115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5164

To expand economic opportunities, improve community policing, and promote common-sense gun violence prevention in underserved communities, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 5, 2018

Ms. Kelly of Illinois (for herself, Ms. Clark of Massachusetts, Mr. Al-Green of Texas, Ms. Clarke of New York, Ms. Moore, Mr. Serrano, Ms. Maxine Waters of California, Ms. Degette, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Danny K. Davis of Illinois, Mr. Hastings, and Ms. Norton) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, Financial Services, Ways and Means, Small Business, Oversight and Government Reform, Agriculture, Rules, and Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To expand economic opportunities, improve community policing, and promote common-sense gun violence prevention in underserved communities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Urban Progress Act of 2018".

1 (b) Table of Contents for

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Subtitle A—Rental Assistance Housing Preservation and Rehabilitation Act

Sec. 101. Short title.

Sec. 102. Amendments to rental assistance demonstration.

Subtitle B—Hire For a Second Chance Act

Sec. 111. Short title.

Sec. 112. Extension and modification of work opportunity tax credit.

Subtitle C—Community Investment and Empowerment Act

Sec. 121. Short title.

Sec. 122. Purpose.

Sec. 123. Economic growth, retention, and recruitment of commercial investment in underserved communities.

Subtitle D—Promote Start-Ups Act

Sec. 131. Short title.

Sec. 132. Permanent increase of limitation on deduction for start-up and organizational expenditures.

Subtitle E—Community College to Career Fund Act

Sec. 141. Short title.

Sec. 142. Community College to Career Fund.

Subtitle F—Youth Summer Jobs and Public Service Act

Sec. 151. Short title.

Sec. 152. Grants to States for summer employment for youth.

Subtitle G—Child Poverty Reduction Act

Sec. 161. Short title.

CHAPTER 1—FEDERAL INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP ON REDUCING CHILD POVERTY

Sec. 162. Establishment of Working Group.

Sec. 163. National plan to reduce child poverty.

Sec. 164. Other duties.

Sec. 165. Membership.

Sec. 166. Director and staff.

Sec. 167. Reporting requirements.

CHAPTER 2—WORKSHOPS BY NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES

Sec. 168. Requirement to enter into agreement with National Academy of Sciences.

- Sec. 169. Workshop topics.
- Sec. 170. Reporting requirement.
- Sec. 171. Authorization of appropriations.

Chapter 3—Definitions

Sec. 172. Definitions.

Subtitle H—Hunger-Free Summers for Children

- Sec. 181. Summer SNAP benefits for minor children who received free or reduced price school lunches.
- Sec. 182. Child tax credit increased for families under 150 percent of poverty line.

TITLE II—COMMUNITY POLICING

Subtitle A—Fair Chance for Youth

- Sec. 201. Short title.
- Sec. 202. Expungement and sealing of youth criminal records.
- Sec. 203. Retroactive effect.

Subtitle B—Youth Prison Reduction Through Opportunities, Mentoring, Intervention, Support, and Education

- Sec. 211. Short title.
- Sec. 212. Definitions.
- Sec. 213. Findings.

CHAPTER 1—FEDERAL COORDINATION OF LOCAL AND TRIBAL JUVENILE JUSTICE INFORMATION AND EFFORTS

- Sec. 214. PROMISE Advisory Panel.
- Sec. 215. Geographic assessment of resource allocation.

CHAPTER 2—PROMISE GRANTS

Sec. 216. Purposes.

SUBCHAPTER A—PROMISE ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING GRANTS

- Sec. 217. PROMISE Assessment and Planning grants authorized.
- Sec. 218. PROMISE Coordinating Councils.
- Sec. 219. Needs and strengths assessment.
- Sec. 220. PROMISE Plan components.
- Sec. 221. Authorization of appropriations.

SUBCHAPTER B—PROMISE IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS

- Sec. 222. PROMISE Implementation grants authorized.
- Sec. 223. PROMISE Implementation grant application requirements.
- Sec. 224. Grant award guidelines.
- Sec. 225. Reports.
- Sec. 226. Authorization of appropriations.

SUBCHAPTER C—GENERAL PROMISE GRANT PROVISIONS

- Sec. 227. Nonsupplanting clause.
- Sec. 228. Grant application review panel.

Sec. 229. Evaluation of PROMISE grant programs.

Sec. 230. Reservation of funds.

CHAPTER 3—PROMISE RESEARCH CENTERS

Sec. 231. Establishment of the National Research Center for Proven Juvenile Justice Practices.

Sec. 232. Grants for regional research proven practices partnerships.

Subtitle C—Safe Streets and Representative Police Forces

Sec. 241. Short title.

Sec. 242. Grants to increase the racial diversity of law enforcement agencies.

TITLE III—COMMON SENSE GUN VIOLENCE PREVENTION

Subtitle A—Hadiya Pendleton and Nyasia Pryear-Yard Gun Trafficking and Crime Prevention

Sec. 301. Short title.

Sec. 302. Firearms trafficking.

Subtitle B—Report on Effects of Gun Violence on Public Health

Sec. 311. Report on effects of gun violence on public health.

Sec. 312. Prohibition on certain amendments to appropriations measures.

Subtitle C—Keeping Guns From High-Risk Individuals

Sec. 321. Short title.

Sec. 322. Firearm prohibitions applicable with respect to certain high-risk individuals.

Subtitle D—Strengthening Gun Checks Act

Sec. 341. Short title; table of contents.

CHAPTER 1—ENSURING THAT ALL INDIVIDUALS WHO SHOULD BE PROHIBITED FROM BUYING A GUN ARE LISTED IN THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM

Sec. 342. States to make data electronically available to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System.

Sec. 343. Requirement that Federal agencies certify that they have submitted to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System all records identifying persons prohibited from purchasing firearms under Federal law.

Sec. 344. Adjudicated as a mental defective.

Sec. 345. Clarification that Federal court information is to be made available to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System.

Chapter 2—Requiring a Background Check for Every Firearm Sale

Sec. 346. Purpose.

Sec. 347. Firearms transfers.

Sec. 348. Lost and stolen reporting.

Subtitle E—Background Check Completion Act

Sec. 351. Short title.

Sec. 352. Elimination of requirement that a firearms dealer transfer a firearm if the national instant criminal background check system has been unable to complete a background check of the prospective transferee within 3 business days.

1 TITLE I—SUSTAINABLE COMMU-

- 2 NITY ECONOMIC DEVELOP-
- 3 **MENT**
- 4 Subtitle A—Rental Assistance
- 5 Housing Preservation and Reha-
- 6 bilitation Act
- 7 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 8 This subtitle may be cited as the "Rental Assistance
- 9 Housing Preservation and Rehabilitation Act of 2018".
- 10 SEC. 102. AMENDMENTS TO RENTAL ASSISTANCE DEM-
- 11 **ONSTRATION.**
- 12 (a) AMENDMENTS.—The matter in the heading
- 13 "Rental Assistance Demonstration" in title II of the
- 14 Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and
- 15 Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012 (division C of
- 16 Public Law 112–55; 125 Stat. 673) is amended—
- 17 (1) by striking "(except for funds allocated
- under such section for single room occupancy dwell-
- ings as authorized by title IV of the McKinney-
- Vento Homeless Assistance Act)" each place such
- 21 phrase appears;

1	(2) in the third proviso by inserting "in excess
2	of amounts made available under this heading" after
3	"associated with such conversion";
4	(3) in the fourth proviso—
5	(A) by striking "60,000" and inserting
6	"150,000"; and
7	(B) by striking "or section 8(e)(2)"; and
8	(4) in the penultimate proviso by striking "and
9	2013" and inserting "through 2016".
10	(b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by sub-
11	section (a) shall apply only to any amounts that are made
12	available for fiscal year 2014 or any fiscal year thereafter
13	for carrying out the demonstration program established
14	under the heading referred to in subsection (a).
15	Subtitle B—Hire For a Second
16	Chance Act
17	SEC. 111. SHORT TITLE.
18	This subtitle may be cited as the "Hire For a Second
19	Chance Act of 2018".
20	SEC. 112. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF WORK OP-
21	PORTUNITY TAX CREDIT.
22	(a) Credit Made Permanent.—Section 51(c) of
23	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking
24	paragraph (4) and redesignating paragraph (5) as para-
25	graph (4).

1	(b) Increase in Wage Limitation for Ex-Fel-
2	ONS.—
3	(1) Limitation on wages taken into ac-
4	COUNT.—Section 51(b)(3) of such Code is amend-
5	ed —
6	(A) by striking "subsection (d)(3)(A)(iv),
7	and" and inserting "subsection (d)(3)(A)(iv),",
8	and
9	(B) by striking "subsection
10	(d)(3)(A)(ii)(II)" and inserting "subsection
11	(d)(3)(A)(ii)(II), and \$14,000 in the case of
12	any individual who is an ex-felon by reason of
13	subsection $(d)(4)$ ".
14	(2) Inflation adjustment.—Section 51(b) of
15	such Code is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(4) Adjustment for inflation.—In the
18	case of any taxable year beginning after 2016, the
19	\$14,000 dollar amount contained in paragraph (3)
20	relating to ex-felons shall be increased by an amount
21	equal to the product of—
22	"(A) such dollar amount, and
23	"(B) the cost of living adjustment deter-
24	mined under section $1(f)(3)$ for the calendar
25	year in which the taxable year begins deter-

- 1 mined by substituting 'calendar year 2015' for
- 2 'calendar year 1992' in subparagraph (B)
- 3 thereof.
- 4 If any increase determined under the preceding sen-
- 5 tence is not a multiple of \$50, such increase shall
- 6 be rounded to the next lowest multiple of \$50.".
- 7 (c) QUALIFIED EX-FELON.—Section 51(d)(4)(B) of
- 8 such Code is amended by striking "1 year" and inserting
- 9 "3 years".
- 10 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 11 this section shall apply to individuals who begin work for
- 12 the employer after December 31, 2015.

13 Subtitle C—Community Investment

14 and Empowerment Act

- 15 SEC. 121. SHORT TITLE.
- 16 This subtitle may be cited as the "Community Invest-
- 17 ment and Empowerment Act".
- 18 **SEC. 122. PURPOSE.**
- The purpose of this Act is to assist with the economic
- 20 growth of economically disadvantaged communities that
- 21 have potential for strong Class 1 commercial investment,
- 22 but continue to have a difficult time recruiting Class 1
- 23 commercial investment.

1	SEC. 123. ECONOMIC GROWTH, RETENTION, AND RECRUIT-
2	MENT OF COMMERCIAL INVESTMENT IN UN-
3	DERSERVED COMMUNITIES.
4	The Small Business Investment Act of 1958 (15
5	U.S.C. 661 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
6	following new title:
7	"TITLE VI—ECONOMIC GROWTH,
8	RETENTION, AND RECRUIT-
9	MENT OF COMMERCIAL IN-
10	VESTMENT IN ECONOMICAL-
11	LY DISADVANTAGED COMMU-
12	NITIES
13	"SEC. 511. GRANT PROGRAM.
14	"(a) Authorization.—From amounts appropriated
15	under section 513, the Administrator shall make grants
16	on a competitive basis to communities for—
17	"(1) the creation of a grant and/or revolving
18	loan fund program that helps develop financing
19	packages for Class 1 commercial investment;
20	"(2) lowering real estate property tax rates;
21	"(3) conducting community-wide market anal-
22	ysis to help recruit and/or retain Class 1 commercial
23	investment;
24	"(4) creating employment training programs for
25	Class 1 business customer service, sales, and mana-
26	gerial positions;

1	"(5) retail marketing strategies to solicit new
2	Class 1 commercial investment starts in the commu-
3	nity;
4	"(6) program allowances for activities such as
5	the publication of marketing materials, development
6	of economic development web pages, and educational
7	outreach activities with retail trade associations; and
8	"(7) hiring business recruitment specialists.
9	"(b) Eligibility.—The Administrator may only
10	make a grant under subsection (a) to communities that—
11	"(1) demographics include—
12	"(A) a median per capita income no higher
13	than \$35,000; and
14	"(B) a lack of Class 1 commercial invest-
15	ment; and
16	"(2) submit an application at such time, in
17	such form, and containing such information and as-
18	surances as the Administrator may require, includ-
19	ing—
20	"(A) a description of how the community
21	through the activities the community carries out
22	with the grant funds will recruit, retain and
23	grow their economy through Class 1 commercial
24	investment; and

1	"(B) a description of the difficulty the
2	community has faced recruiting, retaining and
3	growing their economy through Class 1 com-
4	mercial investment.
5	"(c) Matching Funds.—
6	"(1) In general.—The Administrator may not
7	make a grant to a community under subsection (a)
8	unless the community agrees that, with respect to
9	the costs to be incurred by the community in car-
10	rying out the activities for which the grant is award-
11	ed, the community will make available non-Federal
12	contributions in an amount equal to not less than 10
13	percent of the Federal funds provided under the
14	grant.
15	"(2) Satisfying matching requirements.—
16	The non-Federal contributions required under para-
17	graph (1) may be—
18	"(A) in cash or in-kind, including services,
19	fairly evaluated; and
20	"(B) from—
21	"(i) any private source;
22	"(ii) a State or local governmental en-
23	tity; or
24	"(iii) a not-for-profit.

"(3) WAIVER.—The Administrator may waive 1 2 or reduce the non-Federal contribution required by 3 paragraph (1) if the community involved dem-4 onstrates that the eligible entity cannot meet the 5 contribution requirement due to financial hardship. 6 "(d) Limitations.—Funding appropriated under 7 section 513 will be allocated by the following formula— "(1) no more than up to 5 percent of funds ap-8 9 propriated under section 513 shall go to administra-10 tive costs; 11 "(2) up to 70 percent of funding appropriated 12 under section 513 shall go toward activities de-13 scribed in sections (a)(1) through (a)(4) after taking into account administrative costs under section 14 15 (c)(1)(A); and "(3) 30 percent of funding appropriated under 16 17 section 513 shall go toward activities described in 18 sections (a)(5) through (a)(7) after taking into ac-19 count administrative costs under section (c)(1)(A). 20 "SEC. 512. DEFINITIONS. "In this title, the following definitions apply: 21 22 COMMUNITY.—The term 'community' 23 means a governance structure that includes county, 24 parish, city, village, township, district or borough.

1	"(2) Class 1 commercial investment.—The
2	term 'Class 1 commercial investment' means retail
3	grocery chains, food service retailers, restaurants
4	and franchises, retail stores, cafes, shopping malls,
5	and other shops.
6	"(3) Economically underserved commu-
7	NITY.—The term 'economically underserved commu-
8	nity' means an area suffering from low income and
9	resultant low purchasing power, limiting its ability
10	to generate sufficient goods and services to be used
11	in exchange with other areas to meet current con-
12	sumption needs.
13	"SEC. 513. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
14	"There is authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-
15	ministrator to carry out section 511(a) \$40,000,000 for
16	each of fiscal years 2014 through 2019.".
17	Subtitle D—Promote Start-Ups Act
18	SEC. 131. SHORT TITLE.
19	This subtitle may be cited as the "Promote Start-
20	Ups Act of 2018".
21	SEC. 132. PERMANENT INCREASE OF LIMITATION ON DE-
22	DUCTION FOR START-UP AND ORGANIZA-
23	TIONAL EXPENDITURES.
24	(a) Start-Up Expenditures.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 195(b)(1)(A)(ii) of
2	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
3	(A) by striking "\$5,000" and inserting
4	"\$15,000"; and
5	(B) by striking "\$50,000" and inserting
6	"\$150,000".
7	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
8	195(b) of such Code is amended by striking para-
9	graph (3).
10	(b) Organizational Expenditures.—Section
11	248(a)(1)(B) of such Code is amended—
12	(1) by striking "\$5,000" and inserting
13	"\$10,000"; and
14	(2) by striking "\$50,000" and inserting
15	"\$60,000".
16	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred with
18	respect to—
19	(1) in the case of the amendments made by
20	subsection (a), trades or businesses beginning in tax-
21	able years beginning after December 31, 2015; and
22	(2) in the case of the amendments made by
23	subsection (b), corporations the business of which
24	begins in taxable years beginning after such date.

1	Subtitle E—Community College to
2	Career Fund Act
3	SEC. 141. SHORT TITLE.
4	This subtitle may be cited as the "Community College
5	to Career Fund Act".
6	SEC. 142. COMMUNITY COLLEGE TO CAREER FUND.
7	(a) In General.—Title I of the Workforce Innova-
8	tion and Opportunity Act is amended by adding at the
9	end the following:
10	"Subtitle F—Community College to
11	Career Fund
12	"SEC. 199. COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND INDUSTRY PARTNER-
13	SHIPS PROGRAM.
14	"(a) Grants Authorized.—From funds appro-
15	priated under section 199A, the Secretary of Labor (in
16	coordination with the Secretary of Education and the Sec-
17	retary of Commerce) shall award competitive grants to eli-
18	gible entities described in subsection (b) for the purpose
19	of developing, offering, improving, and providing edu-
20	cational or career training programs for workers.
21	"(b) Eligible Entity.—
22	"(1) Partnerships with employers or an
23	EMPLOYER OR INDUSTRY PARTNERSHIP.—
24	"(A) General definition.—For pur-
25	poses of this section an 'eligible entity' means

1	any of the entities described in subparagraph
2	(B) (or a consortium of any of such entities) in
3	partnership with employers or an employer or
4	industry partnership representing multiple em-
5	ployers.
6	"(B) Description of entities.—The en-
7	tities described in this subparagraph are—
8	"(i) a community college;
9	"(ii) a 4-year public institution of
10	higher education (as defined in section
11	101(a) of the Higher Education Act of
12	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))) that offers 2-
13	year degrees, and that will use funds pro-
14	vided under this section for activities at
15	the certificate and associate degree levels;
16	"(iii) a Tribal College or University
17	(as defined in section 316(b) of the Higher
18	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
19	1059c(b)); or
20	"(iv) a private or nonprofit, 2-year in-
21	stitution of higher education (as defined in
22	section 102 of the Higher Education Act
23	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002)) in the Com-
24	monwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, the
25	United States Virgin Islands, American

1	Samoa, the Commonwealth of the North-
2	ern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the
3	Marshall Islands, the Federated States of
4	Micronesia, or the Republic of Palau.
5	"(2) Additional partners.—
6	"(A) AUTHORIZATION OF ADDITIONAL
7	PARTNERS.—In addition to partnering with em-
8	ployers or an employer or industry partnership
9	representing multiple employers as described in
10	paragraph (1)(A), an entity described in para-
11	graph (1) may include in the partnership de-
12	scribed in paragraph (1) one or more of the or-
13	ganizations described in subparagraph (B).
14	Each eligible entity that includes one or more
15	such organizations shall collaborate with the
16	State or local board in the area served by the
17	eligible entity.
18	"(B) Organizations.—The organizations
19	described in this subparagraph are as follows:
20	"(i) A provider of adult education (as
21	defined in section 203) or an institution of
22	higher education (as defined in section 101
23	of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
24	U.S.C. 1001)).
25	"(ii) A community-based organization.

1	"(iii) A joint labor-management part-
2	nership.
3	"(iv) A State or local board.
4	"(v) Any other organization that the
5	Secretaries consider appropriate.
6	"(c) Educational or Career Training Pro-
7	GRAM.—For purposes of this section, the Governor of the
8	State in which at least one of the entities described in sub-
9	section $(b)(1)(B)$ of an eligible entity is located shall es-
10	tablish criteria for an educational or career training pro-
11	gram leading to a recognized postsecondary credential for
12	which an eligible entity submits a grant proposal under
13	subsection (d).
14	"(d) APPLICATION.—An eligible entity seeking a
15	grant under this section shall submit an application con-
16	taining a grant proposal, for an educational or career
17	training program leading to a recognized postsecondary
18	credential, to the Secretaries at such time and containing
19	such information as the Secretaries determine is required,
20	including a detailed description of—
21	"(1) the extent to which the educational or ca-
22	reer training program described in the grant pro-
23	posal fits within an overall strategic plan consisting
24	of—

1	"(A) the State plan described in section
2	102 or 103, for the State involved;
3	"(B) the local plan described in section
4	108, for each local area that comprises a sig-
5	nificant portion of the area to be served by the
6	eligible entity; and
7	"(C) a strategic plan developed by the eli-
8	gible entity;
9	"(2) the extent to which the program will meet
10	the needs of employers in the area for skilled work-
11	ers in in-demand industry sectors and occupations;
12	"(3) the extent to which the program will meet
13	the educational or career training needs of workers
14	in the area;
15	"(4) the specific educational or career training
16	program and how the program meets the criteria es-
17	tablished under subsection (e), including the manner
18	in which the grant will be used to develop, offer, im-
19	prove, and provide the educational or career training
20	program;
21	"(5) any previous experience of the eligible enti-
22	ty in providing educational or career training pro-
23	grams, the absence of which shall not automatically
24	disqualify an eligible institution from receiving a
25	grant under this section; and

	20
1	"(6) how the program leading to the credential
2	meets the criteria described in subsection (c).
3	"(e) Criteria for Award.—
4	"(1) In general.—Grants under this section
5	shall be awarded based on criteria established by the
6	Secretaries, that include the following:
7	"(A) A determination of the merits of the
8	grant proposal submitted by the eligible entity
9	involved to develop, offer, improve, and provide
10	an educational or career training program to be
11	made available to workers.
12	"(B) An assessment of the likely employ-
13	ment opportunities available in the area to indi-
14	viduals who complete an educational or career
15	training program that the eligible entity pro-
16	poses to develop, offer, improve, and provide.
17	"(C) An assessment of prior demand for
18	training programs by individuals eligible for
19	training and served by the eligible entity, as
20	well as availability and capacity of existing (as
21	of the date of the assessment) training pro-
22	grams to meet future demand for training pro-

grams.

1	"(2) Priority.—In awarding grants under this
2	section, the Secretaries shall give priority to eligible
3	entities that—
4	"(A) include a partnership, with employers
5	or an employer or industry partnership, that—
6	"(i) pays a portion of the costs of
7	educational or career training programs; or
8	"(ii) agrees to hire individuals who
9	have attained a recognized postsecondary
10	credential resulting from the educational or
11	career training program of the eligible en-
12	tity;
13	"(B) enter into a partnership with a labor
14	organization or labor-management training pro-
15	gram to provide, through the program, tech-
16	nical expertise for occupationally specific edu-
17	cation necessary for a recognized postsecondary
18	credential leading to a skilled occupation in an
19	in-demand industry sector;
20	"(C) are focused on serving individuals
21	with barriers to employment, low-income, non-
22	traditional students, students who are dis-
23	located workers, students who are veterans, or
24	students who are long-term unemployed;

1	"(D) include any eligible entities serving
2	areas with high unemployment rates;
3	"(E) are eligible entities that include an
4	institution of higher education eligible for as-
5	sistance under title III or V of the Higher Edu-
6	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.; 20
7	U.S.C. 1101 et seq.); and
8	"(F) include a partnership, with employers
9	or an employer or industry partnership, that in-
10	creases domestic production of goods.
11	"(f) Use of Funds.—Grant funds awarded under
12	this section shall be used for one or more of the following:
13	"(1) The development, offering, improvement,
14	and provision of educational or career training pro-
15	grams, that provide relevant job training for skilled
16	occupations, that lead to recognized postsecondary
17	credentials, that will meet the needs of employers in
18	in-demand industry sectors, and that may include
19	registered apprenticeship programs, on-the-job train-
20	ing programs, and programs that support employers
21	in upgrading the skills of their workforce.
22	"(2) The development and implementation of
23	policies and programs to expand opportunities for
24	students to earn a recognized postsecondary creden-

1	tial, including a degree, in in-demand industry sec-
2	tors and occupations, including by—
3	"(A) facilitating the transfer of academic
4	credits between institutions of higher education,
5	including the transfer of academic credits for
6	courses in the same field of study;
7	"(B) expanding articulation agreements
8	and policies that guarantee transfers between
9	such institutions, including through common
10	course numbering and use of a general core
11	curriculum; and
12	"(C) developing or enhancing student sup-
13	port services programs.
14	"(3) The creation of career pathway programs
15	that provide a sequence of education and occupa-
16	tional training that leads to a recognized postsec-
17	ondary credential, including a degree, including pro-
18	grams that—
19	"(A) blend basic skills and occupational
20	training;
21	"(B) facilitate means of transitioning par-
22	ticipants from noncredit occupational, basic
23	skills, or developmental coursework to for-credit
24	coursework within and across institutions;

1	"(C) build or enhance linkages, including
2	the development of dual enrollment programs
3	and early college high schools, between sec
4	ondary education or adult education programs
5	(including programs established under the Car
6	D. Perkins Career and Technical Education Act
7	of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.) and title Π
8	of this Act);
9	"(D) are innovative programs designed to
10	increase the provision of training for students
11	including students who are members of the Na-
12	tional Guard or Reserves, to enter skilled occu-
13	pations in in-demand industry sectors; and
14	"(E) support paid internships that wil
15	allow students to simultaneously earn credit for
16	work-based learning and gain relevant employ-
17	ment experience in an in-demand industry sec-
18	tor or occupation, which shall include opportu-
19	nities that transition individuals into employ
20	ment.
21	"(4) The development and implementation of—
22	"(A) a Pay-for-Performance program that
23	leads to a recognized postsecondary credential
24	for which an eligible entity agrees to be reim-

bursed under the grant primarily on the basis

1	of achievement of specified performance out-
2	comes and criteria agreed to by the Secretary;
3	or
4	"(B) a Pay-for-Success program that leads
5	to a recognized postsecondary credential, for
6	which an eligible entity—
7	"(i) enters into a partnership with an
8	investor, such as a philanthropic organiza-
9	tion that provides funding for a specific
10	project to address a clear and measurable
11	educational or career training need in the
12	area to be served under the grant; and
13	"(ii) agrees to be reimbursed under
14	the grant only if the project achieves speci-
15	fied performance outcomes and criteria
16	agreed to by the Secretary.
17	"SEC. 199A. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
18	"(a) In General.—There are authorized to be ap-
19	propriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out
20	the program established by section 199.
21	"(b) Administrative Cost.—Not more than 5 per-
22	cent of the amounts made available under subsection (a)
23	may be used by the Secretaries to administer the program
24	described in that subsection, including providing technical

- 1 assistance and carrying out evaluations for the program
- 2 described in that subsection.
- 3 "(c) Period of Availability.—The funds appro-
- 4 priated pursuant to subsection (a) for a fiscal year shall
- 5 be available for Federal obligation for that fiscal year and
- 6 the succeeding 2 fiscal years.
- 7 "SEC. 199B. DEFINITION.
- 8 "For purposes of this subtitle, the term 'community
- 9 college' has the meaning given the term 'junior or commu-
- 10 nity college' in section 312(f) of the Higher Education Act
- 11 of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1058(f)).".
- 12 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of con-
- 13 tents for the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act
- 14 is amended by inserting after the items relating to subtitle
- 15 E of title I the following:

"Subtitle F-Community College to Career Fund

- 16 (c) Effective Date.—This Act, including the
- 17 amendments made by this Act, takes effect as if included
- 18 in the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.

19 Subtitle F—Youth Summer Jobs

- 20 and Public Service Act
- 21 SEC. 151. SHORT TITLE.
- This subtitle may be cited as the "Youth Summer
- 23 Jobs and Public Service Act of 2018".

[&]quot;Sec. 199. Community college and industry partnerships program.

[&]quot;Sec. 199A. Authorization of appropriations.

[&]quot;Sec. 199B. Definition.".

1	SEC. 152. GRANTS TO STATES FOR SUMMER EMPLOYMENT
2	FOR YOUTH.
3	Section 129 of the Workforce Innovation and Oppor-
4	tunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3164) is amended by adding at the
5	end the following:
6	"(d) Grants to States for Summer Employ-
7	MENT FOR YOUTH.—
8	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
9	provision of this Act, from the amount appropriated
10	under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall award
11	grants to States to provide assistance to local areas
12	that have high concentrations of eligible youth to en-
13	able such local areas to carry out programs de-
14	scribed in subsection (c)(1) that provide summer
15	employment opportunities for eligible youth, which
16	are directly linked to academic and occupational
17	learning, as described in subsection $(c)(2)(C)$. In
18	awarding grants under this subsection, a State
19	shall—
20	"(A) partner with private businesses to the
21	extent feasible to provide employment opportu-
22	nities at such businesses; and
23	"(B) prioritize jobs and work opportunities
24	that directly serve the community.
25	"(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
26	There is authorized to be appropriated

1	\$100,000,000 to carry out this subsection for each
2	of fiscal years 2016 through 2020.".
3	Subtitle G—Child Poverty
4	Reduction Act
5	SEC. 161. SHORT TITLE.
6	This subtitle may be cited as the "Child Poverty Re-
7	duction Act of 2018".
8	CHAPTER 1—FEDERAL INTERAGENCY
9	WORKING GROUP ON REDUCING
10	CHILD POVERTY
11	SEC. 162. ESTABLISHMENT OF WORKING GROUP.
12	There is established in the Administration for Chil-
13	dren and Families of the Department of Health and
14	Human Services a group which shall be known as the Fed-
15	eral Interagency Working Group on Reducing Child Pov-
16	erty (in this Act referred to as the "Working Group").
17	SEC. 163. NATIONAL PLAN TO REDUCE CHILD POVERTY.
18	(a) Primary Goal.—
19	(1) DEVELOPMENT OF NATIONAL PLAN.—The
20	primary goal of the Working Group is to develop a
21	national plan—
22	(A) to reduce, within 10 years after the
23	date on which funding is made available to
24	carry out this Act—

(i) the number of children living in
poverty in the United States to half of the
number of such children as reported in the
report of the United States Census Bureau
on Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance
Coverage in the United States: 2013
(issued in September 2014); and
(ii) the number of children living in
extreme poverty in the United States to
zero; and
(B) to reduce, within 20 years after the
date on which funds are made available to carry
out this Act, the number of children living in
poverty in the United States to zero.
(2) Consultation with national academy
OF SCIENCES.—In developing the national plan
under paragraph (1), the Working Group shall con-
sider all recommendations, research papers, and re-
ports published by the National Academy of Sciences
as a result of the workshops conducted pursuant to
title II.
(3) Deadline.—Not later than 180 days after
the date of the enactment of this Act, the Working
Group shall make substantial progress toward the

development of the national plan.

- 1 (b) Additional Goals.—The national plan under 2 subsection (a) shall include recommendations for achieving 3 the following goals:
- 4 (1) Understanding the root causes of child pov-5 erty, including persistent intergenerational poverty, 6 taking into account social, economic, and cultural 7 factors.
 - (2) Improving the accessibility of anti-poverty programs and increasing the rate of enrollment in such programs among eligible children and families by reducing the complexity and difficulty of enrolling in such programs.
 - (3) Eliminating disparate rates of child poverty based on race, ethnicity, gender, and age.
 - (4) Improving the ability of individuals living in poverty, low-income individuals, and unemployed individuals to access quality jobs that help children and their families rise above poverty.
 - (5) Connecting low-income children, disconnected youth, and their families to education, job training, work, and their communities.
 - (6) Shifting the measures and policies of Federal anti-poverty programs from the goal of helping individuals and families living in poverty to achieve freedom from deprivation toward the goal of helping

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- such individuals and families rise above poverty and achieve long-term economic stability.
- 3 (c) Methods.—In developing the national plan
- 4 under subsection (a), the Working Group shall employ
- 5 methods for achieving the goals described in subsections
- 6 (a) and (b) that include—
- 7 (1) entering into an agreement with the Na-8 tional Academy of Sciences for a workshop series on 9 the economic and social costs of child poverty, as de-
- scribed in title II;

 (2) studying

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- (2) studying the effect of child poverty on the health and welfare of children, including the access of children living in poverty to health care, housing, proper nutrition, and education;
 - (3) measuring the effect of child poverty on the ability of individuals to achieve economic stability, including such effect on educational attainment, rates of incarceration, lifetime earnings, access to healthcare, and access to housing;
 - (4) updating and applying improved measures of poverty that can meaningfully account for other aspects relating to the measure of poverty, such as the Supplemental Poverty Measure used by the United States Census Bureau; and

1 (5) using and applying fact-based measures to
2 evaluate the long-term effectiveness of anti-poverty
3 programs, taking into account the long-term savings
4 and value to the Federal Government and to State,
5 local, and tribal governments of practices and poli6 cies designed to prevent poverty.

7 SEC. 164. OTHER DUTIES.

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- 8 In addition to developing the national plan under sec-
- 9 tion 102(a), the Working Group shall—
- 10 (1) monitor, in consultation with the Domestic 11 Policy Council and the National Economic Council, 12 all Federal activities, programs, and services related 13 to child welfare and child poverty;
 - (2) establish guidelines, policies, goals, and directives related to the achievement of the goals of the national plan, in consultation with nongovernmental entities providing social services to low-income children and families, advocacy groups that directly represent low-income children and families, policy experts, and officials of State, local, and tribal governments who administer or direct policy for anti-poverty programs;
 - (3) advise all relevant Federal agencies regarding how to effectively administer and coordinate programs, activities, and services related to child wel-

- fare and child poverty and how to resolve any disputes that arise between or among such agencies as a result of such administration or coordination;
 - (4) provide recommendations to the Congress regarding how to ensure that Federal agencies administering programs, activities, and services related to child welfare and child poverty have adequate resources to increase public awareness of such programs, activities, and services and how to maximize enrollment of eligible individuals;
 - (5) identify methods for improving communication and collaboration among and between State and Federal governmental entities regarding the implementation of State programs related to child welfare and child poverty, such as State programs funded under part A of title IV of the Social Security Act (relating to block grants to States for temporary assistance for needy families), and submit recommendations regarding such methods to relevant Federal agencies and congressional committees; and
 - (6) hold hearings in different geographic regions of the United States to collect information and feedback from the public regarding personal experiences related to child poverty and anti-poverty pro-

- 1 grams, and make such information and feedback
- 2 publicly available.
- 3 SEC. 165. MEMBERSHIP.
- 4 (a) Number of Members.—The Working Group
- 5 shall be composed of no less than 6 members.
- 6 (b) EXECUTIVE PAY RATE.—Each member shall be
- 7 an official of an executive department who occupies a posi-
- 8 tion for which the rate of pay is equal to or greater than
- 9 the rate of pay for level IV of the Executive Schedule
- 10 under section 5313 of title 5, United States Code.
- 11 (c) REQUIRED PARTICIPATION OF CERTAIN EXECU-
- 12 TIVE DEPARTMENTS.—The Working Group shall include
- 13 at least one member who is an official of each of the fol-
- 14 lowing executive departments:
- 15 (1) The Department of Justice.
- 16 (2) The Department of Agriculture.
- 17 (3) The Department of Labor.
- 18 (4) The Department of Health and Human
- 19 Services.
- 20 (5) The Department of Housing and Urban De-
- velopment.
- 22 (6) The Department of Education.
- 23 (d) Appointment.—Each member shall be ap-
- 24 pointed by the head of the executive department that em-
- 25 ploys such member.

1	(e) Obtaining Official Data.—On request of the
2	Chairperson, any head of a Federal agency shall furnish
3	directly to the Working Group any information necessary
4	to enable the Working Group to carry out this Act.
5	(f) TERMS.—Each member shall be appointed for the
6	life of the Working Group.
7	(g) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the Commission shall
8	be filled in the manner in which the original appointment
9	was made.
10	(h) Quorum.—A majority of members shall con-
11	stitute a quorum.
12	(i) Chairperson.—The Chairperson of the Working
13	Group shall be appointed by the Secretary of Health and
14	Human Services.
15	(j) Meetings.—
16	(1) Initial meeting period.—The Working
17	Group shall meet on a monthly basis during the
18	180-day period beginning with the date on which
19	funds are made available to carry out this Act.
20	(2) Subsequent meetings.—After such 180-
21	day period, the Working Group shall meet not less
22	than once every 6 months and at the call of the

Chairperson or a majority of members.

SEC. 166. DIRECTOR AND STAFF.

2	(a) DIRECTOR.—The Working Group shall have a Di-
3	rector who shall be appointed by the Chairperson.
4	(b) STAFF.—The Director may appoint and fix the
5	pay of additional personnel as the Director considers ap-
6	propriate.
7	(c) Duties.—The duties of the Director and staff
8	shall be to achieve the goals and carry out the duties of
9	the Working Group.
10	SEC. 167. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
11	(a) Annual Report.—Not later than September 30,
12	2016, and annually thereafter, the Chairperson shall sub-
13	mit to the Congress a report describing the activities,
14	projects, and plans of the Federal Government to carry
15	out the goals of the Working Group, which shall include—
16	(1) an accounting of—
17	(A) any increase in efficiency in the deliv-
18	ery of Federal, State, local, and tribal social
19	services and benefits related to child welfare
20	and child poverty;
21	(B) any reduction in the number of chil-
22	dren living in poverty;
23	(C) any reduction in the demand for such
24	social services and benefits for which children
25	living in poverty and near poverty are eligible;
26	and

1	(D) any savings to the Federal Govern-
2	ment as a result of such increases or reduc-
3	tions;
4	(2) an accounting of any increase in the na-
5	tional rate of employment due to the efforts of the
6	Working Group;
7	(3) a summary of the efforts of each State to
8	reduce child poverty within such State, including the
9	administration of State programs funded under part
10	A of title IV of the Social Security Act (relating to
11	block grants to States for temporary assistance for
12	needy families); and
13	(4) legislative language and recommendations
14	regarding reducing child poverty and achieving the
15	other goals and duties of the Working Group.
16	(b) Public Reporting Requirements.—
17	(1) Annual report available to public.—
18	A version of the annual report required by sub-
19	section (a) shall be made publicly available.
20	(2) Annual update from federal agen-
21	CIES.—The head of each relevant Federal agency
22	shall post on the public Internet Web site of such
23	agency an annual summary of any plans, activities,
24	and results of the agency related to the goals and

duties of the Working Group.

1 CHAPTER 2—WORKSHOPS BY NATIONAL

2	ACADEMY OF SCIENCES
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- 3 SEC. 168. REQUIREMENT TO ENTER INTO AGREEMENT
- 4 WITH NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
- 6 date on which funds are made available to carry out this
- 7 Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall
- 8 enter into an agreement with the National Academy of
- 9 Sciences for 2 public workshops to provide the Working
- 10 Group with information to assist in the development of
- 11 the national plan under section 102(a).
- 12 (b) Steering Committee.—The agreement under
- 13 subsection (a) shall include the creation of a steering com-
- 14 mittee to plan and conduct such workshops.
- 15 (c) Experts.—The agreement under subsection (a)
- 16 shall include the commission of experts to prepare re-
- 17 search papers that summarize and critique literature on
- 18 the economic and social costs of child poverty.
- 19 SEC. 169. WORKSHOP TOPICS.
- The purpose of the workshops required by section
- 21 201(a) shall be to collect information and input from the
- 22 public on the economic and social costs of child poverty,
- 23 addressing topics that include—

- 1 (1) the macroeconomic costs of child poverty, 2 including the effects of child poverty on productivity 3 and economic output;
 - (2) the health-related costs of child poverty, including the costs incurred by the Federal Government and State, local, and tribal governments due to child illnesses, other child medical problems, and other child health-related expenditures;
 - (3) the effect of child poverty on crime rates;
 - (4) the short-term and long-term effects of child poverty on the Federal budget, including outlays for anti-poverty programs;
 - (5) poverty metrics such as income poverty, food insecurity, and other measures of deprivation, and the role of such metrics in assessing the effects of poverty and the performance of anti-poverty programs;
 - (6) the effect of child poverty on certain population groups, including immigrants, single parent families, individuals who have attained the age of 16 but have not attained the age of 25 with large student loans, individuals living in areas of concentrated poverty, and individuals living on Indian reservations; and

1	(7) the effect of child poverty on individuals
2	and families living in extreme poverty, as compared
3	with such effect on individuals and families living in
4	poverty or near poverty.
5	SEC. 170. REPORTING REQUIREMENT.
6	(a) Research Papers.—The agreement under sec-
7	tion 201(a) shall include the publication of the research
8	papers required under such section on the public Web site
9	of the National Academy of Sciences.
10	(b) Workshop Summary.—The agreement under
11	section 201(a) shall include the publication of a summary
12	of each workshop required under such section on the pub-
13	lic Web site of the National Academy of Sciences.
14	SEC. 171. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
15	There is authorized to be appropriated \$1,000,000 to
16	carry out this subtitle.
17	CHAPTER 3—DEFINITIONS
18	SEC. 172. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this title:
20	(1) Anti-poverty program.—The term "anti-
21	poverty program" means a program or institution
22	with the primary goal of lifting children or families
23	out of poverty and improving economic opportunities

for children or families that operates in whole or in

- part using Federal, State, local, or tribal govern ment funds.
 - (2) CHILD.—The term "child" means an individual who has not attained the age of 18.
 - (3) Deprivation.—The term "deprivation" means, with respect to an individual, that such individual lacks adequate nutrition, health care, housing, or other resources to provide for basic human needs.
 - (4) DISCONNECTED YOUTH.—The term "disconnected youth" means individuals who have attained the age of 16 but have not attained the age of 25 who are unemployed and not enrolled in school.
 - (5) Economic stability.—The term "economic stability" means, with respect to an individual or family, that such individual or family has access to the means and support necessary to effectively cope with adverse or costly life events and to effectively recover from the consequences of such events while maintaining a decent standard of living.
 - (6) EXTREME POVERTY.—The term "extreme poverty" means, with respect to an individual or family, that such individual or family has a total annual income that is less than the amount that is 50 percent of the official poverty threshold for such in-

- 1 dividual or family, as provided in the report of the
- 2 United States Census Bureau on Income, Poverty,
- and Health Insurance Coverage in the United
- 4 States: 2013 (issued in September 2014).
- 5 (7) Federal agency.—The term "Federal agency" means an executive department, a Government corporation, and an independent establish-
- 8 ment.

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- (8) NEAR POVERTY.—The term "near poverty" 9 10 means, with respect to an individual or family, that 11 such individual or family has a total annual income 12 that is less than the amount that is 200 percent of 13 the official poverty threshold for such individual or 14 family, as provided in the report of the United 15 States Census Bureau on Income, Poverty, and 16 Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 17 2013 (issued in September 2014).
 - (9) Poverty.—The term "poverty" means, with respect to an individual or family, that such individual or family has a total annual income that is less than the amount that is the official poverty threshold for such individual or family, as provided in the report of the United States Census Bureau on Income, Poverty, and Health Insurance Coverage in the United States: 2013 (issued in September 2014).

1	Subtitle H—Hunger-Free Summers
2	for Children
3	SEC. 181. SUMMER SNAP BENEFITS FOR MINOR CHILDREN
4	WHO RECEIVED FREE OR REDUCED PRICE
5	SCHOOL LUNCHES.
6	Section 8(a) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008
7	(7 U.S.C. 2017(a)) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"The value of the allotment for a participating household
10	that includes a minor child who as of the end of the school
11	year received free or reduced price school lunches under
12	the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42
13	U.S.C. 1751 et seq.) shall be increased for each such child
14	by \$150 for each month during which the school attended
15	by such child is not in session.".
16	SEC. 182. CHILD TAX CREDIT INCREASED FOR FAMILIES
17	UNDER 150 PERCENT OF POVERTY LINE.
18	(a) In General.—Section 24 of the Internal Rev-
19	enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
20	following new subsection:
21	"(h) Special Rule for Families Under 150 Per-
22	CENT OF POVERTY LINE.—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a taxpayer
24	whose adjusted gross income for the taxable year is
25	less than 150 percent of an amount equal to the

1	poverty line (as defined by the Office of Manage-
2	ment and Budget) for a family of the size involved
3	subsection (a) shall be applied by substituting
4	'\$2,000' for '\$1,000'.
5	"(2) POVERTY LINE USED.—For purposes of
6	this subsection, the poverty line used with respect to
7	a taxable year shall be the most recently published
8	poverty line during the calendar year ending before
9	such taxable year begins.".
10	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
11	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
12	December 31, 2015.
13	TITLE II—COMMUNITY
	POLICING
14	
1415	Subtitle A—Fair Chance for Youth
	Subtitle A—Fair Chance for Youth SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
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15 16 17	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.
15 16 17	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Fair Chance for
15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Fair Chance for Youth Act of 2018".
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Fair Chance for Youth Act of 2018". SEC. 202. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF YOUTH CRIMIT
15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Fair Chance for Youth Act of 2018". SEC. 202. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF YOUTH CRIMIT NAL RECORDS.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Fair Chance for Youth Act of 2018". SEC. 202. EXPUNGEMENT AND SEALING OF YOUTH CRIMIT NAL RECORDS. Chapter 229 of title 18, United States Code, is

[&]quot;3631. Youth Offense Expungement and Sealing Review Board.

[&]quot;3632. Expungement and sealing for youth.

"3633. Definitions. "3634. Reporting.

1	"§ 3631. Youth Offense Expungement and Sealing Re-
2	view Board
3	"(a) In General.—The Chief Judge for each Fed-
4	eral District shall establish—
5	"(1) a Youth Offense Expungement and Seal-
6	ing Review Board (hereinafter in this section re-
7	ferred to as the 'Review Board') to review petitions
8	for discretionary expungement and sealing of youth
9	offenses; and
10	"(2) the rules and procedures governing the op-
11	eration of the Review Board in the exercise of its
12	powers under subsection (c).
13	"(b) Composition.—The Review Board shall include
14	one representative, selected by the Chief Judge to serve
15	without compensation, from each of the following:
16	"(1) The Department of Justice.
17	"(2) The United States Probation and Pretrial
18	Services System.
19	"(3) The Office of the Federal Defender or a
20	designated Criminal Justice Act panel attorney or
21	private criminal defense attorney.
22	"(c) Powers.—The Review Board shall—
23	"(1) review petitions under this subchapter to
24	determine whether the youth, and the offense on

1	which the petition is based, meet the eligibility re-
2	quirements for expungement or sealing consider-
3	ation;
4	"(2) for petitions meeting the eligibility require-
5	ments, evaluate those petitions on the merits in
6	order to make a recommendation on the advisability
7	of granting the petition; and
8	"(3) convey its recommendation, with a written
9	explanation, to the Chief Judge in each Federal Dis-
10	trict, or a designee of the Chief Judge, for consider-
11	ation.
12	"(d) Recommendation.—In making its rec-
13	ommendation, the Review Board—
14	"(1) shall consider all the evidence and testi-
15	mony presented in the petition and any hearings
16	held on the petition;
17	"(2) may not consider any arrest or prosecution
18	that did not result in a conviction and that took
19	place prior to the conviction or arrest the petitioner
20	is seeking to expunge or seal; and
21	"(3) shall balance—
22	"(A) the public safety, the interest of pub-
23	lic knowledge, and any legitimate interest of the
24	Government in maintaining the accessibility of
25	the protected information; against

- "(B) the interest of the petitioner in having the petition granted, including the benefit to the petition's ability to positively contribute to the community, and the petitioner's conduct
- 5 and demonstrated desire to be rehabilitated.
- 7 TIONS.—The Court shall consider and decide upon each

"(e) COURT TO CONSIDER AND DECIDE UPON PETI-

- 8 petition for which the court receives a recommendation
- 9 from the Review Board. The Court's decision to grant or
- 10 deny the petition shall give significant weight to the Re-
- 11 view Board recommendation. The Court shall grant the
- 12 petition unless the Government shows the interests de-
- 13 scribed in subsection (d)(3)(A) outweigh the interests of
- 14 the petitioner described in subsection (d)(3)(B).
- 15 "(f) ONE OPPORTUNITY.—A youth may only file a
- 16 petition for expungement or sealing under this subchapter
- 17 once and the decision of the district court on the petition
- 18 shall be final and is not appealable.
- 19 "(g) Online Forms for Petitions.—The Director
- 20 of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts
- 21 shall create and make available to the public, online and
- 22 in paper form, a universal form to file a petition under
- 23 this section, and establish a process under which indigent
- 24 petitioners may obtain a waiver of any fee for filing a peti-
- 25 tion under this section.

- "(h) Making Available Standard Forms for 1 COURT ORDERS.—The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts shall create and make 3 4 available to the Chief Judge of every Federal district standard expungement and sealing orders that empower the petitioner to seek destruction of records in accordance 6 7 with the order. 8 "§ 3632. Expungement and sealing for youth 9 "(a) Expundement Petition Eligibility.—A youth may petition a district court of the United States 10 11 for expungement— 12 "(1) of the record of any misdemeanor or non-13 violent felony drug conviction 3 years after the youth 14 has completed every term of imprisonment related to 15 that misdemeanor or nonviolent felony drug convic-16 tion; 17 "(2) of the record of any person who has not 18 attained the age of 18 at the time of committing the 19 conduct resulting in conviction for any misdemeanor 20 or nonviolent offense 3 years after the person has 21 completed every term of imprisonment related to 22 that misdemeanor or nonviolent offense conviction;
 - "(3) of the record of an arrest or prosecution for any nonviolent offense on the date on which the

and

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1	case related to that arrest or prosecution is disposed
2	of.
3	"(b) SEALING PETITION ELIGIBILITY.—A youth may
4	petition a district court of the United States, for sealing—
5	"(1) of the record of any nonviolent conviction
6	5 years after the youth has completed every term of
7	imprisonment related to that nonviolent conviction;
8	"(2) of the record of any person who has not
9	attained the age of 18 at the time of committing the
10	conduct resulting in conviction for any offense 10
11	years after the person has completed every term of
12	imprisonment related to that offense conviction; and
13	"(3) of the record of an arrest or prosecution
14	for any nonviolent offense on the date on which the
15	case related to that arrest or prosecution is disposed
16	of.
17	"(c) Notice of Opportunity To File Peti-
18	TION.—A youth shall be informed of the eligibility to, pro-
19	cedures for, and benefits of filing an expungement or seal-
20	ing petition—
21	"(1) by the District Court on the date of con-
22	viction;
23	"(2) by the Office of Probation and Pretrial
24	Services on the date the youth completes every term
25	of imprisonment; or

1	"(3) if the arrest or prosecution does not result
2	in a conviction, then by the Department of Justice
3	on the date the case is disposed of.
4	"(d) Grant of Petition.—If a court grants a peti-
5	tion under this section—
6	"(1) the person to whom the record pertains
7	may choose to, but is not required to, disclose the
8	existence of the record, and the offense conduct and
9	any arrest, juvenile delinquency proceeding, adju-
10	dication, conviction, or other result of such pro-
11	ceeding relating to the offense conduct, shall be
12	treated as if it never occurred;
13	"(2) the court shall destroy each paper and
14	electronic copy of the record in the possession of the
15	$\operatorname{court};$
16	"(3) the court shall issue an expungement or
17	sealing order requiring the destruction of any paper
18	and electronic copies of the record by any court, law
19	enforcement officer, law enforcement agency, treat-
20	ment or rehabilitation services agency, or employee
21	thereof in possession of those copies;
22	"(4) any entity or person listed in paragraph
23	(3) that receives an inquiry relating to the record
24	shall reply to the inquiry stating that no such record

exists; and

"(5) except as provided in subsection (f), no person shall not be subject to prosecution under any civil or criminal provision of Federal or State law relating to perjury, false swearing, or making a false statement for failing to acknowledge the record or respond to any inquiry made of the of petitioner or the parent relating to the record, for any purpose.

"(e) CIVIL ACTIONS.—

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- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If an individual who has a record expunged or sealed under this section brings an action that might be defended with the contents of the record, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the defendant has a complete defense to the action.
- "(2) Showing by Plaintiff.—In an action described in paragraph (1), the plaintiff may rebut the presumption of a complete defense by showing that the contents of the record would not prevent the defendant from being liable.
- "(3) Duty to testify as to existence of RECORD.—The court in which an action described in paragraph (1) is filed may require the plaintiff to state under oath whether the plaintiff had a record and whether the record was expunged or sealed.

1	"(4) Proof of existence of record.—If the
2	plaintiff in an action described in paragraph (1) de-
3	nied the existence of a record, the defendant may
4	prove the existence of the record in any manner
5	compatible with the applicable laws of evidence.
6	"(f) Attorney General Nonpublic Records.—
7	The Attorney General shall—
8	"(1) maintain a nonpublic database of all
9	records expunged or sealed under this subchapter;
10	"(2) disclose, access, or utilize records con-
11	tained in the nonpublic database only—
12	"(A) in defense of any civil suit arising out
13	of the facts contained in the record;
14	"(B) to determine whether the individual
15	to whom the record relates is eligible for a first-
16	time-offender diversion program;
17	"(C) for a background check that relates
18	to law enforcement employment or any employ-
19	ment that requires a Government security clear-
20	ance; or
21	"(D) if the Attorney General determines
22	that disclosure is necessary to serve the inter-
23	ests of national security and

1	"(3) to the extent practicable, notify the indi-
2	vidual to whom the record pertains of the disclosure
3	unless it is made pursuant to paragraph (2)(D).
4	"§ 3633. Definitions
5	"In this subchapter—
6	"(1) the term 'youth' means an individual who
7	was 21 years of age or younger at the time of the
8	criminal offense for which the individual was ar-
9	rested, prosecuted, or sentenced;
10	"(2) the term 'nonviolent felony' means a Fed-
11	eral criminal felony offense that is not—
12	"(A) a crime of violence; or
13	"(B) a sex offense (as that term is defined
14	in section 111 of the Sex Offender Registration
15	and Notification Act);
16	"(3) the term 'record' means information,
17	whether in paper or electronic form, containing any
18	reference to—
19	"(A) an arrest, conviction, or sentence of
20	an individual for an offense;
21	"(B) the institution of juvenile delinquency
22	or criminal proceedings against an individual
23	for the offense: or

1	"(C) adjudication, conviction, or any other
2	result of juvenile delinquency or criminal pro-
3	ceedings;
4	"(4) the term 'expunge'—
5	"(A) means to destroy a record and oblit-
6	erate the name of the person to whom the
7	record pertains from each official index or pub-
8	lie record; and
9	"(B) has the effect described in section
10	3631(g), including—
11	"(i) the right to treat an offense to
12	which an expunged record relates, and any
13	arrest, juvenile delinquency proceeding, ad-
14	judication, conviction, or other result of
15	such proceeding relating to the offense, as
16	if it never occurred; and
17	"(ii) protection from civil and criminal
18	perjury, false swearing, and false state-
19	ment laws with respect to an expunged
20	record;
21	"(5) the term 'seal'—
22	"(A) means—
23	"(i) to close a record from public
24	viewing so that the record cannot be exam-
25	ined except by court order; and

1	"(ii) to physically seal the record shut
2	and label the record 'SEALED' or, in the
3	case of an electronic record, the sub-
4	stantive equivalent; and
5	"(B) has the effect described in section
6	3631(g), including—
7	"(i) the right to treat an offense to
8	which an expunged record relates, and any
9	arrest, juvenile delinquency proceeding, ad-
10	judication, conviction, or other result of
11	such proceeding relating to the offense, as
12	if it never occurred; and
13	"(ii) protection from civil and criminal
14	perjury, false swearing, and false state-
15	ment laws with respect to an expunged
16	record;
17	"(6) the term 'conviction'—
18	"(A) means a judgment or disposition in
19	criminal court against a person following a find-
20	ing of guilt by a judge or jury; and
21	"(B) for the purposes of this section—
22	"(i) multiple convictions shall be
23	deemed to be one conviction if the convic-
24	tions result from or relate to the same act
25	or acts committed at the same time; and

1	"(ii) multiple convictions, not to ex-
2	ceed 3, that do not result from or relate to
3	the same act or acts committed at the
4	same time shall be deemed to be one con-
5	viction if the convictions result from or re-
6	late to the same indictment, information,
7	or complaint, or plea of guilty; and
8	"(7) the term 'destroy' means to render a file
9	unreadable, whether paper, electronic, or otherwise
10	stored, by shredding, pulverizing, pulping, incin-
11	erating, overwriting, reformatting the media, or
12	other means.
13	"§ 3634. Reporting
14	"Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
15	of this subchapter, and each year thereafter, the Attorney
16	General shall issue a public report that—
17	"(1) describes—
18	"(A) the number of expungement and seal-
19	ing petitions granted and denied; and
20	"(B) the number of instances in which the
21	office of a United States attorney supported or
22	opposed an expungement or sealing petition;
23	and

1	"(2) includes any supporting data that the
2	court determines relevant but does not name any pe-
3	titioner.".
4	SEC. 203. RETROACTIVE EFFECT.
5	This Act and the amendments made by this Act apply
6	with respect to youth without regard to whether they be-
7	come involved in the Federal criminal justice system be-
8	fore, on, or after the date of the enactment of this Act
9	Subtitle B—Youth Prison Reduc-
10	tion Through Opportunities,
11	Mentoring, Intervention, Sup-
12	port, and Education
13	SEC. 211. SHORT TITLE.
14	This subtitle may be cited as the "Youth Prison Re-
15	duction through Opportunities, Mentoring, Intervention,
16	Support, and Education Act" or the "Youth PROMISE
17	Act".
18	SEC. 212. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this subtitle:
20	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
21	trator" means the Administrator of the Office of Ju-
22	venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.
23	(2) COMMUNITY.—The term "community"
24	means a unit of local government or an Indian tribe
25	or part of such a unit or tribe, as determined by

1	such a unit or tribe for the purpose of applying for
2	a grant under this Act.
3	(3) Designated Geographic Area.—The
4	term "designated geographic area" means a 5-digit
5	postal ZIP Code assigned to a geographic area by
6	the United States Postal Service.
7	(4) Evidence-based.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "evidence-
9	based", when used with respect to a practice re-
10	lating to juvenile delinquency and criminal
11	street gang activity prevention and intervention,
12	means a practice (including a service, program,
13	activity, intervention, technology, or strategy)
14	for which the Administrator has determined—
15	(i) causal evidence documents a rela-
16	tionship between the practice and its in-
17	tended outcome, based on measures of the
18	direction and size of a change, and the ex-
19	tent to which a change may be attributed
20	to the practice; and
21	(ii) the use of scientific methods rules
22	out, to the extent possible, alternative ex-

planations for the documented change.

l	(B) Scientific methods.—For the pur-
2	poses of subparagraph (A), the term "scientific
3	methods" means—

- (i) evaluation by an experimental trial, in which participants are randomly assigned to participate in the practice that is subject to such trial; or
- (ii) evaluation by a quasi-experimental trial, in which the outcomes for participants are compared with outcomes for a control group that is made up of individuals who are similar to such participants.
- (5) Intervention.—The term "intervention" means the provision of programs and services that are supported by research, are evidence-based or promising practices, and are provided to youth who are involved in, or who are identified by evidence-based risk assessment methods as being at high risk of continued involvement in, juvenile delinquency or criminal street gangs, as a result of indications that demonstrate involvement with problems such as truancy, substance abuse, mental health treatment needs, or siblings who have had involvement with juvenile or criminal justice systems.

- 1 (6) JUVENILE DELINQUENCY AND CRIMINAL
 2 STREET GANG ACTIVITY PREVENTION.—The term
 3 "juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activ4 ity prevention" means the provision of programs and
 5 resources to children and families who have not yet
 6 had substantial contact with criminal justice or juve7 nile justice systems, that—
 - (A) are designed to reduce potential juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity risks; and
 - (B) are evidence-based or promising educational, health, mental health, school-based, community-based, faith-based, parenting, job training, social opportunities and experiences, or other programs, for youth and their families, that have been demonstrated to be effective in reducing juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity risks.
 - (7) PROMISING.—The term "promising", when used with respect to a practice relating to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention, means a practice (including a service, program, activity, intervention, technology, or strategy) that, based on statistical analyses or a

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1	theory of change, the Administrator has deter-
2	mined—
3	(A) has outcomes from an evaluation that
4	demonstrate such practice reduces juvenile de-
5	linquency and criminal street gang activity; and
6	(B) is part of a study being conducted to
7	determine if such a practice is evidence-based.
8	(8) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
9	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
10	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands,
11	American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Is-
12	lands, and any other territories or possessions of the
13	United States.
14	(9) THEORY OF CHANGE.—The term "theory of
15	change" means a program planning strategy ap-
16	proved by the Administrator that outlines the types
17	of interventions and outcomes essential to achieving
18	a set of program goals.
19	(10) Youth.—The term "youth" means—
20	(A) an individual who is 18 years of age or
21	younger; or
22	(B) in any State in which the maximum
23	age at which the juvenile justice system of such
24	State has jurisdiction over individuals exceeds

1 18 years of age, an individual who is such max-2 imum age or younger.

SEC. 213. FINDINGS.

- The Congress finds as follows:
 - (1) Youth gang crime has taken a toll on a number of communities, and senseless acts of gang-related violence have imposed economic, social, and human costs.
 - (2) Drug- and alcohol-dependent youth, and youth dually diagnosed with addiction and mental health disorders, are more likely to become involved with the juvenile justice system than youth without such risk factors, absent appropriate prevention and intervention services.
 - (3) Children of color are over-represented relative to the general population at every stage of the juvenile justice system. Black youth are 17 percent of the United States population, but represent 38 percent of youth in secure placement juvenile facilities, and 58 percent of youth incarcerated in adult prisons.
 - (4) Research funded by the Department of Justice indicates that gang membership is short-lived among adolescents. With very few youth remaining

- gang-involved throughout their adolescent years, ongoing opportunities for intervention exist.
 - (5) Criminal justice costs have become burdensome in many States and cities, requiring reductions in vital educational, social, welfare, mental health, and related services.
 - (6) Direct expenditures for each of the major criminal justice functions, police, corrections, and judicial services, have increased steadily over the last 30 years. In fiscal year 2012, Federal, State, and local governments spent an estimated \$265,000,000,000 for police protection, corrections, and judicial and legal services, nearly a 213-percent increase since 1982.
 - (7) Estimates suggest that each year the United States incurs over \$8,000,000,000 in long-term costs for the confinement of young people. The average annual cost to incarcerate one youth is \$146,302.
 - (8) Coordinated efforts of stakeholders in the juvenile justice system in a local community, together with other organizations and community members concerned with the safety and welfare of children, have a strong record of demonstrated success in reducing the impact of youth and gang-re-

- 1 lated crime and violence, as demonstrated in Boston,
- 2 Massachusetts; Chicago, Illinois; Richmond, Vir-
- 3 ginia; Los Angeles, California; and other commu-
- 4 nities.

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- (9) Investment in prevention and intervention 6 programs for children and youth, including quality 7 early childhood programs, comprehensive evidence-8 based school, after school, and summer school pro-9 grams, mentoring programs, mental health and 10 treatment programs, evidence-based job training 11 programs, and alternative intervention programs, 12 has been shown to lead to decreased youth arrests, 13 decreased delinquency, lower recidivism, and greater 14 financial savings from an educational, economic, so-15 cial, and criminal justice perspective.
 - (10) Quality early childhood education programs have been demonstrated to help children start school ready to learn and to reduce delinquency and criminal street gang activity risks.
 - (11) Evidence-based mentoring programs have been shown to prevent youth drug abuse and violence.
- 23 (12) Evidence-based school-based comprehen-24 sive instructional programs that pair youth with re-

- sponsible adult mentors have been shown to have a strong impact upon delinquency prevention.
 - (13) After-school programs that connect children to caring adults and that provide constructive activities during the peak hours of juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity, between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m., have been shown to reduce delinquency and the attendant costs imposed on the juvenile and criminal justice systems.
 - (14) States with higher levels of educational attainment have been shown to have crime rates lower than the national average. Researchers have found that a 5-percent increase in male high school graduation rates would produce an annual estimated savings of \$18,500,000,000 in crime-related expenses.
 - (15) Therapeutic programs that engage and motivate high-risk youth and their families to change behaviors that often result in criminal activity have been shown to significantly reduce recidivism among juvenile offenders, and significantly reduce the attendant costs of crime and delinquency imposed upon the juvenile and criminal justice systems.
 - (16) Comprehensive programs that target kids who are already serious juvenile offenders by ad-

- dressing the multiple factors in peer, school, neighborhood, and family environments known to be related to delinquency can reduce recidivism among juvenile offenders and save the public significant economic costs.
 - (17) There are many alternatives to incarceration of youth that have been proven to be more effective in reducing crime and violence at the National, State, local, and tribal levels, and the failure to provide for such effective alternatives is a pervasive problem that leads to increased youth, and later adult, crime and violence.
 - (18) Savings achieved through early intervention and prevention are significant, especially when noncriminal justice social, educational, mental health, and economic outcomes are considered.
 - (19) The prevention of child abuse and neglect can help stop a cycle of violence and save up to \$5.00 for every \$1.00 invested in preventing such abuse and neglect.
 - (20) Targeting interventions at special youth risk groups and focusing upon relatively low-cost interventions increases the probability of fiscal benefit.

1	(21) Evidence-based intervention treatment fa-
2	cilities have been shown to reduce youth delinquency
3	and to be cost-effective.
4	(22) States, including Wisconsin, Ohio, New
5	York, Texas, and Pennsylvania, have seen a reduc-
6	tion in juvenile incarceration due to a reallocation of
7	criminal justice funds towards prevention programs.
8	CHAPTER 1—FEDERAL COORDINATION OF
9	LOCAL AND TRIBAL JUVENILE JUS-
10	TICE INFORMATION AND EFFORTS
11	SEC. 214. PROMISE ADVISORY PANEL.
12	(a) Organization of State Advisory Group
13	Member Representatives.—Section 223(f) of the Ju-
14	venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
15	(42 U.S.C. 5633(f)) is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "an eligible
17	organization composed of member representatives of
18	the State advisory groups appointed under sub-
19	section (a)(3)" and inserting "a nonpartisan, non-
20	profit organization that is described in section
21	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,"
22	and
23	(2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as fol-
24	lows:

1	"(2) Assistance.—To be eligible to receive
2	such assistance, such organization shall—
3	"(A) be governed by individuals who—
4	"(i) have been appointed by a chief
5	executive of a State to serve as a State ad-
6	visory group member under subsection
7	(a)(3); and
8	"(ii) are elected to serve as a gov-
9	erning officer of such organization by a
10	majority of the Chairs (or Chair-designees)
11	of all such State advisory groups;
12	"(B) include member representatives from
13	a majority of such State advisory groups, who
14	shall be representative of regionally and demo-
15	graphically diverse States and jurisdictions;
16	"(C) annually seek appointments by the
17	chief executive of each State of one State advi-
18	sory group member and one alternate State ad-
19	visory group member from each such State to
20	implement the advisory functions specified in
21	clauses (iv) and (v) of subparagraph (D), in-
22	cluding serving on the PROMISE Advisory
23	Panel, and make a record of any such appoint-
24	ments available to the public; and

1	"(D) agree to carry out activities that in-
2	clude—
3	"(i) conducting an annual conference
4	of such member representatives for pur-
5	poses relating to the activities of such
6	State advisory groups;
7	"(ii) disseminating information, data,
8	standards, advanced techniques, and pro-
9	gram models;
10	"(iii) reviewing Federal policies re-
11	garding juvenile justice and delinquency
12	prevention;
13	"(iv) advising the Administrator with
14	respect to particular functions or aspects
15	of the work of the Office, and appointing
16	a representative, diverse group of members
17	of such organization under subparagraph
18	(C) to serve as an advisory panel of State
19	juvenile justice advisors (referred to as the
20	'PROMISE Advisory Panel') to carry out
21	the functions specified in subsection (g);
22	and
23	"(v) advising the President and Con-
24	gress with regard to State perspectives on
25	the operation of the Office and Federal

1	legislation pertaining to juvenile justice
2	and delinquency prevention.".
3	(b) PROMISE Advisory Panel.—Section 223 of
4	the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
5	1974 (42 U.S.C. 5633) is further amended by adding at
6	the end the following new subsection:
7	"(g) PROMISE Advisory Panel.—
8	"(1) Functions.—The PROMISE Advisory
9	Panel required under subsection (f)(2)(D) shall—
10	"(A) assess successful evidence-based and
11	promising practices related to juvenile delin-
12	quency and criminal street gang activity preven-
13	tion and intervention carried out by PROMISE
14	Coordinating Councils under such Act;
15	"(B) provide the Administrator with a list
16	of individuals and organizations with experience
17	in administering or evaluating practices that
18	serve youth involved in, or at risk of involve-
19	ment in, juvenile delinquency and criminal
20	street gang activity, from which the Adminis-
21	trator shall select individuals who shall—
22	"(i) provide to the Administrator peer
23	reviews of applications submitted by units
24	of local government and Indian tribes pur-
25	suant to title II of such Act, to ensure that

1	such applications demonstrate a clear plan
2	to—
3	"(I) serve youth as part of an en-
4	tire family unit; and
5	"(II) coordinate the delivery of
6	service to youth among agencies; and
7	"(ii) advise the Administrator with re-
8	spect to the award and allocation of
9	PROMISE Planning grants to local and
10	tribal governments that develop PROMISE
11	Coordinating Councils, and of PROMISE
12	Implementation grants to such PROMISE
13	Coordinating Councils, pursuant to title II
14	of such Act; and
15	"(C) develop performance standards to be
16	used to evaluate programs and activities carried
17	out with grants under title II of the Youth
18	PROMISE Act, including the evaluation of
19	changes achieved as a result of such programs
20	and activities related to decreases in juvenile
21	delinquency and criminal street gang activity,
22	including—
23	"(i) prevention of involvement by at-
24	risk youth in juvenile delinquency or crimi-
25	nal street gang activity;

- 1 "(ii) diversion of youth with a high 2 risk of continuing involvement in juvenile 3 delinquency or criminal street gang activ-4 ity; and
 - "(iii) financial savings from deferred or eliminated costs, or other benefits, as a result of such programs and activities, and the reinvestment by the unit or tribe of any such savings.
- "(2) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 18 10 11 months after the date of the enactment of the Youth 12 PROMISE Act, and annually thereafter, the PROM-13 ISE Advisory Panel shall prepare a report con-14 taining the findings and determinations under para-15 graph (1)(A) and shall submit such report to Con-16 gress, the President, the Attorney General, and the 17 chief executive and chief law enforcement officer of 18 each State, unit of local government, and Indian 19 tribe.".
- 20 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section 21 299(a)(1) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671(a)(1)) is amended by striking "2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, and 2007" and inserting "2016 through 2020".

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1	SEC. 215. GEOGRAPHIC ASSESSMENT OF RESOURCE ALLO-
2	CATION.
3	(a) Grant for Collection of Data To Deter-
4	MINE NEED.—Subject to the availability of appropria-
5	tions, the Administrator shall award a grant, on a com-
6	petitive basis, to an organization to—
7	(1) collect and analyze data related to the exist-
8	ing juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang ac-
9	tivity prevention and intervention needs and re-
10	sources in each designated geographic area;
11	(2) use the data collected and analyzed under
12	paragraph (1) to compile a list of designated geo-
13	graphic areas that have the most need of resources,
14	based on such data, to carry out juvenile delin-
15	quency and criminal street gang activity prevention
16	and intervention;
17	(3) use the data collected and analyzed under
18	paragraph (1) to rank the areas listed under para-
19	graph (2) in descending order by the amount of need
20	for resources to carry out juvenile delinquency and
21	criminal street gang activity prevention and inter-
22	vention, ranking the area with the greatest need for
23	such resources highest; and
24	(4) periodically update the list and rankings
25	under paragraph (3) as the Administrator deter-

mines to be appropriate.

- 1 (b) Data Sources.—In compiling such list and de-
- 2 termining such rankings, the organization shall collect and
- 3 analyze data relating to juvenile delinquency and criminal
- 4 street gang activity prevention and intervention—
- 5 (1) using the geographic information system
- 6 and Web-based mapping application known as the
- 7 Socioeconomic Mapping and Resource Topography
- 8 (SMART) system;
- 9 (2) from the Department of Health and Human
- 10 Services, the Department of Labor, the Department
- of Housing and Urban Development, and the De-
- partment of Education; and
- 13 (3) from the annual KIDS Count Data Book
- and other data made available by the KIDS Count
- initiative of the Annie E. Casey Foundation.
- 16 (c) USE OF DATA BY THE ADMINISTRATOR.—The list
- 17 and rankings required by this section shall be provided
- 18 to the Administrator to be used to provide funds under
- 19 this Act in the most strategic and effective manner to en-
- 20 sure that resources and services are provided to youth in
- 21 the communities with the greatest need for such resources
- 22 and services.
- 23 (d) Limitation on Use of Collected Data.—
- 24 The information collected and analyzed under this section
- 25 may not be used for any purpose other than to carry out

- the purposes of this Act. Such information may not be used for any purpose related to the investigation or pros-3 ecution of any person, or for profiling of individuals based 4 on race, ethnicity, socio-economic status, or any other 5 characteristic. 6 (e) Authorization and Limitation of Appro-PRIATIONS.—Of the amount made available under section 8 224 to carry out this Act— 9 (1) for fiscal year 2016, not more than 5 per-10 cent of such amount, or \$1,000,000, whichever is 11 less, shall be made available to carry out this sec-12 tion; and 13 (2) for fiscal years 2017 through 2020, not 14 more than 2 percent of such amount, or \$400,000, 15 whichever is less, shall be made available to carry out this section. 16 17 CHAPTER 2—PROMISE GRANTS
- 18 SEC. 216. PURPOSES.
- The purposes of the grant programs established under this chapter are to—
- 21 (1) enable local and tribal communities to as-22 sess the unmet needs of youth who are involved in, 23 or are at risk of involvement in, juvenile delinquency 24 or criminal street gangs;

1	(2) develop plans appropriate for a community
2	to address those unmet needs with juvenile delin-
3	quency and gang prevention and intervention prac-
4	tices; and
5	(3) implement and evaluate such plans in a
6	manner consistent with this Act.
7	Subchapter A—PROMISE Assessment and
8	Planning Grants
9	SEC. 217. PROMISE ASSESSMENT AND PLANNING GRANTS
10	AUTHORIZED.
11	(a) Grants Authorized.—The Administrator is
12	authorized to award grants to units of local government
13	and Indian tribes to assist PROMISE Coordinating Coun-
14	cils with planning and assessing evidence-based and prom-
15	ising practices relating to juvenile delinquency and crimi-
16	nal street gang activity prevention and intervention, espe-
17	cially for youth who are involved in, or who are at risk
18	of involvement in, juvenile delinquency and criminal street
19	gang activity. Such PROMISE Coordinating Councils
20	shall—
21	(1) conduct an objective needs and strengths
22	assessment in accordance with section 203; and
23	(2) develop a PROMISE Plan in accordance
24	with section 204, based on the assessment conducted
25	in accordance with section 203

- 1 (b) Grant Duration, Amount, and Alloca-2 tion.—
- 3 (1) DURATION.—A grant awarded under this 4 section shall be for a period not to exceed one year.
- 5 (2) Maximum Grant amount.—A grant 6 awarded under this section shall not exceed 7 \$300,000.

8 (c) Allocation.—

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- (1) MINIMUM ALLOCATION.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall ensure that the total funds allocated under this section to units of local governments and Indian tribes in a State shall not be less than \$1,000,000.
- 14 (2) RATABLE REDUCTION.—If the amount
 15 made available for grants under this section for any
 16 fiscal year is less than the amount required to pro17 vide the minimum allocation of funds under para18 graph (1) to units of local government and Indian
 19 tribes in each State, then the amount of such min20 imum allocation shall be ratably reduced.

21 SEC. 218. PROMISE COORDINATING COUNCILS.

- To be eligible to receive a grant under this subtitle, a unit of local government or an Indian tribe shall estab-
- 24 lish a PROMISE Coordinating Council for each commu-
- 25 nity of such unit or tribe, respectively, for which such unit

1	or tribe is applying for a grant under this subtitle. Each
2	such community shall include one or more designated geo-
3	graphic areas identified on the list required under section
4	102(a)(2). The members of such a PROMISE Coordi-
5	nating Council shall be representatives of public and pri-
6	vate sector entities and individuals that—
7	(1) shall include, to the extent possible, at least
8	one representative from each of the following:
9	(A) the local chief executive's office;
10	(B) a local educational agency;
11	(C) a local health agency or provider;
12	(D) a local mental health agency or pro-
13	vider, unless the representative under subpara-
14	graph (C) also meets the requirements of this
15	subparagraph;
16	(E) a local public housing agency;
17	(F) a local law enforcement agency;
18	(G) a local child welfare agency;
19	(H) a local juvenile court;
20	(I) a local juvenile prosecutor's office;
21	(J) a private juvenile residential care enti-
22	ty;
23	(K) a local juvenile public defender's office;
24	(L) a State juvenile correctional entity;

1	(M) a local business community represent-
2	ative; and
3	(N) a local faith-based community rep-
4	resentative;
5	(2) shall include two representatives from each
6	of the following:
7	(A) parents who have minor children, and
8	who have an interest in the local juvenile or
9	criminal justice systems;
10	(B) youth between the ages of 15 and 24
11	who reside in the jurisdiction of the unit or
12	tribe; and
13	(C) members from nonprofit community-
14	based organizations that provide effective delin-
15	quency prevention and intervention to youth in
16	the jurisdiction of the unit or tribe; and
17	(3) may include other members, as the unit or
18	tribe determines to be appropriate.
19	SEC. 219. NEEDS AND STRENGTHS ASSESSMENT.
20	(a) Assessment.—Each PROMISE Coordinating
21	Council receiving funds from a unit of local government
22	or Indian tribe under this subtitle shall conduct an objec-
23	tive strengths and needs assessment of the resources of
24	the community for which such PROMISE Coordinating
25	Council was established, to identify the unmet needs of

1	youth in the community with respect to evidence-based
2	and promising practices related to juvenile delinquency
3	and criminal street gang activity prevention and interven-
4	tion. The PROMISE Coordinating Council shall consult
5	with a research partner receiving a grant under section
6	302 for assistance with such assessment. Such assessment
7	shall include, with respect to the community for which
8	such PROMISE Coordinating Council was established—
9	(1) the number of youth who are at-risk of in-
10	volvement in juvenile delinquency or street gang ac-
11	tivity;
12	(2) the number of youth who are involved in ju-
13	venile delinquency or criminal street gang activity,
14	including the number of such youth who are at high
15	risk of continued involvement;
16	(3) youth unemployment rates during the sum-
17	mer;
18	(4) the number of individuals on public finan-
19	cial assistance (including a breakdown of the num-
20	bers of men, women, and children on such assist-
21	ance);
22	(5) the estimated number of youth who are
23	chronically truant;
24	(6) the number of youth who have dropped out

of school in the previous year;

- (7) for the year before such assessment, the estimated total amount expended (by the community and other entities) for the incarceration of offenders who were convicted or adjudicated delinquent for an offense that was committed in such community, including amounts expended for the incarceration of offenders in prisons, jails, and juvenile facilities that are located in the United States but are not located in such community;
 - (8) a comparison of the amount under paragraph (7) with an estimation of the amount that would be expended for the incarceration of offenders described in such paragraph if the number of offenders described in such paragraph was equal to the national average incarceration rate per 100,000 population; and
 - (9) a description of evidence-based and promising practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention available for youth in the community, including school-based programs, after school programs (particularly programs that have activities available for youth between 3 p.m. and 6 p.m. in the afternoon), weekend activities and programs, youth mentoring programs, faith and

- 1 community-based programs, summer activities, and 2 summer jobs, if any; and
- 3 (10) a description of evidence-based and prom-
- 4 ising intervention practices available for youth in the
- 5 community.
- 6 (b) Limitation on Use of Assessment Informa-
- 7 TION.—Information gathered pursuant to this section may
- 8 be used for the sole purpose of developing a PROMISE
- 9 Plan in accordance with this subtitle.

10 SEC. 220. PROMISE PLAN COMPONENTS.

- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each PROMISE Coordinating
- 12 Council receiving funds from a unit of local government
- 13 or Indian tribe under this subtitle shall develop a PROM-
- 14 ISE Plan to provide for the coordination of, and, as appro-
- 15 priate, to support the delivery of, evidence-based and
- 16 promising practices related to juvenile delinquency and
- 17 criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention
- 18 to youth and families who reside in the community for
- 19 which such PROMISE Coordinating Council was estab-
- 20 lished. Such a PROMISE Plan shall—
- 21 (1) include the strategy by which the PROM-
- 22 ISE Coordinating Council plans to prioritize and al-
- locate resources and services toward the unmet
- 24 needs of youth in the community, consistent with the
- 25 needs and available resources of communities with

- the greatest need for assistance, as determined pur-suant to section 102; (2) include a combination of evidence-based and promising prevention and intervention practices that are responsive to the needs of the community; and (3) ensure that cultural and linguistic needs of the community are met. (b) Mandatory Components.—Each PROMISE
- 8 (b) Mandatory Components.—Each PROMISE9 Plan shall—
 - (1) include a plan to connect youth identified in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 204(a) to evidence-based and promising practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention;
 - (2) identify the amount or percentage of local funds that are available to the PROMISE Coordinating Council to carry out the PROMISE Plan;
 - (3) provide strategies to improve indigent defense delivery systems, with particular attention given to groups of children who are disproportionately represented in the State delinquency system and Federal criminal justice system, as compared to the representation of such groups in the general population of the State;

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- (4) provide for training (which complies with the American Bar Association Juvenile Justice Standards for the representation and care of youth in the juvenile justice system) of prosecutors, defenders, probation officers, judges and other court personnel related to issues concerning the developmental needs, challenges, and potential of youth in the juvenile justice system (including training related to adolescent development and mental health issues, and the expected impact of evidence-based practices and cost reduction strategies);
 - (5) ensure that the number of youth involved in the juvenile delinquency and criminal justice systems does not increase as a result of the activities undertaken with the funds provided under this subtitle;
 - (6) describe the coordinated strategy that will be used by the PROMISE Coordinating Council to provide at-risk youth with evidence-based and promising practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention;
 - (7) propose the performance evaluation process to be used to carry out section 211(d), which shall include performance measures to assess efforts to address the unmet needs of youth in the community

- with evidence-based and promising practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention; and
- 4 (8) identify the research partner the PROMISE
 5 Coordinating Council will use to obtain information
 6 on evidence-based and promising practices related to
 7 juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activ8 ity prevention and intervention, and for the evalua9 tion under section 211(d) of the results of the activi10 ties carried out with funds under this subtitle.
- 11 (c) Voluntary Components.—In addition to the 12 components under subsection (b), a PROMISE Plan may 13 include evidence-based or promising practices related to 14 juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity pre-15 vention and intervention in the following categories:
 - (1) Early childhood development services (such as prenatal and neonatal health services), early childhood prevention, voluntary home visiting programs, nurse-family partnership programs, parenting and healthy relationship skills training, child abuse prevention programs, Early Head Start, and Head Start.
 - (2) Child protection and safety services (such as foster care and adoption assistance programs), fam-

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- ily stabilization programs, child welfare services, and
 family violence intervention programs.
- 3 (3) Youth and adolescent development services, including job training and apprenticeship programs, 4 5 job placement and retention training, education and 6 after school programs (such as school programs with 7 shared governance by students, teachers, and par-8 ents, and activities for youth between the hours of 9 3 p.m. and 6 p.m. in the afternoon), mentoring pro-10 grams, conflict resolution skills training, sports, 11 arts, life skills, employment and recreation pro-12 grams, summer jobs, and summer recreation pro-13 grams, and alternative school resources for youth 14 who have dropped out of school or demonstrate 15 chronic truancy.
 - (4) Health and mental health services, including cognitive behavioral therapy, play therapy, and peer mentoring and counseling.
 - (5) Substance abuse counseling and treatment services, including harm-reduction strategies.
 - (6) Emergency, transitional, and permanent housing assistance (such as safe shelter and housing for runaway and homeless youth).
 - (7) Targeted gang prevention, intervention, and exit services such as tattoo removal, successful mod-

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1	els of anti-gang crime outreach programs (such as
2	"street worker" programs), and other criminal street
3	gang truce or peacemaking activities.
4	(8) Training and education programs for preg-
5	nant teens and teen parents.
6	(9) Restorative justice programs.
7	(10) Alternatives to detention and confinement
8	programs (such as mandated participation in com-
9	munity service, restitution, counseling, and intensive
10	individual and family therapeutic approaches).
11	(11) Prerelease, postrelease, and reentry serv-
12	ices to assist detained and incarcerated youth with
13	transitioning back into and reentering the commu-
14	nity.
15	SEC. 221. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	For fiscal years 2016 through 2020, of the amount
17	made available under section 224 to carry out this Act
18	for any fiscal year, not more than 15 percent shall be
19	made available to carry out this subtitle.
20	Subchapter B—PROMISE Implementation
21	Grants
22	SEC. 222. PROMISE IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS AUTHOR-
23	IZED.
24	(a) PROMISE Implementation Grants Author-
25	IZED —The Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Jus-

- 1 tice and Delinquency Prevention is authorized to award
- 2 grants to units of local government and Indian tribes to
- 3 assist PROMISE Coordinating Councils with imple-
- 4 menting PROMISE Plans developed pursuant to subtitle
- 5 A.
- 6 (b) Grant Duration and Amount.—
- 7 (1) DURATION.—A grant awarded under this subtitle shall be for a 3-year period.
- 9 (2) MAXIMUM GRANT AMOUNT.—A grant
- awarded under this subtitle shall not be for more
- than \$10,000,000 per year for each year of the
- 12 grant period.
- (c) Non-Federal Funds Required.—For each fis-
- 14 cal year during the 3-year grant period for a grant under
- 15 this subtitle, each unit of local government or Indian tribe
- 16 receiving such a grant for a PROMISE Coordinating
- 17 Council shall provide, from non-Federal funds, in cash or
- 18 in kind, 25 percent of the costs of the activities carried
- 19 out with such grant.
- 20 (d) EVALUATION.—Of any funds provided to a unit
- 21 of local government or an Indian tribe for a grant under
- 22 this subtitle, not more than \$100,000 shall be used to pro-
- 23 vide a contract to a competitively selected organization to
- 24 assess the progress of the unit or tribe in addressing the

1	unmet needs of youth in the community, in accordance
2	with the performance measures under section 204(b)(7).
3	SEC. 223. PROMISE IMPLEMENTATION GRANT APPLICA-
4	TION REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) Application Required.—To be eligible to re-
6	ceive a PROMISE Implementation grant under this sub-
7	title, a unit of local government or Indian tribe that re-
8	ceived a PROMISE Assessment and Planning grant under
9	subtitle A shall submit an application to the Administrator
10	of the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-
11	tion not later than 1 year after the date such unit of local
12	government or Indian tribe was awarded such grant under
13	subtitle A, in such manner, and accompanied by such in-
14	formation, as the Administrator, after consultation with
15	the organization under section 223(f)(1) of the Juvenile
16	Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
17	U.S.C. 5633(f)(1)), may require.
18	(b) Contents of Application.—Each application
19	submitted under subsection (a) shall—
20	(1) identify potential savings from criminal jus-
21	tice costs, public assistance costs, and other costs
22	avoided by utilizing evidence-based and promising
23	practices related to juvenile delinquency and crimi-
24	nal street gang activity prevention and intervention
25	(2) document—

1	(A) investment in evidence-based and
2	promising practices related to juvenile delin-
3	quency and criminal street gang activity preven-
4	tion and intervention to be provided by the unit
5	of local government or Indian tribe;
6	(B) the activities to be undertaken with
7	the grants funds;
8	(C) any expected efficiencies in the juvenile
9	justice or other local systems to be attained as
10	a result of implementation of the programs
11	funded by the grant; and
12	(D) outcomes from such activities, in
13	terms of the expected numbers related to re-
14	duced criminal activity;
15	(3) describe how savings sustained from invest-
16	ment in prevention and intervention practices will be
17	reinvested in the continuing implementation of the
18	PROMISE Plan; and
19	(4) provide an assurance that the local fiscal
20	contribution with respect to evidence-based and
21	promising practices related to juvenile delinquency
22	and criminal street gang activity prevention and
23	intervention in the community for which the PROM-
24	ISE Coordinating Council was established for each

year of the grant period will not be less than the

1	local fiscal contribution with respect to such prac-
2	tices in the community for the year preceding the
3	first year of the grant period.
4	SEC. 224. GRANT AWARD GUIDELINES.
5	(a) Selection and Distribution.—Grants award-
6	ed under this subtitle shall be awarded on a competitive
7	basis. The Administrator shall—
8	(1) take such steps as may be necessary to en-
9	sure that grants are awarded to units of local gov-
10	ernments and Indian tribes in areas with the highest
11	concentrations of youth who are—
12	(A) at risk of involvement in juvenile delin-
13	quency or criminal street gang activity; and
14	(B) involved in juvenile delinquency or
15	street gang activity and who are at high-risk of
16	continued involvement; and
17	(2) give consideration to the need for grants to
18	be awarded to units of local governments and Indian
19	tribes in each region of the United States, and
20	among urban, suburban, and rural areas.
21	(b) Extension of Grant Award.—The Adminis-
22	trator may extend the grant period under section
23	211(b)(1) for a PROMISE Implementation grant to a unit
24	of local government or an Indian tribe, in accordance with
25	regulations issued by the Administrator.

- 1 (c) RENEWAL OF GRANT AWARD.—Subject to the
- 2 availability of appropriations, the Administrator may
- 3 renew a PROMISE Implementation grant to a unit of
- 4 local government or an Indian tribe to provide such unit
- 5 or tribe with additional funds to continue implementation
- 6 of a PROMISE Plan. Such a renewal—
- 7 (1) shall be initiated by an application for re-
- 8 newal from a unit of local government or an Indian
- 9 tribe;
- 10 (2) shall be carried out in accordance with reg-
- 11 ulations issued by the Administrator; and
- 12 (3) shall not be granted unless the Adminis-
- trator determines such a renewal to be appropriate
- based on the results of the evaluation conducted
- under section 223(a) with respect to the community
- of such unit or tribe for which a PROMISE Coordi-
- 17 nating Council was established, and for which such
- unit or tribe is applying for renewal.

19 **SEC. 225. REPORTS.**

- Not later than 1 year after the end of the grant pe-
- 21 riod for which a unit of local government or an Indian
- 22 tribe receives a PROMISE Implementation grant, and an-
- 23 nually thereafter for as long as such unit or tribe con-
- 24 tinues to receive Federal funding for a PROMISE Coordi-
- 25 nating Council, such unit or tribe shall report to the Ad-

- 1 ministrator regarding the use of Federal funds to imple-
- 2 ment the PROMISE Plan developed under subtitle A.
- 3 SEC. 226. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 For fiscal years 2016 through 2020, of the amount
- 5 made available under section 224 to carry out this Act
- 6 for any fiscal year, not more than 75 percent shall be
- 7 made available to carry out this subtitle.

8 Subchapter C—General PROMISE Grant

- 9 **Provisions**
- 10 SEC. 227. NONSUPPLANTING CLAUSE.
- 11 A unit of local government or Indian tribe receiving
- 12 a grant under this title shall use such grant only to supple-
- 13 ment, and not supplant, the amount of funds that, in the
- 14 absence of such grant, would be available to address the
- 15 needs of youth in the community with respect to evidence-
- 16 based and promising practices related to juvenile delin-
- 17 quency and criminal street gang activity prevention and
- 18 intervention.
- 19 SEC. 228. GRANT APPLICATION REVIEW PANEL.
- The Administrator of the Office of Juvenile Justice
- 21 and Delinquency Prevention, in conjunction with the
- 22 PROMISE Advisory Panel, shall establish and utilize a
- 23 transparent, reliable, and valid system for evaluating ap-
- 24 plications for PROMISE Assessment and Planning grants
- 25 and for PROMISE Implementation grants, and shall de-

- 1 termine which applicants meet the criteria for funding,
- 2 based primarily on a determination of greatest need (in
- 3 accordance with section 102), with due consideration to
- 4 other enumerated factors and the indicated ability of the
- 5 applicant to successfully implement the program described
- 6 in the application.

7 SEC. 229. EVALUATION OF PROMISE GRANT PROGRAMS.

- 8 (a) Evaluation Required.—Subject to the avail-
- 9 ability of appropriations under this title, the Adminis-
- 10 trator shall, in consultation with the organization provided
- 11 assistance under section 223(f)(1) of the Juvenile Justice
- 12 and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
- 13 5633(f)(1)), provide for an evaluation of the programs and
- 14 activities carried out with grants under this title. In car-
- 15 rying out this section, the Administrator shall—
- 16 (1) award grants to institutions of higher edu-
- cation (including institutions that are eligible to re-
- ceive funds under part F of title III of the Higher
- 19 Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q et seq.)),
- to facilitate the evaluation process and measurement
- of achieved outcomes;
- 22 (2) identify evidence-based and promising prac-
- 23 tices used by PROMISE Coordinating Councils
- 24 under PROMISE Implementation grants that have
- proven to be effective in preventing involvement in,

1 or diverting further involvement in, juvenile delin-2 quency or criminal street gang activity; and 3 (3) ensure— (A) that such evaluation is based on the performance standards that are developed by 6 the PROMISE Advisory Panel in accordance 7 with section 223(g) of the Juvenile Justice and 8 Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (as added 9 by section 101(b) of this Act); 10 (B) the development of longitudinal and 11 clinical trial evaluation and performance meas-12 urements with regard to the evidence-based and 13 promising practices funded under this title; and 14 (C) the dissemination of the practices iden-15 tified in paragraph (2) to the National Re-16 search Center for Proven Juvenile Justice Prac-17 tices (established under section 301), units of 18 local government, and Indian tribes to promote

(b) RESULTS TO THE NATIONAL RESEARCH CENTER
 FOR PROVEN JUVENILE JUSTICE PRACTICES.—The Administrator shall provide the results of the evaluation

criminal street gang activity.

the use of such practices by such units and

tribes to prevent involvement in, or to divert

further involvement in, juvenile delinquency or

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1	under subsection (a) to the National Research Center for
2	Proven Juvenile Justice Practices established under sec-
3	tion 301.
4	SEC. 230. RESERVATION OF FUNDS.
5	For fiscal years 2016 through 2020, not more than
6	20 percent of the total amount appropriated to the Office
7	of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention to carry
8	out Youth Mentoring Programs for each fiscal year shall
9	be made available to carry out this Act.
10	CHAPTER 3—PROMISE RESEARCH
11	CENTERS
12	SEC. 231. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL RESEARCH
13	CENTER FOR PROVEN JUVENILE JUSTICE
13 14	CENTER FOR PROVEN JUVENILE JUSTICE PRACTICES.
14	PRACTICES.
14 15	PRACTICES. (a) Center Established.—Subject to the avail-
14 15 16	PRACTICES. (a) Center Established.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a
14 15 16 17	PRACTICES. (a) Center Established.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputa-
14 15 16 17	PRACTICES. (a) Center Established.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputation for expertise in operating or evaluating effective, evi-
114 115 116 117 118	PRACTICES. (a) Center Established.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputation for expertise in operating or evaluating effective, evidence-based practices related to juvenile delinquency and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	PRACTICES. (a) CENTER ESTABLISHED.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputation for expertise in operating or evaluating effective, evidence-based practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention or intervention to
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	PRACTICES. (a) CENTER ESTABLISHED.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputation for expertise in operating or evaluating effective, evidence-based practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention or intervention to develop a National Research Center for Proven Juvenile
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	PRACTICES. (a) CENTER ESTABLISHED.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Administrator shall award a grant to a nonprofit organization with a national reputation for expertise in operating or evaluating effective, evidence-based practices related to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention or intervention to develop a National Research Center for Proven Juvenile Justice Practices. Such Center shall—

- port the programs and activities carried out with
 grants under title II of this Act;
- (2) collect, and disseminate to PROMISE Co-3 ordinating Councils, research and other information 5 about evidence-based and promising practices related 6 to juvenile delinquency and criminal street gang activity prevention and intervention to inform the ef-7 8 forts of PROMISE Coordinating Councils and re-9 gional research partners and to support the pro-10 grams and activities carried out with grants under 11 title II of this Act;
 - (3) increase the public's knowledge and understanding of effective juvenile justice practices to prevent crime and delinquency and reduce recidivism; and
- 16 (4) develop, manage, and regularly update a 17 site to disseminate proven practices for successful 18 juvenile delinquency prevention and intervention.
- 19 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the 20 amount made available under section 224 to carry out this 21 Act—
- 22 (1) for fiscal year 2016, not more than 2.5 per-23 cent of such amount shall be made available to carry 24 out this section; and

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1	(2) for fiscal years 2017 through 2020, not
2	more than 4 percent of such amount shall be made
3	available to carry out this section.
4	SEC. 232. GRANTS FOR REGIONAL RESEARCH PROVEN
5	PRACTICES PARTNERSHIPS.
6	(a) Grant Program Authorized.—The Adminis-
7	trator shall, subject to the availability of appropriations,
8	establish a grant program to award grants to institutions
9	of higher education to serve as regional research partners
10	with PROMISE Coordinating Councils that are located in
11	the same geographic region as an institution, in collabora-
12	tion with the National Research Center for Proven Juve-
13	nile Justice Practices authorized under section 301. Re-
14	gional research partners shall provide research support to
15	such PROMISE Coordinating Councils, including—
16	(1) assistance with preparing PROMISE grant
17	applications under title II, including collection of
18	baseline data for such applications;
19	(2) assistance with the needs and strengths as-
20	sessments conducted under section 203; and
21	(3) provision of support services to PROMISE
22	grant recipients for data collection and analysis to
23	assess progress under the PROMISE grant

1	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of the
2	amount made available under section 224 to carry out this
3	Act—
4	(1) for fiscal year 2016, not more than 2.5 per-
5	cent of such amount shall be made available to carry
6	out this section; and
7	(2) for fiscal years 2017 through 2020, not
8	more than 4 percent of such amount shall be made
9	available to carry out this section.
10	Subtitle C—Safe Streets and
11	Representative Police Forces
12	SEC. 241. SHORT TITLE.
13	This subtitle may be cited as the "Safe Streets and
14	Representative Police Forces Act of 2015".
15	SEC. 242. GRANTS TO INCREASE THE RACIAL DIVERSITY OF
16	LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.
17	Section 1701(b) of the Omnibus Crime Control and
18	Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796dd(b)) is amend-
19	ed—
20	(1) in paragraph (16), by striking "and" at the
21	end;
22	(2) by redesignating paragraph (17) as para-
23	graph (18);
24	(3) by inserting after paragraph (16) the fol-
25	lowing:

1 "(17) to increase the racial diversity of law en-2 forcement agencies by awarding grants to institu-3 tions of higher education (as such term is defined in 4 section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 5 (20 U.S.C. 1001)), with priority given to Predomi-6 nantly Black Institutions (as such term is defined in 7 section 318 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 8 (20 U.S.C. 1059e)), historically Black colleges and 9 universities (as such term is defined in section 631 10 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 11 1132)), institutions of higher education at which not 12 less than 40 percent of the enrolled students are 13 Latino, and institutions of higher education at which 14 not less than 40 percent of the enrolled students are 15 Native American, to support majors related to crimi-16 nal justice, including psychology, sociology, prelaw, 17 and criminal justice majors; and"; and 18 (4) in paragraph (18), as so redesignated, by 19 striking "paragraphs (1) through (16)" and insert-

ing "paragraphs (1) through (17)".

1 TITLE III—COMMON SENSE GUN

2 **VIOLENCE PREVENTION**

- 3 Subtitle A—Hadiya Pendleton and
- 4 Nyasia Pryear-Yard Gun Traf-
- 5 ficking and Crime Prevention
- 6 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
- 7 This subtitle may be cited as the "Hadiya Pendleton
- 8 and Nyasia Pryear-Yard Gun Trafficking and Crime Pre-
- 9 vention Act of 2018".
- 10 SEC. 302. FIREARMS TRAFFICKING.
- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 44 of title 18, United
- 12 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 13 lowing:
- 14 "§ 932. Trafficking in firearms
- "(a) Offenses.—It shall be unlawful for any person,
- 16 regardless of whether anything of value is exchanged—
- 17 "(1) to ship, transport, transfer, or otherwise
- dispose to a person, two or more firearms in or af-
- 19 feeting interstate or foreign commerce, if the trans-
- 20 feror knows or has reasonable cause to believe that
- such use, carry, possession, or disposition of the fire-
- arm would be in violation of, or would result in a
- violation of any Federal, State, or local law punish-
- able by a term of imprisonment exceeding 1 year;

1	"(2) to receive from a person, two or more fire-
2	arms in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce,
3	if the recipient knows or has reasonable cause to be-
4	lieve that such receipt would be in violation of, or
5	would result in a violation of any Federal, State, or
6	local law punishable by a term of imprisonment ex-
7	ceeding 1 year;
8	"(3) to make a statement to a licensed im-
9	porter, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer re-
10	lating to the purchase, receipt, or acquisition from
11	a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or li-
12	censed dealer of two or more firearms that have
13	moved in or affected interstate or foreign commerce
14	that—
15	"(A) is material to—
16	"(i) the identity of the actual buyer of
17	the firearms; or
18	"(ii) the intended trafficking of the
19	firearms; and
20	"(B) the person knows or has reasonable
21	cause to believe is false; or
22	"(4) to direct, promote, or facilitate conduct
23	specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).
24	"(b) Penalties.—

1	"(1) In general.—Any person who violates, or
2	conspires to violate, subsection (a) shall be fined
3	under this title, imprisoned for not more than 20
4	years, or both.

- "(2) Organizer enhancement.—If a violation of subsection (a) is committed by a person in concert with five or more other persons with respect to whom such person occupies a position of organizer, a supervisory position, or any other position of management, such person may be sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment of not more than 5 consecutive years.
- 13 "(e) Definitions.—In this section—
- "(1) the term 'actual buyer' means the individual for whom a firearm is being purchased, received, or acquired; and
- "(2) the term 'term of imprisonment exceeding
 18 1 year' does not include any offense classified by the
 19 applicable jurisdiction as a misdemeanor and punish20 able by a term of imprisonment of 2 years or less.".
- 21 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 22 The table of sections for chapter 44 of title 18, United
- 23 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 24 lowing:

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"932. Trafficking in firearms.".

25 (c) Directive to the Sentencing Commission.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to its authority
 2 under section 994(p) of title 28, United States Code,
 3 the United States Sentencing Commission shall re4 view and, if appropriate, amend the Federal sen5 tencing guidelines and policy statements applicable
 6 to persons convicted of offenses under section 932 of
 7 title 18, United States Code (as added by subsection
 8 (a)).
 - (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out this section, the Commission shall—
 - (A) review the penalty structure that the guidelines currently provide based on the number of firearms involved in the offense and determine whether any changes to that penalty structure are appropriate in order to reflect the intent of Congress that such penalties reflect the gravity of the offense; and
 - (B) review and amend, if appropriate, the guidelines and policy statements to reflect the intent of Congress that guideline penalties for violations of section 932 of title 18, United States Code, and similar offenses be increased substantially when committed by a person who is a member of a gang, cartel, organized crime ring, or other such enterprise or in concert with

1	another person who is a member of a gang, car-
2	tel, organized crime ring or other such enter-
3	prise.
4	Subtitle B—Report on Effects of
5	Gun Violence on Public Health
6	SEC. 311. REPORT ON EFFECTS OF GUN VIOLENCE ON PUB-
7	LIC HEALTH.
8	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
9	of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Surgeon General
10	of the Public Health Service shall submit to Congress a
11	report on the effects on public health of gun violence in
12	the United States during the relevant period, and the sta-
13	tus of actions taken to address such effects.
14	SEC. 312. PROHIBITION ON CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO AP-
15	PROPRIATIONS MEASURES.
16	Clause 2 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of
17	Representatives is amended by adding at the end the fol-
18	lowing new paragraph:
19	"(g) A provision prohibiting the use of funds to
20	study the public health effects of gun violence may
21	not be reported in a general appropriation bill and
22	may not be in order in any amendment thereto.".

Subtitle C—Keeping Guns From High-Risk Individuals

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3	SEC. 321. SHORT TITLE.
4	This subtitle may be cited as the "Keeping Guns
5	from High-Risk Individuals Act".
6	SEC. 322. FIREARM PROHIBITIONS APPLICABLE WITH RE-
7	SPECT TO CERTAIN HIGH-RISK INDIVIDUALS.
8	(a) Sales or Other Dispositions.—Section
9	922(d) of title 18, United States Code, is amended in the
10	first sentence—
11	(1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
12	(8);
13	(2) by striking the period at the end of para-
14	graph (9) and inserting a semicolon; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(10) in the most recent 10-year period, has
17	been convicted in any court of a crime of violence
18	(as defined in section 16);
19	"(11) has not attained 25 years of age, and has
20	been adjudicated by any court as having committed
21	an offense that would have been a crime of violence
22	(as defined in section 16) if committed by an adult;
23	"(12) in any period of 3 consecutive years in
24	the most recent 10-year period, has been convicted
25	in any court, on 2 separate occasions, of an offense

1	that has, as an element, the possession or distribu-
2	tion of, or the intent to possess or distribute, alcohol
3	or a controlled substance (as so defined); or
4	"(13) has been convicted in any court of stalk-
5	ing.".
6	(b) Possession, Shipment, Transportation, or
7	Receipt.—Section 922(g) of such title is amended—
8	(1) by striking "or" at the end of paragraph
9	(8);
10	(2) by striking the comma at the end of para-
11	graph (9) and inserting a semicolon; and
12	(3) by inserting after paragraph (9) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(10) who, in the most recent 10-year period,
15	has been convicted in any court of a crime of vio-
16	lence (as defined in section 16);
17	"(11) who has not attained 25 years of age and
18	has been adjudicated by any court as having com-
19	mitted an offense that would have been a crime of
20	violence (as defined in section 16) if committed by
21	an adult;
22	"(12) who, in any period of 3 consecutive years
23	in the most recent 10-year period, has been con-
24	victed in any court, on 2 separate occasions, of an
25	offense that has, as an element, the possession or

1	distribution of, or the intent to possess or distribute,
2	alcohol or a controlled substance (as so defined); or
3	"(13) who has been convicted in any court of
4	stalking,".
5	Subtitle D—Strengthening Gun
6	Checks Act
7	SEC. 341. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
8	This subtitle may be cited as the "Strengthening Gun
9	Checks Act of 2018".
10	CHAPTER 1—ENSURING THAT ALL INDI-
11	VIDUALS WHO SHOULD BE PROHIB-
12	ITED FROM BUYING A GUN ARE LIST-
13	ED IN THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMI-
14	NAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM
15	SEC. 342. STATES TO MAKE DATA ELECTRONICALLY AVAIL-
16	ABLE TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL
17	BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM.
18	(a) In General.—Section 102(b) of the NICS Im-
19	provement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note)
20	is amended to read as follows:
21	"(b) Implementation Plan.—
22	"(1) In general.—Within 1 year after the
23	date of the enactment of this subsection, the Attor-
24	ney General, in coordination with the States, shall
25	establish, for each State or Indian tribal govern-

- 1 ment, a plan to ensure maximum coordination and
- 2 automation of the reporting of records or making of
- 3 records available to the National Instant Criminal
- 4 Background Check System established under section
- 5 103 of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act,
- 6 during a 4-year period specified in the plan.
- 7 "(2) Benchmark requirements.—Each such
- 8 plan shall include annual benchmarks, including
- 9 qualitative goals and quantitative measures, to en-
- able the Attorney General to assess implementation
- of the plan.".
- 12 (b) Incentive Grants for Rapid Compliance.—
- 13 Section 506 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe
- 14 Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3756) is amended by add-
- 15 ing at the end the following:
- 16 "(c) Of the total amount made available to carry out
- 17 this subpart for a fiscal year, the Attorney General shall
- 18 reserve not more than \$50,000,000 for incentive grants
- 19 by the Attorney General to States that comply with section
- 20 102(b) of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of
- 21 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note), in accordance with the fol-
- 22 lowing:
- "(1) During the 4-year period covered by a plan
- established under such section, if the State meets
- 25 the benchmark established under paragraph (2) of

1	such section, the State may receive an incentive
2	grant under this paragraph.
3	"(2) The Attorney General shall allocate the
4	amounts reserved under this section equally among
5	each State receiving an incentive grant.".
6	SEC. 343. REQUIREMENT THAT FEDERAL AGENCIES CER-
7	TIFY THAT THEY HAVE SUBMITTED TO THE
8	NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
9	CHECK SYSTEM ALL RECORDS IDENTIFYING
10	PERSONS PROHIBITED FROM PURCHASING
11	FIREARMS UNDER FEDERAL LAW.
12	Section 103(e)(1) of the Brady Handgun Violence
13	Prevention Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended by add-
14	ing at the end the following:
15	"(F) SEMIANNUAL CERTIFICATION AND
16	REPORTING.—
17	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The head of each
18	Federal department or agency shall submit
19	to the Attorney General a written certifi-
20	cation indicating whether the department
21	or agency has provided to the Attorney
22	General the pertinent information con-
23	tained in any record of any person that the
24	department or agency was in possession of
25	during the time period addressed by the

1	report demonstrating that the person falls
2	within a category described in subsection
3	(g) or (n) of section 922 of title 18, United
4	States Code.
5	"(ii) Submission dates.—The head
6	of a Federal department or agency shall
7	submit a certification under clause (i)—
8	"(I) not later than July 31 of
9	each year, which shall address any
10	record the department or agency was
11	in possession of during the period be-
12	ginning on January 1 of the year and
13	ending on June 30 of the year; and
14	"(II) not later than January 31
15	of each year, which shall address any
16	record the department or agency was
17	in possession of during the period be-
18	ginning on July 1 of the previous year
19	and ending on December 31 of the
20	previous year.
21	"(iii) Contents.—A certification re-
22	quired under clause (i) shall state, for the
23	applicable period—
24	"(I) the number of records of the
25	Federal department or agency dem-

1	onstrating that a person fell within
2	each of the categories described in
3	section 922(g) of title 18, United
4	States Code;
5	"(II) the number of records of
6	the Federal department or agency
7	demonstrating that a person fell with-
8	in the category described in section
9	922(n) of title 18, United States
10	Code; and
11	"(III) for each category of
12	records described in subclauses (I)
13	and (II), the total number of records
14	of the Federal department or agency
15	that have been provided to the Attor-
16	ney General.".
17	SEC. 344. ADJUDICATED AS A MENTAL DEFECTIVE.
18	(a) In General.—Section 921(a) of title 18, United
19	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(36) The term 'adjudicated as a mental defective'
22	shall—
23	"(A) have the meaning given the term in sec-
24	tion 478.11 of title 27, Code of Federal Regulations,
25	or any successor thereto; and

1	"(B) include an order by a court, board, com-
2	mission, or other lawful authority that a person, in
3	response to mental illness, incompetency, or marked
4	subnormal intelligence, be compelled to receive serv-
5	ices—
6	"(i) including counseling, medication, or
7	testing to determine compliance with prescribed
8	medications; and
9	"(ii) not including testing for use of alco-
10	hol or for abuse of any controlled substance or
11	other drug.
12	"(37) The term 'committed to a mental institution'
13	shall have the meaning given the term in section 478.11
14	of title 27, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor
15	thereto.".
16	(b) Limitation.—An individual who has been adju-
17	dicated as a mental defective before the effective date de-
18	scribed in section 203 may not apply for relief from dis-
19	ability under section 101(c)(2) of the NICS Improvement
20	Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) on the
21	basis that the individual does not meet the requirements
22	in section 921(a)(36) of title 18, United States Code, as
23	added by subsection (a).
24	(c) NICS Improvement Amendments Act of

2007.—Section 3 of the NICS Improvement Amendments

1	Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended by striking
2	paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
3	"(2) Mental Health Terms.—
4	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
5	subparagraph (B), the terms 'adjudicated as a
6	mental defective' and 'committed to a mental
7	institution' shall have the meaning given the
8	terms in section 921(a) of title 18, United
9	States Code.
10	"(B) Exception.—For purposes of sec-
11	tions 102 and 103, the terms 'adjudicated as ϵ
12	mental defective' and 'committed to a mental
13	institution' shall have the same meanings as or
14	the day before the date of enactment of the Fix
15	Gun Checks Act of 2018 until the end of the
16	2-year period beginning on such date of enact-
17	ment.".
18	SEC. 345. CLARIFICATION THAT FEDERAL COURT INFOR
19	MATION IS TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE
20	NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
21	CHECK SYSTEM.
22	Section 103(e)(1) of the Brady Handgun Violence
23	Protection Act (18 U.S.C. 922 note), as amended by sec-
24	tion 102 of this Act, is amended by adding at the end
25	the following:

1	"(G) APPLICATION TO FEDERAL
2	COURTS.—In this paragraph—
3	"(i) the terms 'department or agency
4	of the United States' and 'Federal depart-
5	ment or agency' include a Federal court;
6	and
7	"(ii) for purposes of any request, sub-
8	mission, or notification, the Director of the
9	Administrative Office of the United States
10	Courts shall perform the functions of the
11	head of the department or agency.".
12	CHAPTER 2—REQUIRING A BACKGROUND
13	CHECK FOR EVERY FIREARM SALE
14	SEC. 346. PURPOSE.
15	The purpose of this chapter is to extend the Brady
16	Law background check procedures to all sales and trans-
17	fers of firearms.
18	SEC. 347. FIREARMS TRANSFERS.
19	(a) In General.—Section 922 of title 18, United
20	States Code, is amended—
21	(1) by striking subsection (s) and redesignating
22	subsection (t) as subsection (s);
23	(2) in subsection (s), as so redesignated—
24	(A) in paragraph (3)(C)(ii), by striking
25	"(as defined in subsection (s)(8))"; and

1	(B) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(7) In this subsection, the term 'chief law en-
3	forcement officer' means the chief of police, the
4	sheriff, or an equivalent officer or the designee of
5	any such individual."; and
6	(3) by inserting after subsection (s), as so re-
7	designated, the following:
8	"(t)(1) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not
9	a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed
10	dealer to transfer a firearm to any other person who is
11	not so licensed, unless a licensed importer, licensed manu-
12	facturer, or licensed dealer has first taken possession of
13	the firearm for the purpose of complying with subsection
14	(s). Upon taking possession of the firearm, the licensee
15	shall comply with all requirements of this chapter as if
16	the licensee were transferring the firearm from the inven-
17	tory of the licensee to the unlicensed transferee.
18	"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to—
19	"(A) a transfer of a firearm by or to any law
20	enforcement agency or any law enforcement officer,
21	armed private security professional, or member of
22	the armed forces, to the extent the officer, profes-
23	sional, or member is acting within the course and
24	scope of employment and official duties:

1	"(B) a transfer between spouses, between do-
2	mestic partners, between parents and their children,
3	between siblings, or between grandparents and their
4	grandchildren;
5	"(C) a transfer to an executor, administrator,
6	trustee, or personal representative of an estate or a
7	trust that occurs by operation of law upon the death
8	of another person;
9	"(D) a temporary transfer that is necessary to
10	prevent imminent death or great bodily harm, if the
11	possession by the transferee lasts only as long as im-
12	mediately necessary to prevent the imminent death
13	or great bodily harm;
14	"(E) a transfer that is approved by the Attor-
15	ney General under section 5812 of the Internal Rev-
16	enue Code of 1986;
17	"(F) a temporary transfer if the transferor has
18	no reason to believe that the transferee will use or
19	intends to use the firearm in a crime or is prohibited
20	from possessing firearms under State or Federal
21	law, and the transfer takes place and the trans-
22	feree's possession of the firearm is exclusively—
23	"(i) at a shooting range or in a shooting
24	gallery or other area designated and built for
25	the purpose of target shooting;

1	"(ii) while hunting, trapping, or fishing, if
2	the hunting, trapping, or fishing is legal in all
3	places where the transferee possesses the fire-
4	arm and the transferee holds all licenses or per-
5	mits required for such hunting, trapping, or
6	fishing; or
7	"(iii) while in the presence of the trans-
8	feror.
9	Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-
10	empt any State criminal statutory or case law re-
11	lated to self-defense, heat of passion, or any other
12	justifying or mitigation action in a crime or potential
13	crime involving a firearm.".
14	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
15	(1) Section 922.—Section 922(y)(2) of such
16	title is amended in the matter preceding subpara-
17	graph (A), by striking ", $(g)(5)(B)$, and
18	(s)(3)(B)(v)(II)" and inserting "and $(g)(5)(B)$ ".
19	(2) Section 925A.—Section 925A of such title
20	is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
21	by striking "subsection (s) or (t) of section 922"
22	and inserting "section 922(s)".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
24	subsection (a)(4) shall take effect 180 days after the date
25	of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 348. LOST AND STOLEN REPORTING.
2	(a) In General.—Section 922 of title 18, United
3	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(aa) It shall be unlawful for any person who lawfully
6	possesses or owns a firearm that has been shipped or
7	transported in, or has been possessed in or affecting, inter-
8	state or foreign commerce, to fail to report the theft or
9	loss of the firearm, within 48 hours after the person dis-
10	covers the theft or loss, to the Attorney General and to
11	the appropriate local authorities.".
12	(b) Penalty.—Section 924(a)(1)(B) of such title is
13	amended to read as follows:
14	"(B) knowingly violates subsection (a)(4),
15	(f), (k), (q), or (aa) of section 922;".
16	Subtitle E—Background Check
17	Completion Act
18	SEC. 351. SHORT TITLE.

- 19 This subtitle may be cited as the "Background Check
- 20 Completion Act".

1	SEC. 352. ELIMINATION OF REQUIREMENT THAT A FIRE-
2	ARMS DEALER TRANSFER A FIREARM IF THE
3	NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
4	CHECK SYSTEM HAS BEEN UNABLE TO COM-
5	PLETE A BACKGROUND CHECK OF THE PRO-
6	SPECTIVE TRANSFEREE WITHIN 3 BUSINESS
7	DAYS.
8	Section 922(t)(1)(B) of title 18, United States Code,
9	is amended—
10	(1) by striking "(i)";
11	(2) by striking "; or" and inserting "; and";
12	and
13	(3) by striking clause (ii).
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