The Senate Committee on Public Safety offered the following substitute to HB 149:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to law enforcement 2 officers and agencies, so as to provide for the comprehensive regulation of trauma scene 3 cleanup services; to provide for definitions; to provide for registration requirements; to 4 provide for qualifications; to provide for penalties for violations; to provide for emergencies; 5 to provide for rules and regulations; to provide for exemptions; to amend Title 25, Title 8, 6 Chapter 1 of Title 10, Title 16, Article 9 of Chapter 3 of Title 35, Code Section 35-8-10, 7 Chapter 25 of Title 43, Title 45, Article 1 of Chapter 13 of Title 50 of the Official Code of 8 Georgia Annotated, relating to fire protection and safety, buildings and housing, selling and 9 other trade practices, crimes and offenses, the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis 10 Center, applicability and effect of peace officer certification requirements generally and 11 requirements as to exempt persons, operators of motor vehicle racetracks, public officers and 12 employees, and general provisions regarding administrative procedure, respectively, so as 13 to enact the "Consolidation of Fire Safety Services in Georgia Act"; to establish the 14 Department of Fire Safety; to establish the position of commissioner of fire safety; to 15 establish the Board of Fire Safety; to provide for duties, responsibilities, and authority of the 16 Board of Fire Safety; to establish the Professional Development Division of the Department 17 of Fire Safety and transfer duties from the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training 18 Council; to transfer duties from the Commissioner of Insurance as the Safety Fire 19 Commissioner to the commissioner of fire safety; to provide for duties and responsibilities 20 of the Department of Fire Safety; to provide for adoption of rules and regulations; to vest 21 certain emergency and terrorism fire service preparedness functions in the commissioner of 22 fire safety; to revise the appointment authority and duties and responsibilities of the state fire 23 marshal; to provide for the position of local fire marshals; to transfer certain functions and 24 duties relating to the regulation of elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, manlifts, and moving 25 walks from the Safety Fire Commissioner to the commissioner of fire safety; to transfer 26 administration of "The Uniform Standards Code for Manufactured Homes Act" from the 27 Safety Fire Commissioner to the commissioner of fire safety; to transfer duties regarding the 28 installation of manufactured homes and mobile homes from the Safety Fire Commissioner

29 to the commissioner of fire safety; to revise the duties of the state fire marshal relating to sale 30 and storage of liquified petroleum gas; to transfer administration and rule-making authority 31 regarding the sale and storage of liquified petroleum gas from the state fire marshal to the 32 commissioner of fire safety; to transfer certain functions and duties relating to bombs, 33 explosives, and chemical and biological weapons from the Safety Fire Commissioner to the 34 commissioner of fire safety; to assign regulation of blasting operations, fireworks, consumer fireworks, and fire extinguishers and suppression systems and the enforcement of the 35 "Georgia Fire Sprinkler Act" and the "Georgia Fire Safety Standard and Firefighter 36 37 Protection Act" to the commissioner of fire safety and the Department of Fire Safety; to assign regulation of the "Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Act," "Amusement Ride Safety 38 39 Act," "Carnival Ride Safety Act," and requirements for scaffolding and staging design to the 40 commissioner of fire safety and the Department of Fire Safety; to add the commissioner of fire safety to membership in the Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center; to require 41 42 certain peace officers commencing employment or service with the Department of Fire 43 Safety to meet certain qualifications; to revise exemption requirements; to assign enforcement relating to operators of motor vehicle racetracks to the commissioner of fire 44 45 safety; to assign enforcement of the "Public Employee Hazardous Chemical Protection and 46 Right to Know Act of 1988" to the Department of Fire Safety; to provide for compliance with 47 filing and hearing requirements under the "Georgia Administrative Procedure Act" by the 48 commissioner of fire safety; to revise filing and hearing requirements under said Act by the 49 Commissioner of Insurance; to amend Chapter 2 of Title 8, Title 25, Chapter 3 of Title 30, 50 Code Section 31-7-12.2, Code Section 33-2-9, Title 42, Code Section 43-14-13, and Article 1 51 of Chapter 14 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to standards and requirements for construction, alteration, etc., of buildings and other structures, fire 52 53 protection and safety, access to and use of public facilities by persons with disabilities, 54 regulation and licensing of assisted living communities, legislative intent, definitions, procedures, and requirements of medication aides, rules and regulations adopted by the 55 Commissioner of Insurance, penal institutions, applicability of chapter, and general 56 provisions regarding the Commissioner of Insurance, respectively, so as to provide for 57 conforming changes; to provide for related matters; to provide for legislative intent; to 58 59 provide an effective date; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes.

60

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

	18 LC 41 1547S
61	PART I
62	SECTION 1-1.
63	Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to law enforcement officers and
64	agencies, is amended by adding a new chapter to read as follows:
65	" <u>CHAPTER 11</u>
66	<u>35-11-1.</u>
67	As used in this chapter, the term:
68	(1) 'Bureau' means the Georgia Bureau of Investigation.
69	(2) 'Director' means the director of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation.
70	(3) 'Pathogen' means a microorganism, including bacteria, viruses, rickettsiae, and
70	parasites, or other agent, such as a proteinaceous infectious particle or prion, that can
72	cause disease in humans.
73	(4) 'Potentially infectious material' means material known or reasonably expected to
74	contain a pathogen.
75	(5) 'Regulated biomedical waste' means and includes the following:
76	(A) Biological waste, which includes blood and blood products, exudates, secretions,
77	suctionings, and other body fluids which contain free liquids and cannot be or are not
78	directly discarded into a municipal sewer system;
79	(B) Pathological waste, which includes all recognizable human tissues and body parts
80	except teeth; and
81	(C) Sharps, which includes any discarded article that may cause punctures or cuts
82	including, but not limited to, items such as needles, IV tubing and syringes with needles
83	attached, and scalpel blades.
84	(6) 'Trauma scene' means a location soiled by or contaminated with potentially infectious
85	material or regulated biomedical waste due to the occurrence of a homicide or suicide,
86	or the occurrence of a death of a human being in which there is advanced decomposition
87	of the body; provided, however, that such term shall not include the scene of a motor
88	vehicle accident or locations which are subject to the laws and regulations of the federal
89	Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
90	(7) 'Trauma scene waste' means potentially infectious material or regulated biomedical
91	waste that has been removed, is to be removed, or is in the process of being removed
92	from a trauma scene.

93	(8) 'Trauma scene waste management practitioner' means the owner of any interest in a
94	commercial enterprise for the cleanup or removal of trauma scene waste and who is
95	registered with the bureau pursuant to this chapter.

96 <u>35-11-2.</u>

97 (a) A trauma scene waste management practitioner shall be registered with the bureau on 98 forms provided by and in a manner as directed by the bureau. Such registration shall be in 99 addition to and not in place of any other registrations or licenses from other state agencies 100 required by law. No county or municipal governments shall be authorized to require 101 licenses, registrations, or permits for trauma scene waste management practitioners in this 102 state. 103 (b) The bureau, upon its approval of an application, shall issue a registration to a trauma 104 scene waste management practitioner who meets the qualifications for such registration and 105 who submits a completed application form and registration fee. Such registration shall be

- 106valid for a period of three years from the date of issuance and may be renewed for107additional three-year periods.
- (c) Trauma scene waste management practitioners shall pay an initial registration fee of
 \$100.00 to the bureau and, for each subsequent renewal of such registration, shall pay to
 the bureau a registration renewal fee of \$100.00.

<u>35-11-3.</u>

- 112 <u>The bureau shall maintain a current list of all registered trauma scene waste management</u>
- 113 practitioners on the bureau's website.

<u>35-11-4.</u>

115 (a) Each trauma scene waste management practitioner shall, prior to being registered, 116 submit to a fingerprint based criminal background check conducted by the Georgia Crime 117 Information Center and Federal Bureau of Investigation. No person who has been 118 convicted of any felony under the laws of this state or any another state or the federal 119 government shall be issued a trauma scene waste management practitioner registration. 120 Each trauma scene waste management practitioner shall submit to a fingerprint based 121 criminal background check conducted by the Georgia Crime Information Center and 122 Federal Bureau of Investigation every three years following such initial background check. 123 (b) Each trauma scene waste management practitioner shall, upon approval of his or her 124 registration by the bureau, submit to the bureau a bond executed with a surety company 125 duly authorized to do business in this state and payable to the Governor for the use and 126 benefit of any person who is harmed by such trauma scene waste management practitioner,

LC 41 1547S

127	his or her employee, or an independent contractor of such trauma scene waste management
128	practitioner in the performance of trauma scene waste management services. The bond
129	shall be in the amount of \$25,000.00. The bond shall be approved by the bureau as to form
130	and the solvency of the surety. No trauma scene waste management practitioner or surety
131	shall cancel, or cause to be canceled, a bond issued pursuant to this subsection unless the
132	director is informed in writing by a certified letter at least 30 days prior to the proposed
133	cancellation. If the trauma scene waste management practitioner or surety cancels the bond
134	and the trauma scene waste management practitioner fails to submit, within ten days of the
135	effective date of the cancellation, a new bond, the director shall revoke such trauma scene
136	waste management practitioner's registration.
137	(c) Each trauma scene waste management practitioner shall provide the bureau with proof
138	of liability insurance coverage for the trauma scene waste management practitioner, his or
139	her employees, and independent contractors of such trauma scene waste management
140	practitioner who perform trauma scene waste management services in the amount of at
141	least \$100,000.00 for each occurrence. No trauma scene waste management practitioner
142	or insurance carrier shall cancel, or cause to be canceled, a liability insurance policy issued
143	pursuant to this subsection unless the director is informed in writing by a certified letter at
144	least 30 days prior to the proposed cancellation. If the trauma scene waste management
145	practitioner or insurance carrier cancels the liability insurance policy and the trauma scene
146	waste management practitioner fails to submit, within ten days of the effective date of the
147	cancellation, a new liability insurance policy that meets the requirements of this subsection,
148	the director shall revoke such trauma scene waste management practitioner's registration.
149	(d) Each trauma scene waste management practitioner shall be responsible and liable for
150	the acts of his or her employees and independent contractors of such trauma scene waste
151	management practitioner in the performance of trauma scene waste management services.
152	<u>35-11-5.</u>
153	(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'person' means: an individual; any corporate
154	entity or form authorized by law, including any of its subsidiaries or affiliates; or any
155	officer, director, board member, or employee of any corporate entity or form authorized by
156	law

- 156 <u>law.</u>
- (b) No person shall perform, offer to perform, or engage in the cleanup of a trauma scene
 or the removal or remediation of regulated biomedical waste from any location unless such
 person is registered in accordance with this chapter or is an employee or independent
 contractor of such person registered in accordance with this chapter.

	18 LC 41 1547S
161	(c) Any individual who violates this Code section shall be subject to a civil fine not to
162	exceed \$5,000.00 and punitive action by the director, up to and including revocation of
163	registration.
164	<u>35-11-6.</u>
165	On and after January 1, 2019, it shall be against public policy for any person who is not
166	properly registered under this chapter to seek to recover from the owner of any property
167	or any other person the cost of the cleanup, removal, or remediation of trauma scene waste
168	at, in, or on such property.
169	<u>35-11-7.</u>
170	Each trauma scene waste management practitioner registered under this chapter, prior to
171	beginning the cleanup, removal, or remediation of trauma scene waste, shall provide the
172	individual who requested such services with a good faith estimate of the expected costs of
173	such services.
174	<u>35-11-8.</u>
175	In the event of a declared public health emergency or a state of emergency, the director
176	shall be authorized to issue temporary registrations to persons to be trauma scene waste
177	management practitioners under such limiting conditions as the director deems appropriate
178	under such circumstances. Such temporary registrations shall terminate at such time as
179	may be specified by the director, but, in any event, not later than 90 days from their
180	issuance.
181	<u>35-11-9.</u>
182	The board shall be authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as it deems
183	necessary in order to effectuate and implement the provisions of this chapter.
184	<u>35-11-10.</u>
185	(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'person' shall have the same meaning as provided
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>

- 186 <u>in Code Section 35-11-5.</u>203.0.
- (b) Nothing in this chapter shall apply to a medical practice or medical facility or a
 subsidiary thereof that is subject to the laws and regulations of the federal Occupational
 Safety and Health Administration.
- (c) Nothing in this chapter shall apply to the cleanup of property owned by a person by
 such person.

LC 41 1547S

192	(d) Nothing in this chapter shall apply to the gratuitous cleanup, removal, or remediation
193	of trauma scene waste performed for the owner of any property by individuals who are not
194	doing so as part of a commercial enterprise for the cleanup or removal of trauma scene
195	waste, including, but not limited to, individuals who are family, friends, or neighbors of
196	such owner; provided, however, that nothing in this subsection shall prevent such owner
197	from offering such individuals a gratuity at his or her election."

198 199

PART II SECTION 2-1.

- 200 Parts 2 through 18 of this Act shall be known and may be cited as the "Consolidation of Fire
 201 Safety Services in Georgia Act."
- 202 SECTION 2-2.

It is the intent of the General Assembly, by Parts 2 through 18 of this Act, to provide for more efficient fire safety services for the citizens of Georgia by consolidating such services into a single department and thereby provide greater quality services at a reduced cost.

206

207

PART III

SECTION 3-1.

Title 25 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to fire protection and safety, is amended by revising Chapter 2, relating to the regulation of fire and other hazards to persons and property generally, as follows:

- 211 "CHAPTER 2
- 212 25-2-1.

As used in this chapter, the term:

- 214 (1) 'Board' means the Board of Fire Safety.
- 215 (2) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.
- 216 (3) 'Department' means the Department Fire Safety.
- 217 25-2-2.
- 218 The office of Safety Fire Commissioner is created. The Commissioner of Insurance shall
- 219 be the Safety Fire Commissioner.

LC 41 1547S

220	(a) There is created the Department of Fire Safety. The department shall be a budget unit		
221	as defined in Part 1 of Article 4 of Chapter 12 of Title 45, the 'Budget Act'; provided,		
222	however, that the department shall be assigned for administrative purposes only to the		
223	Department of Public Safety.		
224	(b)(1) There is created the position of commissioner of fire safety. The commissioner		
225	shall be the chief administrative officer of the department and shall be appointed by the		
226	board and serve at the pleasure of the board. Any person appointed to serve as		
227	commissioner shall have a minimum of ten years' experience as a fire safety professional.		
228	(2) When the commissioner shall adopt rules and regulations for the performance of his		
229	or her duties by law, such rules and regulations shall be subject to the approval of the		
230	board.		
231	<u>25-2-2.1.</u>		
232	(a) There is created the Board of Fire Safety which shall establish the general policy to be		
233	followed by the department. The Board of Fire Safety shall be composed of 11 members,		
234	who shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified and who shall be		
235	appointed as follows:		
236	(1) Four members who are fire safety professionals shall be appointed by the Governor;		
237	(2) Two members who are fire safety professionals shall be appointed by the Speaker of		
238	the House of Representatives;		
239	(3) Two members who are fire safety professionals shall be appointed by the Lieutenant		
240	Governor;		
241	(4) One member shall be the administrator of the Georgia Public Safety Training Center		
242	or his or her designee;		
243	(5) One member shall be the president of the Georgia Association of Fire Chiefs or his		
244	or her designee; and		
245	(6) One member shall be the president of the Georgia State Firefighters' Association or		
246	his or her designee.		
247	(b) At the first regular meeting of the Board of Fire Safety held in each even-numbered		
248	year, the Board of Fire Safety shall elect a chairperson and such other officers from its own		
249	membership as it deems necessary to serve until successors are elected by the Board of Fire		
250	Safety as provided in this subsection.		
251	(c) In addition to the general authority provided for in subsection (a) of this Code section,		
252	the Board of Fire Safety:		
253	(1) Shall appoint the commissioner;		
254	(2) Shall promulgate and approve rules and regulations for the department;		
255	(3) Shall advise the commissioner on fire service issues; and		

256	(4) May appoint advisory councils as it deems necessary.
257	(d) Each member of the Board of Fire Safety, in carrying out his or her official duties,
258	shall be entitled to receive the same expense and mileage allowance authorized for
259	members of professional licensing boards pursuant to subsection (f) of Code Section
260	43-1-2. The funds for such expenses and allowances shall be paid from funds appropriated
261	or available to the department.

262 25-2-3.

Except as provided in Code Section 25-2-12, the Commissioner commissioner is charged 263 with the duties and chief responsibility for the enforcement of this chapter. He or she may, 264 265 consistent with this chapter, delegate to the officers and employees appointed under this 266 chapter such duties and powers as in his or her discretion he or she shall deem necessary 267 or advisable for the proper enforcement of this chapter and shall have full supervision and 268 control over such officers and employees in the performance of their duties or in the 269 exercise of any powers granted to such officers and employees by him or her or by this 270 chapter. Except as provided in Code Section 25-2-12, the Commissioner commissioner 271 shall be the final authority in all matters relating to the interpretation and enforcement of 272 this chapter, except insofar as his or her orders may be reversed or modified by the courts.

273 25-2-4.

274 The Commissioner commissioner shall adopt such rules and regulations as he or she deems 275 necessary to promote the enforcement of this chapter. Such rules and regulations shall 276 have the force and effect of law and shall have state-wide application as being the state 277 minimum fire safety standards and shall not require adoption by a municipality or county. 278 The governing authority of any municipality or county in this state is authorized to enforce 279 the state minimum fire safety standards on all buildings and structures except one-family 280 and two-family dwellings and those buildings and structures listed in Code Section 281 25-2-13. All other applications of the state minimum fire safety standards and fees are 282 specified in Code Sections 25-2-4.1, 25-2-12, and 25-2-12.1. Before the Commissioner commissioner shall adopt as a part of his or her rules and regulations for the enforcement 283 284 of this chapter any of the principles of the various codes referred to in this chapter, he or 285 she shall first consider and approve them as reasonably suitable for the enforcement of this 286 chapter. Not less than 15 days before any rules and regulations are promulgated, a public hearing shall be held. Notice of the hearing shall be advertised in a newspaper of general 287 288 circulation.

LC 41 1547S

289	25-2-4.1.	
290	(a) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized to assess and collect,	and persons so
291	assessed shall pay in advance to the Commissioner commissioner, fees an	d charges under
292	this chapter as follows:	
293	(1) New anhydrous ammonia permit for storage in bulk (more than	
294	2,000 gallons aggregate capacity) for sale or distribution one-time	
295	fee	\$ 150.00
296	(2) Annual license for manufacture of explosives other than	
297	fireworks	150.00
298	(3) Annual license for manufacture, storage, or transport of	
299	fireworks	1,500.00
300	(4) Carnival license	150.00
301	(5) Certificate of occupancy	100.00
302	(6) Construction plan review:	
303	(A) Bulk storage construction	150.00
304	(B) Building construction, 10,000 square feet or less	150.00
305	(C) Building construction, more than 10,000 square feet015	per square foot
306	(D) Other construction	150.00
307	(7) Fire sprinkler contractor certificate of competency	150.00
308	(8) Liquefied petroleum gas storage license:	
309	(A) 2,000 gallons or less	150.00
310	(B) More than 2,000 gallons	600.00
311	(9) Building construction inspection:	
312	(A) 80 percent completion, 100 percent completion, annual, and	
313	first follow-up	none
314	(B) Second follow-up	150.00
315	(C) Third and each subsequent follow-up	220.00
316	(10) Purchase, storage, sale, transport, or use of explosives other	
317	than fireworks:	
318	(A) 500 pounds or less	75.00
319	(B) More than 500 pounds	150.00
320	(11) New self-service gasoline station permit one-time fee	150.00
321	(12) New permit to dispense compressed natural gas (CNG) for	
322	vehicular fuel one-time fee	150.00

(b) The licenses and permits for which fees or charges are required pursuant to this Code section shall not be transferable. A new license or permit and fee are required upon change of ownership.

<u>326</u> <u>25-2-4.2.</u>

The commissioner, or his or her designee within the department, shall manage this state's fire service preparedness and functions as it relates to terrorism, weapons of mass destruction, hazardous incidents, and natural disasters or emergencies. The commissioner, or his or her designee, shall, as necessary, liaise with the Georgia Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency, other agencies of this state, federal agencies, and agencies of other states in developing and executing plans, procedures, and policies for purposes of this Code section.

334 25-2-5.

The Commissioner commissioner shall appoint a state fire marshal. Qualifications for appointment as state fire marshal shall be previous training and experience in endeavors similar to those prescribed in this chapter. The Commissioner commissioner shall fix the salary of the state fire marshal.

339 25-2-6.

340 The Safety Fire Division of the office of the Commissioner of Insurance shall be headed 341 by the state fire marshal appointed by the Commissioner <u>Reserved</u>.

342 25-2-7.

The state fire marshal, subject to the approval of the Commissioner commissioner, shall appoint a deputy state fire marshal and administrative fire safety specialists and shall employ such office personnel as may be required to carry out this chapter. The deputy state fire marshal and administrative fire safety specialists shall be chosen by virtue of their previous training and experience in the particular duties which shall be assigned to them. They shall take an oath to perform faithfully the duties of their office offices.

349 25-2-8.

All state employees connected with the state fire marshal's office shall be allowed subsistence, lodging, and other expenses in connection with the execution of their duties when away from their headquarters. Transportation for such employees shall be paid at the mileage rate fixed by law for other state employees.

LC 41 1547S

18

25-2-9.

354

(a) Upon the request of the sheriff of the county, the chief of police of the jurisdiction, the
district attorney of the judicial circuit, or a local fire official, the state fire marshal and any
employees of such official shall have the authority to investigate the cause and origin of
any fire which occurred in said county, jurisdiction, or judicial circuit.

359 (b) Personnel employed and authorized by the state fire marshal shall have the power to 360 make arrests for criminal violations established as a result of investigations. Such personnel must hold certification as a peace officer from the Georgia Peace Officer 361 362 Standards and Training Council and shall have the power to execute arrest warrants and 363 search warrants for criminal violations and to arrest, upon probable cause and without warrant, any person found violating any of the provisions of applicable criminal laws. 364 365 Authorized personnel empowered to make arrests pursuant to this Code section shall be empowered to carry firearms as authorized by the state fire marshal in the performance of 366 367 their duties. It shall be unlawful for any person to resist an arrest authorized by this Code 368 section or to interfere in any manner, including abetting or assisting such resistance or interference, with personnel employed by the state fire marshal in the duties imposed upon 369 370 such personnel by law.

371 25-2-10.

372 Should any person, firm, corporation, or public entity be dissatisfied with any ruling or 373 decision of the state fire marshal, the right is granted to appeal within ten days to the 374 Commissioner commissioner. If the person, firm, corporation, or public entity is 375 dissatisfied with the decision of the Commissioner commissioner, appeal is authorized to the superior court within 30 days in the manner provided under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 376 377 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.' In the event of such appeal, the person, firm, 378 corporation, or public entity shall give a surety bond which will be conditioned upon compliance with the order and direction of the state fire marshal or the Commissioner 379 commissioner or both. The amount of bond shall be fixed by the Commissioner 380 381 commissioner in such amount as will reasonably cover the order issued by the Commissioner commissioner or the state fire marshal or both. 382

383 25-2-11.

384 Reserved.

385 25-2-12.

(a)(1) The county governing authority in any county having a population of 100,000 or
 more, and the municipal governing authority in any municipality having a population of

LC 41 1547S

- 45,000 or more, each as determined by the most recent decennial census published by the
 United States Bureau of the Census, and those municipalities pursuant to subsection (b)
 of this Code section shall adopt the state minimum fire safety standards adopted in the
 rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter, including all subsequent
 revisions thereof.
- (2) With respect to those buildings and structures listed in Code Section 25-2-13, except
 for hospitals, nursing homes, <u>assisted living facilities or communities</u>, jails, ambulatory
 health care centers, and penal institutions and except for buildings and structures which
 are owned, and operated, or occupied by the state, every such local governing authority
 shall be responsible for enforcing such fire safety standards within its jurisdiction and
 shall:
- 399

(A) Conduct fire safety inspections of existing buildings and structures;

400 (B) Review plans and specifications for proposed buildings and structures, issue
401 building permits when plans are approved, and conduct fire safety inspections of such
402 buildings and structures; and

403 (C) Issue permanent and temporary certificates of occupancy.

- 404 (3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed so as to prohibit fire service personnel
 405 of any such local governing authority from making inspections of any state owned and
 406 operated or occupied building or structure listed in Code Section 25-2-13 and from filing
 407 reports of such inspections with the office of the Commissioner department.
- (4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed so as to place upon any municipality,
 county, or any officer or employee thereof, the responsibility to take enforcement action
 regarding any existing building or structure listed in Code Section 25-2-13, if such
 building or structure was granted a certificate of occupancy pursuant to a waiver granted
 prior to January 1, 1982, and which was granted pursuant to the recommendation of the
 engineering staff over the objection of the local authority having jurisdiction.
- 414 (5) Every such local governing authority shall have the authority to charge and retain 415 appropriate fees for performing the duties required in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of 416 paragraph (2) of this subsection. In cases where the governing authority of a municipality 417 enforcing fire safety standards pursuant to this subsection contracts for the enforcement 418 of fire safety standards, any municipal or county office or authority providing such 419 enforcement shall not charge fees in excess of those charged in its own political 420 subdivision for such enforcement.
- 421 (6) Every such local governing authority shall be responsible for investigating all cases
 422 of arson and other suspected incendiary fires within its jurisdiction, shall have the duties
 423 and powers authorized by Code Sections 25-2-27, 25-2-28, and 25-2-29 in carrying out
 424 such responsibility, and shall submit quarterly reports to the state fire marshal containing

fire-loss data regarding all fires within its jurisdiction. The state fire marshal shall have
the authority to initiate any arson investigation upon request of any such local governing
authority, and he <u>or she</u> shall provide assistance to the requesting authority regarding any
of the duties and responsibilities required by this paragraph.

- (7) No such local governing authority shall have the authority to grant any waiver or
 variance which would excuse any building, structure, or proposed plans for buildings or
 structures from compliance with the state minimum fire safety standards as adopted in
 the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.
- 433 (b) Municipalities having a population of less than 45,000 as determined by the most 434 recent decennial census published by the United States Bureau of the Census may adopt 435 the state minimum fire safety standards adopted in the rules and regulations promulgated 436 pursuant to this chapter, including all subsequent revisions thereof. The municipal governing authority shall indicate its intention to adopt and enforce the state minimum fire 437 safety standards by forwarding a resolution so indicating to the Commissioner 438 439 commissioner. The municipality shall then adopt and enforce the state minimum fire safety 440 standards as set forth in subsection (a) of this Code section.
- 441 (c) With respect to those buildings and structures listed in Code Section 25-2-13, in 442 jurisdictions other than those jurisdictions covered under subsection (a) of this Code 443 section, and with respect to every such hospital, nursing home, assisted living facility or community, jail, ambulatory health care center, and penal institution and every such 444 445 building and structure owned and operated or occupied by the state, wherever located, the 446 office of the Commissioner department shall perform those duties specified in paragraph 447 (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section and shall perform all other duties required by this 448 chapter.
- 449 (d) Except as specifically stated in this Code section, nothing in this Code section shall 450 reduce or avoid the duties and responsibilities of the office of the Commissioner department or the state fire marshal imposed by other Code sections of this chapter, other 451 provisions of this Code, or any existing contract or agreement and all renewals thereof 452 453 between the office of the Commissioner department or the state fire marshal and any other 454 state or federal government agency. Nothing in this Code section shall prohibit the office of the Commissioner department, state fire marshal, or any local governing authority from 455 entering into any future contract or agreement regarding any of the duties imposed under 456 this Code section. 457
- (e)(1) The office of the Commissioner department shall be responsible for interpretations
 of the state minimum fire safety standards as adopted in the rules and regulations
 promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

LC 41 1547S

(2) On the construction on existing buildings, local governments authorized to enforce
the state minimum fire safety standards pursuant to subsection (a) and subsection (b) of
this Code section, notwithstanding paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Code section,
may grant variances from compliance with the state minimum fire safety standards as
adopted in the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

466 (3) On the construction on existing buildings not under the jurisdiction of a local
 467 government for purposes of paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Commissioner
 468 <u>commissioner</u> may grant variances from compliance with the state minimum fire safety
 469 standards as adopted in the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

(4) On the construction of new buildings, the Commissioner commissioner, upon the
written recommendation of the state fire marshal and the written request of the fire or
building official responsible for enforcing the state minimum fire safety standards, may
grant variances from compliance with the state minimum fire safety standards as adopted
in the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter in jurisdictions covered
under subsection (a) of this Code section and jurisdictions other than those covered under
subsection (a) of this Code section.

477 (5) Variances granted pursuant to paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection shall be
478 as nearly equivalent as practical to the standards required in this chapter.

479 25-2-12.1.

480 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

(1) 'Deputy local fire marshal' means any person who is employed by, supervised by, or
otherwise assists a local fire marshal and who has been or is seeking to be deputized
pursuant to this Code section.

- (2) 'Local fire marshal' means any employee or independent contractor of any
 municipality, county, or other governing authority not adopting the state minimum fire
 safety standards as provided in subsection (a) of Code Section 25-2-12 who is responsible
 for performing fire safety duties for such municipality, county, or governing authority and
 who has been or is seeking to be deputized pursuant to this Code section.
- (3) 'State inspector' means any person who is employed by any board, commission, or
 other administrative authority of any state owned and operated or occupied facility, who
 is responsible for performing fire safety duties within such facility, and who has been or
 is seeking to be deputized pursuant to this Code section.
- (b) Upon application submitted by any governing authority or administrative authority
 described in subsection (a) of this Code section, the state fire marshal, subject to the
 approval of the Commissioner commissioner and in accordance with this Code section,
 shall have the authority to deputize local fire marshals, deputy local fire marshals, or state

inspectors, as appropriate, as state officers. The application shall be verified by an
appropriate official and shall contain the name, address, and current place of employment
for each applicant seeking to be deputized and the dates and places of past employment,
educational background, training experience, any area of specialization and the basis
therefor, and such other information as may be required by the state fire marshal.

502 (c)(1) Prior to deputizing any local fire marshal, deputy local fire marshal, or state 503 inspector, the state fire marshal shall examine the applicant's education, training, and 504 employment experience to ascertain whether the applicant is qualified to perform duties 505 in one or more of the following areas:

- 506 (A) Fire safety inspections;
 - (B) Review of plans and specifications; or
- 508 (C) Arson investigations.

509 (2) If the state fire marshal is satisfied that the applicant is qualified, he <u>or she</u> shall
510 recommend to the <u>Commissioner commissioner</u> that the applicant be deputized as a state
511 officer to perform the appropriate duties on behalf of the state.

- 512 (d) It shall be the responsibility of the governing authority to notify the state fire marshal 513 when a local fire marshal is no longer employed by or accountable to such governing 514 authority. It shall be the responsibility of the local fire marshal to ensure that his or her 515 deputy local fire marshals perform their appointed duties and to notify the state fire marshal 516 when a deputy local fire marshal is no longer employed under his <u>or her</u> authority. It shall 517 be the responsibility of the administrative authority to ensure that state inspectors perform 518 their appointed duties and to notify the state fire marshal when a state inspector is no longer 519 employed by such administrative authority.
- (e) All deputized local fire marshals, deputy local fire marshals, and state inspectors shall
 submit monthly reports of their activities to the state fire marshal and shall comply with the
 administrative procedures of the state fire marshal's office. Any deputized local fire
 marshal, deputy local fire marshal, or state inspector who is found by the state fire marshal
 to be negligent in performing his <u>or her</u> appointed duties or in fulfilling his <u>or her</u>
 responsibilities shall be removed from his <u>or her</u> position as a state officer.
- 526 25-2-13.
- 527 (a) As used in this Code section, the term:

(1) 'Capacity' means the maximum number of persons who may be reasonably expected
to be present in any building or on any floor thereof at a given time according to the use
which is made of such building. The Commissioner commissioner shall determine and
by rule declare the formula for determining capacity for each of the uses described in this
Code section.

LC 41 1547S

(2) 'Historic building or structure' means any individual building or any building which
contributes to the historic character of a historic district, so designated by the state
historic preservation officer pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Board of
Natural Resources, or as so designated pursuant to the provisions of Article 2 of Chapter
10 of Title 44, the 'Georgia Historic Preservation Act.'

- (3) 'Landmark museum building' means a historic building or structure used as an exhibit
 of the building or structure itself which exhibits a high degree of architectural integrity
 and which is open to the public not fewer than 12 days per year; however, additional uses,
 original or ancillary, to the use as a museum shall be permitted within the same building
 subject to the provisions of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of this Code section.
 Landmark museum buildings must be so designated by the state historic preservation
 officer pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Board of Natural Resources.
- (b)(1) Certain buildings and structures, because of construction or use, may constitute
 a special hazard to property or to the life and safety of persons on account of fire or panic
 from fear of fire. Buildings constructed or used in the following manner present such a
 special hazard:
- (A) Buildings or structures more than three stories in height; provided, however, that
 nothing in this Code section shall apply to any individually owned residential unit
 within any such building;
- (B) Any building three or more stories in height and used as a residence by three or
 more families, with individual cooking and bathroom facilities for each family;
 provided, however, that nothing in this Code section shall apply to any individually
 owned residential unit within any such building;
- (C) Any building in which there are more than 15 sleeping accommodations for hire,
 with or without meals but without individual cooking facilities, whether designated as
 a hotel, motel, inn, club, dormitory, rooming or boarding house, or by any other name;
 (D) Any building or group of buildings which contain schools and academies for any
 combination of grades one through 12 having more than 15 children or students in
 attendance at any given time and all state funded kindergarten programs;
- (E) Hospitals, health care centers or facilities, mental health institutions, orphanages, 562 nursing homes, convalescent homes, old age homes, assisted living facilities or 563 564 communities, jails, prisons, reformatories, and all administrative, public assembly, and academic buildings of colleges, universities, and vocational-technical schools. As used 565 in this subparagraph, the terms 'nursing homes,' 'convalescent homes,' and 'old age 566 567 homes' mean any building used for the lodging, personal care, or nursing care on a 24 hour basis of four or more invalids, convalescents, or elderly persons who are not 568 569 members of the same family;

570

(G) Theaters, auditoriums, restaurants, bars, lounges, nightclubs, dance halls,
recreation halls, and other places of public assembly having an occupant load of 300
or more persons, except that the occupant load shall be 100 or more persons in those
buildings where alcoholic beverages are served;

(F) Racetracks, stadiums, and grandstands;

- 575 (G.1) Churches having an occupant load of 500 or more persons in a common area or
 576 having an occupant load greater than 1,000 persons based on total occupant load of the
 577 building or structure;
- 578 (H) Department stores and retail mercantile establishments having a gross floor area 579 of 25,000 square feet on any one floor or having three or more floors that are open to the public. For purposes of this subparagraph, shopping centers and malls shall be 580 assessed upon the basis of the entire area covered by the same roof or sharing common 581 walls; provided, however, that nothing in this Code section shall apply to single-story 582 583 malls or shopping centers subdivided into areas of less than 25,000 square feet by a 584 wall or walls with a two-hour fire resistance rating and where there are unobstructed exit doors in the front and rear of every such individual occupancy which open directly 585 586 to the outside;
- 587 (I) Child care learning centers, as such term is defined in Code Section 20-1A-2. Fire
 588 safety standards adopted by rules of the Commissioner commissioner pursuant to Code
 589 Section 25-2-4 which are applicable to child care learning centers shall not require
 590 staff-to-child ratios; and
- 591 (J) Personal care homes and assisted living communities required to be licensed as 592 such by the Department of Community Health and having at least seven beds for nonfamily adults, and the Commissioner commissioner shall, pursuant to Code Section 593 594 25-2-4, by rule adopt state minimum fire safety standards for those homes, and any 595 structure constructed as or converted to a personal care home on or after April 15, 1986, shall be deemed to be a proposed building pursuant to subsection (d) of Code Section 596 25-2-14 and that structure may be required to be furnished with a sprinkler system 597 598 meeting the standards established by the Commissioner commissioner if he or she 599 deems this necessary for proper fire safety.
- 600 (2) Any building or structure which is used exclusively for agricultural purposes and
 601 which is located in an unincorporated area shall be exempt from the classification set
 602 forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (3)(A) The provisions of this paragraph relating to landmark museum buildings shall
 apply only to those portions of such buildings which meet all the requirements of a
 landmark museum building, except as otherwise provided in subparagraphs (B) and (C)
 of this paragraph. Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this paragraph shall, unless otherwise

615

616

617

provided in such subparagraphs, preempt all state laws, regulations, or rules governing
reconstruction, alteration, repair, or maintenance of landmark museum buildings. Local
governing authorities may recognize the designation of landmark museum buildings by
ordinance and authorize the local enforcement authority to incorporate the provisions
of subparagraphs (B) and (C) of this paragraph into their local building and fire codes.
Subparagraphs (D) and (E) of this paragraph shall apply to other historic buildings or
structures.

(B) A landmark museum building shall be subject to the following provisions:

(i) Repairs, maintenance, and restoration shall be allowed without conformity to any state building or fire safety related code, standard, rule, or regulation, provided <u>that</u> the building is brought into and remains in full compliance with this paragraph;

(ii) In the case of fire or other casualty to a landmark museum building, it may be
rebuilt, in total or in part, using such techniques and materials as are necessary to
restore it to the condition prior to the fire or casualty and use as a totally preserved
building; or

(iii) If a historic building or structure, as a result of proposed work or changes in use,
would become eligible and would be so certified as a landmark museum building, and
the state historic preservation officer so certifies and such is submitted to the state fire
and building code official with the construction or building permit application, then
the work may proceed under the provisions of this paragraph.

627 (C) All landmark museum buildings shall comply with the following requirements:

(i) Every landmark museum building shall have portable fire extinguishers as deemed
appropriate by the state or local fire authority having jurisdiction based on the
applicable state or local fire safety codes or regulations;

(ii) All landmark museum buildings which contain residential units shall have
electrically powered smoke or products of combustion detectors alarms installed
within each living unit between living and sleeping areas. Such detectors alarms shall
be continuously powered by the building's electrical system. When activated, the
detector alarm shall initiate an alarm a warning sound which is audible in sleeping
rooms of that living unit. These unit detectors alarms shall be required in addition to
any other protective system that may be installed in the building;

(iii) For all landmark museum buildings, except those protected by a total automatic
fire suppression system and one and two family dwellings, approved automatic fire
warning protection shall be provided as follows: install at least one listed smoke or
products of combustion detector for every 1,200 square feet of floor area per floor or
story. In addition, all lobbies, common corridors, hallways, and ways of exit access
shall be provided with listed smoke or products of combustion detectors not more

644than 30 feet apart. Detectors shall be so connected as to sound an alarm audible645throughout the structure or building. With respect to buildings which are totally646protected by an automatic fire suppression system, activation of the sprinkler system647shall sound an alarm throughout the structure or building;

648 (iv) Smoke or products of combustion detectors <u>or, where otherwise specified, smoke</u>
 649 <u>alarms</u> shall be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory;

- (v) All multistory landmark museum buildings, except one and two family dwellings,
 with occupancy above or below the street or grade level shall have manual fire alarm
 pull stations in the natural path of egress. The activation of a manual pull station shall
 cause the building fire warning system to sound;
- 654 (vi) Approved exit signs shall be located where designated by the local or state 655 authority having jurisdiction in accordance with the applicable state or local code, 656 standard, rule, or regulation;
- (vii) Except for one and two family dwellings, every landmark museum building
 occupied after daylight, or which has occupied areas subject to being totally darkened
 during daylight hours due to a power failure or failure of the electrical system, shall
 be equipped with approved emergency lighting meeting the provisions of the
 applicable state or local code, standard, rule, or regulation;
- 662 (viii) Occupant loading of landmark museum buildings or structures shall be limited by either the actual structural floor load capacity or by the limitations of means of 663 664 egress or by a combination of factors. Actual floor load capacity shall be determined 665 by a Georgia registered professional engineer. Said floor load shall be posted at a 666 conspicuous location. The building owner shall submit evidence of this certification and related computations to the enforcement authority having jurisdiction, upon 667 668 request. Where one or more floors of a landmark museum building have only one 669 means of egress, the occupant load shall be computed and occupancy limited as determined by the state or local fire marshal; and 670
- (ix) The electrical, heating, and mechanical systems of landmark museum buildings
 shall be inspected and any conditions that create a threat of fire or a threat to life shall
 be corrected in accordance with applicable standards to the extent deemed necessary
 by the state or local authority having jurisdiction.
- (D) Historic buildings not classified as landmark museum buildings shall meet the
 requirements of applicable state or local building and fire safety laws, ordinances,
 codes, standards, rules, or regulations as they pertain to existing buildings. If a historic
 building or structure is damaged from fire or other casualty, it may be restored to the
 condition prior to the fire or casualty using techniques and methods consistent with its
 original construction, or it shall meet the requirements for new construction of the

applicable state or local codes, standards, rules, or regulations, provided <u>that</u> these
requirements do not significantly compromise the features for which the building was
considered historically significant.

- 684 (E) As to any buildings or structures in the State of Georgia which meet the criteria of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section and thus fall under the jurisdiction 685 686 of the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner and which also have been designated as historically significant by the state historic preservation officer, the appropriate 687 enforcement official, in granting or denying a variance pursuant to subsection (e) of 688 689 Code Section 25-2-12, shall consider the intent of this chapter, with special attention to paragraph (3) of this subsection, Article 3 of Chapter 2 of Title 8, 'The Uniform Act 690 691 for the Application of Building and Fire Related Codes to Existing Buildings,' Article 692 2 of Chapter 10 of Title 44, the 'Georgia Historic Preservation Act,' and the Secretary of Interior's Standards for Preservation Projects. 693
- (4) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as exempting any building, structure,
 facility, or premises from ordinances enacted by any municipal governing authority in
 any incorporated area or any county governing authority in any unincorporated area,
 except to the extent stated in paragraph (3) of this subsection relative to landmark
 museum buildings or historic buildings or structures.
- 699 (c) Every person who owns or controls the use of any building, part of a building, or 700 structure described in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of this Code section, which, because 701 of floor area, height, location, use or intended use as a gathering place for large groups, or 702 use or intended use by or for the aged, the ill, the incompetent, or the imprisoned, 703 constitutes a special hazard to property or to the life and safety of persons on account of 704 fire or panic from fear of fire, must so construct, equip, maintain, and use such building or 705 structure as to afford every reasonable and practical precaution and protection against 706 injury from such hazards. No person who owns or controls the use or occupancy of such 707 a building or structure shall permit the use of the premises so controlled for any such 708 specially hazardous use unless he or she has provided such precautions against damage to 709 property or injury to persons by these hazards as are found and determined by the 710 Commissioner commissioner in the manner described in subsection (d) of this Code section 711 to be reasonable and practical.
- (d) The Commissioner commissioner is directed to investigate and examine construction
 and engineering techniques; properties of construction materials, fixtures, facilities, and
 appliances used in, upon, or in connection with buildings and structures; and fire
 prevention and protective techniques, including, but not limited to, the codes and standards
 adopted, recommended, or issued from time to time by the National Fire Protection
 Association (National Fire Code and National Electric Code), the American Insurance

718 Association (National Building Code), the successor to the National Board of Fire 719 Underwriters, the American Standards Association, and the Standard Building Code 720 Congress (Southern Standard Building Code) International Code Council (the International 721 Building Code, the International Fire Code, the International Mechanical Code, and the 722 International Fuel Gas Code). Based upon such investigation, the Commissioner commissioner is authorized to determine and by rule to provide what reasonable and 723 724 practical protection must be afforded property and persons with respect to: exits; fire walls 725 and internal partitions adequate to resist fire and to retard the spread of fire, smoke, heat, 726 and gases; electrical wiring, electrical appliances, and electrical installations; safety and protective devices, including, but not limited to, fire escapes, fire prevention equipment, 727 728 sprinkler systems, fire extinguishers, panic hardware, fire alarm and detection systems, exit 729 lights, emergency auxiliary lights, and other similar safety devices; flameproofing; motion picture equipment and projection booths; and similar facilities; provided, however, that any 730 731 building described in subparagraph (b)(1)(C) of this Code section shall be required to have a smoke or products of combustion detector or, where otherwise specified, smoke alarm 732 733 listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory; and, regardless of the manufacturer's 734 instructions, such detectors in these buildings shall be located in all interior corridors, halls, 735 and basements no more than 30 feet apart or more than 15 feet from any wall; where there 736 are no interior halls or corridors, the detectors single station smoke alarms shall be installed 737 in each sleeping room. All detection systems permitted after April 1, 1992, shall be 738 powered from the building's electrical system and all detection systems required by this 739 chapter, permitted after April 1, 1992, shall have a one and one-half hour emergency power 740 supply source. Required corridor smoke detector systems shall be electrically 741 interconnected to the fire alarm, if a fire alarm is required. If a fire alarm is not required, 742 the detectors at a minimum shall be approved single station detectors smoke alarms 743 powered from the building electrical service interconnected to each other.

(e) All rules and regulations promulgated before April 1, 1968, by <u>predecessor authority</u>,
the Commissioner commissioner, or the state fire marshal and the minimum fire safety
standards adopted therein shall remain in full force and effect where applicable until such
time as they are amended by the appropriate authority.

- (f) The municipal governing authority in any incorporated area or the county governing
 authority in any unincorporated area of the state shall have the authority to enact such
 ordinances as it deems necessary to perform fire safety inspections and related activities
 for those buildings and structures not covered in this Code section.
- (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law or any local ordinance to the contrary, in
 the event of a conflict between any code or standard of the National Fire Protection
 Association (National Fire Code and National Electric Code) and of the Standard Building

LC 41 1547S

755Code Congress (Southern Standard Building Code) International Code Council (the756International Building Code, the International Fire Code, the International Mechanical757Code, and the International Fuel Gas Code), the code or standard of the National Fire758Protection Association (National Fire Code and National Electric Code) shall prevail. The759order of precedence established by this subsection shall apply to all buildings and structures760whether or not such buildings and structures are covered under this Code section.

761 25-2-14.

Plans and specifications for all proposed buildings which come under 762 (a)(1)classification in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 and which come 763 764 under the jurisdiction of the office of the Commissioner department pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 shall be submitted to and receive approval by either the state fire 765 marshal, the proper local fire marshal, or state inspector before any state, municipal, or 766 767 county building permit may be issued or construction started. All such plans and specifications submitted as required by this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee in 768 769 the amount provided in Code Section 25-2-4.1 and shall bear the seal and Georgia 770 registration number of the drafting architect or engineer or shall otherwise have the 771 approval of the Commissioner commissioner.

- 772 (2)(A) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or 773 designated code official cannot provide plan review within 30 business days of 774 receiving a written application for permitting in accordance with the code official's plan 775 submittal process, then, in lieu of plan review by personnel employed by such 776 governing authority, any person, firm, or corporation engaged in a construction project which requires plan review, regardless if the plan review is required by subsection (a) 777 778 of this Code section or by local county or municipal ordinance, shall have the option 779 of retaining, at its own expense, a private professional provider to provide the required 780 plan review. As used in this paragraph, the term 'private professional provider' means 781 a professional engineer who holds a certificate of registration issued under Chapter 15 782 of Title 43 or a professional architect who holds a certificate of registration issued 783 under Chapter 4 of Title 43, who is not an employee of or otherwise affiliated with or financially interested in the person, firm, or corporation engaged in the construction 784 project to be reviewed. 785
- (B) The state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated
 code official shall advise the permit applicant at the time the complete submittal
 application for a permit in accordance with the code official's plan submittal process is
 received that the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or
 designated code official intends to complete the required plan review within the time

791 prescribed by this paragraph or that the applicant may immediately secure the services 792 of a private professional provider to complete the required plan review pursuant to this 793 subsection. The plan submittal process shall include those procedures and approvals required by the local jurisdiction before plan review can take place. If the state fire 794 795 marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official states its intent to complete the required plan review within the time prescribed by this 796 797 paragraph, the applicant shall not be authorized to use the services of a private 798 professional provider as provided in this subsection. The permit applicant and the state 799 fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official may agree by mutual consent to extend the time period prescribed by this paragraph for 800 801 plan review if the characteristics of the project warrant such an extension. However, if the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 802 official states its intent to complete the required plan review within the time prescribed 803 804 by this paragraph, or any extension thereof mutually agreed to by the applicant and the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 805 official and does not permit the applicant to use the services of a private professional 806 807 provider and the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or 808 designated code official fails to complete such plan review in the time prescribed by 809 this paragraph, or any extension thereof mutually agreed to by the applicant and the 810 state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 811 official, the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or 812 designated code official shall issue the applicant a project initiation permit to allow the 813 applicant to begin work on the project, provided that portion of the initial phase of work 814 is compliant with applicable codes, laws, and rules. If a full permit is not issued for the 815 portion requested for permitting, then the state fire marshal, the proper local fire 816 marshal, state inspector, or designated code official shall have an additional 20 business days to complete the review and issue the full permit. If the plans submitted for 817 818 permitting are denied for any deficiency, the time frames and process for resubmittal 819 shall be governed by divisions (2)(H)(iii) through (2)(H)(v) of this subsection.

(C) Any plan review or inspection conducted by a private professional provider shall
be no less extensive than plan reviews or inspections conducted by state, county, or
municipal personnel responsible for review of plans for compliance with the state's
minimum fire safety standards and, where applicable, the state's minimum accessibility
standards.

(D) The person, firm, or corporation retaining a private professional provider to
conduct a plan review shall be required to pay to the state fire marshal, the proper local
fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official which requires the plan review

LC 41 1547S

the same regulatory fees and charges which would have been required had the plan review been conducted by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official.

831 (E) A private professional provider performing plan reviews under this subsection shall review construction plans to determine compliance with the state's minimum fire safety 832 standards in effect which were adopted pursuant to this chapter and, where applicable, 833 the state's minimum accessibility standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 3 of Title 30. 834 Upon determining that the plans reviewed comply with the applicable codes and 835 standards as adopted, such private professional provider shall prepare an affidavit or 836 affidavits on a form prescribed by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner 837 certifying under oath that the following is true and correct to the best of such private 838 839 professional provider's knowledge and belief and in accordance with the applicable 840 professional standard of care:

- (i) The plans were reviewed by the affiant who is duly authorized to perform plan
 review pursuant to this subsection and who holds the appropriate license or
 certifications and insurance coverage and insurance coverage stipulated in this
 subsection; and
- (ii) The plans comply with the state's minimum fire safety standards in effect which
 were adopted pursuant to this chapter and, where applicable, the state's minimum
 accessibility standards adopted pursuant to Chapter 3 of Title 30.
- 848 (F) All private professional providers providing plan review services pursuant to this 849 subsection shall secure and maintain insurance coverage for professional liability (errors and omissions) insurance. The limits of such insurance shall be not less than \$1 850 million per claim and \$1 million in aggregate coverage. Such insurance may be a 851 852 practice policy or project-specific coverage. If the insurance is a practice policy, it shall 853 contain prior acts coverage for the private professional provider. If the insurance is project-specific, it shall continue in effect for two years following the issuance of the 854 certificate of final completion for the project. The state fire marshal, the proper local 855 856 fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official may establish, for private professional providers working within their respective jurisdictions specified by this 857 chapter, a system of registration listing the private professional providers within their 858 areas of competency and verifying compliance with the insurance requirements of this 859 subsection. 860
- (G) The private professional provider shall be empowered to perform any plan review
 required by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or
 designated code official, regardless if the plan review is required by this subsection or
 by local county or municipal ordinance, provided that the plan review is within the

879

880

881

882

883

884

885

865 scope of such private professional provider's area of expertise and competency. This subsection shall not apply to hospitals, assisted living facilities or communities, 866 867 ambulatory health care centers, nursing homes, jails, penal institutions, airports, buildings or structures that impact national or state homeland security, or any building 868 defined as a high-rise building in the State Minimum Standards Code, provided that 869 870 interior tenant build-out projects within high-rise buildings are not exempt from this subsection, or plans related to Code Section 25-2-16 or 25-2-17 or Chapter 8, 9, or 10 871 of this title. 872

(H)(i) The permit applicant shall submit a copy of the private professional provider's
plan review report to the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state
inspector, or designated code official. Such plan review report shall include at a
minimum all of the following:

877 (I) The affidavit of the private professional provider required pursuant to this878 subsection;

(II) The applicable fees required for permitting;

(III) Other documents deemed necessary due to unusual construction or design, smoke removal systems where applicable with engineering analysis, and additional documentation required where performance based code options are used; and

(IV) Any documents required by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official to determine that the permit applicant has secured all other governmental approvals required by law.

886 (ii) No more than 30 business days after receipt of a permit application and the 887 private professional provider's plan review report required pursuant to this subsection, the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 888 889 official shall issue the requested permit or provide written notice to the permit 890 applicant identifying the specific plan features that do not comply with the applicable 891 codes or standards, as well as the specific reference to the relevant requirements. If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 892 official does not provide a written notice of the plan deficiencies within the prescribed 893 894 30 day period, the permit application shall be deemed approved as a matter of law and 895 the permit shall be issued by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official on the next business day. 896

(iii) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or
designated code official provides a written notice of plan deficiencies to the permit
applicant within the prescribed 30 day period, the 30 day period shall be tolled
pending resolution of the matter. To resolve the plan deficiencies, the permit
applicant may elect to dispute the deficiencies pursuant to this chapter, the

LC 41 1547S

promulgated rules and regulations adopted thereunder, or, where appropriate for
existing buildings, the local governing authority's appeals process or the permit
applicant may submit revisions to correct the deficiencies.

905 (iv) If the permit applicant submits revisions, the state fire marshal, the proper local 906 fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official shall have the remainder of 907 the tolled 30 day period plus an additional five business days to issue the requested permit or to provide a second written notice to the permit applicant stating which of 908 909 the previously identified plan features remain in noncompliance with the applicable codes or standards, with specific reference to the relevant requirements. If the state 910 fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official 911 912 does not provide the second written notice within the prescribed time period, the 913 permit shall be issued by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official on the next business day. 914

915 (v) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official provides a second written notice of plan deficiencies to the 916 917 permit applicant within the prescribed time period, the permit applicant may elect to 918 dispute the deficiencies pursuant to this chapter, the rules and regulations promulgated 919 thereunder, or, where applicable for existing buildings, the local governing authority's 920 appeals process or the permit applicant may submit additional revisions to correct the 921 deficiencies. For all revisions submitted after the first revision, the state fire marshal, 922 the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official shall have an 923 additional five business days to issue the requested permit or to provide a written notice to the permit applicant stating which of the previously identified plan features 924 remain in noncompliance with the applicable codes or standards, with specific 925 926 reference to the relevant requirements.

(I) The state fire marshal may provide for the prequalification of private professional 927 providers who may perform plan reviews pursuant to this subsection by rule or 928 regulation authorized in Code Section 25-2-4. In addition, any local fire marshal, state 929 inspector, or designated code official may provide for the prequalification of private 930 931 professional providers who may perform plan reviews pursuant to this subsection; 932 however, no additional local ordinance implementing prequalification shall become effective until notice of the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code 933 934 official's intent to require prequalification and the specific requirements for 935 prequalification have been advertised in the newspaper in which the sheriff's advertisements for that locality are published. The ordinance implementing 936 937 prequalification shall provide for evaluation of the qualifications of a private 938 professional provider only on the basis of the private professional provider's expertise

with respect to the objectives of this subsection, as demonstrated by the private
professional provider's experience, education, and training. Such ordinance may
require a private professional provider to hold additional certifications, provided that
such certifications are required by ordinance or state law for plan review personnel
currently directly employed by such local governing authority.

(J) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit any public or private right ofaction designed to provide protection, rights, or remedies for consumers.

(K) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated 946 947 code official determines that the building construction or plans do not comply with the applicable codes or standards, the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state 948 949 inspector, or designated code official may deny the permit or request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion, as appropriate, or may issue a stop-work 950 order for the project or any portion thereof as provided by law or rule or regulation, 951 952 after giving notice and opportunity to remedy the violation, if the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official determines that 953 noncompliance exists with state laws, adopted codes or standards, or local ordinances, 954 955 provided that:

(i) The state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated
code official shall be available to meet with the private professional provider within
two business days to resolve any dispute after issuing a stop-work order or providing
notice to the applicant denying a permit or request for a certificate of occupancy or
certificate of completion; and

- 961 (ii) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official and the private professional provider are unable to resolve the 962 963 dispute, the matter shall be referred to the local enforcement agency's board of 964 appeals, except as provided in Code Section 25-2-12 and appeals for those proposed buildings classified under paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 or 965 any existing building under the specific jurisdiction of the state fire marshal's office 966 967 shall be made to the state fire marshal and further appeal shall be under Code Section 25-2-10. 968
- (L) The state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, local government, designated code official enforcement personnel, or agents of the governing authority shall be immune from liability to any person or party for any action or inaction by an owner of a building or by a private professional provider or its duly authorized representative in connection with building plan review services by private professional providers as provided in this subsection.

975 (M) Except as provided in this paragraph, no proper local fire marshal, state inspector,
976 or designated code official shall adopt or enforce any rules, procedures, policies, or
977 standards more stringent than those prescribed in this subsection related to private
978 professional provider services.

(N) Nothing in this subsection shall limit the authority of the state fire marshal, the
proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official to issue a
stop-work order for a building project or any portion of such project, as provided by
law or rule or regulation authorized pursuant to Code Section 25-2-4, after giving notice
and opportunity to remedy the violation, if the official determines that a condition on
the building site constitutes an immediate threat to public safety and welfare.

985 (O) When performing building code plan reviews related to determining compliance with the Georgia State Minimum Standard Codes most recently adopted by the 986 Department of Community Affairs, the state's minimum fire safety standards adopted 987 988 by the safety state fire marshal, or the state's minimum accessibility standards pursuant to Chapter 3 of Title 30, a private professional provider is subject to the disciplinary 989 990 guidelines of the applicable professional licensing board with jurisdiction over such 991 private professional provider's license or certification under Chapters 4 and 15 of 992 Title 43, as applicable. Any complaint processing, investigation, and discipline that 993 arise out of a private professional provider's performance of the adopted building, fire 994 safety, or accessibility codes or standards plan review services shall be conducted by 995 the applicable professional licensing board or as allowed by state rule or regulation. 996 Notwithstanding any disciplinary rules of the applicable professional licensing board 997 with jurisdiction over such private professional provider's license or certification under 998 Chapters 4 and 15 of Title 43, the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state 999 inspector, or designated code official enforcement personnel may decline to accept 1000 building plan reviews submitted by any private professional provider who has 1001 submitted multiple reports which required revisions due to negligence, noncompliance, 1002 or deficiencies.

(b) A complete set of approved plans and specifications shall be maintained on the construction site, and construction shall proceed in compliance with the minimum fire safety standards under which such plans and specifications were approved. The owner of any such building or structure or his <u>or her</u> authorized representative shall notify the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, or state inspector upon completion of approximately 80 percent of the construction thereof and shall apply for a certificate of occupancy when construction of such building or structure is completed.

1010(c) Every building or structure which comes under classification in paragraph (1) of1011subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 and which comes under the jurisdiction of the

LC 41 1547S

1012 office of the Commissioner department pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 shall have a 1013 certificate of occupancy issued by the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, or 1014 the state inspector before such building or structure may be occupied. Such certificates of 1015 occupancy shall be issued for each business establishment within the building, shall carry 1016 a charge in the amount provided in Code Section 25-2-4.1, shall state the occupant load for 1017 such business establishment or building, shall be posted in a prominent location within 1018 such business establishment or building, and shall run for the life of the building, except as provided in subsection (d) of this Code section. 1019

- 1020 (d) For purposes of this chapter, any existing building or structure listed in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 and which comes under the jurisdiction of the 1021 1022 office of the Commissioner department pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 shall be deemed 1023 to be a proposed building in the event such building or structure is subject to substantial 1024 renovation, a fire or other hazard of serious consequence, or a change in the classification 1025 of occupancy. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'substantial renovation' means any 1026 construction project involving exits or internal features of such building or structure costing 1027 more than the building's or structure's assessed value according to county tax records at the 1028 time of such renovation.
- (e) In cases where the governing authority of a municipality which is enforcing the fire
 safety standards pursuant to subsection (a) of Code Section 25-2-12 contracts with the
 office of the Commissioner department for the enforcement of fire safety standards, the
 office of the Commissioner department shall not charge such municipality fees in excess
 of those charged in this Code section.
- 1034 25-2-14.1.
- 1035 (a) Every building and structure existing as of April 1, 1968, which building or structure 1036 is listed in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 shall comply with the 1037 minimum fire safety standards adopted in the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter which were in effect at the time such building or structure was constructed, 1038 1039 except that any nonconformance noted under the electrical standards adopted at the time 1040 such building or structure was constructed shall be corrected in accordance with the current electrical standards adopted pursuant to this chapter. A less restrictive provision contained 1041 in any subsequently adopted minimum fire safety standard may be applied to any existing 1042 1043 building or structure.
- (b) Every proposed building and structure listed in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code
 Section 25-2-13 shall comply with the adopted minimum fire safety standards that were in
 effect on the date that plans and specifications therefor were received by the state fire
 marshal, the proper local fire marshal, or state inspector for review and approval.

LC 41 1547S

18

25-2-14.2.

1048

(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'written notification' means a typed, printed, or
handwritten notice citing the specific sections of the applicable codes or standards that have
been violated and describing specifically where and how the design or construction is
noncompliant with such codes or standards.

1053 (b) If the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated 1054 code official determines that the building construction or plans for any building or structure, which are required under this chapter to meet the state minimum fire safety 1055 1056 standards, do not comply with any such applicable codes or standards, the state fire marshal, the proper local fire marshal, state inspector, or designated code official may deny 1057 a permit or request for a certificate of occupancy or certificate of completion, as 1058 1059 appropriate, or may issue a stop-work order for the project or any portion thereof as 1060 provided by law or rule or regulation, after giving written notification and opportunity to 1061 remedy the violation.

1062 25-2-15.

1063 In existing buildings which come under the classification in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) 1064 of Code Section 25-2-13, when substandard conditions are found, a temporary occupancy 1065 permit may be issued, such permit carrying a time limit adjusted to meet the amount of 1066 time deemed necessary to make the proper corrections in order to bring the building up to 1067 standard. All certificates of occupancy shall be issued against the building and shall not 1068 require renewal because of change of ownership. The same set of fees for certificates of 1069 occupancy as are applicable to proposed buildings covered in Code Section 25-2-14 shall 1070 apply. The Commissioner commissioner and his or her delegated authorities shall 1071 determine the time limit for complying with any of the standards established pursuant to 1072 this chapter.

1073 25-2-16.

(a) Some substances constitute a special hazard to property and to the life and safety of
persons because of certain characteristics and properties incident to their storage, handling,
and transportation. Substances presenting such a special hazard include gasoline, kerosene,
and other flammable liquids; liquefied petroleum gases; welding and other gases;
dry-cleaning fluids; anhydrous ammonia; and other gases, liquids, or solids of a highly
flammable or hazardous nature.

(b) Every person who stores, transports, or handles any of the hazardous substances listed
in subsection (a) of this Code section shall so store, transport, and handle the substances
as to afford every precaution and protection as may be found by the Commissioner

LC 41 1547S

<u>commissioner</u> to be reasonable and practical to avoid injury to persons from exposure, fire,
 or explosion caused by the storage, transportation, or handling of these substances,
 including transportation thereof only in vehicles which are in proper condition for that
 purpose.

1087 (c) The Commissioner commissioner is directed to investigate the nature and properties 1088 of such hazardous substances and the known precautionary and protective techniques for their storage, transportation, and handling, including, but not limited to, the codes and 1089 standards adopted, recommended, or issued by the National Fire Protection Association and 1090 1091 the Agricultural Nitrogen Institute. Based upon the investigation, the Commissioner 1092 commissioner is authorized to determine and by rule to provide what precautionary and 1093 protective techniques are reasonable and practical measures for the prevention of injury to 1094 persons and property from the storage, transportation, and handling of such highly flammable or hazardous substances. Such authorization shall include the power to provide, 1095 1096 by rule, the minimum standards that a vehicle shall meet before it is considered to be in 1097 proper condition to transport the material. No person shall transport any such material or substance in bulk unless the vehicle in which it is transported is in the proper condition, as 1098 1099 provided by such rules, to transport the material with reasonable safety.

- 1100 (d)(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
- (A) 'Automatic-closing device' means a gasoline or diesel fuel pump nozzle which
 contains a valve which automatically shuts off the flow of gasoline or diesel fuel
 through the nozzle when the level of gasoline in a motor vehicle fuel tank reaches a
 certain level.
- (B) 'Hold-open latch' means a device which attaches to a gasoline or diesel fuel pumpnozzle, which device mechanically holds the nozzle and valve in an open position.
- 1107 (C) 'Self-service station' means any place of business which sells gasoline or diesel fuel
 1108 at retail and which allows customers to dispense the fuel.
- (2) No self-service station shall be prohibited from installing and no customer at such
 station shall be prohibited from using hold-open latches on gasoline or diesel fuel pumps
 available for operation by the customer. However, if hold-open latches are used on
 pumps operated by the customer, such pumps shall be equipped with a functioning
 automatic-closing device.
- (e) Plans and specifications for all proposed bulk storage facilities which come under
 classification in subsection (a) of this Code section shall be submitted to and receive
 approval by the state fire marshal and the proper local fire marshal before construction is
 started. All such plans and specifications submitted as required by this subsection shall be
 accompanied by a \$100.00 fee for screening and shall bear the seal and Georgia registration

1119 number of the drafting architect or engineer or shall otherwise have the approval of the
 1120 Commissioner commissioner.

1121 25-2-17.

(a) As used in this Code section, the term 'explosive' or 'explosives' means any chemical 1122 1123 compound or mechanical mixture which is commonly used or intended for the purpose of 1124 producing an explosion, which compound or mixture contains any oxidizing and 1125 combustible units or other ingredients in such proportions, quantities, or packing that an 1126 ignition by fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by detonator of any part of the compound or mixture may cause such a sudden generation of highly heated gases that 1127 the resultant gaseous pressures are capable of producing destructive effects on contiguous 1128 objects or of destroying life or limb. Explosives constitute a special hazard to life and 1129 safety of persons because of the danger incident to their manufacture, transportation, use, 1130 1131 sale, and storage.

(b) Every person who manufactures, transports, uses, sells, or stores explosives shall so manufacture, transport, use, sell, and store them as to afford every precaution and protection against injury to persons as the <u>Commissioner commissioner</u> may determine and by rule declare to be reasonable and practical; provided, however, that nothing contained in this Code section shall be construed to extend to storage, use, or sale of small arms ammunition.

1138 (c) The Commissioner commissioner is directed to investigate and examine the nature and 1139 properties of various explosives and known safety and protective techniques, including the 1140 safety standards, recommendations, and codes of the National Fire Protection Association (Explosives Ordinance, National Fire Code), and the American Insurance Association, the 1141 1142 successor to the National Board of Fire Underwriters. Based upon the investigation, the 1143 Commissioner commissioner is authorized to determine and by rule to provide what reasonable and practical protection must be afforded persons with respect to the 1144 manufacture, transportation, use, sale, and storage of explosives. 1145

1146 (d) No person shall manufacture, transport, use, sell, or store explosives without having first obtained a license therefor issued by the Commissioner commissioner in accordance 1147 with reasonable rules established by him. The Commissioner commissioner is authorized 1148 1149 to make reasonable rules providing for the issuance of such licenses on an annual basis to 1150 those applicants who have observed and may be expected to observe safety rules lawfully 1151 made under this Code section. Graded fees for such licenses shall be as provided in Code 1152 Section 25-2-4.1. The permits for the use only of explosives may be issued by judges of 1153 the probate courts or other local elected officials whom the Commissioner commissioner

- 1154may designate. Fees for such permits to use explosives shall be \$2.00 for each permit1155issued, which fee shall be retained by the issuing local official.1156(e) Every person licensed under this Code section who suffers a larceny or attempted1157larceny of primer cord, blasting agents, powders, and dynamite shall make a report thereof1158to local law enforcement agencies and to the state fire marshal, in accordance with rules1159made by the Commissioner commissioner. The Commissioner is authorized
- to make such rules.

1161 25-2-18.

- All federal, state, county, or city publicly owned buildings covered by this chapter are exempt from any fee or license which may be specified in this chapter. Such fees or licenses may be waived where chargeable to churches and charitable organizations.
- 1165 25-2-19.

1166 The Commissioner commissioner shall promulgate reasonable rules and regulations 1167 governing and regulating fire hazards in hotels, apartment houses, department stores, 1168 warehouses, storage places, and places of public assembly.

1169 25-2-20.

All traveling motion picture shows, carnivals, and circuses shall obtain a fire prevention regulatory license from the state fire marshal based upon compliance with this chapter, as set forth in rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner. The fee for the license shall be \$150.00 for each calendar year or part thereof, payable to the state fire marshal, who shall pay the same into the state treasury.

- 1175 25-2-21.
- 1176 Reserved.
- 1177 25-2-22.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner and the various officials delegated by him or her to
carry out this chapter shall have the authority at all times of the day and night to enter in
or upon and to examine any building or premises where a fire is in progress or has
occurred, as well as other buildings or premises adjacent to or near the same. The
Commissioner commissioner and his or her delegated authorities shall have the right to
enter in and upon all buildings and premises subject to this chapter, at any reasonable time,
for the purpose of examination or inspection.

LC 41 1547S

(b) Upon complaint submitted in writing, the Commissioner commissioner and the various
officials to whom enforcement authority is delegated under this chapter may enter in or
upon any building or premises between the hours of sunrise and sunset for the purpose of
investigating the complaint. Upon the complaint of any person, the state fire marshal or
his or her deputized officials may inspect or cause to be inspected all buildings and
premises within their jurisdiction whenever he or they the state fire marshal or his or her
deputized officials deem it necessary.

1192 25-2-22.1.

1193 (a) The Commissioner commissioner, his or her delegate, or any other person authorized 1194 under this title to conduct inspections of property, in addition to other procedures now or 1195 hereafter provided, may obtain an inspection warrant under the conditions specified in this 1196 Code section. Such warrant shall authorize the Commissioner commissioner or his or her 1197 delegate or such authorized person to conduct a search or inspection of property either with 1198 or without the consent of the person whose property is to be searched or inspected if such 1199 search or inspection is one that is elsewhere authorized under this title or the rules and regulations duly promulgated hereunder. 1200

- 1201 (b) Inspection warrants may be issued by any judge of the superior, state, municipal, or 1202 magistrate court upon proper oath or affirmation showing probable cause for the purpose 1203 of conducting inspections authorized by this title or rules promulgated under this title and 1204 for the seizure of property or the taking of samples appropriate to the inspection. For the 1205 purposes of issuance of inspection warrants, probable cause exists upon showing a valid 1206 public interest in the effective enforcement of this title or rules promulgated under this title 1207 sufficient to justify inspection of the area, premise, building, or conveyance in the 1208 circumstances specified in the application for the warrant.
- (c) A warrant shall be issued only upon affidavit of the Commissioner commissioner or
 his or her designee or any person authorized to conduct inspections pursuant to this title,
 sworn to before the judicial officer and establishing the grounds for issuing the warrant.
 The issuing judge may issue the warrant when he or she is satisfied that the following
 conditions are met:
- (1) The one seeking the warrant must establish under oath or affirmation that the
 property to be inspected is to be inspected as a part of a legally authorized program of
 inspection which includes that property or that there is probable cause for believing that
 there is a condition, object, activity, or circumstance which legally justifies such an
 inspection of that property; and
- 1219 (2) The issuing judge determines that the issuance of the warrant is authorized by this1220 Code section.

- 1221 (d) The warrant shall:
- 1222 (1) State the grounds for its issuance and the name of each person whose affidavit has1223 been taken in support thereof;
- 1224 (2) Be directed to persons authorized by this title to conduct inspections to execute it;
- (3) Command the persons to whom it is directed to inspect the area, premise, building,
 or conveyance identified for the purpose specified and, if appropriate, direct the seizure
 of the property specified;
- 1228 (4) Identify the item or types of property to be seized, if any; and
- 1229 (5) Designate the judicial officer to whom it shall be returned.
- 1230 (e) A warrant issued pursuant to this Code section must be executed and returned within ten days of its date of issuance unless, upon a showing of a need for additional time, the 1231 1232 court orders otherwise. If property is seized pursuant to a warrant, a copy shall be provided upon request to the person from whom or from whose premises the property is taken, 1233 together with a receipt for the property taken. The return of the warrant shall be made 1234 1235 promptly, accompanied by a written inventory of any property taken. A copy of the 1236 inventory shall be delivered upon request to the person from whom or from whose 1237 premises the property was taken and to the applicant for the warrant.
- (f) The judicial officer who has issued a warrant shall attach thereto a copy of the return
 and all papers returnable in connection therewith and file them with the clerk of the
 superior court for the county in which the inspection was made.
- 1241 25-2-23.
- 1242 When any of the officers listed the commissioner or his or her delegated authorities as provided for in Code Section 25-2-22 finds any building or other structure which, for want 1243 1244 of repair or by reason of age or dilapidated condition or any other cause is especially liable 1245 to fire hazard or which is so situated as to endanger other property or the safety of the 1246 public, or when, in or around any building, such officer the commissioner or his or her delegated authorities finds combustible or explosive matter, inflammables, or other 1247 conditions dangerous to the safety of the building, notice may be given to the owner or 1248 agent and occupant of the building to correct such unsafe conditions as may be found. 1249
- 1250 25-2-24.
- 1251If any owner, agent, or occupant fails to comply with the notice prescribed in Code1252Section 25-2-23 within the time specified in the notice, the state fire marshal or his or her1253delegated officials, with the approval of the Commissioner commissioner, may petition the1254court for a rule nisi to show cause why an order should not be issued by the court that the1255same be removed or remedied. Such court order shall forthwith be complied with by the

owner or occupant of the premises or building within such time as may be fixed in the courtorder.

1258 25-2-25.

If any person fails to comply with the order of the court made pursuant to Code 1259 1260 Section 25-2-24 within the time fixed, the city or county in which the building or premises in question are located shall cause the building or premises to be forthwith repaired, torn 1261 down, or demolished, the hazardous materials removed, or the dangerous conditions 1262 1263 remedied, as the case may be, at the expense of the city or county in which the property is situated. If the owner thereof, within 30 days after notice in writing of the amount of such 1264 expense, fails, neglects, or refuses to repay the city or county the expense thereby incurred, 1265 1266 the local authorities shall issue a fi. fa. against the owner of the property for the expense 1267 actually incurred.

1268 25-2-26.

Code Sections 25-2-22 through 25-2-25 shall be construed so that the final authority for ordering the carrying out and enforcement of such Code sections shall be by order of the court and not by the Commissioner commissioner or his or her delegated authority authorities.

1273 25-2-27.

1274 The state fire marshal or his or her deputy, when in his or her opinion such proceedings are necessary, shall take the testimony on oath of all persons believed to be cognizant of or to 1275 1276 have information or knowledge in relation to suspected arson and shall cause the testimony 1277 to be reduced to writing. If he or she is of the opinion that there is evidence sufficient to 1278 charge any person with the crime of arson, he or she shall cause such person to be arrested 1279 in accordance with the law. He or she shall also furnish the district attorney of the circuit 1280 in which the fire occurred with all the information obtained by him or her in his or her 1281 investigation. The district attorney shall thereupon proceed according to law.

1282 25-2-28.

(a) The state fire marshal or the deputy state fire marshal shall have the power to summon
and compel the attendance of witnesses before either or both of them, in any county in
which the witness resides, to testify in relation to any matter which is designated by Code
Section 25-2-27 as a subject of inquiry and to issue subpoenas to compel the production
of all books, records, documents, and papers pertaining to such subject of inquiry. The
state fire marshal and deputy state fire marshal may also administer oaths and affirmations

- to persons appearing as witnesses before them. Any person summoned shall have the right
 of counsel at the hearing if he <u>or she</u> desires.
 (b) Should any person fail to comply with this Code section, the state fire marshal or his
 <u>or her</u> agent is authorized to procure an order from the superior court of the county in
 which the proposed witness resides, requiring compliance under the law.
- 1294 25-2-29.
- All hearings held by or under the direction of the Commissioner commissioner shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' and the Commissioner commissioner may also satisfy the procedure for conduct of hearings on contested cases and rule making required under said chapter by following and complying with Chapter 2 of Title 33.
- 1300 25-2-30.
- 1301It shall be the duty of the state fire marshal to contact individuals, associations, and state1302agencies, both within and outside this state, which have a direct interest in the1303fundamentals of fire prevention and life safety, for the purpose of promoting the objectives1304of this chapter.
- 1305 25-2-31.

(a) The state fire marshal may promote any plan or program which tends to disseminate
information on fire prevention and similar projects and may aid any association or group
of individuals which is primarily organized along such lines.

- (b) It shall be the duty of the state fire marshal to carry on a state-wide program of fire
 prevention education in the schools of this state and to establish fire drills therein. All local
 school authorities are required to cooperate with the state fire marshal in carrying out
 programs designed to protect the lives of school children from fire and related hazards.
- 1313 25-2-32.
- 1314(a) It shall be the duty of the state fire marshal to keep an up-to-date record of all fire1315losses, together with statistical data concerning the same. The various fire insurance1316companies doing business in this state shall submit to the Commissioner commissioner,1317quarterly, a report stating all the losses sustained by them, together with such pertinent data1318as may be required by the Commissioner commissioner.
- (b) Effective January 1, 1993, all incidents of fires, whether accidental or incendiary, shall
 be reported to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner department. Every fire department
 agency provided for in Chapter 3 of this title shall submit incident data either via a uniform

electronic reporting method or on a uniform reporting form prescribed by the
 Commissioner commissioner and at intervals established by the Commissioner
 commissioner.

1325 25-2-32.1.

1326 Every case of a burn injury or wound where the victim sustained second-degree or 1327 third-degree burns to 5 percent or more of the body or any burns to the upper respiratory tract or laryngeal edema due to the inhalation of superheated air, and every case of a burn 1328 1329 injury or wound which is likely to or may result in death, shall be reported at once to the 1330 Safety Fire Division of the office of the Commissioner of Insurance Department of Fire Safety. The Safety Fire Division commissioner shall accept the report and notify the 1331 1332 proper investigatory agency as may be appropriate. A written report shall be provided to the Safety Fire Division commissioner within 72 hours. The report shall be made by the 1333 physician attending or treating the case or by the manager, superintendent, or other person 1334 1335 in charge whenever such case is treated in a hospital sanitarium, institution, or other 1336 medical facility.

1337 25-2-32.2.

1338 Every county or municipal governing authority or any two or more governing authorities 1339 or the Safety Fire Division department are authorized and empowered to take such action 1340 as may be required to formulate task forces, teams, or fire or police investigative units to 1341 investigate any case of a burn injury or wound sustained as reported pursuant to Code 1342 Section 25-2-32.1, to ascertain the cause of fires or explosions of suspicious origin within the county or municipalities, to pursue necessary investigation thereof, and to assist in the 1343 1344 preparation and prosecution of cases stemming from any alleged criminal activity attendant 1345 to such fires or explosions.

1346 25-2-33.

(a) The state fire marshal, any deputy designated by the state fire marshal, the director of
the Georgia Bureau of Investigation or the chief of a fire department of any municipal
corporation or county where a fire department is established may request any insurance
company investigating a fire loss of real or personal property to release any information in
its possession relative to that loss. The company shall release the information to and
cooperate with any official authorized to request such information pursuant to this Code
section. The information to be released shall include, but is not limited to:

(1) Any insurance policy relevant to the fire loss under investigation and any applicationfor such a policy;

- (2) Policy premium payment records on the policy, to the extent available;
- (3) Any history of previous claims made by the insured for fire loss with the reportingcarrier; and
- (4) Material relating to the investigation of the loss, including statements of any person,proof of loss, and any other relevant evidence.
- 1361 (b) If an insurance company has reason to suspect that a fire loss to its insured's real or 1362 personal property was caused by incendiary means, the company shall notify the state fire marshal and furnish him or her with all relevant material acquired by the company during 1363 1364 its investigation of the fire loss. The insurer shall also cooperate with and take such action 1365 as may be requested of it by the state fire marshal's office department or by any law enforcement agency of competent jurisdiction. The company shall also permit any person 1366 1367 to inspect its records pertaining to the policy and to the loss if the person is authorized to do so by law or by an appropriate order of a superior court of competent jurisdiction. 1368
- (c) In the absence of fraud or malice, no insurance company or person who furnishes
 information on its behalf shall be liable for damages in a civil action or subject to criminal
 prosecution for any oral or written statement made or any other action taken which is
 necessary to supply information required pursuant to this Code section.
- 1373 (d) The officials and departmental and agency personnel receiving any information 1374 furnished pursuant to this Code section shall hold the information in confidence until such 1375 time as its release is required pursuant to a criminal or civil proceeding, provided that 1376 nothing contained in this Code section shall be deemed to prohibit representatives of the 1377 state fire marshal's office or other authorized law enforcement officials from discussing 1378 such matters with other agency or departmental personnel or with other law enforcement 1379 officials or from releasing or disclosing any such information during the conduct of their 1380 investigation, if the release or disclosure is necessary to enable them to conduct their 1381 investigation in an orderly and efficient manner; provided, further, that nothing contained 1382 in this Code section shall prohibit an insurance company which furnishes information to an authorized agency or agencies pursuant to this Code section from having the right to 1383 1384 request relevant information and receive, within a reasonable time not to exceed 30 days, 1385 the information requested.
- (e) Any official referred to in subsection (a) of this Code section may be required to testify
 as to any information in his <u>or her</u> possession regarding the fire loss of real or personal
 property in any civil action against an insurance company for the fire loss in which any
 person seeks recovery under a policy.
- (f)(1) No person shall purposely refuse to release any information requested pursuant tosubsection (a) of this Code section.

- (2) No person shall purposely refuse to notify the state fire marshal of a fire loss required
 to be reported pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section.
- (3) No person shall purposely refuse to supply the state fire marshal with pertinentinformation required to be furnished pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section.
- (4) No person shall purposely fail to hold in confidence information required to be heldin confidence by subsection (d) of this Code section.
- 1398 (g) Any person willfully violating this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 1399 25-2-33.1.

1400 (a) The fire department agency provided for in Chapter 3 of this title of each county and 1401 municipality and any such other organized fire department agency operating within this 1402 state shall report every incident or suspected incident of arson to the local law enforcement agency, the state fire marshal, and every insurance company with a known pecuniary 1403 1404 interest in the cause of the fire in which arson is involved or suspected to be involved. In 1405 any local jurisdiction where an organized fire department agency provided for in Chapter 3 of this title is not operating, the local law enforcement agency investigating a fire shall 1406 1407 make the reports required by this Code section. Such reports shall be made on forms 1408 provided for that purpose by the state fire marshal.

- (b) Any insurance company which has received a report of an incident or suspected
 incident of arson under subsection (a) of this Code section shall not pay any claim relating
 thereto prior to notifying in writing the state fire marshal and local fire department of the
 date the claim is to be paid.
- 1413 25-2-34.

1414The Department of Public Safety, the Georgia State Patrol, and the Georgia Bureau of1415Investigation shall cooperate with the Commissioner commissioner and his or her deputies1416and inspectors whenever called upon by him or her or them in enforcing this chapter. They1417shall make available to the Commissioner commissioner or his or her deputies and1418inspectors such facilities as lie detectors, broadcasting facilities, and other aid and devices1419as requested.

- 1420 25-2-35.
- 1421 The Commissioner commissioner is authorized to pay sheriffs and other peace officers 1422 reasonable fees for assistance given in assembling evidence as to the causes or criminal 1423 origin of fires and in apprehending persons guilty of arson.

1424 25-2-36.

In addition to the civil monetary penalty provided for in Code Section 25-2-37, the 1425 1426 Commissioner commissioner may bring a civil action to enjoin a violation of any provision 1427 of this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order issued by the Commissioner commissioner 1428 under this chapter. In particular, but not by way of limitation upon the authority granted 1429 in this Code section, the Commissioner commissioner may bring an action to enjoin any 1430 construction found to be in contravention of Code Section 25-2-13 or 25-2-14 or to obtain 1431 an order of court directing the immediate evacuation and the secure closure of any structure 1432 which, by reason of violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule, regulation, or 1433 order issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter, is found to pose an immediate threat to the property, health, or lives of the occupants of the structure. In order 1434 1435 to avail himself or herself of the remedies provided for in this Code section, it shall not be 1436 necessary for the Commissioner commissioner to allege or to prove the absence of an 1437 adequate remedy at law.

1438 25-2-37.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to lock an exit door whether or not it is a required
 exit unless such provisions are allowed by this chapter or by any rule, regulation, or order
 issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to begin construction on any proposed building or
 structure which comes under the classification in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code
 Section 25-2-13 and which comes under the jurisdiction of the office of the Commissioner
 of Insurance department pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 without first having plans
 approved in accordance with Code Section 25-2-14.
- (c) Any person who violates this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order issued by the
 Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty imposed
 by the Commissioner commissioner in accordance with the rules and regulations
 promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner.
- 1451(d) Any person who violates this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order issued by the1452Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall be subject to a civil penalty not to1453exceed \$1,000.00 for each day that the violation persists after such person is notified of the1454Commissioner's commissioner's intent to impose such penalty and of the right to a hearing1455with respect to same.
- (e) Any person violating subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this Code section shall be subject to
 a fine of not more than \$1,000.00 for a first offense, not less than \$1,000.00 and not more
 than \$2,000.00 for a second offense, and not less than \$2,000.00 and not more than
 \$5,000.00 for a third or subsequent offense.

- 1460 25-2-38.
- 1461 Any person, firm, or corporation violating this chapter or failing or refusing to comply with 1462 any regulation promulgated under this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 1463 25-2-38.1.

(a) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign
immunity of the state, or any officer or employee thereof, in carrying out the provisions of
this chapter. No action shall be maintained against the state, or any municipality, or
county, or any officer, elected officer, or employees thereof, for damages sustained as a
result of any fire or related hazard covered in this chapter by reason of any inspection or
other action taken or not taken pursuant to this chapter.

- (b) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to relieve any property owner or lessee
 thereof from any legal duty, obligation, or liability incident to the ownership, maintenance,
 or use of such property.
- 1473 25-2-39.

1474 It is declared that this chapter is necessary for the public safety, health, peace, and welfare,1475 is remedial in nature, and shall be construed liberally.

1476 25-2-40.

(a)(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (f) of this Code section, on and after
July 1, 1987, every new dwelling and every new dwelling unit within an apartment,
house, condominium, and townhouse and every motel, hotel, and dormitory shall be
provided with an approved listed smoke detector alarm installed in accordance with the
manufacturer's recommendations and listing.

- (2) On and after July 1, 1994, every dwelling and every dwelling unit within an
 apartment, house, condominium, and townhouse and every motel, hotel, and dormitory
 which was constructed prior to July 1, 1987, shall have installed an approved battery
 operated smoke detector alarm which shall be maintained in good working order unless
 any such building is otherwise required to have a smoke detector system pursuant to Code
 Section 25-2-13.
- (3) On and after July 1, 2001, every patient sleeping room of every nursing home shall
 be provided with no less than an approved listed battery operated single station smoke
 detector <u>alarm</u> installed in accordance with their listing. Such detectors <u>alarms</u> shall be
 maintained in good working order by the operator of such nursing home. This paragraph
 shall not apply to nursing homes equipped with automatic sprinkler systems.

1493 (b) In dwellings, dwelling units, and other facilities listed in subsection (a) of this Code section, a smoke detector alarm shall be mounted on the ceiling or wall at a point centrally 1494 1495 located in the corridor or area giving access to each group of rooms used for sleeping 1496 purposes. Where the dwelling or dwelling unit contains more than one story, detectors 1497 alarms are required on each story including cellars and basements, but not including 1498 uninhabitable attics; provided, however, that hotels and motels which are protected 1499 throughout by an approved supervised automatic sprinkler system installed in accordance 1500 with the rules and regulations of the Commissioner commissioner shall be exempt from the 1501 requirement to install smoke detectors alarms in interior corridors but shall be subject to all other applicable requirements imposed under Code Section 25-2-13. 1502

(c) In dwellings, dwelling units, and other facilities listed in paragraph (1) of subsection
(a) of this Code section with split levels, a smoke detector alarm need be installed only on
the upper level, provided that the lower level is less than one full story below the upper
level, except that if there is a door between levels then a detector an alarm is required on
each level. Such detectors alarms shall be connected to a sounding device or other detector
to provide an alarm which will be audible in the sleeping areas.

(d) Detectors <u>Alarms</u> shall be listed and meet the installation requirements of NFPA 72.
 In addition, a one and one-half hour emergency power supply source is required on all
 detection <u>alarm</u> systems required by this chapter and permitted after April 1, 1992, except
 where battery operated smoke <u>detectors alarms</u> are allowed.

(e) Any complete automatic fire alarm system using automatic smoke detectors shall beinstalled in accordance with NFPA 72.

- 1515 (f)(1) The provisions of this Code section may be enforced by local building and fire code officials in the case of residential buildings which are not covered by Code Section 1516 1517 25-2-13; provided, however, that this Code section shall not establish a special duty on 1518 said officials to inspect such residential facilities for compliance with this Code section; 1519 and provided, further, that inspections shall not be conducted for the purpose of determining compliance with this Code section absent reasonable cause to suspect other 1520 1521 building or fire code violations. The jurisdiction enforcing this Code section shall retain any fines collected pursuant to this subsection. 1522
- (2) Any occupant who fails to maintain a smoke detector <u>alarm</u> in a dwelling, dwelling
 unit, or other facility, other than a nursing home, listed in subsection (a) of this Code
 section in good working order as required in this Code section shall be subject to a
 maximum fine of \$25.00, provided that a warning shall be issued for a first violation.
- (3) Any operator of a nursing home who fails to install and maintain the smoke detectors
 alarms required under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be
 sanctioned in accordance with Code Section 31-2-8.

LC 41 1547S

(g) Failure to maintain a smoke detector <u>alarm</u> in good working order in a dwelling,
dwelling unit, or other facility listed in subsection (a) of this Code section in violation of
this Code section shall not be considered evidence of negligence, shall not be considered
by the court on any question of liability of any person, corporation, or insurer, shall not be
any basis for cancellation of coverage or increase in insurance rates, and shall not diminish
any recovery for damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or occupancy of such
dwelling, dwelling unit, or other facility listed in subsection (a) of this Code section.

(h) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner is authorized and encouraged to inform
the public through public service announcements of the availability of a limited number of
battery operated smoke detectors alarms which may be obtained by persons in need without
charge from the office of Safety Fire Commissioner the commissioner or local fire
departments.

<u>1542</u> <u>25-2-41.</u>

1543The board, department, and commissioner shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies,1544procedures, and pending and finalized administrative orders of the Safety Fire Division of1545the office of the Commissioner of Insurance applicable to the duties of the commissioner1546and the Department of Fire Safety which are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules,1547regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall remain in effect until amended, repealed,1548superseded, or nullified by the board.

<u>1549</u> <u>25-2-42.</u>

1550All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar authorizations1551previously issued by the Commissioner of Insurance, the state fire marshal, or any division,1552department, or agency with respect to any function transferred to the commissioner and the1553department as provided in this chapter shall continue in effect until the same expire by their1554terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as provided by1555law.

1556 <u>25-2-43.</u>

1557Effective July 1, 2019, the department shall carry out all of the functions and obligations1558and exercise all of the powers provided in this chapter which were formerly held by the1559Safety Fire Division of the office of the Commissioner of Insurance. All persons employed1560by and positions authorized for the Department of Insurance relating to functions provided1561for in this chapter previously performed by the Safety Fire Division shall, on July 1, 2019,1562be transferred to the department specifically those persons employed in the hazardous1563materials program, the manufactured housing program, and the arson investigation program

1564	who are funded through the fire administration program budget of the Safety Fire Division
1565	of the office of the Commissioner of Insurance. All office equipment, furniture, and other
1566	assets and real property in possession of the Department of Insurance which are used or
1567	held exclusively or principally by personnel transferred under this chapter shall be
1568	transferred to the department on July 1, 2019."
1569	SECTION 3-2.
1570	Said title is further amended by revising Article 2 of Chapter 3, relating to minimum
1571	requirements for local fire departments generally, as follows:
1572	"ARTICLE 2
1573	25-3-20.
1574	It is the intention of the General Assembly of Georgia to establish minimum requirements
1575	for all fire departments operating in this state. The General Assembly recognizes that fire
1576	departments operating in this state cannot function effectively and efficiently as full-time
1577	fire departments without meeting or exceeding the minimum requirements established by
1578	this article.
1579	25-3-21.
1580	As used in this article, the term:
1581	(1) 'Executive director' means the executive director of the Georgia Firefighter Standards
1582	and Training Council 'Commissioner' means the commissioner of fire safety.
1583	(2)(A) 'Fire department' means any fire department which is authorized to exercise the
1584	general and emergency powers enumerated in Code Sections 25-3-1 and 25-3-2.
1585	(B) 'Fire department' also means any department, agency, organization, or company
1586	operating in this state with the intent and purpose of carrying out the duties, functions,
1587	powers, and responsibilities normally associated with a fire department. These duties,
1588	functions, powers, and responsibilities include but are not limited to the protection of
1589	life and property against fire, explosions, or other hazards.
1590	(3) 'Firefighter' means any able-bodied person at least 18 years of age who has been duly
1591	appointed by a legally constituted fire department and who has the responsibility of
1592	preventing and suppressing fires, protecting life and property, and performing other
1593	duties enumerated in Code Sections 25-3-1 and 25-3-2 shall have the same meaning as
1594	provided for in Code Section 25-4-2.

25-3-22.

1595

In order for a fire department to be legally organized to operate in the State of Georgia, the 1596 1597 chief administrative officer of the fire department shall notify and submit all required 1598 documentation to the executive director commissioner that demonstrates that the organization meets the minimum requirements specified in Code Section 25-3-23 and the 1599 1600 rules and regulations of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council 1601 Department of Fire Safety to function as a fire department. If the executive director 1602 commissioner is satisfied that the fire department meets the minimum requirements 1603 contained in Code Section 25-3-23 and the rules and regulations of the Georgia Firefighter 1604 Standards and Training Council, he or she shall recommend to the Georgia Firefighter 1605 Standards and Training Council that a Department of Fire Safety, then a certificate of 1606 compliance shall be issued by the council Department of Fire Safety to the fire department. 1607 If the council Department of Fire Safety issues such certificate of compliance, the fire department shall be authorized to exercise the general and emergency powers set forth in 1608 1609 Code Sections 25-3-1 and 25-3-2.

1610 25-3-23.

1611 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, in order to be1612 legally organized:

1613 (1) A fire department shall comply with the following requirements:

(A) Be established to provide fire and other emergency and nonemergency services in
 accordance with standards specified solely by the Georgia Firefighter Standards and
 Training Council Department of Fire Safety and the applicable local government;

- 1617 (B) Be capable of providing fire protection 24 hours a day, 365 days per year;
- 1618 (C) Be responsible for a defined area of operations depicted on a map located at the fire 1619 station, which area of operations shall have been approved and designated by the 1620 governing authority of the applicable county, municipality, or other political 1621 subdivision in the case of any county, municipal, or volunteer fire department; and
- (D) Be staffed with a sufficient number of full-time, part-time, or volunteer firefighters
 who have successfully completed basic firefighter training as specified by the Georgia
 Firefighter Standards and Training Council Department of Fire Safety; and
- 1625 (2) A fire department shall possess the following items of approved equipment and1626 protective clothing:
- 1627 (A) A minimum of one fully equipped, operable pumper with a capacity of at least 750
 1628 GPM at 150 PSI and a tank capacity of a minimum of 250 gallons; provided, however,
 1629 that previously approved fire apparatus which does not meet such minimum standards

- 1630may be used in lieu of the minimum required pumper until replaced by the local1631authority;
- (B) A minimum of equipment, appliances, adapters, and accessories necessary to
 perform and carry out the duties and responsibilities of a fire department set forth in
 Code Sections 25-3-1 and 25-3-2 as approved required by the Georgia Firefighter
 Standards and Training Council Department of Fire Safety;
- 1636 (C) A minimum of two approved self-contained breathing apparatus for each pumping
 1637 apparatus as approved required by the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training
 1638 Council Department of Fire Safety; and
- 1639 (D) A minimum issue of sufficient personal protective clothing to permit each member1640 to perform safely the duties of a firefighter.
- (b)(1) A legally organized fire department shall provide and maintain sufficient
 insurance coverage on each member of the fire department to pay claims for injuries
 sustained en route to, during, and returning from fire calls or other emergencies and
 disasters and scheduled training sessions.
- 1645 (2)(A) As used in this paragraph, the term:
- 1646(i) 'Cancer' means bladder, blood, brain, breast, cervical, esophageal, intestinal,1647kidney, lymphatic, lung, prostate, rectum, respiratory tract, skin, testicular, and1648thyroid cancer; leukemia; multiple myeloma; or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.
- 1649 (ii) 'Firefighter' means a firefighter as defined in Code Section 25-4-2.
- 1650 (iii) 'Volunteer' means a volunteer as defined in Code Section 25-4-2.
- (B) On and after January 1, 2018, a legally organized fire department shall provide and
 maintain sufficient insurance coverage on each member of the fire department who is
 a firefighter to pay claims for cancer diagnosed after having served 12 consecutive
 months as a firefighter with such fire department. Such insurance benefits shall include
 at minimum the following:
- 1656(i)(I) A lump sum benefit of \$25,000.00 subject to limitations specified in the1657insurance contract and based on severity of cancer and payable to such firefighter1658upon submission to the insurance carrier or other payor of acceptable proof of1659diagnosis by a physician board certified in the medical specialty appropriate for the1660type of cancer involved that there are one or more malignant tumors characterized1661by the uncontrollable and abnormal growth and spread of malignant cells with1662invasion of normal tissue and that:
- 1663

1664

(b) There is metastasis; or

(a) Surgery, radiotherapy, or chemotherapy is medically necessary;

1665

1666

1667

1677

LC 41 1547S

- (c) The firefighter has terminal cancer, is expected to die within 24 months or less from the date of diagnosis, and will not benefit from, or has exhausted, curative therapy; or
- 1668(II) A lump sum benefit of \$6,250.00 subject to limitations specified in the1669insurance contract and based on severity of cancer and payable to such firefighter1670upon submission to the insurance carrier or other payor of acceptable proof of1671diagnosis by a physician board certified in the medical specialty appropriate for the1672type of cancer involved that:
- 1673(a) There is carcinoma in situ such that surgery, radiotherapy, or chemotherapy1674has been determined to be medically necessary:
- 1675(b) There are malignant tumors which are treated by endoscopic procedures1676alone;
 - (c) There are malignant melanomas; or
- 1678(d) There is a tumor of the prostate, provided that it is treated with radical1679prostatectomy or external beam therapy; and

(ii) Payable as a result of a specific injury or illness to begin six months after
disability and submission to the insurance carrier or other payor of acceptable proof
of disability precluding service as a firefighter and continuing for up to 36
consecutive monthly payments:

- 1684(I) A monthly benefit equal to 60 percent of the member's monthly salary as an1685employed firefighter with the fire department or a monthly benefit of \$5,000.00,1686whichever is less; or
- 1687 (II) If the member is a volunteer, a monthly benefit of \$1,500.00.
- 1688The benefit under subdivision (I) or (II) of this division, as applicable, shall be1689subordinate to any other benefit actually paid to the firefighter for such disability from1690any other source, not including insurance purchased solely by the firefighter, and shall1691be limited to the difference between the amount of such other paid benefit and the1692amount specified under subdivision (I) or (II) of this division, as applicable.
- 1693 (C) The combined total of all benefits received by any firefighter under
 1694 subdivisions (B)(i)(I) and (B)(i)(II) of this paragraph during his or her lifetime shall not
 1695 exceed \$50,000.00.
- 1696(D) With the exception of the benefit under subdivision (B)(ii)(I) of this paragraph, any1697person who was simultaneously a member of more than one fire department at the time1698of diagnosis shall not be entitled to receive benefits under this paragraph from or on1699behalf of more than one of such fire departments. In the event a volunteer of one fire1700department is simultaneously employed by another fire department, the fire department1701for which such person is a volunteer shall not be required to maintain the coverage on

1702 such volunteer otherwise required under this subsection during the period of such 1703 employment. Any member who receives benefits under division (ii) of subparagraph 1704 (B) of this paragraph may be required to have his or her condition reevaluated; in the event any such reevaluation reveals that such person has regained the ability to perform 1705 duties as a firefighter, then his or her benefits under division (ii) of subparagraph (B) 1706 1707 of this paragraph shall cease. Benefits under said division shall also cease upon the 1708 death of such person. A member who, after at least one year as a firefighter, departs 1709 from employment, ceases to be an active volunteer, or retires shall be entitled to 1710 continue his or her coverages under this paragraph through a continuation or conversion 1711 to individual coverage. The departing member shall be responsible for payment of all 1712 premiums.

- (E) In addition to any other purpose authorized under Chapter 8 of Title 33, county
 governing authorities and municipal governing authorities may use proceeds from
 county and municipal taxes imposed under said chapter for purposes of providing
 insurance pursuant to this paragraph.
- (F) Funds received as premiums for the coverages specified in this paragraph shall notbe subject to premium taxes under Chapter 8 of Title 33.
- (G) The computation of premium amounts by an insurer for the coverages under this
 paragraph shall be subject to generally accepted adjustments from insurance
 underwriting.
- (c) The Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council Department of Fire Safety
 shall be authorized to adopt such rules and regulations as are reasonable and necessary to
 implement the provisions of this Code section and to establish and modify minimum
 requirements for all fire departments operating in this state, provided that such
 requirements are equal to or exceed the requirements provided in subsections (a) and (b)
 of this Code section.

1728 25-3-24.

1729The executive director may consult with and consider the recommendations of the director1730of the State Forestry Commission, the director of the Georgia Fire Academy, the state fire1731marshal, and the governing authority of any county or municipality in which the fire1732department is located to determine if individual fire departments are complying with the1733minimum provisions of this article and serving the best interests of the citizens of the area1734of its operations Reserved.

1735 25-3-25.

(a) The certificate of compliance issued by the council <u>Department of Fire Safety</u> shall be
subject to suspension or revocation by the <u>council commissioner</u> at any time it <u>he or she</u>
receives satisfactory evidence that the fire department is not maintaining sufficient
personnel, equipment, or insurance required by Code Section 25-3-23 or the rules and
regulations of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council <u>Department of Fire</u>
Safety.

(b) The chief administrative officer of any fire department aggrieved by a decision of the 1742 1743 council commissioner under subsection (a) of this Code section may, within 30 days of the 1744 date of such decision, request a hearing on the matter before the council commissioner or his or her designee. Following a hearing before the council commissioner or his or her 1745 1746 designee, the chief administrative officer of the fire department affected shall be served 1747 with a written decision of the council commissioner announcing whether the certificate of compliance shall remain revoked or suspended or whether it shall be reinstated. The 1748 1749 decision of the commissioner may, within 30 days, be appealed to the superior court of the 1750 county in which the fire department is located. The review by the superior court shall be 1751 limited to the existing record, including previously admitted documents, testimony, and 1752 other evidence. During the appeal process set forth in this Code section, the 1753 commissioner's decision to suspend or revoke a certification shall be stayed.

(c) The council commissioner shall not suspend or revoke any certificate of compliance
 for failure to meet firefighter training requirements when such failure was due to
 unavailability of required training from or through the Georgia Fire Academy Department
 of Fire Safety.

1758(d) The council commissioner may refer suspensions or revocations to the Attorney1759General for enforcement. Upon referral from the council commissioner, the Attorney1760General may bring a civil action to enjoin any organization which is not in compliance with1761the applicable requirements of this chapter from performing any or all firefighting1762functions until such requirements are met by such organization.

1763 25-3-26.

- 1764The executive director shall cooperate with newly formed and existing fire departments to1765ensure that all fire departments in this state are in compliance with the provisions of this1766article by July 1, 1986.
- 1767(a) The Board of Fire Safety, the Department of Fire Safety, and the commissioner shall1768succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized1769administrative orders of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council under this1770chapter which are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures,

LC 41 1547S

1771	and orders shall remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the
1772	board.
1773	(b) All valid agreements, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar authorizations
1774	previously issued by the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council with respect
1775	to any function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until
1776	the same expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made
1777	ineffective as provided by law.
1778	(c) Effective July 1, 2019, the Department of Fire Safety shall carry out all of the functions
1779	and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the Georgia Firefighter
1780	Standards and Training Council under this chapter.
1781	25-3-27.
1782	This article shall not be construed to amend, modify, or repeal any of the provisions of
1783	Chapter 4 of this title, known as the 'Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Act,' nor
1784	shall this article be construed to restrict the requirements of any other provisions relating
1785	to fire departments, equipment, or personnel."
1786	SECTION 3-3.
1787	Said title is further amended by revising Article 1 of Chapter 4, relating to general provisions
1788	relative to firefighter standards and training, as follows:
1789	"ARTICLE 1
1790	25-4-1.
1791	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Firefighter Standards and
1792	Training Act.' 'Georgia Fire Safety Professional Development Act.'
1702	
1793	25-4-2.
1794	As used in this chapter, the term:
1795	(1) 'Airport' means any airport located in this state which has regularly scheduled
1796	commercial air carrier service or commuter airline service as required for certification
1797	under Section 139.49 of the Federal Aviation Administration regulations.
1798	(2) 'Airport firefighter' means any person assigned to any airport located in this state who
1799	performs the duties of aircraft fire fighting or rescue.
1800	(3) 'Candidate' means a prospective firefighter who has not yet been certified by the
1801	council Department of Fire Safety as having met the requirements of this chapter.

- (4) 'Certified firefighter' or 'state certified firefighter' means any firefighter who has been
 certified by the council <u>Department of Fire Safety</u> as having met the requirements of this
 chapter.
- (5) <u>'Commissioner'</u> 'Council' means the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training
 Council <u>commissioner of fire safety</u>.
- 1807 (6) 'Division' means the Professional Development Division of the Department of Fire
 1808 Safety.
- 1809 (5.1)(7) 'Fire department' shall have the same meaning as provided in Code
 1810 Section 25-3-21.
- (6)(8) 'Firefighter' means a recruit or a trained individual who is a full-time employee, 1811 1812 part-time employee, or volunteer for a municipal, county, state, or private incorporated 1813 fire department and as such has duties of responding to mitigate a variety of emergency and nonemergency situations where life, property, or the environment is at risk, which 1814 1815 may include, without limitation, fire suppression; fire prevention activities; emergency 1816 medical services; hazardous materials response and preparedness; technical rescue 1817 operations; search and rescue; disaster management and preparedness; community service 1818 activities; response to civil disturbances and terrorism incidents; nonemergency functions, 1819 including training, preplanning, communications, maintenance, and physical 1820 conditioning; and other related emergency and nonemergency duties as may be assigned 1821 or required; provided, however, that a firefighter's assignments may vary based on 1822 geographic, climatic, and demographic conditions or other factors, including training, 1823 experience, and ability.
- 1824(7)(9)'Full-time' means employed for compensation on a basis of at least 40 32.5 hours1825per week by any municipal, county, state, or private incorporated fire department.
- 1826 (8)(10) 'Part-time' means employed for compensation on less than a full-time basis by
 1827 any municipal, county, state, or private incorporated fire department.
- (8.1)(11) 'Recruit' means a prospective firefighter who has not yet been certified or
 registered by the council Department of Fire Safety as having met the requirements of
 Code Section 25-4-8 and the rules and regulations to be a firefighter as provided for by
 the council Department of Fire Safety.
- (9)(12) 'Volunteer' means not employed for compensation by but appointed and regularly
 enrolled to serve as a firefighter for any municipal, county, state, or private incorporated
 fire department.
- 1835 25-4-3.
- 1836(a) The Board of Fire Safety, the Department of Fire Safety, and the commissioner shall1837succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized

LC 41 1547S

- 1838administrative orders of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council under this1839article which are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures,1840and orders shall remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the1841board.1842(b) All valid agreements, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar authorizations
- 1842(b) Trif valid agreements, needses, permits, certificates, and similar admonzations1843previously issued by the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council with respect1844to any function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until1845the same expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made
- 1846 <u>ineffective as provided by law.</u>
- (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the Department of Fire Safety shall carry out all of the functions 1847 and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the Georgia Firefighter 1848 1849 Standards and Training Council. All persons employed by and positions authorized for the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council shall, on July 1, 2019, be transferred 1850 to the Department of Fire Safety. All office equipment, furniture, and other assets and real 1851 property in possession of the Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council which 1852 1853 are used or held exclusively or principally by personnel transferred under this chapter shall 1854 be transferred to the Department of Fire Safety on July 1, 2019.
- (a) The Georgia Firefighter Standards and Training Council is established. The council shall be composed of 11 members, one of whom shall be the Safety Fire Commissioner or the designated representative of the Safety Fire Commissioner. Two members shall be appointed by the Lieutenant Governor. Two members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The remaining six members shall be appointed by the Speaker Governor subject to the following requirements:
- 1861 (1) One member shall be a member of the governing authority of a county;
- 1862 (2) One member shall be a member of the governing authority of a municipality;
- 1863 (3) One member shall be a city or county manager;
- 1864 (4) One member shall be the chief of a county or municipal fire department; and
- 1865 (5) Two members shall be state certified firefighter training officers.
- 1866(b) The members of the council appointed by the Governor pursuant to subsection (a) of1867this Code section shall be appointed at the sole discretion of the Governor. However, the1868Governor may consider for appointment to the council persons suggested for membership1869thereon as follows:
- 1870 (1) The Association County Commissioners of Georgia may suggest the names of three
 1871 persons for each appointment pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of this Code
 1872 section;
- 1873(2) The Georgia Municipal Association may suggest the names of three persons for each1874appointment pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section;

LC 41 1547S

1875 (3) The Georgia City and County Management Association may suggest the names of
 1876 three persons for each appointment pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of this
 1877 Code section;

(4) The Georgia Association of Fire Chiefs may suggest the names of three persons for
 each appointment pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of this Code section; and
 (5) The Executive Board of the Georgia State Firemen's Association may suggest the
 names of three persons for each appointment pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (a)
 of this Code section.

1883 (c)(1) The first members of the council appointed by the Governor pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section shall be appointed to take office on January 1, 1986. The two 1884 1885 members appointed pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be appointed for initial terms of one year, the two members appointed 1886 1887 pursuant to paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be 1888 appointed for initial terms of two years, and the two members appointed pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of this Code section shall be appointed for initial terms 1889 1890 of three years. Thereafter, successors shall be appointed for terms of three years as the 1891 respective terms of office expire.

- (2) The members appointed by the Lieutenant Governor and the members appointed by
 the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each serve for terms concurrent with
 terms of members of the General Assembly.
- 1895 (3) All members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualified. In the 1896 event of a vacancy in the membership of the council for any reason, including ceasing to 1897 hold an office or position required for membership on the council, the Governor shall fill such vacancy for the unexpired term; except that a vacancy in either of those members 1898 1899 of the council appointed by the Lieutenant Governor or the Speaker of the House of 1900 Representatives shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same 1901 manner as the original appointment. In order for the Governor to consider the names of 1902 persons suggested for membership on the council pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code 1903 section, such names must be submitted to the Governor by the respective organizations 1904 at least 60 days but not more than 90 days prior to the expiration of the respective terms of office or prior to the appointment of the initial members of the council who take office 1905 1906 on January 1, 1986. The Governor shall be authorized, but not required, to request the 1907 appropriate organization designated in subsection (b) of this Code section to suggest the 1908 names of three persons for the Governor's consideration in making an appointment to fill 1909 a vacancy.

LC 41 1547S

1910 (d) At the first regular meeting of the council held in each even-numbered year, the council shall elect a chairperson and such other officers from its own membership as it deems 1911 1912 necessary to serve until successors are elected by the council as provided in this subsection. 1913 (e) The council may, from time to time, designate an advisory committee of not more than 1914 three members to assist and advise the council in carrying out its duties under this chapter. 1915 The members of any such advisory committee shall serve at the pleasure of the council. 1916 (f) Each member of the council and each member of an advisory committee of the council, 1917 in carrying out their official duties, shall be entitled to receive the same expense and

mileage allowance authorized for members of professional licensing boards by subsection
 (f) of Code Section 43-1-2. The funds for such expenses and allowances shall be paid from
 funds appropriated or available to the Department of Public Safety.

1921 25-4-4.

1922Membership on the council does not constitute public office, and no member shall be1923disqualified from holding public office by reason of his membership. Reserved.

1924 25-4-5.

1925The council is assigned to the Department of Public Safety for administrative purposes.1926The funds necessary to carry out this chapter shall come from funds appropriated to and1927available to the council Department of Fire Safety and from any other available funds. The1928council Department of Fire Safety is authorized to accept and use gifts, grants, and1929donations for the purpose of carrying out this chapter. The council Department of Fire1930Safety is also authorized to accept and use property, both real and personal, and services1931for the purpose of carrying out this chapter.

1932 25-4-6.

1933 The business of the council shall be conducted in the following manner:

1934(1) The council shall hold at least two regular meetings each year at the call of the1935chairperson or upon the written request of six members of the council. Six members of1936the council shall constitute a quorum. The council shall adopt such rules for the1937transaction of its business as it shall desire and may appoint such committees as it1938considers necessary to carry out its business and duties; and

1939 (2) The council shall make an annual report of its activities to the Governor and to the
 1940 General Assembly and shall include in the report its recommendations for appropriate
 1941 legislation. The council shall not be required to distribute copies of the annual report to
 1942 the members of the General Assembly but shall notify the members of the availability of
 1943 the report in the manner which it deems to be most effective and efficient. Reserved.

- 1944 25-4-7.
- 1945There is created the Professional Development Division of the Department of Fire Safety.1946The council Department of Fire Safety, through the division, is vested with the following1947functions and powers:
- 1948 (1) To promulgate rules and regulations for the administration of the council certification
 1949 of firefighters;
- 1950 (2) To provide rules of procedure for its internal management and control;
- (3) To enter into contracts or do such things as may be necessary and incidental to theadministration of its authority pursuant to this chapter;
- (4) To establish uniform minimum standards for the employment and training of
 full-time, part-time, or volunteer firefighters, airport firefighters, fire and life safety
 educators, fire inspectors, fire investigators, and other such firefighting service
 professionals as determined by the council Department of Fire Safety including
 qualifications, certifications, recertifications, decertifications, and probations for certified
 individuals and suspensions for noncertified individuals, and requirements, which are
 consistent with this chapter;
- (5) To establish minimum curriculum requirements for schools operated by or for any
 employing agency for the specific purpose of training firefighter recruits or full-time,
 part-time, or volunteer firefighters, airport firefighters, fire and life safety educators, fire
 inspectors, and fire investigators;
- (6) To approve institutions and facilities for school operation by or for any employing
 agency for the specific purpose of training firefighters and firefighter recruits, including
 airport firefighters;
- 1967 (7) To make or support studies on any aspect of fire-fighting education and training or1968 recruitment;
- 1969 (8) To make recommendations concerning any matter within its purview;
- 1970 (9) To establish basic firefighter training requirements for full-time, part-time, contract,
 1971 and volunteer firefighters, including airport firefighters;
- (10) To certify any person satisfactorily complying with the training program established
 in accordance with paragraph (9) of this Code section and the qualifications for
 employment covered in this chapter; and
- (11) To issue a certificate to any person who has received training in another state or
 who has received training as a federal firefighter by the United States government, when
 the council division has determined that the training was at least equivalent to that
 required by the council division for approved firefighter education and training programs
 in this state and when the person has satisfactorily complied with all other requirements
 of this chapter.

LC 41 1547S

- 1981 25-4-7.1.
- 1982 (a) The council commissioner shall appoint and establish the compensation of an executive
- 1983 <u>a director of the division</u> who shall serve at the pleasure of the council <u>commissioner</u>.
- (b) The executive director, with the approval of the commissioner, may contract for such
 services and employ such other professional, technical, and clerical personnel as may be
 necessary and convenient to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 1987 25-4-8.
- (a) Except as provided in Code Section 25-4-12, any employee, volunteer, or private
 contractor of a fire department operating in this state or certified as a firefighter shall, as
 prescribed by the council Department of Fire Safety:
- 1991 (1) Be at least 18 years of age;
- (2) Not have been convicted of, or pleaded guilty to, a felony in any jurisdiction or of a
 crime which if committed in this state would constitute a felony under the laws of this
 state within ten years prior to employment, provided that a person who has been
 convicted of a felony more than five but less than ten years prior to employment may be
 certified and employed as a firefighter when the person has:
- (A) Successfully completed a training program following the Georgia Fire Academy
 curriculum approved curriculum provided for by the Department of Fire Safety and
 sponsored by the Department of Corrections;
- 2000 (B) Been recommended to a fire department by the proper authorities at the institution2001 at which the training program was undertaken; and
- 2002 (C) Met all other requirements as set forth in this chapter.
- 2003 The council commissioner shall be the final authority with respect to authorizing the 2004 employment, appointment, and certification of a person who has been convicted of a 2005 felony more than five but less than ten years prior to seeking employment when the 2006 person is seeking employment as a firefighter for any municipal, county, or state fire department which employs three or more firefighters who work a minimum of 40 32.5 2007 hours per week and has the responsibility of preventing and suppressing fires, protecting 2008 2009 life and property, and enforcing municipal, county, and state codes, as well as enforcing any law pertaining to the prevention and control of fires; 2010
- 2011 (3) Have a good moral character as determined by investigation under procedure
 2012 approved by the council commissioner;
- 2013 (4) Be fingerprinted and a search made of local, state, and national fingerprint files to2014 disclose any criminal record;

LC 41 1547S

- 2015 (5) Be in good physical condition as determined by a medical examination and
 2016 successfully pass the minimum physical agility requirements as established by the council
 2017 commissioner; and
- 2018 (6) Possess or achieve within 12 months after employment a high school diploma or a
 2019 general education development equivalency, <u>unless otherwise waived</u>.
- 2020 (b) For the purposes of this Code section, a person shall be deemed to have been convicted 2021 of a crime if such person shall have pleaded guilty to a charge thereof before a court or 2022 federal magistrate or shall have been found guilty thereof by the decision or judgment of 2023 a court or federal magistrate or by the verdict of a jury, irrespective of the pronouncement 2024 of sentence or the suspension thereof, unless such plea of guilty or such decision, judgment, 2025 or verdict shall have been set aside, reversed, or otherwise abrogated by lawful judicial 2026 process or unless the person convicted of the crime shall have received a pardon therefor from the President of the United States or the governor or other pardoning authority in the 2027 2028 jurisdiction where the conviction was had or shall have received a certificate of good conduct granted by the State Board of Pardons and Paroles pursuant to the provisions of 2029 law to remove a disability under law because of such conviction. Any person convicted 2030 2031 of a felony while he or she is a certified firefighter shall have his or her certification 2032 revoked.
- 2033 (c)(1) For the purposes of making determinations relating to eligibility under this Code 2034 section, a local fire department shall provide information relative to prospective 2035 employees to the local law enforcement agency and a state fire department shall provide 2036 information relative to prospective employees to a state law enforcement agency. Such 2037 local or state law enforcement agency shall be authorized to obtain conviction data with respect to such prospective employees of a local or state fire department as authorized in 2038 2039 this subsection. The local or state law enforcement agency shall submit to the Georgia 2040 Crime Information Center two complete sets of fingerprints of the applicant for 2041 appointment or employment, the required records search fees, and such other information as may be required. Upon receipt thereof, the Georgia Crime Information Center shall 2042 2043 promptly transmit one set of fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a 2044 search of bureau records and an appropriate report and shall retain the other set and promptly conduct a search of its own records and records to which it has access. The 2045 Georgia Crime Information Center shall notify the local or state law enforcement agency 2046 2047 in writing of any derogatory finding, including, but not limited to, any conviction data 2048 regarding the fingerprint records check or if there is no such finding. All conviction data 2049 received by the local or state law enforcement agency shall not be a public record, shall 2050 be privileged, and shall not be disclosed to any other person or agency except as provided 2051 in this subsection and except to any person or agency which otherwise has a legal right

2052to inspect the employment file. All such records shall be maintained by the local or state2053law enforcement agency pursuant to laws regarding such records and the rules and2054regulations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Georgia Crime Information2055Center, as applicable. As used in this subsection, 'conviction data' means a record of a2056finding or verdict of guilty or plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere with regard to any2057crime, regardless of whether an appeal of the conviction has been sought.

(2) The local or state law enforcement agency shall provide to the chief of the fire
department which requested information on an applicant any criminal data indicating that
the applicant was convicted of a felony. Such information may be provided to the council
Department of Fire Safety. The provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection relating
to privileged information and records of conviction data shall apply to any information
provided by a law enforcement agency to a fire department.

2064 25-4-9.

(a) Full-time, part-time, and volunteer firefighters, including airport firefighters, shall 2065 successfully complete a basic training course. The council division shall determine the 2066 2067 course content, number of hours, and all other matters relative to basic firefighter training, 2068 including airport rescue firefighter training. Upon satisfactory completion of such basic 2069 training, a firefighter shall be issued a certificate of completion evidencing the same. Each 2070 firefighter shall be required to successfully complete such basic training course within 12 2071 months after being employed or appointed as a firefighter or, in the case of airport 2072 firefighters, within such time period as the council Department of Fire Safety may 2073 prescribe by rule or regulation.

(b) A firefighter certified by the council <u>Department of Fire Safety</u> may, upon termination
 of employment from any fire department and upon agreement with a subsequently
 employing fire department, transfer such certification to the employing fire department.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this Code section, any local fire
department may refuse to accept the transfer of previously acquired certification and may
require any newly employed firefighter to complete the basic training course provided for
in subsection (a) of this Code section.

2081 25-4-10.

As a condition of continued certification, all firefighters shall train, drill, or study at schools, classes, or courses at the local, area, or state level, as specified by the council <u>Department of Fire Safety</u>. Authorized leaves of absence are expected.

2085 25-4-11.

- This chapter shall provide only the minimum qualification standards in training requirements for firefighters in this state and does not restrict any employing agency from setting and establishing requirements that exceed these minimum standards.
- 2089 25-4-12.

2090 Except as otherwise provided in Article 2, nothing Nothing in this chapter shall apply to 2091 firefighters employed on July 1, 1971, and such firefighters are not required to meet the 2092 requirements of Code Section 25-4-8 or Code Section 25-4-9 as a condition of tenure or 2093 continued employment; nor shall their failure to fulfill such requirements make them 2094 ineligible for any promotional examination for which they are otherwise eligible, affect in 2095 any way any pension rights to which they are otherwise eligible, or affect in any way pension rights to which they may be entitled on July 1, 1971. The council Department of 2096 2097 Fire Safety shall have the authority to investigate qualifications of, and in its discretion to issue certificates to, those previously trained firefighters employed on July 1, 1971." 2098

- 2099
- 2100

PART IV

SECTION 4-1.

Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to buildings and housing, is amended by revising Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2, relating to elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, manlifts, and moving walks, as follows:

2104

″Part 6

- 2105 8-2-100.
- As used in this part, the term:

(1) 'Alteration' means any change or addition to the equipment other than ordinaryrepairs or replacements.

2109 (2) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

- 2110 (2.1) 'Department' means the Department of Fire Safety.
- (3) 'Dumbwaiter' means a hoisting and lowering mechanism which is equipped with a
 car which moves in guides in a substantially vertical direction, the floor area of which
 does not exceed nine square feet, the total inside height of which, whether or not provided
 with fixed or removable shelves, does not exceed four feet, the capacity of which does
 not exceed 500 pounds, and the use of which is exclusively for carrying materials. Such
 term includes a power dumbwaiter and a hand dumbwaiter.

- (4)(A) 'Elevator' means a hoisting and lowering mechanism designed to carry
 passengers or authorized personnel and equipped with a car which moves in fixed
 guides and serves two or more fixed landings.
- (B) Except as specifically provided in subsection (a) of Code Section 8-2-102,
 'elevator' also means a freight elevator, gravity elevator, hand elevator, inclined
 elevator, multideck elevator, observation elevator, passenger elevator, power elevator,
 electric elevator, hydraulic elevator, direct-plunger hydraulic elevator, electrohydraulic
 elevator, maintained pressure hydraulic elevator, roped-hydraulic elevator, private
 residence elevator, and sidewalk elevator.
- (5) 'Enforcement authority' means the Commissioner commissioner, officers, and
 inspectors of the office department authorized to enforce the provisions of this part and
 local inspectors authorized to enforce the provisions of this part.
- (6) 'Escalator' means a power driven, inclined, continuous stairway used for raising or
 lowering passengers.
- (7) 'Hand dumbwaiter' means a dumbwaiter driven by manual power, serving more than
 two consecutive stories, whose capacity exceeds 20 pounds and whose car platform area
 exceeds two square feet.
- 2134 (8) 'Hand elevator' means an elevator utilizing manual power to move the car.
- (9) 'Hoistway' means a shaftway or an opening through a building or structure for the
 travel of elevators, dumbwaiters, or material lifts, extending from the pit floor to the roof
 or floor above.
- (10) 'Manlift' means a device consisting of a power driven endless belt moving in one
 direction only which is provided with steps or platforms and handholds attached to it for
 the transportation of personnel from floor to floor.
- (11) 'Moving walk' means a type of passenger-carrying device on which passengers stand
 or walk and in which the passenger-carrying surface remains parallel to its direction of
 motion and is uninterrupted.
- 2144 (12) 'Office' means the office of Safety Fire Commissioner <u>Reserved</u>.
- (13) 'Power dumbwaiter' means a dumbwaiter driven by the application of energy otherthan hand or gravity.
- (14) 'Power freight elevator' means an elevator used primarily for carrying freight,
 utilizing energy other than gravity or hand to move the car and on which only the
 operator and the persons necessary for unloading and loading the freight are permitted
 to ride.
- (15) 'Power passenger elevator' means an elevator used primarily to carry persons other
 than the operator and persons necessary for loading and unloading and utilizing energy
 other than gravity or hand to move the car.

- 8-2-101.
 (a) All elevators, escalators, manlifts, moving walks, and dumbwaiters erected or placed in service after January 1, 1986, shall be inspected before being placed in service and shall be registered within 15 days after they are completed and placed in service.
 (b) Every elevator, dumbwaiter, manlift, moving walk, and escalator shall be maintained by the owner or lessee in a safe operating condition and in conformity with the rules and
- regulations specified by subsection (b) of Code Section 8-2-104.
- (c) Before any alteration can be made to any elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or
 dumbwaiter already placed in service, the owner or lessee shall be required to notify the
 enforcement authority of any such alteration. The enforcement authority shall be
 authorized to conduct an inspection after any such alteration.
- 2165 8-2-102.
- (a)(1) Power passenger elevators, power freight elevators, escalators, manlifts, and
 moving walks shall be inspected once during each six-month period.
- (2) Hand elevators and power and hand dumbwaiters shall be inspected once during each
 12 month period.
- 2170 (b) Inspections and installations shall be made in accordance with the standards set forth 2171 in Part 'X' of ANSI A17.1-1984, the American National Standard Practice for Inspection 2172 of Elevators, Escalators and Moving Walks Inspector's Manual ANSI A17.2, the Safety 2173 Standards for Manlifts ANSI A90.1-1976, the Safety Standard for Construction Hoists 2174 ANSI A10.4-1981 and ANSI A10.5-1981, the Safety Standard for Conveyors and Related 2175 Equipment ANSI B20.1-1984, or the latest revised rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner commissioner. Any inspections performed under these codes shall cover 2176 2177 the hoistway, associated equipment rooms, and access thereto, and shall include lobby 2178 smoke detectors.
- 2179 (c) A report of any inspection required by this Code section shall be filed with the office department if the inspection is made by a state enforcement authority or with the local 2180 2181 governing authority if the inspection is made by a local enforcement authority. Copies of 2182 the reports for new installations shall also be filed with the state fire marshal for his or her information. Such reports shall be made within ten days after the inspection has been 2183 2184 completed, on forms prescribed by the Commissioner commissioner or the local enforcement authority, and shall indicate whether the elevator, escalator, manlift, moving 2185 walk, or dumbwaiter is safe and whether it meets the applicable rules and regulations 2186 2187 prescribed pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section 8-2-104. After any such report is filed, the enforcement authority may require additional inspections to assure that any such 2188 elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or dumbwaiter meets such rules and regulations. 2189

LC 41 1547S

(d) If any inspection report indicates that an elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or
dumbwaiter is in an unsafe condition which if continually operated may endanger lives or
property, then the enforcement authority may, at its discretion, require the owner or lessee
to discontinue the use thereof until it has been made safe and in conformity with the rules
and regulations specified in subsection (b) of Code Section 8-2-104.

- (e) Elevator contractors who perform installations, alterations, repairs, or modifications
 on elevators, escalators, power freight elevators, moving walks, manlifts, or dumbwaiters,
 including the hoistways and machine rooms, shall be exempt from the requirements of
 Code Sections 43-14-8 and 43-14-8.1.
- (f) Private residence elevators shall be exempt from mandatory periodic inspections but
 shall be required to have an initial construction inspection as provided in the rules and
 regulations of the Commissioner commissioner. At the request of the owner or user of a
 private residence elevator, an inspection may be performed by the office department and
 an inspection report issued. The office department shall charge the person requesting the
 report a fee as set by the Commissioner commissioner to cover actual expenses of the
 inspection.
- 2206 8-2-103.

(a) An operating report shall be issued by the enforcement authority if the inspection report
indicates that the elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or dumbwaiter complies with
the applicable rules and regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (b) of Code Section
8-2-104 and upon payment of a permit fee. Such permits shall be valid for a period of 12
months.

- 2212 (b) No elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or dumbwaiter shall be operated by the 2213 owner or lessee thereof unless a valid operating permit, or a limited operating permit when 2214 permitted by the rules and regulations of the Commissioner commissioner, has been issued. 2215 (c) The operating permit shall indicate whether it is issued for an elevator, escalator, 2216 manlift, moving walk, or dumbwaiter, state the rated load and speed and, in the case of an 2217 elevator, state whether the usage is for passengers or freight. The operating permit shall be 2218 posted either conspicuously in the car of an elevator or on the premises. The operating 2219 permit for an escalator, manlift, moving walk, or a dumbwaiter shall be posted on the 2220 premises.
- (d) If the enforcement authority has reason to believe that any owner or lessee to whom
 an operating permit has been issued is not complying with the applicable rules and
 regulations specified in subsection (b) of Code Section 8-2-104, it shall so notify such
 owner or lessee and shall give notice of a date for a hearing thereon to such owner or
 lessee. If, after such hearing, it shall find that such owner or lessee is not complying with

such rules and regulations, it shall revoke such permit and require the owner or lessee to
discontinue the use of such elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or power
dumbwaiter.

8-2-104.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to employ inspectors to carry out
the provisions of this part. The Commissioner commissioner shall also be authorized to
certify other qualified persons to carry out the provisions of this part, including technically
competent individuals of any company licensed to insure and insuring elevators in this state
and technically competent individuals of a regularly established elevator inspection service.
The Commissioner commissioner shall prescribe the qualifications, authority, functions,
and duties of such inspectors.

(b)(1)(A) The Commissioner commissioner shall by rules and regulations prescribe
 various inspection fees and operating permit fees necessary to enable the state and local
 enforcement authorities to carry out the provisions of this part.

- (B) The owners and users of elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, manlifts, and moving
 walks which are inspected by certified inspectors in private business or with private
 corporations shall be exempt from the payment to the state or local enforcement
 authorities of the inspection fees provided in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
- (2) Elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, manlifts, and moving walks subject to operating
 permit inspections by private inspectors shall be inspected within 60 calendar days
 following the required reinspection date. Inspections not performed within this 60
 calendar day period shall result in a civil penalty of \$500.00 for each elevator,
 dumbwaiter, escalator, manlift, or moving walk not inspected.
- (3) Inspection fees due on elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators, manlifts, and moving
 walks subject to inspection by the chief or deputy inspectors or operating permit fees due
 from inspections performed by private inspectors shall be paid within 60 calendar days
 of completion of such inspections. Inspection fees or operating fees unpaid within 60
 calendar days shall bear interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month or any fraction of a
 month. Interest shall continue to accrue until all amounts due, including interest, are
 received by the Commissioner commissioner.
- (4) The Commissioner commissioner may waive the collection of the penalties and
 interest assessed in paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection when it is reasonably
 determined that the delays in inspection or payment were unavoidable or due to the action
 or inaction of the office department.
- (c) The American National Standard Safety Code for elevators, dumbwaiters, escalators,
 and moving walks ANSI A17.1-1984 and the Safety Standards for Manlifts ANSI

A90.1-1976 are adopted as rules and regulations of the office department for the purposes
 of this part until otherwise amended by rules and regulations of the Commissioner
 <u>commissioner</u>.

(d) In addition to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of
this Code section, the Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to adopt such rules
and regulations as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this part.

2268 (e) The Commissioner commissioner shall also have the power in any particular case to grant exceptions and variations from the literal requirements of the rules and regulations 2269 2270 adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this Code section. Such exceptions and variations 2271 shall be granted only in any particular case where it is clearly evident that they are 2272 necessary to prevent undue hardship or where the existing conditions prevent compliance 2273 with the literal requirements of the rules and regulations. In no case shall any exception or variation be granted unless, in the opinion of the Commissioner commissioner, 2274 reasonable safety will be secured thereby. 2275

2276 **8-2-105**.

(a) The governing body of any municipality or county which adopts at least the minimum
rules and regulations relative to inspections and safety standards for elevators, escalators,
manlifts, moving walks, and dumbwaiters as provided in subsection (b) of Code Section
8-2-102 and subsection (c) of Code Section 8-2-104 shall have the power:

(1) To adopt by ordinance or resolution any reasonable provisions for the enforcement
of such local standards adopted applicable to elevators, escalators, manlifts, moving
walks, and dumbwaiters, including procedural requirements, provisions for hearings,
provisions for appeals from decisions of local inspectors, and any other provisions or
procedures necessary to the proper administration and enforcement of the requirements
of such local standards;

(2) To provide for inspection of buildings or similar structures to ensure compliance withthe local standards;

(3) To employ inspectors, including chief and deputy inspectors, and any other personnel
 necessary for the proper enforcement of such standards, provided that such inspectors
 meet the minimum qualifications of state inspectors and are certified by the
 Commissioner commissioner pursuant to subsection (a) of Code Section 8-2-104;

(4) To contract with other municipalities or counties adopting at least state minimum
 standards, or with the state, to administer such standards and to provide inspection and
 enforcement personnel and services necessary to ensure compliance with the standards;
 and

- (5) To contract with any other county or municipality whereby the parties agree that the
 inspectors of each contracting party may have jurisdiction to enforce the local standards
 within the boundaries of the other contracting party.
- (b) When a local enforcement authority conducts an inspection or issues an operating
 permit as provided in this part, any inspection fee or operating permit fee due shall be paid
 to the municipality or county employing the enforcement authority.
- 2303 8-2-106.
- (a) The owner or lessee shall report, by telephone, to the enforcement authority on the
 same day or by noon on the next work day, excluding state holidays and weekends, all
 elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or power dumbwaiter related accidents involving
 personal injury or death. The owner or lessee shall also provide a written report of this
 accident within seven days.
- (b) The owner or lessee shall report, in writing, to the enforcement authority within seven
 days, excluding state holidays and weekends, all elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk,
 or power dumbwaiter related accidents involving structural damage to the elevator,
 escalator, manlift, moving walk, or power dumbwaiter.
- (c) Any elevator, escalator, manlift, moving walk, or power dumbwaiter involved in an
 accident described in subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section shall be removed from
 service at the time of the accident. The equipment shall not be repaired, altered, or placed
 back in service until inspected by a certified inspector for the enforcement authority.
- 2317 8-2-107.
- (a) The installation, alteration, maintenance, and operation of the facilities and equipment 2318 2319 regulated by or pursuant to the provisions of this part affect the public interest, and such 2320 regulation is necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare. 2321 Therefore, violations of this part or of rules and regulations adopted by or pursuant to this 2322 part are a public nuisance, harmful to the public health, safety, and welfare; and, in addition 2323 to other remedies provided by law, the actions of the Commissioner commissioner, the 2324 office department, or any local enforcement authority under this part shall be enforceable by injunction properly applied for by the Commissioner commissioner or any other 2325 2326 enforcement authority in any court of Georgia having jurisdiction over the defendant.
- (b)(1) Any person, firm, partnership, or corporation which violates this part shall be
 guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day on which a violation occurs shall constitute a separate
 offense.
- (2) In addition to the penalty provisions in subsection (a) of this Code section and
 paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Commissioner commissioner shall have the power,

LC 41 1547S

2332after notice and hearing, to levy civil penalties as prescribed in the rules and regulations2333of the office department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000.00 upon any person, firm,2334partnership, or corporation failing to adhere to the requirements of this part and the rules2335and regulations promulgated under this part. The imposition of a penalty for a violation2336of this part or the rules and regulations promulgated under this part shall not excuse the2337violation or permit it to continue.

2338 8-2-108.

(a) Any person aggrieved by an order or an act of an inspector under this chapter may,
within 15 days of notice thereof, appeal from such order or act to the Commissioner
<u>commissioner</u> who shall, within 30 days thereafter, issue an appropriate order either
approving or disapproving said order or act. A copy of such order by the Commissioner
<u>commissioner</u> shall be given to all interested parties.

(b) This part, as it applies to the Commissioner commissioner and the office department,
shall be governed by Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

2346 8-2-109.

The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to consult with persons knowledgeable in the areas of construction, use, or safety of conveyances or facilities covered by this part and to create committees composed of such consultants to assist the Commissioner commissioner in carrying out his or her duties under this part.

2351 8-2-109.1.

(a) This part shall not apply to elevators located on vehicles operating under the rules ofother state or federal authorities and used for carrying passengers or freight.

- (b) This part shall not apply to any single-seat, single-passenger chairlift located in a
 building owned and operated by an incorporated or unincorporated nonprofit organization
 organized and operated exclusively for educational, religious, charitable, or other
 eleemosynary purposes.
- (c) Any county, municipality, or other political subdivision which adopts the minimum
 rules and regulations as provided in Code Section 8-2-105 shall be audited on a semiannual
 basis for compliance by the office department; and any laws, ordinances, or resolutions in
 conflict with this part shall be void and of no effect.
- <u>8-2-109.2.</u>

2363(a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the department shall succeed to all2364rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized administrative orders of

	18 LC 41 1547S
2365	the Safety Fire Commissioner under this part which are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such
2366	rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall remain in effect until amended,
2367	repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.
2368	(b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
2369	authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
2370	function transferred to the department shall continue in effect until the same expire by their
2371	terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as provided by
2372	<u>law.</u>
2373	(c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the department shall carry out all of the
2374	functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers in this part that were formerly held
2375	by the Safety Fire Commissioner."
2376	SECTION 4-2.
2377	Said title is further amended by revising Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 2, relating to
2378	manufactured homes, as follows:
2379	"Part 2
2380	8-2-130.
2381	This part shall be known and may be cited as 'The Uniform Standards Code for
2382	Manufactured Homes Act.'
2383	8-2-131.
2384	As used in this part, the term:
2385	(1) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.
2386	(2) 'Installer' means a person responsible for performing an installation and who is
2387	required to obtain a license pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 8-2-160.
2388	(3) 'Lending institutions' means lenders that acquire manufactured or mobile homes
2389	incident to their regular business, including national and state chartered banks, federal

of Title 7, and lenders that are involved in manufactured or mobile home chattel lending. (4) 'Manufactured home' means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length or, when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein; except that such term shall

2390

and state chartered credit unions, lenders that are licensed under Article 13 of Chapter 1

LC 41 1547S

- include any structure which meets all the requirements of this paragraph except the size
 requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a certification
 required by the secretary of housing and urban development and complies with the
 standards established under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety
 Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq.
- 2403 (5) 'Manufacturer' means any person who constructs or assembles manufactured homes.
- (6) 'Mobile home' means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the
 traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in length or,
 when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet and which is built on a permanent chassis
 and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when
 connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning,
 and electrical systems contained therein and manufactured prior to June 15, 1976.
- (7) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other legal
 entity but shall not include a trust or the state or any political subdivision thereof.
- (8) 'Retail broker' means any person engaged in the business of selling or offering for
 sale to consumers three or more new or used manufactured or mobile homes in a 12
 month period and who does not maintain a display of manufactured or mobile homes.
 As used in this paragraph, the terms 'selling' and 'sale' include lease-purchase
 transactions, and the term 'retail broker' does not include lending institutions.
- (9) 'Retailer' means any person engaged in the business of selling or offering for sale to
 consumers three or more new or used manufactured or mobile homes in a 12 month
 period and who maintains a display of manufactured or mobile homes. As used in this
 paragraph, the terms 'selling' and 'sale' include lease-purchase transactions, and the term
 'retailer' does not include lending institutions.
- 2422 8-2-132.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized and empowered to contract or enter into 2423 2424 cooperative agreements with any agency, department, or instrumentality of the United 2425 States; any agency, board, department, or commission of the state; any county, municipality, or local government of the state, or any combination of same; any public or 2426 private corporation or firm, or any persons whatsoever; or any public authority, agency, 2427 2428 commission, or institution to participate in the enforcement of manufactured home construction and safety standards which may be promulgated pursuant to the National 2429 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. 2430 2431 Section 5401, et seq.; provided, however, that the Commissioner commissioner shall notify 2432 the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development by July 1 of his or her

intention to terminate any such contract or agreement, which termination shall becomeeffective on July 1 of the following year.

- (b) It is the policy of this state and purpose of this part to forbid the manufacture and sale
 of new manufactured homes which are not constructed in accordance with the National
 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C.
 Section 5401, et seq.
- (c) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized and empowered to issue and
 promulgate all rules and procedures which in his or her judgment are necessary and
 desirable to make effective the construction standards established by the National
 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section
 5401, et seq.

2444 8-2-133.

During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-132, the Commissioner commissioner may make, amend, alter, and repeal general rules and regulations of procedure to carry into effect this part, to obtain statistical data concerning manufactured homes, and to prescribe means, methods, and practices to make this part effective. The Commissioner commissioner may also make such investigations and inspections as in his or her judgment are necessary to enforce and administer this part.

2452 **8-2-134**.

2453 During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into 2454 cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-132, no 2455 person may manufacture, sell, or offer for sale any manufactured home unless such 2456 manufactured home and its components, systems, and appliances have been constructed and assembled in accordance with rules issued by the Commissioner commissioner with 2457 respect to the construction, assembly, and sale of such manufactured homes and unless 2458 2459 compliance with such rules is shown in the manner required by the Commissioner's 2460 commissioner's rules.

2461 8-2-135.

2462During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into2463cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-132:

(1) Every manufacturer who manufactures manufactured homes outside the State of
Georgia and who sells or offers for sale a manufactured home in Georgia shall apply for
and obtain a license;

2468

2467

(2) Every manufacturer who manufactures manufactured homes in Georgia shall apply for and obtain a license;

2469 (3) Every retailer and retail broker who sells or offers for sale new or used manufactured
2470 homes or mobile homes in Georgia shall apply for and obtain a license;

(4) Applications for licenses and renewal licenses shall be obtained from the
Commissioner commissioner and submitted on or before January 1 of each year. All
applicants shall certify in the application that all construction, electrical, heating, and
plumbing standards will be complied with as set forth in this part and in the rules and
regulations of the Commissioner commissioner; and

- (5) The license and renewal license fee shall be \$440.00 per manufacturing plant which 2476 manufactures manufactured homes within the State of Georgia; \$440.00 per out-of-state 2477 2478 manufacturing plant which manufactures manufactured homes for the purpose of offering 2479 for sale, or having such homes sold, within the State of Georgia; and \$300.00 per retailer 2480 location and retail broker which sells, offers for sale, or transports to sell such homes 2481 within the State of Georgia. The license shall be valid from January 1 through December 31 of the year in which it was issued. The fee for delinquent renewal 2482 applications received after January 10 of each year shall be double the regular annual 2483 2484 renewal fee.
- 2485 8-2-135.1.

2486 (a) During such time as the Commissioner's commissioner's office is acting as the primary 2487 inspection agency pursuant to Section 623 of the National Manufactured Housing 2488 Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq., or the 2489 regulations issued thereunder, every manufacturer who manufactures manufactured homes 2490 in Georgia shall pay to the Commissioner commissioner a manufacturing inspection fee for each manufactured home manufactured in Georgia, irrespective of whether the 2491 2492 manufactured home is offered for sale in this state. This manufacturing inspection fee shall be \$30.00 for each certification label, as defined in Section 623 of the National 2493 2494 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 2495 5401, et seq. For any reinspection, a \$15.00 additional fee shall be charged.

(b) During such time as the Commissioner's commissioner's office is acting as the state
administrative agency pursuant to Section 623 of the National Manufactured Housing
Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq., a
monitoring inspection fee paid by each manufacturer in Georgia for each manufactured
home manufactured in this state shall be paid to the secretary of the United States
Department of Housing and Urban Development or to the secretary's agent for distribution

in accordance with the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards
 Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq., and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

2504 8-2-136.

2505 Each manufacturer, retailer, retail broker, and installer of manufactured homes shall 2506 establish and maintain such records, make such reports, and provide such information as 2507 the Commissioner commissioner or the secretary of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development may reasonably require in order to be able to determine 2508 2509 whether the manufacturer, retailer, retail broker, or installer has acted or is acting in 2510 compliance with this part or with the National Manufactured Housing Construction and 2511 Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq. Upon the request of a 2512 person duly designated by the Commissioner commissioner or the secretary of the United 2513 States Department of Housing and Urban Development, each manufacturer, retailer, retail 2514 broker, and installer shall permit that person to inspect appropriate books, papers, records, 2515 and documents relevant to determining whether the manufacturer, retailer, retail broker, or 2516 installer has acted or is acting in compliance with this part or with the National 2517 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 2518 5401, et seq.

2519 8-2-137.

(a) Any hearing conducted under the provisions of this chapter or of the rules and
regulations promulgated under this part shall be in accordance with Chapter 13 of Title 50,
the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

- (b) The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to determine by regulation the
 manner in which he or she will conduct presentations of views as required during his or her
 participation as the state administrative agency pursuant to the National Manufactured
 Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq.
 (c) The Commissioner commissioner may, through regulations, establish a dispute
 resolution program in compliance with 42 U.S.C. Section 5422, the National Manufactured
 Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974.
- 2530 8-2-138.

During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-132, retailers, retail brokers, and installers are expressly prohibited from altering or modifying any manufactured home certified under this part and under the rules and regulations of the Commissioner commissioner, except that alterations, changes, or modifications may be

2536 made by retailers, retail brokers, or installers certified to make such alterations, changes, 2537 or modifications in accordance with rules and regulations promulgated by the 2538 <u>Commissioner commissioner</u>.

2539 8-2-139.

(a) No person may interfere with, obstruct, or hinder an authorized representative of the
 Commissioner commissioner who displays proper department credentials in the
 performance of his or her duties as set forth in this part.

- 2543 (b) The Commissioner commissioner or any of his or her authorized representatives, upon 2544 showing proper credentials and in the discharge of their duties pursuant to this part, are 2545 authorized during regular business hours and without advance notice to enter and inspect 2546 all facilities, warehouses, or establishments in the State of Georgia in which manufactured 2547 homes are manufactured.
- (c) The Commissioner commissioner or any of his or her authorized representatives, upon
 showing proper credentials and in the discharge of their duties pursuant to this part, are
 authorized during regular business hours and without advance notice to enter upon and
 inspect all premises in the State of Georgia in which manufactured homes are being sold.
- 2552 8-2-140.

Any authorized representative of the Commissioner commissioner may, upon displaying proper department credentials, stop and inspect any new manufactured home in transit in order to ascertain if the manufactured home complies with this part and the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder, provided that the manufactured home has been manufactured in this state or has been transported into this state for the purpose of sale within this state.

2559 8-2-141.

(a) During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into
cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-132, any
retailer, retail broker, or manufacturer who fails to apply for or obtain a license as required
by Code Section 8-2-135 or who fails to remit the appropriate license fee as stated in Code
Section 8-2-135 shall be subject to a monetary penalty not to exceed \$100.00 for each day
that such violation persists, except that the maximum monetary penalty shall not exceed
\$20,000.00 for any one violation.

(b) Any such monetary penalty may be imposed by the Commissioner commissioner after
notice and opportunity for hearing as provided under Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia
Administrative Procedure Act.' The amount of such penalty may be collected by the

LC 41 1547S

2570 Commissioner commissioner in the same manner that money judgments are now enforced
 2571 in the superior courts of this state.

(c) In addition to any such monetary penalty, the Commissioner commissioner may bring
a civil action to enjoin any violation of Code Section 8-2-135, and it shall not be necessary
for the Commissioner commissioner to allege or prove the absence of an adequate remedy
at law.

2576 8-2-142.

2577 If any state or foreign country imposes upon Georgia-domiciled manufactured home 2578 manufacturers (or upon their agents or representatives) any taxes, licenses, or other fees in 2579 the aggregate, or any fines, penalties, or other material obligations, prohibitions, or 2580 restrictions, for the privilege of doing business in that state or country, which costs, 2581 obligations, prohibitions, or restrictions are in excess of similar costs, obligations, 2582 prohibitions, or restrictions imposed by the State of Georgia upon manufactured home 2583 manufacturers (or their agents or representatives) which are domiciled in that state or 2584 foreign country and which are doing business or are seeking to do business in the State of 2585 Georgia, then so long as that state or foreign country continues to impose such costs, 2586 obligations, prohibitions, or restrictions upon Georgia-domiciled manufactured home 2587 manufacturers (or their agents or representatives), the State of Georgia shall impose upon 2588 manufactured home manufacturers (or their agents or representatives) which are domiciled 2589 in that state or foreign country and which are doing business or are seeking to do business 2590 in Georgia the same costs, obligations, prohibitions, or restrictions which are imposed by 2591 that state or foreign country on Georgia-domiciled manufactured home manufacturers (or their agents or representatives) which are doing business or seeking to do business in that 2592 2593 state or foreign country. Any tax, license, or other fee or other obligation imposed by any 2594 city, county, or other political subdivision or agency of such other state or country on 2595 manufactured home manufacturers domiciled in Georgia (or their agents or representatives) 2596 shall be deemed to be imposed by such state or country within the meaning of this Code 2597 section.

2598 8-2-143.

(a) Civil penalties. Any person in this state who violates any provision of Section 610 of
the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974,
42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq., or any regulation or final order issued thereunder, shall be
liable to the State of Georgia for a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,000.00 for each such
violation. Each violation of Section 610 of the aforementioned act or of any regulation or
order issued thereunder shall constitute a separate violation with respect to each

2605 manufactured home or with respect to each failure or refusal to allow or perform an act 2606 required thereby, except that the maximum civil penalty may not exceed \$1 million for any 2607 related series of violations occurring within one year from the date of the first violation. 2608 (b) Criminal penalties. An individual or a director, officer, or agent of a corporation who 2609 knowingly and willfully violates any provision of Section 610 of the National 2610 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. 2611 Section 5401, et seq., in a manner which threatens the health or safety of any purchaser 2612 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than 2613 \$1,000.00 or be imprisoned for not more than 12 months, or both.

2614 8-2-144.

2615 The Commissioner of Insurance commissioner shall file a report on or before December 15 2616 of each year accounting for all fees received by the Commissioner commissioner under this 2617 part and Part 3 of this article for the preceding 12 month period and for the actual costs of 2618 the inspection programs under this part and Part 3 of this article for the preceding 12 month 2619 period. Such report shall be provided to the chairpersons of the House Committee on 2620 Appropriations Committee, the Senate Appropriations Committee, the House Committee 2621 on Governmental Affairs Committee, and the Senate Regulated Industries and Utilities Committee, the director of the Office of Planning and Budget, the director of the Senate 2622 2623 Budget and Evaluation Office, and the director of the House Budget and Research Office.

<u>8-2-145.</u>

- (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall
 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized
 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this part which are in effect
 on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall remain in
 effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.
- (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
 provided by law.
- 2635 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
 2636 out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers in this part that were
 2637 formerly held by the Safety Fire Commissioner."

SECTION 4-3.

2639 Said title is further amended by revising Part 3 of Article 2 of Chapter 2, relating to 2640 installation of manufactured homes and mobile homes, as follows:

2641

2638

"Part 3

 2642
 8-2-160.

As used in this part, the term:

2644 (1) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

(2) 'Installation' means the construction of a foundation system and the placement or
erection of a manufactured home or a mobile home on the foundation system. Such term
includes, without limitation, supporting, blocking, leveling, securing, or anchoring such
home and connecting multiple or expandable sections of such home.

(3) 'Installer' means a person responsible for performing an installation and who is
required to obtain a license pursuant to the provisions of Code Section 8-2-164.

2651 (4) 'Manufactured home' means a new or used structure, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet 2652 2653 or more in length or, when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet and which is built 2654 on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, 2655 2656 heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein; except that such term 2657 shall include any structure which meets all the requirements of this paragraph except the 2658 size requirements and with respect to which the manufacturer voluntarily files a 2659 certification required by the secretary of housing and urban development and complies 2660 with the standards established under the National Manufactured Housing Construction 2661 and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq.

2662 (5) 'Manufacturer' means any person who constructs or assembles manufactured housing. (6) 'Mobile home' means a new or used structure, transportable in one or more sections, 2663 which, in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more 2664 in length or, when erected on site, is 320 or more square feet and which is built on a 2665 2666 permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities and includes the plumbing, heating, 2667 2668 air-conditioning, and electrical systems contained therein and built prior to June 15, 1976. (7) 'Person' means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other legal 2669 2670 entity, but shall not include a trust or the state or any political subdivision thereof.

2671 8-2-160.1.

2672 The Commissioner commissioner is authorized and empowered to contract or enter into 2673 cooperative agreements with any agency, department, or instrumentality of the United 2674 States as may be necessary to participate in the enforcement of manufactured home 2675 installation standards which may be promulgated pursuant to the National Manufactured 2676 Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq.; 2677 provided, however, that the Commissioner shall notify the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development by July 1 of his or her intention to terminate any such 2678 2679 contract or agreement, which termination shall become effective on July 1 of the following 2680 year.

2681 8-2-161.

2682 During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into 2683 cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-160.1, the 2684 Commissioner commissioner may:

- (1) Establish rules and procedures for the licensure of installers as provided by Code
 Section 8-2-164 and the implementation and collection of an annual license fee, which
 shall be \$300.00; and
- 2688 (2) Establish and publish in print or electronically rules and regulations governing the 2689 installation of manufactured homes and mobile homes to be followed in instances in 2690 which no manufacturer's installation instructions are available. Such rules and 2691 regulations shall be equivalent to usual and ordinary manufacturer's installation 2692 instructions.
- 2693 **8-2-162**.

2694 During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-160.1, the 2695 Commissioner commissioner has full authority to administer this part and may make, 2696 2697 amend, alter, and repeal general rules and regulations of procedure to carry into effect this part, to obtain statistical data concerning manufactured homes and mobile homes, and to 2698 2699 prescribe means, methods, and practices to make this part effective. The Commissioner 2700 commissioner may also make such investigations of consumer complaints relating to 2701 installations as in his or her judgment are necessary to enforce and administer this part.

8-2-163.

2702

It shall be unlawful for any person to perform an installation of a manufactured home or a mobile home, without regard to whether such person receives compensation for such action, except as provided in this part.

2706 8-2-164.

2707 During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into 2708 cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-160.1:

(1) Any installer performing any installation of a manufactured home or a mobile home
in this state shall first obtain a license from the Commissioner commissioner; provided,
however, that persons employed by or contracting with a licensed installer to perform
installations shall not be required to obtain such license; and

(2) In addition to the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Code section, any installer
performing any installation of any new or pre-owned manufactured or mobile home in
this state shall first purchase a permit from the Commissioner. The cost of such permit
shall be \$60.00 for each manufactured or mobile home. Each installer shall provide any
information required by the Commissioner commissioner to be submitted to obtain a
permit. A permit shall be attached by the installer to the panel box of each manufactured
or mobile home upon completion of installation.

8-2-165.

(a) Any installation of a manufactured home or a mobile home in this state shall be
performed in strict compliance with the applicable manufacturer's installation instructions,
specifically including, without limitation, correctly installed tie-downs and anchors. In the
absence of such instructions, installations shall be performed in accordance with the
applicable rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner commissioner.

(b) During such time as the Commissioner commissioner has contracted or entered into 2726 cooperative agreements pursuant to his or her authority under Code Section 8-2-160.1, the 2727 2728 Commissioner commissioner or his or her agent shall perform random inspections on 2729 installations performed by each installer each year. The inspections required by this subsection shall be independent of any requirements under Subpart I of Part 3282 of the 2730 Manufactured Home Procedural and Enforcement Regulations of the National 2731 Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 2732 2733 5401, et seq.

8-2-166.

2734

- Any person determined by the Commissioner commissioner to be in violation of this part may be penalized by a fine of not more than \$500.00 for each such violation, and by the suspension or revocation of licensure. Multiple violations of this part occurring in a single installation shall constitute one violation. Each installation performed in violation of this part shall constitute a separate violation. In addition to any penalty imposed by the Commissioner commissioner, any person convicted of a violation of this part shall be guilty of and may be punished as for a misdemeanor.
- 8-2-167.
- 2743 No political subdivision may adopt or enforce any requirement not consistent with this part.
- 2744 8-2-168.

(a) The adoption of rules and conduct of hearings under this part shall be in compliance
with the provisions of Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'
(b) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized to provide by regulation the manner
in which he or she will conduct presentations of views during his or her participation as the
state administrative agency as required by the National Manufactured Housing
Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, 42 U.S.C. Section 5401, et seq.

- <u>8-2-169.</u>
- (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall
 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized
 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this part which are in effect
 on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall remain in
 effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the Board of Fire Safety.
- (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
 provided by law.
- (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
 out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers in this part that were
 formerly held by the Safety Fire Commissioner."

	18 LC 41 1547S
2765	PART V
2766	SECTION 5-1.
2767	Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Coercie Appoteted relating to calling and other
	Chapter 1 of Title 10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to selling and other
2768 2769	trade practices, is amended by revising Article 10, relating to sale and storage of liquefied petroleum gas, as follows:
2709	petroleum gas, as ronows.
2770	"ARTICLE 10
2771	10-1-260.
2772	This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Liquefied Petroleum Safety Act of
2773	Georgia.'
2774	10-1-261.
2775	The General Assembly of Georgia finds, determines, and declares that this article is
2776	necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.
2777	10-1-262.
2778	As used in this article, the term 'liquefied petroleum gas' means any material which is
2779	composed predominantly of any of the following hydrocarbons or mixtures of the same:
2780	propane, propylene, butanes (normal butane or isobutane), and butylenes.
2781	10-1-263.
2782	The state fire marshal, ex officio, shall be designated as the officer charged with the duty
2783	and authority of enforcing this article, subject to the approval of the commissioner of fire
2784	<u>safety</u> .
2785	10-1-264.
2786	The state fire marshal, subject to the approval of the commissioner of fire safety, is
2787	authorized to appoint and employ such assistants and employees, fix their salaries, and
2788	assign and delegate such duties and responsibilities as he or she may deem necessary to
2789	carry out this article in an efficient manner.
2790	10-1-265.
2791	(a) The state fire marshal commissioner of fire safety shall make, promulgate, adopt, and
2792	enforce rules and regulations setting forth minimum general standards covering the design,
2793	construction, location, installation, and operation of equipment for storing, handling,

LC 41 1547S

transporting by tank truck or tank trailer, and utilizing liquefied petroleum gases and specifying the odorization of said gases and the degree thereof. Said rules and regulations shall be such as are reasonably necessary for the protection of the health, welfare, and safety of the public and persons using such materials and shall be based upon reasonable substantial conformity with the generally accepted standards of safety concerning the same subject matter.

(b) Rules and regulations promulgated by the state fire marshal commissioner of fire safety
based upon reasonable substantial conformity with the published standards of the National
Board of Fire Underwriters for the design, installation, and construction of containers and
pertinent equipment for the storage and handling of liquefied petroleum gases as
recommended by the National Fire Protection Association shall be deemed to be in
substantial conformity with the generally accepted standards of safety concerning the
subject matter.

2807 10-1-266.

The state fire marshal is authorized and empowered to issue a license or permit to such 2808 2809 person, firm, or corporation qualifying under the terms of this article and such rules and 2810 regulations as may be adopted by the state fire marshal. For such license or permit issued 2811 on or after July 1, 1990, a one-time fee of not less than \$100.00 nor more than \$500.00 2812 shall be charged on a graduated capacity scale for each installation of such person, firm, 2813 or corporation doing business in Georgia. All fees, assessments, and collections made by 2814 the state fire marshal shall be paid into the general fund of the state treasury. The license 2815 or permit of any licensee or permittee who had paid an annual license or permit fee on or after January 1, 1990, but prior to July 1, 1990, shall be valid for the remainder of the 2816 2817 period of time covered by such payment and, upon the expiration of such period of time, 2818 the licensee or permittee shall become subject to the one-time fee requirement provided in 2819 this Code section.

2820 10-1-267.

The state fire marshal is authorized and empowered as a prerequisite to a license or permit 2821 to require the applicant for such license or permit to furnish insurance, surety bond, or a 2822 2823 personal bond with security in such amounts and terms as the state fire marshal may deem 2824 advisable and expedient for the protection of the general public and to indemnify for losses 2825 and damages which proximately result from any act of negligence of the principal, his or 2826 her agents, or employees while he or she or they may be engaged in the performance of 2827 duties with reference to the liquefied petroleum business. The state fire marshal is also authorized to adopt and enforce reasonable rules and regulations governing such insurance 2828

- and bonds. Such regulations shall be adopted by the state fire marshal only after a publichearing thereon.
- 2831 10-1-268.

(a) Every entity licensed to sell or distribute liquefied petroleum gas in this state shall have
located within the State of Georgia storage capacity for a minimum of 30,000 water gallons
of liquefied petroleum gas, except that entities initially licensed prior to July 1, 1990, may
continue to operate with the previously approved 18,000 gallons minimum storage
capacity. If the 30,000 gallons (water capacity) storage consists of more than one container,
then no storage container used to meet this requirement shall be of a size less than 6,000
gallons (water capacity).

(b) The storage capacity required by subsection (a) of this Code section shall be withinclose proximity to the area serviced.

(c) The state fire marshal, in his <u>or her</u> discretion and in accordance with such rules and
regulations as have been or may be duly promulgated and adopted under this article, may
waive the minimum bulk storage facility requirement of subsection (a) of this Code section.
(d) If the storage capacity required by subsection (a) of this Code section is leased or
rented, then such storage capacity must be dedicated to the exclusive use of the lessee and
must include separate piping and loading/unloading facilities.

2847 10-1-269.

The state fire marshal, upon ten days' written notice in the form of a show cause order to the licensee stating his <u>or her</u> contemplated action and in general the grounds therefor and after giving the licensee a reasonable opportunity to be heard, subject to the right to review provided in Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' may, by order in writing, suspend or revoke any license issued under this article or, in lieu thereof, may assess a penalty against said licensee in an amount not to exceed \$1,000.00, if the state fire marshal shall find:

- (1) That the licensee has failed to pay the license fee or any fee required under this articleor any penalty imposed under the article; or
- (2) That the licensee knowingly has violated any of the provisions of this article or any
 of the rules and regulations promulgated under this article; provided, however, that any
 such suspension or revocation or imposition of penalty shall not become final, pending
 and subject to the right of review provided in Chapter 13 of Title 50, but the court shall
 have and is granted power to enter such order as justice shall require pending hearing on
 the appeal; and provided, further, that the court upon the appeal may tax the cost,
 including the cost of the hearing before the state fire marshal, against the losing party.

2864 10-1-270.

No municipality or other political subdivision of this state shall adopt or enforce any ordinance, rule, or regulation in conflict with this article or with the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the state fire marshal under the terms and authority of this article.

2869 10-1-271.

2870 The state fire marshal is authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with another state2871 to effectuate the purposes of this article.

2872 10-1-272.

Any person, firm, association, or corporation violating this article or any of the rules and regulations of the state fire marshal made under this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

<u>10-1-273.</u>

- (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner of fire safety, and the Department of Fire
 Safety shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and
 finalized administrative orders of the state fire marshal under this article which are in effect
 on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall remain in
 effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the Board of Fire Safety.
- (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
 authorizations previously issued by the state fire marshal with respect to any function
 transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same expire
 by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
 provided by law.
- 2887 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the Department of Fire Safety shall carry out all of the functions
 2888 and obligations and exercise all of the powers in this article that were formerly held by the
 2889 state fire marshal."
- 2890

PART VI

2891

SECTION 6-1.

- Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to crimes and offenses, is
 amended by revising paragraph (2) of Code Section 16-7-80, relating to definitions regarding
 bombs, explosives, and chemical and biological weapons, as follows:
- 2895 "(2) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety."

	18 LC 41 1547S
2896	SECTION 6-2.
2897	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-7-90, relating to records and
2898	reports, as follows:
2899	<i>"</i> 16-7-90.
2900	It shall be the duty of any person authorized by paragraph (1) or (2) of Code
2901	Section 16-7-93 to manufacture, possess, transport, distribute, or use a destructive device,
2902	detonator, explosive, or hoax device within the state:
2903	(1) To maintain such records as may be required pursuant to Title 25. Such records may
2904	be inspected by the Commissioner commissioner or the director or such officers'
2905	designees or any law enforcement officer or fire official during normal business hours;
2906	and
2907	(2) To report promptly the loss or theft of any destructive device, detonator, explosive,
2908	or hoax device to the Georgia Bureau of Investigation."
2909	SECTION 6-3.
2910	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-7-91, relating to searches and
2911	inspections, as follows:
2912	"16-7-91.
2913	The Commissioner commissioner or director or such officers' designees or any law
2914	enforcement officer or fire official may obtain an inspection warrant as provided in Code
2915	Section 25-2-22.1 to conduct a search or inspection of:
2916	(1) Any person licensed pursuant to Title 25 to manufacture, possess, transport, sell,
2917	distribute, or use a destructive device or detonator within the state;
2918	(2) Any person licensed pursuant to Chapter 7 of Title 2 to manufacture, possess,
2919	transport, sell, or distribute or use pesticides; or
2920	(3) Any property where such pesticide, destructive device, or detonator is manufactured,
2921	possessed, transported, distributed, or used."
2022	SECTION 6-4.
2922	
2923	Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 16-7-93, relating to exceptions to
2924	applicability of provisions, as follows:
2925	"16-7-93. The manifold of Code Costinue 16 7 82 16 7 84 16 7 85 and 16 7 86 shall not employ
2926	The provisions of Code Sections 16-7-82, 16-7-84, 16-7-85, and 16-7-86 shall not apply
2927	to:
2928	(1) Any person authorized to manufacture, possess, transport, distribute, or use a
2929	destructive device or detonator pursuant to the laws of the United States, as amended, or

- 2930 pursuant to Title 25 when such person is acting in accordance with such laws and any2931 regulations issued pursuant thereto;
- (2) Any person licensed as a blaster by the Commissioner commissioner pursuant to
 Chapter 8 of Title 25, when such blaster is acting in accordance with the laws of the state
 and any regulations promulgated thereunder and any ordinances and regulations of the
 political subdivision or authority of the state where blasting operations are being
 performed;
- 2937 (3) Fireworks, as defined by Code Section 25-10-1, and any person authorized by the
 2938 laws of this state and of the United States to manufacture, possess, distribute, transport,
 2939 store, exhibit, display, or use fireworks;
- (4) A law enforcement, fire service, or emergency management agency of this state, any
 agency or authority of a political subdivision of this state, or the United States and any
 employee or authorized agent thereof while in performance of official duties and any law
 enforcement officer, fire official, or emergency management official of the United States
 or any other state while attending training in this state;
- 2945 (5) The armed forces of the United States or of this state;
- (6) Research or educational programs conducted by or on behalf of a college, university,
 or secondary school which have been authorized by the chief executive officer of such
 educational institution or his or her designee and which is conducted in accordance with
 the laws of the United States and of this state;
- (7) The use of explosive materials in medicines and medicinal agents in forms prescribed
 by the most recent published edition of the official United States Pharmacopoeia or the
 National Formulary;
- 2953 (8) Small arms ammunition and reloading components thereof;
- (9) Commercially manufactured black powder in quantities not to exceed 50 pounds,
 percussion caps, safety and pyrotechnic fuses, quills, quick and slow matches, and
 friction primers intended to be used solely for sporting, recreational, or cultural purposes
 in antique firearms or antique devices; or
- 2958 (10) An explosive which is lawfully possessed in accordance with the rules adopted
 2959 pursuant to Code Section 16-7-94."
- 2960
- 2961

PART VII

SECTION 7-1.

Title 25 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to fire protection and safety, is amended by revising Code Section 25-8-2, relating to definitions regarding the regulation of blasting operations generally, as follows:

2965 "25-8-2.

- As used in this chapter, the term: (1) 'Blaster' means a person qualified by reason of training, knowledge, or experience to fire or detonate explosives in blasting operations and who has in his <u>or her</u> possession a valid blaster's license issued by the <u>Commissioner commissioner</u>.
- (2) 'Blasting operation' means the use of explosives in the blasting of stone, rock, ore, or
 any other natural formation or in any construction or demolition work but shall not
 include the use of explosives in agricultural operations and private and personal use of
 explosives in remote areas for such operations as ditching, land clearing, destruction of
 beaver dams and other such operations when not in close proximity to adjacent property.
 This chapter shall not apply to any blasting operation in which the charge weight is 200
 pounds or less.

2977 (3) 'Charge weight' means the total weight in pounds of an explosive charge.

- (4) 'Charge weight per delay' means the weight in pounds of an explosive charge which
 is detonated per delay period for delay intervals of eight milliseconds or greater or the
 total weight of explosives in pounds which is detonated within an interval less than eight
 milliseconds.
- 2982

(5) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

- (6) 'Delay initiation' means the detonation of the subcharge of explosives in
 predetermined sequence which is accomplished by using regular or short period delay
 electric blasting caps or other means of equivalent effectiveness.
- (7) 'Delay period' means the time interval in milliseconds (eight milliseconds or greater)
 between successive detonations of subchargers produced by the delay devices used.
- (8) 'Distance' means the actual distance in feet along ground contour to the nearest house,
 public building, school, church, or commercial or institutional building normally
 occupied.
- (9) 'Explosives' means any chemical compound or other substance or mechanical system
 intended for the purpose of producing an explosion or containing oxidizing and
 combustible units or other ingredients in such proportions or quantities that ignition by
 fire, by friction, by concussion, by percussion, or by detonator may produce an explosion
 capable of causing injury to persons or damage to property.
- (10) 'Particle velocity' means the velocity with which an earth particle moves whenvibrating or oscillating in any manner from its position of rest or elastic equilibrium.
- (11) 'Person' means any individual, public or private corporation, political subdivision,
 government agency, municipality, industry, partnership, association, firm, trust, estate,
 or other entity whatsoever.

3001 (12) 'Scaled distance' or 'Ds' means the actual distance (D) in feet divided by the square
3002 root of the maximum charge weight (W) in pounds that is detonated per delay period.
3003 This means:

Actual distance

3885

3006

3007 3008

3009

Ds = D \sqrt{W}

Scaled distance =

 $\sqrt{\text{charge weight per delay interval}^{"}}$

3010

SECTION 7-2.

3011 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-3, relating to requirements
3012 governing use of explosives in blasting generally, as follows:

3013 "25-8-3.

3014 (a) The use of explosives for the purpose of blasting in the neighborhood of any public
3015 highway, railroad, airport, dwelling house, public building, school, church, commercial or
3016 institutional building, or pipeline shall be done in accordance with this chapter and the rules
3017 and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner.

- 3018 (b) In all blasting operations, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the maximum 3019 particle velocity of any component of ground motion recorded on a three-component 3020 seismograph (where the components — transverse, vertical, and longitudinal — are 3021 arranged mutually perpendicular) shall not exceed two inches per second at the location of 3022 any dwelling house, public building, school, church, or commercial or institutional building 3023 normally occupied.
- 3024 (c) Blasting operations without instrumentation will be considered as being within the
 3025 limits set forth in this Code section if such blasting operations are conducted in accordance
 3026 with subsection (d) of this Code section.
- 3027 (d) Any blasting operation may be conducted without reference to any maximum amount or period provided by this Code section if the person in charge of the blasting operation 3028 3029 demonstrates by instrumentation that maximum particle velocity of any component of the 3030 ground motion does not exceed the limits provided in subsection (b) of this Code section. 3031 (e) Instrumentation for determining particle velocity of ground motion, as set forth in this 3032 chapter, shall be limited to devices that conform with design criteria for portable 3033 seismographs as found in the United States Bureau of Mines, RI-6487 and United States 3034 Bureau of Mines Bulletin 656. The instrument should have calibration traceable to the United States Bureau of Standards. The Commissioner commissioner or his or her duly 3035 3036 authorized agent may enter upon premises for the purpose of observing any necessary instrumentation provided by this chapter. 3037

LC 41 1547S

(f) When blasting operations, other than those conducted at a fixed site as a part of any
industry or business operated at the site, are to be conducted within close proximity to a
known pipeline, the blaster or person in charge of the blasting operations shall take
reasonable precautionary measures for the protection of the line and shall notify the owner
of the line or his <u>or her</u> agent that the blastings are intended.

- 3043 (g) Blasting operations shall not be conducted within close proximity to any public
 3044 highway unless reasonable precautionary measures are taken to safeguard the public.
- 3045 (h) When blasting operations are conducted at the immediate location of any dwelling
- 3046house, public building, school, church, or commercial or institutional building which would3047result in ground vibrations having a particle velocity exceeding the limits provided by this3048chapter, such blasting operations may proceed after the receipt of written consent from the2040 $\int_{0}^{\infty} t = 1/2$
- 3049 property owner or owners affected."
- 3050 SECTION 7-3.
 3051 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-7, relating to refusal, suspension,
 3052 or revocation of license, as follows:

3053 "25-8-7.

- Issuance of a license for the use of explosives may be refused or such a license which has been duly issued may be suspended or revoked or the renewal thereof refused by the Commissioner <u>commissioner</u> if the Commissioner <u>commissioner</u> finds that the applicant for or the holder of the license:
- 3058 (1) Has violated any provision of this chapter or of any other law of this state or any
 3059 regulation duly promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner;
- 3060 (2) Has intentionally misrepresented or concealed any material fact in the application for
 3061 the license or any document filed in support thereof;
- 3062 (3) Has permitted any person in his or her employ, either by direct instruction or by
 3063 reasonable implication, to violate this chapter;
- 3064 (4) Has been convicted of a felony by final judgment in any state or federal court;
- 3065 (5) Has failed to comply with or has violated any proper order, rule, or regulation issued
 3066 by the Commissioner commissioner; or
- 3067 (6) Has otherwise shown a lack of trustworthiness or lack of competence to act as a3068 blaster."

3069 SECTION 7-4.
3070 Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-9, relating to promulgation of
3071 rules and regulations by Commissioner and forms, as follows:

3072 "25-8-9.

- The Commissioner commissioner may promulgate such rules and regulations, neither inconsistent nor contradictory with this chapter, as he <u>or she</u> deems necessary to effectuate this chapter. The Commissioner commissioner may also prescribe the forms required for the administration of this chapter."
- 3077

SECTION 7-5.

- 3078Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-10, relating to approval by3079Commissioner of variations from requirements of chapter, as follows:
- 3080 "25-8-10.
- The Commissioner commissioner may approve variations from the requirements of this chapter when he <u>or she</u> finds that an emergency exists and that the proposed variations from the specific requirements are necessary, will not hinder the effective administration of this chapter, and will not be contrary to any other applicable law, either state or federal."
- 3085

SECTION 7-6.

Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-11, relating to powers of
Commissioner for enforcement of chapter, rules, and regulations generally and privileged
nature of evidence submitted to Commissioner, as follows:
"25-8-11.

- (a) Whenever it appears to the Commissioner commissioner, either upon investigation or 3090 3091 otherwise, that any person has engaged in, is engaging in, or is about to engage in any act, 3092 practice, or transaction which is prohibited by this chapter or by any rule, regulation, or 3093 order of the Commissioner commissioner promulgated or issued pursuant to this chapter 3094 or which is declared to be unlawful under this chapter, the Commissioner commissioner, 3095 in his or her discretion and if he or she deems it to be appropriate in the public interest or 3096 for the protection of the citizens of this state, may issue an order prohibiting the person 3097 from continuing the act, practice, or transaction.
- 3098 (b) Other powers granted to the Commissioner commissioner for the enforcement of this
 3099 chapter include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) The Commissioner commissioner may institute actions or other legal proceedings in
 any superior court of proper venue. Thereupon, the superior court, among other
 appropriate relief, may issue injunctions restraining persons and those acting in active
 concert with them from engaging in acts prohibited by the Commissioner commissioner
 in the enforcement of this chapter;
- 3105 (2) In addition to any other penalties provided in this chapter, the Commissioner
 3106 commissioner shall have authority to place a licensee on probation for a period of time

LC 41 1547S

not to exceed one year or to impose a monetary fine of up to \$1,000.00, or to do both, for each and every violation of this chapter or of the rules and regulations or orders of the Commissioner commissioner promulgated pursuant thereto; and (3) The Commissioner commissioner or his or her designee shall have investigatorial powers and shall be empowered to subpoena witnesses and to examine them under oath.

- 3112 (c) All testimony, documents, and other evidence required to be submitted to the
- 3113 Commissioner commissioner pursuant to this chapter shall be privileged."
- 3114

SECTION 7-7.

- Said title is further amended by revising Code Section 25-8-12, relating to penalties for
 violations of chapter, rules, regulations, or orders, and by adding a new Code section to read
 as follows:
- 3118 "25-8-12.

3119Any person who violates this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order promulgated by the3120Commissioner commissioner pursuant to this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and,

- 3121 upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500.00 and not more
- 3122 than \$1,000.00.

3123 <u>25-8-13.</u>

- (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall 3124 3125 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized 3126 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall 3127 remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board. 3128 3129 (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any 3130 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same 3131 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as 3132 3133 provided by law.
- 3134 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
 3135 out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the
- 3136 <u>Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter.</u>"

	18 LC 41 1547S
3137	PART VIII
3138	SECTION 8-1.
3139	Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 10, relating to regulation of fireworks, as
3140	follows:
3141	"CHAPTER 10
3142	25-10-1.
3143	(a) As used in this chapter, the term:
3144	(1) 'Commissioner' means the commissioner of fire safety.
3145	(1)(2) 'Consumer fireworks' means any small fireworks devices containing restricted
3146	amounts of pyrotechnic composition, designed primarily to produce visible or audible
3147	effects by combustion, that comply with the construction, chemical composition, and
3148	labeling regulations of the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission as
3149	provided for in Parts 1500 and 1507 of Title 16 of the Code of Federal Regulations, the
3150	United States Department of Transportation as provided for in Part 172 of Title 49 of the
3151	Code of Federal Regulations, and the American Pyrotechnics Association as provided for
3152	in the 2001 American Pyrotechnics Association Standard 87-1, and additionally shall
3153	mean Roman candles.
3154	(2)(3) 'Consumer fireworks retail sales facility' shall have the same meaning as provided
3155	for by NFPA 1124; provided, however, that such term shall not include a tent, canopy,
3156	or membrane structure.
3157	(3)(4) 'Consumer fireworks retail sales stand' shall have the same meaning as provided
3158	for by NFPA 1124.
3159	(4)(5) 'Distributor' means any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership which
3160	sells consumer fireworks.
3161	(4.1)(6) 'Electric plant' shall have the same meaning as provided for in Code Section
3162	46-3A-1.
3163	(5)(7) 'Fireworks' means any combustible or explosive composition or any substance or
3164	combination of substances or article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or
3165	audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration, or detonation, including blank
3166	cartridges, firecrackers, torpedos, skyrockets, bombs, sparklers, and other combustibles
3167	and explosives of like construction, as well as articles containing any explosive or
3168	flammable compound and tablets and other devices containing an explosive substance.

- 3169(6)(8) 'NFPA 1124' means the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1124, Code3170for the Manufacture, Transportation, Storage, and Retail Sales of Fireworks and3171Pyrotechnic Articles, 2006 Edition.
- 3172 (7)(9) 'Nonprofit group' means any entity exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3)
- 3173of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, any entity incorporated under Chapter 3 of Title317414, the 'Georgia Nonprofit Corporation Code,' or a sponsored organization of a public or
- 3175 private elementary or secondary school in this state.
- 3176 (8)(10) 'Proximate audience' means an audience closer to pyrotechnic devices than
 3177 permitted by the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1123, *Code for Fireworks* 3178 *Display*, as adopted by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner.
- 3179 (9)(11) 'Pyrotechnics' means fireworks.
- 3180 (10)(12) 'Store' shall have the same meaning as provided for by NFPA 1124; provided,
 3181 however, that such term shall only include such buildings with at least 4,000 square feet
 3182 of retail display space and wherefrom:
- 3183 (A) No more than 25 percent of such retail display space is used for consumer
 3184 fireworks and items or products as provided for under paragraph (2) of subsection (b)
 3185 of this Code section; and
- (B) Other items or products which are not consumer fireworks or items or products as
 provided for under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of this Code section are sold;
- and provided, further, that such term means a person, firm, corporation, association, or
 partnership with more than one mercantile location, where all such mercantile locations
 are collectively known to the public by the same name or share central management.
- 3191 (11)(13) 'Waste-water treatment plant' shall have the same meaning as provided for in
 3192 Code Section 43-51-2.
- 3193 (12)(14) 'Water treatment plant' shall have the same meaning as provided for in Code
 3194 Section 43-51-2.
- (b) As used in this chapter, the term 'consumer fireworks' or 'fireworks' shall not include:
 (1) Model rockets and model rocket engines designed, sold, and used for the purpose of
 propelling recoverable aero models, toy pistol paper caps in which the explosive content
 averages 0.25 grains or less of explosive mixture per paper cap or toy pistols, toy
 cannons, toy canes, toy guns, or other devices using such paper caps; nor shall the term
 'consumer fireworks' or 'fireworks' include ammunition consumed by weapons used for
 sporting and hunting purposes; and
- 3202 (2) Wire or wood sparklers of 100 grams or less of mixture per item; other sparkling
 3203 items which are nonexplosive and nonaerial and contain 75 grams or less of chemical
 3204 compound per tube or a total of 500 grams or less for multiple tubes; snake and glow
 3205 worms; smoke devices; or trick noise makers which include paper streamers, party

LC 41 1547S

poppers, string poppers, snappers, and drop pops each consisting of 0.25 grains or lessof explosive mixture.

3208 25-10-2.

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership to
offer for sale at retail or wholesale, to use or ignite or cause to be ignited, or to possess,
manufacture, transport, or store any consumer fireworks or fireworks, except as otherwise
provided in this chapter.

3213 (b)(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, it shall be unlawful
3214 for any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership to sell consumer fireworks
3215 or any items defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-10-1 to any
3216 person under 18 years of age.

3217 (2) It shall be unlawful to sell consumer fireworks or any items defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-10-1 to any person by any means other than an 3218 3219 in-person, face-to-face sale. Such person shall provide proper identification to the seller at the time of such purchase. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'proper 3220 identification' means any document issued by a governmental agency containing a 3221 3222 description of the person or such person's photograph, or both, and giving such person's 3223 date of birth and includes without being limited to a passport, military identification card, 3224 driver's license, or identification card authorized under Code Sections 40-5-100 through 3225 40-5-104.

3226 (3)(A) It shall be unlawful to use fireworks, consumer fireworks, or any items defined
in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-10-1 indoors or within the right
of way of a public road, street, highway, or railroad of this state.

(B) Except as provided for in subparagraph (D) or (E) of this paragraph and subject to
paragraph (4) of this subsection and Code Section 25-10-2.1, it shall be lawful for any
person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership to use or ignite or cause to be
ignited any consumer fireworks:

3233 (i) On any day beginning at the time of 10:00 A.M. and up to and including the3234 ending time of 9:00 P.M.;

(ii) On any day after the time of 9:00 P.M. and up to and including the time of 11:59
P.M. if such use or ignition is lawful pursuant to any noise ordinance of the county
or municipal corporation of the location in which such use or ignition occurs, except
as otherwise provided for under this subparagraph; provided, however, that a county
or municipal corporation may additionally require the issuance of a special use permit
pursuant to subparagraph (D) of this paragraph for use or ignition;

- (iii) On January 1, July 3, July 4, and December 31 of each year after the time of 9:00
 P.M. and up to and including the time of 11:59 P.M.; and
 (iv) On January 1 of each year beginning at the time of 12:00 Midnight and up to and
 including the ending time of 1:00 A.M.
- 3245 (C) Subject to subparagraph (D) of this paragraph, paragraph (4) of this subsection, and
 3246 Code Section 25-10-2.1, it shall be lawful for any person, firm, corporation, association,
 3247 or partnership to use or ignite or cause to be ignited any consumer fireworks anywhere
 3248 in this state except:
- (i) As provided for under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;
- (ii) In any location where such person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership
 is not lawfully present or is not otherwise lawfully permitted to use or ignite or cause
 to be ignited any consumer fireworks;
- (iii) Within 100 yards of an electric plant; water treatment plant; waste-water
 treatment plant; a facility engaged in the retail sale of gasoline or other flammable or
 combustible liquids or gases where the volume stored is in excess of 500 gallons for
 the purpose of retail sale; a facility engaged in the production, refining, processing,
 or blending of any flammable or combustible liquids or gases for retail purposes; any
 public or private electric substation; or a jail or prison;
- (iv) Within 100 yards of the boundaries of any public use air facility provided for
 under Title 6 or any public use landing area or platform marked and designed for
 landing use by helicopters;
- (v) Within any park, historic site, recreational area, or other property which is owned
 by or operated by, for, or under the custody and control of a governing authority of
 a county or municipal corporation, except pursuant to a special use permit as provided
 for in subparagraph (D) of this paragraph;
- (vi) Within any park, historic site, recreational area, or other property which is owned
 by or operated by, for, or under the custody and control of the State of Georgia,
 except pursuant to any rules and regulations of the agency or department having
 control of such property which may allow for such use or ignition of consumer
 fireworks;
- (vii) Within 100 yards of a hospital, nursing home, or other health care facility
 regulated under Chapter 7 of Title 31; provided, however, that an owner or operator
 of such facility may use or ignite or cause to be ignited consumer fireworks on the
 property of such facility or may grant written permission to any person, firm,
 corporation, association, or partnership to use or ignite or cause to be ignited
 consumer fireworks on the property of such facility; or

3277

3278

3279

LC 41 1547S

(viii) While under the influence of alcohol or any drug or any combination of alcohol and any drug to the extent that it is less safe or unlawful for such person to ignite consumer fireworks as provided for in Code Section 25-10-2.1.

3280 (D) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership may use or ignite or cause to be ignited any consumer fireworks as provided for under divisions (3)(B)(ii) 3281 3282 and (3)(C)(v) of this subsection if such person, firm, corporation, association, or 3283 partnership is issued a special use permit pursuant to the law of a governing authority of a county or municipal corporation for the use or ignition of consumer fireworks in 3284 3285 a location within such county or municipality as provided for under divisions (3)(B)(ii) and (3)(C)(v) of this subsection, provided that such special use permit is required for 3286 such use or ignition. Such special use permit shall designate the time or times and 3287 3288 location that such person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership may use or ignite or cause to be ignited such consumer fireworks. A fee assessed by a county or 3289 municipal corporation for the issuance of a special use permit pursuant to this 3290 subparagraph shall not exceed \$100.00. No governing authority or official of a county, 3291 3292 municipality, or other political subdivision shall bear liability for any decisions made 3293 pursuant to this Code section.

3294 (E) Whenever the Governor issues a declaration of drought, the Governor may, for the 3295 boundaries of the area covered by such declaration, enact further regulations and 3296 restrictions concerning the use of consumer fireworks than provided for under this 3297 chapter; provided, however, that no such further regulations or restrictions on the use 3298 of consumer fireworks shall be effective pursuant to this subparagraph on January 1, July 3, July 4, or December 31 of any year; provided, further, that such further 3299 regulations or restrictions shall only apply to the exact boundaries of the area covered 3300 3301 by such declaration and shall only apply with regard to the ignition of consumer 3302 fireworks; and provided, further, that upon expiration or conclusion of such declaration, 3303 such further regulations or restrictions shall be rescinded by law.

(4)(A) It shall be lawful for any person 18 years of age or older to use or ignite or 3304 3305 cause to be ignited or to possess, manufacture, transport, or store consumer fireworks. (B) To the extent otherwise permitted by law, it shall be lawful for any person who is 3306 16 or 17 years of age to possess or transport consumer fireworks, provided that such 3307 person is serving as an assistant to a distributor licensed under subsection (c) of Code 3308 3309 Section 25-10-5.1 or the nonprofit group benefiting from such distributor's application 3310 pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1 and is not transporting such consumer fireworks on a highway which constitutes a part of The Dwight D. 3311 3312 Eisenhower System of Interstate and Defense Highways.

LC 41 1547S

- (5)(A) It shall be lawful for any person 18 years of age or older to sell or to offer for
 sale at retail or wholesale any consumer fireworks pursuant to the requirements of this
 chapter.
- (B) It shall be lawful for any person who is 16 or 17 years of age to sell or to offer for
 sale at retail or wholesale any consumer fireworks, provided that such person is serving
 as an assistant to a distributor licensed under subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1
 or the nonprofit group benefiting from such distributor's application pursuant to
 subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1.
- (6)(A) It shall be lawful to sell consumer fireworks from a permanent consumer
 fireworks retail sales facility or store only if such permanent consumer fireworks retail
 sales facility or store is:
- (i) In compliance with the requirements for such a permanent consumer fireworks
 retail sales facility or store in the selling of consumer fireworks as provided for in
 NFPA 1124; and
- 3327 (ii) Selling consumer fireworks of a distributor licensed pursuant to subsection (b)
 3328 or (d) of Code Section 25-10-5.1.
- (B) It shall be lawful to sell consumer fireworks from a temporary consumer fireworks
 retail sales stand only if such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand is:
- 3331 (i) In compliance with the requirements for such a temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand in the selling of consumer fireworks as provided for in NFPA 1124; 3332 3333 (ii) Within 1,000 feet of a fire hydrant of a county, municipality, or other political 3334 subdivision or a fire department connection of a building affiliated with such 3335 consumer fireworks retail sales stand, unless the chief administrative officer of the fire department of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision or chartered 3336 3337 fire department legally organized to operate in this state pursuant to Chapter 3 of this 3338 title and having operational authority over such location of the temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand provides in writing that such temporary consumer 3339 fireworks retail sales stand may operate in excess of 1,000 feet from such fire hydrant 3340 3341 or fire department connection; and
- 3342 (iii) Selling consumer fireworks of a distributor licensed pursuant to subsection (c)
 3343 of Code Section 25-10-5.1.
- A distributor licensed pursuant to subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1 may operate no more than two temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stands in this state per location licensed pursuant to subsection (b) or (d) of Code Section 25-10-5.1; provided, however, that such distributor has been operating and open to the public pursuant to subsection (b) or (d) of Code Section 25-10-5.1 no less than 30 days prior to July 4 or

December 31 in the year of an application for a license under subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1 that is filed within 30 days of July 4 or December 31. (C) It shall be unlawful to sell consumer fireworks from any motor vehicle, from a trailer towed by a motor vehicle, or from a tent, canopy, or membrane structure.

3353 25-10-2.1.

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to ignite consumer fireworks or fireworks while:
- (1) Under the influence of alcohol or any drug or any combination of alcohol and any
 drug to the extent that it is unsafe for such person to ignite consumer fireworks or
 fireworks; or
- 3358 (2) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) of this Code section, there is any amount
 of marijuana or a controlled substance, as defined in Code Section 16-13-21, present in
 such person's blood or urine, or both, including the metabolites and derivatives of each
 or both, without regard to whether or not any alcohol is present in such person's breath
 or blood.
- 3363 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Code section is or has been legally 3364 entitled to use a drug shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this 3365 Code section; provided, however, that such person shall not be in violation of this Code 3366 section unless such person is rendered incapable of igniting consumer fireworks or 3367 fireworks safely as a result of using a drug other than alcohol which such person is legally 3368 entitled to use.
- (c) Any person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Code section shall be guiltyof a misdemeanor.
- 3371 25-10-3.

3372 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the following:

(1) The wholesale or retail sale of fireworks for use in a public exhibition or public 3373 display and the transportation of fireworks for such use, provided that any person selling 3374 3375 at wholesale or retail or transporting fireworks for such use must have a duplicate copy of the permit which has been issued by the judge of the probate court to a person, firm, 3376 corporation, association, or partnership which has been authorized to hold a public 3377 3378 exhibition or display, and provided, further, that the seller maintains and makes available 3379 for inspection by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or the designee thereof the 3380 record of any such fireworks sale for a period of 18 months from the date of sale;

3381 (2) Use by railroads or other transportation agencies of fireworks specifically designed3382 and intended for signal purposes or illumination;

LC 41 1547S

3383 (3) The sale or use of blank cartridges for a show or theater or for signal or ceremonial 3384 purposes in athletic or sports events or for use by military or police organizations; or 3385 (4) The manufacture of any fireworks not prohibited by Congress or any federal agency; the possession, transportation, and storage of any such fireworks by any manufacturer 3386 3387 thereof; the storage of certain such fireworks by a nonmanufacturer in accordance with 3388 the provisions of Code Section 25-10-3.1; the possession, transportation, or distribution 3389 of any such fireworks to a distributor located outside this state; the sale of such fireworks 3390 by any such manufacturer to a distributor located outside this state; or the possession and 3391 transportation of such fireworks by any manufacturer or contractor or common carrier 3392 from the point of manufacture within this state to any point outside this state.

3393 25-10-3.1.

3394 (a) Fireworks defined as Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof by regulations of the 3395 United States Department of Transportation set forth in Part 173 of Title 49 of the Code of 3396 Federal Regulations and which are to be used only for purposes of a public exhibition or 3397 display pursuant to Code Section 25-10-4 may be stored by a person, firm, or corporation, 3398 other than a manufacturer, pursuant to a magazine license issued by the Safety Fire 3399 Commissioner commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this Code section. Any 3400 application for such a license shall be made to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner 3401 in a form to be prescribed by the Commissioner <u>commissioner</u>. The application shall 3402 include a letter of acknowledgment and endorsement from the local authority having 3403 responsibility for fire suppression.

- (b) Any application for a magazine license made pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code
 section shall be accompanied by plans for the magazine proposed to be used for storage of
 Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof, in such detail and in such number of copies
 as required by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner. Construction of a magazine
 for storage of fireworks pursuant to this Code section shall not commence until the plans
 therefor have been approved by the state fire marshal and returned to the applicant.
- 3410 (c) No license shall be issued pursuant to this Code section unless:
- (1) The applicant currently holds a valid license or permit to receive explosive materials
 including Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof issued pursuant to regulations of
 the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the United States Department of the
 Treasury;
- 3415 (2) The applicant presents a copy of a valid permit for a public exhibition or display of
 3416 fireworks issued pursuant to Code Section 25-10-4;
- 3417 (3) The state fire marshal or the designee thereof has determined upon inspection that the3418 constructed magazine meets or exceeds the requirements for magazines to be used for

- 3419storing Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof as established by regulations and3420adopted codes and standards of the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner; and3421(4) The state fire marshal or the designee thereof has determined upon inspection that the3422constructed magazine meets or exceeds any additional requirements applicable to3423magazines to be used for storage of Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof by3424nonmanufacturers as may be established by regulation promulgated pursuant to Code3425Section 25-10-5.
- (d) Any license issued pursuant to this Code section shall be subject to the annual license
 fee and expiration date provisions of Code Section 25-10-5. The initial annual fee for a
 magazine license shall be submitted along with the application for such license.
- (e) Any fireworks stored under any magazine license issued pursuant to this Code section 3429 shall be stored in an approved magazine and in accordance with the regulations for storing 3430 Class B explosives or the equivalent thereof as established by regulations of the Safety Fire 3431 Commissioner commissioner and any additional requirements for storage of such 3432 explosives by nonmanufacturers as may be established by regulation promulgated pursuant 3433 to Code Section 25-10-5, for a period of time not to exceed 60 days before and 60 days 3434 after the permitted date of a public exhibition or display of fireworks pursuant to Code 3435 3436 Section 25-10-4.
- 3437 (f) Any violation of the provisions of this Code section shall be grounds for revoking a3438 magazine license.

3439 25-10-3.2.

- (a) No person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership shall cause the combustion,
 explosion, deflagration, detonation, or ignition of pyrotechnics for the purpose of a public
 exhibition or display before a proximate audience unless such person, firm, corporation,
 association, or partnership holds a valid license issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner
 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of this Code section. Any application for
 such a license shall be made to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner in the form
 prescribed by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner.
- 3447 (b) All applicants must meet the following requirements for licensure:
- (1) The applicant shall submit to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner proof of
 a valid comprehensive liability insurance policy purchased from an insurer authorized to
 do business in Georgia. The coverage must include bodily injury and property damage,
 products liability, completed operations, and contractual liability. The proof of insurance
 must also be provided before any license can be renewed. The minimum amount of said
 coverage shall be \$1 million or such other amount as specified by the Safety Fire

- 3454Commissioner commissioner. An insurer that provided such coverage shall notify the3455Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of any change in coverage;3456(2) The applicant shall pay the required licensing fee as prescribed in Code Section345725-10-5; and
- 3458 (3) The applicant shall comply with all rules and regulations promulgated by the Safety
 3459 Fire Commissioner commissioner pursuant to this chapter.
- 3460 (c) Any violation of this chapter shall be grounds for revocation or denial of licensure to3461 conduct pyrotechnic displays.
- 3462 25-10-4.

(a) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership desiring to conduct a public 3463 3464 exhibition or display of fireworks not before a proximate audience shall first obtain a permit from the judge of the probate court of the county in which the public exhibition or 3465 display is to be held. Application for a permit must be made in writing and filed with the 3466 judge not less than ten days prior to the date of the proposed public exhibition or display 3467 of fireworks. Fireworks distributors located outside this state shall obtain display permit 3468 3469 application forms and provide the same to applicants upon request. The judge may grant 3470 a permit for the display on the following conditions:

3471 (1) That the display be conducted by a competent operator approved by the judge;

3472 (2) That the display shall be of such character as in the opinion of the judge will not be3473 hazardous to persons or property;

- 3474 (3) That the local fire official responsible for the area in question certifies in writing that
 3475 the site for the display meets his or her approval and is in compliance with all applicable
 3476 codes; and
- 3477 (4) That the application be accompanied by a bond in the principal sum of \$10,000.00, 3478 payable to the county in which the display is being held and conditioned for the payment 3479 of damages which may be caused either to persons or to property by reason of the display or, alternatively, that the application be accompanied by evidence that the applicant 3480 3481 carries proper liability insurance for bodily injury in the amount of not less than 3482 \$25,000.00 for each person and \$50,000.00 for each accident and for property damage in the amount of not less than \$25,000.00 for each accident and \$50,000.00 aggregate, 3483 with an insurance company duly licensed by the Commissioner of Insurance. 3484
- 3485 (b) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership desiring to conduct a public 3486 exhibition or display of fireworks before a proximate audience shall first obtain a permit 3487 from the judge of the probate court of the county in which the public exhibition or display 3488 is to be held. Application for a permit must be made in writing and filed with the judge not 3489 less than ten days prior to the date of the proposed public exhibition or display of

fireworks. Such application must contain the license number issued by the Safety Fire
Commissioner commissioner for the person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership
that will cause the combustion, explosion, deflagration, or detonation of pyrotechnics at the
public exhibition or display. Fireworks distributors located outside this state shall obtain
display permit application forms and provide the same to applicants upon request. The
judge may grant a permit for the display on the following conditions:

3496 (1) That the display be conducted by a competent operator approved by the judge;

3497 (2) That the display shall be of such character as in the opinion of the judge will not be3498 hazardous to persons or property;

(3) That the local fire official responsible for the area in question certifies in writing that
the site for the display meets his or her approval and is in compliance with all applicable
codes; and

3502 (4) That the application be accompanied by a bond in the principal sum of \$10,000.00, 3503 payable to the county in which the display is being held and conditioned for the payment 3504 of damages that may be caused either to persons or to property by reason of the display 3505 or, alternatively, that the application be accompanied by evidence that the applicant 3506 carries property liability insurance for bodily injury in the amount of not less than 3507 \$25,000.00 for each person and \$50,000.00 for each accident and for property damage 3508 in the amount of not less than \$25,000.00 for each accident and \$50,000.00 aggregate, 3509 with an insurance company duly licensed by the Commissioner of Insurance.

3510 (c) No permit, as provided for in subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section, shall be 3511 granted unless the applicant has met all the requirements of and is in full compliance with 3512 the rules and regulations promulgated by the <u>Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner</u> 3513 pursuant to this chapter.

3514 (d) The permit provided for in subsection (a) or (b) of this Code section shall be limited 3515 to the time specified therein, such time not to exceed a two-week period. The permit shall 3516 not be transferable. In the event any fireworks bought and possessed under this Code 3517 section are not used by the licensee or in the event that there is a surplus or excess after the 3518 two-week period expires, it shall be the duty of the licensee to return such fireworks to a 3519 facility approved in accordance with Code Section 25-10-3.1 and the rules and regulations promulgated by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner. Fireworks stored in 3520 accordance with Code Section 25-10-3.1 and regulations shall not be deemed contraband 3521 3522 and shall not be subject to seizure.

(e) The judge of the probate court shall receive \$10.00 for his or her services in granting
or refusing the original permit and \$1.00 for each copy issued, to be paid by the applicant.
The judge of the probate court shall provide the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner
a copy of each permit granted prior to the proposed date of the public exhibition or display.

3527 25-10-4.1.

3528

No person under the age of 18 shall be employed to work at any magazine, or at any 3529 facility containing a magazine, wherein fireworks are stored or to work in any public exhibition or display of fireworks. 3530

3531 25-10-5.

3532 The annual license fee for any person, firm, or corporation conducting business in this state under paragraph (4) of Code Section 25-10-3 or storing fireworks under Code 3533 3534 Section 25-10-3.1 or conducting pyrotechnic displays under Code Section 25-10-3.2 shall be \$1,500.00 per year, payable to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner. The license 3535 shall expire on December 31 of each year. The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner 3536 3537 is authorized and directed to promulgate safety regulations relating to the manufacture, 3538 storage, and transportation of fireworks within this state in order to ensure the adequate protection of the employees of any such person, firm, or corporation and of the general 3539 3540 public. The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner is also authorized and directed to 3541 promulgate safety regulations relating to the public exhibition or display of pyrotechnics 3542 and the licensing requirements of those conducting such public exhibitions or displays, as 3543 he or she deems necessary. The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner is further 3544 authorized and directed to conduct periodic inspections of the facilities of any person, firm, 3545 or corporation manufacturing, storing, and transporting fireworks as provided in paragraph 3546 (4) of Code Section 25-10-3 or as provided in Code Section 25-10-3.1 in order to ensure 3547 compliance with fire safety rules and regulations.

- 3548 25-10-5.1.
- 3549 (a)(1) A license pursuant to this Code section shall only be issued to a distributor that:
- 3550 (A) Complies with all the requirements of this chapter; and
- (B) Maintains at all times public liability and product liability insurance with minimum 3551 coverage limits of \$2 million to cover the losses, damages, or injuries that might ensue 3552 3553 to persons or property as a result of selling consumer fireworks.
- 3554 (2) Any person who knowingly and willfully makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement of representation in an application executed pursuant to this Code section shall 3555 3556 be guilty of a violation of Code Section 16-10-20.
- (3) Applications to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner pursuant to this Code 3557 section shall be upon forms prescribed and promulgated by the Safety Fire Commissioner 3558 3559 commissioner.
- 3560 (4) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership seeking a license pursuant 3561 to subsection (b) or (d) of this Code section shall have property from which the applicant

intends to sell consumer fireworks under such person's, firm's, corporation's, association's, or partnership's ownership or legal control through a lease, rental agreement, licensing agreement, or other contractual instrument at the time of filing the application for such license, and such property shall be in a condition ready for inspection.

3567 (b)(1) The initial license fee for a distributor selling consumer fireworks from a 3568 permanent consumer fireworks retail sales facility shall be \$1,500.00 per location, 3569 payable to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner; provided, however, that the 3570 initial license fee shall be \$5,000.00 for a distributor that is not licensed pursuant to this 3571 subsection prior to July 1, 2016. Upon finding that a distributor has met the requirements 3572 of subsection (a) of this Code section and upon payment of such license fee, such initial 3573 license shall be issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner and shall identify 3574 the permanent consumer fireworks retail sales facility applicable to such license. Such 3575 initial license shall expire on January 31 of the year after such initial license was issued 3576 or as otherwise provided for under this subsection. After such initial license, such 3577 distributor may annually renew such initial license, which shall then become an annual license, for \$1,000.00 per year, payable to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner. 3578 3579 Upon finding that a distributor has met the requirements of subsection (a) of this Code 3580 section and upon payment of such license fee, such annual license shall be issued by the 3581 Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner and shall identify the permanent consumer 3582 fireworks retail sales facility applicable to such license. Such annual license shall expire 3583 on January 31 of each year or as otherwise provided for under this subsection; provided, 3584 however, that a distributor shall apply for an annual license or renewal of an annual 3585 license by December 1 in the year preceding the expiration date of such initial or annual 3586 license; and provided, further, that if an initial license is issued to a distributor on or after 3587 December 1, then such distributor shall apply for an annual license by the first business day of the next year. 3588

3589 (2) The determination by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of whether a 3590 distributor has met requirements for the issuance of a license required by this subsection 3591 shall be made within 30 days of the submission of an application for any initial or annual 3592 license; provided, however, that if a license will expire prior to the expiration of such 30 3593 days and no such determination has been made by the Safety Fire Commissioner 3594 commissioner, then the expiration date for such license shall be extended until the date 3595 of such determination by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner but for no more 3596 than 30 days. If a determination has not been made within the time provided for by this 3597 paragraph, or for an appeal of a determination by the Safety Fire Commissioner 3598 commissioner, a distributor may seek review from the judge of the probate court of the

LC 41 1547S

3599 county of the location or proposed location of the permanent consumer fireworks retail
3600 sales facility. Such judge may provide for the issuance or nonissuance of a license and
3601 for the payment of license fees in such manner as is consistent with the provisions of this
3602 subsection.

(c)(1) The license fee for a distributor selling consumer fireworks from a temporary 3603 3604 consumer fireworks retail sales stand shall be \$500.00 per location, payable to the 3605 governing authority of the county, municipality, or other political subdivision of this state in whose boundaries such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand shall be 3606 3607 located or is proposed to be located. Upon finding that a distributor has met the requirements of subsection (a) of this Code section, has a license pursuant to subsection 3608 3609 (b) or (d) of this Code section, has no more than the allowable temporary consumer 3610 fireworks retail sales stands pursuant to subparagraph (b)(6)(B) of Code Section 25-10-2, that the sales of consumer fireworks from such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales 3611 3612 stand shall accrue to the benefit of a nonprofit group, and upon payment of such license fee, such license shall be issued by the fire department of the county, municipality, or 3613 3614 other political subdivision or the chartered fire department legally organized to operate 3615 in this state pursuant to Chapter 3 of this title and having operational authority of the area 3616 in which such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand shall be located or is 3617 proposed to be located. Such license shall identify the temporary consumer fireworks 3618 retail sales stand applicable to such license and shall expire on the next January 31 after 3619 the issuance of such license.

- 3620 (2) A determination by a fire department as provided for under paragraph (1) of this 3621 subsection of whether a distributor has met requirements for the issuance of a license pursuant to this subsection shall be made within 30 days of the submission of an 3622 3623 application for any such license. Such application shall be in writing and, if such fire 3624 department provides for a written form for the application for a license pursuant to this Code section, upon such form as may be provided by such fire department. If a 3625 determination has not been made within the time provided for by this paragraph, or for 3626 3627 an appeal of a determination by such fire department, a distributor may seek review from the judge of the probate court of the county of the location or proposed location of the 3628 temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand. Such judge may provide for the 3629 issuance or nonissuance of a license and for the payment of license fees in such manner 3630 3631 as is consistent with the provisions of this subsection.
- 3632 (3) For at least one of the temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stands provided for
 3633 under subparagraph (b)(6)(B) of Code Section 25-10-2, a nonprofit group benefiting from
 3634 the sale of consumer fireworks from such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand
 3635 shall directly participate in operating such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales

stand. It shall be unlawful for a nonprofit group or any agent or bona fide representative
of a nonprofit group to knowingly lend the name of the nonprofit group or allow the
identity of the nonprofit group to be used for the license under this subsection if such
nonprofit group is not directly participating in operating, or benefiting from the operation
of, such temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand.

3641 (4) The governing authority of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision
 3642 receiving fees pursuant to this Code section shall expend such fees for public safety
 3643 purposes.

3644 (5) A distributor licensed pursuant to this subsection shall submit a list of the names and 3645 addresses, including the counties, of each temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand 3646 at which such distributor has consumer fireworks offered for sale pursuant to this Code 3647 section to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner. Such list shall be submitted not less than 30 days prior to first having a temporary consumer fireworks retail sales stand 3648 3649 at which such distributor has consumer fireworks offered for sale and not less than 30 3650 days prior to having such distributor's consumer fireworks offered for sale at a location 3651 not previously included on such list. The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner shall 3652 make such list publicly available for inspection. In making determinations as provided 3653 for under this subsection, fire departments shall reference the list provided for by this 3654 paragraph.

3655 (6) A revocation or suspension of a license provided for under subsection (b) or (d) of
3656 this Code section shall operate as a revocation or suspension of a distributor's license
3657 under this subsection for the term of such revocation or suspension.

3658 (d)(1) The initial license fee for a distributor selling consumer fireworks from a store shall be \$1,500.00 in addition to \$250.00 per store location, payable to the Safety Fire 3659 3660 Commissioner commissioner. Upon finding that a distributor has met the requirements 3661 of subsection (a) of this Code section, such initial license shall be issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner; provided, however, that such distributor has been 3662 operating and open to the public no less than 30 days prior to July 4 or December 31 in 3663 3664 the year of an application for an initial license that is filed within 30 days of July 4 or December 31; and provided, further, that a distributor holding an initial license may add 3665 additional store locations to such license prior to the expiration of such license upon 3666 payment of \$250.00 per added store location. Such initial license shall expire on 3667 January 31 of the year after such initial license was issued or as otherwise provided for 3668 3669 under this subsection. After such initial license, such distributor may annually renew 3670 such initial license, which shall then become an annual license, for \$1,000.00 in addition to \$100.00 per store location, payable to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner; 3671 3672 provided, however, that a distributor holding an annual license may add additional store

3673 locations to such license prior to the expiration of such license upon payment of \$250.00 3674 per added store location. Upon finding that a distributor has met the requirements of 3675 subsection (a) of this Code section, such annual license shall be issued by the Safety Fire 3676 Commissioner commissioner. Such annual license shall expire on January 31 of each 3677 year or as otherwise provided for under this subsection; provided, however, that a 3678 distributor shall apply for an annual license or renewal of an annual license by 3679 December 1 in the year preceding the expiration date of such initial or annual license; and 3680 provided, further, that if an initial license is issued to a distributor on or after December 1, 3681 then such distributor shall apply for an annual license by the first business day of the next 3682 year.

(2) An application submitted under this subsection shall identify each store location to 3683 3684 which an initial or annual license is applicable; there shall not be a requirement for a 3685 separate application for each of the several store locations. The determination by the 3686 Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of whether a distributor has met requirements 3687 for the issuance of a license required by this subsection shall be made within 30 days of 3688 the submission of an application for any initial or annual license; provided, however, that 3689 if a license will expire prior to the expiration of such 30 days and no such determination 3690 has been made by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, then the expiration date 3691 for such license shall be extended until the date of such determination by the Safety Fire 3692 Commissioner commissioner but for no more than 30 days. If a determination has not 3693 been made within the time provided for by this paragraph, or for an appeal of a 3694 determination by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, a distributor may seek 3695 review from the judge of the probate court of the county of the location or proposed location of the store from which consumer fireworks will be sold. Such judge may 3696 3697 provide for the issuance or nonissuance of a license and for the payment of license fees 3698 in such manner as is consistent with the provisions of this subsection.

3699 25-10-6.

3700 (a) The state fire marshal shall enforce the provisions of this chapter; provided, however, 3701 that, in addition, any law enforcement officer or agency of this state or political subdivision 3702 thereof may enforce provisions relating to using or igniting or causing to be ignited 3703 consumer fireworks. Applicable fire departments of a county, municipality, or other 3704 political subdivision or a chartered fire department shall refer cases for enforcement under 3705 subsection (c) of Code Section 25-10-5.1 to the state fire marshal. All fireworks or 3706 consumer fireworks manufactured, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or stored in violation of this chapter are declared to be contraband and may be seized, taken, and removed, or 3707

- caused to be removed and destroyed or disposed of at the expense of the owner thereof by
- the state fire marshal, the Georgia State Patrol, or any sheriff or local police official.
- (b) Any property declared as contraband pursuant to this Code section shall be forfeitedin accordance with the procedures set forth in Chapter 16 of Title 9.

3712 25-10-7.

- 3713 This chapter shall not apply to the high explosives covered by Code Section 25-2-17 over 3714 which the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner has regulatory control.
- 3715 25-10-8.
- (a) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership that violates Code
 Section 25-10-3.2 shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment for not
 less than two nor more than ten years, or by a fine of not more than \$10,000.00, or both.
 (b) Any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership that violates any other
 provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 3721 25-10-9.
- 3722 Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, the Safety Fire 3723 Commissioner commissioner shall have the authority to subject any person, firm, 3724 corporation, association, or partnership that knowingly violates this chapter to a monetary 3725 penalty of up to \$2,500.00 for each and every act in violation of this chapter; provided, 3726 however, that the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner shall have the authority to subject any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership that knowingly sells 3727 consumer fireworks from a tent, canopy, or membrane structure to a monetary penalty of 3728 3729 up to \$5,000.00 and, if any such person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership is a 3730 distributor, then a license revocation for not more than two years. Each sales transaction in violation of this chapter shall be a separate offense. 3731
- 3732 25-10-10.
- It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, association, or partnership to release or cause to be released any balloon, bag, parachute, or other similar device which requires fire underneath for propulsion or to release or cause to be released any floating water lantern or wish lantern which uses a flame to create a lighting effect in any public waterway, lake, pond, stream, or river.

3738 25-10-11.

(a) Whenever the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner shall have reason to believe
that any person is or has been violating any provisions of this chapter, the Safety Fire
Commissioner commissioner, his or her deputy, his or her assistant, or other designated
persons may issue and deliver to the person an order to cease and desist such violation. An
order issued under this Code section shall be delivered in accordance with the provisions
of subsection (c) of this Code section.

(b) Violation of any provision of this chapter or failure to comply with a cease and desist 3745 3746 order is cause for revocation of any or all licenses issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner 3747 commissioner for a period of not less than six months and not to exceed five years. If a new license has been issued to the person so charged, the order of revocation shall operate 3748 3749 effectively with respect to such new license held by such person. In the case of an 3750 applicant for a license, violation of any provision of this title or regulations promulgated 3751 thereunder may constitute grounds for refusal of the application. Decisions under this 3752 subsection may be appealed as provided by law.

- 3753 (c) Any order issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner under this chapter 3754 shall contain or be accompanied by a notice of opportunity for hearing which shall provide 3755 that a hearing will be held if and only if a person subject to the order requests a hearing in 3756 writing within ten days of receipt of the order and notice. The order and notice shall be 3757 served by delivery by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or his or her agent or 3758 by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested. Any 3759 person who fails to comply with any order under this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor 3760 and may be punished by law.
- (d) In addition to other powers granted to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner
 under this chapter, the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner may bring a civil action
 to enjoin a violation of any provision of this chapter or of any rule, regulation, or order
 issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner under this chapter.
- 3765 25-10-12.

(a) In addition to the grounds set forth in Code Section 25-10-11, it is cause for revocation
or suspension, refusal, or nonrenewal by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of
any license issued under this chapter if it is determined that the licensee or applicant has:
(1) Failed to comply with all the requirements of this chapter or the rules and regulations
promulgated pursuant thereto;

- 3771 (2) Failed to maintain the minimum insurance coverage as set forth in this chapter;
- 3772 (3) Made a material misstatement or misrepresentation or committed a fraud in obtaining
 3773 or attempting to obtain a license; or

3780 <u>25-10-13.</u>
(a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall
3782 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized
administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in
administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in
effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall
remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.

- 3786 (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
 3787 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
 3788 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
 3789 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
 3790 provided by law.
- 3791 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
 3792 out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the
 3793 Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter."

3794

3795

PART IX

SECTION 9-1.

3796 Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 11, relating to fire protection sprinkler3797 contractors, as follows:

3798

"CHAPTER 11

3799 25-11-1.3800 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Fire Sprinkler Act.'

3801 25-11-2.

3802 As used in this chapter, the term:

3803 (1) 'Certificate' or 'certificate of competency' means the document issued by the
 3804 Commissioner commissioner to a certificate holder who has demonstrated adequate

- 3805technical knowledge and ability to design in accordance with recognized standards as3806adopted by the Commissioner commissioner and to perform and supervise the3807installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of water-based fire3808protection systems.
- 3809 (2) 'Certificate holder' means an individual who has been issued a certificate of
 3810 competency by the Commissioner commissioner.
- 3811 (3) 'Commissioner' means the Georgia Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire
 3812 <u>safety</u>.
- (4) 'Fire protection sprinkler contractor' means an individual, partnership, corporation,
 association, or joint venture that supervises, performs, or supervises and performs the
 installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of water-based fire
 protection systems. Such term does not include local building officials, fire inspectors,
 or insurance inspectors when acting in their official capacities.
- (5) 'Fire protection sprinkler contractor license' means the document issued by the
 Commissioner commissioner to the fire protection sprinkler contractor which authorizes
 the fire protection sprinkler contractor to engage in the business of fabrication,
 installation, repair, alteration, maintenance, or inspection of water-based fire protection
 systems.
- 3823 (6) 'Fire protection sprinkler system' means an integrated system of overhead and 3824 underground piping designed in accordance with fire protection engineering standards. 3825 The installation includes one or more automatic water supplies. The portion of the system 3826 aboveground is a network of specially sized or hydraulically designed piping installed in 3827 a building, structure, or area, generally overhead, to which sprinklers are attached in a systematic pattern. The valve controlling each system riser is located in the system riser 3828 3829 or its supply piping. The system is usually activated by heat from a fire and discharges water over the fire area. 3830
- 3831 (7) 'Fire protection system designer' means a person who develops documents pertaining
 3832 to water-based fire protection systems.
- (8) 'Fire protection system designer license' means a document issued by the
 Commissioner commissioner which authorizes the fire protection system designer to
 engage in the business of producing construction shop drawings pertaining to water-based
 fire protection systems.
- (9) 'Fire protection system inspector' means an individual who performs inspections only
 on water-based fire protection systems in accordance with applicable codes and standards
 as adopted by the Commissioner commissioner. Such term does not apply to state, local,
 and insurance inspectors while acting in their official capacities.

(10) 'Fire protection system inspector's license' means a document issued by the
 Commissioner commissioner which authorizes the fire protection system inspector to
 engage in the business of inspecting water-based fire protection systems.

3844 (11) 'Fire pump' means a pump supplying water at the flow and pressure required by3845 water-based fire protection systems.

(12) 'Foam-water spray system' means a special system pipe connected to a source of
foam concentrate and to a water supply and equipped with foam-water spray nozzles for
fire protection agent discharge (foam and water sequentially in that order or in reverse
order) and distribution over the area to be protected. System operation arrangements
parallel those for foam-water sprinkler systems.

(13) 'Foam-water sprinkler system' means a special system pipe connected to a source 3851 3852 of foam concentrates and to a water supply and equipped with appropriate discharge devices for fire protection agent discharge and distribution over the area to be protected. 3853 3854 The piping system is connected to the water supply through a control valve that is usually 3855 actuated by operation of automatic detection equipment installed in the same area as the sprinklers. When this valve opens, water flows into the piping system, and foam 3856 3857 concentrate is injected into the water. The resulting foam solution discharging through 3858 the discharge devices generates and distributes foam. Upon exhaustion of the foam 3859 concentrate supply, water discharge will follow the foam and continue until manually 3860 shut off. Existing deluge sprinkler systems that have been converted to the use of 3861 aqueous film forming foam are classified as foam-water sprinkler systems.

(14) 'Inspection' means a visual examination of a water-based fire protection system or
portion thereof to verify that it appears to be in operating condition and is free of physical
damage.

- 3865 (15) 'Maintenance' means work performed to keep equipment operable or to make repairs
 3866 without altering the operation of the water-based system.
- 3867 (16) 'Private fire service main' means that pipe and its appurtenances on private property3868 that are:

3869 (A) Between a source of water and the base of the system riser for water-based fire3870 protection systems;

- 3871 (B) Between a source of water and inlets to foam-making systems;
- 3872 (C) Between a source of water and the base elbow of private hydrants or monitor3873 nozzles;
- 3874 (D) Used as fire pump suction and discharge piping outside of a building; and
- 3875 (E) Beginning at the inlet side of the check valve on a gravity or pressure tank.
- 3876 (17) 'Private water tank' means a tank supplying water for water-based fire protection3877 systems which is located on private property.

LC 41 1547S

(18) 'Standpipe system' means an arrangement of piping, valves, hose connections, and
allied equipment installed in a building or structure with the hose connections located in
such a manner that water can be discharged in streams or spray patterns through attached
hoses and nozzles for the purpose of extinguishing a fire, thus protecting a building or
structure, its contents, and its occupants. This is accomplished by connection to water
supply systems or by pumps, tanks, and other equipment necessary to provide an
adequate supply of water-to-hose connections.

(19) 'Testing' means a procedure to determine the status of a system as intended by
conducting periodic physical checks on water-based fire protection systems such as
waterflow tests, fire pump tests, alarm tests, and trip tests of dry pipe, deluge, or preaction
valves. These tests follow up on the original acceptance test at intervals specified in the
appropriate standards related to such systems.

(20) 'Water-based fire protection system' means any one system or any combination of
a number of systems designed to deliver water to an apparatus designed to extinguish or
retard the advancement of fire. Such systems include fire protection sprinkler systems,
standpipe systems, private fire service mains, fire pumps, private water tanks, water spray
fixed systems, foam-water spray systems, and foam-water sprinkler systems. The term
'fire sprinkler system' is used interchangeably with this term.

(21) 'Water-spray fixed system' means a special fixed pipe system connected to a reliable
fire protection water supply and equipped with water-spray nozzles for specific water
discharge and distribution over the surface or area to be protected. The piping system is
connected to the water supply through an automatically or manually activated valve that
initiates the flow of water. An automatic valve is actuated by operation of automatic
detection equipment installed in the same area as the water-spray nozzles.

3902 25-11-3.

3903 (a) The Commissioner commissioner is charged with the duty and responsibility for the
 and responsibility for the
 and responsibility for the
 and responsibility for the

3905 (b) Any authority, power, or duty vested in the Commissioner commissioner by any
3906 provision of this chapter may be exercised, discharged, or performed by any deputy,
3907 assistant, or other designated employee acting in the Commissioner's commissioner's name
3908 and by his or her delegated authority.

- 3909 (c) The Commissioner commissioner may, at his or her discretion, have the competency
 3910 and license test prepared by others.
- 3911 (d) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized to enter into a reciprocal agreement
 3912 with the state fire commissioner, or state fire marshal, or such other fire safety official of

LC 41 1547S

- 3913 other states for the waiver of the competency test of any applicant resident in such other3914 jurisdiction, provided that:
- 3915 (1) The laws of the other jurisdiction are substantially similar to this chapter; and
- 3916 (2) The applicant has no place of business within this state nor is an officer, director,
 3917 stockholder, or partner in any corporation or partnership doing business in this
 3918 jurisdiction as a fire protection sprinkler contractor.
- 3919 25-11-4.

(a) Any individual desiring to become a certificate holder shall submit to the
Commissioner commissioner a completed application on forms prescribed by the
Commissioner commissioner. Such individual shall remit with his or her application a
nonrefundable certificate fee of \$150.00 plus a one-time filing fee of \$75.00. Such fee
shall not be prorated for portions of a year.

- 3925 (b) Prior to obtaining a certificate, the applicant shall demonstrate his or her competence3926 and knowledge of water-based fire protection systems by:
- 3927 (1) Successfully completing a competency test by means prescribed by rules and
 3928 regulations as adopted and promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner; or
- 3929 (2) Submitting to the Commissioner commissioner a certification from either the state
 3930 fire commissioner or state fire marshal of another jurisdiction whenever a reciprocal
 agreement has been entered into between the two jurisdictions pursuant to the provisions
 3932 of this chapter.
- 3933 (c)(1) If the applicant has paid the required fees and has met one of the requirements of
 3934 subsection (b) of this Code section, the Commissioner commissioner shall issue a
 3935 certificate of competency in the name of the applicant, unless such applicant has been
 3936 cited under other provisions of this chapter. Such certificate shall expire annually as
 3937 determined by the rules and regulations and shall be nontransferable.
- 3938 (2) In no case shall a certificate holder be allowed to obtain a certificate of competency
 3939 for more than one fire protection sprinkler contractor or more than one office location at
 a time. If the certificate holder should leave the employment of a fire protection sprinkler
 3940 contractor or change office locations, he or she must notify the Commissioner
 3942 commissioner in writing within 30 days.
- 3943 (d) A certificate holder desiring to renew his or her certificate shall submit a renewal 3944 application to the Commissioner commissioner and remit therewith a renewal fee of 3945 \$100.00 on or before the date determined by the rules and regulations of each year. If the 3946 state minimum fire safety standards regarding the installation or maintenance of fire 3947 protection sprinkler systems or water-spray systems promulgated by the Commissioner 3948 commissioner have been revised since the date the certificate holder's expiring certificate

was issued, the Commissioner commissioner may, upon 30 days' notice, require the
certificate holder to again meet one of the requirements of subsection (b) of this Code
section prior to the renewal of his or her certificate.

3952 25-11-5.

(a) Where a fire protection sprinkler contractor has multiple office locations for the
purpose of design, installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of
water-based fire protection systems, each location shall be licensed under the provisions
of this chapter.

- (b) Any organization or individual desiring to become a fire protection sprinkler contractor
 shall submit to the Commissioner commissioner a completed application on forms
 prescribed by him or her. Such organization or individual shall remit with his or her
 application a nonrefundable license fee of \$100.00 plus a one-time filing fee of \$75.00.
 Such fee shall not be prorated for portions of a year.
- 3962 (c) Prior to obtaining a sprinkler contractor's license, the applicant shall:
- 3963 (1) Submit to the Commissioner commissioner a copy of any and all certificate of
 3964 competency holders' certificates employed by the applicant; and
- 3965 (2) Submit to the Commissioner commissioner proof of comprehensive liability
 insurance coverage. The liability insurance policy shall provide coverage in an amount
 not less than \$1 million and shall cover any loss to property or personal injury caused by
 the fire protection sprinkler contractor. The policy must be purchased from an insurer
 authorized to do business in Georgia.
- 3970 (d) A fire protection sprinkler contractor license shall expire annually as determined by the
 3971 rules and regulations. A license holder desiring to renew his or her license shall submit a
 3972 renewal application to the Commissioner commissioner and remit a renewal fee of \$75.00
 3973 on or before the date determined by the rules and regulations of each year.
- 3974 25-11-6.

(a) Any individual desiring to become a fire protection sprinkler system inspector shall
submit to the Commissioner commissioner a completed application on the prescribed
forms. Such individual shall remit with his or her application a nonrefundable license fee
of \$100.00 plus a one-time filing fee of \$75.00. Such fees shall not be prorated for portions
of a year.

- 3980 (b) Prior to obtaining a license, the applicant shall demonstrate his or her competence and3981 employment by a sprinkler contractor by:
- 3982 (1) Successfully completing a competency test by means prescribed by rules and
 3983 regulations as adopted and promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner; and

LC 41 1547S

3984 (2) Submitting to the Commissioner commissioner proof of employment by a sprinkler
3985 contractor who has comprehensive liability insurance coverage. The liability insurance
3986 policy shall provide coverage in an amount not less than \$1 million and shall cover any
3987 loss to property or personal injury caused by the fire protection sprinkler inspector. The
3988 policy must be purchased from an insurer authorized to do business in Georgia.

3989 (c) A fire protection sprinkler system inspector license shall expire annually as determined
by the rules and regulations. A license holder desiring to renew his or her license shall
submit a renewal application to the Commissioner commissioner and remit a renewal fee
of \$75.00 on or before the date determined by the rules and regulations of each year.

3993 25-11-7.

(a) Any individual desiring to become a fire protection system designer shall submit to the
 Commissioner commissioner a completed application on forms prescribed by the
 Commissioner commissioner. Such individual shall remit with his or her application a
 nonrefundable license fee of \$100.00 plus a one-time filing fee of \$75.00. Such fee shall
 not be prorated for portions of a year.

- (b) Prior to obtaining a license, the applicant shall demonstrate his or her competence and
 knowledge of water-based fire protection systems by means prescribed by rules and
 regulations as adopted and promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner or as set forth
 in Chapter 15 of Title 43.
- 4003 (c) A fire protection system designer license shall expire annually as determined by the
 4004 rules and regulations. A license holder desiring to renew his or her license shall submit a
 4005 renewal application to the Commissioner commissioner and remit a renewal fee of \$75.00
 4006 on or before the date determined by the rules and regulations of each year.
- 4007 25-11-8.

4008 (a) No person shall act as a fire protection sprinkler contractor unless a certificate holder
4009 is employed full time, in office or on site or combination thereof, to supervise or perform
4010 the installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of water-based fire
4011 protection systems.

- 4012 (b) If the only certificate holder employed by a fire protection sprinkler contractor leaves
 4013 the employment of the fire protection contractor, the contractor shall notify the
 4014 Commissioner commissioner in writing within 30 days. A new certificate holder must be
 4015 employed by a fire protection sprinkler contractor within 30 days of such notice.
- 4016 (c) No fire protection sprinkler contractor shall permit any person under his or her 4017 employment or control to install, repair, alter, maintain, or inspect any water-based fire

4018 protection system unless such person is a certificate holder or is under the direct4019 supervision of a certificate holder employed by the contractor.

- 4020 (d) Only fire protection sprinkler contractors or certificate of competency holders shall
 4021 alter or renovate water-based fire protection systems except as otherwise provided by this
 4022 chapter.
- 4023 (e) Individuals employed by the building owner or a representative of the building owner
 4024 may repair leaks, replace broken fittings, or perform other routine maintenance that does
 4025 not alter the piping arrangement or operation of a water-based fire protection system.
- 4026 (f) Installations shall conform to codes as adopted by the Commissioner commissioner
 4027 unless otherwise permitted by this chapter or the rules and regulations promulgated
 4028 pursuant to this chapter.
- (g) It shall be unlawful for any person to begin installation of a fire sprinkler system on
 any proposed or existing building or structure which comes under the classification in
 paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-2-13 or which comes under the
 jurisdiction of the office of the Commissioner of Insurance Department of Fire Safety
 pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 without first having drawings of the designed system
 approved by the appropriate authority having jurisdiction unless otherwise provided by the
 rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.
- 4036 25-11-9.
- 4037 (a) Water-based fire protection shop drawings shall be reviewed for code compliance with4038 the state minimum standards by a certificate of competency holder.
- 4039 (b) The reviewing certificate holder's signature, printed name, and certificate number4040 indicating such compliance shall be indicated on submitted plans.
- 4041 (c) Noncode compliance dictated by bid documents shall be reported by means prescribed
- 4042 by the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.
- 4043 25-11-10.
- 4044 (a) Only licensed fire protection system designers or other designers under their direct
 4045 supervision shall prepare water-based fire protection system documents for construction.
 4046 (b) All documents shall be representative of code complying water-based fire protection
 4047 systems unless otherwise permitted by the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to
 4048 this chapter.
 4049 (a) The licensed fire protection system designer's signature printed name, and licensed
- 4049 (c) The licensed fire protection system designer's signature, printed name, and license4050 number shall be indicated on the shop drawings.

LC 41 1547S

18

25-11-11.

4051

4052 (a) Inspections, maintenance, and testing required by this chapter shall only be performed 4053 by licensed fire protection system inspectors, certificate of competency holders, or 4054 representatives of the building owner. Representatives of the building owner shall indicate 4055 in writing to the authority having jurisdiction their intent to do such inspections and 4056 provide to the authority having jurisdiction proof of knowledge and expertise pertaining 4057 to the systems inspected as specified in the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this Said representatives of the building owner are exempt from the license 4058 chapter. 4059 requirements specified in Code Section 25-11-6.

4060 (b) Duly authorized manufacturers' representatives while acting in their official capacities4061 are exempt from this chapter.

(c) Inspections and maintenance of water-based fire protection systems owned by a firm,
business, or corporation and installed on property under control of the firm, business, or
corporation may be performed by an employee of the firm, business, or corporation,
provided <u>that</u> annual inspection and maintenance of the water-based system are performed
by a current certificate of competency holder or inspector as defined in this chapter. Said
employees are exempt from the license requirements specified in Code Section 25-11-6.

4068 25-11-12.

4069The Commissioner commissioner may promulgate such rules and regulations as he or she4070deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter. The Commissioner4071commissioner may also prescribe the forms required for the administration of this chapter.

4072 25-11-13.

(a) The installation or repair of any underground facilities or piping which connects to and
furnishes water for the water-based fire protection system shall be performed only by a
licensed utility contractor, fire protection sprinkler contractor, or licensed plumber in
accordance with the minimum fire safety standards adopted by the Commissioner
commissioner. The installing contractor shall be responsible for the installation of proper
underground facilities and piping which provide an adequate flow of water from the fire
protection water supply to the water-based fire protection system.

4080 (b) Evidence of inspection shall be given to the owner or his or her representative in the
4081 form of a letter indicating the inspector or certificate of competency holder and the license
4082 number or certificate number.

4083 (c) Before any local building official shall issue any license or building permit which
4084 authorizes the construction of any building or structure containing a water-based fire
4085 protection system, such local official shall require a copy of a valid fire protection sprinkler

4086 contractor license from the fire protection sprinkler contractor. The fire protection 4087 sprinkler contractor shall be required to pay any fees normally imposed for local licenses 4088 or permits, but the local official shall impose no requirements on the fire protection 4089 sprinkler contractor to prove competency other than proper evidence of a valid certificate 4090 of competency, as issued by the <u>Commissioner commissioner</u>.

(d) Nothing in this chapter limits the power of a municipality, county, or the state to
require the submission and approval of plans and specifications or to regulate the quality
and character of work performed by contractors through a system of permits, fees, and
inspections otherwise authorized by law for the protection of the public health and safety.

4095 25-11-14.

This chapter shall also apply to any fire protection sprinkler contractor performing work for the state or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision. Officials of the state or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision are required to determine compliance with this chapter before awarding any contracts for the installation, repair, alteration, addition, maintenance, or inspection of a water-based fire protection system. Bids tendered for such contracts shall be accompanied by a copy of a valid certificate of competency.

4103 25-11-15.

(a) All fees collected pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be deposited with theFiscal Division of the Department of Administrative Services.

4106 (b) The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to receive grants for the 4107 administration of this chapter from parties interested in upgrading and improving the 4108 quality of water-based fire protection systems, education of the public pertaining to 4109 water-based fire protection systems, or the upgrading of fire protection, in general, in 4110 Georgia.

4111 25-11-16.

(a) Whenever the Commissioner commissioner shall have reason to believe that any
individual is or has been violating any provisions of this chapter, the Commissioner
commissioner, his or her deputy, his or her assistant, or other designated persons may issue
and deliver to the individual an order to cease and desist such violation. An order issued
under this Code section may be delivered in accordance with the provisions of subsection
(d) of this Code section.

(b) Violation of any provision of this chapter or failure to comply with a cease and desistorder is cause for revocation of any or all certificates and licenses issued by the

LC 41 1547S

4120 Commissioner commissioner for a period of not less than six months and not to exceed five 4121 years. If a new certificate or license has been issued to the person so charged, the order of 4122 revocation shall operate effectively with respect to such new certificates and licenses held 4123 by such person. In the case of an applicant for a license, certificate, or permit, violation of 4124 any provision of this title or regulations promulgated thereunder may constitute grounds 4125 for refusal of the application. Decisions under this subsection may be appealed as provided 4126 by law.

4127 (c) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order 4128 issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall be subject to a civil 4129 penalty imposed by the Commissioner commissioner of not more than \$1,000.00 for a first 4130 offense, not less than \$1,000.00 and not more than \$2,000.00 for a second offense, and not less than \$2,000.00 or more than \$5,000.00 for a third or subsequent offense. Prior to 4131 4132 subjecting any person or entity to a fine under this subsection, the Commissioner 4133 commissioner or his or her agent shall give written notice to the person or entity by hand 4134 delivery or by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested, of the existence of the violations. After a reasonable period of time after notice 4135 4136 is given, an order may be issued based on this Code section. Such order must be delivered 4137 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this Code section and must notify 4138 the person or entity of the right to a hearing with respect to same.

4139 (d) Any order issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall contain 4140 or be accompanied by a notice of opportunity for hearing which may provide that a hearing 4141 will be held if and only if a person subject to the order requests a hearing within ten days 4142 of receipt of the order and notice. The order and notice shall be served by delivery by the Commissioner commissioner or his or her agent or by registered or certified mail or 4143 4144 statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested. Any person who fails to comply with 4145 any order under this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished by law. 4146 (e) In addition to other powers granted to the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter, the Commissioner commissioner may bring a civil action to enjoin a violation of 4147 any provision of this chapter or of any rule, regulation, or order issued by the 4148 4149 Commissioner commissioner under this chapter.

4150 25-11-17.

In addition to the grounds set forth in Code Section 25-11-16, it is cause for revocation or
suspension, refusal, or nonrenewal of certificates or licenses by the Commissioner
<u>commissioner</u> if it is determined that the holder or applicant has:

- 4154 (1) Rendered inoperative a water-based fire protection system covered by this chapter,
 4155 except during a reasonable time during which the system is being repaired, altered, added
 4156 to, maintained, inspected, or except pursuant to a court order;
- 4157 (2) Falsified any record required to be maintained by this chapter or rules or regulations
 4158 adopted pursuant to this chapter or current fire codes enforced by the Commissioner
 4159 commissioner;
- 4160 (3) Improperly installed, repaired, serviced, modified, altered, inspected, or tested a
 4161 water-based fire protection system;
- 4162 (4) While holding a certificate or license, allowed another person to use the certificate
 4163 or license or certificate number or license number other than his or her own valid
 4164 certificate or license or certificate number or license number;
- 4165 (5) While holding a certificate or license, used a certificate or license or certificate
 4166 number or license number other than his or her own valid certificate or license or
 4167 certificate number or license number;
- 4168 (6) Used credentials, methods, means, or practices to impersonate a representative of the
 4169 Commissioner commissioner or the state fire marshal or any local fire chief, fire marshal,
 4170 or other fire authority having jurisdiction;
- 4171 (7) Failed to maintain the minimum insurance coverage as set forth in this chapter;
- 4172 (8) Failed to obtain, retain, or maintain one or more of the qualifications and
 4173 requirements to obtain a certificate of competency or other licenses required by this
 4174 chapter;
- 4175 (9) Installed, serviced, modified, altered, inspected, maintained, added to, or tested a
 4176 water-based fire protection system without a current, valid license or certificate, when
 4177 such license or certificate is required by this chapter;
- 4178 (10) Made a material misstatement or misrepresentation or committed a fraud in4179 obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or certificate; or
- 4180 (11) Failed to notify the Commissioner commissioner, in writing, with 30 days after a
 4181 change of residence, principal business address, or name.
- In addition to other grounds set forth in this Code section, the Commissioner commissioner
 shall not issue a new license or certificate if the Commissioner commissioner finds that the
 circumstance or circumstances for which the license or certificate was previously
 suspended or revoked still exist or are likely to recur.
- 4186 25-11-18.
- The failure to renew a certificate or license by the expiration date as set forth in this chapter will cause the certificate or license to become inoperative. A certificate or license which is inoperative because of the failure to renew it shall be restored upon payment of the

- 4190 applicable fee plus a penalty of not more than \$250.00 if said fees are paid within 90 days 4191 of expiration. After 90 days new certificates and licenses must be applied for as required 4192 for an initial certificate or license.
- 4193 25-11-19.
- 4194 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to water-based automatic sprinkler systems 4195 for use in single-family dwellings or limited water-based systems permitted to be 4196 connected directly to a domestic water supply system as allowed by the NFiPA Life Safety 4197 Code adopted by the Commissioner's commissioner's rules and regulations.
- 4198 25-11-20.
- 4199 (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized 4200 4201 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in 4202 effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall 4203 remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.
- 4204 (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar 4205 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any 4206 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as 4207 4208 provided by law.
- 4209 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the 4210 4211 Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter."
- 4212

PART X

4213

SECTION 10-1.

- 4214 Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 12, relating to regulation of fire 4215 extinguishers and suppression systems, as follows:
- 4216

"CHAPTER 12

- 4217 25-12-1.
- It is unlawful for any firm to engage in the business of installing, inspecting, recharging, 4218 4219 repairing, servicing, or testing of portable fire extinguishers or fire suppression systems, 4220 as defined by this chapter, in this state except in conformity with the provisions of this

LC 41 1547S

chapter. Each firm engaging in any such business must possess a valid and subsisting
license issued by the Commissioner commissioner. Such license shall not be required for
any firm or governmental entity that engages only in installing, inspecting, recharging,
repairing, servicing, or testing of portable fire extinguishers or fire suppression systems
owned by the firm and installed on property under the control of said firm. Such firms
shall remain subject to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.

4227 25-12-2.

4228 As used in this chapter, the term:

4229 (1) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

4230 (2) 'Engineered fire suppression system' means any fire suppression system having pipe 4231 lengths, number of fittings, number and types of nozzles, suppression agent flow rates, and nozzle pressures as determined by calculations derived from the appropriate 4232 4233 standards of the National Fire Protection Association, whether those calculations are 4234 performed by hand or by a computer program or by other method of calculation. These 4235 systems may consist of other components, including, but not limited to, detection devices, 4236 alarm devices, and control devices as tested and approved by a nationally recognized 4237 testing laboratory and shall be manufacturer listed as compatible with the fire suppression 4238 system involved.

- (3) 'Fire suppression system' means any fire-fighting system employing a suppression agent with the purpose of controlling, suppressing, or extinguishing a fire in a specific hazard. The suppression agent shall be a currently recognized agent or water additive required to control, suppress, or extinguish a fire. The term fire 'fire suppression system' shall include engineered and preengineered systems as defined in this chapter and shall not include those systems addressed in Chapter 11 of this title.
- 4245 (4) 'Firm' means any business, person, partnership, organization, association,
 4246 corporation, contractor, subcontractor, or individual.

4247 (5) 'License' means the document issued by the Commissioner commissioner which
4248 authorizes a firm to engage in the business of installation, repair, alteration, recharging,
4249 inspection, maintenance, service, or testing of fire suppression systems or portable fire
4250 extinguishers.

- 4251 (6) 'Permit' means the document issued by the Commissioner commissioner which
 4252 authorizes an individual to install, inspect, repair, recharge, service, or test fire
 4253 suppression systems or portable fire extinguishers.
- (7) 'Portable fire extinguisher' means a portable device containing an extinguishing agent
 that can be expelled under pressure for the purpose of suppressing or extinguishing a fire.
 The device must be listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. The device must

LC 41 1547S

bear a manufacturer's name and serial number. The listings, approvals, and serial
numbers may be stamped on the manufacturer's identification and instruction plate or on
a separate plate of the testing laboratory soldered or attached to the extinguisher shell in
a permanent manner set forth by the listing or approving organization.

(8) 'Preengineered fire suppression system' means any system having predetermined flow 4261 rates, nozzle pressures, and quantities of an extinguishing agent. These systems have the 4262 specific pipe size, maximum and minimum pipe lengths, flexible hose specifications, 4263 number of fittings, and number and types of nozzles prescribed by a nationally 4264 4265 recognized testing laboratory. The hazards protected by these systems are specifically limited as to the type and size by the testing laboratory based upon actual fire tests. 4266 Limitations on hazards that can be protected by these systems are contained in the 4267 4268 manufacturer's installation manual, which is referenced as part of the listing.

4269 25-12-3.

4270 All fire suppression systems required by the Commissioner's <u>commissioner's</u> rules and 4271 regulations or by other state or local fire safety rules or regulations must be installed, 4272 inspected, repaired, recharged, serviced, or tested only by a firm licensed under the 4273 provisions of this chapter, except as otherwise provided by this chapter.

4274 25-12-4.

4275 All portable fire extinguishers required by the Commissioner's commissioner's rules and 4276 regulations or by other state or local fire safety rules or regulations must be installed, 4277 inspected, repaired, recharged, serviced, or tested only by a firm licensed under the 4278 provisions of this chapter, except as otherwise provided by this chapter.

4279 25-12-5.

4280 The provisions of this chapter do not apply to fire chiefs, fire marshals, fire inspectors, or 4281 insurance company inspectors with regard to the routine visual inspection of preengineered 4282 fire suppression systems or portable fire extinguishers.

- 4283 25-12-6.
- (a) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any firm that engages only in the routine
 visual inspection of fire suppression systems or portable fire extinguishers owned by the
 firm and installed on property under the control of said firm.
- (b) The fees required by this chapter shall not apply to employees of federal, state, or local
 governments or to members of legally organized fire departments while acting in their
 official capacities.

25-12-7.
Each firm in the business of installing, altering, inspecting, repairing, recharging, servicing,
maintaining, or testing fire suppression systems or in the business of inspecting, repairing,
recharging, servicing, maintaining, or testing portable fire extinguishers is required to
obtain a license from the Commissioner commissioner. The annual fee for said license
shall be as established by the Commissioner commissioner by rule or regulation, but such
license fee shall not exceed \$50.00.

4297 25-12-8.

Each individual actually performing the installing, inspecting, repairing, recharging, 4298 4299 servicing, or testing activities must possess a valid and subsisting permit issued by the 4300 Commissioner commissioner. The annual fee for said permit shall be as established by the Commissioner commissioner by rule or regulation, but such permit fee shall not exceed 4301 4302 \$75.00. Such permit shall not be required for any individual employed by any firm or 4303 governmental entity that engages only in installing, inspecting, recharging, repairing, 4304 servicing, or testing of portable fire extinguishers or fire suppression systems owned by the 4305 firm and installed on property under the control of said firm. Such individuals shall remain 4306 subject to the rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this chapter.

4307 25-12-9.

4308 The licenses and permits required by this chapter shall be issued by the Commissioner 4309 commissioner for each license year beginning January 1 and expiring the following 4310 December 31. The failure to renew a license or permit by December 31 will cause the 4311 license or permit to become inoperative. A license or permit which is inoperative because 4312 of the failure to renew it shall be restored upon payment of the applicable fee plus a penalty 4313 equal to the applicable fee if said fees are paid within 90 days of expiration. After 90 days, 4314 the firm and the employees thereof must apply for new licenses and permits as required for 4315 an initial license or permit.

4316 25-12-10.

The forms of such licenses and permits and applications and fees therefor shall be prescribed by the Commissioner commissioner by rule or regulation, subject to the limitations on fees provided for in Code Sections 25-12-7 and 25-12-8. In addition to such other information and data as the Commissioner commissioner determines are appropriate and required for such forms, there shall be included in such forms the following matters: (1) Each such application shall be sworn to by the applicant or, if a corporation, by an officer thereof;

- 4324 (2) Each application shall clearly state, in detail as set forth by the Commissioner
 4325 <u>commissioner</u>, the type of activity or activities for which the applicant desires a license
 4326 or permit to perform;
- (3) An application for a permit shall include the name of the licensee employing such
 permittee, and the permit issued in pursuance of such application shall also set forth the
 name of such licensee. For persons covered by Code Section 25-12-8, the application and
 permit shall bear the business name of the person's employer; and
- (4) The license or permit issued by the Commissioner commissioner shall clearly state
 the activity or activities for which the firm or individual has been issued the license or
 permit to perform. The licensee or permittee shall not perform any activity not noted on
 the license or permit issued by the Commissioner commissioner.
- 4335 25-12-11.

A license may not be issued by the Commissioner commissioner until:

- 4337 (1) The applicant has submitted to the Commissioner commissioner evidence of
 4338 registration as a Georgia corporation;
- 4339 (2) The Commissioner commissioner or a person designated by him or her has by 4340 inspection determined that the applicant possesses the equipment required for the 4341 activities the applicant requests to be licensed to perform. If the applicant includes in the 4342 request the high-pressure hydrostatic testing of equipment, the applicant must submit a 4343 copy of its United States Department of Transportation approval and renewals. If the 4344 applicant includes in the request the transfer of Halogenated fire suppression agents, the 4345 applicant must submit a copy of the current Underwriter's Laboratories on-site inspection form for a manufacturer's represented Halon pumping station. The Commissioner 4346 4347 commissioner shall give an applicant 60 days to correct any deficiencies discovered by 4348 inspection;
- 4349 (3) The applicant has submitted to the Commissioner commissioner proof of a valid 4350 comprehensive liability insurance policy purchased from an insurer authorized to do 4351 business in Georgia. The coverage must include bodily injury and property damage, products liability, completed operations, and contractual liability. The proof of insurance 4352 must also be provided before any license can be renewed. The minimum amount of said 4353 4354 coverage shall be \$1 million or such other amount as specified by the Commissioner commissioner. An insurer which provides such coverage shall notify the Commissioner 4355 commissioner of any change in coverage; and 4356
- 4357 (4) The applicant, when filing an application for an examination, pays a nonrefundable
 4358 filing fee fixed by rule or regulation of the Commissioner commissioner.

4359 25-12-12.

4360 No permit may be issued to a person for the first time by the Commissioner commissioner 4361 until the applicant has submitted a nonrefundable filing fee fixed by rule or regulation of 4362 the Commissioner commissioner.

4363 25-12-13.

(a) Any firm or individual holding a valid license or permit desiring to perform an activity
not covered by the current permit may submit an application for an amended license or
permit at any time between January 1 and the date established by the Commissioner
<u>commissioner</u> for filing applications for renewing an annual license or permit.

- (b) The provisions of this chapter relating to the requirements for obtaining a license or
 permit shall apply to applications for an amended license or permit. The Commissioner
 commissioner shall by rule or regulation establish the fee for obtaining an amended license
 and the fee for an amended permit, but such fees shall not exceed the respective limits set
 forth in Code Sections 25-12-7 and 25-12-8.
- (c) The fees for an amended license or permit shall not apply if the new activity or
 activities are included in an application for a renewal of the annual license or permit. The
 application for renewal must be accompanied by the proof of training and other applicable
 documentation regarding the activity or activities desired to be included on the new annual
 license or permit.

4378 25-12-14.

Every permittee must have a valid and subsisting permit upon his <u>or her</u> person at all times while engaging in the installing, inspection, recharging, repairing, servicing, or testing of fire suppression systems or portable fire extinguishers. Every licensee or permittee must be able to produce a valid license or valid permit, as appropriate, upon demand by the Commissioner commissioner or his <u>or her</u> representatives or by any local authority having jurisdiction for fire protection or prevention or by any person for whom the licensee or permittee solicits to perform any of the activities covered by this chapter.

4386 25-12-15.

The Commissioner commissioner may adopt rules and regulations setting forth the proper installation, inspection, recharging, repairing, servicing, or testing of fire suppression systems or portable fire extinguishers. The Commissioner commissioner may adopt by rule the applicable standards of the National Fire Protection Association or another nationally recognized organization, if the standards are judged by him <u>or her</u> to be suitable for the enforcement of this chapter. All fire suppression systems covered by Code Section 25-12-3

and all portable fire extinguishers covered by Code Section 25-12-4 shall be installed,
inspected, recharged, repaired, serviced, or tested in compliance with this chapter and with
the Commissioner's commissioner's rules and regulations.

4396 25-12-16.

4397 The Commissioner commissioner shall make and promulgate specifications as to the 4398 number, type, size, shape, color, and information and data contained thereon of service tags 4399 to be attached to all portable fire extinguishers and fire suppression systems covered by this 4400 chapter when they are installed, inspected, recharged, repaired, serviced, or tested. It shall be unlawful to install, inspect, recharge, repair, service, or test any portable fire 4401 4402 extinguisher or fire suppression system without attaching the required tag or tags 4403 completed in detail, including the actual month, day, and year the work was performed, or 4404 to use a tag not meeting the specifications set forth by the Commissioner commissioner.

4405 25-12-17.

4406 (a) The violation of any provision of this chapter or any rule or regulation adopted and 4407 promulgated pursuant to this chapter or the failure or refusal to comply with any notice or 4408 order to correct a violation or any cease and desist order by any person who possesses a 4409 license or permit issued pursuant to this chapter or who is required to have a license or 4410 permit issued pursuant to this chapter is cause for denial, nonrenewal, revocation, or 4411 suspension of such license or permit by the Commissioner commissioner after a 4412 determination that such person is guilty of such violations. An order of suspension shall 4413 state the period of time of such suspension, which period may not be in excess of two years 4414 from the date of such order. An order of revocation shall state the period of time of such 4415 revocation, which period may not be in excess of five years from the date of such order. 4416 Such order shall effect suspension or revocation of all licenses and permits then held by the 4417 person, and during such period of time no license or permit shall be issued to such person. During the suspension or revocation of any license or permit, the licensee or permittee 4418 4419 whose license or permit has been suspended or revoked shall not engage in or attempt or 4420 profess to engage in any transaction or business for which a license or permit is required 4421 under this chapter or directly or indirectly own, control, or be employed in any manner by 4422 any firm, business, or corporation for which a license or permit under this chapter is 4423 required. If, during the period between the beginning of proceedings and the entry of an 4424 order of suspension or revocation by the Commissioner commissioner, a new license or 4425 permit has been issued to the person so charged, the order of suspension or revocation shall 4426 operate to suspend or revoke, as the case may be, such new license or permit held by such 4427 person.

- (b) The department shall not, so long as the revocation or suspension remains in effect,
 issue any new license or permit for the establishment of any new firm, business, or
 corporation of any person or applicant that has or will have the same or similar
 management, ownership, control, employees, permittees, or licensees or will use the same
 or a similar name as the revoked or suspended firm, business, corporation, person, or
 applicant.
- 4434 (c) The Commissioner commissioner may deny, nonrenew, suspend, or revoke the license
 4435 or permit of:
- 4436

4437

(1) Any person, firm, business, or corporation whose license has been suspended or revoked under this chapter;

- 4438 (2) Any firm, business, or corporation if any officer, director, stockholder, owner, or
 4439 person who has a direct or indirect interest in the firm, business, or corporation has had
 4440 his or her license or permit suspended under this chapter; and
- 4441 (3) Any person who is or has been an officer, director, stockholder, or owner of a firm,
 4442 business, or corporation or who has or had a direct or indirect interest in a firm, business,
 4443 or corporation whose license or permit has been suspended or revoked under this chapter.
- (d) In addition to the grounds set forth in this Code section, it is cause for denial,
 nonrenewal, revocation, or suspension of a license or permit by the Commissioner
 commissioner if he or she determines that the licensee or permittee has:
- (1) Rendered inoperative a portable fire extinguisher or preengineered or engineered fire
 suppression system covered by this chapter, except during such time as the extinguisher
 or preengineered or engineered system is being inspected, recharged, hydrotested,
 repaired, altered, added to, maintained, serviced, or tested or except pursuant to court
 order;
- 4452 (2) Falsified any record required to be maintained by this chapter or rules or regulations
 4453 adopted pursuant to this chapter or current fire codes enforced by the Commissioner
 4454 commissioner;
- (3) Improperly installed, recharged, hydrotested, repaired, serviced, modified, altered,
 inspected, or tested a portable fire extinguisher or preengineered or engineered fire
 suppression system;
- (4) While holding a permit or license, allowed another person to use the permit or license
 or permit number or license number or used a license or permit or license number or
 permit number other than his or her own valid license or permit or license number or
 permit number;
- (5) Failed to provide proof of or failed to maintain the minimum comprehensive liability
 insurance coverage as set forth in paragraph (3) of Code Section 25-12-11;

- 4464 (6) Failed to obtain, retain, or maintain one or more of the qualifications for a license or4465 permit required by this chapter;
- (7) Used credentials, methods, means, or practices to impersonate a representative of the
 Commissioner commissioner or the state fire marshal or any local fire chief, fire marshal,
 or other fire authority having jurisdiction;
- (8) Installed, recharged, hydrotested, repaired, serviced, modified, altered, inspected,
 maintained, added to, or tested a portable fire extinguisher or preengineered or engineered
 fire suppression system without a current, valid license or permit when such license or
 permit is required by this chapter;
- (9) Made a material misstatement or misrepresentation or committed a fraud in obtainingor attempting to obtain a license or permit; or
- 4475 (10) Failed to notify the Commissioner commissioner, in writing, within 30 days after
 4476 a change of residence, principal business address, or name.
- (e) In addition, the Commissioner commissioner shall not issue a new license or permit if
 the Commissioner commissioner finds that the circumstance or circumstances for which
 the license or permit was previously suspended or revoked still exist or are likely to recur.
- 4480 25-12-18.
- (a) Whenever the Commissioner commissioner shall have reason to believe that any
 individual is or has been violating any provisions of this chapter, the Commissioner
 commissioner, his or her deputy, his or her assistant, or other designated persons may issue
 and deliver to the individual an order to cease and desist such violation. An order issued
 under this Code section may be delivered in accordance with the provisions of subsection
 (d) of this Code section.
- 4487 (b) Violation of any provision of this chapter or failure to comply with a cease and desist 4488 order is cause for revocation of any or all permits and licenses issued by the Commissioner 4489 commissioner for a period of not less than six months and not to exceed five years. If a 4490 new permit or license has been issued to the person so charged, the order of revocation 4491 shall operate effectively with respect to such new permits and licenses held by such person. 4492 In the case of an applicant for a license, certificate, or permit, violation of any provision 4493 of this title may constitute grounds for refusal of the application. Decisions under this 4494 subsection may be appealed as provided by law.
- (c) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter or any rule, regulation, or order
 issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall be subject to a civil
 penalty imposed by the Commissioner commissioner of not more than \$1,000.00 for a first
 offense, not less than \$1,000.00 and not more than \$2,000.00 for a second offense, and not
 less than \$2,000.00 or more than \$5,000.00 for a third or subsequent offense. Prior to

4500 subjecting any person or entity to a fine under this subsection, the Commissioner 4501 commissioner or his or her agent shall give written notice to the person or entity by hand 4502 delivery or by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt 4503 requested, of the existence of the violations. After a reasonable period of time after notice 4504 is given, an order may be issued based on this Code section. Such order must be delivered 4505 in accordance with the provisions of subsection (d) of this Code section and must notify 4506 the person or entity of the right to a hearing with respect to same.

4507 (d) Any order issued by the Commissioner commissioner under this chapter shall contain 4508 or be accompanied by a notice of opportunity for hearing which may provide that a hearing 4509 will be held if and only if a person subject to the order requests a hearing within ten days 4510 of receipt of the order and notice. The order and notice shall be served by delivery by the 4511 Commissioner commissioner or his or her agent or by registered or certified mail or statutory overnight delivery, return receipt requested. Any person who fails to comply with 4512 4513 any order under this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished as 4514 provided by law.

(e) In addition to other powers granted to the Commissioner commissioner under this
chapter, the Commissioner commissioner may bring a civil action to enjoin a violation of
any provision of this chapter or of any rule, regulation, or order issued by the
Commissioner commissioner under this chapter.

4519 25-12-19.

(a) Any person, firm, or corporation which violates any provision of this chapter or any
order, rule, or regulation of the Commissioner commissioner shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor.

- (b) It shall also constitute a misdemeanor willfully or intentionally to:
- (1) Obliterate the serial number on a fire suppression system or portable fire extinguisherfor the purposes of falsifying service records;
- 4526 (2) Improperly install a fire suppression system or improperly recharge, repair, service,
 4527 or test any such suppression system or any such portable fire extinguisher;
- (3) While holding a permit or license, allow another person to use the permit or license
 or permit number or license number or to use a license or permit or license number or
 permit number other than his <u>or her</u> own valid license or permit or license number or
 permit number;
- (4) Use or permit the use of any license by an individual or organization other than theone to whom the license is issued;

4534 (5) To use any credential, method, means, or practice to impersonate a representative of 4535 the Commissioner commissioner or the state fire marshal or any local fire chief, fire 4536 marshal, or other fire authority having jurisdiction; or

4537 (6) To engage in the business of installing, inspecting, recharging, repairing, servicing,
4538 or testing portable fire extinguishers or fire suppression systems except in conformity
4539 with the provisions of this chapter and the applicable rules and regulations of the
4540 Commissioner commissioner.

4541 25-12-20.

- Any authority, power, or duty vested in the Commissioner commissioner by any provision of this chapter may be exercised, discharged, or performed by a deputy, assistant, or other designated employee acting in the Commissioner's commissioner's name and by his or her delegated authority. The Commissioner commissioner shall be responsible for the official acts of such persons who act in his <u>or her</u> name and by his <u>or her</u> authority.
- 4547 25-12-21.
- (a) All fees collected by the Commissioner commissioner for licenses, permits, and related
 examinations pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be deposited in the general
 fund of this state in accordance with applicable laws of this state.
- 4551 (b) The Commissioner commissioner is authorized to receive grants or gifts for the 4552 administration of this chapter from parties interested in upgrading and improving the 4553 quality of fire protection provided by portable fire extinguishers or fire suppression 4554 systems.
- 4555 25-12-22.

(a) Nothing in this chapter limits the power of a municipality, a county, or the state to
require the submission and approval of plans and specifications or to regulate the quality
and character of work performed by contractors through a system of permits, fees, and
inspections otherwise authorized by law for the protection of the public health and safety.
(b) No municipality or county shall impose any other requirements on persons licensed or
permitted by the Commissioner commissioner as set forth in this chapter to prove
competency to conduct any activity covered by said license or permit.

4563 <u>25-12-23.</u>

4564 (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall
4565 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized
4566 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in

4567	effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall
4568	remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.
4569	(b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
4570	authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
4571	function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
4572	expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
4573	provided by law.
4574	(c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
4575	out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the
4576	Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter."
4577	PART XI
4578	SECTION 11-1.
4579	Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 14, relating to Georgia fire safety standard
4580	and firefighter protection, as follows:
4581	"CHAPTER 14
4500	
4582	
4583	This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Georgia Fire Safety Standard and
4584	Firefighter Protection Act.'
4585	25-14-2.
4586	As used in this chapter, the term:
4587	(1) 'Agent' means any person authorized by the state revenue commissioner to purchase
4588	and affix stamps on packages of cigarettes.
4589	(2) 'Cigarette' means:
4590	(A) Any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco when the cover of the roll
4591	is paper or any substance other than tobacco; or
4592	(B) Any roll for smoking wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because
4593	of its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling,
4594	is likely to be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette as described in
4595	subparagraph (A) of this paragraph.
4596	(3) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.
4597	(4) 'Manufacturer' means:

- (A) Any entity which manufactures, makes, produces, or causes to be produced
 cigarettes sold in this state or cigarettes said entity intends to be sold in this state;
 (B) The first purchaser of cigarettes manufactured anywhere that intends to resell such
- 4601 cigarettes in this state regardless of whether the original manufacturer, maker, or 4602 producer intends such cigarettes to be sold in the United States; or
- 4603 (C) Any entity which becomes a successor of an entity described in subparagraph (A)4604 or (B) of this paragraph.
- 4605 (4.1) 'New York Fire Safety Standards for Cigarettes' means those New York Fire Safety
 4606 Standards for Cigarettes in effect on April 1, 2008.
- (5) 'Quality control and quality assurance program' means the laboratory procedures
 implemented to ensure that operator bias, systematic and nonsystematic methodological
 errors, and equipment related problems do not affect the results of the testing. Such a
 program ensures that the testing repeatability remains within the required repeatability
 values stated in paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-14-3 for all test trials
 used to certify cigarettes in accordance with this chapter.
- (6) 'Repeatability' means the range of values within which the repeat results of cigarette
 test trials from a single laboratory will fall 95 percent of the time.
- 4615 (7) 'Retail dealer' means any person, other than a manufacturer or wholesale dealer,
 4616 engaged in selling cigarettes or tobacco products.
- 4617 (8) 'Sale' means any sale, transfer, exchange, theft, barter, gift, or offer for sale and4618 distribution in any manner or by any means whatever.
- 4619 (9) 'Sell' means to sell or to offer or agree to do the same.
- (10) 'Wholesale dealer' means any person that is not a manufacturer who sells cigarettes
 or tobacco products to retail dealers or other persons for purposes of resale. A wholesale
 dealer is also any person who owns, operates, or maintains one or more cigarette or
 tobacco product vending machines in, at, or upon premises owned or occupied by any
 other person.
- 4625 25-14-3.

(a) Except as provided in subsection (h) of this Code section, no cigarettes may be sold or
offered for sale in this state or offered for sale or sold to persons located in this state unless
the cigarettes have been tested in accordance with the test method and meet the
performance standard specified in this Code section, a written certification has been filed
by the manufacturer in accordance with Code Section 25-14-4, and the cigarettes have been
marked in accordance with Code Section 25-14-5.

- (b)(1) Testing of cigarettes shall be conducted in accordance with the American Society
 of Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard E2187-04, 'Standard Test Method for
 Measuring the Ignition Strength of Cigarettes.'
- 4635 (2) Testing shall be conducted on ten layers of filter paper.

4636 (3) No more than 25 percent of the cigarettes tested in a test trial in accordance with this
4637 Code section shall exhibit full-length burns. Forty replicate tests shall comprise a
4638 complete test trial for each cigarette tested.

- 4639 (4) The performance standard required by this Code section shall only be applied to a4640 complete test trial.
- 4641 (5) Written certifications shall be based upon testing conducted by a laboratory that has
 4642 been accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization
 4643 for Standardization (ISO) or other comparable accreditation standard required by the
 4644 Commissioner commissioner.
- (6) Laboratories conducting testing in accordance with this Code section shall implement
 a quality control and quality assurance program that includes a procedure that will
 determine the repeatability of the testing results. The repeatability value shall be no
 greater than 0.19.
- 4649 (7) This Code section does not require additional testing if cigarettes are tested consistent4650 with this chapter for any other purpose.
- (8) Testing performed or sponsored by the Commissioner commissioner to determine a
 cigarette's compliance with the performance standard required shall be conducted in
 accordance with this Code section.
- 4654 (c) Each cigarette listed in a certification submitted pursuant to Code Section 25-14-4 that 4655 uses lowered permeability bands in the cigarette paper to achieve compliance with the 4656 performance standard set forth in this Code section shall have at least two nominally 4657 identical bands on the paper surrounding the tobacco column. At least one complete band shall be located at least 15 millimeters from the lighting end of the cigarette. For cigarettes 4658 4659 on which the bands are positioned by design, there shall be at least two bands fully located 4660 at least 15 millimeters from the lighting end and ten millimeters from the filter end of the 4661 tobacco column, or ten millimeters from the labeled end of the tobacco column for nonfiltered cigarettes. 4662
- (d) A manufacturer of a cigarette that the Commissioner commissioner determines cannot
 be tested in accordance with the test method prescribed in paragraph (1) of subsection (b)
 of this Code section shall propose a test method and performance standard for the cigarette
 to the Commissioner commissioner. Upon approval of the proposed test method and a
 determination by the Commissioner commissioner that the performance standard proposed
 by the manufacturer is equivalent to the performance standard prescribed in paragraph (3)

4669 of subsection (b) of this Code section, the manufacturer may employ such test method and performance standard to certify such cigarette pursuant to Code Section 25-14-4. If the 4670 4671 Commissioner commissioner determines that another state has enacted reduced cigarette 4672 ignition propensity standards that include a test method and performance standard that are 4673 the same as those contained in this chapter, and the Commissioner commissioner finds that 4674 the officials responsible for implementing those requirements have approved the proposed 4675 alternative test method and performance standard for a particular cigarette proposed by a 4676 manufacturer as meeting the fire safety standards of that state's law or regulation under a 4677 legal provision comparable to this Code section, then the Commissioner commissioner 4678 shall authorize that manufacturer to employ the alternative test method and performance 4679 standard to certify that cigarette for sale in this state, unless the Commissioner 4680 commissioner demonstrates a reasonable basis why the alternative test should not be accepted under this chapter. All other applicable requirements of this Code section shall 4681 4682 apply to the manufacturer.

(e) Each manufacturer shall maintain copies of the reports of all tests conducted on all
cigarettes offered for sale for a period of three years, and shall make copies of these reports
available to the Commissioner commissioner and the Attorney General upon written
request. Any manufacturer who fails to make copies of these reports available within 60
days of receiving a written request shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed
\$10,000.00 for each day after the sixtieth day that the manufacturer does not make such
copies available.

(f) The Commissioner commissioner may adopt a subsequent ASTM Standard Test
Method for Measuring the Ignition Strength of Cigarettes upon a finding that such
subsequent method does not result in a change in the percentage of full-length burns
exhibited by any tested cigarette when compared to the percentage of full-length burns the
same cigarette would exhibit when tested in accordance with ASTM Standard E2187-04
and the performance standard in paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of this Code section.

(g) The Commissioner commissioner shall review the effectiveness of this Code section
and report his or her findings every three years to the General Assembly and, if appropriate,
recommendations for legislation to improve the effectiveness of this chapter. The report
and legislative recommendations shall be submitted no later than June 30 following the
conclusion of each three-year period.

4701 (h) The requirements of subsection (a) of this Code section shall not prohibit:

(1) Wholesale or retail dealers from selling their existing inventory of cigarettes on or
after January 1, 2010, if the wholesale or retailer dealer can establish that state tax stamps
were affixed to the cigarettes prior to January 1, 2010, and if the wholesale or retailer
dealer can establish that the inventory was purchased prior to January 1, 2010, in

- 18 4706 comparable quantity to the inventory purchased during the same period of the prior year; 4707 or 4708 (2) The sale of cigarettes solely for the purpose of consumer testing. For purposes of this 4709 paragraph, the term 'consumer testing' shall mean an assessment of cigarettes that is conducted by a manufacturer, or under the control and direction of a manufacturer, for 4710 4711 the purpose of evaluating consumer acceptance of such cigarettes, utilizing only the 4712 quantity of cigarettes that is reasonably necessary for such assessment. 4713 (i) This chapter shall be implemented in accordance with the implementation and 4714 substance of the New York Fire Safety Standards for Cigarettes. 4715 25-14-4. 4716 (a) Each manufacturer shall submit to the Commissioner commissioner a written 4717 certification attesting that: 4718 (1) Each cigarette listed in the certification has been tested in accordance with Code 4719 Section 25-14-3; and (2) Each cigarette listed in the certification meets the performance standard set forth in 4720 paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Code Section 25-14-3. 4721 4722 (b) Each cigarette listed in the certification shall be described with the following 4723 information: 4724 (1) Brand or trade name on the package; 4725 (2) Style, such as light or ultra light; 4726 (3) Length in millimeters;
 - 4727 (4) Circumference in millimeters;
 - (5) Flavor, such as menthol or chocolate, if applicable; 4728
 - 4729 (6) Filter or nonfilter;
 - 4730 (7) Package description, such as soft pack or box;
 - 4731 (8) Marking approved in accordance with Code Section 25-14-5;
 - (9) The name, address, and telephone number of the laboratory, if different from the 4732 4733 manufacturer that conducted the test; and
 - 4734 (10) The date that the testing occurred.
 - 4735 (c) The certifications shall also be made available to the Attorney General for purposes 4736 consistent with this chapter and to the state revenue commissioner for the purposes of ensuring compliance with this Code section. 4737
 - (d) Each cigarette certified under this Code section shall be recertified every three years. 4738
 - For each cigarette listed in a certification, a manufacturer shall pay to the 4739 (e) 4740 Commissioner commissioner a fee of \$250.00.

LC 41 1547S

4741 (f) If a manufacturer has certified a cigarette pursuant to this Code section and thereafter 4742 makes any change to such cigarette that is likely to alter its compliance with the reduced 4743 cigarette ignition propensity standards required by this chapter, that cigarette shall not be 4744 sold or offered for sale in this state until the manufacturer retests the cigarette in 4745 accordance with the testing standards set forth in Code Section 25-14-3 and maintains 4746 records of that retesting as required by Code Section 25-14-3. Any altered cigarette which 4747 does not meet the performance standard set forth in Code Section 25-14-3 shall not be sold 4748 in this state.

4749 25-14-5.

(a) Cigarettes that are certified by a manufacturer in accordance with Code
Section 25-14-4 shall be marked to indicate compliance with the requirements of Code
Section 25-14-3. The marking shall be in eight-point type or larger and consist of:

- 4753 (1) Modification of the Universal Product Code to include a visible mark printed at or
 4754 around the area of the Universal Product Code. The mark may consist of alphanumeric
 4755 or symbolic characters permanently stamped, engraved, embossed, or printed in
 4756 conjunction with the Universal Product Code;
- 4757 (2) Any visible combination of alphanumeric or symbolic characters permanently4758 stamped, engraved, or embossed upon the cigarette packaging or cellophane wrap; or
- 4759 (3) Printed, stamped, engraved, or embossed text on the cigarette packaging or4760 cellophane wrap that indicates that the cigarettes meet Georgia standards.
- (b) A manufacturer shall use only one marking and shall apply this marking uniformly for
 all packages, including but not limited to packs, cartons, and cases, and brands marketed
 by that manufacturer.
- 4764 (c) The Commissioner commissioner shall be notified as to the marking that is selected.
- (d) Prior to the certification of any cigarette, a manufacturer shall present its proposed
 marking to the Commissioner commissioner for approval. Upon receipt of the request, the
 Commissioner commissioner shall approve or disapprove the marking offered. The
 Commissioner commissioner shall approve:
- 4769 (1) Any marking in use and approved for sale in New York pursuant to the New York
 4770 Fire Safety Standards for Cigarettes; or
- 4771 (2) The letters 'FSC,' which signifies Fire Standards Compliant, appearing in eight-point
 4772 type or larger and permanently printed, stamped, engraved, or embossed on the package
 4773 at or near the Universal Product Code.
- 4774 Proposed markings shall be deemed approved if the Commissioner commissioner fails to
 4775 act within ten business days of receiving a request for approval.

LC 41 1547S

4776 (e) No manufacturer shall modify its approved marking unless the modification has been
4777 approved by the Commissioner commissioner in accordance with this Code section.

4778 (f) Manufacturers certifying cigarettes in accordance with Code Section 25-14-4 shall 4779 provide a copy of the certifications to all wholesale dealers and agents to which they sell 4780 cigarettes and shall also provide sufficient copies of an illustration of the package marking 4781 utilized by the manufacturer pursuant to this Code section for each retail dealer to which 4782 the wholesale dealers or agents sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers and agents shall provide 4783 a copy of these package markings received from manufacturers to all retail dealers to which 4784 they sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers, agents, and retail dealers shall permit the 4785 Commissioner commissioner, the state revenue commissioner, the Attorney General, and 4786 their employees to inspect markings of cigarette packaging marked in accordance with this 4787 Code section.

4788 25-14-6.

(a) A manufacturer, wholesale dealer, agent, or any other person or entity who knowingly
sells or offers to sell cigarettes, other than through retail sale, in violation of Code
Section 25-14-3, for a first offense shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$100.00
dollars for each pack of such cigarettes sold or offered for sale, provided that in no case
shall the penalty against any such person or entity exceed \$100,000.00 during any 30 day
period.

(b) A retail dealer who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes in violation of Code
Section 25-14-3 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$100.00 for each pack of
such cigarettes, provided that in no case shall the penalty against any retail dealer exceed
\$25,000.00 during any 30 day period.

- (c) In addition to any penalty prescribed by law, any corporation, partnership, sole
 proprietor, limited partnership, or association engaged in the manufacture of cigarettes that
 knowingly makes a false certification pursuant to Code Section 25-14-4 shall be subject
 to a civil penalty of at least \$75,000.00 and not to exceed \$250,000.00 for each such false
 certification.
- (d) Any person violating any other provision in this chapter shall be subject to a civil
 penalty for a first offense not to exceed \$1,000.00, and for a subsequent offense subject to
 a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.00, for each such violation.
- (e) Any cigarettes that have been sold or offered for sale that do not comply with the
 performance standard required by Code Section 25-14-3 shall be subject to forfeiture and,
 upon forfeiture, shall be destroyed; provided, however, that prior to the destruction of any
 cigarette pursuant to this Code section, the true holder of the trademark rights in the
 cigarette brand shall be permitted to inspect the cigarette.

LC 41 1547S

(f) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the Commissioner commissioner or
Attorney General may file an action in superior court for a violation of this chapter,
including petitioning for injunctive relief or to recover any costs or damages suffered by
the state because of a violation of this chapter, including enforcement costs relating to the
specific violation and attorney's fees. Each violation of this chapter or of rules or
regulations adopted under this chapter constitutes a separate civil violation for which the
Commissioner commissioner or Attorney General may obtain relief.

4819 (g) Whenever any law enforcement personnel or duly authorized representative of the 4820 Commissioner commissioner or Attorney General shall discover any cigarettes that have 4821 not been marked in the manner required under Code Section 25-14-5, such personnel are 4822 hereby authorized and empowered to seize and take possession of such cigarettes. Such 4823 cigarettes shall be turned over to the state revenue commissioner and shall be forfeited to 4824 the state. Cigarettes seized pursuant to this subsection shall be destroyed; provided, 4825 however, that prior to the destruction of any cigarette seized pursuant to this subsection, 4826 the true holder of the trademark rights in the cigarette brand shall be permitted to inspect 4827 the cigarette.

4828 25-14-7.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations, pursuant to
Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act,' necessary to effectuate
the purposes of this chapter.

(b) The state revenue commissioner in the regular course of conducting inspections of
wholesale dealers, agents, and retail dealers, as authorized under Chapter 11 of Title 48,
may inspect such cigarettes to determine if the cigarettes are marked as required by Code
Section 25-14-5. If the cigarettes are not marked as required, the state revenue
commissioner shall notify the Commissioner commissioner.

4837 25-14-8.

4838 To enforce the provisions of this chapter, the Attorney General and the Commissioner 4839 commissioner, their duly authorized representatives, and other law enforcement personnel shall be authorized to examine the books, papers, invoices, and other records of any person 4840 4841 in possession, control, or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, stored, 4842 sold, or offered for sale, as well as the stock of cigarettes on the premises. Every person 4843 in the possession, control, or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, sold, 4844 or offered for sale shall be directed and required to give the Attorney General and the 4845 Commissioner commissioner, their duly authorized representatives, and other law

LC 41 1547S

4846 enforcement personnel the means, facilities, and opportunity for the examinations4847 authorized by this Code section.

4848 25-14-9.

4849 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any person or entity from 4850 manufacturing or selling cigarettes that do not meet the requirements of Code 4851 Section 25-14-3 if the cigarettes are not for sale in this state or are packaged for sale 4852 outside the United States, and that person or entity has taken reasonable steps to ensure that 4853 such cigarettes will not be sold or offered for sale to persons located in this state.

4854 25-14-10.

4855 This chapter shall cease to be applicable if federal reduced cigarette ignition propensity 4856 standards that preempt this chapter are enacted.

4857 25-14-11.

4858 If, after the date specified in paragraph (4.1) of Code Section 25-14-2, the New York safety 4859 standards are changed, then the Commissioner commissioner shall suggest proposed 4860 legislation to the chairpersons of the appropriate standing committees of the General 4861 Assembly as designated by the presiding officer of each house. Such proposed legislation 4862 shall contain provisions necessary to bring paragraph (4.1) of Code Section 25-14-2 into 4863 accordance with the New York safety standards.

<u>4864</u> <u>25-14-12.</u>

- (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner, and the Department of Fire Safety shall
 succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and finalized
 administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which are in
 effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders shall
 remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board.
- (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
 provided by law.
 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner and the Department of Fire Safety shall carry
- 4876 <u>out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers formerly held by the</u>
 4877 <u>Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter.</u>"

	18 LC 41 1547S
4878	PART XII
4879	SECTION 12-1.
4880	Said title is further amended by revising Chapter 15, relating to other safety inspections and
4881	regulations, as follows:
4882	"CHAPTER 15
4883	ARTICLE 1
4884	25-15-1.
4885	(a) The office of Safety Fire Commissioner shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies,
4886	procedures, and administrative orders of the Department of Labor in effect on June 30,
4887	2012, or scheduled to go into effect on or after July 1, 2012, and which relate to the
4888	functions transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner pursuant to this chapter and
4889	Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 and shall further succeed to any rights, privileges,
4890	entitlements, obligations, and duties of the Department of Labor in effect on June 30, 2012,
4891	which relate to the functions transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner pursuant
4892	to this chapter and Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8. Such rules, regulations,
4893	policies, procedures, and administrative orders shall remain in effect until amended,
4894	repealed, superseded, or nullified by the office of Safety Fire Commissioner by proper
4895	authority or as otherwise provided by law.
4896	(b) Any proceedings or other matters pending before the Department of Labor or
4897	Commissioner of Labor on June 30, 2012, which relate to the functions transferred to the
4898	office of Safety Fire Commissioner pursuant to this chapter and Part 6 of Article 1 of
4899	Chapter 2 of Title 8 shall be transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner on July
4900	1, 2012.
4901	(c) The rights, privileges, entitlements, obligations, and duties of parties to contracts,
4902	leases, agreements, and other transactions as identified by the Office of Planning and
4903	Budget entered into before July 1, 2012, by the Department of Labor which relate to the
4904	functions transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner pursuant to this chapter and
4905	Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 shall continue to exist; and none of these rights,
4906	privileges, entitlements, obligations, and duties are impaired or diminished by reason of the
4907	transfer of the functions to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner. In all such instances,
4908	the office of Safety Fire Commissioner shall be substituted for the Department of Labor,
4909	and the office of Safety Fire Commissioner shall succeed to the rights and duties under
4910	such contracts, leases, agreements, and other transactions.

LC 41 1547S

4911 (d) All persons employed by the Department of Labor in capacities which relate to the 4912 functions transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner pursuant to this chapter and 4913 Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8 on June 30, 2012, shall, on July 1, 2012, become 4914 employees of the office of Safety Fire Commissioner in similar capacities, as determined 4915 by the Commissioner of Insurance. Such employees shall be subject to the employment 4916 practices and policies of the office of Safety Fire Commissioner on and after July 1, 2012, 4917 but the compensation and benefits of such transferred employees shall not be reduced as 4918 a result of such transfer. Employees who are subject to the rules of the State Personnel 4919 Board and who are transferred to the office shall retain all existing rights under such rules. 4920 Accrued annual and sick leave possessed by the transferred employees on June 30, 2012, 4921 shall be retained by such employees as employees of the office of Safety Fire 4922 Commissioner.

4923 (e) On July 1, 2012, the office of Safety Fire Commissioner shall receive custody of the
4924 state owned real property in the custody of the Department of Labor on June 30, 2012, and
4925 which pertains to the functions transferred to the office of Safety Fire Commissioner
4926 pursuant to this chapter and Part 6 of Article 1 of Chapter 2 of Title 8.

- (f) The Safety Fire Commissioner shall provide a report to the House Committee on
 Governmental Affairs and the Senate Government Oversight Committee prior to the first
 day of the 2013 regular session of the Georgia General Assembly outlining the effects and
 results of this Code section and providing information on any problems or concerns with
 respect to the implementation of this Code section. <u>Reserved.</u>
- 4932

ARTICLE 2

4933 25-15-10.

4934 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Act' 4935 and, except as otherwise provided in this article, shall apply to all boilers and pressure 4936 vessels.

4937 25-15-11.

4938 As used in this article, the term:

(1) 'Boiler' means a closed vessel in which water or other liquid is heated, steam or vapor
is generated, or steam is superheated or in which any combination of these functions is
accomplished, under pressure or vacuum, for use externally to itself, by the direct
application of energy from the combustion of fuels or from electricity, solar, or nuclear
energy. The term 'boiler' shall include fired units for heating or vaporizing liquids other

- 4944 than water where these units are separate from processing systems and are complete
 4945 within themselves. The term 'boiler' is further defined as follows:
 4946 (A) 'Heating boiler' means a steam or vapor boiler operating at pressures not exceeding
- 4947
 4947
 45 psig or a hot water boiler operating at pressures not exceeding 160 psig or
 4948
 4948
 4948
 4948
- (B) 'High pressure, high temperature water boiler' means a water boiler operating at
 pressures exceeding 160 psig or temperatures exceeding 250 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 4951 (C) 'Power boiler' means a boiler in which steam or other vapor is generated at a4952 pressure of more than 15 psig.
- (2) 'Certificate of inspection' means an inspection, the report of which is used by the
 chief inspector to determine whether or not a certificate as provided by subsection (c) of
 Code Section 25-15-24 may be issued.
- 4956 (3) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.
- 4957 (4) 'Office' 'Department' means the office of Safety Fire Commissioner Department of
 4958 Fire Safety.
- (5) 'Pressure vessel' means a vessel other than those vessels defined in paragraph (1) of
 this Code section in which the pressure is obtained from an external source or by the
 application of heat.
- 4962 25-15-12.

The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to consult with persons knowledgeable in the areas of construction, use, or safety of boilers and pressure vessels and to create committees composed of such consultants to assist the Commissioner <u>commissioner</u> in carrying out his or her duties under this article.

4967 25-15-13.

4968 (a)(1) The office department shall formulate definitions, rules, and regulations for the
4969 safe construction, installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair of boilers and pressure
4970 vessels in this state.

(2) The definitions, rules, and regulations so formulated for new construction shall be 4971 based upon and at all times follow the generally accepted nation-wide engineering 4972 4973 standards, formulas, and practices established and pertaining to boiler and pressure vessel 4974 construction and safety; and the office department may adopt an existing published 4975 codification thereof, known as the Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code of the American 4976 Society of Mechanical Engineers, with the amendments and interpretations thereto made 4977 and approved by the council of the society, and may likewise adopt the amendments and 4978 interpretations subsequently made and published by the same authority. When so

LC 41 1547S

4979adopted, the same shall be deemed to be incorporated into and shall constitute a part of4980the whole of the definitions, rules, and regulations of the office department. Amendments4981and interpretations to the code so adopted shall be effective immediately upon being4982promulgated, to the end that the definitions, rules, and regulations shall at all times follow4983the generally accepted nation-wide engineering standards.

4984 (3) The office department shall formulate the rules and regulations for the inspection, 4985 maintenance, and repair of boilers and pressure vessels which were in use in this state 4986 prior to the date upon which the first rules and regulations under this article pertaining 4987 to existing installations become effective or during the 12 month period immediately 4988 thereafter. The rules and regulations so formulated shall be based upon and at all times 4989 follow generally accepted nation-wide engineering standards and practices and may adopt 4990 sections of the Inspection Code of the National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel 4991 Inspectors or API 510 of the American Petroleum Institute, as applicable.

4992 (b) The rules and regulations and any subsequent amendments thereto formulated by the 4993 office department shall, immediately following a hearing upon not less than 20 days' notice 4994 as provided in this article, be approved and published and when so promulgated shall have 4995 the force and effect of law, except that the rules applying to the construction of new boilers 4996 and pressure vessels shall not become mandatory until 12 months after their promulgation 4997 by the office department. Notice of the hearing shall give the time and place of the hearing 4998 and shall state the matters to be considered at the hearing. Such notice shall be given to all 4999 persons directly affected by such hearing. In the event all persons directly affected are 5000 unknown, notice may be perfected by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in 5001 this state at least 20 days prior to such hearing.

5002 (c) Subsequent amendments to the rules and regulations adopted by the office department
5003 shall be permissive immediately and shall become mandatory 12 months after their
5004 promulgation.

5005 25-15-14.

5006 No boiler or pressure vessel which does not conform to the rules and regulations of the 5007 office department governing new construction and installation shall be installed and operated in this state after 12 months from the date upon which the first rules and 5008 5009 regulations under this article pertaining to new construction and installation shall have 5010 become effective, unless the boiler or pressure vessel is of special design or construction 5011 and is not inconsistent with the spirit and safety objectives of such rules and regulations, 5012 in which case a special installation and operating permit may at its discretion be granted 5013 by the office department.

25-15-15.

5014

(a) The maximum allowable working pressure of a boiler carrying the ASME Code
symbol or of a pressure vessel carrying the ASME or API-ASME symbol shall be
determined by the applicable sections of the code under which it was constructed and
stamped. Subject to the concurrence of the enforcement authority at the point of
installation, such a boiler or pressure vessel may be rerated in accordance with the rules of
a later edition of the ASME Code and in accordance with the rules of the National Board
Inspection Code or API 510, as applicable.

(b) The maximum allowable working pressure of a boiler or pressure vessel which does
not carry the ASME or the API-ASME Code symbol shall be computed in accordance with
the Inspection Code of the National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors.

5025 (c) This article shall not be construed as in any way preventing the use, sale, or 5026 reinstallation of a boiler or pressure vessel referred to in this Code section, provided <u>that</u> 5027 it has been made to conform to the rules and regulations of the office governing existing 5028 installations; and provided, further, that it has not been found upon inspection to be in an 5029 unsafe condition.

5030 25-15-16.

5031 (a) This article shall not apply to the following boilers and pressure vessels:

5032 (1) Boilers and pressure vessels under federal control or under regulations of 49 C.F.R.
5033 192 and 193;

(2) Pressure vessels used for transportation and storage of compressed or liquefied gases
when constructed in compliance with specifications of the United States Department of
Transportation and when charged with gas or liquid, marked, maintained, and
periodically requalified for use, as required by appropriate regulations of the United
States Department of Transportation;

5039 (3) Pressure vessels located on vehicles operating under the rules of other state or federal5040 authorities and used for carrying passengers or freight;

5041 (4) Air tanks installed on the right of way of railroads and used directly in the operation5042 of trains;

5043 (5) Pressure vessels that do not exceed:

5044 (A) Five cubic feet in volume and 250 psig pressure; or

5045 (B) One and one-half cubic feet in volume and 600 psig pressure; or

5046 (C) An inside diameter of six inches with no limitation on pressure;

5047 (6) Pressure vessels having an internal or external working pressure not exceeding 15
5048 psig with no limit on size;

- 5049(7) Pressure vessels with a nominal water-containing capacity of 120 gallons or less for5050containing water under pressure, including those containing air, the compression of which5051serves only as a cushion;
- 5052 (8) Pressure vessels containing water heated by steam or any other indirect means when5053 none of the following limitations are exceeded:
- 5054 (A) A heat input of 200,000 BTU per hour;
- 5055 (B) A water temperature of 210 degrees Fahrenheit; and
- 5056 (C) A nominal water-containing capacity of 120 gallons;

5057(9) Hot water supply boilers which are directly fired with oil, gas, or electricity when5058none of the following limitations are exceeded:

- 5059 (A) Heat input of 200,000 BTU per hour;
- 5060 (B) Water temperature of 210 degrees Fahrenheit; and
- 5061 (C) Nominal water-containing capacity of 120 gallons.

5062These exempt hot water supply boilers shall be equipped with ASME-National Board5063approved safety relief valves;

(10) Pressure vessels in the care, custody, and control of research facilities and used
solely for research purposes which require one or more details of noncode construction
or which involve destruction or reduced life expectancy of those vessels;

- 5067(11) Pressure vessels or other structures or components that are not considered to be5068within the scope of ASME Code, Section VIII;
- 5069 (12) Boilers and pressure vessels operated and maintained for the production and 5070 generation of electricity; provided, however, that any person, firm, partnership, or 5071 corporation operating such a boiler or pressure vessel has insurance or is self-insured and 5072 such boiler or pressure vessel is regularly inspected in accordance with the minimum 5073 requirements for safety as defined in the ASME Code by an inspector who has been 5074 issued a certificate of competency by the Commissioner commissioner in accordance 5075 with the provisions of Code Section 25-15-19;
- 5076 (13) Boilers and pressure vessels operated and maintained as a part of a manufacturing 5077 process; provided, however, that any person, firm, partnership, or corporation operating 5078 such a boiler or pressure vessel has insurance or is self-insured and such boiler or 5079 pressure vessel is regularly inspected in accordance with the minimum requirements for 5080 safety as defined in the ASME Code by an inspector who has been issued a certificate of 5081 competency by the Commissioner <u>commissioner</u> in accordance with the provisions of 5082 Code Section 25-15-19;
- 5083 (14) Boilers and pressure vessels operated and maintained by a public utility; and
- 5084 (15) Autoclaves used only for the sterilization of reusable medical or dental implements
- 5085 in the place of business of any professional licensed by the laws of this state.

- 5086(b) The following boilers and pressure vessels shall be exempt from the requirements of5087subsections (b), (c), and (d) of Code Section 25-15-23 and Code Sections 25-15-24 and508825-15-26:
- 5089 (1) Boilers or pressure vessels located on farms and used solely for agricultural or5090 horticultural purposes;
- 5091 (2) Heating boilers or pressure vessels which are located in private residences or in5092 apartment houses of less than six family units;
- 5093 (3) Any pressure vessel used as an external part of an electrical circuit breaker or
 5094 transformer;
- 5095 (4) Pressure vessels on remote oil or gas-producing lease locations that have fewer than
 5096 ten buildings intended for human occupancy per 0.25 square mile and where the closest
 5097 building is at least 220 yards from any vessel;
- 5098 (5) Pressure vessels used for storage of liquid propane gas under the jurisdiction of the
 5099 state fire marshal, except for pressure vessels used for storage of liquefied petroleum gas,
 5100 2,000 gallons or above, which have been modified or altered; and
- 5101 (6) Air storage tanks not exceeding 16 cubic feet (120 gallons) in size and under 250 psig
 5102 pressure.

5103 25-15-17.

5104 (a) The Commissioner commissioner may appoint to be chief inspector a citizen of this 5105 state or, if not available, a citizen of another state, who shall have had at the time of such 5106 appointment not less than five years' experience in the construction, installation, inspection, 5107 operation, maintenance, or repair of high pressure boilers and pressure vessels as a 5108 mechanical engineer, steam operating engineer, boilermaker, or boiler inspector and who 5109 shall have passed the same kind of examination as that prescribed under Code Section 5110 25-15-20. Such chief inspector may be removed for cause after due investigation by the Commissioner commissioner. 5111

- (b) The chief inspector, if authorized by the Commissioner commissioner, is charged,
 directed, and empowered:
- (1) To take action necessary for the enforcement of the laws of this state governing the
 use of boilers and pressure vessels to which this article applies and of the rules and
 regulations of the office department;
- 5117 (2) To keep a complete record of the name of each owner or user and his or her location
 5118 and, except for pressure vessels covered by an owner or user inspection service, the type,
 5119 dimensions, maximum allowable working pressure, age, and the last recorded inspection
 5120 of all boilers and pressure vessels to which this article applies;

- 5121 (3) To publish in print or electronically and make available to anyone requesting them
- 5122 copies of the rules and regulations promulgated by the office department;
- 5123 (4) To issue or to suspend or revoke for cause inspection certificates as provided for in
 5124 Code Section 25-15-24; and
- 5125 (5) To cause the prosecution of all violators of the provisions of this article.

5126 25-15-18.

5127 The Commissioner commissioner may employ deputy inspectors who shall be responsible 5128 to the chief inspector and who shall have had at the time of appointment not less than three 5129 years' experience in the construction, installation, inspection, operation, maintenance, or 5130 repair of high pressure boilers and pressure vessels as a mechanical engineer, steam 5131 operating engineer, boilermaker, or boiler inspector and who shall have passed the 5132 examination provided for in Code Section 25-15-20.

5133 25-15-19.

5134 (a) In addition to the deputy inspectors authorized by Code Section 25-15-18 the 5135 Commissioner commissioner shall, upon the request of any company licensed to insure and 5136 insuring in this state boilers and pressure vessels or upon the request of any company 5137 operating pressure vessels in this state for which the owner or user maintains a regularly 5138 established inspection service which is under the supervision of one or more technically 5139 competent individuals whose qualifications are satisfactory to the office department and 5140 causes such pressure vessels to be regularly inspected and rated by such inspection service 5141 in accordance with applicable provisions of the rules and regulations adopted by the office department pursuant to Code Section 25-15-13, issue to any inspectors of such insurance 5142 5143 company certificates of competency as special inspectors and to any inspectors of such 5144 company operating pressure vessels certificates of competency as owner or user inspectors, 5145 provided that each such inspector before receiving his or her certificate of competency shall satisfactorily pass the examination provided for by Code Section 25-15-20 or, in lieu of 5146 5147 such examination, shall hold a commission or a certificate of competency as an inspector of boilers or pressure vessels for a state that has a standard of examination substantially 5148 equal to that of this state or a commission as an inspector of boilers and pressure vessels 5149 issued by the National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors. A certificate of 5150 5151 competency as an owner or user inspector shall be issued to an inspector of a company 5152 operating pressure vessels in this state only if, in addition to meeting the requirements stated in this Code section, the inspector is employed full time by the company and is 5153 5154 responsible for making inspections of pressure vessels used or to be used by such company 5155 and which are not for resale.

(b) Such special inspectors or owner or user inspectors shall receive no salary from nor
shall any of their expenses be paid by the state, and the continuance of their certificates of
competency shall be conditioned upon their continuing in the employ of the boiler
insurance company duly authorized or in the employ of the company so operating pressure
vessels in this state and upon their maintenance of the standards imposed by this article.

(c) Such special inspectors or owner or user inspectors may inspect all boilers and pressure
vessels insured or all pressure vessels operated by their respective companies; and, when
so inspected, the owners and users of such boilers and pressure vessels shall be exempt
from the payment to the state of the inspection fees as prescribed in rules and regulations
promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner.

5166 25-15-20.

5167 The examination for chief, deputy, special, or owner or user inspectors shall be in writing and shall be held by the office department or by an examining board appointed in 5168 5169 accordance with the requirements of the National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel 5170 Inspectors, with at least two members present at all times during the examination. Such 5171 examination shall be confined to questions the answers to which will aid in determining the 5172 fitness and competency of the applicant for the intended service and may be those prepared 5173 by the National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors. In case an applicant fails 5174 to pass the examination, he or she may appeal to the office department for another 5175 examination which shall be given by the office department or the appointed examining 5176 board after 90 days. The record of an applicant's examination shall be accessible to the 5177 applicant and his or her employer.

5178 25-15-21.

(a) An inspector's certificate of competency may be suspended by the Commissioner 5179 5180 commissioner after due investigation for the incompetence or untrustworthiness of the 5181 holder thereof or for willful falsification of any matter or statement contained in his or her application or in a report of any inspection made by him or her. Written notice of any such 5182 5183 suspension shall be given by the Commissioner commissioner within not more than ten days thereof to the inspector and his or her employer. A person whose certificate of 5184 competency has been suspended shall be entitled to an appeal as provided in Code Section 5185 25-15-28 and to be present in person and to be represented by counsel at the hearing of the 5186 5187 appeal.

(b) If the office <u>department</u> has reason to believe that an inspector is no longer qualified
to hold his or her certificate of competency, the <u>office department</u> shall provide written
notice to the inspector and his or her employer of the <u>office's department's</u> determination

5191and the right to an appeal as provided in Code Section 25-15-28. If, as a result of such5192hearing, the inspector has been determined to be no longer qualified to hold his or her5193certificate of competency, the Commissioner commissioner shall thereupon revoke such5194certificate of competency forthwith.

(c) A person whose certificate of competency has been suspended shall be entitled to
apply, after 90 days from the date of such suspension, for reinstatement of such certificate
of competency.

5198 25-15-22.

5199 If a certificate of competency is lost or destroyed, a new certificate of competency shall be 5200 issued in its place without another examination.

5201 25-15-23.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner, the chief inspector, or any deputy inspector shall
have free access, during reasonable hours, to any premises in this state where a boiler or
pressure vessel is being constructed for use in, or is being installed in, this state for the
purpose of ascertaining whether such boiler or pressure vessel is being constructed and
installed in accordance with the provisions of this article.

- 5207 (b)(1) On and after January 1, 1986, each boiler and pressure vessel used or proposed to 5208 be used within this state, except for pressure vessels covered by an owner or user 5209 inspection service as described in subsection (d) of this Code section or except for boilers 5210 or pressure vessels exempt under Code Section 25-15-16 (owners and users may request 5211 to waive this exemption), shall be thoroughly inspected as to their construction, 5212 installation, and condition as follows:
- 5213 (A) Power boilers and high pressure, high temperature water boilers shall receive a 5214 certificate inspection annually which shall be an internal inspection where construction 5215 permits; otherwise, it shall be as complete an inspection as possible. Such boilers shall 5216 also be externally inspected while under pressure, if possible;

(B) Low pressure steam or vapor heating boilers shall receive a certificate inspectionbiennially with an internal inspection every four years where construction permits;

- 5219 (C) Hot water heating and hot water supply boilers shall receive a certificate inspection5220 biennially with an internal inspection at the discretion of the inspector;
- 5221 (D) Pressure vessels subject to internal corrosion shall receive a certificate inspection 5222 triennially with an internal inspection at the discretion of the inspector. Pressure 5223 vessels not subject to internal corrosion shall receive a certificate of inspection at 5224 intervals set by the office department; and

- 5225 (E) Nuclear vessels within the scope of this article shall be inspected and reported in 5226 such form and with such appropriate information as the office department shall 5227 designate.
- 5228 (2) A grace period of two months beyond the periods specified in subparagraphs (A)
 5229 through (D) of this paragraph may elapse between certificate inspections.
- 5230 (3) The office <u>department</u> may provide for longer periods between certificate inspection
 5231 in its rules and regulations.
- (4) Under the provisions of this article, the office department is responsible for providing 5232 5233 for the safety of life, limb, and property and therefore has jurisdiction over the interpretation and application of the inspection requirements as provided for in the rules 5234 and regulations which it has promulgated. The person conducting the inspection during 5235 5236 construction and installation shall certify as to the minimum requirements for safety as 5237 defined in the ASME Code. Inspection requirements of operating equipment shall be in accordance with generally accepted practice and compatible with the actual service 5238 5239 conditions, such as:
- 5240 (A) Previous experience, based on records of inspection, performance, and 5241 maintenance;
- 5242 (B) Location, with respect to personnel hazard;
- 5243 (C) Quality of inspection and operating personnel;
- 5244 (D) Provision for related safe operation controls; and
- 5245 (E) Interrelation with other operations outside the scope of this article.
- 5246 Based upon documentation of such actual service conditions by the owner or user of the 5247 operating equipment, the office department may, in its discretion, permit variations in the 5248 inspection requirements.
- (c) The inspections required in this article shall be made by the chief inspector, by a
 deputy inspector, by a special inspector, or by an owner or user inspector provided for in
 this article.
- 5252(d) Owner or user inspection of pressure vessels is permitted, provided that the owner or5253user inspection service is regularly established and is under the supervision of one or more5254individuals whose qualifications are satisfactory to the office department and said owner5255or user causes the pressure vessels to be inspected in conformance with the National Board5256Inspection Code or API 510, as applicable.
- (e) If, at the discretion of the inspector, a hydrostatic test shall be deemed necessary, itshall be made by the owner or user of the boiler or pressure vessel.
- (f) All boilers, other than cast iron sectional boilers, and pressure vessels to be installed
 in this state after the 12 month period from the date upon which the rules and regulations
 of the office department shall become effective shall be inspected during construction as

required by the applicable rules and regulations of the office department by an inspector
authorized to inspect boilers and pressure vessels in this state or, if constructed outside of
the state, by an inspector holding a commission issued by the National Board of Boiler and
Pressure Vessel Inspectors.

5266 25-15-24.

(a) Each company employing special inspectors shall, within 30 days following each
certificate inspection made by such inspectors, file a report of such inspection with the
chief inspector upon appropriate forms as promulgated by the Commissioner
commissioner. The filing of reports of external inspections, other than certificate
inspections, shall not be required except when such inspections disclose that the boiler or
pressure vessel is in a dangerous condition.

(b) Each company operating pressure vessels covered by an owner or user inspection
service meeting the requirements of subsection (a) of Code Section 25-15-19 shall maintain
in its files an inspection record which shall list, by number and such abbreviated
description as may be necessary for identification, each pressure vessel covered by this
article, the date of the last inspection of each pressure vessel, and the approximate date for
the next inspection. The inspection record shall be available for examination by the chief
inspector or the chief inspector's authorized representative during business hours.

5280 (c) If the report filed pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section shows that a boiler or 5281 pressure vessel is found to comply with the rules and regulations of the office department, 5282 the chief inspector, or his or her duly authorized representative, shall issue to such owner 5283 or user an inspection certificate bearing the date of inspection and specifying the maximum 5284 pressure under which the boiler or pressure vessel may be operated. Such inspection 5285 certificate shall be valid for not more than 14 months from its date in the case of power 5286 boilers, 26 months in the case of heating and hot water supply boilers, and 38 months in the case of pressure vessels. In the case of those boilers and pressure vessels covered by 5287 subparagraphs (b)(1)(A) through (b)(1)(D) of Code Section 25-15-23 for which the office 5288 5289 department has established or extended the operating period between required inspections 5290 pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (b) of Code Section 5291 25-15-23, the certificate shall be valid for a period of not more than two months beyond 5292 the period set by the office department. Certificates for boilers shall be posted under glass, 5293 or similarly protected, in the room containing the boiler. Pressure vessel certificates shall 5294 be posted in like manner, if convenient, or filed where they will be readily accessible for 5295 examination.

(d) No inspection certificate issued for an insured boiler or pressure vessel based upon areport of a special inspector shall be valid after the boiler or pressure vessel for which it

was issued shall cease to be insured by a company duly authorized by this state to providesuch insurance.

5300 (e) The Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized 5301 representative may at any time suspend an inspection certificate after showing cause that 5302 the boiler or pressure vessel for which it was issued cannot be operated without menace to 5303 the public safety or when the boiler or pressure vessel is found not to comply with the rules 5304 and regulations adopted pursuant to this article. Each suspension of an inspection 5305 certificate shall continue in effect until such boiler or pressure vessel shall have been made 5306 to conform to the rules and regulations of the office department and until such inspection 5307 certificate shall have been reinstated.

(f) The Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized
representative may issue a written order for the temporary cessation of operation of a boiler
or pressure vessel if it has been determined after inspection to be hazardous or unsafe.
Operations shall not resume until such conditions are corrected to the satisfaction of the
Commissioner commissioner or his or her authorized representative.

5313 25-15-25.

(a) Boilers and pressure vessels, subject to operating certificate inspections by special,
owner, or user inspectors, shall be inspected within 60 calendar days following the required
reinspection date. Inspections not performed within this 60 calendar day period shall result
in a civil penalty of \$500.00 for each boiler or pressure vessel not inspected.

- 5318 (b)(1) Inspection fees due on boiler and pressure vessels subject to inspection by the 5319 chief or deputy inspectors or operating certificate fees due from inspections performed 5320 by special, or owner or user, inspectors shall be paid within 60 calendar days of 5321 completion of such inspections.
- (2) Inspection fees or operating certificate fees unpaid within 60 calendar days shall bear
 interest at the rate of 1.5 percent per month or any fraction of a month. Interest shall
 continue to accrue until all amounts due, including interest, are received by the
 Commissioner commissioner.
- (c) The Commissioner commissioner may waive the collection of the penalties and interest
 assessed as provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section when it is reasonably
 determined that the delays in inspection or payment were unavoidable or due to the action
 or inaction of the office department.
- 5330 25-15-26.

5331It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, or corporation to operate in this state5332a boiler or pressure vessel, except a pressure vessel covered by owner or user inspection

LC 41 1547S

service as provided for in Code Section 25-15-24, without a valid inspection certificate.
The operation of a boiler or pressure vessel without such inspection certificate or at a
pressure exceeding that specified in such inspection certificate or in violation of this article
shall constitute a misdemeanor.

5337 25-15-27.

The owner or user of a boiler or pressure vessel required by this article to be inspected by 5338 the chief inspector or a deputy inspector shall pay directly to the chief inspector, upon 5339 5340 completion of inspection, fees as prescribed in rules and regulations promulgated by the 5341 Commissioner commissioner; provided, however, that, with respect to pressure vessel certificates of inspection, such fees shall not exceed \$10.00 per annum. The chief inspector 5342 5343 shall transfer all fees so received to the general fund of the state treasury. All funds so 5344 deposited in the state treasury are authorized to be appropriated by the General Assembly 5345 to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner.

5346 25-15-28.

(a) Any person aggrieved by an order or an act of the Commissioner commissioner or the
chief inspector under this article may, within 15 days of notice thereof, request a hearing
before an administrative law judge of the Office of State Administrative Hearings, as
provided by Code Section 50-13-41.

(b) Any person aggrieved by a decision of an administrative law judge may file an appeal
pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'

5353 25-15-29.

5354 No county, municipality, or other political subdivision shall have the power to make any 5355 laws, ordinances, or resolutions providing for the construction, installation, inspection, 5356 maintenance, and repair of boilers and pressure vessels within the limits of such county, 5357 municipality, or other political subdivision; and any such laws, ordinances, or resolutions 5358 shall be void and of no effect.

5359 25-15-30.

5360Neither this article nor any provision of this article shall be construed to place any liability5361on the State of Georgia, the office department, or the Commissioner commissioner with5362respect to any claim by any person, firm, or corporation relating in any way whatsoever to5363boilers and pressure vessels and any injury or damages arising therefrom.

18 LC 41 1547S 5364 **ARTICLE 3** 5365 25-15-50. 5366 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Amusement Ride Safety Act.' 5367 25-15-51. 5368 As used in this article, the term: 5369 (1) 'Amusement ride' means any mechanical device, other than those regulated by the 5370 Consumer Products Safety Commission, which carries or conveys passengers along, 5371 around, or over a fixed or restricted route or course or within a defined area for the purpose of giving its passengers amusement, pleasure, thrills, or excitement. Such term 5372 5373 shall not include any such device which is not permanently fixed to a site. 5374 (2) 'Authorized person' means a competent person experienced and instructed in the work to be performed who has been given the responsibility to perform his or her duty by the 5375 5376 owner or his or her representative. 5377 (3) 'Certificate fee' means the fee charged by the office department for a certificate to 5378 operate an amusement ride. 5379 (4) 'Certificate of inspection' means a certificate issued by a licensed inspector that an 5380 amusement ride meets all relevant provisions of this article and the standards and 5381 regulations adopted pursuant thereto. 5382 (5) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety. 5383 (6) 'Department' means the Department of Fire Safety. 5384 (6)(7) 'Licensed inspector' means a registered professional engineer or any other person 5385 who is found by the office department to possess the requisite training and experience to 5386 perform competently the inspections required by this article and who is licensed by the 5387 office department to perform inspections of amusement rides. (7)(8) 'Operator' means a person or persons actually engaged in or directly controlling 5388 5389 the operation of an amusement ride. 5390 (8) 'Office' means the office of Safety Fire Commissioner, which is designated to enforce 5391 the provisions of this article and to formulate and enforce standards and regulations. 5392 (9) 'Owner' means a person, including the state or any of its subdivisions, who owns an 5393 amusement ride or, in the event that the amusement ride is leased, the lessee. 5394 (10) 'Permit' means a permit to operate an amusement ride issued to an owner by the 5395 office department. 5396 (11) 'Permit fee' means the fee charged by the office department for a permit to operate 5397 an amusement ride.

5398

(12) 'Standards and regulations' means those standards and regulations formulated and 5399 enforced by the office department.

5400 25-15-52.

The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to consult with persons 5401 5402 knowledgeable in the area of the amusement ride industry and to create committees 5403 composed of such consultants to assist the Commissioner commissioner in carrying out his 5404 or her duties under this article.

5405 25-15-53.

5406 (a) The office department shall formulate standards and regulations, or changes to such 5407 standards and regulations, for the safe assembly, disassembly, repair, maintenance, use, 5408 operation, and inspection of all amusement rides. The standards and regulations shall be 5409 reasonable and based upon generally accepted engineering standards, formulas, and 5410 practices pertinent to the industry. Formulation and promulgation of such standards and regulations shall be subject to Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative 5411 5412 Procedure Act.' It is recognized that risks presented to the general public by amusement 5413 rides which are frequently assembled and disassembled are different from those presented 5414 by amusement rides which are not frequently assembled and disassembled. Accordingly, 5415 the office department is authorized to formulate different standards and regulations with 5416 regard to such differing classes of amusement rides.

- 5417 (b) The office department shall:
- 5418 (1) Enforce all standards and regulations;
- 5419 (2) License inspectors for authorization to inspect amusement rides;
- 5420 (3) Issue permits upon compliance with this article and such standards and regulations 5421 adopted pursuant to this article; and
- (4) Establish a fee schedule for the issuance of permits for amusement rides. 5422
- 5423 25-15-54.
- 5424 The office department may license such private inspectors as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this article. 5425
- 5426 25-15-55.

(a) No amusement ride shall be operated, except for purposes of testing and inspection, 5427 5428 until a permit for its operation has been issued by the office department. The owner of an 5429 amusement ride shall apply for a permit to the office department on a form furnished by 5430 the office department providing such information as the office department may require.

(b) No such application shall be complete without including a certificate of inspection
from a licensed inspector that the amusement ride meets all relevant provisions of this
article and the standards and regulations adopted pursuant thereto. The cost of obtaining
the certificate of inspection from a licensed inspector shall be borne by the owner or
operator.

5436 25-15-56.

(a) All amusement rides shall be inspected annually, and may be inspected more
frequently, by a licensed inspector at the owner's or operator's expense. If the amusement
ride meets all relevant provisions of this article and the standards and regulations adopted
pursuant to this article, the licensed inspector shall provide to the owner or operator a
certificate of inspection. All new amusement rides shall be inspected before commencing
public operation.

5443 (b) Amusement rides and attractions may be required to be inspected by an authorized 5444 person each time they are assembled or disassembled in accordance with regulations and 5445 standards established under this article.

5446 25-15-57.

The office department may waive the requirement of subsection (a) of Code Section 25-15-56 if the owner of an amusement ride gives satisfactory proof to the office department that the amusement ride has passed an inspection conducted by a federal agency or by another state whose standards and regulations for the inspection of such an amusement ride are at least as stringent as those adopted pursuant to this article.

5452 25-15-58.

5453 The office department shall issue a permit to operate an amusement ride to the owner 5454 thereof upon successful completion of a safety inspection of the amusement ride conducted 5455 by a licensed inspector and upon receiving an application for permit with a certificate of 5456 insurance. The permit shall be valid for the calendar year in which issued.

5457 25-15-59.

5458 The owner shall maintain up-to-date maintenance, inspection, and repair records between 5459 inspection periods for each amusement ride in accordance with such standards and 5460 regulations as are adopted pursuant to this article. Such records shall contain a copy of all 5461 inspection reports commencing with the last annual inspection, a description of all 5462 maintenance performed, and a description of any mechanical or structural failures or 5463 operational breakdowns and the types of actions taken to rectify these conditions.

5464 25-15-60.
5465 No person shall be permitted to operate an amusement ride unless he or she is at least 16
5466 years of age. An operator shall be in attendance at all times that an amusement ride is in
5467 operation and shall operate no more than one amusement ride at any given time.

5468 25-15-61.

The owner of the amusement ride shall report to the office department any accident resulting in a fatality or an injury requiring immediate inpatient overnight hospitalization incurred during the operation of any amusement ride. The report shall be in writing, shall describe the nature of the occurrence and injury, and shall be mailed by first-class mail no later than the close of the next business day following the accident. Accidents resulting in a fatality shall also be reported immediately to the office department in person or by phone in accordance with regulations adopted by the office department.

5476 25-15-62.

5477 (a) No person shall operate an amusement ride unless at the time there is in existence:

- 5478 (1) A policy of insurance in an appropriate amount determined by regulation insuring the
 5479 owner and operator (if an independent contractor) against liability for injury to persons
 5480 arising out of the operation of the amusement ride;
- 5481 (2) A bond in a like amount; provided, however, that the aggregate liability of the surety 5482 under such bond shall not exceed the face amount thereof; or

5483 (3) Cash or other security acceptable to the office department.

- (b) Regulations under this article shall permit appropriate deductibles or self-insured
 retention amounts to such policies of insurance. The policy or bond shall be procured from
 one or more insurers or sureties acceptable to the office department.
- 5487 25-15-63.

If any person would incur practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships in complying with 5488 5489 the standards and regulations adopted pursuant to this article, or if any person is aggrieved 5490 by any order issued by the office department, the person may make a written application 5491 to the office department stating his or her grounds and applying for a variance. The office 5492 department may grant such a variance in the spirit of the provisions of this article with due 5493 regard to public safety. The granting or denial of a variance by the office department shall 5494 be in writing and shall describe the conditions under which the variance is granted or the 5495 reasons for denial. A record shall be kept of all variances granted by the office department 5496 and such record shall be open to inspection by the public.

5497 25-15-64.

5498 This article shall not apply to any single-passenger coin operated amusement ride on a 5499 stationary foundation or to playground equipment such as swings, seesaws, slides, jungle 5500 gyms, rider propelled merry-go-rounds, moonwalks, and live rides.

5501 25-15-65.

5502 This article shall not be construed so as to prevent the use of any existing amusement ride 5503 found to be in a safe condition and to be in conformance with the standards and regulations 5504 adopted pursuant to this article. Owners of amusement rides in operation on or before the 5505 effective date of this article shall comply with the provisions of this article and the 5506 standards and regulations adopted pursuant to this article within six months after the 5507 adoption of such standards and regulations.

5508 25-15-66.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized
representative may issue a written order for the temporary cessation of operation of an
amusement ride if it has been determined after inspection to be hazardous or unsafe.
Operations shall not resume until such conditions are corrected to the satisfaction of the
Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized
representative.

(b) In the event that an owner or operator knowingly allows the operation of an amusement
ride after the issuing of a temporary cessation, the Commissioner commissioner or the
Commissioner's commissioner's authorized representative may initiate in the superior court
any action for an injunction or writ of mandamus upon the petition of the district attorney
or Attorney General. An injunction, without bond, may be granted by the superior court
to the Commissioner commissioner for the purpose of enforcing this article.

- (c)(1) Any person, firm, partnership, or corporation violating the provisions of this article
 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate
 offense.
- 5524 (2) In addition to the penalty provisions in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 5525 Commissioner commissioner shall have the power, after notice and hearing, to levy civil 5526 penalties as prescribed in the rules and regulations of the office department in an amount not to exceed \$5,000.00 upon any person, firm, partnership, or corporation failing to 5527 adhere to the requirements of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated under 5528 5529 this article. The imposition of a penalty for a violation of this article or the rules and 5530 regulations promulgated under this article shall not excuse the violation or permit it to 5531 continue.

5532 25-15-67.

5533 The owner or operator of an amusement ride may deny entry to a person to an amusement 5534 ride if in the owner's or operator's opinion the entry may jeopardize the safety of such 5535 person or the safety of any other person. Nothing in this Code section shall permit an 5536 owner or operator to deny an inspector access to an amusement ride when such inspector 5537 is acting within the scope of his or her duties under this article.

5538 25-15-68.

5539 Neither this article nor any provision of this article shall be construed to place any liability 5540 on the State of Georgia, the office department, or the Commissioner commissioner with 5541 respect to any claim by any person, firm, or corporation relating in any way whatsoever to 5542 amusement rides and any injury or damages arising therefrom.

5543 25-15-69.

5544 No county, municipality, or other political subdivision shall have the power to pass 5545 ordinances, resolutions, or other requirements regulating the construction, installation, 5546 inspection, maintenance, repair, or operation of amusement rides within the limits of such 5547 county, municipality, or other political subdivision. Any such ordinances, resolutions, or 5548 other requirements shall be void and of no effect; provided, however, that the provisions 5549 of this Code section shall not apply to local zoning ordinances or ordinances regulating 5550 location, siting requirements, or other development standards or conditions relative to 5551 amusement rides or their time of operation or noise levels generated. Nothing in this article 5552 preempts the imposition of regulatory fees or occupation taxes imposed by counties and 5553 municipalities pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 48.

5554

ARTICLE 4

5555 25-15-80.

5556 This article shall be known and may be cited as the 'Carnival Ride Safety Act.'

5557 25-15-81.

5558 As used in this article, the term:

- (1) 'Authorized person' means a competent person experienced and instructed in the work
 to be performed who has been given the responsibility to perform his or her duty by the
 owner or the owner's representative.
- 5562(2) 'Carnival ride' means any mechanical device, other than amusement rides regulated5563under Article 3 of this chapter, known as the 'Amusement Ride Safety Act,' which carries

- 5564 or conveys passengers along, around, or over a fixed or restricted route or course or 5565 within a defined area for the purpose of giving its passengers amusement, pleasure, 5566 thrills, or excitement. Such term shall not include any such device which is permanently 5567 fixed to a site.
- (3) 'Certificate fee' means the fee charged by the office department for a certificate tooperate a carnival ride.
- (4) 'Certificate of inspection' means a certificate issued by a licensed inspector that a
 carnival ride meets all relevant provisions of this article and the standards and regulations
 adopted pursuant thereto.
- 5573 (5) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.
- 5574 (6) 'Department' means the Department of Fire Safety.
- 5575(6)(7)'Licensed inspector' means a registered professional engineer or any other person5576who is found by the office department to possess the requisite training and experience to5577perform competently the inspections required by this article and who is licensed by the5578office department to perform inspections of carnival rides.
- 5579 (7) 'Office' means the office of Safety Fire Commissioner, which is designated to enforce
 5580 the provisions of this article and to formulate and enforce standards and regulations.
- (8) 'Operator' means a person or persons actually engaged in or directly controlling theoperation of a carnival ride.
- (9) 'Owner' means a person, including the state or any of its subdivisions, who owns acarnival ride or, in the event that the carnival ride is leased, the lessee.
- (10) 'Permit' means a permit to operate a carnival ride issued to an owner by the office
 department.
- (11) 'Permit fee' means the fee charged by the office department for a permit to operatea carnival ride.
- (12) 'Standards and regulations' means those standards and regulations formulated and
 enforced by the office department.
- 5591 25-15-82.
- 5592 The Commissioner commissioner shall be authorized to consult with persons 5593 knowledgeable in the area of the carnival ride industry and to create committees composed 5594 of such consultants to assist the Commissioner commissioner in carrying out his or her 5595 duties under this article.
- 5596 25-15-83.

(a) The <u>office department</u> shall formulate standards and regulations, or changes to such
 standards and regulations, for the safe assembly, disassembly, repair, maintenance, use,

5599 operation, and inspection of all carnival rides. The standards and regulations shall be 5600 reasonable and based upon generally accepted engineering standards, formulas, and 5601 practices pertinent to the industry. Formulation and promulgation of such standards and 5602 regulations shall be subject to Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative 5603 Procedure Act.'

- 5604 (b) The office <u>department</u> shall:
- 5605 (1) Enforce all standards and regulations;
- 5606 (2) License inspectors for authorization to inspect carnival rides; and
- (3) Issue permits upon compliance with this article and such standards and regulationsadopted pursuant to this article.
- (c) The owner or operator of a carnival ride required to be inspected shall pay fees as
 prescribed in rules and regulations promulgated by the Commissioner commissioner. The
 chief inspector shall transfer all fees so received to the general fund of the state treasury.
 All funds so deposited in the state treasury are authorized to be appropriated by the General
 Assembly to the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner.
- 5614 25-15-84.
- 5615 The office <u>department</u> may license such private inspectors as may be necessary to carry out 5616 the provisions of this article.
- 5617 25-15-85.

(a) No carnival ride shall be operated in any calendar year, except for purposes of testing
and inspection, until a permit for its operation has been issued by the office department.
The owner of a carnival ride shall apply for a permit to the office department on a form
furnished by the office department, providing such information as the office department
may require.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2018, no permit for a carnival ride to operate in this state shall 5623 be issued by the office department until the carnival owner submits an engineering 5624 5625 evaluation from a licensed engineer that evaluates the functionality of safety mechanisms and the condition of the critical components of the carnival ride. The scope of such 5626 engineering evaluation may be further prescribed by standards and regulations of the office 5627 5628 department that are consistent with this subsection. Such evaluation shall be provided prior to the annual inspection required by Code Section 25-15-86 and use of the carnival ride by 5629 5630 the general public. The submission of such evaluation shall only be required the first time 5631 the carnival owner applies for a permit for the carnival ride in this state on or after 5632 January 1, 2018.

5633 25-15-86.

All carnival rides and attractions shall be inspected annually and may be inspected more frequently by a licensed inspector at the owner's or operator's expense. If the carnival ride meets all relevant provisions of this article and the standards and regulations adopted pursuant to this article, the licensed inspector shall provide to the owner or operator a certificate of inspection. All new carnival rides shall be inspected before commencing public operation.

5640 25-15-87.

The office department may waive the requirement of Code Section 25-15-86 if the owner of a carnival ride gives satisfactory proof to the office department that the carnival ride has passed an inspection conducted by a federal agency or by another state whose standards and regulations for the inspection of such a carnival ride are at least as stringent as those adopted pursuant to this article.

5646 25-15-88.

The office department shall issue a permit to operate a carnival ride to the owner thereof upon successful completion of a safety inspection by a licensed inspector, upon completion by the owner of the application for a permit, and upon presentation of a certificate of inspection or waiver thereof by the office department. The permit shall be valid for the calendar year in which issued.

5652 25-15-89.

5653 The owner shall maintain up-to-date maintenance, inspection, and repair records between 5654 inspection periods for each carnival ride in accordance with such standards and regulations 5655 as are adopted pursuant to this article. Such records shall contain a copy of all inspection 5656 reports commencing with the last annual inspection, a description of all maintenance 5657 performed, and a description of any mechanical or structural failures or operational 5658 breakdowns and the types of actions taken to rectify these conditions.

- 5659 25-15-90.
- (a) No person shall be permitted to operate a carnival ride unless he or she is at least 16
 years of age. An operator shall be in attendance at all times that a carnival ride is in
 operation and shall operate no more than one carnival ride at any given time.
- 5663 (b) No carnival ride shall be operated at standards below those recommended by the 5664 manufacturer of such carnival ride or below the standards adopted or variants approved by 5665 the <u>office department</u>, whichever is greater.

25-15-91.

5666

The owner of the carnival ride shall report to the office <u>department</u> any accident incurred during the operation of any carnival ride resulting in a fatality or an injury requiring medical attention from a licensed medical facility. The report shall be in writing, shall describe the nature of the occurrence and injury, and shall be delivered in person or mailed by first-class mail no later than the close of the next business day following the accident. Accidents resulting in a fatality shall also be reported immediately to the <u>office department</u> in person or by phone in accordance with regulations adopted by the <u>office department</u>.

5674 25-15-92.

5675 (a) No person shall operate a carnival ride unless at the time there is in existence:

- 5676 (1) A policy of insurance in an amount not less than \$1 million (if an independent 5677 contractor) against liability for injury to persons arising out of the operation of the 5678 carnival ride;
- 5679 (2) A bond in a like amount; provided, however, that the aggregate liability of the surety5680 under such bond shall not exceed the face amount thereof; or
- 5681 (3) Cash or other security acceptable to the office department.
- (b) Regulations under this article shall permit appropriate deductibles or self-insured
 retention amounts to such policies of insurance. The policy or bond shall be procured from
 one or more insurers or sureties acceptable to the office department.
- 5685 25-15-93.
- 5686 If any person would incur practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships in complying with 5687 the standards and regulations adopted pursuant to this article, or if any person is aggrieved 5688 by any order issued by the office department, the person may make a written application 5689 to the office department stating his or her grounds and applying for a variance. The office department may grant such a variance in the spirit of the provisions of this article with due 5690 5691 regard to public safety. The granting or denial of a variance by the office department shall 5692 be in writing and shall describe the conditions under which the variance is granted or the 5693 reasons for denial. A record shall be kept of all variances granted by the office department 5694 and such record shall be open to inspection by the public.
- 5695 25-15-94.
- 5696 This article shall not apply to any single-passenger coin operated carnival ride on a 5697 stationary foundation or to playground equipment such as swings, seesaws, slides, jungle 5698 gyms, rider propelled merry-go-rounds, moonwalks, and live rides.

5699 25-15-95.

5700 This article shall not be construed so as to prevent the use of any existing carnival ride 5701 found to be in a safe condition and to be in conformance with the standards and regulations 5702 adopted pursuant to this article.

5703 25-15-96.

(a) The Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized
representative may issue a written order for the temporary cessation of operation of a
carnival ride if it has been determined after inspection to be hazardous or unsafe.
Operations shall not resume until such conditions are corrected to the satisfaction of the
Commissioner commissioner or the Commissioner's commissioner's authorized
representative.

5710 (b) In the event that an owner or operator knowingly allows the operations of a carnival 5711 ride after the issuing of a temporary cessation, the Commissioner commissioner or the 5712 Commissioner's commissioner's authorized representative may initiate in the superior court 5713 any action for an injunction or writ of mandamus upon the petition of the district attorney 5714 or Attorney General. An injunction, without bond, may be granted by the superior court 5715 to the Commissioner commissioner for the purpose of enforcing this article.

- 5716 (c)(1) Any person, firm, partnership, or corporation violating the provisions of this article 5717 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Each day of violation shall constitute a separate 5718 offense.
- 5719 (2) In addition to the penalty provisions in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the 5720 Commissioner commissioner shall have the power, after notice and hearing, to levy civil penalties as prescribed in the rules and regulations of the office department in an amount 5721 5722 not to exceed \$5,000.00 upon any person, firm, partnership, or corporation failing to 5723 adhere to the requirements of this article and the rules and regulations promulgated under this article. The imposition of a penalty for a violation of this article or the rules and 5724 5725 regulations promulgated under this article shall not excuse the violation or permit it to 5726 continue.
- 5727 25-15-97.

5728 The owner or operator of a carnival ride may deny entry to a person to a carnival ride if in 5729 the owner's or operator's opinion the entry may jeopardize the safety of such person or the 5730 safety of any other person. Nothing in this Code section shall permit an owner or operator 5731 to deny an inspector access to a carnival ride when such inspector is acting within the scope 5732 of his or her duties under this article.

5733 25-15-98.

- (a) The owner or operator of a carnival ride shall post a clearly visible sign at the location
 of each ride and at the location of tickets ticket sales for each ride which states any age,
 weight, or height requirements of the ride which are necessary as a safeguard against
 injury.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any owner or operator to permit entry to a carnival ride to anyperson who does not meet the posted age, size, and weight requirements for such ride.
- 5740 25-15-99.
- 5741 The owner of any itinerant carnival ride which is located within this state shall 5742 continuously maintain in this state a registered agent of record who may be an individual 5743 who resides in the state and whose business address is identical with the address of the 5744 owner's required office.
- 5745 25-15-100.
- 5746 Neither this article nor any provision of this article shall be construed to place any liability 5747 on the State of Georgia, the office <u>department</u>, or the <u>Commissioner commissioner</u> with 5748 respect to any claim by any person, firm, or corporation relating in any way whatsoever to 5749 carnival rides and any injury or damages arising therefrom.
- 5750 25-15-101.
- 5751 No county, municipality, or other political subdivision shall have the power to pass 5752 ordinances, resolutions, or other requirements regulating the construction, installation, inspection, maintenance, repair, or operation of carnival rides within the limits of such 5753 5754 county, municipality, or other political subdivision. Any such ordinances, resolutions, or 5755 other requirements shall be void and of no effect; provided, however, that the provisions of this Code section shall not apply to local zoning ordinances or ordinances regulating 5756 5757 location, siting requirements, or other development standards or conditions relative to 5758 carnival rides or their time of operation or noise levels generated. Nothing in this article 5759 preempts the imposition of regulatory fees or occupation taxes imposed by counties and 5760 municipalities pursuant to Chapter 13 of Title 48.
- 5761

ARTICLE 5

5762 25-15-110.

5763(a)(1) All scaffolding or staging that is swung or suspended from an overhead support5764or erected with stationary supports and is suspended or rises 30 feet or more above the

5765 ground shall have a safety rail properly attached, bolted, braced, and otherwise secured; 5766 and the safety rail shall rise at least 34 inches above the floor or main portions of such 5767 scaffolding or staging and extend for the full length of such staging and along the ends 5768 thereof with only such openings as may be necessary for the delivery of materials being 5769 used on such scaffold or staging. Such scaffolding or staging shall also be so fastened 5770 as to prevent it from swaying from the building or structure. However, this paragraph 5771 shall not apply to any scaffolding or staging which is wholly within the interior of a 5772 building or other structure and which covers the entire floor space therein.

5773 (2) It shall be unlawful for any person to employ or direct others to perform labor of any
5774 kind in the erecting, demolishing, repairing, altering, cleaning, or painting of a building
5775 or other structure without first having furnished proper protection to such person so
5776 employed or directed, as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

(b) All scaffolding or staging shall be so constructed that it will bear at least four times theweight required to be hanging therefrom or placed thereon when in use.

(c)(1) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety, upon receipt of any
 complaint, shall make or cause to be made an immediate inspection of the scaffold, or
 mechanical device connected therewith, concerning which complaint has been made.

(2) The Commissioner commissioner of fire safety shall attach to every scaffold, staging,
mechanism, or mechanical device inspected by him or her a certificate bearing the
Commissioner's commissioner of fire safety's name and the date of inspection, and the
certificate shall plainly state whether he or she has found the scaffolding, staging, or
mechanical device 'safe' or 'unsafe.'

5787 (3) If the Commissioner commissioner of fire safety finds any scaffolding, staging, or mechanical device complained of to be unsafe, the Commissioner commissioner of fire 5788 5789 safety shall at once notify in writing the person responsible for the erection and 5790 maintenance of the scaffolding, staging, or mechanical device that the Commissioner commissioner of fire safety has found it to be unsafe. Such notice may be served 5791 personally upon the person responsible under the law or may be perfected by affixing 5792 5793 such notice in a conspicuous place on the scaffold, staging, or mechanical device found 5794 unsafe. The manner of service shall be within the discretion of the Commissioner 5795 commissioner of fire safety. The Commissioner commissioner of fire safety shall then 5796 prohibit the use of such scaffolding, staging, or mechanical device by any person until all 5797 danger has been removed or until it has been made to comply with the terms of this Code 5798 section by alteration, reconstruction, demolition, or replacement, as the Commissioner 5799 commissioner of fire safety may direct.

(d) Any person who willfully, knowingly, and persistently continues the use of a scaffold, staging, or other mechanical device in violation of any provision of this Code section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

5803

ARTICLE 6

5804	<u>25-15-120.</u>
5805	(a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner of fire safety, and the Department of Fire
5806	Safety shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and
5807	finalized administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which
5808	are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders
5809	shall remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the Board of Fire
5810	<u>Safety.</u>
5811	(b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar
5812	authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any
5813	function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same
5814	expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as
5815	provided by law.
5816	(c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner of fire safety and the Department of Fire
5817	Safety shall carry out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers
5818	formerly held by the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter."
5819	PART XIII
5820	SECTION 13-1.
5821	Article 9 of Chapter 3 of Title 35 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to the
5822	Georgia Information Sharing and Analysis Center, is amended by revising Code Section
5823	35-3-204, relating to membership and availability of analysts, as follows:
5824	"35-3-204.
5825	(a) Membership in the center shall consist of the director, the director of emergency
5826	management and homeland security, the commissioner of public safety, the commissioner
5827	of fire safety, the commissioner of natural resources, the commissioner of corrections, the
5828	state fire marshal, the Attorney General, the adjutant general, and state and local fire
5829	service, law enforcement, homeland security, emergency management, corrections, and
5830	
	other appropriate agencies and disciplines as determined by the director of emergency

- assign or make available their analysts or other personnel to the center as such need isdetermined by the director of emergency management and homeland security.
- 5834 (b) The director of emergency management and homeland security shall maintain Georgia
- 5835 Emergency Management and Homeland Security Agency analysts in the center as needed
- 5836
- 5837

PART XIV

as determined by the director of emergency management and homeland security."

5838

SECTION 14-1.

5839 Code Section 35-8-10 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to applicability 5840 and effect of peace officer certification requirements generally and requirements as to exempt 5841 persons, is amended by revising subsection (b) as follows:

"(b) Peace officers commencing any employment or service on any terms with the 5842 5843 Department of Public Safety, counties, municipalities, the Georgia Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Revenue, Alcohol and Tobacco 5844 Tax Unit, the Secretary of State's investigative section, the Office office of the 5845 5846 Commissioner of Insurance and Safety Fire Commissioner, the Department of Fire Safety, 5847 or a railroad after July 1, 1975, are required to comply with the certification provisions of 5848 this chapter. Peace officers commencing such employment or service prior to July 1, 1975, and whose employment continues on July 1, 1975, are exempt and excused from 5849 5850 compliance with the certification provisions of this chapter except as provided in this Code 5851 section so long as the registration provided for in subsections (d) and (e) of this Code section remains in effect. Any peace officer otherwise exempt from the certification 5852 provisions of this chapter must meet the qualifications and requirements specified in 5853 5854 paragraphs (2), (4), (5), and (8) (7) of subsection (a) of Code Section 35-8-8."

5855

5856

PART XV SECTION 15-1.

5857 Chapter 25 of Title 43 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to operators of 5858 motor vehicle racetracks, is amended as follows:

5859

5860 43-25-1.

- 5861 As used in this chapter, the term 'motor vehicle,' shall not be construed to include any 5862 motorcycle or other two-wheeled, self-propelled vehicle, nor shall it be construed to 5863 include any motor vehicle weighing less than 500 pounds.
- 5864 43-25-2.

5865 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to operate or conduct any motor 5866 vehicle race on any permanent racetrack or other place where such races are to be held 5867 unless there shall first be obtained a license to operate or conduct such races from the 5868 Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

5869 43-25-3.

5870 Application for a license to operate or conduct a racetrack or other place for the holding of 5871 motor vehicle races or exhibitions shall be made in writing to the Safety Fire 5872 Commissioner commissioner of fire safety on a form prescribed by or furnished by the 5873 Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety. The application form shall require 5874 a full and complete address of the track or other place desired to be licensed, the name and 5875 address of the licensee, and the name and address of the promoter of such race or exhibition 5876 and shall contain such further information as the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner 5877 of fire safety may require in order to comply with Code Section 43-25-4. Such application 5878 shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable fee of \$150.00.

5879 43-25-4.

5880 No license for operating or conducting a motor vehicle racetrack shall be issued by the 5881 Safety Fire Commissioner of fire safety until the applicant has complied with the rules and regulations of the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety 5882 5883 pursuant to Code Section 43-25-8 and has a valid public liability insurance policy with minimum limits of \$1 million per accident and \$100,000.00 per person per accident, or 5884 \$1 million combined single limit, or in lieu thereof a valid public liability bond in like 5885 5886 amount. The policy or bond shall be designed to provide coverage for the protection of the licensee from any legal liability arising out of bodily injury, including death, to any 5887 member of the general public, resulting from any racing event. The insurance policy or 5888 5889 bond shall not be designed to provide coverage for bodily injuries or death of drivers of 5890 motor vehicles which are engaged in any race, any pit area personnel, or any person who 5891 is involved in the conduct of a race. The policy or bond shall be written by a company

LC 41 1547S

which is licensed to do business in this state or which is considered to be acceptable by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

5894 43-25-5.

5895No insurance policy or bond may be canceled for any reason unless and until the Safety5896Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety has received notice by certified or5897registered letter, return receipt requested, that the policy or bond is going to be canceled5898effective on a date at least 14 days from the date such notice is received by the Safety Fire5899Commissioner commissioner of fire safety.

5900 43-25-6.

All licenses granted by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety pursuant
 to this chapter shall expire December 31 of each year.

5903 43-25-7.

5904 The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety is authorized to suspend or 5905 revoke the license of any person who operates or conducts motor vehicle races or 5906 exhibitions without complying with this chapter.

5907 43-25-8.

5908 The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety is authorized and directed to 5909 create and promulgate rules and regulations which are to be designed to prevent injury and 5910 loss of life to spectators while they are observing and viewing motor vehicles engaged in 5911 contests of speed or endurance. Such rules and regulations shall provide for certificates of 5912 occupancy; periodic inspections by fire inspectors and other experts; corrections of 5913 deficiencies in racetrack facilities; standards for grandstands; guardrails; spectator areas; 5914 nonspectator areas; flagmen; track surfaces; fences; ambulance service; access highways 5915 or roads; fire extinguishers and other fire suppression equipment and personnel; plans for 5916 fire evacuation; accident reporting; damage reporting; storage of flammable and 5917 combustible liquids; restricted areas; concession areas; and such other areas of coverage 5918 as, in the opinion of the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety, are deemed 5919 necessary.

5920 43-25-9.

5921The owner or lessee of any real property upon which exists a motor vehicle racetrack or5922other place subject to this chapter shall inform the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner5923of fire safety within ten days of any damage caused to any guardrail, post, or other device

5924 which has for its purpose the prevention of injury or loss of life to spectators at the 5925 racetrack or other place. Until any such damage is repaired and the repairs are approved 5926 by fire inspectors, there shall be no racing or endurance event permitted on such racetrack 5927 or other place.

5928 43-25-10.

Any person who violates any provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor ofa high and aggravated nature.

5931 <u>43-25-11.</u> 5932 (a) The Board of Fire Safety, the commissioner of fire safety, and the Department of Fire Safety shall succeed to all rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and pending and 5933 finalized administrative orders of the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter which 5934 are in effect on June 30, 2019. Such rules, regulations, policies, procedures, and orders 5935 shall remain in effect until amended, repealed, superseded, or nullified by the board. 5936 (b) All valid agreements, contracts, licenses, permits, certificates, and similar 5937 5938 authorizations previously issued by the Safety Fire Commissioner with respect to any 5939 function transferred to the Department of Fire Safety shall continue in effect until the same 5940 expire by their terms unless they are suspended, revoked, or otherwise made ineffective as 5941 provided by law. 5942 (c) Effective July 1, 2019, the commissioner of fire safety and the Department of Fire 5943 Safety shall carry out all of the functions and obligations and exercise all of the powers 5944 formerly held by the Safety Fire Commissioner under this chapter."

5945

5946

PART XVI SECTION 16-1.

5947 Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to public officers and employees, 5948 is amended by revising Chapter 22, relating to public employee hazardous chemical 5949 protection and right to know, as follows:

5950

"CHAPTER 22

5951 45-22-1.

5952This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the 'Public Employee Hazardous5953Chemical Protection and Right to Know Act of 1988.'

5989

5990

LC 41 1547S

- 45-22-2. 5954 5955 As used in this chapter, the term: 5956 (1) 'Appointing authority' means a person or group of persons authorized by law or 5957 delegated authority to make appointments to fill employee positions in the legislative, 5958 judicial, or executive branch of state government. 5959 (2) 'Article' means a finished product or manufactured item: 5960 (A) Which is formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture; 5961 (B) Which has end use functions dependent in whole or in part upon its shape or design 5962 during end use; and 5963 (C) Which has either no change of chemical composition during end use or only those changes of composition which have no commercial purpose separate from that of the 5964 5965 article. 5966 (3) 'Chemical name' means the scientific designation of a chemical in accordance with the nomenclature system developed by the International Union of Pure and Applied 5967 5968 Chemistry or the system developed by the Chemical Abstracts Service. 5969 (4) 'Common name' means any designation or identification such as a code name, code number, trade name, or brand name used to identify a chemical other than by its chemical 5970 5971 name. 5972 (5) 'Contractor,' 'independent contractor,' or 'public contractor' means any person under 5973 a contract or agreement to provide labor or services to a public employer. 5974 (6) 'Department' means the office of the Safety Fire Commissioner Department of Fire 5975 Safety. 5976 (7) 'Distributor' means an individual or employer, other than the manufacturer or importer, who supplies hazardous chemicals directly to users or to other distributors. 5977 5978 (8) 'Employee' or 'public employee' means any person who is employed by any branch, 5979 department, board, bureau, commission, authority, or other agency of the state and any 5980 inmate under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections performing a work assignment which requires the handling of any hazardous chemicals. Such term shall not 5981 5982 include those employees of the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of 5983 Natural Resources who are responsible for on-site response and assistance in the case of environmental emergencies while such employees are engaged in responding to such 5984 5985 emergencies. 5986 (9) 'Employer' or 'public employer' means any branch, department, board, bureau, commission, authority, or other agency of the state which employs or appoints an 5987 5988 employee or employees. An independent contractor or subcontractor shall be deemed the
 - employee or employees. An independent contractor or subcontractor shall be deemed the sole employer of its employees, even when such employees are performing work at the workplace of another employer.

- 5991 (10) 'Exposed' or 'exposure' means that an employee is required by a public employer to 5992 be subjected to a hazardous chemical in the course of employment through any route of 5993 entry, including but not limited to, inhalation, ingestion, skin contact, or absorption and 5994 includes potential or accidental exposure.
- 5995 (11) 'Hazardous chemical' means any chemical which is a physical hazard or a health 5996 hazard.

5997 (12) 'Health hazard' means a chemical for which there is statistically significant evidence based on at least one study conducted in accordance with established scientific principles 5998 5999 that acute or chronic health effects may occur in exposed employees and shall include all examples of hazardous chemicals to which reference is made in the definition of 'health 6000 6001 hazard' under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard, 29 C.F.R. 6002 Section 1910.1200 (1987).

- 6003 (13) 'Importer' means the first individual or employer within the Customs Territory of 6004 the United States who receives hazardous chemicals produced in other countries for the 6005 purpose of supplying them to distributors or users within the United States.
- (14) 'Manufacturer' means a person who produces, synthesizes, extracts, or otherwise 6006 6007 makes hazardous chemicals.
- 6008 (15) 'Material safety data sheet' means the document prepared by manufacturers in 6009 accordance with the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration 6010 standard, 29 C.F.R. Sections 1910.0000 through 1910.1500 (1987) and containing the 6011 following information:
- 6012 (A) The chemical name and the common name of the hazardous chemical;
- 6013 (B) The hazards or other risks in the use of the hazardous chemical, including:
- 6014

6018

- (i) The potential for fire, explosion, corrosivity, and reactivity;
- 6015 (ii) The known acute and chronic health effects of risks from exposure, including the 6016 medical conditions which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure 6017 to the hazardous chemical; and
 - (iii) The primary routes of entry and the symptoms of overexposure;

6019 (C) The proper precautions, handling practices, necessary personal protective equipment, and other safety precautions in the use of or exposure to the hazardous 6020 chemicals, including appropriate emergency treatment in case of overexposure; 6021

- 6022 (D) The emergency procedures for spills, fire, disposal, and first aid;
- (E) A description in lay terms of the known specific potential health risks posed by the 6023 hazardous chemical intended to alert any person reading this information; and 6024
- 6025 (F) The year and month, if available, that the information was compiled and the name, address, and emergency telephone number of the manufacturer responsible for 6026 preparing the information. 6027

- (16) 'Mixture' means any combination of two or more chemicals, if the combination is
 not, in whole or in part, the result of a chemical reaction.
 (17) 'Occurrentianal Sofety and Health A dministration atom doub' means the Harand
- (17) 'Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard' means the Hazard
 Communication Standard issued by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration,
 29 C.F.R. Sections 1910.0000 through 1910.1500 (1987).
- (18) 'Person' means any individual, natural person, public or private corporation,
 incorporated association, government, government agency, partnership, or unincorporated
 association.
- 6036 (19) 'Physical hazard' means a chemical for which there is scientifically valid evidence
 6037 that it is a combustible liquid, a compressed gas, explosive, flammable, an organic
 6038 peroxide, an oxidizer, pyrophoric, unstable (reactive), or water reactive.
- 6039 (20) 'Produce' means to manufacture, process, formulate, or repackage.
- (21) 'Work area' means a room inside a building or structure, an outside area, or other
 defined space in a workplace where hazardous chemicals are produced, stored, or used
 and where employees are present in the course of their employment.
- (22) 'Workplace' means an establishment or business at one geographic location at which
 work is performed by a state employee and which contains one or more work areas. In
 the case of an independent contractor or subcontractor, the workplace shall be defined as
 all work areas wholly owned or controlled by such independent contractor or
 subcontractor.
- 6048 45-22-3.

All hazardous chemicals introduced into the workplace by employers and used in the workplace by employees shall be in labeled containers that meet the requirements of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard; provided, however, that employers shall not be required to label portable containers into which hazardous chemicals are transferred from labeled containers provided that the portable container and the hazardous chemical transferred to it are intended only for the immediate use of an employee who performs the transfer or who is present at the time of such transfer.

6056 45-22-4.

A public contractor who introduces hazardous materials into the workplace shall agree, and include a statement, in all bids, agreements, contracts, or other instrument to the effect that such contractor shall be responsible for compliance with the provisions of this chapter for persons employed by such contractor utilized under such contract. Any such public contractor who introduces hazardous chemicals into the workplace shall provide material safety data sheets for such chemicals to all employees using them and instruction in

handling, emergency procedures, and disposal prior to introducing such hazardous
chemicals. This Code section shall not be construed to place responsibility on any person,
firm, or corporation other than public contractors.

6066 45-22-5.

6067 (a) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

(1) Impurities which develop as intermediate materials during chemical processing but

are not present in the final mixture and to which employee exposure is unlikely;

6070 (2) Alcoholic beverages as defined in Title 3;

6071 (3) Articles intended for personal consumption by employees in the workplace;

(4) Any consumer product or hazardous substance as those terms are defined in the
Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 2051, et seq., and Federal Hazardous
Substances Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1261, et seq., respectively, including any such product
or hazardous chemicals manufactured by any state agency, where the employer can
demonstrate it is used in the workplace in the same manner as normal consumer use and
which use results in a duration and frequency of exposure which is not greater than
exposures experienced by consumers;

- 6079 (5) Articles sold or used in retail food establishments and retail trade establishments;
- 6080 (6) Chemicals which are merely being transported in the state as part of a shipment in6081 interstate or intrastate commerce; or
- 6082 (7) Chemicals or mixtures which may be hazardous but which are covered by the federal6083 Atomic Energy Act and the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.
- (b) The provisions of this chapter shall not require labeling of the following chemicals:
- 6085 (1) Any pesticide as such term is defined in the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and
 6086 Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. Section 136, et seq., when such pesticide is subject to the
 6087 labeling requirements of that federal act and labeling regulations issued under that federal
 6088 act by the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
- 6089 (2) Any food, food additive, color additive, drug, cosmetic, or medical or veterinary
 6090 device, including materials intended for use as ingredients in such products, as such terms
 6091 are defined in the federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Section 301, et seq.,
 6092 and regulations issued under that federal act, when subject to the labeling requirements
 6093 under that federal act by the Food and Drug Administration;
- 6094 (3) Any distilled spirits, beverage alcohols, wine, or malt beverage intended for
 6095 nonindustrial use as such terms are defined in the federal Alcohol Administration Act, 27
 6096 U.S.C. Section 201, et seq., and regulations issued under that federal act, when subject
 6097 to the labeling requirements of that federal act by the United States Bureau of Alcohol,
 6098 Tobacco, and Firearms; or

LC 41 1547S

(4) Any consumer product or hazardous substance as those terms are defined in the
Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 2051, et seq., and the federal Hazardous
Substances Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1261, et seq., respectively, when subject to a
consumer product safety standard or labeling requirement of those federal acts or
regulations issued under those federal acts by the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

6104 45-22-6.

6105 (a) The department shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to6106 administer this chapter.

(b) The department shall consult with persons knowledgeable in the field of hazardouschemicals to assist the department in carrying out its duties under this chapter.

6109 45-22-7.

(a) The manufacturer, importer, or distributor of any hazardous chemical shall prepare a
material safety data sheet which, to the best knowledge of the manufacturer, importer, or
distributor, is current, accurate, and complete, based on information then reasonably
available to the manufacturer, importer, or distributor, and provide a copy of the material
safety data sheet to employers who purchase such hazardous chemicals and an electronic
copy to the department annually.

(b) Any person who produces a mixture may, for the purposes of this Code section,
prepare and use a mixture material safety data sheet, subject to the provisions of subsection
(j) of this Code section.

6119 (c) A manufacturer, importer, distributor, or employer may provide the information
6120 required by this Code section on an entire mixture, instead of on each hazardous chemical
6121 in it, when all of the following conditions exist:

- (1) Toxicity test information exists on the mixture itself or adequate information exists
 to form a valid judgment of the hazardous properties of the mixture itself and the material
 safety data sheet indicates that the information presented and the conclusions drawn are
 from some source other than direct test data on the mixture itself, and that a material
 safety data sheet on each constituent hazardous chemical identified on the material safety
 data sheet is available upon request;
- 6128 (2) Provision of information on the mixture will be as effective in protecting employee6129 health as information on the ingredients;

(3) The hazardous chemicals in the mixture are identified on the material safety data
sheet unless it is unfeasible to describe all the ingredients in the mixture, provided that
the reason why the hazardous chemicals in the mixture are not identified shall be stated
on the material safety data sheet; and

LC 41 1547S

61346135

6136

6151

6152

(4) A single mixture material safety data sheet may be provided for more than one formulation of a product mixture if the information provided does not vary for the formulation.

6137 (d) A manufacturer, importer, or distributor who is responsible for preparing and transmitting a material safety data sheet under the provisions of this Code section shall 6138 6139 revise such material safety data sheet on a timely basis, as appropriate to the importance 6140 of any new information which would affect the contents of the existing material safety data 6141 sheet, and in any event within three months of such information becoming available to the 6142 manufacturer, importer, or distributor. Each such manufacturer, importer, or distributor 6143 shall provide a copy of the material safety data sheet to employers who have purchased 6144 such hazardous chemicals and an electronic copy to the department.

(e) Any person subject to the provisions of this Code section shall be relieved of the
obligation to provide a direct purchaser of a hazardous chemical with a material safety data
sheet if:

(1) He or she has a record of having provided the direct purchaser with the most recentversion of the material safety data sheet;

6150 (2) The chemical is labeled pursuant to:

(A) The federal Atomic Energy Act; or

(B) The federal Resource Conservation Recovery Act; or

(3) The article is one sold at retail and is incidentally sold to an employer or the
employer's employees in the same form, approximate amount, concentration, and manner
as it is sold to consumers, and, to the seller's knowledge, employee exposure to the article
is not significantly greater than the consumer exposure occurring during the principal
consumer use of the article.

6158 (f) If an employer is not supplied with a material safety data sheet by a manufacturer, 6159 importer, or distributor for a hazardous chemical subject to this Code section, such employer shall, within a reasonable amount of time after discovering that a material safety 6160 6161 data sheet has not been supplied, use diligent efforts to obtain such material safety data 6162 sheet from the manufacturer, importer, or distributor. For purposes of this subsection, 'diligent efforts' means a prompt inquiry by the employer to the manufacturer, importer, or 6163 distributor of the hazardous chemicals; provided, however, that an independent contractor 6164 or subcontractor shall be responsible for obtaining the material safety data sheet for his or 6165 her employees in the workplace of another. 6166

(g) If after having used diligent efforts, an employer still fails to obtain a material safety
data sheet, such employer shall notify the department of the employer's inability to obtain
such material safety data sheet.

(h) An employer who has used diligent efforts and who has made a documented
notification to the department pursuant to this Code section shall not be found in violation
of this Code section with respect to the material safety data sheet which was not supplied
by the manufacturer, importer, or distributor as required by this Code section.

- 6174 (i) Every employer who manufactures, produces, uses, applies, or stores hazardous
 6175 chemicals in the workplace shall post a notice as prescribed by rule or regulation
 6176 promulgated by the department in a place where notices are normally posted, informing
 6177 employees of their rights under this chapter.
- (j) Every employer who manufactures, produces, uses, applies, or stores hazardous
 chemicals in the workplace shall maintain a material safety data sheet for each hazardous
 chemical which is present in such workplace. All material safety data sheets shall be
 readily available in the workplace; provided, however, that employers who maintain one
 or more work areas which are not fixed at specific geographic locations shall be authorized
 to maintain material safety data sheets for each hazardous chemical used in such work area
 at a central location.
- 6185 (k)(1) A material safety data sheet may be kept in any form, including operations 6186 procedures, and may be designed to cover groups of hazardous chemicals in a work area 6187 where it may be appropriate to address the hazards of a process rather than individual 6188 hazardous chemicals. The employer shall ensure that in all cases the required information 6189 is provided for each hazardous chemical, and is readily accessible during each workshift 6190 to employees when they are in their work area; provided, however, that employers who 6191 maintain one or more work areas which are not fixed at specific geographic locations 6192 shall be authorized to maintain material safety data sheets for each hazardous chemical 6193 used in such work area at a central location.
- (2) Any employee may request in writing and shall have the right to examine and obtain
 the material safety data sheets for the hazardous chemicals to which he or she is, has
 been, or may be exposed. The employer shall provide any material safety data sheet
 within its possession within five of the requesting employee's working days, subject to
 the provisions of subsection (g) of this Code section. The employer may adopt
 reasonable procedures for acting upon such requests to avoid interruption of normal work
 operations.
- (3) An independent contractor or subcontractor working in the workplace of another
 employer may request in writing and shall have the right to examine the material safety
 data sheets for the hazardous chemicals to which such contractor, subcontractor, or
 employees thereof are, have been, or may be exposed. The employer shall provide any
 material safety data sheet within its possession within five of the requesting independent
 contractor's or subcontractor's working days, subject to the provisions of subsection (g)

6207of this Code section. The employer may adopt reasonable procedures for acting upon6208such requests to avoid interruption of normal work operations.

6209 (4) If an employee who has requested a material safety data sheet pursuant to this chapter 6210 has not received such material safety data sheet within five of the requesting employee's 6211 working days, subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of this Code section, that 6212 employee may refuse to work with the chemical for which he or she has requested the 6213 material safety data sheet until such material safety data sheet is provided by the 6214 employer; provided, however, that nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed 6215 to permit any employee to refuse to perform essential services, as such term is defined 6216 by rule or regulation; provided, further, that nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to interfere with the right of the employer to transfer an employee who so refuses to work 6217 6218 to other duties until such material safety data sheet is provided, such a transfer not to be considered as a discriminatory act under Code Section 45-22-10. No pay, position, 6219 seniority, or other benefits shall be lost for exercise of any right provided by this chapter 6220 6221 as a result of such a transfer.

6222 (1) No employer shall discharge or otherwise discriminate against an employee for the6223 employee's assertion of the employee's rights under this chapter.

- 6224 (m) For the purposes of this Code section, an employer, independent contractor, or 6225 subcontractor shall maintain material safety data sheets for their own workplaces only; 6226 provided, however, that employees of such independent contractor or subcontractor, insofar 6227 as they are exposed in the course of their employment to hazardous chemicals in other 6228 workplaces, shall have the right to examine material safety data sheets for those chemicals 6229 to which they are exposed from the workplace employer through a written request to their 6230 own employer as provided in paragraph (2) of subsection (k) of this Code section.
- Nothing contained in this chapter shall be construed to require an employer to conductstudies to develop new information.
- 6233 45-22-8.

6234 (a) Each employer shall be required to comply with the minimum information standards6235 set forth in this subsection. Each employee shall be informed of:

- 6236
- (1) The requirements of this Code section;
- (2) What a material safety data sheet is and the contents of the material safety data sheet
 for any hazardous chemical to which he <u>or she</u> is exposed, or equivalent information,
 either in written form or through training programs;
- 6240 (3) Any operations in his <u>or her</u> work area where hazardous chemicals are present;
- 6241 (4) The location and availability of training programs;

6242 6243 (5) His <u>or her</u> right to receive information regarding hazardous chemicals to which he <u>or she</u> may be exposed;

6244 (6) His <u>or her</u> right for his <u>or her</u> physician to receive information regarding hazardous
6245 chemicals to which the employee may be exposed; and

6246 (7) His <u>or her</u> right against discharge or other discrimination due to the employee's
6247 exercise of the rights provided by this chapter.

6248 (b) In addition to providing the information required by subsection (a) of this Code section, each employer shall be required to provide a training program for all employees 6249 6250 who are exposed to hazardous chemicals in the normal course of their employment. When 6251 training employees who are exposed to hazardous chemicals, the employer shall explain 6252 any physical or health hazards associated with the use of the chemical or mixture; proper 6253 precautions for handling, necessary personal protective equipment or other safety precautions necessary to prevent or minimize exposure to the hazardous chemical; methods 6254 6255 of observation that may be used to detect the presence or release of a hazardous chemical 6256 in a work area, including, but not limited to, spot check monitoring, continuous monitoring, 6257 or methods of visual or olfactory detection; the labeling system and the material safety data sheet, and how employees can obtain and use the appropriate hazard information; and 6258 6259 emergency procedures for spills, fire, disposal, and first aid. This information may relate 6260 to an entire class of hazardous chemicals to the extent appropriate and related to the job. 6261 Whenever any employer receives a new or revised material safety data sheet, such 6262 information shall be provided to employees on a timely basis not to exceed 30 days after 6263 receipt, if the new information indicates significantly increased risks to or measures 6264 necessary to protect employee health as compared to those stated on a material safety data 6265 sheet previously provided.

6266 (c) The department shall by rule or regulation establish minimum information and training6267 standards for compliance with this Code section.

6268 45-22-9.

On and after July 1, 1989, each employer shall publish in print or electronically in January and July of each year a list of hazardous chemicals that its employees use or are exposed to in the workplace. Such list shall be available for public inspection at the workplace office. A comprehensive list of all hazardous chemicals used by the employer shall also be available for public inspection at the employer's state headquarters.

6274 45-22-10.

(a) No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged or otherwise discipline or in any
manner discriminate against any employee for any of the following reasons:

- 6277 (1) The employee has requested information regarding hazardous chemicals, filed any
 6278 complaint or action, or has instituted, or caused to be instituted, any proceeding under this
 6279 chapter;
- 6280 (2) The employee has testified or is about to testify in any proceeding in his <u>or her</u> own
 6281 behalf or on behalf of others; or
- 6282 (3) The employee has exercised any other right afforded pursuant to the provisions of6283 this chapter.
- (b) No pay, position, seniority, or other benefits shall be lost for exercise of any rightprovided by this chapter.

6286 45-22-11.

(a) In order to enforce the provisions of this chapter, any employee adversely affected by
a violation of this chapter by that employee's employer may file a grievance in accordance
with the employer's established grievance procedures. Appointing authorities shall pursue
all complaints concerning occupational exposure to hazardous chemicals.

- (b) Upon any violation of Code Section 45-22-4 by a contractor, the employer under
 agreement with such contractor shall have the right to terminate the contract without
 liability.
- 6294 (c) Nothing in this chapter shall change or modify the right or ability of employers to6295 dismiss or discipline employees in accordance with the laws of this state.
- (d) Any employee dissatisfied with a final decision of an appointing authority with regard
 to a grievance filed pursuant to subsection (a) of this Code section shall be entitled to
 judicial review in the same manner as provided for judicial review of contested cases in
 Chapter 13 of Title 50, the 'Georgia Administrative Procedure Act.'
- 6300 45-22-12.

6301 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign immunity 6302 of the state or any branch, department, board, bureau, commission, authority, or other 6303 agency of the state. A violation of the provisions of this chapter shall not be the basis for 6304 an action for damages against the state or any branch, department, board, bureau, 6305 commission, authority, or other agency of the state or any member, officer, or employee 6306 of the state or any branch, department, board, bureau, commission, authority, or other 6307 agency of this state and said entities and persons are granted immunity from civil actions 6308 for damages for any violation of the provisions of this chapter."

PART XVII

SECTION 17-1.

Article 1 of Chapter 13 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
general provisions regarding administrative procedure, is amended by revising Code Section
50-13-21, relating to compliance with filing and hearing requirements by Safety Fire
Commissioner and Commissioner of Insurance, as follows:

6315 "50-13-21.

6316 (a) As to such regulations, standards, and plans as are required by law to be filed and kept on file with the office of the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Insurance, when 6317 performing the duties as Safety Fire Commissioner, commissioner of fire safety may 6318 6319 comply with the filing requirements of this chapter by filing with the office of the Secretary 6320 of State merely the name and designation of such regulations, standards, and plans, provided that the regulations, standards, and plans are kept on file in the office of the 6321 6322 Commissioner of Insurance commissioner of fire safety by the titles otherwise applicable 6323 under this chapter and the regulations, standards, and plans are open for public examination 6324 and copying. The Commissioner of Insurance, when performing the duties as Safety Fire 6325 Commissioner, commissioner of fire safety may also satisfy the procedure for conduct of 6326 hearings on contested cases and rule making required under this chapter by following Chapter 2 of Title 33. 6327

(b) The Commissioner of Insurance, when performing the duties as Commissioner of
Insurance, may satisfy the procedure for conduct of hearings on contested cases required
under this chapter by following Chapter 2 of Title 33. When the Commissioner of
Insurance is performing rule-making duties as <u>The</u> Commissioner of Insurance, he shall
satisfy the procedures required under this chapter and under Chapter 2 of Title 33. In the
event of any conflicts between rule-making procedures of this chapter and Chapter 2 of
Title 33 as it respects duties of the Commissioner of Insurance, this chapter shall govern."

6335

PART XVIII

6336 SECTION 18-1.

Chapter 2 of Title 8 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to standards and
requirements for construction, alteration, etc., of buildings and other structures, is amended
by revising subdivision (9)(B)(ii)(D) of Code Section 8-2-20, relating to definitions, as
follows:

6341 "(D) The term 'state minimum standard codes' shall specifically not include the Georgia
6342 State Fire Code as adopted by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire

LC 41 1547S

6343 6344

6345

safety pursuant to Code Section 25-2-13 nor shall any state minimum standard code be less restrictive than the Georgia State Fire Code."

				S	ECTION	N 18-2.			
apter	is	further	amended	by	revising	paragraph	(1)	of	S

- Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Code
 Section 8-2-24, relating to appointment of advisory committee, reimbursement of members
 for expenses, use of subcommittees, submittal or proposed amendments, modifications, and
 new provisions to committee, and meeting times of committee, as follows:
- 6350 "(1) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety or his or her designee as
 6351 an ex officio member with full voting privileges;"

6352	SECTION 18-3.
6353	Said chapter is further amended by revising paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of Code Section
6354	8-2-31, relating to effect of part, as follows:

6355 "(4) The Georgia State Fire Code as adopted by the Safety Fire Commissioner
 6356 <u>commissioner of fire safety</u> pursuant to Code Section 25-2-13."

6357	SECTION 18-4.
6358	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 8-2-202, relating to definitions, as
6359	follows:
6360	"8-2-202.
6361	As used in this article, the term:
6362	(1) 'Enforcement authority' means the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire
6363	safety, the state fire marshal, local building officials, local fire marshals, or any other
6364	state or local officials responsible for the implementation, application, or enforcement of
6365	any state law or local ordinance relating to building construction, or any state or local rule
6366	or regulation relating to building construction, or any building, mechanical, electrical,
6367	plumbing, life safety or fire prevention codes, or other construction standards that apply
6368	or are intended to apply to existing buildings. The term 'enforcement authority' also
6369	means any local official designated by the local governing authority as the enforcement
6370	authority for the purposes of this article.
6371	(2) 'Existing building or structure' means any completed building or structure which has
6372	been placed in service for a minimum of five years.

6373(3) 'Safety Fire Commissioner' or 'Commissioner' means the office created in Code6374Section 25-2-2."

	18 LC 41 1547S
6375	SECTION 18-5.
6376	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 8-2-203, relating to effect of article
6377	on state and local enforcement authorities, as follows:
6378	<i>"</i> 8-2-203.
6379	The provisions of this article shall be mandatory and binding on the commissioner of fire
6380	safety, state fire marshal, the Safety Fire Commissioner, and other state officials
6381	responsible for state building code, fire code, life safety code, or other construction code
6382	enforcement. This article is not mandatory or binding on local enforcement authorities;
6383	provided, however, that any local building, fire, life safety, plumbing, electrical,
6384	mechanical, or other construction code enforcement authority may apply the applicable
6385	provisions of this article to any existing building whenever the local governing authority
6386	has adopted this article by reference and whenever such local code enforcement authority
6387	determines the need to utilize compliance alternatives to any provisions of the rules,
6388	regulations, codes, or standards he or she is empowered to interpret, apply, or enforce
6389	under authority of any state law or local ordinance. This article is a tool for use of code
6390	enforcement authorities to use as deemed appropriate in attempting to resolve problems
6391	encountered while enforcing codes and standards with regard to existing buildings and
6392	structures. Enforcement authorities should advise appropriate appeals boards of the
6393	provisions, purposes, and intent of this article."
60 04	
6394	SECTION 18-6.
6395	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 8-2-220, relating to rules and
6396	regulations, as follows:
6397	"8-2-220.
6398	The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety shall promulgate reasonable
6399	rules and regulations to implement and carry out the requirements of this article."
6400	SECTION 18-7.
6401	Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 8-2-221, relating to appeals of
6402	rulings or decisions, as follows:
6403	″8-2-221.
6404	Should any person, firm, corporation, or other entity be dissatisfied with any ruling or
6405	decision of the state fire marshal pursuant to the provisions of this article, the right is
6406	granted to appeal within ten days to the Commissioner <u>commissioner of fire safety</u> . If the
6407	person, firm, corporation, or other entity is dissatisfied with the decision of the
6408	Commissioner commissioner of fire safety, appeal is authorized to the superior court within
6409	30 days in the manner provided under Chapter 13 of Title 50 ., the 'Georgia Administrative

6410Procedure Act.' In the event of such appeal, the person, firm, corporation, or other entity6411shall give a surety bond which will be conditioned upon compliance with the order and6412direction of the state fire marshal or the Commissioner or both commissioner of fire safety.6413The amount of bond shall be fixed by the Commissioner commissioner of fire safety in6414such amount as will reasonably cover the order issued by the Commissioner commissioner6415of fire safety or the state fire marshal or both."

6416 **SECTION 18-8.** 6417 Title 25 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to fire protection and safety, is amended by revising Code Section 25-3-6, relating to effect of article on powers and duties 6418 6419 of other officials and departments, as follows: "25-3-6. 6420 6421 This article shall not affect the duties, powers, or responsibilities of the Safety Fire 6422 Commissioner, the commissioner of fire safety, the Department of Fire Safety, the state fire 6423 marshal, the sheriff's office, the Department of Public Safety, local law enforcement agencies, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of Natural Resources, the State 6424 Forestry Commission, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Defense, or 6425 6426 the Department of Public Health."

6427SECTION 18-9.6428Chapter 3 of Title 30 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to access to and use6429of public facilities by persons with disabilities, is amended by revising paragraph (4) of Code6430Section 30-3-2, relating to definitions, as follows:

- 6431 "(4) 'Commissioner' means the Safety Fire Commissioner provided for in Chapter 2 of
 6432 Title 25 commissioner of fire safety."
- 6434 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 30-3-3, relating to applicable 6435 standards and specifications and granting of exemptions, as follows:

SECTION 18-10.

6436 "30-3-3.

6433

All government buildings, public buildings, and facilities receiving permits for construction
or renovation after July 1, 1995, shall comply with the rules and regulations adopted by the
Commissioner commissioner which meet ADAAG and establish the minimum state
standards for accessibility. All government buildings, public buildings, and facilities
receiving permits for construction or renovation after July 1, 1984, but before July 1, 1987,
shall comply with the American National Standards Institute specifications A117.1-1986 for making buildings and facilities accessible to and usable by people with

LC 41 1547S

6444 disabilities except as otherwise provided in paragraph (10) of Code Section 30-3-2; and all government buildings, public buildings, and facilities receiving permits for construction 6445 6446 or renovation after July 1, 1987, but before July 1, 1995, shall comply with the American 6447 National Standards Institute specifications A117.1-1986 for making buildings and facilities 6448 accessible to and usable by people with disabilities except as otherwise provided in 6449 paragraph (10) or subparagraph (C) of paragraph (11) of Code Section 30-3-2; provided, 6450 however, that nothing in this Code section is intended to require the addition of an elevator where none exists or is planned, solely for the purpose of providing an accessible route 6451 6452 between floor levels; and provided, further, that the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or, where applicable, the Board of Regents of the University System of 6453 6454 Georgia or the local governing authority having jurisdiction over the buildings in question 6455 upon receipt of a sworn written statement from the person who owns or controls the use of 6456 any government building, public building, or facility subject to the requirements of this 6457 chapter and after taking all circumstances into consideration may determine that full 6458 compliance with any particular standard or specification set forth in this chapter is 6459 impractical, whereupon there shall be substantial compliance with the standards or specifications to the maximum extent practical and, within 45 days of such determination, 6460 6461 a written record shall be made by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or, where 6462 applicable, the board of regents or the local governing authority having jurisdiction over the buildings in question, setting forth the reasons why it is impractical for the person 6463 6464 subject to this chapter to comply fully with the particular standard or specification and also 6465 setting forth the extent to which the government building, public building, or facility shall 6466 conform with the standard or specification. The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or, where applicable, the board of regents or the local governing authority having 6467 6468 jurisdiction over the buildings in question shall be responsible for making a final 6469 determination as to whether or not an exemption shall be granted."

6470

SECTION 18-11.

6471 Said chapter is further amended by revising Code Section 30-3-7, relating to administration6472 and enforcement of chapter, as follows:

6473 *"*30-3-7.

(a)(1) Except for buildings under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the
University System of Georgia, all buildings subject to the jurisdiction of the Safety Fire
Commissioner Department of Fire Safety pursuant to Code Section 25-2-12 and
subsection (c) of Code Section 25-2-13 shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Safety
Fire Commissioner commissioner for purposes of enforcement of this chapter.

6479

6480

LC 41 1547S

(2) With respect to any such building, the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner shall have the following powers and duties:

6481 (A) No such building shall be built in this state by any private person or corporation or public entity unless it conforms to the requirements of Code Sections 30-3-3 and 6482 30-3-5 and its plans and specifications have been approved by the Commissioner 6483 commissioner as provided in this subparagraph. All plans and specifications shall 6484 6485 identify the architect or engineer who prepared them in a manner acceptable to the Commissioner commissioner. The Commissioner commissioner shall approve the plans 6486 6487 and specifications only if they conform to the requirements of this chapter. The Commissioner commissioner shall not require any additional fee for each submission 6488 of plans or specifications other than the standard fee required by Code Section 25-2-4.1. 6489 No local governing authority shall issue any building permit for any building subject 6490 to this subsection without proof of the approval required by this subparagraph; 6491

(B) In any case where the Commissioner commissioner denies approval under
subparagraph (A) of this paragraph or an exemption under subparagraph (C) of this
paragraph, the rights and remedies of the person submitting the same shall be those
provided by Chapter 2 of Title 33; and

(C) Upon a showing that full compliance with any particular requirement or
requirements is impractical or not necessary to accomplish the purposes of this chapter,
the Commissioner commissioner may exempt a building from full compliance with the
requirement or requirements and approve plans and specifications which do not
conform, or which only partially conform, to the requirement or requirements.

6501 (b) The board of regents shall be responsible for the administration and enforcement of this 6502 chapter with respect to all buildings and facilities under its jurisdiction. No construction 6503 plans for any such building or facility shall be approved by the board of regents for any 6504 construction within the University System of Georgia unless the building or facility 6505 conforms to Code Sections 30-3-3 and 30-3-5 and unless the architect or engineer 6506 responsible for preparation of said plans and specifications affixes that person's seal on 6507 such plans. The affixing of the seal of an architect or engineer to said plans shall constitute 6508 a certification that to the best of that person's knowledge, information, and belief they have 6509 been prepared in conformity with Code Sections 30-3-3 and 30-3-5. A certificate of 6510 compliance may be displayed on said plans in lieu of the architect's or engineer's seal. The 6511 builder, developer, contractor, or building owner following said plans shall require an 6512 architect's or engineer's seal or a certificate of compliance to be displayed on the plans 6513 before starting construction.

6514 (c) Local governing authorities shall be responsible for the administration and enforcement 6515 of this chapter with regard to all government and public buildings and facilities which are 6516 not under the jurisdiction of the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner or board of regents, pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of this Code section and which are under the 6517 6518 jurisdiction of such local governing authorities. No building permit for any such building 6519 or facility shall be approved by any local governing authority for any private person, corporation, partnership, association, or public entity unless the plans and specifications 6520 6521 conform to the requirements of Code Sections 30-3-3 and 30-3-5 and unless the architect 6522 or engineer responsible for preparation of said plans and specifications affixes that person's seal on such plans. The affixing of the seal of an architect or engineer to said plans shall 6523 6524 constitute a certification that to the best of that person's knowledge, information, and belief they have been prepared in conformity with Code Sections 30-3-3 and 30-3-5. A certificate 6525 of compliance may be displayed on said plans in lieu of the architect's or engineer's seal. 6526 6527 The builder, developer, contractor, or building owner following said plans shall require 6528 such a seal or a certificate of compliance on the plans before starting construction. All construction plans must display such a certificate of compliance, or a seal provided by the 6529 6530 architect or engineer, for all construction in local governing jurisdictions which do not 6531 require building permits. In all areas where local governing authority building permits are 6532 not required, the builder, developer, contractor, or building owner following said plans 6533 shall require such an architect's or engineer's seal or a certificate of compliance to be 6534 displayed on the plans before starting construction.

(d) In the performance of their responsibilities under this chapter, all state rehabilitation
agencies and appropriate elected or appointed officials shall be required to cooperate with
and assist the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, the board of regents, and the
appropriate local building code officials or local fire department, or any combination
thereof, having jurisdiction over the buildings in question.

- (e) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, the board of regents, and the local
 building code officials or the local fire department, or any combination thereof, having
 jurisdiction over the buildings in question shall from time to time inform, in writing,
 professional organizations and others of this chapter and its application.
- (f)(1) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, the board of regents, and the local
 governing authority having jurisdiction over the buildings in question shall have all
 necessary powers to require compliance with their rules, regulations, and procedures, and
 modifications thereof and substitutions therefor, including powers to institute and
 prosecute proceedings in the superior court to compel compliance, and shall not be
 required to pay any entry or filing fee in connection with the institution of such
 proceedings.
- (2) No person, firm, or corporation shall be subject to a complaint for not complying
 with the provisions of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (11) of Code Section 30-3-2 unless

LC 41 1547S

90 days have passed since such person, firm, or corporation has been notified by certified
mail or statutory overnight delivery of the alleged violation of the provisions of
subparagraph (C) of paragraph (11) of Code Section 30-3-2. Such notification shall
include a warning of an impending complaint if the alleged violation is not corrected
before the expiration of the 90 day warning period. The 90 day warning period shall not
apply to any structure or facility other than parking lots nor to any part of this chapter
other than subparagraph (C) of paragraph (11) of Code Section 30-3-2.

6560 (g) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, the board of regents, and the local 6561 governing authority having jurisdiction over the buildings in question, after consultation 6562 with state rehabilitation agencies and other sources as they might determine, are authorized 6563 to promulgate such rules, regulations, and procedures as might reasonably be required to 6564 implement and enforce their responsibilities under this chapter. Such rules, regulations, and 6565 procedures shall not be less restrictive than those established by the Commissioner 6566 commissioner.

(h) The Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner, the board of regents, and the local
governing authority having jurisdiction over the buildings in question, after consultation
with state rehabilitation agencies, are also authorized to waive any of the standards and
specifications presently set forth in this chapter and to substitute in lieu thereof standards
or specifications consistent in effect to such standards or specifications heretofore adopted
by the American Standards Association, Inc."

6573

SECTION 18-12.

6574 Code Section 31-7-12.2 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to regulation and
6575 licensing of assisted living communities, legislative intent, definitions, procedures, and
6576 requirements for medication aides, is amended by revising paragraph (4) of subsection (b)
6577 and subsection (e) as follows:

6578 "(4) 'Assisted self-preservation' means the capacity of a resident to be evacuated from an
6579 assisted living community, to a designated point of safety and within an established
6580 period of time as determined by the Office of the Safety Fire Commissioner Department
6581 of Fire Safety. Assisted self-preservation is a function of all of the following:

- (A) The condition of the individual;
- (B) The assistance that is available to be provided to the individual by the staff of theassisted living community; and
- (C) The construction of the building in which the assisted living community is housed,
 including whether such building meets the state fire safety requirements applicable to
 an existing health care occupancy."

6588 "(e) An assisted living community shall maintain fire detection and prevention equipment, 6589 including visual signals with alarms for hearing impaired residents, in accordance with 6590 manufacturer instructions and the requirements of the Office of the Safety Fire 6591 Commissioner Department of Fire Safety."

6592

SECTION 18-13.

Code Section 33-2-9 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to rules and
regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Insurance, is amended by revising subsection (e)
as follows:

6596 "(e) Neither the Commissioner, whether acting as Commissioner of Insurance or Safety 6597 Fire Commissioner of Insurance, nor the department, nor the Safety Fire Division of the 6598 office of the Commissioner commissioner of fire safety shall propose or adopt rules or 6599 regulations relating to the sale or dispensing of gasoline or diesel fuel to the general public 6600 by any business entity unless such rules or regulations require such sale or dispensing to 6601 be under the direct control and visual supervision of an on-site employee of such business 6602 entity."

6603

SECTION 18-14.

Title 42 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to penal institutions, is amended
by revising subsection (c) of Code Section 42-4-31, relating to required safety and security
measures, as follows:

6607 "(c) The officer in charge of a detention facility shall have the facility inspected 6608 semiannually by an officer from the state fire marshal's office or an officer selected by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire safety. Each detention facility shall 6609 6610 be required to comply with this article with regard to fire safety and the applicable rules 6611 and regulations promulgated by the Safety Fire Commissioner commissioner of fire 6612 safety. The inspecting officer shall fill out a form provided by the officer in charge and the form shall be posted in a conspicuous place by the officer in charge, thereby 6613 6614 evidencing inspection of the facility."

6615

SECTION 18-15.

6616 Code Section 43-14-13 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to applicability6617 of chapter, is amended by revising subsection (o) as follows:

6618 "(o) This chapter shall not prohibit any propane dealer who is properly insured as required
 by law and who holds a liquefied petroleum gas license issued by the Safety Fire
 6620 Commissioner commissioner of fire safety from installing, repairing, or servicing a propane
 6621 system or the gas piping or components of such system; provided, however, that such

LC 41 1547S

6622propane dealers shall be prohibited from performing the installation of conditioned air6623systems or forced air heating systems unless licensed to do so under this chapter."

6624	SECTION 18-16.
6625	Article 1 of Chapter 14 of Title 45 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to
6626	general provisions regarding the Commissioner of Insurance, is amended by revising Code
6627	Section 45-14-3, relating to duties as Safety Fire Commissioner and Industrial Loan
6628	Commissioner, as follows:
6629	"45-14-3.
6630	The Commissioner of Insurance shall be the Safety Fire Commissioner and the Industrial
6631	Loan Commissioner."
6632	SECTION 18-17.
6633	Said article is further amended by revising Code Section 45-14-5, relating to seal, as follows:
6634	"45-14-5.
6635	The Commissioner of Insurance, Safety Fire Commissioner, and Industrial Loan
6636	Commissioner shall have an official seal for each office of such design as he or she shall
6637	select with the approval of the Governor."
6638	PART XIX
6639	SECTION 19-1.
6640	Parts I and XX of this Act shall become effective on January 1, 2019, and all other parts of
6641	this Act shall become effective on July 1, 2019.
6642	PART XX
6643	SECTION 20-1.
6644	All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed.