## **SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 6**

# IN THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA TWENTY-EIGHTH LEGISLATURE - FIRST SESSION

#### BY SENATOR DYSON

Introduced: 1/25/13 Referred: Judiciary

### A RESOLUTION

Urging the United States Congress not to relinquish to the office of the President of the
 United States the legislative duty to safeguard our most fundamental right; and urging
 the President of the United States to refrain from any further efforts to restrict
 ownership of firearms.

## 5 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF ALASKA:

6 WHEREAS, on December 14, 2012, a mentally unstable man fatally shot 20 children
7 and six adult staff members at Sandy Hook Elementary School in the town of Newtown,
8 Connecticut; and

WHEREAS, on January 10, 2013, Vice-President Joseph R. Biden, Jr., stated that
 President Barack Obama was exploring the use of executive orders to help prevent mass
 shootings in America because executive orders do not require Congressional approval; and

WHEREAS, on January 16, 2013, President Barack Obama issued 23 Executive Orders, including orders that establish the groundwork for setting up a national registry system for gun owners, clarify that the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 15 1996 and the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act allow physicians to ask patients about personal ownership of guns and report the findings, and create incentives for state and
 federal agencies to share information about gun ownership and persons who may be mentally
 ill; and

WHEREAS, on January 16, 2013, President Barack Obama called on lawmakers to
require anyone trying to buy a gun to undergo a criminal background check as a prerequisite,
and urged the Congress to reinstate the Public Safety and Recreational Firearms Use
Protection Act, a subtitle of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994,
and restrict ammunition magazines to not more than 10 rounds; and

9 WHEREAS the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States provides,
10 "A well regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the
11 people to keep and bear Arms, shall not be infringed"; and

WHEREAS the greatest fear the founders of this nation had was that a strong central government with a strong political leader at the center would be established, because they no longer wanted to be ruled by kings or czars but by a loose association of states in which the power emanated from the states and not from a central government; and

16 WHEREAS history is replete with examples of rulers and despots who inflicted the 17 most abhorrent evils on their subjects after requiring gun registration, followed by gun 18 confiscation, leaving the people powerless to defend themselves from tyranny; and

WHEREAS James Madison, author of the First through the Tenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, collectively known as the Bill of Rights, said that Americans possess the advantage of being armed over the people of most other nations, whose governments are afraid to trust the people with arms; and

WHEREAS Noah Webster, a strong advocate of the United States Constitutional Convention of 1787 and publisher of the first American dictionary, wrote, "Before a standing army can rule, the people must be disarmed; as they are in almost every kingdom of Europe. The supreme power in America cannot enforce unjust laws by the sword; because the whole body of the people are armed, and constitute a force superior to any band of regular troops that can be, on any pretense, raised in the United States"; and

WHEREAS, by restricting access to or taking away guns, the President of the United States is forcing Americans to rely more and more on police forces across the country as the only acceptable means of defending themselves and their families, a practical impossibility 1 and the very definition of a police state; and

2 WHEREAS the office of the President of the United States should not be allowed to 3 unilaterally assault the Second Amendment without the full consent of Congress; and

4 WHEREAS ruling against the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United 5 States is not a presidential prerogative; if allowed to rule against that amendment, the 6 President of the United States could turn his attention to the First Amendment to the 7 Constitution of the United States and issue an order prohibiting criticism of the presidency in 8 the press; and

9 **WHEREAS** the Declaration of Independence states that "all men are created equal, 10 that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are 11 Life, Liberty, and the pursuit of Happiness," and it is the sacred duty of every citizen of the 12 State of Alaska to protect and defend those rights by whatever means necessary; and

13 WHEREAS it is the right of the people to keep and bear arms that protects all other 14 rights; and

15 **WHEREAS** the Alaska State Legislature recognizes that the solution to violence in 16 America is not through more laws, but through a transformational cultural and spiritual 17 change that resists the glorification of violence in our culture, restores our unity and faith as 18 expressed in our national motto "In God we trust," promotes healthy families, and uses 19 existing laws to prosecute aggressively people who illegally use firearms to commit assaults 20 on our citizenry;

21 BE IT RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature urges the United States 22 Congress to not relinquish to the office of the President of the United States the legislative 23 duty of the United States Congress to safeguard our most fundamental right; and be it

24 FURTHER RESOLVED that the Alaska State Legislature urges the President of the 25 United States to refrain from any further efforts to restrict firearms ownership.

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**COPIES** of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Barack Obama, President of 27 the United States; the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, Jr., Vice-President of the United States and 28 President of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable John Boehner, Speaker of the U.S. House of 29 Representatives; the Honorable Harry Reid, Majority Leader of the U.S. Senate; and the 30 Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Mark Begich, U.S. Senators, and the 31 Honorable Don Young, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.