

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 202—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON  
CHILD WELFARE AND JUVENILE JUSTICE)

MARCH 4, 2013

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises various provisions relating to juveniles charged as adults for committing certain crimes. (BDR 5-64)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.  
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to juvenile justice; revising the list of offenses that are excluded from the original jurisdiction of the juvenile court; authorizing a child who is certified for adult criminal proceedings to petition the court for placement in a state juvenile detention facility during the pendency of the proceeding; requiring the Legislative Committee on Child Welfare and Juvenile Justice to appoint a task force to study certain issues relating to juveniles; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel’s Digest:**

1 Existing law provides that the juvenile court has exclusive jurisdiction over a  
2 child who is alleged to have committed an act designated as a criminal offense  
3 unless: (1) the criminal offense is excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile  
4 court; or (2) the child is alleged to have committed an offense for which the  
5 juvenile court may certify the child for criminal proceedings as an adult and the  
6 juvenile court certifies the child for criminal proceedings as an adult upon a motion  
7 by the district attorney and after a full investigation. (NRS 62B.330, 62B.390)  
8 Under existing law, the offenses excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile  
9 court include, without limitation, murder and attempted murder. (NRS 62B.330)  
10 **Section 1** of this bill provides that murder and attempted murder are excluded from  
11 the jurisdiction of the juvenile court only if the offense was committed by a child  
12 who was 14 years of age or older when he or she committed the offense. Under  
13 **section 11** of this bill, this provision becomes effective on October 1, 2014.



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14 Under existing law, during the pendency of the proceeding, a child who is  
15 charged with a crime which is excluded from the original jurisdiction of the  
16 juvenile court may petition the juvenile court for temporary placement in a facility  
17 for the detention of children. (NRS 62C.030) **Section 2** of this bill authorizes a  
18 child who is certified for criminal proceedings as an adult to petition the juvenile  
19 court for temporary placement in a facility for the detention of children during the  
20 pendency of the proceeding. Under **section 11**, this provision becomes effective on  
21 October 1, 2013.

22 **Section 10** of this bill requires the Legislative Committee on Child Welfare and  
23 Juvenile Justice to create a task force to study certain issues relating to juvenile  
24 justice.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 62B.330 is hereby amended to read as  
2 follows:

3 62B.330 1. Except as otherwise provided in this title, the  
4 juvenile court has exclusive original jurisdiction over a child living  
5 or found within the county who is alleged or adjudicated to have  
6 committed a delinquent act.

7 2. For the purposes of this section, a child commits a  
8 delinquent act if the child:

- 9 (a) Violates a county or municipal ordinance;  
10 (b) Violates any rule or regulation having the force of law; or  
11 (c) Commits an act designated a criminal offense pursuant to the  
12 laws of the State of Nevada.

13 3. For the purposes of this section, each of the following acts  
14 shall be deemed not to be a delinquent act, and the juvenile court  
15 does not have jurisdiction over a person who is charged with  
16 committing such an act:

17 (a) Murder or attempted murder and any other related offense  
18 arising out of the same facts as the murder or attempted murder,  
19 regardless of the nature of the related offense ~~+~~ *if the person was*  
20 *14 years of age or older when the murder or attempted murder was*  
21 *committed.*

22 (b) Sexual assault or attempted sexual assault involving the use  
23 or threatened use of force or violence against the victim and any  
24 other related offense arising out of the same facts as the sexual  
25 assault or attempted sexual assault, regardless of the nature of the  
26 related offense, if:

27 (1) The person was 16 years of age or older when the sexual  
28 assault or attempted sexual assault was committed; and

29 (2) Before the sexual assault or attempted sexual assault was  
30 committed, the person previously had been adjudicated delinquent  
31 for an act that would have been a felony if committed by an adult.



1 (c) An offense or attempted offense involving the use or  
2 threatened use of a firearm and any other related offense arising out  
3 of the same facts as the offense or attempted offense involving the  
4 use or threatened use of a firearm, regardless of the nature of the  
5 related offense, if:

6 (1) The person was 16 years of age or older when the offense  
7 or attempted offense involving the use or threatened use of a firearm  
8 was committed; and

9 (2) Before the offense or attempted offense involving the use  
10 or threatened use of a firearm was committed, the person previously  
11 had been adjudicated delinquent for an act that would have been a  
12 felony if committed by an adult.

13 (d) A felony resulting in death or substantial bodily harm to the  
14 victim and any other related offense arising out of the same facts as  
15 the felony, regardless of the nature of the related offense, if:

16 (1) The felony was committed on the property of a public or  
17 private school when pupils or employees of the school were present  
18 or may have been present, at an activity sponsored by a public or  
19 private school or on a school bus while the bus was engaged in its  
20 official duties; and

21 (2) The person intended to create a great risk of death or  
22 substantial bodily harm to more than one person by means of a  
23 weapon, device or course of action that would normally be  
24 hazardous to the lives of more than one person.

25 (e) A category A or B felony and any other related offense  
26 arising out of the same facts as the category A or B felony,  
27 regardless of the nature of the related offense, if the person was at  
28 least 16 years of age but less than 18 years of age when the offense  
29 was committed, and:

30 (1) The person is not identified by law enforcement as  
31 having committed the offense and charged before the person is at  
32 least 20 years, 3 months of age, but less than 21 years of age; or

33 (2) The person is not identified by law enforcement as  
34 having committed the offense until the person reaches 21 years of  
35 age.

36 (f) Any other offense if, before the offense was committed, the  
37 person previously had been convicted of a criminal offense.

38 **Sec. 2.** NRS 62C.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 62C.030 1. If a child is not alleged to be delinquent or in  
40 need of supervision, the child must not, at any time, be confined or  
41 detained in:

42 (a) A facility for the secure detention of children; or

43 (b) Any police station, lockup, jail, prison or other facility in  
44 which adults are detained or confined.



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1 2. If a child is alleged to be delinquent or in need of  
2 supervision, the child must not, before disposition of the case, be  
3 detained in a facility for the secure detention of children unless there  
4 is probable cause to believe that:

5 (a) If the child is not detained, the child is likely to commit an  
6 offense dangerous to the child or to the community, or likely to  
7 commit damage to property;

8 (b) The child will run away or be taken away so as to be  
9 unavailable for proceedings of the juvenile court or to its officers;

10 (c) The child was taken into custody and brought before a  
11 probation officer pursuant to a court order or warrant; or

12 (d) The child is a fugitive from another jurisdiction.

13 3. If a child is less than 18 years of age, the child must not, at  
14 any time, be confined or detained in any police station, lockup, jail,  
15 prison or other facility where the child has regular contact with any  
16 adult who is confined or detained in the facility and who has been  
17 convicted of a criminal offense or charged with a criminal offense,  
18 unless:

19 (a) The child is alleged to be delinquent;

20 (b) An alternative facility is not available; and

21 (c) The child is separated by sight and sound from any adults  
22 who are confined or detained in the facility.

23 4. During the pendency of a proceeding involving ~~†~~:

24 (a) A criminal offense excluded from the original jurisdiction of  
25 the juvenile court pursuant to NRS 62B.330 ~~†~~; or

26 (b) *A child who is certified for criminal proceedings as an*  
27 *adult pursuant to NRS 62B.390,*

28 *↪ a child may petition the juvenile court for temporary placement in*  
29 *a facility for the detention of children.*

30 **Sec. 3.** (Deleted by amendment.)

31 **Sec. 4.** (Deleted by amendment.)

32 **Sec. 5.** (Deleted by amendment.)

33 **Sec. 6.** (Deleted by amendment.)

34 **Sec. 7.** (Deleted by amendment.)

35 **Sec. 8.** (Deleted by amendment.)

36 **Sec. 9.** (Deleted by amendment.)

37 **Sec. 10.** 1. The Legislative Committee on Child Welfare and  
38 Juvenile Justice created by NRS 218E.705 shall create a task force  
39 to study certain issues relating to juvenile justice in accordance with  
40 the provisions of this section.

41 2. The Chair of the Legislative Committee on Child Welfare  
42 and Juvenile Justice shall appoint to the task force the following 10  
43 voting members:

44 (a) One member of the Senate or Assembly, who shall serve as  
45 Chair of the task force.



- 1 (b) One member who is a district attorney.  
2 (c) One member who is a public defender.  
3 (d) One member from the Office of the Attorney General.  
4 (e) One member from the Division of Child and Family Services  
5 of the Department of Health and Human Services.  
6 (f) One member who is a judge of the juvenile court.  
7 (g) One member who is a director of juvenile services, as  
8 defined in NRS 62A.080.  
9 (h) One member who is a mental health professional.  
10 (i) One member who is a representative from an organization  
11 that advocates on behalf of juveniles.  
12 (j) The Director of the Department of Corrections.  
13 3. The task force shall study the following issues and make its  
14 findings and any recommendations for proposed legislation:  
15 (a) The laws in this State and other states, including an  
16 examination of best practices, pertaining to certification of juveniles  
17 as adults and offenses excluded from the jurisdiction of the juvenile  
18 court.  
19 (b) The advantages and disadvantages of blended sentencing.  
20 (c) The ability of adult correctional facilities and institutions to  
21 provide appropriate housing and programming for youthful  
22 offenders who are convicted of crimes as adults and incarcerated in  
23 adult facilities and institutions.  
24 (d) The ability of juvenile detention facilities to provide  
25 appropriate housing and programming for youthful offenders who  
26 are convicted of crimes as adults and detained in juvenile detention  
27 facilities.  
28 (e) The costs and benefits of housing juvenile offenders who are  
29 convicted of crimes as adults in adult correctional facilities and  
30 institutions and in juvenile detention facilities.  
31 (f) Proposed legislation that is necessary to implement any  
32 necessary or desirable changes in Nevada law relating to the issues  
33 set forth in this subsection.  
34 4. The members of the task force, other than the Chair of the  
35 task force, serve without compensation, except that each such  
36 member is entitled, while engaged in the business of the task force  
37 and within the limits of available money, to the per diem allowance  
38 and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees  
39 generally.  
40 5. Not later than 30 days after appointment, each member of  
41 the task force, other than the Chair of the task force, shall nominate  
42 one person to serve as his or her alternate member and submit the  
43 name of the person nominated to the Chair of the task force for  
44 appointment. An alternate member shall serve as a voting member



1 of the task force when the appointed member who nominated the  
2 alternate member is disqualified or unable to serve.

3 6. The members of the task force shall hold not more than four  
4 meetings at the call of the Chair of the task force.

5 7. To the extent that money is available, including, without  
6 limitation, money from gifts, grants and donations, the Committee  
7 may fund the costs of the task force.

8 8. The Committee shall submit a report of the findings of the  
9 task force and its recommendations for legislation to the 78th  
10 Session of the Nevada Legislature.

11 **Sec. 11.** 1. This section and section 10 of this act become  
12 effective on July 1, 2013.

13 2. Sections 2 to 9, inclusive, of this act become effective on  
14 October 1, 2013.

15 3. Section 1 of this act becomes effective on October 1, 2014.

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