1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017)
3	SENATE BILL 380 By: Sykes
4	
5	
6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1277, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter
8	18, O.S.L. 2016 (21 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1277), which relates to unlawful carry in certain places; modifying where firearms may be carried; providing
9 10	definitions; making certain carrying of firearms lawful; prohibiting certain action; allowing certain
11	consideration; providing allowable time frame for certain action; allowing certain prohibition; stating
12	certain offenses; prescribing penalty; amending 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1290.24, as last amended by
13	Section 3, Chapter 18, O.S.L. 2016 (21 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1290.24), which relates to immunity;
14	modifying inclusions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
15	
16	
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
18	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1277, as
19	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 18, O.S.L. 2016 (21 O.S. Supp.
20	2016, Section 1277), is amended to read as follows:
21	Section 1277.
22	UNLAWFUL CARRY IN CERTAIN PLACES
23	A. It shall be unlawful for any person in possession of a valid
2 Д	handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma

Self-Defense Act to carry any concealed or unconcealed handgun into any of the following places:

- 1. Any structure, building, or office space which is owned or leased by a city, town, county, state or federal governmental authority for the purpose of conducting business with the public;
- 2. Any courthouse, courtroom, prison, jail, detention facility or any facility used to process, hold or house arrested persons, prisoners or persons alleged delinquent or adjudicated delinquent, except as provided in Section 21 of Title 57 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 3. Any public or private elementary or public or private secondary school, except as provided in subsection C of this section;
- 4. Any publicly owned or operated sports arena or venue during a professional sporting event, unless allowed by the event holder;
- 5. Any place where gambling is authorized by law, unless allowed by the property owner; and
 - 6. Any other place specifically prohibited by law.
- B. For purposes of subsection A of this section, the prohibited place does not include and specifically excludes the following property:
- 1. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any
 vehicle, whether attended or unattended, by a city, town, county,
 state or federal governmental authority;

2. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, which is open to the public, or by any entity engaged in gambling authorized by law;

- 3. Any property adjacent to a structure, building or office space in which concealed or unconcealed weapons are prohibited by the provisions of this section;
- 4. Any property designated by a city, town, county or state governmental authority as a park, recreational area, or fairgrounds; provided, nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to authorize any entry by a person in possession of a concealed or unconcealed handgun into any structure, building or office space which is specifically prohibited by the provisions of subsection A of this section; and
- 5. Any property set aside by a public or private elementary or secondary school for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended; provided, however, said handgun shall be stored and hidden from view in a locked motor vehicle when the motor vehicle is left unattended on school property.

Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection or subsection C of this section shall be construed to authorize or allow any person in control of any place described in subsection A of this section to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person in lawful possession of a handgun license

from possession of a handgun allowable under such license in places described in this subsection.

- C. A concealed or unconcealed weapon may be carried onto private school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by any private school for transportation of students or teachers by a person who is licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, provided a policy has been adopted by the governing entity of the private school that authorizes the carrying and possession of a weapon on private school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by a private school. Except for acts of gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct, a governing entity of a private school that adopts a policy which authorizes the possession of a weapon on private school property, a school bus or vehicle used by the private school shall be immune from liability for any injuries arising from the adoption of the policy. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims pursuant to the Administrative Workers'

 Compensation Act.
- D. Any person violating the provisions paragraph 2 or 3 of subsection A of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00). A person violating any other provision of subsection A may be denied entrance onto the property or removed from the property. If the person refuses to leave the property and

Req. No. 413

a peace officer is summoned, the person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).

- E. No person in possession of a valid handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be authorized to carry the handgun into or upon any college, university or technology center school property, except as provided in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the following property shall not be construed as prohibited for persons having a valid handgun license:
- 1. Any property set aside for the use or parking of any vehicle, whether attended or unattended, provided the handgun is carried or stored as required by law and the handgun is not removed from the vehicle without the prior consent of the college or university president or technology center school administrator while the vehicle is on any college, university or technology center school property;
- 2. Any property authorized for possession or use of handguns by college, university or technology center school policy; and
- 3. Any property authorized by the written consent of the college or university president or technology center school administrator, provided the written consent is carried with the handgun and the valid handgun license while on college, university or technology center school property.

Req. No. 413

The college, university or technology center school may notify the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation within ten (10) days of a violation of any provision of this subsection by a licensee. Upon receipt of a written notification of violation, the Bureau shall give a reasonable notice to the licensee and hold a hearing. At the hearing, upon a determination that the licensee has violated any provision of this subsection, the licensee may be subject to an administrative fine of Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) and may have the handgun license suspended for three (3) months.

Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection shall be construed to authorize or allow any college, university or technology center school to establish any policy or rule that has the effect of prohibiting any person in lawful possession of a handgun license from possession of a handgun allowable under such license in places described in paragraphs 1, 2, and 3 of this subsection. Nothing contained in any provision of this subsection shall be construed to limit the authority of any college, university or technology center school in this state from taking administrative action against any student for any violation of any provision of this subsection.

F. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any peace officer or to any person authorized by law to carry a pistol in the course of employment. District judges, associate district judges, and special district judges, who are in possession of a valid

Req. No. 413

- handgun license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma

 Self-Defense Act and whose names appear on a list maintained by the

 Administrative Director of the Courts, shall be exempt from this

 section when acting in the course and scope of employment within the

 courthouses of this state. Private investigators with a firearms

 authorization shall be exempt from this section when acting in the

 course and scope of employment.
 - G. F. For the purposes of this section, "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, minivan or sports utility vehicle.
 - SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1289.31 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. For the purposes of this section:

- 1. "Campus" means all land and buildings owned or leased by a state educational institution or private educational institution.
- 2. "State educational institution" and "private educational institution" have the meanings assigned in Section 3102 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- B. It shall be lawful for any person in possession of a valid license issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act to carry a concealed handgun on or about the license holder's person while the license holder is on the campus of a state educational institution or private educational institution in this state.

C. Except as provided by subsections D and E of this section, a state educational institution or private educational institution in this state may not adopt any rule, regulation or other provision prohibiting license holders from carrying handguns on the campus of the institution.

- D. A state educational institution or private education institution may establish rules, regulations or other provisions concerning the storage of handguns in dormitories or other residential facilities that are owned or leased and operated by the institution and located on the campus of the institution.
- 1. After consulting with students, staff and faculty of the institution regarding the nature of the student population, specific safety considerations and the uniqueness of the campus environment, the president or other chief executive officer of the institution shall establish reasonable rules, regulations and other provisions regarding the carrying of concealed handguns by license holders on the campus of the institution or on premises located on the campus of the institution. The president or officer may not establish provisions that generally prohibit or have the effect of generally prohibiting license holders from carrying concealed handguns on the campus of the institution. The president or officer may amend the provisions as necessary for campus safety. The provisions will take effect as determined by the president or other governing board under paragraph 2 of this subsection. The institution must give effective

notice with respect to any portion of a premise on which license holders may not carry a handgun.

- 2. Not later than ninety (90) days after the date that the rules, regulations or other provisions are established as described in paragraph 1 of this subsection, the board of regents or other governing board of the institution shall review the provisions. The board of regents or other governing board may, by a vote of not less than two-thirds of the board, amend wholly or partly the provisions established under paragraph 1 of this subsection. If amended under this subsection, the provisions are considered to be those of the institution as established under paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- 3. An institution shall widely distribute the rules, regulations or other provisions described by paragraph 1 of this subsection to the institution's students, staff and faculty, including prominently publishing the provisions on the institution's internet website.
- 4. Not later than September 1 of each even-numbered year, each state educational institution or private educational institution in this state shall submit a report to the legislature and to the standing committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over the implementation and continuation of this section that:
 - a. describes its rules, regulations or other provisions regarding the carrying of concealed handguns on the campus of the institution, and

b. explains the reasons the institution has established those provisions.

- E. A private educational institution in this state, after consulting with students, staff and faculty of the institution, may establish rules, regulations or other provisions prohibiting license holders from carrying handguns on the campus of the institution, any grounds or building on which an activity sponsored by the institution is being conducted, or a passenger transportation vehicle owned by the institution.
- F. A license holder commits an offense if the license holder carries a partially or wholly visible handgun, regardless of whether the handgun is holstered and intentionally or knowingly displays the handgun in plain view of another person:
- 1. On the premises of a state educational institution or private educational institution; or
- 2. On any public or private driveway, street, sidewalk or walkway, parking lot, parking garage or other parking area of a state educational institution or a private educational institution.
- G. A license holder commits an offense if the license holder carries a handgun on the campus of a private educational institution in this state that has established rules, regulations or other provisions prohibiting license holders from carrying handguns pursuant to subsection E of this section, or on the grounds or building in which an activity sponsored by such an institution is

- being conducted, or in a passenger transportation vehicle of such an
 institution, regardless of whether the handgun is concealed,
 provided the institution gives effective notice.
 - H. A license holder commits an offense if the license holder intentionally carries a concealed handgun on a portion of a premises located on the campus of a state educational institution in this state on which the carrying of a concealed handgun is prohibited by rules, regulations or other provisions, provided the institution gives effective notice with respect to that portion of the premises.
 - I. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).
- SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1290.24, as last amended by Section 3, Chapter 18, O.S.L. 2016 (21 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1290.24), is amended to read as follows:

 Section 1290.24.

17 I IMMUNITY

A. The state or any political subdivision of the state as defined in Section 152 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and its officers, agents and employees, a state educational institution or private educational institution that has not adopted rules under subsection D of Section 2 of this act or an officer or employee of a state educational institution that has not adopted rules under

<u>subsection D of Section 2 of this act</u> shall be immune from liability resulting or arising from:

- 1. Failure to prevent the licensing of an individual for whom the receipt of the license is unlawful pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act or any other provision of law of this state;
- 2. Any action or misconduct with a pistol committed by a person to whom a license to carry a concealed or unconcealed handgun has been issued pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act or by any person who obtains a pistol from a licensee;
- 3. Any injury to any person during a handgun training course conducted by a firearms instructor certified by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training to conduct training under the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, or injury from any misfire or malfunction of any handgun on a training course firing range supervised by a certified firearms instructor under the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act, or any injury resulting from carrying a concealed or unconcealed handgun pursuant to a handgun license; and
- 4. Any action or finding pursuant to a hearing conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act as required in the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act.
- B. Firearms instructors certified by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training to conduct training for the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall be immune from liability to third

```
persons resulting or arising from any claim based on an act or
 1
    omission of a trainee.
        C. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to claims
 3
    pursuant to the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.
 4
        SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.
 5
 6
 7
        56-1-413 BH
                                1/19/2017 9:23:26 AM
 8
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
```