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SENATE BILL NO. 220–SENATORS WOODHOUSE, DENIS, FORD, KIHUEN, PARKS; ATKINSON, HARRIS, MANENDO, ROBERSON AND SPEARMAN

MARCH 5, 2015

JOINT SPONSORS: ASSEMBLYMEN STEWART, SWANK, DIAZ AND CARLTON

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Requires instruction on financial literacy in public middle schools and junior high schools. (BDR 34-654)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets *tomitted material* is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; requiring instruction on financial literacy for pupils enrolled in middle school and junior high school in each school district and in each charter school that operates as a middle school or junior high school; creating the Account for Instruction on Financial Literacy in the State General Fund; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires instruction on financial literacy for pupils enrolled in high 1 23456789 school in each school district and in each charter school that operates as a high school. (NRS 389.074) Section 2 of this bill additionally requires instruction on financial literacy for pupils enrolled in middle school and junior high school in each school district and in each charter school that operates as a middle school or junior high school. Section 2 requires the Council to Establish Academic Standards to include the standards of content and performance for a course of instruction in financial literacy in the standards of content and performance established by the Council for each middle school, junior high school and high school. Section 2 also 10 requires that instruction in financial literacy include certain topics and be provided 11 within a course of study for which the Council has established the relevant standards of content and performance. Section 1 of this bill creates the Account for 12 13 Instruction on Financial Literacy in the State General Fund and provides that





14 money in the Account may be used only for providing the instruction on financial 15 literacy required by section 2.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Chapter 388 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

The Account for Instruction on Financial Literacy is 3 1. hereby created in the State General Fund, to be administered by 4 the Superintendent of Public Instruction. The Superintendent of 5 Public Instruction may accept gifts and grants of money from any 6 source for deposit in the Account. Any money from gifts and 7 grants may be expended in accordance with the terms and 8 conditions of the gift or grant, or in accordance with subsection 2. 9 10 The interest and income earned on the sum of the money in the Account and any unexpended appropriations made to the Account 11 12 from the State General Fund must be credited to the Account. Any money remaining in the Account at the end of the fiscal year does 13 14 not revert to the State General Fund, and the balance in the Account must be carried forward to the next fiscal year. 15

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, the money in 16 the Account may be used only for providing the instruction on 17 financial literacy required by NRS 389.074. The State Board shall 18 adopt regulations governing the distribution of money in the 19 20 Account for this purpose. 21

Sec. 2. NRS 389.074 is hereby amended to read as follows:

389.074 1. The board of trustees of each school district and 22 23 the governing body of each charter school that operates as a *middle* school, junior high school or high school shall ensure that 24 instruction on financial literacy is provided to pupils enrolled in 25 each public *middle school, junior high school and* high school 26 27 within the school district or in the charter school, as applicable. The instruction must include, without limitation: 28

29 (a) The skills necessary to develop financial responsibility, 30 including, without limitation:

31 (1) Making reasonable financial decisions by analyzing the 32 alternatives and consequences of those financial decisions;

(2) Locating and evaluating financial information from 33 34 various sources:

(3) Judging the quality of services offered by a financial 35 36 institution:

37 (4) Developing communication strategies to discuss financial 38 issues:





(4) (5) Controlling personal information; and 1 2 $\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (6) Reviewing and summarizing federal and state 3 consumer protection laws. (b) The skills necessary to manage finances, including, without 4 5 limitation. 6 (1) Developing a plan for spending and saving; 7 (2) Developing a system for keeping and using financial 8 records; and 9 (3) Developing a personal financial plan. (c) The skills necessary to understand the use of credit and the 10 incurrence of debt, including, without limitation: 11 (1) Identifying the costs and benefits of various types of 12 13 credit; 14 (2) Understanding methods to manage debt and the 15 consequences of acquiring debt; 16 (3) Understanding how interest rates, compounding frequency and the terms of a loan affect the cost of credit; 17 18 (4) Completing an application for a loan; (5) Understanding different types of loans that are 19 available, including, without limitation, payday loans, automobile 20 loans, student loans and mortgages; 21 22 (6) Explaining the purpose of a credit report, including, without limitation, the manner in which a credit report is used by 23 24 lenders: 25 (3) (7) Describing the rights of a borrower regarding his or 26 her credit report; 27 (4) (8) Identifying methods to avoid and resolve debt 28 problems; and 29 [(5)] (9) Reviewing and summarizing federal and state 30 consumer credit protection laws. 31 (d) The skills necessary to understand the basic principles of 32 saving and investing, including, without limitation: 33 (1) Understanding how saving and investing contribute to financial well-being; 34 35 (2) Understanding the methods of investing and alternatives 36 to investing: 37 (3) Understanding how to buy and sell investments; [and] (4) Understanding compound interest, including, without 38 *limitation, in the context of investments;* 39 (5) Understanding various types of securities that may be 40 purchased, including, without limitation, stocks and bonds; and 41 (6) Understanding how the regulation of financial institutions 42 43 protects investors. 44 (e) The skills necessary to prevent and limit the consequences 45 of identity theft and fraud.





1 (f) The skills necessary to understand the basic assessment of taxes, including, without limitation, understanding the manner in 2 3 which taxes are computed by local, state and federal governmental 4 entities.

5 (g) The skills necessary to understand the basic principles of 6 insurance, including, without limitation:

(1) Understanding the function of various insurance 7 policies; and 8 9

(2) Determining the quality of an insurance provider.

10 2. The standards of content and performance for a course of instruction in financial literacy required by subsection 1 [may] 11 must be included in the standards of content and performance 12 established by the Council to Establish Academic Standards 13 14 pursuant to NRS 389.520 for such a course in each public middle school, junior high school and high school, including, without 15 16 limitation, each charter school that operates as a middle school, junior high school or high school. The instruction required by 17 subsection 1 must be included within a course for program of 18 instruction that pupils enrolled in high school are otherwise required 19 to complete for graduation.] of study for which the Council has 20 established the relevant standards of content and performance. 21

The board of trustees of each school district and the 22 *3*. governing body of each charter school that operates as a middle 23 school, junior high school or high school shall encourage persons 24 25 to:

26 (a) Donate money to the Account for Instruction on Financial 27 Literacy created by section 1 of this act; and

(b) Volunteer time, expertise and resources to assist a school 28 29 district, governing body of a charter school, public school or teacher in the provision of instruction in financial literacy. 30

Sec. 3. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2015. 31

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