1	SENATE BILL NO. 370		
2	INTRODUCED BY J. ELLSWORTH		
3			
4	A BILL FOR AN ACT ENTITLED: "AN ACT GENERALLY REVISING DISASTER AND EMERGENCY		
5	POWERS LAWS; PROTECTING CERTAIN CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS DURING AN EMERGENCY;		
6	REVISING THE DECLARATION OF POLICY; CLARIFYING THE LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORITY DURING AN		
7	EMERGENCY; PROVIDING FOR CIVIL RELIEF; AMENDING SECTIONS 10-3-101 AND 10-3-102, MCA; AND		
8	PROVIDING AN IMMEDIATE EFFECTIVE DATE."		
9			
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MONTANA:		
11			
12	Section 1. Section 10-3-101, MCA, is amended to read:		
13	"10-3-101. Declaration of policy. Because of the existing and increasing possibility of the occurrence		
14	of disasters or emergencies of unprecedented size and destructiveness resulting from enemy attack, sabotage,		
15	or other hostile action and natural disasters and in order to provide for prompt and timely reaction to an		
16	emergency or disaster, to ensure that preparation of this state will be adequate to deal with disasters or		
17	emergencies, and generally to provide for the common defense and to protect the public peace, health, and		
18	safety and to preserve the lives and property of the people of this state to the fullest extent practicable, it is		
19	declared to be necessary to:		
20	(1) authorize the creation of local or interjurisdictional organizations for disaster and emergency		
21	services in the political subdivisions of this state;		
22	(2) reduce vulnerability of people and communities of this state to damage, injury, and loss of life and		
23	property resulting from natural or human-caused disasters;		
24	(3) provide a setting conducive to the rapid and orderly start of restoration and rehabilitation of		
25	persons and property affected by disasters;		
26	(4) clarify and strengthen the roles of the governor, state agencies, local governments, and tribal		
27	governments in prevention of, preparation for, response to, and recovery from emergencies and disasters;		
28	(5) authorize and provide for cooperation in disaster prevention, preparedness, response, and		
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1 recovery; 2 (6) authorize and provide for coordination of activities relating to disaster prevention, preparedness, 3 mitigation, response, and recovery by agencies and officers of this state and similar state-local, interstate, 4 federal-state, and foreign activities in which the state, its political subdivisions, and tribal governments may 5 participate; 6 (7) provide an emergency and disaster management system embodying all aspects of emergency or 7 disaster prevention, preparedness, response, and recovery; 8 (8) assist in prevention of disasters caused or aggravated by inadequate planning for public and 9 private facilities and land use; 10 (9) supplement, without in any way limiting, authority conferred by previous statutes of this state and 11 increase the capability of the state, local, and interjurisdictional disaster and emergency services agencies to 12 perform disaster and emergency services; and 13 (10) authorize the payment of extraordinary costs and the temporary hiring, with statutorily 14 appropriated funds under 10-3-312, of professional and technical personnel to meet the state's responsibilities 15 in providing assistance in the response to, recovery from, and mitigation of disasters in state, tribal government, 16 or federal emergency or disaster declarations; 17 (11) ensure the protections under the first amendment of the United States constitution and under 18 Article II, sections 6 and 7, of the Montana constitution of the rights of free speech, freedom of assembly, 19 freedom of the press, and the right to petition the government for a redress of grievances; and (12) ensure the protection of the rights under the second amendment of the United States constitution 20 21 and under Article II, section 12, of the Montana constitution." 22 23 Section 2. Section 10-3-102, MCA, is amended to read: 24 **"10-3-102.** Limitations. Parts 1 through 4 of this chapter may not be construed to give any state, 25 local, or interjurisdictional agency or public official authority to: 26 (1) interfere with the course or conduct of a labor dispute, except that actions otherwise authorized by 27 parts 1 through 4 of this chapter or other laws may be taken when necessary to forestall or mitigate imminent or 28 existing danger to public health or safety;



1	(2)	interfere with dissemination of news or comment on public affairs. However, any communications
2	facility or ore	ganization, including but not limited to radio and television stations, wire services, and newspapers,
3	may be requ	ired to transmit or print public service messages furnishing information or instructions in connection
4	with an eme	rgency or disaster.
5	(3)	affect the jurisdiction or responsibilities of police forces, firefighting forces, units of the armed
6	forces of the	United States, or any personnel of those entities when on active duty, but state, local, and
7	interjurisdict	ional disaster and emergency plans must place reliance upon the forces available for performance
8	of functions	related to emergencies and disasters; or
9	(4)	limit, modify, or abridge the authority of the governor to proclaim martial law or exercise any other
10	powers vest	ed in the governor under the constitution, statutes, or common law of this state independent of or in
11	conjunction	with any provisions of parts 1 through 4 of this chapter;
12	<u>(5)</u>	prohibit, limit, or curtail:
13	<u>(a)</u>	political activities, including voter registration drives, fundraising activities, political rallies and
14	meetings, ad	ctivities associated with political clubs and parties, campaign speeches, literature or sign
15	distribution,	and campaign efforts of a political party, a candidate for elected office, or a political committee or
16	relating to a	ballot initiative or referendum;
17	<u>(b)</u>	rights of free speech or free assembly, including any rallies, gatherings and meetings, speeches,
18	literature or	sign distribution, and the display of signs. A person may be required to comply with neutral health,
19	safety, or oc	cupational requirements that are applicable to all organizations or businesses providing essential
20	services.	
21	<u>(c)</u>	the production, operation, or distribution or any television, radio, cable television or service,
22	internet serv	rice, newspapers, newsletters, email service, literature, or blogs;
23	<u>(d)</u>	the operation or functioning of the legislative branch, judicial branch, clerk of court, county
24	commission	, or city or town council; or
25	<u>(e)</u>	a right of a person to file a complaint or seek relief from a court of competent jurisdiction;
26	<u>(6)</u>	suspend an election law or prohibit, limit, or curtail a regularly scheduled election;
27	<u>(7)</u>	prohibit, regulate, or curtail the otherwise lawful possession, carrying, sale, transportation,
28	transfer, def	ensive use, or other lawful use of:



1	(a) a firearm, including a component or accessory;
2	(b) ammunition, including any component or accessory;
3	(c) ammunition-reloading equipment and supplies; or
4	(d) a personal weapon other than a firearm;
5	(8) seize, commandeer, or confiscate in any manner:
6	(a) a firearm, including any component or accessory;
7	(b) ammunition, including a component or accessory;
8	(c) ammunition-reloading equipment and supplies; or
9	(d) a personal weapon other than a firearm;
10	(9) suspend or revoke a permit to carry a concealed pistol issued pursuant to Title 45, chapter 8,
11	except as expressly authorized in that chapter;
12	(10) refuse to accept an application for a permit to carry a concealed weapon, provided the application
13	has been properly completed in accordance with Title 45, chapter 8;
14	(11) close or limit the operating hours of an entity engaged in the lawful selling or servicing of a
15	firearm, including:
16	(a) a component or accessory;
17	(b) ammunition, including a component or accessory;
18	(c) ammunition-reloading equipment and supplies; or
19	(d) a personal weapon other than a firearm, unless the closing or limitation of hours applies equally to
20	all forms of commerce within the jurisdiction;
21	(12) close or limit the operating hours of any indoor or outdoor shooting range; or
22	(13) place restrictions or quantity limitations on an entity regarding the lawful sale or servicing of:
23	(a) a firearm, including a component or accessory;
24	(b) ammunition, including a component or accessory;
25	(c) ammunition-reloading equipment and supplies; or
26	(d) a personal weapon other than a firearm."
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NEW SECTION. Section 3. Claims or defense against state action -- remedies -- limitations. (1)



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- 1 A person or entity may assert a violation of 10-3-101 or 10-3-102 as a claim against a state, local, or
- 2 interjurisdictional agency or public official in any judicial or administrative proceeding or as a defense in any
- 3 judicial proceeding.

4	(2) In any civil action based on this section, the court may grant:
5	(a) declaratory relief;
6	(b) injunctive relief;
7	(c) compensatory damages for pecuniary and nonpecuniary losses;
8	(d) reasonable attorney fees and costs; and
9	(e) any other appropriate relief.
10	(3) A person or entity may not bring an action to assert a claim under this section later than 2 years
11	after the date that it knew or could have known that a violation occurred.
12	
13	NEW SECTION. Section 4. Codification instruction. [Section 3] is intended to be codified as an
14	integral part of Title 10, chapter 3, and the provisions of Title 10, chapter 3, apply to [section 3].
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16	NEW SECTION. Section 5. Effective date. [This act] is effective on passage and approval.
17	- END -



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