LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDRED EIGHTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 194

Introduced by Halloran, 33; Aguilar, 35; Ballard, 21; Bostelman, 23; Brandt, 32; Brewer, 43; Briese, 41; Clements, 2; DeKay, 40; Dorn, 30; Erdman, 47; Hansen, B., 16; Hardin, 48; Holdcroft, 36; Jacobson, 42; Linehan, 39; Lippincott, 34; Lowe, 37; McDonnell, 5; Moser, 22; Murman, 38; Slama, 1.

Read first time January 09, 2023

Committee:

- 1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to government; to adopt the Second Amendment
- 2 Preservation Act; and to provide severability.
- 3 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 6 of this act shall be known and may be

- 2 <u>cited as the Second Amendment Preservation Act.</u>
- 3 Sec. 2. The Legislature finds that:
- 4 (1) The right to keep and bear arms is a fundamental individual
- 5 right that shall not be infringed;
- 6 (2) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting the Second
- 7 Amendment Preservation Act to protect public employees, including law
- 8 enforcement officers, from being directed, through any federal firearms
- 9 law in effect on or after the effective date of this act, to violate
- 10 <u>their oath of office and individual rights affirmed under the Second</u>
- 11 Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and Article 1, section
- 12 <u>1, of the Constitution of Nebraska;</u>
- 13 (3) Pursuant to and in furtherance of the principles of federalism
- 14 enshrined in the Constitution of the United States, the federal
- 15 government shall not commandeer public employees to participate in the
- 16 enforcement or facilitation of any federal firearms law;
- 17 (4) This right to be free from the commandeering hand of the federal
- 18 government has been most notably recognized by the Supreme Court of the
- 19 <u>United States in 1997 in Printz v. United States when the court held "The</u>
- 20 Federal Government may neither issue directives requiring the States to
- 21 address particular problems, nor command the States' officers, or those
- 22 of their political subdivisions, to administer or enforce a federal
- 23 regulatory program"; and
- 24 (5) The anti-commandeering principles recognized by the Supreme
- 25 Court of the United States in Printz v. United States are consonant with
- 26 <u>the advice of James Madison who, in Federalist No. 46, advised a "refusal</u>
- 27 <u>to co-operate with the officers of the Union" in response to either</u>
- 28 <u>unconstitutional federal measures or constitutional but unpopular federal</u>
- 29 <u>measures.</u>
- 30 Sec. 3. For purposes of the Second Amendment Preservation Act:
- 31 (1) Federal firearms law means any federal act, law, order, rule, or

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- 1 regulation regarding a firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition if the
- 2 <u>substantial equivalent of such act, law, order, rule, or regulation does</u>
- 3 <u>not exist under the law of this state; and</u>
- 4 (2) Public employee means any state officer or any official,
- 5 employee, or agent of any state agency or political subdivision.
- 6 Sec. 4. Except when necessary to comply with an order of a court,
- 7 no agency or political subdivision of this state or public employee
- 8 <u>acting in such employee's official capacity shall:</u>
- 9 (1) Participate in any way in the enforcement of any federal
- 10 firearms law; or
- 11 (2) Utilize any public funds to engage in any activity that aids a
- 12 federal agency, federal agent, or corporation providing services to the
- 13 <u>federal government in the enforcement of, or any investigation pursuant</u>
- 14 to the enforcement of, any federal firearms law.
- 15 Sec. 5. (1) Any public employee who knowingly violates the Second
- 16 Amendment Preservation Act shall:
- 17 <u>(a) For a first violation, be liable for a civil penalty not to</u>
- 18 exceed three thousand dollars. Such civil penalty shall be assessed in a
- 19 <u>civil action brought for such purpose and shall be remitted to the State</u>
- 20 Treasurer for distribution in accordance with Article VII, section 5, of
- 21 the Constitution of Nebraska. A civil penalty assessed and unpaid under
- 22 this section shall constitute a debt to the State of Nebraska which may
- 23 be collected in the manner of a lien foreclosure or sued for and
- 24 recovered in any proper form of action in the name of the State of
- 25 Nebraska in the district court of the county in which the agent or
- 26 employee resides or owns property; and
- 27 <u>(b) For a second or subsequent violation, be guilty of a Class I</u>
- 28 misdemeanor.
- 29 <u>(2) An action under this section shall be brought within two years</u>
- 30 of the alleged violation in the district court of the county in which the
- 31 violation occurred or in which the agent or employee resides.

- 1 (3) For any violation of this section, the Attorney General or
- 2 county attorney shall bring and prosecute the appropriate civil or
- 3 <u>criminal proceeding.</u>
- 4 Sec. 6. (1) A political subdivision shall not adopt a rule, order,
- 5 ordinance, resolution, or policy under which the political subdivision
- 6 <u>intentionally violates the Second Amendment Preservation Act.</u>
- 7 (2) When notified of an alleged violation of this section, the
- 8 Attorney General or county attorney shall institute a civil action in the
- 9 district court of the county of such political subdivision to determine
- 10 if such violation has occurred. The court may grant preliminary or
- 11 permanent injunctive relief as appropriate. Upon a final judicial
- 12 determination that such violation has occurred, the court shall enter an
- order directing the State Treasurer to withhold all state funds from such
- 14 political subdivision for the fiscal year following the year of such
- determination. Such withheld funds shall lapse to the General Fund.
- Sec. 7. If any section in this act or any part of any section is
- 17 declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect
- 18 the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.