SENATE BILL NO. 272

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR BLACK.

1026S.01I KRISTINA MARTIN, Secretary

AN ACT

To amend chapters 34 and 431, RSMo, by adding thereto two new sections relating to prohibited business practices of entities doing business in this state, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

- Section A. Chapters 34 and 431, RSMo, are amended by
- 2 adding thereto two new sections, to be known as sections 34.650
- 3 and 431.205, to read as follows:
 - 34.650. 1. A public entity shall not enter into a
- 2 contract with a company to acquire or dispose of services,
- 3 supplies, information technology, or construction unless the
- 4 contract includes a written certification that the company
- 5 is not currently engaged in and shall not, for the duration
- of the contract, engage in any kind of economic boycott.
- 7 This section shall not apply to contracts with a total
- 8 potential value of less than one hundred thousand dollars or
- 9 to contractors with fewer than ten employees.
- 2. As used in this section, the following terms and
- 11 phrases mean:
- 12 (1) "Company", any for-profit or not-for-profit
- 13 organization, association, corporation, partnership, joint
- 14 venture, limited partnership, limited liability partnership,
- 15 limited liability company, or other entity or business
- 16 association, including all wholly owned subsidiaries,
- 17 majority-owned subsidiaries, parent companies, or affiliates
- 18 of those entities or business associations:

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19 (2) "Economic boycott", refusing to deal with,
20 terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking
21 any commercial action that is intended to penalize, inflict
22 economic harm on, limit commercial relations with, or change
23 or limit the activities of a company because the company,

- 24 without violating controlling federal or state law:
- 25 (a) Engages in the exploration, production, 26 utilization, transportation, sale, or manufacturing of, 27 fossil fuel-based energy, timber, mining, or agriculture;
- 28 (b) Engages in, facilitates, or supports the
 29 manufacture, import, distribution, marketing or advertising,
 30 sale, or lawful use of firearms, ammunition, or component
 31 parts and accessories of firearms or ammunition;
- 32 (c) Does not meet, is not expected to meet, or does 33 not commit to meet environmental standards or disclosure 34 criteria, in particular to eliminate, reduce, offset, or 35 disclose greenhouse gas emissions;
- 36 (d) Does not meet, is not expected to meet, or does 37 not commit to meet any specified criteria with respect to 38 the compensation and composition of the company's corporate 39 board and the employees of the company;
- 40 (e) Does not facilitate, is not expected to
 41 facilitate, or does not commit to facilitate access to
 42 abortion, sex or gender change, or transgender surgery or
 43 medical treatments; or
- (f) Does business with a company that engages in or
 does not meet one or more of the criteria listed in
 paragraphs (a) to (e) of this subdivision.
- 47 (3) "Public entity", the state of Missouri or any
 48 political subdivision thereof, including all boards,
 49 commissions, agencies, institutions, authorities, and bodies

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politic and corporate of the state created by or in accordance with state law or regulations.

- 3. Any contract that fails to comply with the provisions of this section shall be void against public policy.
- 55 **4.** (1) This section, or any contract subject to this 56 section, may be enforced by the attorney general.
- 57 (2) If the attorney general has reasonable cause to 58 believe that a person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is 59 about to engage in, a violation of this section, he or she 60 may:
- 61 (a) Require such person to file on such forms as the 62 attorney general prescribes a statement or report in 63 writing, under oath, as to all the facts and circumstances 64 concerning the violation, and such other data and 65 information as deemed necessary;
- 66 (b) Examine under oath any person in connection with 67 the violation;
- 68 (c) Examine any record, book, document, account, or 69 paper as deemed necessary; and
- 70 (d) Pursuant to an order of a circuit court, impound 71 any record, book, document, account, paper, sample, or 72 material relating to such practice and retain the same in 73 his or her possession until the completion of all 74 proceedings undertaken under this section or in the courts.
 - (3) In addition to any other remedies available at law or equity, a company that enters into a contract with a public entity that is subject to this section and engages in any economic boycott during the term of the contract shall be obligated to pay damages to the state in an amount equal to three times all monies paid to the company under the contract.

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5. (1) Any person injured as a result of any violation or threatened violation of this section shall have a cause of action in the circuit court of Cole County and shall be entitled to injunctive relief against any and all violators or persons threatening violations.

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- (2) Any person injured as a result of any violation or threatened violation of this section may recover any and all damages of any character resulting from such violation or threatened violation including costs and reasonable attorney fees. Such remedies shall be independent of and in addition to the other penalties and remedies prescribed under this section.
- 6. The commissioner of administration may promulgate 94 95 regulations to implement the provisions of this section, so 96 long as they are consistent with this section and do not 97 create any exceptions. Any rule or portion of a rule, as 98 that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority of this section shall become effective 99 100 only if it complies with and is subject to all of the 101 provisions of chapter 536 and, if applicable, section 102 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly 103 pursuant to chapter 536 to review, to delay the effective 104 105 date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 106 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 107 2025, shall be invalid and void. 108
 - 431.205. 1. It shall be an unlawful business practice for any private business, in entering into, maintaining, or seeking to establish contractual relations with any other private business to:

- 5 (1) Fail or refuse to enter into a contract, maintain
- 6 a contract, or entertain bids or offers to contract, based,
- 7 in whole or in part, on the fact that the other private
- 8 business:
- 9 (a) Does not provide information or data, or does not
- 10 provide sufficient information or data, about the extent to
- 11 which its workforce or ownership exhibit particular DEI
- 12 classifications; or
- (b) Fails to satisfy any rule, standard, policy, goal,
- 14 aspiration, or preference, whether express or implied,
- 15 regarding the extent to which its workforce, managers,
- 16 executives, or ownership exhibit or claim to exhibit
- 17 particular DEI classifications;
- 18 (2) (a) Consider:
- 19 a. Whether the owners, controllers, officers, or
- 20 employees of the other private business exhibit or claim to
- 21 exhibit particular DEI classifications; or
- 22 b. Whether the other private business has adopted or
- 23 endorsed any particular policy or practice that promotes the
- 24 hiring and promotion of employees based on the fact that
- 25 those employees or prospective employees exhibit or claim to
- 26 exhibit particular DEI classifications;
- 27 (b) The act of considering one of the factors
- 28 described in paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall be an
- 29 unlawful business practice pursuant to this section if it
- 30 meets any of the following:
- 31 a. If it is only one criterion among many other
- 32 criteria:
- 33 b. If it is treated as a dispositive criterion in
- 34 making a decision; and
- 35 c. If it is part of an express or implied scoring or
- 36 grading system;

- 37 (3) Require or suggest that individuals exhibiting
- 38 particular DEI classifications, because of their DEI
- 39 classifications, work on the contract or have particular
- 40 roles in performing the contract, or require or suggest that
- 41 a particular quota or percentage of individuals working on
- 42 the performance of a contract exhibit one or more particular
- 43 DEI classifications; or
- 44 (4) Require or suggest that any other contracting
- 45 party provide data regarding the extent to which its
- 46 workforce, managers, executives, or ownership exhibit or
- 47 claim to exhibit particular DEI classifications.
- 48 2. For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 49 mean:
- 50 (1) "Private business", any individual, partnership,
- 51 company, or corporation engaging in commerce, manufacturing,
- 52 or services;
- 53 (2) "DEI classifications", race, ethnicity,
- 54 nationality, socioeconomic status, sex, sexual orientation,
- 55 gender, or gender identity.
- 3. The act of requesting information from a current or
- 57 prospective contracting party that is related to DEI
- 58 classifications is not alone sufficient to establish a
- 59 violation of this section, but may provide circumstantial
- 60 evidence of a violation.
- 61 4. This section shall apply:
- 62 (1) To any act relating to a contract that is
- 63 solicited, bid, negotiated, or to be substantially performed
- 64 in Missouri; or
- 65 (2) To any party to a contract, solicitation, or bid
- 66 that is incorporated under the laws of Missouri or that has
- 67 its principal place of business in Missouri.
- 5. This section shall not apply:

69 (1) To the decision to employ an individual or to discharge an individual from employment;

- 71 (2) To any depository institution, trust company,
- 72 licensee, or person subject to the jurisdiction of the
- 73 United States Securities Exchange Commission, Federal
- 74 Reserve, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, or
- 75 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the Missouri
- 76 securities division within secretary of state;
- 77 (3) To any action of a private business necessary to 78 comply with an order or judgment from any federal court
- 79 enforcing any provision of federal law; and
- 80 (4) To any action of a private business necessary to 81 comply with the requirements of federal law pertaining to 82 businesses that:
- 83 (a) Enter into contracts with the federal government; 84 or
- 85 (b) Enter into other public contracts.

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- 6. (1) A civil action for violation of this section may be brought in any circuit court in any county in which the unlawful business practice is alleged to have been committed.
- 90 (2) Any action brought in court pursuant to this 91 section shall be filed within two years after the alleged 92 unlawful business practice occurred or its reasonable 93 discovery by the alleged injured party.
 - (3) The court may grant as relief, as it deems appropriate, any permanent or temporary injunction, temporary restraining order, or other order, and may award to the plaintiff actual and punitive damages, and may award court costs and reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party, other than a state agency or commission or a local commission. A prevailing respondent may be awarded

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reasonable attorney fees only upon a showing that the case was without foundation.

- (4) Any party to any action initiated under this section has a right to a trial by jury.
- 105 (5) In any civil action brought pursuant to this
 106 section, the plaintiff shall bear the burden of proving the
 107 alleged unlawful practice was the direct proximate cause of
 108 the claimed damages.
- 7. Whenever the attorney general has a reasonable cause to believe that any private business or group of private businesses is engaged in an unlawful business practice prohibited by this section, any or all of the following actions may be taken:
 - (1) A civil investigative demand may be issued to any person who may have relevant information. Any civil investigative demand shall be issued in the same manner required by section 407.040 and shall be subject to the same requirements and restrictions as are required by sections 407.005 to 407.315, to the extent such requirements and restrictions are not inconsistent with this section;
 - (2) A civil action may be brought in the circuit court of Cole County by filing a complaint setting forth the facts and requesting any one or more of the following remedies:
 - (a) Preventive relief, including, but not limited to, an application for a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or other order against the person or persons responsible for such unlawful business practice;
- 128 (b) Civil penalties in the amount of ten thousand 129 dollars per violation; and
- 130 (c) The award of the costs of investigation.

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