# Senate Bill 525

Sponsored by Senator MONNES ANDERSON, Representatives WILLIAMSON, VEGA PEDERSON, LININGER, PILUSO; Senators DEVLIN, STEINER HAYWARD, Representatives HUFFMAN, SMITH WARNER

### SUMMARY

The following summary is not prepared by the sponsors of the measure and is not a part of the body thereof subject to consideration by the Legislative Assembly. It is an editor's brief statement of the essential features of the measure as introduced.

Prohibits possession of firearm or ammunition by person who is subject to restraining order issued by court under Family Abuse Prevention Act or who has been convicted of certain misdemeanor crimes involving domestic violence. Punishes unlawful possession of firearm by pro-hibited person by maximum of one year's imprisonment, \$6,250 fine, or both.

Provides for procedure for relief from prohibition.

## 1

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT

2 Relating to possession of firearms by certain persons; creating new provisions; and amending ORS 166.250 and 166.274. 3

4 Be It Enacted by the People of the State of Oregon:

5 SECTION 1. Section 2 of this 2015 Act is added to and made a part of ORS 166.250 to 166.270. 6

7 SECTION 2. (1) It is unlawful for a person to knowingly possess a firearm or ammunition 8 if:

(a) The person is the subject of a restraining order issued by a court pursuant to ORS 9 107.700 to 107.735 that was continued after a hearing for which the person had actual notice 10 and during the course of which the person had an opportunity to be heard; or 11

12 (b) The person has been convicted of a qualifying misdemeanor crime involving domestic violence. 13

(2) The prohibition described in subsection (1) of this section does not apply with respect 14 to the transportation, shipment, receipt, possession or importation of any firearm or am-15munition imported for, sold or shipped to or issued for the use of the United States Gov-16 ernment or any federal department or agency, or any state or department, agency or 1718 political subdivision of a state.

(3) As used in this section: 19

(a) "Convicted" means: 20

(A) The person was represented by counsel or knowingly and intelligently waived the 2122 right to counsel;

(B) The case was tried to a jury, if the crime was one for which the person was entitled 2324 to a jury trial, or the person knowingly and intelligently waived the person's right to a jury 25 trial; and

26 (C) The conviction has not been set aside or expunged, and the person has not been 27pardoned.

(b) "Deadly weapon" has the meaning given that term in ORS 161.015. 28

29 (c) "Family or household member" has the meaning given that term in ORS 135.230.  $\rm SB~525$ 

1	(d) "Possess" has the meaning given that term in ORS 161.015.
2	(e) "Qualifying misdemeanor crime involving domestic violence" means any of the fol-
3	lowing crimes committed against a family or household member:
4	(A) Assault in the fourth degree, as described in ORS 163.160, or attempted assault in the
5	fourth degree.
6	(B) Strangulation, as described in ORS 163.187, or attempted strangulation.
7	(C) Any other misdemeanor that involves as an element of the crime the use of physical
8	force or a deadly weapon.
9	SECTION 2. ORS 166.250 is amended to read:
10	166.250. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section or ORS 166.260, 166.270, 166.274,
11	166.291, 166.292 or 166.410 to 166.470 or section 5, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2009, a person commits
12	the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm if the person knowingly:
13	(a) Carries any firearm concealed upon the person;
14	(b) Possesses a handgun that is concealed and readily accessible to the person within any vehi-
15	cle; or
16	(c) Possesses a firearm and:
17	(A) Is under 18 years of age;
18	(B)(i) While a minor, was found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court for having
19	committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony or a misdemeanor in-
20	volving violence, as defined in ORS 166.470; and
21	(ii) Was discharged from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court within four years prior to being
22	charged under this section;
23	(C) Has been convicted of a felony;
24	(D) Was committed to the Oregon Health Authority under ORS 426.130;
25	(E) Was found to be a person with mental illness and subject to an order under ORS 426.130 that
26	the person be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm as a result of that mental illness;
27	
28	(F) Has been found guilty except for insanity under ORS 161.295 of a felony[.]; or
29	(G) The possession of the firearm by the person is prohibited under section 2 of this 2015
30 21	Act.
31 32	<ul><li>(2) This section does not prohibit:</li><li>(a) A minor, who is not otherwise prohibited under subsection (1)(c) of this section, from pos-</li></ul>
33	sessing a firearm:
34	(A) Other than a handgun, if the firearm was transferred to the minor by the minor's parent or
35	guardian or by another person with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian; or
36	(B) Temporarily for hunting, target practice or any other lawful purpose; or
37	(b) Any citizen of the United States over the age of 18 years who resides in or is temporarily
38	sojourning within this state, and who is not within the excepted classes prescribed by ORS 166.270
39	and subsection (1) of this section, from owning, possessing or keeping within the person's place of
40	residence or place of business any handgun, and no permit or license to purchase, own, possess or
41	keep any such firearm at the person's place of residence or place of business is required of any such
42	citizen. As used in this subsection, "residence" includes a recreational vessel or recreational vehicle
43	while used, for whatever period of time, as residential quarters.
44	(3) Firearms carried openly in belt holsters are not concealed within the meaning of this section.
45	(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a handgun is readily ac-

cessible within the meaning of this section if the handgun is within the passenger compartment of 1 2 the vehicle. (b) If a vehicle, other than a vehicle described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, has no storage 3 location that is outside the passenger compartment of the vehicle, a handgun is not readily acces-4 sible within the meaning of this section if: 5 (A) The handgun is stored in a closed and locked glove compartment, center console or other 6 7 container; and (B) The key is not inserted into the lock, if the glove compartment, center console or other 8 9 container unlocks with a key. 10 (c) If a vehicle is a motorcycle, an all-terrain vehicle or a snowmobile, a handgun is not readily accessible within the meaning of this section if: 11 12(A) The handgun is in a locked container within or affixed to the vehicle; or 13 (B) The handgun is equipped with a trigger lock or other locking mechanism that prevents the discharge of the firearm. 14 15 (5) Unlawful possession of a firearm is a Class A misdemeanor. SECTION 3. ORS 166.250, as amended by section 11a, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2009, section 16 2, chapter 662, Oregon Laws 2011, and section 7, chapter 360, Oregon Laws 2013, is amended to 17 read: 18 19 166.250. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section or ORS 166.260, 166.270, 166.274, 20166.291, 166.292 or 166.410 to 166.470, a person commits the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm 21if the person knowingly: 22(a) Carries any firearm concealed upon the person; 23(b) Possesses a handgun that is concealed and readily accessible to the person within any vehicle: or 24 25(c) Possesses a firearm and: (A) Is under 18 years of age; 2627(B)(i) While a minor, was found to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court for having committed an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony or a misdemeanor in-28volving violence, as defined in ORS 166.470; and 2930 (ii) Was discharged from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court within four years prior to being 31 charged under this section; 32(C) Has been convicted of a felony; (D) Was committed to the Oregon Health Authority under ORS 426.130; 33 34 (E) Was found to be a person with mental illness and subject to an order under ORS 426.130 that 35 the person be prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm as a result of that mental illness; [or]36 37 (F) Has been found guilty except for insanity under ORS 161.295 of a felony[.]; or 38 (G) The possession of the firearm by the person is prohibited under section 2 of this 2015 Act. 39 (2) This section does not prohibit: 40 (a) A minor, who is not otherwise prohibited under subsection (1)(c) of this section, from pos-41 sessing a firearm: 42 (A) Other than a handgun, if the firearm was transferred to the minor by the minor's parent or 43 guardian or by another person with the consent of the minor's parent or guardian; or 44 (B) Temporarily for hunting, target practice or any other lawful purpose; or 45

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(b) Any citizen of the United States over the age of 18 years who resides in or is temporarily sojourning within this state, and who is not within the excepted classes prescribed by ORS 166.270 and subsection (1) of this section, from owning, possessing or keeping within the person's place of residence or place of business any handgun, and no permit or license to purchase, own, possess or keep any such firearm at the person's place of residence or place of business is required of any such citizen. As used in this subsection, "residence" includes a recreational vessel or recreational vehicle while used, for whatever period of time, as residential quarters.

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(3) Firearms carried openly in belt holsters are not concealed within the meaning of this section.

9 (4)(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subsection, a handgun is readily ac-10 cessible within the meaning of this section if the handgun is within the passenger compartment of 11 the vehicle.

(b) If a vehicle, other than a vehicle described in paragraph (c) of this subsection, has no storage
location that is outside the passenger compartment of the vehicle, a handgun is not readily accessible within the meaning of this section if:

(A) The handgun is stored in a closed and locked glove compartment, center console or othercontainer; and

(B) The key is not inserted into the lock, if the glove compartment, center console or othercontainer unlocks with a key.

(c) If the vehicle is a motorcycle, an all-terrain vehicle or a snowmobile, a handgun is not
 readily accessible within the meaning of this section if:

21 (A) The handgun is in a locked container within or affixed to the vehicle; or

(B) The handgun is equipped with a trigger lock or other locking mechanism that prevents thedischarge of the firearm.

24 (5) Unlawful possession of a firearm is a Class A misdemeanor.

25 SECTION 4. ORS 166.274 is amended to read:

166.274. (1) Except as provided in subsection (11) of this section, a person barred from possessing
or purchasing a firearm may file a petition for relief from the bar in accordance with subsection (2)
of this section if:

(a) The person is barred from possessing a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c)(A), [or] (C) or (G)
 or 166.270; or

31 (b) The person is barred from purchasing a firearm under ORS 166.470 (1)(a), (b) or (g).

(2) A petition for relief described in this section must be filed in the circuit court in thepetitioner's county of residence.

34 (3) A person may apply once per calendar year for relief under the provisions of this section.

35 (4)(a) A person petitioning for relief under this section shall serve a copy of the petition on:

36 (A) The city chief of police if the court in which the petition is filed is located in a city; or

37 (B) The sheriff of the county in which the court is located.

(b) The copy of the petition shall be served on the chief of police or sheriff at the same time thepetition is filed at the court.

40 (5)(a) When a petition is denied, the judge shall cause that information to be entered into the 41 Department of State Police computerized criminal history files.

(b) When a petition is granted, the judge shall cause that information and a fingerprint card of
the petitioner to be entered into the Department of State Police computerized criminal history files.
If, after a petition is granted, the petitioner is arrested and convicted of a crime that would disqualify the petitioner from purchasing or possessing a firearm, the Department of State Police shall

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notify the court that granted relief under this section. The court shall review the order granting
relief and determine whether to rescind the order. The Department of State Police may charge a
reasonable fee, under ORS 192.440, for the entry and maintenance of information under this section.

4 (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 9.320, a corporation, the state or any city, county, 5 district or other political subdivision or public corporation in this state, without appearance by at-6 torney, may appear as a party to an action under this section.

7 (7) If the petitioner seeks relief from the bar on possessing or purchasing a firearm, relief shall
8 be granted when the petitioner demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that the petitioner
9 does not pose a threat to the safety of the public or the petitioner.

10 (8) Petitions filed under this section shall be heard and disposed of within 15 judicial days of 11 filing or as soon as is practicable thereafter, but not more than 30 days thereafter. The judge shall 12 then make findings and conclusions and issue a judgment based on the findings and conclusions in 13 accordance with the requirements of law.

(9) A person filing a petition under this section must pay the filing fee established under ORS21.135.

(10)(a) Initial appeals of petitions shall be heard de novo.

(b) Any party to a judgment under this subsection may appeal to the Court of Appeals in the same manner as for any other civil action.

(c) If the governmental entity files an appeal under this subsection and does not prevail, it shall
be ordered to pay the attorney fees for the prevailing party.

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(11) The court may not grant relief under this section to a person who:

(a) Has been convicted of a person felony, as that term is defined in the rules of the Oregon
Criminal Justice Commission, or the statutory counterpart to a person felony in any other jurisdiction, if the offense involved the use of a firearm or a deadly weapon as defined in ORS 161.015;

(b) Has been convicted of an offense listed in ORS 137.700 or the statutory counterpart to an
 offense listed in ORS 137.700 in any other jurisdiction; or

(c) Is currently serving a felony sentence as defined in ORS 10.030 or has served a felony sentence in the one-year period preceding the filing of the petition.

SECTION 5. ORS 166.274, as amended by section 20, chapter 826, Oregon Laws 2009, section
 3, chapter 86, Oregon Laws 2010, section 60, chapter 595, Oregon Laws 2011, and section 4, chapter
 662, Oregon Laws 2011, is amended to read:

166.274. (1) Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, a person barred from possessing a firearm under ORS 166.250 (1)(c)(A), [or] (C) to (E) or (G) or 166.270 or barred from purchasing a firearm under ORS 166.470 (1)(a), (b) or (e) to (g) may file a petition for relief from the bar in the circuit court in the petitioner's county of residence.

36 (2) A person may apply once per calendar year for relief under the provisions of this section.

37 (3)(a) A person petitioning for relief under this section shall serve a copy of the petition on:

38 (A) The city chief of police if the court in which the petition is filed is located in a city; or

39 (B) The sheriff of the county in which the court is located.

40 (b) The copy of the petition shall be served on the chief of police or sheriff at the same time the 41 petition is filed at the court.

42 (4)(a) When a petition is denied, the judge shall cause that information to be entered into the43 Department of State Police computerized criminal history files.

44 (b) When a petition is granted, the judge shall cause that information and a fingerprint card of 45 the petitioner to be entered into the Department of State Police computerized criminal history files.

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If, after a petition is granted, the petitioner is arrested and convicted of a crime that would disqualify the petitioner from purchasing or possessing a firearm, the Department of State Police shall notify the court that granted relief under this section. The court shall review the order granting relief and determine whether to rescind the order. The Department of State Police may charge a reasonable fee, under ORS 192.440, for the entry and maintenance of information under this section. (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of ORS 9.320, a corporation, the state or any city, county,

district or other political subdivision or public corporation in this state, without appearance by attorney, may appear as a party to an action under this section.

9 (6) If the petitioner seeks relief from the bar on possessing or purchasing a firearm, relief shall 10 be granted when the petitioner demonstrates, by clear and convincing evidence, that the petitioner 11 does not pose a threat to the safety of the public or the petitioner.

12 (7) Petitions filed under this section shall be heard and disposed of within 15 judicial days of 13 filing or as soon as is practicable thereafter, but not more than 30 days thereafter. The judge shall 14 then make findings and conclusions and issue a judgment based on the findings and conclusions in 15 accordance with the requirements of law.

(8) A person filing a petition under this section must pay the filing fee established under ORS21.135.

18 (9)(a) Initial appeals of petitions shall be heard de novo.

(b) Any party to a judgment under this subsection may appeal to the Court of Appeals in thesame manner as for any other civil action.

(c) If the governmental entity files an appeal under this subsection and does not prevail, it shall
be ordered to pay the attorney fees for the prevailing party.

23 (10) The court may not grant relief under this section to a person who:

(a) Has been convicted of a person felony, as that term is defined in the rules of the Oregon
Criminal Justice Commission, or the statutory counterpart to a person felony in any other jurisdiction, if the offense involved the use of a firearm or a deadly weapon as defined in ORS 161.015;

(b) Has been convicted of an offense listed in ORS 137.700 or the statutory counterpart to an offense listed in ORS 137.700 in any other jurisdiction; or

(c) Is currently serving a felony sentence as defined in ORS 10.030 or has served a felony sen tence in the one-year period preceding the filing of the petition.

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