

- 1 11BQ3L-1
- 2 By Representative England
- 3 RFD: Judiciary
- 4 First Read: 07-Mar-23
- 5 PFD: 23-Feb-23



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SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, persons with lawful pistol permits are exempt from the proscription that no person may knowingly, with intent to do bodily harm, carry or possess a deadly weapon on the premises of a public school.

This bill would remove this exemption.

This bill would also make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing code language to current style.

Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the





29	local entity or until, and only as long as, the
30	Legislature appropriates funds or provides for a local
31	source of revenue.
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35	A BILL
36	TO BE ENTITLED
37	AN ACT
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39	Relating to firearms; to amend Section 13A-11-72, Code
40	of Alabama 1975, to further provide for the unlawful
41	possession of a firearm on the premises of a public school; to
42	remove exemption for persons with pistol permits; to make
43	nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing
44	code language to current style; and in connection therewith
45	would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new
46	or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of
47	Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022.
48	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
49	Section 1. Section 13A-11-72, Code of Alabama 1975, is
50	amended to read as follows:
51	"§13A-11-72
52	(a) $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ No person who has been convicted in this state
53	or elsewhere of committing or attempting to commit a crime of
54	violence, misdemeanor offense of domestic violence, violent
55	offense as listed in Section 12-25-32(15), anyone who is
56	subject to a valid protection order for domestic abuse, or



- 57 anyone of unsound mind shall own a firearm or have one in his 58 or her possession or under his or her control. 59 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class C felony. 60 (b) (1) No person who is a minor, except under the circumstances provided in this section, a drug addict, or an 61 62 habitual drunkard or has a drug or alcohol addiction shall own 63 a pistol or have one in his or her possession or under his or 64 her control. 65 (2) A violation of this subsection is a Class A 66 misdemeanor. 67 (c) (1) Subject to the exceptions provided by Section 13A-11-74, no person shall knowingly, with intent to do bodily 68 harm, carry or possess a deadly weapon on the premises of a 69 public school. 70
- 71 (d) (2) Possession of a deadly weapon with the intent to
  72 do bodily harm on the premises of a public school in A
  73 violation of this subsection (c) of this section is a Class C
  74 felony.

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- (e) (d) School security personnel and school resource officers qualified under subsection (a) of Section 16-1-44.1(a), employed by a local board of education, and authorized by the employing local board of education to carry a deadly weapon while on duty are exempt from subsection (c) of this section. Law enforcement officers are exempt from this section., and persons with pistol permits issued pursuant to Section 13A-11-75, are exempt from subsection (c) of this section.
- 84 (f)(e) A person shall not be in violation of Section



- 85 13A-11-57 or 13A-11-76 and a minor shall not be in violation
- 86 of this section if the minor has permission to possess a
- 87 pistol from a parent or legal guardian who is not prohibited
- from possessing a firearm under state or federal law, and any
- 89 of the following are satisfied:
- 90 (1) The minor is attending a hunter education course or
- 91 a firearms safety course under the supervision of an adult who
- 92 is not prohibited from possessing a firearm under state or
- 93 federal law.
- 94 (2) The minor is engaging in practice in the use of a
- 95 firearm or target shooting at an established range under the
- 96 supervision of an adult who is not prohibited from possessing
- 97 a firearm under state or federal law.
- 98 (3) The minor is engaging in an organized competition
- 99 involving the use of a firearm or participating in or
- 100 practicing for a performance by an organized group under 26
- 101 U.S.C. § 501(c)(3) which uses firearms as part of the
- 102 performance.
- 103 (4) The minor is hunting or fishing pursuant to a valid
- 104 license, if required, and the person has the license in his or
- her possession; has written permission of the owner or legal
- 106 possessor of the land on which the activities are being
- 107 conducted; and the pistol, when loaded, is carried only in a
- 108 manner discernible by ordinary observation.
- 109 (5) The minor is on real property under the control of
- the minor's parent, legal quardian, or grandparent.
- 111 (6) The minor is a member of the armed services or
- 112 National Guard and the minor is acting in the line of duty.

113	(7) The minor is traveling by motor vehicle to any of
114	the locations or activities listed in subdivisions (1) through
115	(6), has written permission to possess the <pre>pistol firearm</pre> by
116	his or her parent or legal guardian, and the <pre>pistol firearm</pre> is
117	unloaded, locked in a compartment or container that is in or
118	affixed securely to the motor vehicle and is out of reach of
119	the driver and any passenger in the motor vehicle.
120	$\frac{(a)}{(b)}$ (f) This section does not apply to a minor who uses

(g) (f) This section does not apply to a minor who uses a pistol firearm while acting in self-defense of himself, or herself, or other persons against an intruder into the residence of the minor or a residence in which the minor is an invited guest.

(h) (g) The term "school resource officer" as used in this section means an Alabama Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commissioner-certified law enforcement officer employed by a law enforcement agency who is specifically selected and specially trained for the school setting.

(i) (h) The term "public school" as used in this section applies only to a school composed of grades K-12 and shall include a school bus used for grades K-12.

(j)(i) The term "deadly weapon" as used in this section means a firearm or anything manifestly designed, made, or adapted for the purposes of inflicting death or serious physical injury, and such term includes including, but is not limited to, a bazooka, hand grenade, missile, or explosive or incendiary device; a pistol, rifle, or shotgun; or a switch-blade knife, gravity knife, stiletto, sword, or dagger; or any club, baton, billy, black-jack, bludgeon, or metal



141 knuckles.

(k) (j) (1) The term "convicted" as used in this section requires that the person was represented by counsel in the case, or knowingly and intelligently waived the right to counsel in the case if required by law, and either the case was tried before a judge, tried by a jury, or the person knowingly and intelligently waived the right to have the case tried, by guilty plea or otherwise.

(2) A person—may is not—be considered to have been convicted for the purposes of this section if the person is not considered to have been convicted in the jurisdiction in which the proceedings were held or the conviction has been expunged, set aside, or is of an offense for which the person has been pardoned or has had his or her civil rights restored, unless the pardon, expungement, or restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive firearms.

(1) (k) The term "misdemeanor offense of domestic violence" as used in this section means a misdemeanor offense that has, as its elements, the use or attempted use of physical force or the threatened use of a dangerous instrument or deadly weapon, and the victim is a current or former spouse, parent, child, person with whom the defendant has a child in common, or a present or former household member.

(m) (1) The term "valid protection order" as used in this section means an order issued after a hearing of which the person received actual notice, and at which the person had an opportunity to participate, that does any either of the



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- (1) Restrains the person from harassing, stalking, or threatening a qualified individual or child of the qualified individual or person or engaging in other conduct that would place a qualified individual in reasonable fear of bodily injury to the individual or child and that includes a finding that the person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of the qualified individual or child.
- (2) By its terms, explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against the qualified individual or child that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily injury.
- (n) (m) The term "qualified individual" as used in subsection  $\frac{(m)}{(1)}$ , means a spouse or former spouse of the person, an individual who is a parent of a child of the person, or an individual who cohabitates or has cohabited with 185 the person.
  - (o) (n) The term "unsound mind" as used in this section includes any person who is subject to any of the findings listed below, and who has not had his or her rights to possess a firearm reinstated by operation of law or legal process:
- 190 (1) Found by a court, board, commission, or other 191 lawful authority that, as a result of marked subnormal 192 intelligence, mental illness, incompetency, condition, or 193 disease, is a danger to himself, or others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own 194 affairs. 195
  - (2) Found to be insane, not guilty by reason of mental



- disease or defect, found mentally incompetent to stand trial,
  or found not guilty by a reason of lack of mental
  responsibility by a court in a criminal case, to include
  state, federal, and military courts.
- 201 (3) Involuntarily committed for a final commitment for 202 inpatient treatment to the Department of Mental Health or a 203 Veterans' Administration hospital by a court after a hearing."

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Section 2. The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Section 111.05 of the Constitution of Alabama of 2022. If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the local entity or until, and only as long as, the Legislature appropriates funds or provides for a local source of revenue.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.