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**STATE OF RHODE ISLAND**

**IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2015**

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A N A C T

RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS - MOTOR VEHICLE GLASS REPAIR  
AND REPLACEMENT

Introduced By: Senators DiPalma, Lombardo, Ciccone, and Goodwin

Date Introduced: February 12, 2015

Referred To: Senate Judiciary

It is enacted by the General Assembly as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Title 5 of the General Laws entitled "BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS"

2 is hereby amended by adding thereto the following chapter:

3 CHAPTER 38.5

4 MOTOR VEHICLE GLASS CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

5 **5-38.5-1. Short title.** -- This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the "Motor  
6 Vehicle Glass Consumer Protection Act."

7 **5-38.5-2. Purpose.** -- By enacting this chapter, it is the intent of the general assembly to  
8 protect consumers of motor vehicle glass repair and replacement services through the licensing  
9 and regulation of motor vehicle glass repair shops.

10 **5-38.5-3. Definitions.** -- As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the  
11 following meanings unless the context clearly specifies otherwise:

12 (1) "Department" means the Rhode Island department of business regulation, and the  
13 official actions, duties and responsibilities of its director, deputy directors, employees or  
14 authorized designees.

15 (2) "Director" means the director of the Rhode Island department of business regulation,  
16 department officials or authorized individuals designated by the director to take official actions.

17 (3) "Person" means individuals, associations, partnerships, firms and corporations, and  
18 the officers, directors and employees of a corporation.

1 (4) "Motor vehicle glass repair" means the business or act of repairing or replacing  
2 damaged or undamaged glass in motor vehicles for compensation.

3 (5) "Motor vehicle glass repair shop" means a person or entity which, for compensation,  
4 or with the intention or expectation of receiving the same, repairs or replaces or undertakes to  
5 repair or replace motor vehicle glass.

6 (6) "Licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop" means a motor vehicle glass repair shop  
7 which has a current valid license for motor vehicle glass repair issued under this chapter.

8 (7) "Unlicensed motor vehicle glass repair shop" means a motor vehicle glass repair shop  
9 that does not have a current valid license issued under this chapter, that has had its license  
10 revoked or suspended, or that has surrendered its license under this chapter.

11 **5-38.5-4. Duties of the department of business regulation.** – (a) The department shall  
12 issue licenses as provided for in this chapter; and shall authorize the transfer of licenses and the  
13 establishment of new offices for previously licensed motor vehicle glass repair shops.

14 (b) Within one year of the effective date of this chapter, the department shall issue a  
15 motor vehicle glass repair license, without payment of fee, to any holder of a limited glass license  
16 for motor vehicle glass installation issued by the department who submits an application as  
17 outlined in this chapter; persons grandfathered under this subsection must be compliant with all  
18 provisions of this chapter within one year of the effective date of this chapter, or such license  
19 shall be revoked by the department.

20 (c) The department shall, in its discretion, conduct oversight of motor vehicle glass repair  
21 shops, including:

22 (1) Acting on complaints from consumers and law enforcement officials; and

23 (2) Revoking, suspending, or taking other disciplinary actions with respect to facilities,  
24 corporations, or persons licensed under this chapter.

25 (d) The department may adopt reasonable rules and regulations for the licensing of motor  
26 vehicle glass repair shops, similar to other collision repair shops.

27 (e) The department may establish, adopt, amend, and rescind rules, regulations,  
28 procedures, standards for sanitary, hygienic, and healthful conditions for work premises and  
29 facilities used by motor vehicle glass repair shops as necessary to carry out the provisions of this  
30 chapter.

31 (f) The department may establish minimum requirements for the certification of motor  
32 vehicle glass repair technicians consistent with current vehicle glass standards established by  
33 American National Standards Institute (ANSI) related to repair of laminated automotive glass and  
34 auto glass replacement and other recognized national or corporate training programs.

1 (g) Notwithstanding any provision or law to the contrary, this chapter shall not prohibit or  
2 restrict the installation or repair of motor vehicle glass by an auto body repair shop licensed by  
3 the department.

4 **5-38.5-5. Practices for which license is required.** – (a) An annual license shall be issued  
5 by the department to persons meeting the qualifications set by the department and paying the  
6 required fees.

7 (b) No person shall engage in motor vehicle glass repair, or advertise or represent in any  
8 form or manner that he, she, or it is a motor vehicle glass repair shop, unless such person  
9 possesses a current valid license to operate or conduct a motor vehicle glass repair shop issued  
10 under this chapter.

11 (c) Any motor vehicle glass repair to be performed in the state shall be performed by a  
12 licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop pursuant to this chapter.

13 **5-38.5-6. Applications for licenses.** – (a) Application for motor vehicle glass repair shop  
14 licenses shall be made to the department of business regulation in any form the department  
15 requires and shall be accompanied by the required fee and evidence of financial responsibility. In  
16 the application, the department:

17 (1) Shall require the name and address of the applicant and of any person having financial  
18 interest, direct or indirect, in the business to be conducted by the applicant, identify at least one  
19 natural person who is in charge of the operations of the applicant, and such other information as  
20 the director shall require;

21 (2) May require information relating to the applicant's financial standing, the applicant's  
22 business integrity, whether the applicant has an established place of business, whether the  
23 applicant is properly able to conduct the business of a motor vehicle glass repair shop, and any  
24 other pertinent information consistent with the safeguarding of the public interest in the locations  
25 in which the applicant proposes to engage in business, all of which may be considered by the  
26 department in determining whether the granting of that application is in the public interest.

27 (b) A person applying for licensing or renewal as a licensed motor vehicle glass repair  
28 shop shall:

29 (1)(i) Maintain a physical place of business within the state at which it has indoor  
30 facilities suitable to perform motor vehicle glass repair services and from which it may lawfully  
31 dispatch mobile service vans with the intention of performing glass repair services on a mobile  
32 basis; or

33 (ii) If providing motor vehicle glass repair services on a mobile-only basis, have access to  
34 indoor facilities licensed or subject to regulation under chapters 38, 38.3, or 38.5 of title 5 or

1 chapter 5 of title 31 at which services must be performed indoors during inclement weather, in  
2 accordance with the resin and adhesive manufacturer instructions, as well as ANSI standards.

3 (2) If using a mobile service van, register and insure such van as a commercial vehicle;

4 (3) If providing motor vehicle glass repair services, possess and maintain in working  
5 order the equipment necessary to provide motor vehicle windshield glass stone chip repair;

6 (4) If providing motor vehicle glass repair services, possess and maintain the equipment  
7 necessary to perform motor vehicle glass replacement services;

8 (5) Obtain all required local, state and federal licenses and permits, including a state sales  
9 tax identification number and a federal tax identification number;

10 (6) Not subcontract or sublet motor vehicle glass repair services to any other person or  
11 entity not in the employ of the licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop unless such person or  
12 entity is also a duly licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop.

13 **5-38.5-7. Duration of license - Renewal.** – (a) The department shall determine the term  
14 of each license issued pursuant to this chapter and may issue multi-year licenses with a fee for  
15 each year of licensure paid in full at issuance or renewal; provided, however, no license shall  
16 remain in force for a period in excess of three (3) years. All licenses shall be issued for the twelve  
17 (12) month period commencing on January 1 of each year, and the fee thereafter shall be at the  
18 full annual rate specified in § 5-38.5-8, regardless of the date of application or issuance of that  
19 license.

20 (b) Any fee for the initial issuance or renewal of a license issued pursuant to this chapter  
21 shall be determined by multiplying the current annual fee by the term of initial licensure or  
22 renewal. The total fee for the entire term of licensure or renewal shall be paid at the time of  
23 application for the license or renewal. The license shall be renewed upon payment of the renewal  
24 fee

25 **5-38.5-8. License fee.** – The license fee for each year shall be three hundred dollars  
26 (\$300). If an applicant desires to do business in more than one location, he, she, or it shall pay a  
27 separate fee of three hundred dollars (\$300) for each location authorized by the department. For  
28 the purposes of this section, the term "location" means a physical place of business at which a  
29 licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop has indoor facilities suitable to perform motor vehicle  
30 glass repair services, and shall not apply to locations where a licensed motor vehicle glass repair  
31 shop provides services on a mobile basis.

32 **5-38.5-9. Licenses – Content and display.** – (a) The license of motor vehicle glass  
33 repair shop shall specify the name of the holder of that business and the location at which  
34 business is conducted, shall not be transferable, may be exercised only by the person whose name

1 appears on the license, and must be conspicuously displayed at that location. The license number  
2 shall appear on all business communications, estimates, signs, business cards, and other written  
3 documentation relating to that business.

4 (b) No unlicensed motor vehicle glass repair shop shall display in its place of business  
5 any license or copy or facsimile of a license, nor shall it in any manner state that it is, or hold  
6 itself out to be, a licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop.

7 (c) Prior to its expiration date, a license may be suspended or revoked by the department  
8 in accordance with the procedure and on the grounds set forth in this chapter, or may be  
9 terminated by voluntary surrender by the license holder.

10 (d) Upon the expiration, termination or surrender of a license, the licensee shall deliver  
11 the license to the department who shall cancel the license and endorse the date of expiration,  
12 termination, or surrender on the certificate.

13 (e) The department shall open to public inspection either by keeping on file in convenient  
14 form or by publishing on the department's website a list of names and addresses of all motor  
15 vehicle glass repair shops licensed by the department, and the names of all persons whose  
16 licenses have been revoked, suspended or surrendered and the specific time for which such  
17 suspension, revocation or surrender became effective.

18 **5-38.5-10. Grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of licenses. –** The department  
19 may deny an application for license or suspend or revoke a license after it has been granted, for  
20 any of the following reasons:

21 (1) On proof of unfitness of the applicant to do business as a motor vehicle glass repair  
22 shop;

23 (2) For any misstatement by the applicant in his or her application for a license;

24 (3) For any failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter or with any rule or  
25 regulation promulgated by the department;

26 (4) For defrauding any customer;

27 (5) For dismantling any motor vehicle glass without the written authorization of the  
28 motor vehicle owner;

29 (6) For refusing to surrender any motor vehicle to its owner upon tender of payment of  
30 the proper charges for towing, storage, and work done on that motor vehicle;

31 (7) For having indulged in any unconscionable practice relating to the business as a motor  
32 vehicle glass repair shop;

33 (8) For willful failure to perform work as contracted for;

34 (9) For failure to comply with the safety standards of the industry;

1           (10) For the purchase of used vehicle parts from unlicensed entities; or

2           (11) For failure to comply with the requirements of displaying of licenses or notices  
3 required by this chapter.

4           **5-38.5-11. Procedure for suspension or revocation of license.** – No license shall be  
5 suspended or revoked except after a hearing before the department or a hearing officer appointed  
6 by the department. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the administrative  
7 procedures act, chapter 35 of title 42. The order to suspend or revoke that license shall not be  
8 effective for ten (10) days after written notice has been sent to the licensee.

9           **5-38.5-12. Right to appeal.** – Any licensee or applicant for license or other person in  
10 interest being aggrieved by the final order or decision of the department of business regulation  
11 has the right to appeal, pursuant to the administrative procedures act, chapter 35 of title 42.

12           **5-38.5-13. Records; repair bills - Disclosure.** – (a) Every licensed motor vehicle glass  
13 repair shop shall maintain records for each motor vehicle upon which motor vehicle glass repair  
14 services have been performed, showing the usage of all glass parts, major accessory parts,  
15 including moldings and major hardware component parts, and the adhesive system used in the  
16 motor vehicle glass repair. The record shall also include the brand, product number or name and  
17 lot and batch numbers for the adhesive system product used. The record shall be maintained for  
18 thirty-six (36) months or for so long as a warranty on the motor vehicle glass repair service  
19 performed is in effect, whichever is longer.

20           (b) Each repair bill shall:

21           (1) Contain the motor vehicle glass repair shop license number and the license number of  
22 any other facility where motor vehicle glass repair services are performed on the motor vehicle;

23           (2) Contain an itemized listing of the usage of all glass parts, major accessory parts,  
24 including moldings and major hardware component parts, and the adhesive system used in the  
25 motor vehicle glass repair;

26           (3) Include the brand, product number or name and lot and batch numbers for the  
27 adhesive system product used;

28           (4) Include a certification under the penalties of perjury that the repairs to a particular  
29 vehicle have actually been made and were completed by a licensed shop and certified technician  
30 as determined by the department; and

31           (5) Advise the consumer of post-repair practices and the appropriate drive away time that  
32 may be necessary to insure safe operation of the vehicle.

33           (c) Upon request of a consumer, a licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop shall disclose  
34 all information relating to the charges for repair or replacement services, including the amount of

1 the charges, the identification and line item charges for the parts provided and verification of the  
2 parts used, regardless of whether the amount is paid by the consumer or billed to the consumer's  
3 insurance company.

4 **5-38.5-14. Responsibility of licensee for acts of agents.** – If a licensee is a firm or  
5 corporation, it is sufficient cause for the suspension or revocation of a license that any officer,  
6 director, or trustee of the firm or corporation or any member, in the case of a partnership, has  
7 been found by the department of business regulation guilty of any act or omission which would  
8 be cause for refusing, suspending, or revoking a license to that party as an individual. Each  
9 licensee shall be responsible for the acts of any salesperson or any person acting as the agent for  
10 that licensee, and for the acts of any salesperson, estimator, or other employee acting as the agent  
11 for that licensee.

12 **5-38.5-15. Reimbursement fee.** – The director of the department may assess a motor  
13 vehicle glass repair shop for reimbursement of the department's actual expenses for the  
14 investigation and hearing of significant motor vehicle glass repair shop matters. An assessment  
15 may be sought in the event that a motor vehicle glass repair shop does not prevail after a final  
16 judicial appeal.

17 **5-38.5-16. Prohibited practices.** – (a) No licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop or  
18 other person shall:

19 (1) Advertise for motor vehicle glass repair services in the state without including its  
20 license number issued by the department as part of the advertisement.

21 (2) Make any false or fraudulent statement in connection with any motor vehicle glass  
22 repair or attempt to collect for a motor vehicle glass repair; or without lawful authority, prevent  
23 the owner of a motor vehicle from recovering the same.

24 (3) Knowingly submit a claim to an insurer or a third-party administrator for vehicle glass  
25 repair, replacement or for related-services:

26 (i) If the vehicle glass was not damaged prior to repair or replacement;

27 (ii) If the services were not provided;

28 (iii) Showing work performed in a geographical area that in fact was not the location  
29 where the services were provided and that results in a higher payment than would otherwise be  
30 paid to the person by the policyholder's insurer;

31 (iv) Without having authorization by the owner, lessee, or insured driver of the vehicle  
32 for the repair of the vehicle;

33 (v) Showing work performed on a date other than the date the work was actually  
34 performed and resulting in a change of insurance coverage status; or

- 1           (vi) Making any other material misrepresentation related to any vehicle glass services  
2 provided.
- 3           (4) Advise a policyholder to falsify the date of damage to the vehicle glass that results in  
4 a change of insurance coverage for repair or replacement of the vehicle glass.
- 5           (5) Falsely sign, on behalf of a policyholder or another person, a work order, insurance  
6 assignment form, or other related form in order to submit a claim to an insurer for vehicle glass  
7 repair or replacement or for related services.
- 8           (6) Knowingly misrepresent to a policyholder or other person:
- 9           (i) The price of the proposed repairs or replacement being billed to the policyholder's  
10 insurer; and
- 11           (ii) That the insurer has authorized the repairs or replacement of the glass of the insured  
12 vehicle.
- 13           (7) Represent to a policyholder or other person that the repair or replacement will be paid  
14 for entirely by the policyholder's insurer and at no cost or "free" to the policyholder unless the  
15 insurance coverage has been verified by an authorized representative of the insurer.
- 16           (8) Add to the damage of vehicle glass before repair in order to increase the scope of  
17 repair or replacement or encourage a policyholder or other person to add to the damage of vehicle  
18 glass before repair.
- 19           (9) Perform work clearly and substantially beyond the level of work necessary to repair  
20 or replace the vehicle glass to return the vehicle back to a safe pre-loss condition.
- 21           (10) Perform work as an unlicensed motor vehicle glass repair shop.
- 22           (11) Perform work inconsistent with standards established by the American National  
23 Standards Institute (ANSI) related to repair of laminated automotive glass and auto glass  
24 replacement.
- 25           (b) It is unlawful for a person who sells or repairs and replaces motor vehicle glass to  
26 intentionally misrepresent the relationship of the licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop to an  
27 insurer.
- 28           (c) A licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop, including any agent, contractor, vendor,  
29 representative, or anyone acting on its behalf, must not:
- 30           (1) Threaten, coerce, or intimidate a person to file a claim for motor vehicle glass repair  
31 or replacement.
- 32           (2) Engage in unfair or deceptive practices to induce a person to file a motor vehicle glass  
33 repair claim.
- 34           (3) Induce a person to file a motor vehicle glass repair claim when the damage to the



1 motor vehicle glass is insufficient to warrant vehicle glass repair or replacement.

2 (4) Perform motor vehicle glass repair or replacement services under an insurance policy  
3 without first obtaining insurer approval.

4 (d) A violation of this section is subject to enforcement under this chapter.

5 **5-38.5-17. Civil penalties for violations.** – In addition to every other power granted to  
6 the department of business regulation, the department may fine a licensee not more than one  
7 hundred dollars (\$100) for any violation or failure to comply with the provisions of this chapter or  
8 with any rule or regulation promulgated by the department.

9 **5-38.5-18. Criminal penalties for violations – Injunctive relief.** – (a) Any person, firm,  
10 or corporation required to be licensed under this chapter who conducts a motor vehicle glass  
11 repair shop business without obtaining a license, or who after the denial, suspension, or  
12 revocation of a license conducts that business, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon  
13 conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or  
14 imprisonment for not more than one year, or both; for a second conviction, is guilty of a felony  
15 and shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)  
16 and not more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or by imprisonment for not more than two (2)  
17 years, or both; and for a third and subsequent conviction, is guilty of a felony and shall, upon  
18 conviction, be punished by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), or imprisonment  
19 for not less than two (2) years nor more than five (5) years, or both. For the purposes of this  
20 section, a plea of nolo contendere with probation shall be considered a conviction.

21 (b) If the department has reason to believe that any person, firm, corporation, or  
22 association is conducting a motor vehicle glass repair shop business without obtaining a license,  
23 or who after the denial, suspension, or revocation of a license is conducting that business, the  
24 department may issue its order to that person, firm, corporation, or association commanding them  
25 to appear before the department at a hearing to be held not sooner than ten (10) days after  
26 issuance of that order to show cause why the department should not issue an order to that person  
27 to cease and desist from the violation of the provisions of this chapter. That order to show cause  
28 may be served on any person, firm, corporation, or association named by any person in the same  
29 manner that a summons in a civil action may be served, or by mailing a copy of the order,  
30 certified mail, return receipt requested, to that person at any address at which that person has done  
31 business or at which that person lives. If during that hearing the department is satisfied that the  
32 person is in fact violating any provision of this chapter, the department may order that person, in  
33 writing, to cease and desist from that violation. All hearings herein are governed in accordance  
34 with the administrative procedures act, chapter 35 of title 42. If that person fails to comply with

1 [an order of the department after being afforded a hearing, the superior court for Providence](#)  
2 [County has jurisdiction upon complaint of the department to restrain and enjoin that person from](#)  
3 [violating this chapter.](#)

4 **5-38.5-19. Severability.** – [The provisions of this chapter are severable; and if any of the](#)  
5 [provisions are held to be invalid, the decision of the court respecting that provision or provisions](#)  
6 [shall not affect the validity of any other provision, which can be given effect without that invalid](#)  
7 [provision.](#)

8 SECTION 2. Section 27-29-4 of the General Laws in Chapter 27-29 entitled "Unfair  
9 Competition and Practices" is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 **27-29-4. Unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices**  
11 **defined.** -- The following are defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive  
12 acts or practices in the business of insurance:

13 (1) Misrepresentations and false advertising of policies or contracts. - Making, issuing,  
14 circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or  
15 statement, sales presentation, omission, or comparison misrepresenting the terms of any policy  
16 issued or to be issued or the benefits, conditions, or advantages promised by any policy or the  
17 dividends or share of the surplus to be received on any policy, or making any false or misleading  
18 statement as to the dividends or share of surplus previously paid on any policy, or making any  
19 misleading representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer, or  
20 as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer operates, or using any name or title of  
21 any policy or class of policies misrepresenting the true nature of that policy or class of policies, or  
22 making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured in any company including any  
23 intentional misquote of a premium rate, for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce the  
24 policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his or her insurance, or misrepresenting for the purpose  
25 of effecting a pledge or assignment of or effecting a loan against any policy, or misrepresenting  
26 any policy as being share or stock;

27 (2) False information and advertising generally. - Making, publishing, disseminating,  
28 circulating, or placing before the public or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made, published,  
29 disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public in a newspaper, magazine, or other  
30 publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or  
31 television station, or in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement containing  
32 any assertion, representation, or statement with respect to the business of insurance or with  
33 respect to any person in the conduct of his or her insurance business which is untrue, deceptive,  
34 or misleading;

1           (3) Defamation. - Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or  
2 indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making, publishing, disseminating, or  
3 circulating of any oral or written statement or any pamphlet, circular, article of literature which is  
4 false or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial condition of an insurer, and which is  
5 calculated to injure any person engaged in the business of insurance;

6           (4) Boycott, coercion, and intimidation. - Entering into any agreement to commit, or by  
7 any concerted action committing, any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation resulting in or  
8 tending to result in unreasonable restraint of, or monopoly in, the business of insurance;

9           (5) (i) False financial statements. - Knowingly filing with any supervisory or other public  
10 official, or knowingly making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,  
11 or placing before the public or causing directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated,  
12 circulated, delivered to any person, or placed before the public any false material statement of  
13 financial condition of an insurer; or

14           (ii) Knowingly making any false entry of a material fact in any book, report, or statement  
15 of any insurer or knowingly omitting to make a true entry of any material fact pertaining to the  
16 business of the insurer in any book, report, or statement of the insurer;

17           (6) Stock operations and advisory board contracts. - Issuing or delivering or permitting  
18 agents, officers, or employees to issue or deliver agency company stock or other capital stock, or  
19 benefit certificates or shares in any common law corporation, or securities of any special or  
20 advisory board contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and profits as an  
21 inducement to insurance;

22           (7) (i) Unfair discrimination. - Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between  
23 individuals of the same class and equal expectation of life in the rates charged for any policy of  
24 life insurance or of life annuity or in the dividends or other benefits payable on any such policy or  
25 life annuity, or in any other of the terms and conditions of the policy; or

26           (ii) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between individuals of the same  
27 class and of essentially the same hazard in the amount of premium, policy fees, or rates charged  
28 for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in the benefits payable under any  
29 policy or contract, or in any of the terms or conditions of that policy, or in any other manner;

30           (iii) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the  
31 same class and of essentially the same hazards by refusing to issue, refusing to renew, canceling,  
32 or limiting the amount of insurance coverage on a property or casualty risk because of the  
33 geographic location of the risk, unless:

34           (A) The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is for a business purpose that is not a pretext

1 for unfair discrimination; or

2 (B) The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is required by law or regulation;

3 (iv) Making or permitting any unfair discrimination between individuals or risks of the  
4 same class and of essentially the same hazards by refusing to issue, refusing to renew, canceling,  
5 or limiting the amount of insurance coverage on a residential property risk, or the personal  
6 property contained in the residential property risk, because of the age of the residential property,  
7 unless:

8 (A) The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is for a business purpose that is not a pretext  
9 for unfair discrimination; or

10 (B) The refusal, cancellation, or limitation is required by law or regulation;

11 (v) Refusing to insure, refusing to continue to insure, or limiting the amount of coverage  
12 available to an individual because of the sex or marital status of the individual; nothing in this  
13 subsection shall prohibit an insurer from taking marital status into account for the purpose of  
14 defining persons eligible for dependent benefits; or

15 (vi) To terminate, or to modify coverage, or to refuse to issue or refuse to renew any  
16 property or casualty policy solely because the applicant or insured or any employee of either is  
17 mentally or physically impaired; provided, that this subsection shall not apply to accident and  
18 health insurance sold by a casualty insurer and, provided that this subsection shall not be  
19 interpreted to modify any other provision of law relating to the termination, modification,  
20 issuance or renewal of any insurance policy or contract;

21 (8) (i) Rebates. - Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly permitting  
22 or offering to make or making any policy or agreement as to the policy other than as plainly  
23 expressed in the policy issued on it, or paying or allowing or giving or offering to pay, allow, or  
24 give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to the policy, any rebate of premiums payable on the  
25 policy, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits on the policy, or any  
26 valuable consideration or inducement not specified in the policy, or giving, selling, or purchasing  
27 or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to the policy, or in connection with the policy,  
28 any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association,  
29 or partnership, or any dividends or profits accrued on the security, or anything of value not  
30 specified in the policy;

31 (ii) Nothing in subdivision (7) of this section or paragraph (i) of this subdivision shall be  
32 construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following  
33 practices:

34 (A) In the case of any contract of life insurance policies or life annuity, annuities paying

1 bonuses to policyholders or abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated  
2 from nonparticipating insurance; provided, that any bonuses or abatement of premiums shall be  
3 fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders;

4 (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making  
5 allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium  
6 payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in  
7 collection expenses; and

8 (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss  
9 or expense experience under it, at the end of the first or any subsequent policy year of insurance  
10 under the policy, which may be made retroactive only for the policy year;

11 (9) (i) Free choice of insurance producer or insurer. - When any person, firm, or  
12 corporation engaged in the business of lending money on the security of real or personal property,  
13 or in the business of negotiating, purchasing, selling, or holding loans on the security of real  
14 property, or in the business of building, selling, or financing the sale or purchase of real property,  
15 or any trustee, director, officer, agent, or other employee of that person, firm, or corporation,  
16 requires that property insurance be procured for the property, the borrower, debtor, or purchaser  
17 shall have free choice of insurance producer and insurer through or by which the insurance is to  
18 be placed or written, subject only to the right of the builder, creditor, lender, or seller:

19 (A) To require evidence, to be produced at a reasonable time prior to commencement or  
20 renewal of risk, that the insurance providing reasonable coverage has been obtained in an amount  
21 equal to the amount required by the builder, creditor, lender, or seller;

22 (B) To require insurance in an insurer authorized to do business and having a licensed  
23 resident insurance producer agent in this state; and

24 (C) To refuse to accept insurance in a particular insurer on reasonable grounds related to  
25 solvency;

26 (ii) When any contractor or subcontractor is required to procure a surety bond or policy  
27 of insurance with respect to any building or construction contract which is about to be, or which  
28 has been bid or entered into, the contractor or subcontractor shall have free choice of insurance  
29 producer and insurer through or by which the surety bond or insurance is to be written; provided,  
30 that the owner or contractor shall have the right: (A) to require evidence, to be produced at a  
31 reasonable time prior to commencement or renewal of risk, that the insurance providing  
32 reasonable coverage has been obtained in an amount equal to the amount required by the builder,  
33 creditor, lender, or seller; (B) to require insurance in an insurer authorized to do business and  
34 having a licensed resident insurance producer in this state; and (C) to refuse to accept insurance in

1 a particular insurer on reasonable grounds related to solvency; provided, that the owner or  
2 contractor shall have the right to approve the form, sufficiency, or manner of execution of the  
3 surety bond or policy or insurance furnished by the insurance company or insurance producer  
4 selected by the contractor or subcontractor;

5 (iii) No person who lends money or extends credit may:

6 (A) Solicit insurance for the protection of real property after a person indicates interest in  
7 securing a first mortgage credit extension until that person has received a commitment in writing  
8 from the lender as to a loan or credit extension;

9 (B) Unreasonably reject a policy furnished by the borrower for the protection of the  
10 property securing the creditor lien. A rejection shall not be deemed unreasonable if it is based on  
11 reasonable standards, uniformly applied, relating to the extent of coverage required and the  
12 financial soundness and the services of an insurer. The standards shall not discriminate against  
13 any particular type of insurer, nor shall the standards call for rejection of a policy because it  
14 contains coverage in addition to that required in the credit transaction;

15 (C) Require that any borrower, mortgagor, purchaser, insurer, or insurance producer pay  
16 a separate charge, in connection with the handling of any policy required as security for a loan on  
17 real estate, or pay a separate charge to substitute the policy of one insurer for that of another. This  
18 subsection does not include the interest that may be charged on premium loans or premium  
19 advancements in accordance with the terms of the loan or credit document;

20 (D) Use or disclose, without the prior written consent of the borrower, mortgagor, or  
21 purchaser taken at a time other than the making of the loan or extension of credit, information  
22 relative to a policy which is required by the credit transaction, for the purpose of replacing the  
23 insurance; or

24 (E) Require any procedures or conditions of duly licensed insurance producers or  
25 insurers not customarily required of those insurance producers or insurers affiliated or in any way  
26 connected with the person who lends money or extends credit;

27 (iv) Every person who lends money or extends credit and who solicits insurance on real  
28 and personal property subject to paragraph (iii) of this subdivision shall explain to the borrower in  
29 writing that the insurance related to the credit extension may be purchased from an insurer or  
30 insurance producer of the borrower's choice, subject only to the lender's right to reject a given  
31 insurer or insurance producer as provided in paragraph (iii)(B) of this subdivision. Compliance  
32 with disclosures as to insurance required by truth in lending laws or comparable state laws shall  
33 be compliance with this subsection;

34 (v) This requirement for a commitment shall not apply in cases where the premium for

1 the required insurance is to be financed as part of the loan or extension of credit involving  
2 personal property transactions;

3 (vi) The commissioner shall have the power to examine and investigate those insurance  
4 related activities of any person or insurer that the commissioner believes may be in violation of  
5 this section. Any affected person may submit to the commissioner a complaint or material  
6 pertinent to the enforcement of this section;

7 (vii) Nothing in this section shall prevent a person who lends money or extends credit  
8 from placing insurance on real or personal property in the event the mortgagor, borrower, or  
9 purchaser has failed to provide required insurance in accordance with the terms of the loan or  
10 credit document;

11 (viii) Nothing contained in this section shall apply to credit life or credit accident and  
12 health insurance.

13 (10) Notice of free choice of insurance producer or insurer. - Every debtor, borrower, or  
14 purchaser of property with respect to which insurance of any kind on the property is required in  
15 connection with a debt or loan secured by the property or in connection with the sale of the  
16 property, shall be informed in writing by the builder, creditor, lender, or seller, of his or her right  
17 of free choice in the selection of the insurance producer and insurer through or by which the  
18 insurance is to be placed. There shall be no interference, either directly or indirectly, with the  
19 borrower's, debtor's, or purchaser's free choice of an insurance procedure and of an insurer which  
20 complies with the requirements of this section, and the builder, creditor, lender, seller, owner, or  
21 contractor shall not refuse the policy tendered by the borrower, debtor, purchaser, contractor, or  
22 subcontractor. Upon notice of any refusal of the tendered policy, the insurance commissioner  
23 shall order the builder, creditor, lender, seller, owner, or contractor to accept the tendered policy,  
24 if the commissioner determines that the refusal is not in accordance with the requirements of this  
25 section. Failure to comply with an order of the insurance commissioner shall be deemed a  
26 violation of this section;

27 (11) Using insurance information to detriment of another. - Whenever the instrument  
28 requires that the purchaser, mortgagor, or borrower furnish insurance of any kind on real property  
29 being conveyed or is collateral security to a loan, the mortgagee, vendor, or lender shall refrain  
30 from disclosing or using any and all insurance information to his or her or its own advantage and  
31 to the detriment of either the borrower, purchaser, mortgagor, insurance company, or agency  
32 complying with the requirements relating to insurance;

33 (12) Prohibited group enrollments. - No insurer shall offer more than one group policy of  
34 insurance through any person unless that person is licensed, at a minimum, as an insurance

1 producer. This prohibition shall not apply to employer-employee relationships, or to any of these  
2 enrollments;

3 (13) Failure to maintain complaint handling procedures. - No insurer shall fail to  
4 maintain a complete record of all the complaints it received since the date of its last examination  
5 pursuant to the general laws providing for examination of insurers. This record shall indicate the  
6 total number of complaints, their classification by line of insurance, the nature of each complaint,  
7 the disposition of each complaint, and the time it took to process each complaint. For the  
8 purposes of this subsection, "complaint" means any written communication primarily expressing  
9 a grievance;

10 (14) Misrepresentation in insurance applications. - Making false or fraudulent statements  
11 or representations on or relative to an application for a policy, for the purpose of obtaining a fee,  
12 commission, money, or other benefit from any insurers, insurance producer, or individual person;  
13 and

14 (15) Requiring that repairs be made to an automobile at a specified auto body repair shop  
15 or interfering with the insured's or claimant's free choice of repair facility. - The insured or  
16 claimant shall be promptly informed by the insurer of his or her free choice in the selection of an  
17 auto body repair shop. Once the insured or claimant has advised the insurer that an auto body  
18 repair shop has been selected, the insurer may not recommend that a different auto body repair  
19 shop be selected to repair the automobile. An auto body repair shop may file a complaint with the  
20 department of business regulation alleging a violation of this subdivision (15). Whenever the  
21 department of business regulation has reason to believe that an insurer has violated this  
22 subdivision (15), the department shall conduct an investigation and may convene a hearing. A  
23 complaint filed by an auto body repair shop must be accompanied by a statement written and  
24 signed by the insured or claimant setting forth the factual basis of the complaint, and the insured  
25 or claimant must voluntarily appear and testify at any administrative proceedings on the  
26 complaint.

27 (16) Requiring that motor vehicle glass repair be made at a specified motor vehicle glass  
28 repair shop or interfering with the insured's or claimant's free choice of a licensed repair facility.  
29 The insured or claimant shall be promptly informed by the insurer of his or her free choice in the  
30 selection of a licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop. The insurer shall not require a person to  
31 use or employ unfair or deceptive acts or practices, threaten, coerce or intimidate to induce a  
32 person to use or select a particular licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop to provide motor  
33 vehicle glass repair services. An insurer shall not knowingly contract with, refer motor vehicle  
34 glass repair services to, or otherwise negotiate with an unlicensed motor vehicle glass repair shop,



1 as defined in chapter 38.5 of title 5. Once the insured or claimant has advised the insurer that a  
2 motor vehicle glass repair shop has been selected, the insurer may not recommend that a different  
3 motor vehicle glass repair shop be selected to repair the motor vehicle glass, and an insurer shall  
4 not assign or dispatch the repair work or forward a related policy or policyholder's contact or  
5 repair scheduling information to a different licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop without the  
6 knowledge and consent of the insured. An insured may at any point in time elect to change the  
7 insured's choice of licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop. However, an insurer authorized to  
8 conduct business in the state may provide directly or through other means, including electronic  
9 transmissions, specific truthful and non-deceptive information regarding the features and benefits  
10 available to the insured under the policy to assist the insured in selecting a licensed motor vehicle  
11 glass repair shop or scheduling a licensed motor vehicle glass repair shop to perform motor  
12 vehicle glass repair, or enter into any preferred provider agreements and/or participate in direct  
13 repair programs or direct repair networks with licensed motor vehicle glass repair shops. A motor  
14 vehicle glass repair shop may file a complaint with the department of business regulation alleging  
15 a violation of subsection (16) of this section. Whenever the department of business regulation has  
16 reason to believe that an insurer has violated subsection (16) of this section, the department shall  
17 conduct an investigation and may convene a hearing. A complaint filed by a motor vehicle glass  
18 repair shop must be accompanied by a statement written and signed by the insured or claimant  
19 setting forth the factual basis of the complaint, and the insured or claimant must voluntarily  
20 appear and testify at any administrative proceedings on the complaint.

21 SECTION 3. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2016.

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LC001242/SUB B  
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EXPLANATION  
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL  
OF

A N A C T

RELATING TO BUSINESSES AND PROFESSIONS - MOTOR VEHICLE GLASS REPAIR  
AND REPLACEMENT

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- 1           This act would create a procedure for the licensing of motor vehicle glass repair or
- 2 replacement shops.
- 3           This act would take effect on January 1, 2016.

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LC001242/SUB B  
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