SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 76

A bill to amend 1927 PA 372, entitled

"An act to regulate and license the selling, purchasing, possessing, and carrying of certain firearms, gas ejecting devices, and electro-muscular disruption devices; to prohibit the buying, selling, or carrying of certain firearms, gas ejecting devices, and electro-muscular disruption devices without a license or other authorization; to provide for the forfeiture of firearms and electro-muscular disruption devices under certain circumstances; to provide for penalties and remedies; to provide immunity from civil liability under certain circumstances; to prescribe the powers and duties of certain state and local agencies; to prohibit certain conduct against individuals who apply for or receive a license to carry a concealed pistol; to make appropriations; to prescribe certain conditions for the appropriations; and to repeal all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act,"

by amending sections 1, 2, 2a, 2b, 12, and 14a (MCL 28.421, 28.422, 28.422a, 28.422b, 28.432, and 28.434a), section 1 as amended by





2017 PA 95, section 2 as amended by 2015 PA 200, section 2a as amended by 2016 PA 301, section 2b as amended by 2014 PA 205, section 12 as amended by 2010 PA 209, and section 14a as added by 2010 PA 295.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN ENACT:

1 Sec. 1. (1) As used in this act:

PA 415, MCL 791.502.

- (a) "Corrections officer of the department of corrections"
 means a state correctional officer as that term is defined in
 section 2 of the correctional officers' training act of 1982, 1982
- 6 (b) "Felony" means, except as otherwise provided in this
 7 subdivision, that term as defined in section 1 of chapter I of the
 8 code of criminal procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 761.1, or a violation
 9 of a law of the United States or another state that is designated
 10 as a felony or that is punishable by death or by imprisonment for
 11 more than 1 year. Felony does not include a violation of a penal
 12 law of this state that is expressly designated as a misdemeanor.
- (c) "Firearm" means any weapon which will, is designed to, or
 may readily be converted to expel a projectile by action of an
 explosive.
- (d) "Firearms records" means any form, information, or record required for submission to a government agency under sections 2, 2a, 2b, and 5b, or any form, permit, or license issued by a government agency under this act.
- 20 (e) "Local corrections officer" means that term as defined in 21 section 2 of the local corrections officers training act, 2003 PA 22 125, MCL 791.532.
- (f) "Misdemeanor" means a violation of a penal law of thisstate or violation of a local ordinance substantially corresponding

- to a violation of a penal law of this state that is not a felony or
 a violation of an order, rule, or regulation of a state agency that
 is punishable by imprisonment or a fine that is not a civil fine,
 or both.
- (g) "Parole or probation officer of the department of
 corrections" means any individual employed by the department of
 corrections to supervise felony probationers or parolees or that
 individual's immediate supervisor.
- 9 (h) "Peace officer" means, except as otherwise provided in 10 this act, an individual who is employed as a law enforcement 11 officer, as that term is defined under section 2 of the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 12 28.602, by this state or another state, a political subdivision of 13 14 this state or another state, or the United States, and who is 15 required to carry a firearm in the course of his or her that 16 individual's duties as a law enforcement officer.
- 17 (i) "Pistol" means a loaded or unloaded firearm that is 26

 18 inches or less in length, or a loaded or unloaded firearm that by

 19 its construction and appearance conceals it as a firearm.
- 20 (j) "Purchaser" means a person who receives a pistol firearm21 from another person by purchase or gift.
- (k) "Reserve peace officer", "auxiliary officer", or "reserve 22 23 officer" means, except as otherwise provided in this act, an individual authorized on a voluntary or irregular basis by a duly 24 25 authorized police agency of this state or a political subdivision of this state to act as a law enforcement officer, who is 26 27 responsible for the preservation of the peace, the prevention and detection of crime, and the enforcement of the general criminal 28 29 laws of this state, and who is otherwise eligible to possess a

- 1 firearm under this act.
- (m) "Retired federal law enforcement officer" means an 7 8 individual who was an officer or agent employed by a law 9 enforcement agency of the United States government whose primary 10 responsibility was enforcing laws of the United States, who was required to carry a firearm in the course of his or her the 11 12 individual's duties as a law enforcement officer, and who retired 13 in good standing from his or her the individual's employment as a 14 federal law enforcement officer.
- (n) "Retired parole or probation officer of the department of corrections" means an individual who was a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections and who retired in good standing from his or her the individual's employment as a parole or probation officer of the department of corrections.
- 20 (o) "Retired police officer" or "retired law enforcement 21 officer" means an individual who was a police officer or law 22 enforcement officer who was licensed or certified as described in 23 the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, and retired in good standing from his or 24 25 her the individual's employment as a police officer or law 26 enforcement officer. A police officer or law enforcement officer 27 retired in good standing if he or she the individual receives a pension or other retirement benefit for his or her the individual's 28 service as a police officer or law enforcement officer or actively 29

- 1 maintained a Michigan commission on law enforcement standards or
 2 equivalent state certification or license from this state or
 3 another state for not less than 10 consecutive years.
 - (p) "Seller" means a person who sells or gives a pistol
 firearm to another person.
- 6 (q) "State court judge" means a judge of the district court,
 7 circuit court, probate court, or court of appeals or justice of the
 8 supreme court of this state who is serving either by election or
 9 appointment.
- 10 (r) "State court retired judge" means a judge or justice
 11 described in subdivision (q) who is retired, or a retired judge of
 12 the recorders court.
- (2) A person may lawfully own, possess, carry, or transport as
 a pistol a firearm greater than 26 inches in length if all of the
 following conditions apply:
- 16 (a) The person registered the firearm as a pistol under17 section 2 or 2a before January 1, 2013.
- 18 (b) The person who registered the firearm as described in19 subdivision (a) has maintained registration of the firearm since20 January 1, 2013 without lapse.
 - (c) The person possesses a copy of the license or record issued to him or her the person under section 2 or 2a.
- 23 (3) A person who satisfies all of the conditions listed under 24 subsection (2) nevertheless may elect to have the firearm not be 25 considered to be a pistol. A person who makes the election under 26 this subsection shall notify the department of state police of the 27 election in a manner prescribed by that department.
- Sec. 2. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a person shall not purchase, do either of the following:

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- (a) Purchase, carry, possess, or transport a pistol in this state without first having obtained a license for the pistol as prescribed in this section.
- (b) Purchase or acquire a firearm that is not a pistol without a license as prescribed in this section. This subdivision does not apply to the purchase or acquisition of a firearm that occurred before the effective date of the amendatory act that added this subdivision.
- (2) A person An individual who brings a pistol firearm into this state who is on leave from active duty with the armed forces

 Armed Forces of the United States or who has been discharged from active duty with the armed forces Armed Forces of the United States shall obtain a license for the pistol within firearm not later than 30 days after his or her arrival the individual arrives in this state.
- (3) The commissioner or chief of police of a city, township, or village police department that issues licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols, firearms, or his or her the commissioner's or chief's duly authorized deputy, or the sheriff or his or her the sheriff's duly authorized deputy, in the parts of a county not included within in a city, township, or village having an organized police department, in discharging the duty to issue licenses shall with due speed and diligence issue licenses to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols firearms to qualified applicants unless he or she the individual has probable cause to believe that the applicant would be a threat to himself or herself the applicant or to other individuals, or would commit an offense with the pistol firearm that would violate a law of this or another state or of the United States. An applicant is qualified if

- 1 all of the following circumstances exist:
- 2 (a) The person individual is not subject to an order or
- ${f 3}$ disposition for which ${f he}$ or she the individual has received notice
- 4 and an opportunity for a hearing, and which was entered into the
- 5 law enforcement information network under any of the following:
- 6 (i) Section 464a of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL
- **7** 330.1464a.
- 8 (ii) Section 5107 of the estates and protected individuals
- 9 code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.5107, or section 444a of former 1978 PA
- **10** 642.
- 11 (iii) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961
- **12** PA 236, MCL 600.2950.
- (iv) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961
- **14** PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.
- 15 (v) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MCL 552.14.
- 16 (vi) Section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure,
- 17 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b, if the order has a condition imposed under
- 18 section 6b(3) of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure, 1927
- **19** PA 175, MCL 765.6b.
- (vii) Section 16b of chapter IX of the code of criminal
- 21 procedure, 1927 PA 175, MCL 769.16b.
- 22 (b) The person individual is 18 years of age or older or, if
- 23 the firearm is a pistol and the seller is licensed under 18 USC
- 24 923, is 21 years of age or older.
- 25 (c) The person individual is a citizen of the United States or
- 26 an alien lawfully admitted into the United States and is a legal
- 27 resident of this state. For the purposes of this section, a person
- 28 an individual is considered a legal resident of this state if any
- 29 of the following apply:

- 1 (i) The person-individual has a valid, lawfully obtained
- 2 Michigan driver license issued under the Michigan vehicle code,
- 3 1949 PA 300, MCL 257.1 to 257.923, or an official state personal
- 4 identification card issued under 1972 PA 222, MCL 28.291 to 28.300.
- 5 (ii) The person individual is lawfully registered to vote in6 this state.
- 7 (iii) The person-individual is on active duty status with the
- 8 Armed Forces of the United States armed forces and is stationed
- 9 outside of this state, but the person's individual's home of record
- 10 is in this state.
- 11 (iv) The person individual is on active duty status with the
- 12 Armed Forces of the United States armed forces and is permanently
- 13 stationed in this state, but the person's individual's home of
- 14 record is in another state.
- 15 (d) A felony charge or a criminal charge listed in section 5b
- 16 against the person individual is not pending at the time of
- 17 application.
- 18 (e) The person individual is not prohibited from possessing,
- 19 using, transporting, selling, purchasing, carrying, shipping,
- 20 receiving, or distributing a firearm under section 224f of the
- 21 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.224f.
- 22 (f) The person individual has not been adjudged insane in this
- 23 state or elsewhere unless he or she the individual has been
- 24 adjudged restored to sanity by court order.
- 25 (g) The person individual is not under an order of involuntary
- 26 commitment in an inpatient or outpatient setting due to mental
- 27 illness.
- 28 (h) The person individual has not been adjudged legally
- 29 incapacitated in this state or elsewhere. This subdivision does not

- apply to a person an individual who has had his or her the
 individual's legal capacity restored by order of the court.
- (4) Applications An applicant for licenses a license under this section shall be signed by the applicant sign the application under oath upon forms on a form provided by the director of the department of state police. Licenses—A licensing authority shall issue a license to purchase, carry, possess, or transport pistols shall be executed firearms in triplicate upon forms on a form provided by the director of the department of state police. and shall be signed by the The licensing authority shall sign any license issued under this section. Three The licensing authority shall deliver 3 copies of the license shall be delivered to the applicant. by the licensing authority. A license is void unless used within 30 days after the date it is issued.
 - firearm, the seller shall fill out the license forms describing the pistol, firearm, together with the date of sale or acquisition, and sign his or her the seller's name in ink indicating that the pistol firearm was sold to or otherwise acquired by the purchaser. The purchaser shall also sign his or her the purchaser's name in ink indicating the purchase or other acquisition of the pistol firearm from the seller. The seller may retain a copy of the license as a record of the transaction, . The purchaser shall receive 2 copies shall provide a copy of the license . The purchaser shall to the purchaser, and, if the firearm is a pistol, shall return 1 copy of the license to the licensing authority within not later than 10 days after the date the pistol is purchased or acquired. The seller shall return of the copy to the licensing authority may be made in person or may be made by first-class mail or certified mail sent

- 1 within in the 10-day period to the proper address of the licensing
- 2 authority. A purchaser seller who fails to comply with the
- 3 requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil
- 4 infraction and may be fined not more than \$250.00. If a purchaser
- 5 seller is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this
- 6 subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police
- 7 of that determination.
- **8** (6) Within Not later than 10 days after receiving the license
- 9 copy for a pistol returned under subsection (5), the licensing
- 10 authority shall electronically enter the information into the
- 11 pistol entry database as required by the department of state police
- 12 if it the licensing authority has the ability to electronically
- 13 enter that information. If the licensing authority does not have
- 14 that ability, the licensing authority shall provide that
- 15 information to the department of state police in a manner otherwise
- 16 required by the department of state police. Any licensing authority
- 17 that provided pistol descriptions to the department of state police
- 18 under former section 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol
- 19 descriptions to the department of state police under this
- 20 subsection. Within Not later than 48 hours after entering or
- 21 otherwise providing the information on the license copy returned
- 22 under subsection (5) to the department of state police, the
- 23 licensing authority shall forward the copy of the license to the
- 24 department of state police. The purchaser has the right to may
- 25 obtain a copy of the information placed in the pistol entry
- 26 database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that
- 27 information. The licensing authority may charge a fee not to exceed
- 28 \$1.00 for the cost of providing the copy. The licensee may carry,
- 29 use, possess, and transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the

- date of purchase or acquisition only while he or she the licensee
 is in possession of his or her a copy of the license. However, the
 person licensee is not required to have the license in his or her
 the licensee's possession while carrying, using, possessing, or
 transporting the pistol after this period.
 - (7) This section does not apply to the purchase of pistols firearms from wholesalers by dealers regularly engaged in the business of selling pistols—firearms at retail, or to the sale, barter, or exchange of pistols—firearms kept as relics or curios not made for modern ammunition or permanently deactivated.
 - (8) This section does not prevent the transfer of ownership of pistols to an heir or devisee, whether by testamentary bequest or by the laws of intestacy regardless of whether the pistol is registered with this state. entered into the pistol entry database. An individual who has inherited a pistol firearm shall obtain a license as required in this section within not later than 30 days of after taking physical possession of the pistol. firearm. The license may be signed by a next of kin of the decedent or the person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, including when the next of kin is the individual inheriting the pistol. firearm. If the heir or devisee is not qualified for a license under this section, the heir or devisee may direct the next of kin or person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, to dispose of the pistol firearm in any manner that is lawful and the heir or devisee considers appropriate. The person authorized to dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, is not

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required to obtain a license under this section if he or she the 1 2 person takes temporary lawful possession of the pistol firearm in the process of disposing of the pistol firearm pursuant to the 3 decedent's testamentary bequest or the laws of intestacy. A law 4 5 enforcement agency may not seize or confiscate a pistol firearm 6 being transferred by testamentary bequest or the laws of intestacy 7 unless the heir or devisee does not qualify for obtaining a license 8 under this section and the next of kin or person authorized to 9 dispose of property under the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1101 to 700.8206, is unable to retain 10 11 his or her temporary possession of the pistol-firearm or find 12 alternative lawful storage. If a law enforcement agency seizes or 13 confiscates a pistol firearm under this subsection, the heir or 14 devisee who is not qualified to obtain a license under this section 15 retains ownership interest in the pistol firearm and, within not 16 later than 30 days of after being notified of the seizure or confiscation, may file with a court of competent jurisdiction to 17 direct the law enforcement agency to lawfully transfer or otherwise 18 dispose of the pistol. A pistol firearm. The seizing entity or its 19 20 agents shall not destroy, sell, or use a firearm seized under this subsection shall not be destroyed, sold, or used while in 21 possession of the seizing entity or its agents until 30 days have 22 23 passed since the heir or devisee has been notified of the seizure 24 and no legal action regarding the lawful possession or ownership of 25 the seized pistol firearm has been filed in any court and is pending. As used in this subsection: 26 27 (a) "Devisee" means that term as defined in section 1103 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 28 29 700.1103.

- 1 (b) "Heir" means that term as defined in section 1104 of the estates and protected individuals code, 1998 PA 386, MCL 700.1104.
- 3 (9) An individual who is not a resident of this state is not
 4 required to obtain a license under this section if all of the
 5 following conditions apply:
- 6 (a) The individual is licensed in his or her the individual's
 7 state of residence to purchase, carry, or transport a pistol.
- 8 (b) The individual is in possession of the license described9 in subdivision (a).
 - (c) The individual is the owner of the pistol he or she the individual possesses, carries, or transports.
 - (d) The individual possesses the pistol for a lawful purpose.
- (e) The individual is in this state for a period of 180 daysor less and does not intend to establish residency in this state.
- 15 (10) An individual who is a nonresident of this state shall
 16 present the license described in subsection (9)(a) upon the demand
 17 of a police officer. An individual who violates this subsection is
 18 guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more
 19 than 90 days or a fine of not more than \$100.00, or both.
 - (11) The licensing authority may require a person an individual claiming active duty status with the Armed Forces of the United States armed forces to provide proof of 1 or both of the following:
 - (a) The person's individual's home of record.
 - (b) Permanent active duty assignment in this state.
- 26 (12) This section does not apply to a person an individual who
 27 is younger than the age required under subsection (3) (b) and who
 28 possesses a pistol if all—1 of the following conditions
- 29 apply:applies:

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- (a) The person individual is not otherwise prohibited from
 possessing that pistol -and all of the following apply:
- 3 (i) (b)—The person—individual is at a recognized target range.
- 4 (ii) (c) The person individual possesses the pistol for the
 5 purpose of target practice or instruction in the safe use of a
 6 pistol.
- 7 (iii) (d) The person individual is in the physical presence and under the direct supervision of any of the following:
- 9 (A) $\frac{(i)}{(i)}$ The person's individual's parent.
- 10 (B) $\frac{(ii)}{(ii)}$ The person's individual's guardian.
- (C) (iii)—An individual who is 21 years of age or older, who is authorized by the person's individual's parent or guardian, and who has successfully completed a pistol safety training course or class that meets the requirements of section 5j(1)(a), (b), or (d), and received a certificate of completion.
- (e) The owner of the pistol is physically present.
- 17 (b) The individual is not otherwise prohibited from possessing
 18 that pistol, the individual possesses the pistol for the purpose of
 19 hunting, and the individual is in compliance with all applicable
 20 hunting laws.
- 21 (13) This section does not apply to a person an individual who
 22 possesses a pistol if all of the following conditions apply:
- (a) The person-individual is not otherwise prohibited frompossessing a pistol.
- (b) The person-individual is at a recognized target range orshooting facility.
- (c) The person individual possesses the pistol for the purposeof target practice or instruction in the safe use of a pistol.
 - (d) The owner of the pistol is physically present and



- 1 supervising the use of the pistol.
- 2 (14) A person who forges any matter on an application for a
- 3 license under this section is guilty of a felony τ -punishable by
- 4 imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than
- 5 \$2,000.00, or both.
- 6 (15) A licensing authority shall implement this section during
- 7 all of the licensing authority's normal business hours and shall
- 8 set hours for implementation that allow an applicant to use the
- 9 license within in the time period set forth in subsection (4).
- 10 Sec. 2a. (1) The following individuals are not required to
- 11 obtain a license under section 2 to purchase, carry, possess, use,
- 12 or transport a pistol:firearm:
- 13 (a) An individual licensed under section 5b, except for an
- 14 individual who has an emergency license issued under section 5a(4)
- 15 or a receipt serving as a concealed pistol license under section
- **16** 5b(9) or 5l(3).
- 17 (b) A federally licensed firearms dealer.
- (c) An individual who purchases a pistol from a federally
- 19 licensed firearms dealer in compliance with 18 USC 922(t).
- (c) (d) An individual currently employed as a police officer
- 21 who is licensed or certified under the Michigan commission on law
- 22 enforcement standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615.
- 23 (d) An individual purchasing a firearm other than a pistol who
- 24 has a federal national instant criminal background check performed
- $\,$ 25 $\,$ on the individual by a federally licensed firearms dealer not more
- 26 than 5 days before the purchase.
- 27 (2) If an individual described in subsection (1) purchases or
- 28 otherwise acquires a pistol, firearm, the seller shall complete a
- 29 record in triplicate on a form provided by the department of state

police. The record shall include the purchaser's concealed weapon 1 license number, the number of the purchaser's license or 2 certificate issued under the Michigan commission on law enforcement 3 standards act, 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, or, if the 4 5 purchaser is a federally licensed firearms dealer, his or her the 6 purchaser's dealer license number. If the purchaser is not licensed 7 under section 5b or does not have a license or certificate issued 8 under the Michigan commission on law enforcement standards act, 9 1965 PA 203, MCL 28.601 to 28.615, and is not a federally licensed 10 firearms dealer, the record shall must include the dealer license 11 number of the federally licensed firearms dealer who is selling the pistol. that performed the federal national instant criminal 12 background check. The purchaser shall sign the record. The seller 13 14 may retain 1 copy of the record, . The purchaser shall receive 2 15 copies—shall provide a copy of the record to the purchaser, and, if 16 the firearm is a pistol, shall forward 1 copy to the police department of the city, village, or township in which the purchaser 17 18 seller resides, or, if the purchaser—seller does not reside in a city, village, or township having a police department, to the 19 20 county sheriff, within not later than 10 days following the purchase or acquisition. The seller shall return of the copy to the 21 police department or county sheriff may be made in person or may be 22 23 made by first-class mail or certified mail sent within in the 10-24 day period to the proper address of the police department or county 25 sheriff. A purchaser seller who fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection is responsible for a state civil 26 27 infraction and may be fined not more than \$250.00. If a purchaser seller is found responsible for a state civil infraction under this 28

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subsection, the court shall notify the department of state police.

If the purchaser seller is licensed under section 5b, the court 1 2 shall notify the licensing authority of that determination. (3) Within Not later than 10 days after receiving the record 3 copy for a pistol returned under subsection (2), the police 4 5 department or county sheriff shall electronically enter the 6 information into the pistol entry database as required by the 7 department of state police if it has the ability to electronically enter that information. If the police department or county sheriff 8 9 does not have that ability, the police department or county sheriff 10 shall provide that information to the department of state police in 11 a manner otherwise required by the department of state police. Any police department or county sheriff that provided pistol 12 descriptions to the department of state police under former section 13 14 9 of this act shall continue to provide pistol descriptions to the 15 department of state police under this subsection. Within Not later 16 than 48 hours after entering or otherwise providing the information 17 on the record copy returned under subsection (2) to the department 18 of state police, the police department or county sheriff shall 19 forward the copy of the record to the department of state police. 20 The purchaser has the right to may obtain a copy of the information 21 placed in the pistol entry database under this subsection to verify the accuracy of that information. The police department or county 22 sheriff may charge a fee not to exceed \$1.00 for the cost of 23 24 providing the copy. The purchaser may carry, use, possess, and 25 transport the pistol for 30 days beginning on the date of purchase or acquisition only while he or she the individual is in possession 26



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of his or her the individual's copy of the record. However, the

person-individual is not required to have the record in his or her

the individual's possession while carrying, using, possessing, or

- 1 transporting the pistol after this period.
- 2 (4) This section does not apply to a person or entity exempt 3 under section 2(7).
- 4 (5) An individual who makes a material false statement on a
 5 sales record under this section is guilty of a felony punishable by
 6 imprisonment for not more than 4 years or a fine of not more than
 7 \$2,500.00, or both.
- 8 (6) The department of state police may promulgate rules to9 implement this section.
- 10 (7) The Michigan commission on law enforcement standards shall provide license or certificate information, as applicable, to the department of state police to verify the requirements of this section.
- 14 (8) As used in this section:
- (a) "Federally licensed firearms dealer" means a personlicensed to sell firearms under 18 USC 923.
- 17 (b) "Person" means an individual, partnership, corporation,18 association, or other legal entity.
- Sec. 2b. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5), upon entry of an order or disposition into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a), the department of state police shall immediately send written notice of that entry to the person_individual who is the subject of
- 24 the order or disposition . The notice shall be sent by first-class
- 25 mail to the last known address of the person. individual. The
- 26 notice shall must include at least all of the following:
- 27 (a) The name of the person.individual.
- (b) The date the order or disposition was entered into the lawenforcement information network.

- (c) A statement that the person individual cannot obtain a
 license to purchase a pistol firearm or obtain a concealed weapon
 license until the order or disposition is removed from the law
 enforcement information network.
- (d) A statement that the person individual may request that
 the state police correct or expunge inaccurate information entered
 into the law enforcement information network.
 - (2) A person An individual who is the subject of an order entered into the law enforcement information network under any provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) may request that the department of state police do either of the following:
- (a) Amend an inaccuracy in the information entered into the
 law enforcement information network under any provision of law
 described in section 2(3)(a).
- 15 (b) Expunge the person's individual's name and other
 16 information concerning the person individual from the law
 17 enforcement information network regarding 1 or more specific
 18 entries in the law enforcement information network under any
 19 provision of law described in section 2(3)(a) because 1 or more of
 20 the following circumstances exist:
 - (i) The person-individual is not subject to an order of involuntary commitment in an inpatient or outpatient setting due to mental illness.
- (ii) The person—individual is not subject to an order or
 disposition determining that the person—individual is legally
 incapacitated.
- (iii) The person—individual is not subject to a personalprotection order issued under any of the following:
- 29 (A) Section 2950 of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961



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- 1 PA 236, MCL 600.2950.
- 2 (B) Section 2950a of the revised judicature act of 1961, 1961
- **3** PA 236, MCL 600.2950a.
- 4 (C) Section 14 of 1846 RS 84, MCL 552.14.
- 5 (iv) The person individual is not subject to an order for
- 6 release subject to protective conditions that prohibits the
- 7 purchase or possession of a firearm by the person individual issued
- 8 under section 6b of chapter V of the code of criminal procedure,
- 9 1927 PA 175, MCL 765.6b.
- 10 (3) Before the expiration of 30 days after a request is made
- 11 to amend an inaccuracy in the law enforcement information network
- 12 under subsection (2)(a) or to expunde 1 or more specific entries
- 13 from the law enforcement information network under subsection
- 14 (2) (b) (i) to (iv), the department of state police shall conduct an
- 15 investigation concerning the accuracy of the information contained
- 16 in the law enforcement information network, either grant or deny
- 17 the request and provide the person-individual with written notice
- 18 of that grant or denial. A notice of denial shall The department of
- 19 state police shall include in a notice of denial a statement
- 20 specifying the basis of the denial, and that a person an individual
- 21 may appeal the denial pursuant to in accordance with the
- 22 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- **23** 24.328.
- 24 (4) If the department of state police refuses denies a request
- 25 by a person an individual for amendment or expunction under
- 26 subsection (2), or fails to act within 30 days after receiving the
- 27 request under subsection (2), the person individual may request a
- 28 hearing before a hearing officer appointed by the department of
- 29 state police for a determination of whether information entered

- 1 into the law enforcement information network should be amended or
- 2 expunged because it is inaccurate or false. The department of state
- 3 police shall conduct the hearing pursuant to in accordance with the
- 4 administrative procedures act of 1969, 1969 PA 306, MCL 24.201 to
- **5** 24.328.
- **6** (5) The department of state police shall not send written
- 7 notice of an entry of an order or disposition into the law
- 8 enforcement information network as required for a personal
- 9 protection order issued under section 2950 or 2950a of the revised
- 10 judicature act of 1961, 1961 PA 236, MCL 600.2950 and 600.2950a,
- 11 until that the department has received notice that the respondent
- 12 of the order has been served with or has received notice of the
- 13 personal protection order.
- Sec. 12. (1) Section 2 does not apply to any of the following:
- 15 (a) A police or correctional agency of the United States or of
- 16 this state or any subdivision of this state.
- 17 (b) The United States army, air force, navy, or marine
- 18 corps.Army, Air Force, Navy, or Marine Corps.
- 19 (c) An organization authorized by law to purchase or receive
- 20 weapons from the United States or from this state.
- 21 (d) The national guard, armed forces reserves, National Guard,
- 22 United States Armed Forces Reserves, or other duly authorized
- 23 military organization.
- 24 (e) A member of an entity or organization described in
- 25 subdivisions (a) through to (d) for a pistol firearm while engaged
- 26 in the course of his or her that member's duties with that entity
- 27 or while going to or returning from those duties.
- 28 (f) A United States citizen holding a license to carry a
- 29 pistol concealed upon his or her that individual's person issued by

- 1 another state.
- 2 (g) The regular and ordinary possession and transportation of
 3 a pistol firearm as merchandise by an authorized agent of a person
 4 licensed to manufacture firearms or a licensed dealer.
- (h) Purchasing, owning, carrying, possessing, using, or
 transporting an antique firearm. As used in this subdivision,
 "antique firearm" means that term as defined in section 231a of the
 Michigan penal code, 1931 PA 328, MCL 750.231a.
- 9 (i) An individual carrying, possessing, using, or transporting
 10 a pistol belonging to another individual, if the other individual's
 11 possession of the pistol is authorized by law and the individual
 12 carrying, possessing, using, or transporting the pistol has
 13 obtained a license under section 5b to carry a concealed pistol or
 14 is exempt from licensure as provided in section 12a.
- 15 (2) The amendatory act that added subsection (1)(h) shall may

 16 be known and may be cited as the "Janet Kukuk act".
 - Sec. 14a. (1) A law enforcement agency that seizes or otherwise comes into possession of a firearm or a part of a firearm subject to disposal under section 14 may, instead of forwarding the firearm or part of a firearm to the director of the department of state police or his or her the director's designated representative for disposal under that section, retain that firearm or part of a firearm for the following purposes:
 - (a) For legal sale or trade to a federally licensed firearm dealer. The law enforcement agency shall only use the proceeds from any sale or trade under this subdivision shall be used by the law enforcement agency only for law enforcement purposes. The law enforcement agency shall not sell or trade a firearm or part of a firearm under this subdivision to any individual who is a member of

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- that law enforcement agency unless the individual is a federallylicensed firearms dealer and the sale is made pursuant to a publicauction.
- 4 (b) For official use by members of the seizing law enforcement
 5 agency who are employed as peace officers. A—The law enforcement
 6 agency shall not sell a firearm or part of a firearm shall not be
 7 sold—under this subdivision.
 - (2) A law enforcement agency that sells or trades any pistol firearm to a licensed dealer under subsection (1)(a) or retains any pistol firearm under subsection (1)(b) shall complete a record of the transaction under section 2 or section 2a, as applicable.
 - (3) A law enforcement agency that sells or trades a firearm or part of a firearm under this section shall retain a receipt of the sale or trade for a period of not less than 7 years. The law enforcement agency shall make all receipts retained under this subsection available for inspection by the department of state police upon demand and for auditing purposes by the state and the local unit of government of which the agency is a part.
 - (4) Before disposing of a firearm under this section, the law enforcement agency shall do both of the following:
 - (a) Determine through the law enforcement information network whether the firearm has been reported lost or stolen. If the firearm has been reported lost or stolen and the name and address of the owner can be determined, the law enforcement agency shall provide 30 days' written notice of its intent to dispose of the firearm under this section to the owner, and allow the owner to claim the firearm within in that 30-day period if he or she the owner is authorized to possess the firearm. If the police agency determines that a serial number has been altered or has been

- 1 removed or obliterated from the firearm, the police agency shall
 2 submit the firearm to the department of state police or a forensic
 3 laboratory for serial number verification or restoration to
 4 determine legal ownership.
- (b) Provide 30 days' notice to the public on a website 5 6 maintained by the law enforcement agency of its intent to dispose 7 of the firearm under this section. The notice shall must include a 8 description of the firearm and shall state the firearm's serial 9 number, if the serial number can be determined. The law enforcement 10 agency shall allow the owner of the firearm to claim the firearm 11 within in that 30-day period if he or she the owner is authorized to possess the firearm. The 30-day period required under this 12 subdivision is in addition to the 30-day period required under 13 14 subdivision (a).
- 15 (5) The law enforcement agency is immune from civil liability
 16 for disposing of a firearm in compliance with this section.

