SENATE BILL NO. 69–COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

(ON BEHALF OF THE NEVADA SUPREME COURT)

PREFILED DECEMBER 20, 2014

Referred to Committee on Finance

SUMMARY-Revises provisions governing judicial retirement. (BDR 1-496)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to the judiciary; revising provisions relating to the eligibility of members of the Judicial Retirement Plan to retire; revising provisions governing the benefits of a retired justice or judge; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law provides for the eligibility of members of the Judicial Retirement Plan to retire at a certain age if the member has a certain number of years of service. (NRS 1A.350) Section 1 of this bill provides that such a member may retire at the age of 55 years if he or she has at least 22 years of service.

2345678 Existing law also authorizes a retired justice or judge who accepts employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge of the Nevada Court System to qualify to receive allowances under the Judicial Retirement Plan for the duration of his or her active service if the justice or 9 judge is at least 60 years of age at the time of his or her reemployment and accepts 10 the employment at least 6 months after the effective date of his or her retirement. 11 (NRS 1A.360) Section 2 of this bill reduces the minimum required period before 12 the acceptance of employment from 6 months to 90 days after the effective date of 13 the retirement of the justice or judge.

14 Additionally, existing law provides that a retired justice or judge who is 15 reemployed and commissioned as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the 16 peace or senior municipal court judge is entitled to receive a retirement allowance 17 in addition to compensation for his or her service and is entitled to receive 18 additional service credit for actual time served if he or she reenrolled in a 19 retirement plan. (NRS 2.060, 3.090) Existing law further provides that such 20 provisions, in addition to certain other provisions relating to the benefits of a retired





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 1A.350 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1A.350 1. A member of the Judicial Retirement Plan is eligible to retire at the age of 65 years if the member has at least 5 years of service, at the age of 60 years if the member has at least 10 years of service, at the age of 55 years if the member has at least 22 years of service and at any age if the member has at least 30 years of service.

8 2. Any member of the Judicial Retirement Plan who has the 9 years of creditable service necessary to retire, but has not attained the required age, if any, may retire at any age with a benefit 10 actuarially reduced to the required retirement age. Except as 11 otherwise required as a result of NRS 1A.410, a retirement benefit 12 pursuant to this subsection must be reduced by 4 percent of the 13 unmodified benefit for each full year that the member is under the 14 15 appropriate retirement age, and an additional 0.33 percent for each additional month that the member is under the appropriate 16 retirement age. Any option selected pursuant to this subsection must 17 18 be reduced by an amount proportionate to the reduction provided in this subsection for the unmodified benefit. The Board may adjust the 19 20 actuarial reduction based upon an experience study of the System 21 and recommendation by the actuary.

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Sec. 2. NRS 1A.360 is hereby amended to read as follows:

23 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4 and 1A.360 24 NRS 1A.370, if a retired justice or judge accepts employment as a justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, district 25 judge, justice of the peace or municipal judge in any judicial 26 27 capacity, including, without limitation, employment as a senior justice, senior judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal 28 29 judge of the Nevada Court System, the retired justice or judge is 30 disqualified from receiving any allowances under the Judicial Retirement Plan for the duration of his or her active service. 31

2. If a retired justice or judge accepts any employment other than that described in subsection 1, the justice or judge is entitled to the same allowances as a retired justice or judge who has no employment.

36 3. If a retired justice or judge who accepts employment as a 37 justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Court of Appeals, district 38 judge, justice of the peace or municipal judge in a judicial capacity 39 pursuant to this section elects not to reenroll in the Judicial



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Retirement Plan pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 1A.370, the Court 1 2 Administrator if the retired justice or judge is a justice of the Supreme Court, a judge of the Court of Appeals or a district judge, 3 the county if the retired justice or judge is a justice of the peace or 4 5 the city if the retired justice or judge is a municipal judge, may pay 6 contributions on behalf of the retired justice or judge to a retirement 7 fund which is not a part of the Judicial Retirement Plan in an 8 amount not to exceed the amount of the contributions that the Court 9 Administrator, county or city would pay to the System on behalf of 10 a participating justice or judge who is employed in a similar 11 position.

12 4. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to a retired 13 justice or judge who accepts employment as a senior justice, senior 14 judge, senior justice of the peace or senior municipal judge of the 15 Nevada Court System if the retired justice or judge is at least 60 16 years of age at the time of reemployment and the retired justice or 17 judge accepts the employment at least [6 months] 90 days after the 18 effective date of his or her retirement pursuant to subsection 2 of 19 NRS 1A.130.

20 Sec. 3. Section 11 of chapter 398, Statutes of Nevada 2009, at 21 page 2222, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 11. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2009. [,
and expires by limitation on June 30, 2015.]

24 **Sec. 4.** 1. This section and section 3 of this act become 25 effective upon passage and approval.

26 2. Sections 1 and 2 of this act become effective on July 1, 27 2015.



