1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA	
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)	
3	SENATE BILL 80 By: Bergstrom	
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6	AS INTRODUCED	
7	An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2021, Sections 1279 and 1280, which relate to pointing a	
8	firearm and related penalties; expanding scope of certain prohibited act; removing administrative	
9	penalty provision; updating statutory language; amending 21 O.S. 2021, Sections 1289.16 and 1289.25,	
10	which relate to Oklahoma Firearms Act of 1971; authorizing the pointing of firearms under certain	
11	circumstances; removing administrative penalty provision; removing certain presumption; providing	
12	for the defensive display of firearms under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; providing	
13	examples of certain action; providing certain definition; modifying definition; and declaring an	
14	emergency.	
15		
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:	
17	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1279, is	
18	amended to read as follows:	
19	Section 1279.	
20	MISDEMEANOR POINTING A FIREARM	
21	Except for an act of self-defense, it It shall be unlawful for	
22	any person to point any <del>pistol</del> <u>firearm</u> or any other deadly weapon	
23	whether loaded or not, at any other person or persons. Any person	
24 27	violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be	

<sup>1</sup> guilty of a misdemeanor punishable as provided in Section 1280 of <sup>2</sup> this title.

3	Any person convicted of violating the <u>The</u> provisions of this		
4	section after having been issued a shall not apply to persons acting		
5	in self-defense or to home or business owners acting in defense of		
6	their private property whether or not they possess a valid handgun		
7	license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act		
8	may be subject to an administrative violation as provided in Section		
9	1280 of this title.		
10	SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1280, is		
11	amended to read as follows:		
12	Section 1280.		
13	PENALTY FOR 1279		
14	Any person violating the provisions of Section 1279 of this		
15	title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable		
16	by a fine <del>of</del> not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more		
17	than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and shall be imprisoned in the		
18	county jail for a period not <del>less than three (3) nor</del> more than		
19	twelve (12) months. Any person convicted of violating the		
20	provisions of Section 1279 of this title after having been issued a		
21	handgun license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-		
22	Defense Act shall have the handgun license revoked and shall be		
23	liable for an administrative fine of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) upon a		
24	hearing and determination by the Oklahoma State Bureau of		
<u> </u>			

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1 Investigation that the person is in violation of the provisions of 2 this section. 3 SECTION 3. 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.16, is AMENDATORY 4 amended to read as follows: 5 Section 1289.16. 6 FELONY POINTING FIREARMS 7 A. Except for an act of self-defense, it It shall be unlawful 8 for any person to willfully or without lawful cause point a shotgun, 9 rifle or pistol, or any deadly weapon, whether loaded or unloaded 10 firearm or not, at any person or persons for the purpose of 11 threatening or with or without the intention of discharging the 12 firearm; or with any malice; or for any purpose of injuring, either 13 through physical injury or mental or emotional intimidation; or for 14 purposes of whimsy, humor or prank<sub> $\tau$ </sub>; or in anger or otherwise, but 15 not to include the pointing of shotguns, rifles or pistols firearms 16 by: 17 1. law Law enforcement authorities in the performance of their 18 duties<del>,</del>; 19 2. armed Armed security quards licensed by the Council on Law 20 Enforcement Education and Training pursuant to the Oklahoma Security 21 Guard and Private Investigator Act in the performance of their 22 duties<del>,</del>; 23 3. members Members of the state military forces in the

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performance of their duties;

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1	4. members Members of the federal military reserve and active
2	military components in the performance of their duties, or;
3	5. any Any federal government law enforcement officer in the
4	performance of any duty <del>, or</del> ;
5	<u>6.</u> in In the performance of a play on stage, rodeo, television
6	or on film <del>,</del> or
7	<u>7.</u> in <u>In</u> defense of any person, one's home or property.
8	B. It shall be lawful to point a firearm at another person or
9	persons, by a person who can legally own or possess the weapon
10	pursuant to the provisions of Section 1272 of this title by a
11	premises owner or controller, in an act of self-defense, or in
12	defense of real or private property located on any premises, whether
13	owned, rented, leased, or occupied by permission of the premises
14	owner or controller, whether or not a person is in possession of a
15	valid handgun license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma
16	Self-Defense Act.
17	$\underline{C.}$ Any person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this
18	section shall be punished as provided in Section 1289.17 of this
19	title.
20	Any person convicted of a violation of the provisions of this
21	section after having been issued a handgun license pursuant to the
22	Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall have the license revoked and shall
23	be subject to an administrative fine of One Thousand Dollars
24 2 -	(\$1,000.00), upon a hearing and determination by the Oklahoma State

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1 Bureau of Investigation that the person is in violation of the 2 provisions of this section. 3 21 O.S. 2021, Section 1289.25, is SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 4 amended to read as follows: 5 Section 1289.25. 6 PHYSICAL OR DEADLY FORCE AGAINST INTRUDER 7 Α. The Legislature hereby recognizes that the citizens of the 8 State of Oklahoma this state have a right to expect absolute safety 9 within their own homes, places of business, occupied premises, or 10 places of worship and have the right to establish policies regarding 11 the possession of weapons on property pursuant to the provisions of 12 Section 1290.22 of this title. 13 A person, regardless of official capacity or lack of В. 14 official capacity, within a place of worship or a person, an owner, 15 manager or employee of a business is presumed to have held a 16 reasonable fear of imminent peril of death or great bodily harm to 17 himself or herself or another when using defensive force that is 18 intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm to another 19 if: 20 1. The person against whom the defensive force was used a. 21 was in the process of unlawfully and forcefully 22 entering, or had unlawfully and forcibly entered, a 23 dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle, place of 24 business, occupied premises, or place of worship, or \_ \_

1 if that person had removed or was attempting to remove 2 another against the will of that person from the 3 dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle, place of 4 business, occupied premises, or place of worship-; 5 The person who uses defensive force knew or had reason b. 6 to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry or 7 unlawful and forcible act was occurring or had 8 occurred; or

9 2. The person who uses defensive force knew or had a reasonable
10 belief that the person against whom the defensive force was used
11 entered or was attempting to enter into a dwelling, residence,
12 occupied vehicle, place of business, occupied premises, or place of
13 worship for the purpose of committing a forcible felony, as defined
14 in Section 733 of this title, and that the defensive force was
15 necessary to prevent the commission of the forcible felony.

C. The presumption set forth in subsection B of this section does not apply if:

18 1. The person against whom the defensive force is used has the 19 right to be in or is a lawful resident of the dwelling, residence, 20 <u>occupied premises</u>, or vehicle, such as an owner, lessee, or 21 titleholder, and there is not a protective order from domestic 22 violence in effect or a written pretrial supervision order of no 23 contact against that person;

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1 2. The person or persons sought to be removed are children or 2 grandchildren, or are otherwise in the lawful custody or under the 3 lawful guardianship of, the person against whom the defensive force 4 is used; or

5 3. The person who uses defensive force is engaged in an 6 unlawful activity or is using the dwelling, residence, <u>occupied</u> 7 <u>premises</u>, occupied vehicle, place of business, or place of worship 8 to further an unlawful activity.

9 D. A person who is not engaged in an unlawful activity and who 10 is attacked in any other place where he or she has a right to be has 11 no duty to retreat and has the right to stand his or her ground and 12 meet force with force, including deadly force, if he or she 13 reasonably believes it is necessary to do so to prevent death or 14 great bodily harm to himself or herself or another or to prevent the 15 commission of a forcible felony.

E. A person who unlawfully and by force enters or attempts to enter the dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle of another person, place of business, occupied premises, or place of worship is presumed to be doing so with the intent to commit an unlawful act involving force or violence.

F. A person who uses defensive force, as permitted pursuant to the provisions of subsections A, B, D and E of this section, is justified in using such defensive force and is immune from shall not <u>be subject to criminal prosecution</u> and <u>or</u> civil action for the use

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1 of such defensive force. As used in this subsection, the term
2 "criminal prosecution" includes charging or prosecuting the
3 defendant.

G. A law enforcement agency may use standard procedures for
investigating the use of defensive force, but the law enforcement
agency may not arrest the person for using defensive force unless it
determines that there is probable cause that the defensive force
that was used was unlawful.

9 H. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees, court costs,
10 compensation for loss of income, and all expenses incurred by the
11 defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if
12 the court finds that the defendant is immune from prosecution the
13 civil action as provided in subsection F of this section.

I. The provisions of this section and the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall not be construed to require any person using a weapon pursuant to the provisions of this section to be licensed in any manner.

J. A person pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense or in order to thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted forcible felony shall not be deemed guilty of committing a criminal act.

K. <u>1. Defensive display of a firearm or other deadly weapon by</u> a person is justified:

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1	<u>a.</u>	when a reasonable person would believe that physical		
2		force is immediately necessary to protect himself,		
3		herself, or another against the use or attempted use		
4		of unlawful physical or deadly force by a person, or		
5	<u>b.</u>	by a premises owner or controller in self-defense, or		
6		in defense of real or private property, located on any		
7		premises, owned, rented, leased, or occupied by		
8		permission of the premise owner or controller.		
9	<u>2. For p</u>	urposes of this subsection, a person need not be in		
10	possession of	a valid handgun license pursuant to the provisions of		
11	the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, and the defensive display of a weapon			
12	shall not be deemed a criminal act.			
13	<u>3. The p</u>	rovisions of this subsection shall not apply to a		
14	person who:			
15	<u>a.</u>	intentionally provokes another person to use or		
16		attempt to use unlawful physical or deadly force, or		
17	b.	uses a firearm during the commission of an unlawful		
18		act involving force or violence.		
19	<u>4. The p</u>	provisions of this subsection do not require the		
20	defensive dis	play of a firearm or any other deadly weapon before the		
21	use of defens	ive force or the threat of defensive force by a person		
22	<u>who is justif</u>	ied in the use or threatened use of defensive force.		
23	<u>5. For p</u>	ourposes of this subsection, "defensive display of a		
24 2 -	firearm" incl	udes but is not limited to:		

- 1
   a.
   verbally informing another person that the person

   2
   possesses or has available a firearm or any other

   3
   deadly weapon,
- 4
   b.
   exposing or displaying a firearm or any other deadly

   5
   weapon in a manner that a reasonable person would

   6
   understand was meant to protect the person against the

   7
   use or attempted use by another of unlawful physical

   8
   or deadly force, or
- 9 <u>c.</u> placing the hand of the person on a firearm or any
   10 <u>other deadly weapon while the firearm is contained in</u>
   11 <u>a pocket, purse, holster, sling scabbard, case, or</u>
   12 <u>other means of containment or transport.</u>
- 13 <u>L.</u> As used in this section:

14 1. "Defensive force" includes, but shall not be limited to, 15 pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense or in order to 16 thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted forcible 17 felony;

18 2. "Dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind, 19 including any attached porch, whether the building or conveyance is 20 temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over 21 it, including a tent, and is designed to be occupied by people;

3. <u>"Occupied premises" means any premises occupied by an owner,</u> tenant, lessee, invited guest of the owner, tenant, or lessee, or an authorized user of the premises including agents; 1

4. "Place of worship" means:

2	a.	any permanent building, structure, facility or office
3		space owned, leased, rented or borrowed, on a full-
4		time basis, when used for worship services, activities
5		and business of the congregation, which may include,
6		but not be limited to, churches, temples, synagogues
7		and mosques, and

b. any permanent building, structure, facility or office
space owned, leased, rented or borrowed for use on a
temporary basis, when used for worship services,
activities and business of the congregation including,
but not limited to, churches, temples, synagogues and
mosques;

<sup>14</sup> 4. <u>5.</u> "Residence" means a dwelling <u>or building</u> in which a
<sup>15</sup> person resides <u>is occupying</u> either temporarily or permanently or is
<sup>16</sup> visiting as an invited guest; and

<sup>17</sup> 5. <u>6.</u> "Vehicle" means a conveyance of any kind, whether or not <sup>18</sup> motorized, which is designed to transport people or property. <sup>19</sup> SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation <sup>20</sup> of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby <sup>21</sup> declared to exist, by reason whereof this resolution shall take <sup>22</sup> effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval. <sup>23</sup>

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