## **HOUSE BILL No. 1445**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 35-47-3-2.

**Synopsis:** Destruction of firearms. Removes destruction as one of the options that a law enforcement agency is permitted to use when disposing of certain firearms in the law enforcement agency's possession.

Effective: July 1, 2017.

## Judy

January 24, 2017, read first time and referred to Committee on Public Policy.



First Regular Session of the 120th General Assembly (2017)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2016 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1445**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 35-47-3-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.157-2014,
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2017]: Sec. 2. (a) This section applies only to firearms which
are not required to be registered in the National Firearms Registration
and Transfer Record.

- (b) Firearms shall be returned to the rightful owner at once following final disposition of the cause if a return has not already occurred under the terms of IC 35-33-5. If the rightful ownership is not known the law enforcement agency holding the firearm shall make a reasonable attempt to ascertain the rightful ownership and cause the return of the firearm. However, nothing in this chapter shall be construed as requiring the return of firearms to rightful owners who have been convicted for the misuse of firearms. In such cases, the court may provide for the return of the firearm in question or order that the firearm be at once delivered:
  - (1) except as provided in subdivision (2), to the sheriff's department of the county in which the offense occurred; or



1	(2) to the city or town police force that confiscated the firearm.
2	(c) The receiving law enforcement agency shall dispose of firearms
3	under subsection (b), at the discretion of the law enforcement agency,
4	not more than one hundred twenty (120) days following receipt by use
5	of any of the following procedures:
6	(1) Public sale of the firearms to the general public as follows:
7	(A) Notice of the sale shall be:
8	(i) posted for ten (10) days in the county courthouse in a
9	place readily accessible to the general public; and
10	(ii) advertised in the principal newspaper of the county for
11	two (2) days in an advertisement that appears in the
12	newspaper at least five (5) days prior to the sale.
13	(B) Disposition of the firearm shall be by public auction in a
14	place convenient to the general public, with disposition going
15	to the highest bidder. However, no firearm shall be transferred
16	to any bidder if that bidder is not lawfully eligible to receive
17	and possess firearms according to the laws of the United States
18	and Indiana.
19	(C) All handguns transferred under this subdivision shall also
20	be transferred according to the transfer procedures set forth in
21	this article.
22	(D) Money collected pursuant to the sales shall first be used to
23	defray the necessary costs of administering this subdivision
24	with any surplus to be:
25	(i) deposited into the receiving law enforcement agency's
26	firearms training fund, other appropriate training activities
27	fund, or any other fund that may be used by the receiving
28	law enforcement agency for the purchase and maintenance
29	of firearms, ammunition, vests, and other law enforcement
30	equipment; and
31	(ii) used by the agency exclusively to train law enforcement
32	officers in the proper use of firearms or other law
33	enforcement duties, and to purchase and maintain firearms,
34	ammunition, vests, and other law enforcement equipment.
35	A law enforcement agency may not sell a firearm to the general
36	public if the firearm is unsafe to operate because it has been
37	damaged or altered.
38	(2) Sale of the firearms to a licensed firearms dealer as follows:
39	(A) Notice of the sale must be:
40	(i) posted for ten (10) days in the county courthouse in a
41	place readily accessible to the general public; and
42	(ii) advertised in the principal newspaper of the county for
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1	two (2) days in an advertisement that appears in the
2	newspaper at least five (5) days before the sale.
3	(B) Disposition of the firearm shall be by auction with
4	disposition going to the highest bidder who is a licensed
5	firearms dealer.
6	(C) Money collected from the sales shall first be used to defra
7	the necessary costs of administering this subdivision and any
8	surplus shall be:
9	(i) deposited into the receiving law enforcement agency
10	firearms training fund, other appropriate training activitie
11	fund, or any other fund that may be used by the receiving
12	law enforcement agency for the purchase and maintenance
13	of firearms, ammunition, vests, and other law enforcemen
14	equipment; and
15	(ii) used by the agency exclusively to train law enforcemen
16	officers in the proper use of firearms or other law
17	enforcement duties, and to purchase and maintain firearms
18	ammunition, vests, and other law enforcement equipment.
19	A law enforcement agency may sell a firearm to a licensed
20	firearms dealer for salvage or repair, even if the firearm is unsafe
21	to operate because it has been damaged or altered.
22 23 24	(3) Sale or transfer of the firearms to another law enforcemen
23	agency.
24	(4) Release to the state police department laboratory or othe
25	forensic laboratory administered by the state or a politica
26 27	subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) for the purposes o
27	research, training, and comparison in conjunction with the
28	forensic examination of firearms evidence.
29	(5) Destruction of the firearms. A firearm that is to be destroyed
30	may be sold to a salvage company and destroyed by dismantling
31	the firearm for parts, scrap metal, or recycling, or for resale a
32	parts for other firearms.
33	(d) Notwithstanding the requirement of this section mandating
34	disposal of firearms not more than one hundred twenty (120) day
35	following receipt, the receiving law enforcement agency may at it
36	discretion hold firearms it may receive until a sufficient number ha
37	accumulated to defray the costs of administering this section if a delay
38	does not exceed one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of receip
39	of the first firearm in the sale lot. In addition, the receiving law
40	enforcement agency may, at its discretion, jointly sell firearms it has
41	received with another law enforcement agency, or permit another law
12	anforcement agency to call firearms it has received an habalf of the



receiving	law	enforc	ement	agency	In	any	event,	all	confiscated
firearms s	hall t	e dispo	osed of	as pron	ptly	as p	ossible.		

(e) When a firearm is delivered to the state police department laboratory or other forensic laboratory under subsection (c)(4) and the state police department laboratory or other forensic laboratory determines the laboratory has no further need for the firearm in question, the laboratory shall return the firearm to the law enforcement agency for disposal under subsection (c).



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