

Sixty-third
Legislative Assembly
of North Dakota

REENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 2303

Introduced by

Senators Larsen, Sitte, Unruh

Representatives Meier, Ruby, Toman

1 A BILL for an Act to create and enact a new section to chapter 12.1-17 of the North Dakota
2 Century Code, relating to the application of sections in chapter 12.1-17 to certain medical
3 procedures; to amend and reenact sections 12.1-01-04 and 12.1-16-06 of the North Dakota
4 Century Code, relating to the definition of human being and the application of sections in
5 chapter 12.1-16 to certain medical procedures; and to provide directives to the department of
6 human services regarding medicaid and other coverage for pregnant women.

7 **BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NORTH DAKOTA:**

8 **SECTION 1. AMENDMENT.** Section 12.1-01-04 of the North Dakota Century Code is
9 amended and reenacted as follows:

10 **12.1-01-04. General definitions.**

11 As used in this title, unless a different meaning plainly is required:

- 12 1. "Act" or "action" means a bodily movement, whether voluntary or involuntary.
- 13 2. "Acted", "acts", and "actions" include, where relevant, "omitted to act" and "omissions
14 to act".
- 15 3. "Actor" includes, where relevant, a person guilty of an omission.
- 16 4. "Bodily injury" means any impairment of physical condition, including physical pain.
- 17 5. "Court" means any of the following courts: the supreme court, a district court, and
18 where relevant, a municipal court.
- 19 6. "Dangerous weapon" means, but is not limited to, any switchblade or gravity knife,
20 machete, scimitar, stiletto, sword, or dagger; any billy, blackjack, sap, bludgeon,
21 cudgel, metal knuckles, or sand club; any slungshot; any bow and arrow, crossbow, or
22 spear; any weapon which will expel, or is readily capable of expelling, a projectile by
23 the action of a spring, compressed air, or compressed gas including any such weapon,
24 loaded or unloaded, commonly referred to as a BB gun, air rifle, or CO₂ gun; and any

- 1 projector of a bomb or any object containing or capable of producing and emitting any
2 noxious liquid, gas, or substance.
- 3 7. "Destructive device" means any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, grenade,
4 mine, rocket, missile, or similar device.
- 5 8. "Explosive" means gunpowders, powders used for blasting, all forms of high
6 explosives, blasting materials, fuses (other than electric circuit breakers), detonators
7 and other detonating agents, smokeless powders, and any chemical compounds,
8 mechanical mixture, or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing
9 that ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by detonation of the
10 compound, or material, or any part thereof may cause an explosion.
- 11 9. Repealed by S.L. 1975, ch. 116, § 33.
- 12 10. "Firearm" means any weapon which will expel, or is readily capable of expelling, a
13 projectile by the action of an explosive and includes any such weapon, loaded or
14 unloaded, commonly referred to as a pistol, revolver, rifle, gun, machine gun, shotgun,
15 bazooka, or cannon.
- 16 11. "Force" means physical action.
- 17 12. "Government" means:
- 18 a. The government of this state or any political subdivision of this state;
19 b. Any agency, subdivision, or department of the foregoing, including the executive,
20 legislative, and judicial branches;
21 c. Any corporation or other entity established by law to carry on any governmental
22 function; and
23 d. Any commission, corporation, or agency established by statute, compact, or
24 contract between or among governments for the execution of intergovernmental
25 programs.
- 26 13. "Governmental function" includes any activity which one or more public servants are
27 legally authorized to undertake on behalf of government.
- 28 14. "Harm" means loss, disadvantage, or injury to the person affected, and includes loss,
29 disadvantage, or injury to any other person in whose welfare the person affected is
30 interested.

- 1 15. "Human being" means an individual member of the species homo sapiens at every
2 stage of development.
- 3 16. "Included offense" means an offense:
- 4 a. Which is established by proof of the same or less than all the facts required to
5 establish commission of the offense charged;
- 6 b. Which consists of criminal facilitation of or an attempt or solicitation to commit the
7 offense charged; or
- 8 c. Which differed from the offense charged only in that it constitutes a less serious
9 harm or risk of harm to the same person, property, or public interest, or because
10 a lesser degree of culpability suffices to establish its commission.
- 11 ~~16.~~17. "Includes" should be read as if the phrase "but is not limited to" were also set forth.
- 12 ~~17.~~18. "Law enforcement officer" or "peace officer" means a public servant authorized by law
13 or by a government agency or branch to enforce the law and to conduct or engage in
14 investigations or prosecutions for violations of law.
- 15 ~~18.~~19. "Local" means of or pertaining to any political subdivision of the state.
- 16 ~~19.~~20. Repealed by S.L. 1975, ch. 116, § 33.
- 17 ~~20.~~21. "Offense" means conduct for which a term of imprisonment or a fine is authorized by
18 statute after conviction.
- 19 ~~21.~~22. "Official action" includes a decision, opinion, recommendation, vote, or other exercise
20 of discretion by any government agency.
- 21 ~~22.~~23. "Official proceeding" means a proceeding heard or which may be heard before any
22 government agency or branch or public servant authorized to take evidence under
23 oath, including any referee, hearing examiner, commissioner, notary, or other person
24 taking testimony or a deposition in connection with any such proceeding.
- 25 ~~23.~~24. "Omission" means a failure to act.
- 26 ~~24.~~25. As used in this title and in sections outside this title which define offenses, "person"
27 includes, where relevant, a corporation, limited liability company, partnership,
28 unincorporated association, or other legal entity. When used to designate a party
29 whose property may be the subject of action constituting an offense, the word "person"
30 includes a government which may lawfully own property in this state. Person includes
31 all human beings.

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- 1 ~~25-26.~~ "Political subdivision" as used in this title and in any statute outside this title which
2 defines an offense means a county, city, school district, township, and any other local
3 governmental entity created by law.
- 4 ~~26-27.~~ "Property" includes both real and personal property.
- 5 ~~27-28.~~ "Public servant" as used in this title and in any statute outside this title which defines
6 an offense means any officer or employee of government, including law enforcement
7 officers, whether elected or appointed, and any person participating in the
8 performance of a governmental function, but the term does not include witnesses.
- 9 ~~28-29.~~ "Risk assessment" means an initial phase with a secondary process approved by the
10 department of human services for the evaluation of the likelihood that a person who
11 committed an offense will commit another similar offense. The initial phase is an
12 assessment tool that is administered by a trained probation and parole officer. A
13 predetermined score on the initial phase initiates the secondary process that includes
14 a clinical interview, psychological testing, and verification through collateral information
15 or psychophysiological testing, or both. The department of human services shall
16 perform the secondary process of the risk assessment.
- 17 ~~29-30.~~ "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates a substantial risk of death or
18 which causes serious permanent disfigurement, unconsciousness, extreme pain,
19 permanent loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, a bone
20 fracture, or impediment of air flow or blood flow to the brain or lungs.
- 21 ~~30-31.~~ "Signature" includes any name, mark, or sign written or affixed with intent to
22 authenticate any instrument or writing.
- 23 ~~31-32.~~ "Substantial bodily injury" means a substantial temporary disfigurement, loss, or
24 impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.
- 25 ~~32-33.~~ "Thing of value" or "thing of pecuniary value" means a thing of value in the form of
26 money, tangible or intangible property, commercial interests, or anything else the
27 primary significance of which is economic gain to the recipient.
- 28 ~~33-34.~~ "Writing" includes printing, typewriting, and copying.
- 29 Words used in the singular include the plural, and the plural the singular. Words in the
30 masculine gender include the feminine and neuter genders. Words used in the present tense
31 include the future tense, but exclude the past tense.

1 **SECTION 2. AMENDMENT.** Section 12.1-16-06 of the North Dakota Century Code is
2 amended and reenacted as follows:

3 **12.1-16-06. Construction.**

4 1. Sections 12.1-16-04 through 12.1-16-06 do not preclude the use of medications or
5 procedures necessary to relieve a person's pain or discomfort if the use of the
6 medications or procedures is not intentionally or knowingly prescribed or administered
7 to cause the death of ~~that~~ a person. In addition, sections 12.1-16-04 through
8 12.1-16-06 do not preclude the withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging treatment
9 pursuant to state or federal law.

10 2. Sections 12.1-16-01 through 12.1-16-03 do not apply to:

- 11 a. Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions provided to a person by a
12 physician licensed to practice medicine under chapter 43-17 which results in the
13 accidental or unintentional injury or death of another person.
14 b. Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions of pregnancy.
15 c. The screening, collecting, preparing, transferring, or cryopreserving of a human
16 being created through in vitro fertilization for the purpose of being transferred to a
17 human uterus.
18 d. The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,
19 created through in vitro fertilization, which has been subject to medical testing
20 and analysis, and in the reasonable judgment of a medical professional, if
21 transferred to a human uterus, would not produce a live birth.
22 e. The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,
23 created through in vitro fertilization which has not progressed in development for
24 thirty-six hours in culture.
25 f. Contraception administered before a clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a
26 woman.

27 3. Sections 12.1-16-01 through 12.1-16-03 apply only to the principal actor, other than
28 the pregnant woman, with respect to criminal conduct upon a person who has not yet
29 been born.

30 **SECTION 3.** A new section to chapter 12.1-17 of the North Dakota Century Code is created
31 and enacted as follows:

1 **Construction.**

2 1. Sections 12.1-17-01 through 12.1-17-03 do not apply to:

- 3 a. Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions provided to a person by a
4 physician licensed to practice medicine under chapter 43-17 which results in the
5 accidental or unintentional injury or death of another person.
6 b. Medical treatment for life-threatening conditions of pregnancy.
7 c. The screening, collecting, preparing, transferring, or cryopreserving of a human
8 being created through in vitro fertilization for the purpose of being transferred to a
9 human uterus.
10 d. The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,
11 created through in vitro fertilization, which has been subject to medical testing
12 and analysis, and in the reasonable judgment of a medical professional, if
13 transferred to a human uterus, would not produce a live birth.
14 e. The disposal or destruction of a fertilized human ovum, zygote, or embryo,
15 created through in vitro fertilization which has not progressed in development for
16 thirty-six hours in culture.
17 f. Contraception administered before a clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a
18 woman.

19 2. Sections 12.1-17-01 through 12.1-17-03 apply only to the principal actor, other than
20 the pregnant woman, with respect to criminal conduct upon a person who has not yet
21 been born.

22 **SECTION 4. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO SEEK APPROVAL TO EXPAND**
23 **MEDICAID COVERAGE.** The department of human services shall expand medicaid coverage
24 for pregnant women to the maximum allowed under federal law. The department shall seek
25 approval for the federal share of the expenditures related to this expansion.

26 **SECTION 5. DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES TO PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR**
27 **PREGNANCY AND DELIVERY COSTS.** The department of human services shall provide
28 coverage equivalent to the coverage provided under medicaid to pregnant women who exceed
29 the maximum allowed, as established in section 4 of this Act. This coverage must be available
30 to pregnant women who do not have private insurance to cover the cost of pregnancy-related
31 care and delivery.