As Passed by the Senate

133rd General Assembly

Regular Session 2019-2020

Am. H. B. No. 86

Representative Plummer

Cosponsors: Representatives Becker, Koehler, Antani, Baldridge, Blessing, Butler, Callender, Carfagna, Carruthers, Cera, Cross, Cupp, Dean, Ginter, Green, Hambley, Holmes, A., Hood, Hoops, Jones, Jordan, Keller, Kick, Lang, Lipps, Manning, D., Manning, G., Merrin, Oelslager, Patton, Perales, Powell, Richardson, Riedel, Roemer, Rogers, Romanchuk, Ryan, Schaffer, Seitz, Smith, R., Smith, T., Stein, Stoltzfus, Vitale, Wiggam, Wilkin

Senators Coley, Hoagland, Uecker, McColley, Gavarone, Brenner, Eklund, Hill, Hottinger, Huffman, M., Huffman, S., Obhof, Peterson, Roegner, Rulli, Schuring, Terhar, Wilson

A BILL

То	amend section 2923.11 of the Revised Code to	1
	correct a drafting error in the definition of	2
	"dangerous ordnance" that resulted from Am. Sub.	3
	H.B. 228 of the 132nd General Assembly and to	4
	declare an emergency.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 2923.11 of the Revised Code be	6
amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 2923.11. As used in sections 2923.11 to 2923.24 of	8
the Revised Code:	9
(A) "Deadly weapon" means any instrument, device, or thing	10
capable of inflicting death, and designed or specially adapted	11
for use as a weapon, or possessed, carried, or used as a weapon.	12

41

(B)(1) "Firearm" means any deadly weapon capable of	13
expelling or propelling one or more projectiles by the action of	14
an explosive or combustible propellant. "Firearm" includes an	15
unloaded firearm, and any firearm that is inoperable but that	16
can readily be rendered operable.	17
(2) When determining whether a firearm is capable of	18
expelling or propelling one or more projectiles by the action of	19
an explosive or combustible propellant, the trier of fact may	20
rely upon circumstantial evidence, including, but not limited	21
to, the representations and actions of the individual exercising	22
control over the firearm.	23
(C) "Handgun" means any of the following:	24
(1) Any firearm that has a short stock and is designed to	25
be held and fired by the use of a single hand;	26
(2) Any combination of parts from which a firearm of a	27
type described in division (C)(1) of this section can be	28
assembled.	29
(D) "Semi-automatic firearm" means any firearm designed or	30
specially adapted to fire a single cartridge and automatically	31
chamber a succeeding cartridge ready to fire, with a single	32
function of the trigger.	33
(E) "Automatic firearm" means any firearm designed or	34
specially adapted to fire a succession of cartridges with a	35
single function of the trigger.	36
(F) "Sawed-off firearm" means a shotgun with a barrel less	37
than eighteen inches long, or a rifle with a barrel less than	38
sixteen inches long, or a shotgun or rifle less than twenty-six	39
inches long overall. "Sawed-off firearm" does not include any	4 C
firearm with an overall length of at least twenty-six inches	41

69

that is approved for sale by the federal bureau of alcohol,	42
tobacco, firearms, and explosives under the "Gun Control Act of	43
1968," 82 Stat. 1213, 18 U.S.C. 921(a)(3), but that is found by	44
the bureau not to be regulated under the "National Firearms	45
Act," 68A Stat. 725 (1934), 26 U.S.C. 5845(a).	46
(G) "Zip-gun" means any of the following:	47
(1) Any firearm of crude and extemporized manufacture;	48
(2) Any device, including without limitation a starter's	49
pistol, that is not designed as a firearm, but that is specially	50
adapted for use as a firearm;	51
(3) Any industrial tool, signalling device, or safety	52
device, that is not designed as a firearm, but that as designed	53
is capable of use as such, when possessed, carried, or used as a	54
firearm.	55
(H) "Explosive device" means any device designed or	56
specially adapted to cause physical harm to persons or property	57
by means of an explosion, and consisting of an explosive	58
substance or agency and a means to detonate it. "Explosive	59
device" includes without limitation any bomb, any explosive	60
demolition device, any blasting cap or detonator containing an	61
explosive charge, and any pressure vessel that has been	62
knowingly tampered with or arranged so as to explode.	63
(I) "Incendiary device" means any firebomb, and any device	64
designed or specially adapted to cause physical harm to persons	65
or property by means of fire, and consisting of an incendiary	66
substance or agency and a means to ignite it.	67
(J) "Ballistic knife" means a knife with a detachable	68

blade that is propelled by a spring-operated mechanism.

(K) "Dangerous ordnance" means any of the following,	70
except as provided in division (L) of this section:	71
(1) Any automatic or sawed-off firearm, zip-gun, or	72
ballistic knife;	73
(2) Any explosive device or incendiary device;	74
(3) Nitroglycerin, nitrocellulose, nitrostarch, PETN,	75
cyclonite, TNT, picric acid, and other high explosives; amatol,	76
tritonal, tetrytol, pentolite, pecretol, cyclotol, and other	77
high explosive compositions; plastic explosives; dynamite,	78
blasting gelatin, gelatin dynamite, sensitized ammonium nitrate,	79
liquid-oxygen blasting explosives, blasting powder, and other	80
blasting agents; and any other explosive substance having	81
sufficient brisance or power to be particularly suitable for use	82
as a military explosive, or for use in mining, quarrying,	83
excavating, or demolitions;	84
(4) Any firearm, rocket launcher, mortar, artillery piece,	85
grenade, mine, bomb, torpedo, or similar weapon, designed and	86
manufactured for military purposes, and the ammunition for that	87
weapon;	88
(5) Any firearm muffler or suppressor;	89
(6) Any combination of parts that is intended by the owner	90
for use in converting any firearm or other device into a	91
dangerous ordnance+	92
(7) Any firearm with an overall length of at least twenty-	93
six inches that is approved for sale by the federal bureau of	94
alcohol, tobacco, firearms, and explosives under the "Gun-	95
Control Act of 1968," 82 Stat. 1213, 18 U.S.C. 921(a)(3), but	96
that is found by the bureau not to be regulated under the-	97
"National Firearms Act," 68A Stat. 725 (1934), 26 U.S.C.	98

5845 (a) .	99
(L) "Dangerous ordnance" does not include any of the	100
following:	101
(1) Any firearm, including a military weapon and the	102
ammunition for that weapon, and regardless of its actual age,	103
that employs a percussion cap or other obsolete ignition system,	104
or that is designed and safe for use only with black powder;	105
(2) Any pistol, rifle, or shotgun, designed or suitable	106
for sporting purposes, including a military weapon as issued or	107
as modified, and the ammunition for that weapon, unless the	108
firearm is an automatic or sawed-off firearm;	109
(3) Any cannon or other artillery piece that, regardless	110
of its actual age, is of a type in accepted use prior to 1887,	111
has no mechanical, hydraulic, pneumatic, or other system for	112
absorbing recoil and returning the tube into battery without	113
displacing the carriage, and is designed and safe for use only	114
with black powder;	115
(4) Black powder, priming quills, and percussion caps	116
possessed and lawfully used to fire a cannon of a type defined	117
in division (L)(3) of this section during displays,	118
celebrations, organized matches or shoots, and target practice,	119
and smokeless and black powder, primers, and percussion caps	120
possessed and lawfully used as a propellant or ignition device	121
in small-arms or small-arms ammunition;	122
(5) Dangerous ordnance that is inoperable or inert and	123
cannot readily be rendered operable or activated, and that is	124
kept as a trophy, souvenir, curio, or museum piece-;	125
(6) Any device that is expressly excepted from the	126
definition of a destructive device pursuant to the "Gun Control	127

(N) (1) "Concealed handgun license" or "license to carry a

Am. H. B. No. 86

Page 6

157

concealed handgun" means, subject to division (N)(2) of this
section, a license or temporary emergency license to carry a
concealed handgun issued under section 2923.125 or 2923.1213 of
the Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun
issued by another state with which the attorney general has
entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the
Revised Code.

164

- (2) A reference in any provision of the Revised Code to a 165 concealed handgun license issued under section 2923.125 of the 166 Revised Code or a license to carry a concealed handgun issued 167 under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code means only a license 168 of the type that is specified in that section. A reference in 169 any provision of the Revised Code to a concealed handgun license 170 issued under section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, a license to 171 carry a concealed handgun issued under section 2923.1213 of the 172 Revised Code, or a license to carry a concealed handgun on a 173 temporary emergency basis means only a license of the type that 174 is specified in section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code. A 175 reference in any provision of the Revised Code to a concealed 176 handgun license issued by another state or a license to carry a 177 concealed handqun issued by another state means only a license 178 issued by another state with which the attorney general has 179 entered into a reciprocity agreement under section 109.69 of the 180 Revised Code. 181
- (O) "Valid concealed handgun license" or "valid license to 182 carry a concealed handgun" means a concealed handgun license 183 that is currently valid, that is not under a suspension under 184 division (A) (1) of section 2923.128 of the Revised Code, under 185 section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, or under a suspension 186 provision of the state other than this state in which the 187 license was issued, and that has not been revoked under division 188

inches that is approved for sale by the federal bureau of

217

Am. H. B. No. 86

Page 9