1	ENGROSSED HOUSE
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3	Gann and Roberts (Sean) of the House
4	and
5	Dahm and Brecheen of the Senate
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9	Section 1289.24, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 241, O.S.L. 2015 (21 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 1289.24), which relates to the Oklahoma Firearms Act of 1971; clarifying preemption provision and certain mandate; modifying requirements for persons filing civil actions; providing for reasonable expenses under certain circumstances; defining terms; and
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.24, as
18	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 241, O.S.L. 2015 (21 O.S. Supp.
19	2016, Section 1289.24), is amended to read as follows:
20	Section 1289.24
21	FIREARM REGULATION - STATE PREEMPTION
22	A. 1. The State Legislature hereby occupies and preempts the
23	entire field of legislation in this state touching in any way
24	firearms, knives, <u>firearm and ammunition</u> components, ammunition $_{m{ au}}$ and

supplies to the complete exclusion of any order, <u>policy</u>, ordinance, or regulation by any municipality, <u>agency</u> or other political subdivision of this state. Any existing or future orders, <u>policies</u>, ordinances, or regulations in this field, except as provided for in paragraph 2 of this subsection and subsection C of this section, are null and void.

- 2. A municipality may adopt any ordinance:
 - a. relating to the discharge of firearms within the jurisdiction of the municipality, and
 - b. allowing the municipality to issue a traffic citation for transporting a firearm improperly as provided for in Section 1289.13A of this title, provided however, that penalties contained for violation of any ordinance enacted pursuant to the provisions of this subparagraph shall not exceed the penalties established in the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act.
- 3. As provided in the preemption provisions of this section, the otherwise lawful open carrying of a handgun under the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall not be punishable by any municipality, agency or other political subdivision of this state as disorderly conduct, disturbing the peace or similar offense against public order.

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- 4. A public or private school may create a policy regulating the possession of knives on school property or in any school bus or vehicle used by the school for purposes of transportation.
- B. No municipality, agency or other political subdivision of this state shall adopt any order, policy, ordinance, or regulation concerning in any way the sale, purchase, purchase delay, transfer, ownership, use, keeping, possession, carrying, bearing, transportation, licensing, permit, registration, taxation other than sales and compensating use taxes, or other controls on firearms, knives, firearm and ammunition components, ammunition, and supplies.
- C. Except as hereinafter provided, this section shall not prohibit any order, policy, ordinance, or regulation by any municipality concerning the confiscation of property used in violation of the ordinances of the municipality as provided for in Section 28-121 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Provided, however, no municipal ordinance relating to transporting a firearm or knife improperly may include a provision for confiscation of property.
- D. When a person's rights pursuant to the protection of the preemption provisions of this section have been violated, the A person adversely affected by any order, policy, ordinance or regulation promulgated or enforced by any municipality, agency or other political subdivision of this state in violation of the preemption provisions of this section shall have the right to bring

- a civil action against the persons, municipality, and agency or
 political subdivision jointly and severally for injunctive relief or
 monetary damages or both.
 - E. A court shall award reasonable expenses to a person adversely affected in an action filed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section if:
 - 1. A court grants a final determination in favor of the person adversely affected; or
 - 2. The order, policy, ordinance or regulation in question is rescinded, repealed or otherwise abrogated after a lawsuit has been filed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section but before a final determination by the court.
 - F. As used in this section:
 - 1. "Person adversely affected" means:
 - a. a resident of this state who may legally possess under federal and state law an item listed in paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section, and
 - b. any person who otherwise has standing under the laws
 of this state to bring an action pursuant to the
 provisions of subsection D of this section; and
 - 2. "Reasonable expenses" includes, but shall not be limited to, attorney fees, expert witness fees and court costs.
 - SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.

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1	Passed the House of Representatives the 20th day of March, 2017.
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4	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2017.
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