As Adopted by the House

131st General Assembly

Regular Session

H. C. R. No. 12

2015-2016

Representatives LaTourette, Antonio

Cosponsors: Representatives Johnson, T., Lepore-Hagan, Ramos, Gerberry, Ruhl, Blessing, Stinziano, Phillips, Sykes, Patterson, Antani, Duffey, Barnes, Rezabek, Boyce, Bishoff, Grossman, Fedor, Smith, K., Rogers, Celebrezze, Kuhns, Leland, Howse, Reece, Gonzales, Brown, Schuring, Sprague, Baker, Brenner, Buchy, Cera, Conditt, Derickson, Dever, Driehaus, Ginter, Green, Hackett, Hall, Hambley, Hayes, Henne, Huffman, Kunze, Maag, McClain, McColley, O'Brien, M., O'Brien, S., Perales, Reineke, Romanchuk, Sears, Sheehy, Slesnick, Smith, R., Sweeney, Terhar, Young, Speaker Rosenberger

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

То	declare Ohio's rate of infant mortality a public	1
	health crisis and urge comprehensive preterm birth	2
	risk screening for all pregnant women in Ohio.	3

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

WHEREAS, Ohio is ranked among the worst in the nation in	4
infant mortality (47th), with the loss in 2012 alone of 1,047	5
Ohio babies before their first birthdays; and	6
WHEREAS, The leading cause of infant mortality is preterm	7
birth. In Ohio, the preterm birth rate for 2013 was 12.1% (the	8
same rate as for 2012 and 2011) and about half of all	9
pregnancy-related costs are driven by preterm births, largely	10
because of expensive care of infants in neonatal intensive	11
care units (NICUs). Among babies born before 32 weeks	12
gestation, 89% are admitted to NICUs at an average cost of	13
\$280,000; and	14
WHEREAS, Socioeconomics, education, geography, and other	15

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annually, with over \$10 million of that total in Medicaid		
savings; and	48	
WHEREAS, The Ohio Collaborative to Prevent Infant	49	
Mortality of the Ohio Department of Health, the Ohio	50	
Perinatal Quality Collaborative, and many other state and	51	
local organizations have been working diligently to raise	52	
awareness and promote the adoption of best practices,	53	
including appropriate use of progesterone to prevent preterm	54	
birth. Among the top priorities of the Ohio Department of	55	
Medicaid is more timely identification of high risk expectant	56	
mothers to provide enhanced services, such as ensuring	57	
"progesterone without barriers" for Ohio pregnant women; and	58	
WHEREAS, The good health and well-being of Ohio's	59	
expectant mothers and their babies will be enhanced by	60	
education on the importance of cervical length measurement as	61	
an evidence-based, cost-saving prenatal risk screening test.	62	
Beneficiaries of such education should include health care	63	
professionals, women and families, Medicaid and private	64	
health insurers, government officials, elected officials, and	65	
all others who share the mission of reducing preterm birth	66	
and infant mortality; now therefore be it	67	
RESOLVED, That we, the members of the 131st General	68	
Assembly of the State of Ohio, support and encourage improved	69	
education and outreach concerning prenatal care, cervical	70	
length measurement, and progesterone treatment; and be it	71	
further	72	
RESOLVED, That we, the members of the 131st General	73	
Assembly of the State of Ohio, declare Ohio's rate of infant	74	
mortality a public health crisis that deserves significant	75	
and immediate action by all stakeholders to ensure equitable	76	
access to comprehensive preterm birth risk screening for all	77	
pregnant women, including cervical length screening; and be	78	

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it further	79	
RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the House of Representatives	80	
transmit duly authenticated copies of this resolution to the		
Governor of Ohio and the news media of Ohio.		