a brief description of the offense charged;
10161	(e) the date, time, and location at which the offense is alleged to have occurred;
10162	(f) the date the citation was issued;
10163	(g) the name and badge or identification number of the peace officer or public official

10164 who issued the citation;

10165	(h) the name of the arresting person if an arrest was made by a private party and the
10166	citation was issued in lieu of taking the arrested minor into custody as provided in Section
10167	78A-6-112;
10168	(i) the date and time when the minor is to appear, or a statement that the minor and
10169	parent or legal guardian are to appear when notified by the juvenile court; and
10170	(j) the signature of the minor and the parent or legal guardian, if present, agreeing to
10171	appear at the juvenile court as designated on the citation.
10172	(4) A copy of the citation shall contain space for the following information to be
10173	entered if known:
10174	(a) the minor's address;
10175	(b) the minor's date of birth;
10176	(c) the name and address of the child's custodial parent or legal guardian, if different
10177	from the child; and
10178	(d) if there is a victim, the victim's name, address, and an estimate of loss, except that
10179	this information shall be removed from the documents the minor receives.
10180	(5) A citation received by the court beyond the time designated in Subsection (2) shall
10181	include a written explanation for the delay.
10182	(6) In accordance with Section [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211, the following offenses may
10183	be sent to the juvenile court as a citation:
10184	(a) violations of wildlife laws;
10185	(b) violations of boating laws;
10186	(c) violations of curfew laws;
10187	(d) any class B misdemeanor or less traffic violations where the person is under the age
10188	of 16;
10189	(e) any class B or class C misdemeanor or infraction;
10190	(f) any other infraction or misdemeanor as designated by general order of the Board of
10191	Juvenile Court Judges; and
10192	(g) violations of Section 76-10-105 subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
10193	(7) A minor offense defined under Section 78A-6-1202, alleged to have been
10194	committed by an enrolled child on school property or related to school attendance, may only be
10195	sent to the prosecutor or the juvenile court in accordance with Section [53A-11-911]

10196	53G-8-211.
10197	(8) A preliminary inquiry by the prosecutor, and if appropriate, the court, under Section
10198	78A-6-117 is required.
10199	(9) Subsection (5) may not apply to a runaway child.
10200	(10) (a) A minor receiving a citation described in this section shall appear at the
10201	juvenile court designated in the citation on the time and date specified in the citation or when
10202	notified by the juvenile court.
10203	(b) A citation may not require a minor to appear sooner than five days following its
10204	issuance.
10205	(11) A minor who receives a citation and willfully fails to appear before the juvenile
10206	court pursuant to a citation may be found in contempt of court. The court may proceed against
10207	the minor as provided in Section 78A-6-1101.
10208	(12) When a citation is issued under this section, bail may be posted and forfeited
10209	under Section 78A-6-113 with the consent of:
10210	(a) the court; and
10211	(b) if the minor is a child, the parent or legal guardian of the child cited.
10212	Section 127. Section 78A-6-1001 is amended to read:
10213	78A-6-1001. Jurisdiction over adults for offenses against minors Proof of
10214	delinquency not required for conviction.
10215	(1) The court shall have jurisdiction, concurrent with the district court or justice court
10216	otherwise having subject matter jurisdiction, to try adults for the following offenses committed
10217	against minors:
10218	(a) unlawful sale or furnishing of an alcoholic product to minors in violation of Section
10219	32B-4-403;
10220	(b) failure to report abuse or neglect, as required by Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4,
10221	Child Abuse or Neglect Reporting Requirements;
10222	(c) harboring a runaway in violation of Section 62A-4a-501;
10223	(d) misdemeanor custodial interference in violation of Section 76-5-303;
10224	(e) contributing to the delinquency of a minor in violation of Section 76-10-2301; and
10225	(f) failure to comply with compulsory education requirements in violation of Section
10226	[53A-11-101.5] <u>53G-6-202</u> .

10227	(2) It is not necessary for the minor to be found to be delinquent or to have committed
10228	a delinquent act for the court to exercise jurisdiction under Subsection (1).
10229	Section 128. Section 78A-6-1203 is amended to read:
10230	78A-6-1203. Youth court Authorization Referral.
10231	(1) Youth court is a diversion program that provides an alternative disposition for cases
10232	involving juvenile offenders in which youth participants, under the supervision of an adult
10233	coordinator, may serve in various capacities within the courtroom, acting in the role of jurors,
10234	lawyers, bailiffs, clerks, and judges.
10235	(a) Youth who appear before youth courts have been identified by law enforcement
10236	personnel, school officials, a prosecuting attorney, or the juvenile court as having committed
10237	acts which indicate a need for intervention to prevent further development toward juvenile
10238	delinquency, but which appear to be acts that can be appropriately addressed outside the
10239	juvenile court process.
10240	(b) Youth courts may only hear cases as provided for in this part.
10241	(c) Youth court is a diversion program and not a court established under the Utah
10242	Constitution, Article VIII.
10243	(2) A youth court may not accept referrals from law enforcement, schools, prosecuting
10244	attorneys, or a juvenile court unless the youth court is certified by the Utah Youth Court Board.
10245	(3) Any person may refer youth to a youth court for minor offenses or for any other
10246	eligible offense under Section [$\frac{53A-11-911}{53G-8-211}$. Once a referral is made, the case
10247	shall be screened by an adult coordinator to determine whether it qualifies as a youth court
10248	case.
10249	(4) Youth courts have authority over youth:
10250	(a) referred for one or more minor offenses or who are referred for other eligible
10251	offenses under Section [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211, or who are granted permission for referral
10252	under this part;
10253	(b) who, along with a parent, guardian, or legal custodian, voluntarily and in writing,
10254	request youth court involvement; and
10255	(c) who, along with a parent, guardian, or legal custodian, agree to follow the youth

- 10256 court disposition of the case.
- 10257 (5) Except with permission granted under Subsection (6), or pursuant to Section

- [53A-11-911] 53G-8-211, youth courts may not exercise authority over youth who are under
 the continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court for law violations, including any youth who
 may have a matter pending which has not yet been adjudicated. Youth courts may, however,
 exercise authority over youth who are under the continuing jurisdiction of the juvenile court as
 set forth in this Subsection (5) if the offense before the youth court is not a law violation, and
 the referring agency has notified the juvenile court of the referral.
- 10264 (6) Youth courts may exercise authority over youth described in Subsection (5), and 10265 over any other offense with the permission of the juvenile court and the prosecuting attorney in 10266 the county or district that would have jurisdiction if the matter were referred to juvenile court.
- 10267 (7) Permission of the juvenile court may be granted by a probation officer of the court 10268 in the district that would have jurisdiction over the offense being referred to youth court.
- 10269 (8) Youth courts may decline to accept a youth for youth court disposition for any10270 reason and may terminate a youth from youth court participation at any time.
- 10271 (9) A youth or the youth's parent, guardian, or legal custodian may withdraw from the
 10272 youth court process at any time. The youth court shall immediately notify the referring source
 10273 of the withdrawal.
- 10274 (10) The youth court may transfer a case back to the referring source for alternative10275 handling at any time.
- 10276 (11) Referral of a case to youth court may not, if otherwise eligible, prohibit the10277 subsequent referral of the case to any court.
- 10278 (12) Proceedings and dispositions of a youth court may only be shared with the 10279 referring agency, juvenile court, and victim.
- (13) When a person does not complete the terms ordered by a youth court, and if the
 case is referred to a juvenile court, the youth court shall provide the case file to the juvenile
 court.
- 10283 Section 129. Repealer.
- 10284 This bill repeals:
- 10285 Section 53A-1-414, School expenditures -- Report.
- 10286 Section **53A-1-901**, **Title**.
- 10287 Section 53A-1-904, No Child Left Behind -- State implementation.
- 10288 Section **53A-1-1101**, **Title**.

10289	Section 53A-1-1201, Title.
10290	Section 53A-1-1301, Title.
10291	Section 53A-1-1401, Title.
10292	Section 53A-1-1501, Title.
10293	Section 53A-1a-101, Short title.
10294	Section 53A-1a-501, Short title.
10295	Section 53A-1a-701, Title.
10296	Section 53A-1b-101, Title.
10297	Section 53A-1b-201, Title.
10298	Section 53A-2-401, Title.
10299	Section 53A-4-301, Title.
10300	Section 53A-6-101, Title.
10301	Section 53A-8a-101, Title.
10302	Section 53A-11-1201, Title.
10303	Section 53A-11-1501, Title.
10304	Section 53A-11-1601, Title.
10305	Section 53A-11a-101, Title.
10306	Section 53A-15-1001, Title.
10307	Section 53A-15-1201, Title.
10308	Section 53A-15-1501, Title.
10309	Section 53A-15-1701, Title.
10310	Section 53A-15-1801, Title.
10311	Section 53A-15-1901, Title.
10312	Section 53A-15-2001, Title.
10313	Section 53A-17a-101, Title.
10314	Section 53A-20b-101, Title.
10315	Section 53A-21-101, Title.
10316	Section 53A-25a-101, Title.
10317	Section 53A-25b-101, Title.
10318	Section 53A-28-101, Title.
10319	Section 53A-30-101, Title.

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10320	Section 53A-31-101, Title.
10321	Section 53A-31-401, Title.
10322	Section 130. Effective date.
10323	Section 131. Effective date.
10324	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
10325	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
10326	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
10327	the date of veto override.
10328	Section 132. Revisor instructions.
10329	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
10330	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, not enroll this bill if any of the following
10331	bills do not pass:
10332	(1) H.B. 10, Public Education Recodification - State System;
10333	(2) H.B. 11, Public Education Recodification - Funding; or
10334	(3) S.B. 11, Public Education Recodification - Local System.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel