FIRST REGULAR SESSION

SENATE BILL NO. 463

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR LEWIS.

1345S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To repeal section 542.271, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifteen new sections relating to firearms violence prevention, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 542.271, RSMo, is repealed and fifteen

- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 542.271, 571.801, 571.802, 571.803, 571.804, 571.805, 571.806,
- **4** 571.808, 571.809, 571.810, 571.811, 571.812, 571.813, 571.814,
- 5 and 571.815, to read as follows:
 - 542.271. 1. A warrant may be issued to search for and
- 2 seize, or photograph, copy or record any of the following:
- 3 (1) Property, article, material, or substance that
- 4 constitutes evidence of the commission of a criminal
- 5 offense; or
- 6 (2) Property which has been stolen or acquired in any
- 7 other manner declared an offense by chapters 569 and 570; or
- 8 (3) Property owned by any person furnishing public
- 9 communications services to the general public subject to the
- 10 regulations of the public service commission if such person
- 11 has failed to remove the property within a reasonable time
- 12 after receipt of a written notice from a peace officer
- 13 stating that such property is being used as an
- 14 instrumentality in the commission of an offense; or
- 15 (4) Property for which possession is an offense under
- 16 the law of this state; or

- 17 (5) Property for which seizure is authorized or 18 directed by any statute of this state; or
- 19 (6) Property which has been used by the owner or used
- 20 with his acquiescence or consent as a raw material or as an
- 21 instrument to manufacture or produce any thing for which
- 22 possession is an offense under the laws of this state.
- 23 2. A warrant may be issued to search for and rescue a kidnapped person.
- 3. A warrant may be issued to search for any personfor whom a valid felony arrest warrant is outstanding.
- 27 4. A warrant may be issued to search for and seize any deceased human fetus or corpse, or part thereof.
- 5. A warrant may be issued to search for and seize any firearm in the possession of a person subject to an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order under sections 571.801 to 571.815 if there is probable cause to believe the person is in possession of one or more firearms.
- 35 **6.** The provisions of sections 542.261 to 542.296 and section 542.301 shall prevail over any rules and regulations promulgated by any state governmental agency, commission or board, to the contrary notwithstanding.
 - 571.801. Sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall be known and may be cited as the "Firearm Violence Prevention Act".

- 571.802. As used in sections 571.801 to 571.815, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Extreme risk protection order", either a
 4 temporary order or a continuing order granted under sections
 5 571.801 to 571.815;
- 6 (2) "Family or household member", with respect to a 7 respondent, any:

8 (a) Person related by blood, marriage, or adoption to 9 the respondent;

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- 10 (b) Person who has a child in common with the
 11 respondent, regardless of whether such person has been
 12 married to the respondent or has lived together with the
 13 respondent at any time;
- 14 (c) Person who regularly resides with the respondent
 15 or regularly resided with the respondent within the last six
 16 months;
- 17 (d) Domestic partner of the respondent;
- 18 (e) Person who has a biological or legal parent-child 19 relationship with the respondent, including stepparents and 20 stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren;
- 21 (f) Dating partner of the respondent; or
- 22 (g) Person who is acting or has acted as the 23 respondent's legal guardian;
- 24 (3) "Firearm", any handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other 25 instrument or device capable or intended to be capable of 26 discharging bullets, cartridges, or other explosive charges;
- 27 (4) "Petitioner", the person who petitions for an extreme risk protection order under sections 571.801 to 571.815;
- 30 (5) "Respondent", the person who is identified as the 31 respondent in a petition filed under sections 571.801 to 32 571.815.

571.803. 1. A family or household member of the
respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency may
request a temporary extreme risk protection order without
notice to the respondent by including in the petition for an
extreme risk protection order an affidavit, signed under
oath and penalty of perjury, supporting the issuance of a
temporary extreme risk protection order that sets forth the

- 8 facts to establish the grounds of the petition or the reason
- 9 for believing the grounds exist. The petition shall comply
- with the requirements of subsection 3 of section 571.804.
- 11 If an application described under section 632.305 is also
- 12 filed relating to the respondent, the court may hear that
- 13 application at the same time as a hearing for an extreme
- 14 risk protection order.
- 15 2. In considering whether to issue a temporary extreme
- 16 risk protection order under this section, the court shall
- 17 consider all relevant evidence, including the evidence
- described under subsection 3 of section 571.805.
- 19 3. If a court finds by a preponderance of the evidence
- 20 that, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of
- 21 section 571.805, the respondent poses a significant risk of
- 22 causing personal injury to self or others by having in his
- or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing,
- 24 possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue a
- 25 temporary extreme risk protection order.
- 26 4. The court shall hold a temporary extreme risk
- 27 protection order hearing in person or by telephone on the
- 28 day the petition is filed or on the court day immediately
- 29 following the day the petition is filed.
- 30 5. (1) In accordance with subsection 1 of section
- 31 571.805, the court shall schedule a hearing within seven
- 32 days after the issuance of a temporary extreme risk
- 33 protection order to determine if a one-hundred-eighty-two-
- 34 day extreme risk protection order should be issued. Notice
- 35 of the hearing date shall be included with the temporary
- 36 extreme risk protection order served on the respondent. The
- 37 court shall provide notice of the hearing date to the
- 38 petitioner. Either party may request a different date for
- 39 the hearing that is beyond the initial seven days but no

40 later than an additional seven days from the issuance of the

- 41 temporary extreme risk protection order with good cause
- 42 shown. If the court reschedules the hearing, the court
- 43 shall provide notice of the new date to the petitioner and
- 44 respondent, and the temporary extreme risk protection order
- 45 shall stay in effect until the new hearing date.
- 46 (2) Any issued temporary extreme risk protection order
- 47 shall expire on the date and time of the hearing on the
- 48 extreme risk protection order petition or upon the
- 49 withdrawal of the petition.
- 50 6. A temporary extreme risk protection order shall
- 51 include:
- 52 (1) A statement of the grounds asserted for the order;
- 53 (2) The date and time the order is issued;
- 54 (3) The date and time the order expires;
- 55 (4) The address of the court in which any responsive
- 56 pleading shall be filed;
- 57 (5) The date and time of the scheduled hearing;
- 58 (6) The requirements for surrender of firearms under
- 59 **section 571.809**; and
- 60 (7) The following statement:
- To the subject of this temporary extreme risk protection
- 62 order:
- 63 This order is valid until the date and time noted above.
- 64 You shall not have in your custody or control a firearm or
- 65 purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or
- 66 receive a firearm while this order is in effect. You must
- 67 immediately surrender to the (law enforcement
- 68 agency in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides)
- 69 all firearms in your custody, control, or possession, and
- 70 any concealed carry permit issued to you. A hearing will
- 71 be held on the date and at the time noted above to
- 72 determine if a full extreme risk protection order should be
- 73 issued. Failure to appear at that hearing may result in a

74 court entering an order against you that is valid for one

- 75 hundred eighty-two days. You may seek the advice of an
- 76 attorney as to any matter connected with this order.
- 77 7. A law enforcement officer shall serve a temporary
- 78 extreme risk protection order concurrently with the notice
- 79 of hearing and petition in the same manner as under section
- 80 571.805 for service of the notice of hearing where the
- 81 respondent resides or where the firearms of concern are
- 82 located.
- 83 8. (1) If the court issues a temporary extreme risk
- 84 protection order, the court shall state the particular
- 85 reasons for the court's issuance.
- 86 (2) If the court declines to issue a temporary extreme
- 87 risk protection order, the court shall state the particular
- 88 reasons for the court's denial.
 - 571.804. 1. A petition for an extreme risk protection
- order may be filed by a family or household member of the
- 3 respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency. If the
- 4 petition is filed by a law enforcement officer or agency,
- 5 the officer or agency shall be represented in any judicial
- 6 proceeding by a county or city attorney upon request. If
- 7 the petition is filed by a family or household member, the
- 8 petitioner, to the best of his or her ability, shall notify
- 9 the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction where the
- 10 respondent resides or where the firearms are located of the
- 11 petition and of the hearing date with enough advance notice
- 12 to allow for participation or attendance.
- 13 2. A petition for an extreme risk protection order
- 14 shall be filed with a court in the county where the
- 15 respondent resides or where the firearms are located.
- 3. A petition shall:

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- 17 (1) Allege that the respondent poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having 18 19 in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The allegation shall be 20 accompanied by an affidavit, signed under oath and penalty 21 22 of perjury, stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give rise to a reasonable fear of future 23 24 dangerous acts by the respondent;
- 25 (2) Identify the number, types, and locations of any 26 firearms the petitioner believes to be in the respondent's 27 current ownership, possession, custody, or control;
- 28 (3) Identify whether the respondent is a party to an 29 existing domestic abuse protection order; and
 - (4) Identify any pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or other action between the parties to the petition pursuant to Missouri law or federal law.
 - 4. The court shall verify the terms of any existing order identified under subdivision (3) of subsection 3 of this section governing the parties. The court shall not delay granting relief because of the existence of a pending action between the parties or the necessity of verifying the terms of an existing order. A petition for an extreme risk protection order may be granted regardless of a pending action between the parties.
 - 5. If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the petitioner shall make a good-faith effort to provide notice to a family or household member of the respondent and to any known third party who may be at risk of violence. The notice shall state that the petitioner intends to file, or has already so filed, a petition for an extreme risk protection order and shall include referrals to appropriate resources including, but not limited to, mental

49 health, domestic violence, and counseling resources. The

50 petitioner shall attest in the petition to having provided

- 51 the notice or attest to the steps that will be taken to
- 52 provide the notice.
- 6. If the petition states that disclosure of the
- 54 petitioner's address would risk harm to the petitioner or
- 55 any family or household member of the petitioner, the
- 56 petitioner's address may be omitted from all documents filed
- 57 with the court. If the petitioner has not disclosed an
- 58 address under this subsection, the petitioner shall
- 59 designate an alternative address at which the respondent may
- 60 serve notice of any motions. If the petitioner is a law
- 61 enforcement officer or agency, the address of record shall
- 62 be that of the law enforcement agency.
- 7. A court or public agency shall not charge a fee for
- 64 filing or service of process to a petitioner seeking relief
- under sections 571.801 to 571.815. A petitioner shall be
- 66 provided the necessary number of certified copies, forms,
- and instructional brochures free of charge.
- 8. A person shall not be required to post a bond to
- 69 obtain relief in any proceeding under this section.
- 70 9. The associate circuit court and circuit courts of
- 71 the state of Missouri shall have jurisdiction over
- 72 proceedings under sections 571.801 to 571.815.
 - 571.805. 1. (1) Upon receipt of the petition, the
- 2 court shall order a hearing and issue a notice to the
- 3 respondent. The court shall provide the notice of the
- 4 hearing no later than one court day after the date of the
- 5 extreme risk protection order petition. The court may
- 6 schedule a hearing by telephone to reasonably accommodate a
- 7 disability or, in exceptional circumstances, to protect a
- 8 petitioner from potential harm. The court shall require

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9 assurances of the petitioner's identity before conducting a 10 telephonic hearing.

- 11 On or before the next court day, the court clerk shall forward a copy of the notice of the hearing and 12 petition to the law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction 13 14 where the respondent resides or where the firearms are 15 located for service upon the respondent.
- 16 A copy of the notice of hearing and petition shall 17 be served upon the respondent. Service issued under this 18 section shall take precedence over the service of other documents unless the other documents are of a similar 19 20 emergency nature.
- The court may, as provided under section 571.803, 21 22 issue a temporary extreme risk protection order pending the 23 hearing ordered under subdivision (1) of this subsection. 24 The temporary extreme risk protection order shall be served 25 concurrently with the notice of hearing and petition.
 - Upon hearing the matter, if the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of this section, that the respondent poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue an extreme risk protection order for a period of one hundred eighty-two days.
 - In determining whether grounds for an extreme risk protection order exist, the court may consider any relevant evidence including, but not limited to:
- A recent act or credible threat of violence by the 38 respondent against self or others, regardless of whether such violence or credible threat of violence involved a 39 40 firearm;

- 41 (2) A pattern of acts or credible threats of violence
- 42 by the respondent within the past year including, but not
- 43 limited to, acts or credible threats of violence by the
- 44 respondent against self or others;
- 45 (3) Any relevant mental health issues of the
- 46 respondent;
- 47 (4) A violation of an order of protection issued under
- 48 chapter 455, or a similar order issued by another state, by
- 49 the respondent;
- 50 (5) A previous or existing extreme risk protection
- order issued against the respondent and any violation of a
- 52 previous or existing extreme risk protection order;
- 53 (6) A conviction of the respondent for a crime that
- 54 includes an underlying factual basis of domestic violence as
- 55 defined under section 455.010;
- 56 (7) The respondent's ownership, access to, or intent
- 57 to possess a firearm;
- 58 (8) A credible threat of or the unlawful or reckless
- 59 use of a firearm by the respondent;
- 60 (9) The history of use, attempted use, or threatened
- 61 use of unlawful physical force by the respondent against
- 62 another person, or the respondent's history of stalking
- 63 under section 565.225 or 565.227;
- 64 (10) Any prior arrest of the respondent for a crime
- 65 listed under chapter 565 or 566 or section 578.012;
- 66 (11) Corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled
- 67 substances or alcohol by the respondent; and
- 68 (12) Evidence of recent acquisition of a firearm or
- 69 ammunition by the respondent.
- 70 4. The court may:
- 71 (1) Examine under oath the petitioner, the respondent,
- 72 and any witnesses they may produce or, in lieu of

- 73 examination, consider sworn affidavits of the petitioner,
- 74 the respondent, and any witnesses they may produce; and
- 75 (2) Request a probation officer to conduct a criminal
- 76 history record check related to the respondent and provide
- 77 the results to the court under seal.
- 78 5. The court shall allow the petitioner and respondent
- 79 to present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and be
- 80 represented by an attorney at the hearing.
- 81 6. In a hearing under sections 571.801 to 571.815, the
- 82 rules of evidence shall apply to the same extent as in a
- 83 full order of protection proceeding under chapter 455.
- 7. During the hearing, the court shall consider any
- 85 available mental health evaluation or chemical dependency
- 86 evaluation provided to the court.
- 87 8. An extreme risk protection order shall include:
- 88 (1) A statement of the grounds supporting the issuance
- 89 of the order;
- 90 (2) The date and time the order is issued;
- 91 (3) The date and time the order expires;
- 92 (4) The address of the court in which any responsive
- 93 pleading shall be filed;
- 94 (5) The requirements for relinquishment of firearms
- 95 under section 571.809; and
- 96 (6) The following statement:
- 97 To the subject of this extreme risk protection order:
- 98 This order will last until the date and time noted above.
- 99 If you have not done so already, you must immediately
- 100 surrender any firearms in your custody, control, or
- 101 possession and any concealed carry permit issued to you.
- You shall not have in your custody or control a firearm or
- 103 purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or
- 104 receive a firearm while this order is in effect. You have
- 105 the right to request one hearing to terminate this order

during the period that this order is in effect, starting

- from the date of this order and continuing through any
- 108 renewals. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any
- 109 matter connected with this order.
- 9. If the court issues an extreme risk protection
- 111 order, the court shall inform the respondent that he or she
- 112 may request termination of the order in the manner
- 113 prescribed under section 571.808. The court shall provide
- 114 the respondent with a form to request a termination hearing.
- 10. (1) If the court issues an extreme risk
- 116 protection order, the court shall state the particular
- 117 reasons for the court's issuance.
- 118 (2) If the court denies the issuance of an extreme
- 119 risk protection order, the court shall state the particular
- 120 reasons for the court's denial.
 - 571.806. 1. An extreme risk protection order issued
 - under section 571.805 shall be served personally upon the
 - 3 respondent, except as otherwise provided under sections
 - 4 571.801 to 571.815.
 - 5 2. The law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction
 - 6 where the respondent resides or where the firearms are
 - 7 located shall serve the respondent personally.
 - 8 3. The court clerk shall forward a copy of the extreme
 - 9 risk protection order no later than the next court day to
- 10 the law enforcement agency specified in the order for
- 11 service. Service of an extreme risk protection order shall
- 12 take precedence over the service of other documents unless
- 13 the other documents are of a similar emergency nature.
- 14 4. If the law enforcement agency cannot complete
- 15 service upon the respondent within five days, the law
- 16 enforcement agency shall notify the petitioner. The
- 17 petitioner shall then provide any additional information

18 regarding the respondent's location to the law enforcement

- 19 agency to effect service. The law enforcement agency may
- 20 request additional time to allow for the proper and safe
- 21 planning and execution of the court order.
- 22 5. If an extreme risk protection order entered by the
- 23 court states that the respondent appeared in person before
- 24 the court, the necessity for further service is waived, and
- 25 proof of service of the order shall not be necessary.
- 26 6. Returns of service under sections 571.801 to
- 27 571.815 shall be made in accordance with the applicable
- 28 court rules.
- 7. If notice of an extreme risk protection order
- 30 hearing cannot be served and if the respondent fails to
- 31 appear at the hearing, the court may issue an extreme risk
- 32 protection order under section 571.805.
 - 571.808. 1. The respondent may submit one written
- 2 request for a hearing to terminate an extreme risk
- 3 protection order for the period that the order is in
- 4 effect. Upon receipt of the request for a hearing to
- 5 terminate an extreme risk protection order, the court shall
- 6 set a date for a hearing. Notice of the request shall be
- 7 served on the petitioner. The hearing shall occur no sooner
- 8 than fourteen days and no later than twenty-eight days after
- 9 the date of service of the request upon the petitioner. The
- 10 court shall terminate the extreme risk protection order if
- 11 the respondent establishes by clear and convincing evidence
- 12 that the respondent does not continue to pose a significant
- 13 risk of personal injury to self or others by having in his
- 14 or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing,
- 15 possessing, or receiving a firearm. The court may consider
- 16 any relevant evidence, including evidence of the
- 17 considerations listed under subsection 3 of section 571.805.

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- 2. (1) The court shall notify the petitioner of the impending expiration of an extreme risk protection order sixty-three calendar days before the date that the order expires.
- 22 (2) A petitioner, a family or household member of a 23 respondent, or a law enforcement officer or agency may, by 24 motion, request a renewal of an extreme risk protection 25 order at any time within sixty-three calendar days before 26 the expiration of the order.
- 27 Upon receipt of the motion to renew, the court shall order that a hearing be held no later than fourteen 28 29 days after the filing of the motion to renew. The court may 30 schedule a hearing by telephone in the manner prescribed under subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 571.805. 31 32 The respondent shall be personally served in the same manner 33 prescribed under subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 1 of 34 section 571.805.
 - (4) In determining whether to renew an extreme risk protection order, the court shall consider all relevant evidence and follow the same procedure as provided under section 571.805.
 - evidence that, based on the evidence presented under subsection 3 of section 571.805, the respondent continues to pose a significant risk of personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall renew the order for a period of time the court deems appropriate, not to exceed one hundred eighty-two days. In the order, the court shall set a return date to review the order no later than thirty-five days prior to the expiration of the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for

- 50 renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no
- 51 modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the
- 52 basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit, signed under
- oath and penalty of perjury, stating that there has been no
- 54 material change in relevant circumstances since the entry of
- 55 the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal.
 - 571.809. 1. (1) Upon issuance of an extreme risk
- 2 protection order under sections 571.801 to 571.815,
- 3 including a temporary extreme risk protection order, the
- 4 court shall order the respondent to surrender all firearms
- 5 by either:
- 6 (a) Selling or transferring possession of a firearm to
- 7 a federally licensed firearms dealer defined under 18 U.S.C.
- 8 Section 921, as amended. However, this paragraph shall not
- 9 be interpreted to require any federally licensed firearms
- 10 dealer to purchase or accept possession of any firearm. If
- 11 the respondent elects to sell his or her firearms, the
- 12 respondent is entitled to the proceeds; or
- 13 (b) Arranging for the storage of a firearm by a law
- 14 enforcement agency.
- 15 (2) The court shall order the respondent to surrender
- any concealed carry permit to the law enforcement officer
- 17 serving the extreme risk protection order.
- 18 2. (1) The law enforcement agency serving an extreme
- 19 risk protection order, including a temporary extreme risk
- 20 protection order, in which the petitioner is not a law
- 21 enforcement agency or officer, shall request that the
- 22 respondent immediately surrender all firearms in his or her
- 23 custody, control, or possession and any concealed carry
- 24 permit issued to the respondent and shall conduct any search
- 25 permitted by law for such firearms or permit. After the law
- 26 enforcement agency or officer has custody of the firearms,

27 the respondent may inform the law enforcement officer of his

- or her preference for sale, transfer, or storage of the
- 29 firearms as specified under subsection 1 of this section.
- 30 If the respondent elects to sell or transfer the firearms to
- 31 a federally licensed firearms dealer described under 18
- 32 U.S.C. Section 923, as amended, the law enforcement officer
- or agency shall maintain custody of the firearms until they
- 34 are sold or transferred. The law enforcement officer shall
- 35 take possession of all firearms and any such permit
- 36 belonging to the respondent that are surrendered, in plain
- 37 sight, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search.
- 38 Alternatively, if personal service by the law enforcement
- 39 agency is not possible or not required because the
- 40 respondent was present at the extreme risk protection order
- 41 hearing, the respondent shall surrender the firearms and any
- 42 concealed carry permit after being served with the order by
- 43 alternate service or after the hearing at which the
- 44 respondent was present.
- 45 (2) If the petitioner for an extreme risk protection
- 46 order is a law enforcement agency or officer, the law
- 47 enforcement officer serving the extreme risk protection
- 48 order shall take custody of the respondent's firearms
- 49 pursuant to the search warrant for firearms possessed by a
- 50 dangerous person if a warrant is obtained. If the law
- 51 enforcement agency obtains a search warrant for firearms
- 52 possessed by a dangerous person, the law enforcement officer
- 53 shall request that the respondent immediately surrender all
- 54 firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession and
- 55 any concealed carry permit issued to the respondent and
- 56 conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms or
- 57 permit. After the law enforcement agency or officer has
- 58 custody of the firearms, the respondent may inform the law

- 59 enforcement officer of his or her preference for sale,
- 60 transfer, or storage of the firearms. The law enforcement
- officer shall request that the respondent immediately
- 62 surrender any concealed carry permit issued to the
- 63 respondent and conduct any search permitted by law for the
- 64 permit.
- 3. At the time of surrender or taking custody, a law
- 66 enforcement officer taking possession of a firearm or a
- 67 concealed carry permit shall issue a receipt identifying all
- 68 firearms and any permit that is surrendered or seized and
- 69 provide a copy of the receipt to the respondent. Within
- 70 seventy-two hours after service of the order, the officer
- 71 serving the order shall file the original receipt with the
- 72 court and shall ensure that his or her law enforcement
- 73 agency retains a copy of the receipt or, if the officer does
- 74 not take custody of any firearms, shall file a statement to
- 75 that effect with the court.
- 76 4. Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the
- 77 petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging
- 78 probable cause that the respondent has failed to comply with
- 79 the surrender of firearms as required by an extreme risk
- 80 protection order, the court shall determine whether probable
- 81 cause exists to believe that the respondent failed to
- 82 surrender all firearms in his or her custody, control, or
- 83 possession. If probable cause exists, the court shall issue
- 84 a search warrant that states with particularity the places
- 85 to be searched and the items to be seized.
- 86 5. If a person other than the respondent claims title
- 87 to any firearms surrendered or seized under this section and
- 88 the law enforcement agency determines the person is the
- 89 lawful owner of the firearm, the firearm shall be returned
- 90 to the person if:

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- 91 (1) The firearm is removed from the respondent's 92 custody, control, or possession and the lawful owner agrees 93 to store the firearm so that the respondent does not have
- 95 (2) The firearm is not otherwise unlawfully possessed 96 by the lawful owner.

access to or control of the firearm; and

- 97 6. (1) Within twenty-four hours of the issuance of an 98 extreme risk protection order, a respondent shall either:
 - (a) File proof with the court that issued the order showing that the respondent has relinquished or removed all firearms previously in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and surrendered any concealed carry permit issued to the respondent. The respondent shall attest to the court that no firearms are currently in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and that the respondent does not currently have a concealed carry permit; or
 - (b) Attest to the court that:
- a. At the time the order was issued, the respondent did not have any firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and did not have a concealed carry permit; and
- 112 b. The respondent does not currently have any firearms 113 in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and does 114 not currently have a concealed carry permit.
- 115 If the respondent does not comply with the requirements of subdivision (1) of this subsection within 116 the twenty-four-hour period, the court clerk shall inform a 117 118 law enforcement agency in the county in which the court is 119 located that the respondent has not complied with 120 subdivision (1) of this subsection. The law enforcement 121 agency shall make a good-faith effort to determine whether 122 the respondent has failed to relinquish any firearms in the

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respondent's custody, control, or possession or failed to surrender a concealed carry permit.

125 The POST commission, as defined under section 126 590.010, shall develop model policies and procedures by December 1, 2025, regarding the acceptance, storage, sale, 127 128 and return of firearms required to be surrendered under sections 571.801 to 571.815 or seized under subsection 5 of 129 130 section 542.271 and shall provide those model policies and 131 procedures to all law enforcement agencies within the 132 state. Each law enforcement agency shall adopt the model 133 policies and procedures or adopt their own policies and procedures before January 1, 2026. 134

If an extreme risk protection order or 571.810. 1. 2 temporary extreme risk protection order is terminated or 3 expires without renewal, any law enforcement agency holding 4 a firearm surrendered or seized under section 571.809 or 5 seized under subsection 5 of section 542.271 shall return the firearm requested by a respondent only after confirming, 6 through a criminal history record check, that the respondent 7 8 is currently eligible to own or possess a firearm under 9 federal and state law and after confirming with the court that the extreme risk protection order has terminated or has 10 expired without renewal. 11

2. Any firearm surrendered or seized under section 571.809 or seized under subsection 5 of section 542.271 that remains unclaimed by the lawful owner for at least one year from the date the temporary extreme risk protection order or extreme risk protection order expired, whichever is later, shall be disposed in accordance with the law enforcement agency's policies and procedures for the disposal of firearms in police custody.

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571.811. 1. The court clerk shall enter an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order into a statewide judicial information system on the same day the order is issued.

- The court clerk shall forward a copy of an extreme risk protection order or temporary extreme risk protection order the same day the order is issued to the Missouri state highway patrol and the law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order, the law enforcement agency specified in the order shall enter the order into the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS), any other federal or state computer-based systems used by law enforcement agencies or others to identify prohibited purchasers of firearms, and the Missouri uniform law enforcement system (MULES). The order shall remain in each system for the period stated in the order, and the law enforcement agency shall expunge from the systems only orders that have expired or been terminated. Entry into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system shall be notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order shall be fully enforceable anywhere in the state.
- 3. The issuing court shall, within three court days after issuance of an extreme risk protection order or a temporary extreme risk protection order, forward all identifying information the court has regarding the respondent, along with the date the order is issued, to the county sheriff in the jurisdiction where the respondent resides. Upon receipt of the information, the county sheriff shall determine if the respondent has a concealed carry permit. If the respondent does have a concealed carry permit, the issuing county sheriff shall immediately revoke

33 the permit. The respondent may reapply for a concealed

- 34 carry permit after the temporary extreme risk protection
- order and extreme risk protection order, if ordered, are no
- 36 longer in effect.
- 37 4. If an extreme risk protection order is terminated
- 38 before its expiration date, the court clerk shall forward,
- 39 on the same day as the termination order, a copy of the
- 40 termination order to the highway patrol and the law
- 41 enforcement agency specified in the termination order. Upon
- 42 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency specified
- 43 in the termination order shall promptly remove the order
- 44 from any computer-based system in which it was entered under
- 45 subsection 2 of this section.
 - 571.812. Any person who has in his or her custody or
- 2 control a firearm or purchases, possesses, or receives a
- 3 firearm with knowledge that he or she is prohibited from
- 4 doing so by an extreme risk protection order or temporary
- 5 extreme risk protection order shall be quilty of a class B
- 6 misdemeanor. However, such person shall be guilty of a
- 7 class E felony if the person has two or more previous
- 8 convictions for violating an extreme risk protection order.
- 571.813. Sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall not affect
- the ability of a law enforcement officer to remove a firearm
- 3 or concealed carry permit from a person or conduct a search
- 4 and seizure for any firearm pursuant to other lawful
- 5 authority.
 - 571.814. Except as provided under section 571.812,
- 2 sections 571.801 to 571.815 shall not impose criminal or
- 3 civil liability on any person or entity for acts or
- 4 omissions made in good faith related to obtaining an extreme
- 5 risk protection order or a temporary extreme risk protection
- 6 order including, but not limited to, reporting, declining to

7 report, investigating, declining to investigate, filing, or

- 8 declining to file a petition under sections 571.801 to
- 9 **571.815**.
 - 571.815. 1. (1) The office of state courts
- 2 administrator shall develop standard petitions, extreme risk
- 3 protection order forms, and temporary extreme risk
- 4 protection order forms in more than one language consistent
- 5 with state judicial branch practices. The standard petition
- and order forms shall be used after December 31, 2025, for
- 7 all extreme risk protection order petitions and extreme risk
- 8 protection orders. The office of state courts administrator
- 9 may consult with interested parties in developing the
- 10 petitions and forms. The materials shall be available
- 11 online consistent with state judicial branch practices.
- 12 (2) The extreme risk protection order form shall
- include, in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal
- 14 penalties resulting from violation of the order and the
- 15 **following statement:**
- 16 You have the sole responsibility to avoid or
- 17 refrain from violating this extreme risk
- 18 protection order's provisions. Only the court can
- 19 change the order and only upon written motion.
- 20 2. A court clerk for each judicial district shall
- 21 create a community resource list that includes, but is not
- 22 limited to, crisis intervention, mental health, substance
- 23 abuse, interpreter, counseling, and other relevant resources
- 24 serving the county in which the court is located. The court
- 25 shall make the community resource list available as part of
- 26 or in addition to the materials described under subdivision
- 27 (1) of subsection 1 of this section.

not be limited to:

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- 3. The office of state courts administrator shall distribute a master copy of the standard petition and extreme risk protection order forms to all circuit courts.
- 31 4. Before March first of each year, the office of 32 state courts administrator shall issue to the speaker of the 33 house of representatives, president pro tempore of the 34 senate, chief justice of the supreme court, and governor 35 statistics related to extreme risk protection orders in the 36 preceding calendar year. The statistics shall include, but
- 38 (1) The number of petitions filed for temporary 39 extreme risk protection orders;
- 40 (2) The number of petitions filed for extreme risk 41 protection orders;
- 42 (3) The number of temporary extreme risk protection 43 orders issued and denied;
- 44 (4) The number of extreme risk protection orders 45 issued and denied;
- 46 (5) The number of temporary extreme risk protection 47 orders terminated;
- 48 (6) The number of extreme risk protection orders 49 terminated; and
- 50 (7) The number of extreme risk protection orders
 51 renewed.

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