HOUSE No. 3264

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

PRESENTED BY:

George N. Peterson, Jr.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled:

The undersigned legislators and/or citizens respectfully petition for the passage of the accompanying bill:

An Act relative to civil rights and public safety.

PETITION OF:

NAME:	DISTRICT/ADDRESS:
George N. Peterson, Jr.	9th Worcester
F. Jay Barrows	1st Bristol
Matthew A. Beaton	11th Worcester
Nicholas A. Boldyga	3rd Hampden
Christine E. Canavan	10th Plymouth
Viriato Manuel deMacedo	1st Plymouth
Angelo L. D'Emilia	8th Plymouth
Geoff Diehl	7th Plymouth
Stephen L. DiNatale	3rd Worcester
Ryan C. Fattman	18th Worcester
Paul K. Frost	7th Worcester
Susan Williams Gifford	2nd Plymouth
Anne M. Gobi	5th Worcester
Danielle W. Gregoire	4th Middlesex
Patricia A. Haddad	5th Bristol
Sheila C. Harrington	1st Middlesex
Steven S. Howitt	4th Bristol
Bradley H. Jones, Jr.	20th Middlesex

Mary S. Keefe	15th Worcester
Michael R. Knapik	Second Hampden and Hampshire
Stephen Kulik	1st Franklin
Kevin J. Kuros	8th Worcester
James J. Lyons, Jr.	18th Essex
James R. Miceli	19th Middlesex
Michael O. Moore	Second Worcester
Richard T. Moore	Worcester and Norfolk
Keiko M. Orrall	12th Bristol
Elizabeth A. Poirier	14th Bristol
Dennis A. Rosa	4th Worcester
Todd M. Smola	1st Hampden
Bruce E. Tarr	First Essex and Middlesex
David T. Vieira	3rd Barnstable
Daniel B. Winslow	9th Norfolk
Donald H. Wong	9th Essex
Bradford Hill	4th Essex
Randy Hunt	5th Barnstable
Michael J. Rodrigues	First Bristol and Plymouth

HOUSE No. 3264

By Mr. Peterson of Grafton, a petition (accompanied by bill, House, No. 3264) of George N. Peterson, Jr. and others for legislation to prohibit subdivisions of the Commonwealth from further restricting the use or possession of firearms. Public Safety and Homeland Security.

[SIMILAR MATTER FILED IN PREVIOUS SESSION SEE $\hfill\Box \qquad \qquad \text{HOUSE}$

, NO. 1568 OF 2011-2012.]

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

In the Year Two Thousand Thirteen

An Act relative to civil rights and public safety.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 121 of chapter 140 of the General Laws, as appearing in the 2008
- 2 Official Edition, is hereby amended by deleting the section in its entirety and replacing it with
- 3 the following:-
- 4 Section 121. No county, municipality, township or other community entity within the
- 5 Commonwealth of Massachusetts may enact, pass or enforce any law, ordinance or regulation
- 6 concerning the lawful ownership, use, possession, transfer, purchase, receipt or transportation of
- 7 firearms, antique firearms, ammunition or ammunition components.
- 8 The right to keep and bear arms as an individual civil right shall be presumed to exist in
- 9 all matters regarding the ownership, use, possession, transfer, purchase, receipt or transportation
- 10 of firearms, antique firearms, ammunition or ammunition components unless expressly
- 11 prohibited by the laws of this Commonwealth.
- SECTION 2. Section 121A of chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby
- 13 repealed.

- SECTION 3. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 122, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- Section 122. As used in sections 122 to 129D inclusive, the following words shall, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, have the following meanings:-
- 18 "Ammunition", assembled cartridges or shells containing cases or hulls, primers, bullets 19 or shot and propellant powder designed for use in any firearm.
- 20 "Antique Firearm", shall mean;
- 21 (A) any firearm manufactured in or prior to the year 1899;
- 22 (B) any replica of any firearm described in clause (A) if such replica: (i) is not designed
- 23 or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional centerfire cartridges; or (ii) uses rimfire or
- 24 conventional centerfire cartridges which are no longer manufactured in the United States and
- 25 which are not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.
- 26 "Firearm", any device which will, or is designed to, or may readily be converted to,
- 27 expel a projectile by the action of a propellant powder. Such term does not include an antique
- 28 firearm. This term shall be meant to include a rifle, shotgun or handgun. The term shall not
- 29 include B.B. guns or other air guns.
- "Handgun", a firearm which has a short stock and is designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand.
- 32 "Imitation firearm", a replica firearm which is designed, manufactured or altered in
- 33 such a way as to render it incapable of discharging a shot, bullet, or any other sort of chemical
- 34 propelled projectile
- 35 "Length of barrel" or "barrel length", the portion of a firearm, rifle, shotgun or
- 36 machine gun through which a shot or bullet is driven, guided or stabilized and shall include the
- 37 chamber.
- 38 "Local Licensing Agent", the chief of police or the board or officer having control of
- 39 the police in a city or town, or persons authorized by them and shall be accountable to the
- 40 Secretary of Public Safety for the lawful issuance of firearm identification cards.
- 41 "Machinegun", any firearm which shoots, is designed to shoot, or can be readily
- 42 restored to shoot, automatically more than one shot, without manual reloading, by a single
- 43 function of the trigger.
- 44 "Non-resident", any person lawfully residing within the United States whose legal
- 45 residence is outside of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

- "Rifle", a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed, redesigned, made or remade to use the energy of a propellant powder to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.
- "Shotgun", a firearm intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed, redesigned, made or remade to use the energy of a propellant powder to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.
- "State Licensing Authority", the Secretary of Public Safety, who shall be responsible for the oversight of the issuance of Firearm Identification Cards and machine gun licenses and shall have direct authority over all local licensing agents in regards to the issuance of cards and the application process therefore.
- SECTION 4. Section 122A of chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby repealed.
- 58 SECTION 5. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out 59 Section 122B, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- 60 Section 122B. Any applicant or holder aggrieved by a denial, revocation or suspension of a firearm identification card, unless a hearing has previously been held pursuant to chapter 62 209A, may, within either 90 days after receipt of notice of such denial, revocation or suspension 63 or within 90 days after the expiration of the time limit in which the local licensing agent is 64 required to respond to the applicant, file a petition to obtain judicial review in the district court 65 having jurisdiction in the city or town wherein the applicant filed for or was issued such card. A 66 justice of such court, after a hearing and a finding of the facts, shall determine if the petitioner is 67 presently eligible for a firearm identification card. In said hearing, the burden of evidence shall 68 be on the entity denying the card. The presumption of innocence in regard to the person seeking 69 a card shall exist. If the justice finds in favor of the petitioner, said justice shall order the local 70 licensing agent to issue the firearms identification card to the petitioner within 10 days. The local 71 licensing agent shall have no right to appeal the decision of a court order to issue said card. A 72 refusal to issue said card by the local licensing agent shall place the local licensing agent in contempt of court. 73
- SECTION 6. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 123, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- Section 123. A firearm identification card shall be issued and possessed subject to the following conditions and restrictions:
- (1) Any person legally residing or having a place of business within the jurisdiction of the local licensing agent or any person residing in an area of exclusive federal jurisdiction located within a city or town may submit to the local licensing agent an application for a firearm

81 identification card, or renewal of the same, which the local licensing agent shall issue unless the 82 applicant has been deemed to be a prohibited person Section 9A of Chapter 269.

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- (2) Upon receiving an application for a firearm identification card, the local licensing 84 agent or person accepting applications on behalf of the local licensing agent shall immediately issue a receipt form for said application. Said form shall be made standard and supplied by the Secretary of Public Safety.
- 87 (3) Within seven days of the receipt of a completed application for a firearm 88 identification card, the local licensing agent shall forward one copy of the application and one copy of the applicant's fingerprints to the Secretary of Public Safety. The taking of fingerprints 90 shall not be required in issuing the renewal of a card if the renewal applicant's fingerprints are on 91 file with the Secretary of Public Safety. The Secretary of Public Safety shall within 15 days 92 advise the local licensing agent, in writing, of the applicant's status as a prohibited person. If the information from Secretary of Public Safety does not state in writing that the applicant is a 94 prohibited person, the local licensing agent shall, within 30 days from the date of application, 95 issue the firearm identification card.
- (4) If the applicant is determined to be a prohibited person, the local licensing agent 97 shall, within 30 days from the date of application, issue the applicant a denial/revocation form. 98 This form shall be made standard in form and supplied by the Secretary of Public Safety. The denial/revocation form shall include the applicant's personal information, date of denial, a copy of their prohibited person file, prohibited person file number and the relevant information 100 regarding an appeal as a prohibited person under section 122B.
 - (5) The local licensing agent, or any government entity, may not prescribe any other condition for the issuance of a firearm identification card not specified within this section.
 - (6) A firearm identification card shall be revoked or suspended by the local licensing agent or his designee upon receiving notice from the Secretary of Public Safety that the card holder has become a prohibited person.
- 107 (7) Upon revocation of a Firearm Identification Card, the local licensing agent shall take possession of such card and the person whose card is so revoked or suspended shall take all 108 action required under the provisions of section 125. No appeal or post-judgment motion shall 110 operate to stay such revocation. A revoked or suspended card shall be reinstated when it is determined by the Secretary of Public Safety that the card holder or applicant is no longer a 112 prohibited person.
- 113 (8) A firearm identification card shall be valid for all lawful purposes subject to the following age based conditions: 114

- (a) A firearm identification card holder aged 15 through 17 shall be entitled to borrow, possess, carry, or transport any rifle or shotgun;
- (b) A firearm identification card holder aged 18 and older shall be entitled to purchase, own, rent, lease, borrow, possess, carry, transfer or transport any rifle or shotgun;
- (c) A firearm identification card holder aged 21 and over shall be entitled to purchase, own, rent, lease, borrow, possess, transport, carry, transfer or carry concealed any firearm;
- 121 (9) A firearm identification card shall be provided by the Secretary of Public Safety 122 board and shall be standard in a size and shape equivalent to that of a license to operate motor 123 vehicles issued by the registry of motor vehicles pursuant to section 8 of chapter 90 and shall 124 contain an identification number, name, address, photograph, place and date of birth, height, 125 weight, hair color, eye color and signature of the cardholder and shall be marked "Firearm 126 Identification Card".
- 127 (10) The application for such card shall be made in a standard form provided by the
 128 Secretary of Public Safety. The application shall not require the applicant to divulge to any
 129 person not directly involved with the licensing process under this section that they are applying
 130 for a firearm identification card, nor shall the application require that the applicant supply any
 131 letters of reference. Any applicant shall have the right to file an amended application if it is
 132 found that the applicant did not correctly understand the questions being asked. No applicant
 133 shall be denied a firearms identification card because of the need to submit an amended
- application. The local licensing agent may not prescribe any other condition for the issuance of a firearm identification card.
- 136 (11) Any person who knowingly files an application containing false information with 137 the expressed intent to deceive the local licensing agent shall be punished by a fine of not less 138 than \$500 nor more than \$5,000.
- 139 (12) A Firearm Identification Card shall be valid for a period of not less than 6 years 140 from the date of issue, except that if the cardholder applied for renewal before the card expired, 141 the card shall remain valid until revoked or renewed. A card issued on February 29 shall expire 142 on March 1.
- 143 (13) The Secretary of Public Safety shall send by first class mail to the holder of a 144 firearm identification card, a notice of the expiration of the card not less than 120 days before its 145 expiration, and shall enclose with the notice a form for the renewal of the card. The Secretary of 146 Public Safety shall include in the notice all pertinent information about the penalties that may be 147 imposed if the firearm identification card is not renewed.

148	(14) The fee for an application for a firearm identification card shall be \$40, which
149	shall be payable to the city or town of the local licensing agent and shall not be prorated or
150	refunded in the case of revocation or denial.

- (15) Any person of the age of 70 or older or under the age of 18 upon filing for such card or renewal shall be exempt from the requirement of paying a fee for a firearm identification card. All fees for an application for a firearm identification card shall be prorated if it is determined that the applicant will turn 70 years of age during the upcoming license term.
- 155 (16) Upon issuance of a firearm identification card under this section, the local
 156 licensing agent shall forward a copy of such approved application and card to the Secretary of
 157 Public Safety, who shall inform the local licensing agent forthwith of the existence of any
 158 disqualifying condition discovered or occurring subsequent to the issuance of a firearm
 159 identification card under this section.
- 160 (17) Nothing in this section shall authorize the purchase, possession or transfer of any 161 firearm or ammunition that is prohibited by state or federal law.
- 162 (18) Transition. Any license to carry a firearm or firearms identification card that is 163 not expired, suspended or revoked at the time of passage of this act shall be deemed to be a 164 firearms identification card as described in this section. All licenses to carry a firearm shall be 165 deemed to have no restrictions, upon passage of this act.
- 166 (19) The secretary of the executive office of public safety, or his designee, may 167 promulgate regulations to carry out the purposes of this section.
- SECTION 7. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 123 the following section:-
- 170 Section 123B.

- 171 (a) Whoever, not being a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A of Chapter 269
 172 except as provided or exempted by statute, knowingly has in his possession or knowingly has
 173 under his control in a vehicle a firearm, loaded or unloaded, as defined in Section 122 and whose
 174 firearm identification card issued under section 123 is invalid for the sole reason that it has
 175 expired shall be subject to a civil fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500. Such fine shall
 176 not be issued if the card holder can produce evidence that a renewal of said card is in process.
- 177 (b) Whoever, not being a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A of Chapter 178 269, except as provided or exempted by statute, knowingly has in his possession, or knowingly 179 has under his control in a vehicle, a firearm as defined in Section 122, loaded or unloaded, 180 without either:
 - (i) being present in or on his legal residence or place of business; or

182 183	(ii) having in effect a firearm identification card issued under section one hundred twenty-three; or
184 185	(iii) having complied with the provisions of one hundred twenty-eight or one hundred twenty-eight A; or
186	(iv) being a federally licensed firearm dealer
187	shall be subject to a civil fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5000.
188 189	The provisions of this section shall not apply to the following exempted persons and uses:
190 191 192	(a) Any device used exclusively for signaling or distress use and required or recommended by the United States Coast Guard or the Interstate Commerce Commission, or for the firing of stud cartridges, explosive rivets or similar industrial ammunition;
193 194 195	(b) Federally licensed firearms manufacturers or wholesale dealers, or persons employed by them or by licensed dealers, or on their behalf, when possession of firearms is necessary for manufacture, display, storage, transport, installation, inspection or testing;
196 197 198 199	(c) To a person voluntarily surrendering a firearm and ammunition therefor to a local licensing agent, the colonel of the state police or his designee if prior written notice has been given by said person to the local licensing agent or the colonel of the state police, stating the place and approximate time of said surrender;
200 201	(d) The regular and ordinary transport of firearms as merchandise by any common carrier;
	(e) Possession by retail customers for the purpose of firing at duly licensed target concessions at amusement parks, piers and similar locations, provided that the firearms to be so used are firmly chained or affixed to the counter and that the proprietor is in possession of a firearm identification card;
206 207	(f) Possession of firearms and ammunition therefor by nonresident hunters with valid nonresident hunting licenses during hunting season;
208 209	(g) Possession of firearms and ammunition therefor by nonresidents while on a firing or shooting range;
210 211 212	(h) Possession of firearms and ammunition therefor by nonresidents traveling in or through the commonwealth, providing that any firearms are unloaded and enclosed in a locked case or trunk;

- 213 (i) Possession of firearms by nonresidents while at a firearm showing or display 214 organized by a regularly existing gun collectors' club or association;
- 215 (j) Any new resident moving into the commonwealth for a period of 180 days, or any 216 resident of the commonwealth upon being released from active service with any of the armed 217 services of the United States with respect to any firearm and any ammunition therefor then in his 218 possession, for no less than 180 days or such time as may be needed to complete the process for 219 receiving a firearm identification card after such release, return or entry into the commonwealth;
- (k) Any person with respect to the use of a firearm by such person in hunting, provided that such use is otherwise permitted by law and is under the immediate supervision of a person holding a firearm identification card,
- (1) A non-profit corporation, organized for educational purposes, may possess firearms, provided that any such possession, or utilization of those firearms, is under the immediate supervision of a holder of a firearm identification card;
- (m) The temporary holding, handling or firing of a firearm for examination, trial or instruction of the following but not limited to hunting, target shooting, safety training in the presence of a holder of a firearm identification card, or a duly commissioned officer, noncommissioned officer or enlisted member of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force or Coast Guard, or the National Guard or military service of the commonwealth or reserve components thereof, while in the performance of his duty, or where such holding, handling or firing is for a lawful purpose;
- (n) A person acting as an executor of an estate containing firearms, or any person inheriting firearms, shall obtain a Firearm Identification Card within 180 days or such time as may be needed to complete the process to obtain a firearms identification card. The executor, or person inheriting firearms, may transfer said firearms to a federally licensed dealer;
- 237 (o) Persons in the military or other service of any state or of the United States, and 238 police officers and other peace officers of any jurisdiction, in the performance of their official 239 duty or when duly authorized to possess them;
- (p) Carrying or possession by residents or nonresidents of an antique firearm as defined in section 122.
- (q) The carrying or possession of firearms, and ammunition therefor by nonresidents who meet the requirements for such carrying or possession in the state in which they reside.
- 244 (r) Possession by a veteran's organization chartered by the Congress of the United 245 States, chartered by the commonwealth or recognized as a nonprofit tax-exempt organization by 246 the Internal Revenue Service and possession by the members of any such organization when on 247 official parade duty or ceremonial occasions.

- 248 (s) Possession by federal, state and local historical societies, museums, and 249 institutional collections open to the public, provided such firearms are unloaded and secured 250 from unauthorized handling;
- 251 (t) The possession of firearms, machine guns and ammunition, by banks or 252 institutional lenders, or their agents, servants or employees, when the same are possessed as 253 collateral for a secured commercial transaction or as a result of a default under a secured 254 commercial transaction
- 255 (u) Any nonresident who is eighteen years of age or older at the time of acquiring a 256 rifle or shotgun from a federally licensed firearms dealer; provided however, that such 257 nonresident must meet the licensing or possession requirements, if any, of their state of 258 residence.
- Nothing in this section shall permit the sale of any rifle or shotgun therefor to a minor under the age of eighteen nor may any handgun be sold to a person under the age of twenty-one nor to any person who does not possess a valid firearm identification card.
- SECTION 9. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 125, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

264 Section 125

- 265 (a) Upon revocation or suspension of a firearm identification card, or of any machine 266 gun license, the person whose card was so revoked or suspended shall without delay deliver or 267 surrender to the local licensing agent, all firearms, machine guns and ammunition which he then 268 possesses.
- 269 (b) Unless a person is arrested for a crime or proven guilty of committing a violent 270 crime, no entity shall revoke or suspend a firearm identification card unless the entity has 271 obtained a court order.
- Upon denial of an application for a firearm identification card, or of any machine gun license, the person whose application was so denied shall without delay deliver or surrender to the local licensing agent, all firearms, machine guns and ammunition which he then possesses.
- Upon such delivery or surrender as described in paragraph (a) or (b) the local licensing agent shall issue an itemized receipt of said property to the owner, or their legal representative, at the time of said delivery or surrender. Due care shall be observed by the local licensing agent in the receipt and holding of any such firearm, rifle, shotgun or machine gun and ammunition.
- Any such person as described in paragraph (a) or (b), or his legal representative, having delivered or surrendered any firearms, machine guns and ammunition to the local

282 licensing agent shall have the right to transfer his property to any federally licensed firearms dealer or any other person legally permitted to take possession of such firearms, machine guns and ammunition. Upon written notification by the owner, the local licensing agent shall within ten days deliver such firearms, machine guns and ammunition to the transferee. Any such request 286 for transfer of such property must take place within one year of said delivery or surrender.

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The local licensing agent, after taking possession of any firearm, machine gun or 288 ammunition by any means, may transfer possession of such firearm or machine gun for storage purposes to a federally licensed dealer. However, no entity may enter a citizen into a contract for the storage of guns without that citizens written consent. The local licensing agent shall be liable 290 to such dealer for reasonable storage charges. If the property is not transferred as described in this section within one year after such delivery or surrender, the local licensing agent may 293 dispose of any such firearm, machine gun or ammunition as provided under this section. Any 294 such dealer that takes possession of a weapon under the provisions of this section shall: (i) inspect such firearm or machine gun; (ii) issue to the owner a receipt indicating the make, model, 296 caliber, serial number and condition of each firearm or machine gun so received; and (iii) store and maintain all firearms or machine guns so received in accordance with such regulations, rules or guidelines as the secretary of the executive office of public safety may establish under this 299 section.

The local licensing agent shall not transfer any firearm or machine gun that was used or was suspected of being used in the commission of a crime and is evidence in any current or pending criminal case.

Firearms, machine guns and ammunition not transferred at the request of the owner 304 within one year after delivery or surrender according to the provisions of this section shall be sold at public auction by the colonel of the state police to the highest bidding person legally permitted to purchase and possess said firearms, machine guns and ammunition and the proceeds 306 shall be remitted to the state treasurer. Any funds derived from such auction shall be used to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division as described in Section 9C of Chapter 269.

The secretary of the executive office of public safety may make and promulgate such 310 rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

311 SECTION 10. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 126, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-312

313 Section 126. Any government agency, building or facility that restricts access to a citizen lawfully carrying a firearm shall provide, free of charge, a means for securely storing any 314 firearm(s) possessed by a holder of a firearms identification card who wishes to enter the building or facility. 316

317 318	SECTION 11. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 128, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
319 320 321 322 323 324	Section 128. Any nonresident or any person not falling within the jurisdiction of a local licensing agent, who is not a prohibited person as defined in section 9A of Chapter 269 may apply to the colonel of the state police for a Firearm Identification Card. Upon the determination that the applicant is not a prohibited person, the colonel of state police, or persons authorized by him, shall issue said card to the applicant. The fee for such card shall be \$40 and the card shall be valid for not less than six years.
325 326	SECTION 12. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 128A, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
327 328 329 330 331	Section 128A. Any person who is not a resident of the commonwealth may carry a firearm in or through the commonwealth for the purpose of taking part in a firearm competition, training or attending any meeting or exhibition of any organized group of firearm collectors or for the purpose of hunting; provided, that such person is lawfully able to do so in their state of residence, district or territory of residence.
332 333	Notwithstanding any general or special law to the contrary, any lawful citizen may transport or carry firearms through the Commonwealth in accordance with federal law.
334 335 336 337	Law enforcement officers and other peace officers, who are not a prohibited person, of any state, territory or jurisdiction within the United States duly authorized to possess firearms by the laws thereof shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have a Firearm Identification Card.
338 339	SECTION 13. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 128B the following section:-
340	Section 128C:
341 342 343	(a) The colonel of the state police shall, after an investigation, issue a machine gun license to a resident of the Commonwealth, who is the holder of a firearm identification card and who is over 21 years of age or older.
344 345 346 347 348 349 350	(b) The fee for the machine gun license shall be \$40, and it shall be valid for a term of six years. The application shall be standard in form. The licensing authority shall retain \$39 of the fee; and \$1 of the fee shall be payable to the Gun Owners' Action League to assist in the funding to provide the general public with firearm safety programs. Upon receiving an application, the colonel shall either issue or deny the license within sixty days. Any such denial shall be in writing and shall clearly state the reasons why the applicant was not considered a collector of machine guns or is a prohibited person.

351 352 353	Upon issuing such license, the colonel shall notify in writing the local licensing agent. A machine gun license shall be revocable for cause by the colonel. In case of revocation, the fee for such license shall not be prorated or refunded.
354 355	(c) A machine gun license shall entitle a person to purchase, possess, transport, transfer, store and fire a machine gun in accordance with federal law.
356 357	(d) No person shall own or have in his possession or under his control a machine gun, except as provided in this section. It shall be lawful for:
358 359 360	(i) A person aged 18 years or over to temporarily hold, handle or fire a machine gun for examination, trial or instruction while under the direct/immediate supervision of a holder of a machine gun license.
361 362 363 364	(ii) A duly commissioned officer, noncommissioned officer or enlisted member of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force or Coast Guard, or the National Guard or military service of the commonwealth or reserve components to handle, hold or fire a machine gun, while in the performance of his duty.
365 366 367 368 369	(iii) A person aged 21 years or over who is a resident of another state to transport a machine gun through the commonwealth, provided that such person lawfully possesses such machine gun under federal law and under the laws of their state of residence, and provided, further, that said machine gun is unloaded and locked in a trunk or case while the machine gun is being transported.
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371 372	SECTION 14. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 129, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
373	Section 129. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of section ten of chapter

374 two hundred and sixty-nine or any other law to the contrary, the carrying or possession of a 375 firearms and blank ammunition therefor, during the course of any television, movie, stage or 376 other similar theatrical production, by a person within such production, shall be authorized; provided, however, that said firearm shall be made permanently disabled from firing conventional cartridges that discharge a projectile.

SECTION 15. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking 380 out Section 129B, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

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Section 129B. Except as exempted or provided by law, no person shall carry on his person on any public way a loaded rifle or shotgun having cartridges or shells in either an 382 attached magazine or chamber thereof. For purposes of this section, "loaded shotgun or loaded rifle" shall mean any shotgun or rifle having ammunition in either an attached magazine or 384

385 chamber thereof, such ammunition designed for use in any firearm and, in the case of a muzzle 386 loading or black powder shotgun or rifle, containing powder in the flash pan, a percussion cap 387 and shot or ball; but the term "loaded shotgun or loaded rifle" shall not include a shotgun or rifle loaded with a blank cartridge, which contains no projectile within such blank or within the bore or chamber of such shotgun or rifle.

Whoever violates the provisions of this subsection shall be punished by a fine of Not 391 less than \$50 nor more than \$100.

This section shall not apply to drills, parades, military reenactments or other commemorative ceremonies, color guards or memorial service firing squads, so-called, as permitted by law.

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395 The provisions of this section shall not apply to the carrying of a loaded rifle or 396 shotgun on a public way by (i) any officer, agent or employee of the commonwealth or any other state or the United States, including any federal, state or local law enforcement personnel; (ii) 398 any member of the military or other service of any state or the United States, including members 399 of the national guard, reserves and junior reserve officer training corps; (iii) any duly authorized 400 law enforcement officer, agent or employee of any municipality of the commonwealth; provided, 401 however, that any such person described in clauses (i) to (iii), inclusive, shall be authorized by a 402 competent authority to so carry a loaded or unloaded rifle or shotgun on a public way and such 403 person is acting within the scope of his duties or training; or (iv) a person who is lawfully 404 engaged in hunting and is the holder of a valid hunting or sporting license issued pursuant to 405 chapter 131. This section shall not apply to the operation of a shooting gallery, licensed and 406 defined under the provisions of section 56A, nor to persons using the same.

SECTION 16. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 129C, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 129C. Whoever discharges a firearm within five hundred feet of a dwelling or other building in use, except with the consent of the owner or legal occupant thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 dollars.

412 The provisions of this section shall not apply to (a) the lawful defense of life and 413 property; (b) any law enforcement officer acting in the discharge of his duties; (c) persons using underground or indoor target or test ranges with the consent of the owner or legal occupant thereof; (d) persons using outdoor skeet, trap, target or test ranges with the consent of the owner or legal occupant of the land on which the range is established; (e) persons using shooting galleries, licensed and defined under the provisions of section fifty-six A of chapter one hundred and forty; and (f) the discharge of blank cartridges for theatrical, athletic, ceremonial, firing squad, or other purposes in accordance with section thirty-nine of chapter one hundred and forty-420 eight.

- 421 SECTION 17. Chapter 140 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking 422 out Section 129D, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- 423 Section 129D. Any fines collected as a result of any civil violations in section 122 424 through 129C shall be utilized to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division as defined 425 in Section 9C of chapter 269.
- 426 SECTION 18. Sections 130 through 131P of chapter 140 of the General Laws are 427 hereby repealed.
- 428 SECTION 19. Chapter 231 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 85U, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-429
- 430 Section 85U. No person who has committed an act of lawful defense as outlined in section 8A of chapter 278 shall be held liable in an action for damages for death or injuries to 432 an assailant
- 433 SECTION 20: Chapter 265 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out 434 Section 18B, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- 435 Section 18B. Whoever, while in the commission of or the attempted commission of an 436 offense which may be punished by imprisonment in the state prison,
- 437 has in his possession or under his control a firearm as defined in section 9A of (A) 438 chapter 269, shall, in addition to the penalty for such offense, be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than five years; provided, however, if such person, while in the 440 commission or attempted commission of such offense, has in his possession or under his control a machine gun, as defined in section 9A of chapter 269, such person shall be punished by 442 imprisonment in the state prison for not less than ten years.
- 443 (B) while in the commission or the attempted commission of a second or subsequent 444 offense which may be punished by imprisonment in the state prison, has in his possession or under his control a firearm shall, in addition to the penalty for such offense, be punished by 446 imprisonment in the state prison for not less than 20 years; provided, however, that if such person, while in the commission or attempted commission of such offense, has in his possession 448 or under his control a machine gun, such person shall be punished by imprisonment in the state 449 prison for not less than 25 years.

A sentence imposed under this section for a second or subsequent offense shall not be reduced nor suspended, nor shall any person convicted under this section be eligible for 451 452 probation, parole, furlough or work release or receive any deduction from his sentence for good 453 conduct until he shall have served the minimum term of such additional sentence; provided, 454 however, that the commissioner of correction may, on the recommendation of the warden, superintendent or other person in charge of a correctional institution or the administrator of a

456 457 458 459 460 461 462	county correctional institution, grant to such offender a temporary release in the custody of an officer of such institution for the following purposes only: (i) to attend the funeral of a spouse or next of kin; (ii) to visit a critically ill close relative or spouse; or (iii) to obtain emergency medical services unavailable at such institution. Prosecutions commenced under this section shall neither be continued without a finding nor placed on file. The provisions of section 87 of chapter 276 relative to the power of the court to place certain offenders on probation shall not apply to any person 17 years of age or over charged with a violation of this section.
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464 465	SECTION 21. Chapter 265 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 44, the following new section:—
466	Section 45. Crimes committed with a deceptive weapon device:
467 468 469 470	"Deceptive Weapon Device" shall mean any device or item used in the commission of a crime that is intended to convey the presence of a weapon, as defined in this section, to a potential victim or law enforcement officer. Such devices or items shall include, but not be limited to, common air guns, toy guns, or substances carved or fashioned to resemble a weapon.
471 472 473	Any person, who is in possession of a deceptive weapon device as defined in this section, during the commission of a violent crime as defined in Section 9A of Chapter 269 shall be deemed to be armed and shall be punishable by penalties set forth in this chapter.
474 475	SECTION 22. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by inserting after section 8, the following new sections:-
476	Section 9A. Definitions
477 478	"Ammunition", assembled cartridges or shells containing cases or hulls, primers, bullets or shot and propellant powder designed for use in any firearm.
479 480 481 482 483	"Conviction", a finding or verdict of guilt or a plea of guilty, whether or not final sentence is imposed. Any conviction which has been expunged, or set aside or for which a person has been pardoned or has had civil rights restored shall not be considered a conviction for purposes of this chapter, unless such pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms.
484 485 486 487 488	"Crime of Violence" shall mean any conviction listed within this definition that: (i) has as an element the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force or a deadly weapon against the person of another; (ii) is a home invasion, extortion, arson or kidnapping; (iii) involves the use of explosives; or (iv) otherwise involves conduct that presents a serious risk of physical injury to another.

- 489 any felony punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year for which a 490 committed term of imprisonment has been served after sentencing has been carried out; 491 any misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for more than two years for which a 492 committed term of imprisonment has been served after sentencing has been carried out; or 493 any act of juvenile delinquency involving the use or possession of a deadly weapon 494 that resulted in the bodily harm of another and would be considered a felony punishable by imprisonment for more than one year for such term if committed by an adult. 495 496 "Firearm", any weapon which will, or is designed to, or may readily be converted to, 497 expel a projectile by the action of a propellant powder. Such term does not include an antique firearm. This term shall be meant to include a rifle, shotgun or handgun. The term shall not 498 499 include B.B. guns or other air guns. 500 "Local Licensing Agent", the chief of police or the board or officer having control of 501 the police in a city or town, or persons authorized by them accountable to the Secretary of Public Safety for the lawful issue of firearm identification cards. 502 503 "Machine gun", any firearm which shoots, is designed to shoot, or can be readily restored to shoot, automatically more than one shot, without manual reloading, by a single 505 function of the trigger. 506 "Non-resident", any person being lawfully residing within the United States whose legal residence is outside of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. 508 "Prohibited Person", any person who: 509 (1) is under indictment in any court for a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term 510 exceeding one year; 511 (2) has been convicted of a crime of violence; 512 (3) has been convicted of a felony punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one
- year that is not a crime of violence for which a committed term of imprisonment has been served after sentencing has been carried out;
- 515 (4) has been convicted of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for more than two years that is not a crime of violence for which a committed term of imprisonment has been served after sentencing has been carried out;
- 518 (5) is a fugitive from justice;
- 519 (6) is an unlawful user of or addicted to any controlled substance;
- 520 (7) has been adjudicated as a mental defective;

521	(8) has been involuntarily committed to any mental institution;
522	(9) is an illegal alien;
523	(10) has been discharged from the military under dishonorable conditions;
524	(11) has renounced his or her United States citizenship;
525 526 527	(12) is currently subject to a court order restraining the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening an intimate partner or child of the intimate partner; no such order that has expired for which there was no conviction of a violation of such order shall considered a disqualifier; or
528 529	(13) has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in 18 USC 921 (a)(33);
530531532	When determining the status of a prohibited person in regards to convictions, the determination shall only be made using the penalties and sentences in place at the time of conviction.
533534535536537	"Sawed-off shotgun," a shotgun having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any device made from a shotgun (whether by alteration, modification or otherwise) if such a device as modified has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches. The term "sawed-off shotgun" shall not apply to any firearm authorized by the Attorney General of the United States under Title 18 U.S.C.
538	Section 9B. State Firearm Crime
539 540 541	(a) Any crime of violence that involved the criminal use of a firearm or machine gun shall be considered a state firearm crime and shall be under the jurisdiction of the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
	(b) Any case of unlawful intrastate trafficking of firearms or machine guns shall be considered a state firearm crime and shall be under the jurisdiction of by the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
545 546 547	(c) Any violation of section 18B or section 45 of chapter 265 or sections 9D through 12E of this chapter shall be considered a state firearm crime and shall be under the jurisdiction of the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
548	Section 9C. Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division
549 550 551	There shall be attached to the department of the attorney general a special unit of the state police known as the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division, heretofore referred to as the division. The division shall assist the office of the attorney general in investigating and

553	but not limited to the following:
554	(1) If the suspect would be considered a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A;
555	(2) Determine if the suspect obtained the firearm illegally;
556	(3) Determine the source from which the suspect illegally obtained the firearm;
557	(4) Create a database of all firearms recovered as stolen property;
558 559	(5) Create a database of all firearms used in state firearm crimes within the commonwealth. The database shall include the following:
560	a. The make, model and serial number of the firearm;
561	b. Any fingerprint evidence found on the firearm;
562	c. Any ballistic evidence that can be retrieved from the crime scene;
563	d. If the criminal use of the firearm was related to known gang activity;
564565566	The division shall make an annual report to the Joint Committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security concerning all of the information that it has gathered during each calendar year concerning the criminal use and criminal trafficking of firearms.
567568569	Any fines collected as a result of any convictions in sections 9D through 10F, inclusive, of this chapter shall be utilized to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
570	Section 9D. Prohibited Person in possession of a firearm.
571 572 573 574 575 576	(A) Whoever being a prohibited person is in possession of a firearm shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than two years or by both such fine and imprisonment. A second or subsequent conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
577 578 579 580	(B) Whoever being a prohibited person is in possession of a firearm while in possession of a controlled substance as defined in section 1 of chapter 94C shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than two years nor more than ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
581	(C) Whoever being a prohibited person is in possession of a firearm while engaged in the

582 trafficking of a controlled substance as defined in section 1 of chapter 94C shall be punished by a

583 fine of not less than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than ten 584 years or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(D) Whoever being a prohibited person is in possession of a firearm during the commission of a crime of violence shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 9E. Unlawful transfer

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- (a) It shall be unlawful to provide a firearm to a person known to be a prohibited person.
- 591 (b) It shall be unlawful to provide a firearm to any minor who is not a lawful holder of a 592 firearms identification card, except that nothing shall prevent a parent or guardian from allowing 593 any adult with a firearms identification card to supervise the minor's use of a firearm for purposes of hunting, recreation, instruction, or participation in organized shooting competition. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit an instructor from furnishing firearms or ammunition therefor to pupils; provided, however, that said instructor has the consent of a parent 596 or guardian of a pupil under the age of eighteen years. 597

Any person violating (a) or (b) above shall be punished by fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment in a state prison for not more than ten years or by imprisonment in a house of correction for not more than two and one-half years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 9F. (A) Whoever falsely makes, alters, forges or counterfeits or procures or assists another to falsely make, alter, forge or counterfeit a firearm identification card, or whoever forges or without authority uses the signature, facsimile of the signature, or validating signature stamp of the local licensing agent or its designee, or whoever possesses, utters, publishes as true or in any way makes use of a falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeited a firearm identification card, shall be punished by imprisonment in a state prison for not more than two years, or by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars, or both such fine and imprisonment.

(B) Whoever knowingly manufactures for sale, offers for sale or sells a falsely made, altered, forged or counterfeit firearm identification card as described in paragraph (A) shall be punished by imprisonment in a state prison for not less than two years nor more than five years.

Section 9G. Unlawful intrastate commerce of firearms

(a) Whoever unlawfully transports firearms into the commonwealth to use said firearm for the commission of criminal activity shall be punished by a term of imprisonment of not less than five years nor more than ten years in the state prison.

616 617 618 619	(b) Whoever unlawfully transports firearms into the commonwealth to unlawfully distribute, sell, or transfer possession of any quantity of firearms to a prohibited person shall be punished by a term of imprisonment of not less than ten years nor more than twenty years in the state prison.
620 621 622 623	(c) Whoever unlawfully transports a firearm into the commonwealth to unlawfully distribute, sell, or transfer it to a prohibited person, and if such firearm is subsequently used to cause the death of another, shall be punished by a term of not less than twenty years in the state prison.
624 625 626 627	Any motor vehicle lawfully owned or operated by any person convicted under this section shall be forfeit in accordance with the provisions of section 24W of Chapter 90. All proceeds from the auction of said vehicle(s) shall be utilized to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
628	Section 9H. Theft of a firearm, breaking and entering
629 630 631 632	(A) Whoever in the nighttime or the daytime breaks and enters a building, ship, vessel or vehicle to steal a firearm shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than five years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
633 634 635 636	(B) Whoever in the nighttime or the daytime breaks and enters a building, ship, vessel or vehicle to steal a firearm to distribute to a prohibited person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
637 638 639 640	(C) Whoever in the nighttime or the daytime breaks and enters a building, ship, vessel or vehicle to steal a firearm and in the process causes injury of another shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
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642 643 644 645	Any motor vehicle lawfully owned or operated by any person convicted under this section shall be forfeit in accordance with the provisions of section 24W of Chapter 90. All proceeds from the auction of said vehicle(s) shall be utilized to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division.
646 647	SECTION 23. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 10, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-

Section 10. (a) Whoever knowingly has in his possession, or knowingly has under his

649 control in a vehicle; a firearm, loaded or unloaded, as defined in Section 9A during the

650 commission of a felony that is not an act of defense, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than two and one-half years nor more than five years.

- 652 (b) Whoever, being a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A, knowingly has in his 653 possession, or knowingly has under his control in a vehicle; a firearm, loaded or unloaded, as 654 defined in Section 9A during the commission of a felony, by shall be punished by imprisonment 655 in the state prison for not less than five years nor more than ten years. The punishment for a second or subsequent offense shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less 656 than ten years nor more than twenty years. 657
- 658 (c) Whoever, being a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A, and who is not 659 legally within the United States, knowingly has in his possession, or knowingly has under his 660 control in a vehicle; a firearm, loaded or unloaded, as defined in Section 9A during the 661 commission of a felony, by shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less 662 than ten years nor more than twenty years.

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(d) Whoever, being a prohibited person as defined in Section 9A, knowingly has in his possession, or knowingly has under his control in a vehicle; a firearm, loaded or unloaded, as defined in Section 9A, while in the possession of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 94C with intent to distribute shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than ten years nor more than twenty years.

The provisions of section eighty-seven of chapter two hundred and seventy-six shall not apply to any person seventeen years of age or older, charged with a violation of this subsection, or to any child between ages fourteen and seventeen so charged, if the court is of the opinion that the interests of the public require that he should be tried as an adult for such offense instead of being dealt with as a child.

- (e) Whoever, except as provided by law, possesses a machine gun, as defined in said section 9A, or whoever owns, possesses or carries on his person, or carries on his person or under his control in a vehicle, a sawed-off shotgun, as defined in said section 9A, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for life, or for any term of years provided that any sentence imposed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be subject to the minimum requirements of paragraph (c).
- (f) Any person convicted under paragraphs (b), (c) (d) and (e) shall not be suspended, nor shall any person so sentenced be eligible for probation or receive any deduction from his sentence for good conduct.
- 682 (g) Any person convicted under paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) having been found to 683 have been in the possession of a firearm that has been reported stolen shall be punished by an 684 additional imprisonment in the state prison for not less five years to be served consecutively.

- 685 (h) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the firearm or other article shall, 686 unless otherwise ordered by the court, be confiscated by the commonwealth. The firearm or article so confiscated shall, by the authority of the written order of the court be forwarded by 688 common carrier to the colonel of the state police, who, upon receipt of the same, shall notify said court or justice thereof. Said colonel shall sell by public auction all firearms which can be 690 lawfully owned in the commonwealth for which a lawful owner cannot be determined. Any proceeds received from such auctions shall be utilized to fund the Criminal Firearms and Trafficking Division. Any firearm which may not be lawfully sold in the commonwealth shall be destroyed. The colonel shall keep a permanent record of all firearms destroyed.
 - (i) The court shall, if the firearm or other article was lost by or stolen from the person lawfully in possession of it, order its return to such person.

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- (j) Any person who leaves a firearm unattended with the intent to transfer possession of such firearm to any prohibited person for the purpose of committing a crime or concealing a crime shall be punished by imprisonment in a house of correction for not more than two and one half years or in state prison for not more than five years.
- (k) Whoever knowingly fails to deliver or surrender a revoked firearm identification 701 card or a firearm or machine gun, as provided in section one hundred and twenty-five of chapter one hundred and forty, unless an appeal is pending, shall be punished by imprisonment in a jail or house of correction for not more than two and one-half years or by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars.
- (1) The provisions of this section shall be fully applicable to any person proceeded against under section seventy-four of chapter one hundred and nineteen, provided, however, that nothing contained in this section shall impair, impede, or affect the power granted any court by chapter one hundred and nineteen to adjudicate a person a delinquent child, including the power so granted under said chapter one hundred and nineteen.
- 710 (m) For purposes of this section, "loaded" shall mean that ammunition is contained in 711 the weapon or within a feeding device attached thereto.
- 712 SECTION 24. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 10E, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-713
- 714 Section 10E. Whoever, except as provided by law, in a single transaction or 715 occurrence or in a series of transactions within a twelve month period, knowingly or intentionally distributes, sells, or transfers possession of a quantity of firearms, machine guns, or any combination thereof, shall, if the quantity of firearms, machine guns, or any combination thereof is: 718

- 719 (1) Three or more, but less than ten, be punished by a term of imprisonment of not 720 more than ten years in the state prison. No sentence imposed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be for less than a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of three years and a 721 722 fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars may be imposed but not in lieu of the mandatory 723 minimum term of imprisonment, as established herein.
 - (2) Ten or more, but less than twenty, be punished by a term of imprisonment of not more than ten years in the state prison. No sentence imposed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be for less than a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of five years and a fine of not more than one hundred thousand dollars may be imposed but not in lieu of the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, as established herein.

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- (3) Twenty or more, be punished by a term of imprisonment not less than ten years up to life imprisonment in the state prison. No sentence imposed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be for less than a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of ten years and a fine of not more than one hundred and fifty thousand dollars may be imposed but not in lieu of the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, as established herein.
- (4) Any person convicted under paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) having been found to have been in the possession of a firearm that has been reported stolen shall be punished by an additional imprisonment in the state prison for not less five years to be served consecutively.

A prosecution commenced under this section shall not be placed on file or continued without a finding, and the sentence imposed upon a person convicted of violating any provision of said section shall not be reduced to less than the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as established in said section, nor shall any sentence of imprisonment imposed upon any person be suspended or reduced until such person shall have served said mandatory minimum term of imprisonment.

A person convicted of violating any provision of this section shall not, until he shall have served the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment established herein, be eligible for probation, parole, furlough, work release, or receive any deduction from his sentence for good conduct under sections one hundred and twenty-nine C and one hundred and twenty-nine D of chapter one hundred and twenty-seven; provided, however, that the commissioner of corrections may, on the recommendation of the warden, superintendent, or other person in charge of the correctional institution, grant to said offender a temporary release in the custody of an officer of 750 such institution for the following purposes: to attend the funeral of a relative, to visit a critically ill relative, or to obtain emergency medical or psychiatric services unavailable at said institution. The provisions of section eighty-seven of chapter two hundred and seventy-six shall not apply to any person, seventeen years of age or over, charged with a violation of said sections, or to any child between the age of fourteen and seventeen, so charged, if the court is of the opinion that the

- interests of the public require that he shall be tried for such offense instead of being dealt with as a child.
- 757 SECTION 25. Chapter 269 shall be amended by inserting the following section:
- Section 10G. Breaking and Entering of a Firearm Retailer, Wholesaler or Manufacturer
- 759 (A) Whoever in the nighttime or the daytime breaks and enters any building in which 760 a firearm retailer, wholesaler or manufacturer conducts business shall be subject to a fine of not 761 less than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more 762 than ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- 763 (B) Whoever in the nighttime or the daytime breaks and enters any building in which 764 a firearm retailer, wholesaler or manufacturer conducts business with the intent to unlawfully 765 obtain a firearm, rifle, shotgun, machinegun or ammunition shall be subject to a fine of not less 766 than \$5,000 nor more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than five years nor more than 767 ten years or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- 768 (C) Whoever unlawfully obtains a firearm, rifle, shotgun, machinegun or ammunition 769 by means of breaking and entering, in the nighttime or the daytime, any building in which a 770 firearm retailer, wholesaler or manufacturer conducts business and who unlawfully distributes 771 said firearm, rifle, shotgun, machinegun or ammunition shall be subject to a fine of not less than 772 \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not less than ten years nor more than twenty years or by both 773 such fine and imprisonment.
- SECTION 26. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 11A, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- Section 11A. For the purposes of this section and sections eleven B, eleven C and eleven E, the following words shall have the following meanings:—
- "Firearm", any device which will, or is designed to, or may readily be converted to, expel a projectile by the action of a propellant powder. Such term does not include an antique firearm. This term shall be meant to include a rifle, shotgun or handgun. The term shall not include B.B. guns or other air guns.
- "Serial number", the number stamped or placed upon a firearm by the manufacturer in the original process of manufacture.
- SECTION 27. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out 785 Section 11E, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-
- Section 11E. All firearms of new manufacture, manufactured or delivered to any federally licensed firearms dealer within the commonwealth shall bear serial numbers permanently inscribed on a visible metal area of said firearm, and the manufacturer of said

789 790	firearm, shall keep records of said serial numbers and the dealer, distributor or person to who the firearm was sold or delivered.	m
791 792 793 794 795	No federally licensed firearms dealer shall order for delivery, cause to be delivered offer for sale or sell within the commonwealth any newly manufactured firearm received direction a manufacturer, wholesaler or distributor not so inscribed with a serial number nor shall federally licensed manufacturer or distributor of firearms deliver or cause to be delivered with the commonwealth any firearm not complying with this section.	ectly any
796 797 798 799	No federally licensed manufacturer within the commonwealth shall produce for sal within the United States, its territories or possessions any firearm not complying with paragraphene of this section. Whoever violates this section shall be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars. Each such violation shall constitute a separate offense.	
800 801	SECTION 28. Chapter 269 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 12E, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-	
802	Section 12E. Prohibiting the confiscation of lawfully owned firearms.	
803 804 805	No government official or any person acting on behalf of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts shall order the confiscation of, or otherwise cause the confiscation of, any lawfully carried or lawfully owned firearm.	
806 807 808	No law enforcement officer, person acting as a law enforcement officer, or other public official shall confiscate or attempt to confiscate any lawfully carried or lawfully owned firearm.	d
809 810 811	Whoever violates the provisions of this section shall be subject to a civil fine of no less than \$500 nor more than \$5,000 for each firearm unlawfully confiscated or by imprisonn in a state prison for not more than two and one-half years.	
812 813	Nothing in this section shall prohibit the confiscation of firearms from any person who;	
814	(a) Has been lawfully placed under arrest;	
815	(b) Who is the subject of a protection order issued under Chapter 209A;	
816	(c) Has had their Firearm Identification Card revoked or suspended; or	
817	(d) Who is or has become a prohibited person.	
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819 820	SECTION 29. Chapter 278 of the General Laws is hereby amended by striking out Section 8A, in its entirety, and inserting in place thereof the following section:-	

821	Section 8A. It shall be an act of lawful defense if a person, who is an occupant of
822	a dwelling or in any place that they have a right to be, used deadly force, or less than deadly
823	force, if he or she acted in the reasonable belief that an assailant was about to inflict great bodily
824	injury or death upon themselves or upon another person who also had a right to be in the
825	location. There shall be no duty on a person to retreat from any place that they have a right to be
826	An act of lawful defense as outlined in this section shall not be cause for arrest or prosecution.
827	Further, an act of lawful defense under this section shall not be cause for the revocation of a
828	firearm identification card issued under Chapter 140.