KLL/NH

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 4324

(SENATE AUTH	IORS: MOH	AMED)
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS
02/29/2024		Introduction and first reading
		Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2	relating to public safety; eliminating mandatory minimum sentences for offenses
1.3	involving possession or use of firearm or other dangerous weapon; making
1.4	conforming changes; establishing felony offense of firearm trafficking; eliminating
1.5	requirements that certain victims report crime within 30 days and cooperate with
1.6	law enforcement to receive reimbursement; creating Task Force on Mandatory
1.7	Minimum Sentences; continuing funding for emergency needs of crime victims;
1.8	establishing grants for emergency needs of victims of gun violence; authorizing
1.9	grants to county attorneys to develop and implement focused deterrence models
1.10	to reduce group-related homicide and gun violence and interrupt cycles of
1.11 1.12	community violence; creating additional position with the Violent Crime Coordinating Council; requiring a report; appropriating money; amending
1.12	Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 244.10, subdivisions 5, 6, 7; 588.20, subdivision
1.13	1; 609.229, subdivision 1; 609.495, subdivision 3; 609.66, by adding a subdivision;
1.15	617.91, subdivision 4; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, sections 609.135,
1.16	subdivision 1; 611A.53, subdivision 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, section
1.17	609.11, subdivisions 4, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 8; Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section
1.18	609.11, subdivision 9.
1.19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.20	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 244.10, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
1.21	Subd. 5. Procedures in cases where state intends to seek an aggravated departure. (a)
1.22	When the prosecutor provides reasonable notice under subdivision 4, the district court shall
1.23	allow the state to prove beyond a reasonable doubt to a jury of 12 members the factors in
1.24	support of the state's request for an aggravated departure from the Sentencing Guidelines
1.25	or the state's request for an aggravated sentence under any sentencing enhancement statute
1.26	or the state's request for a mandatory minimum under section 609.11 as provided in paragraph
1.27	(b) or (c).

2.1	(b) The district court shall allow a unitary trial and final argument to a jury regarding
2.2	both evidence in support of the elements of the offense and evidence in support of aggravating
2.3	factors when the evidence in support of the aggravating factors:
2.4	(1) would be admissible as part of the trial on the elements of the offense; or
2.5	(2) would not result in unfair prejudice to the defendant.
2.6	The existence of each aggravating factor shall be determined by use of a special verdict
2.7	form.
2.8	Upon the request of the prosecutor, the court shall allow bifurcated argument and jury
2.9	deliberations.
2.10	(c) The district court shall bifurcate the proceedings, or impanel a resentencing jury, to
2.11	allow for the production of evidence, argument, and deliberations on the existence of factors
2.12	in support of an aggravated departure after the return of a guilty verdict when the evidence
2.13	in support of an aggravated departure:
2.14	(1) includes evidence that is otherwise inadmissible at a trial on the elements of the
2.15	offense; and
2.16	(2) would result in unfair prejudice to the defendant.
2.17	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to crimes
2.18	committed on or after that date.
2.19	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 244.10, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
2.20	Subd. 6. Defendants to present evidence and argument. In either a unitary or bifurcated
2.21	trial under subdivision 5, a defendant shall be allowed to present evidence and argument to
2.22	the jury or fact finder regarding whether facts exist that would justify an aggravated departure
2.23	or an aggravated sentence under any sentencing enhancement statute or a mandatory
2.24	minimum sentence under section 609.11. A defendant is not allowed to present evidence
2.25	or argument to the jury or fact finder regarding facts in support of a mitigated departure
2.26	during the trial, but may present evidence and argument in support of a mitigated departure
2.27	to the judge as fact finder during a sentencing hearing.
2.28	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to crimes

2.29 <u>committed on or after that date.</u>

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 244.10, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
Subd. 7. Waiver of jury determination. The defendant may waive the right to a jury
determination of whether facts exist that would justify an aggravated sentence. Upon receipt
of a waiver of a jury trial on this issue, the district court shall determine beyond a reasonable
doubt whether the factors in support of the state's motion for aggravated departure or an

- 3.6 aggravated sentence under any sentencing enhancement statute or a mandatory minimum
- 3.7 sentence under section 609.11 exist.

3.8 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to crimes 3.9 committed on or after that date.

3.10 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 588.20, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

3.11 Subdivision 1. Felony contempt. (a) A person who knowingly and willfully disobeys
3.12 a subpoena lawfully issued in relation to a crime of violence, as defined in section 609.11,
3.13 subdivision 9, with the intent to obstruct the criminal justice process is guilty of a felony
3.14 and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine
3.15 of not more than \$10,000, or both.

(b) A felony charge under this subdivision may be filed upon the person's nonappearance.
However, the charge must be dismissed if the person voluntarily appears within 48 hours
after the time required for appearance on the subpoena and reappears as directed by the
court until discharged from the subpoena by the court. This paragraph does not apply if the
person appears as a result of being apprehended by law enforcement authorities.

(c) As used in this subdivision, "crime of violence" means murder in the first, second, 3.21 or third degree; assault in the first, second, or third degree; burglary; kidnapping; false 3.22 imprisonment; manslaughter in the first or second degree; aggravated robbery; simple 3.23 robbery; carjacking in the first, second, or third degree; first-degree or aggravated first-degree 3.24 witness tampering; criminal sexual conduct under the circumstances described in sections 3.25 609.342, subdivisions 1, and 1a, paragraphs (a) to (f) and (i); 609.343, subdivisions 1, and 3.26 1a, paragraphs (a) to (f) and (i); and 609.344, subdivision 1, under the conditions described 3.27 in section 609.341, subdivision 24, clause (2), item (i), (ii), or (iii), and subdivision 1a, 3.28 paragraphs (a) to (e), (h), and (i), under the conditions described in section 609.341, 3.29 3.30 subdivision 24, clause (2), item (i), (ii), or (iii); escape from custody; arson in the first, second, or third degree; drive-by shooting under section 609.66, subdivision 1e; harassment 3.31 under section 609.749, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (3); possession or other unlawful 3.32 use of a firearm or ammunition in violation of section 609.165, subdivision 1b, or 624.713, 3.33

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4.1	subdivision 1,	clause (2), a felo	ony violation of ch	hapter 152; or any attemp	t to commit any	
4.2	of these offenses.					
4.3	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This	section is effectiv	ve August 1, 2024.		
		<u></u>				
4.4	Sec. 5. Minn	esota Statutes 20	23 Supplement, se	ection 609.135, subdivisi	on 1, is amended	
4.5	to read:					
4.6	Subdivision	n 1. Terms and (conditions. (a) Ex	cept when a sentence of li	fe imprisonment	
4.7	is required by	law , or when a n	nandatory minimu	m sentence is required by	y section 609.11,	
4.8	any court may	stay imposition	or execution of se	entence and:		
4.9	(1) may or	der intermediate	sanctions without	placing the defendant on	probation; or	
4.10	(2) may pla	ace the defendan	t on probation wit	h or without supervision	and on the terms	
4.11	the court prese	ribes, including i	ntermediate sancti	ons when practicable. The	e court may order	
4.12	the supervision	n to be under the	probation officer	of the court, or, if there is	s none and the	
4.13	conviction is f	or a felony or gr	oss misdemeanor,	by the commissioner of o	corrections, or in	
4.14	any case by so	me other suitable	e and consenting p	person. Unless the court d	irects otherwise,	
4.15	state parole an	d probation ager	nts and probation of	officers may impose com	munity work	
4.16	service or probation violation sanctions, consistent with section 243.05, subdivision 1, or					
4.17	sections 244.1	97 to 244.199.				
4.18	No interme	ediate sanction m	nay be ordered per	formed at a location that	fails to observe	
4.19	applicable requirements or standards of chapter 181A or 182, or any rule promulgated under					
4.20	them.					
4.21	(b) For pur	poses of this sub	division, subdivis	ion 6, and section 609.14	, the term	
4.22	"intermediate	sanctions" incluc	les but is not limit	ed to incarceration in a lo	ocal jail or	
4.23	workhouse, ho	me detention, ele	ctronic monitoring	, intensive probation, sent	encing to service,	
4.24	reporting to a o	day reporting cer	nter, chemical dep	endency or mental health	treatment or	
4.25	counseling, res	titution, fines, day	y-fines, community	y work service, work servi	ce in a restorative	
4.26	justice program	n, work in lieu o	f or to work off fir	nes and, with the victim's	consent, work in	
4.27	lieu of or to we	ork off restitution	n.			
4.28	(c) A court	may not stay the	e revocation of the	e driver's license of a pers	son convicted of	
4.29	violating the p	rovisions of sect	ion 169A.20.			
4.30	(d) If the co	ourt orders a fine,	day-fine, or restit	ution as an intermediate sa	anction, payment	
4.31	is due on the d	late imposed unle	ess the court other	wise establishes a due da	te or a payment	
4.32	plan.					

5.1	(e) The court may prohibit a defendant from using adult-use cannabis flower as defined
5.2	in section 342.01, subdivision 4, or adult-use cannabis products as defined in section 342.01,
5.3	subdivision 2, if the defendant undergoes a chemical use assessment and abstinence is
5.4	consistent with a recommended level of care for the defendant in accordance with the criteria
5.5	under section 254B.04, subdivision 4. The assessment must be conducted by an assessor
5.6	qualified under section 245G.11, subdivisions 1 and 5.
5.7	(f) A court shall not impose an intermediate sanction that has the effect of prohibiting
5.8	a person from participating in the registry program as defined in section 342.01, subdivision
5.9	63.
5.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024, and applies to crimes
5.11	committed on or after that date.
5.12	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.229, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
5.13	Subdivision 1. Definition. As used in this section, "criminal gang" means any ongoing
5.14	organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal,
5.15	that:
5.16	(1) has, as one of its primary activities, the commission of one or more of the offenses
5.17	listed in section 609.11, subdivision 9 588.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c);
5.18	(2) has a common name or common identifying sign or symbol; and
5.19	(3) includes members who individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a
5.20	pattern of criminal activity.
5.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2024.
5.22	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.495, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
5.23	Subd. 3. Obstructing investigation. Whoever intentionally aids another person whom
5.24	the actor knows or has reason to know has committed a criminal act, by destroying or
5.25	concealing evidence of that crime, providing false or misleading information about that
5.26	crime, receiving the proceeds of that crime, or otherwise obstructing the investigation or
5.27	prosecution of that crime is an accomplice after the fact and may be sentenced to not more
5.28	than one-half of the statutory maximum sentence of imprisonment or to payment of a fine
5.29	of not more than one-half of the maximum fine that could be imposed on the principal
5.30	offender for the crime of violence. For purposes of this subdivision, "criminal act" means
5.31	an act that is a crime listed in section 609.11, subdivision 9 588.20, subdivision 1, paragraph

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6.1	(c), under th	ne laws of this or a	nother state, or of t	he United States, and als	so includes an act
6.2	that would b	be a criminal act if	committed by an a	dult.	
6.3	EFFEC'	TIVE DATE. This	s section is effectiv	e August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to crimes
6.4	committed of	on or after that date	<u>e.</u>		
6.5		nnesota Statutes 2	022, section 609.66	5, is amended by adding	a subdivision to
6.6	read:				
6.7	Subd. 1i	<u>. Felony; firearm</u>	trafficking. Whoe	ver ships, transports, tra	insfers, causes to
6.8	be transport	ed, or otherwise di	sposes of any firea	rm to another person wh	no they are not in
6.9	an intimate	partner relationshi	p with or attempts	or conspires to commit a	any of those acts
6.10	is guilty of a	a felony and may b	be sentenced to imp	risonment for not more	than 15 years or
6.11	to payment of	of a fine of not mor	e than \$20,000, or b	oth, if the person knows	or has reasonable
6.12	cause to bel	ieve that the use, c	arrying, or possess	ion of a firearm by the r	ecipient would
6.13	constitute a	felony.			
6.14	EFFEC	TIVE DATE. This	s section is effectiv	e August 1, 2024, and a	pplies to crimes
6.15	committed of	on or after that date	<u>.</u>		
6.16		nnesota Statutes 20	023 Supplement, se	ction 611A.53, subdivis	10n 2, 1s amended
6.17	to read:				
6.18	Subd. 2.	Limitations on av	wards. No reimbur	sement shall be awarded	d to a claimant
6.19	otherwise el	ligible if:			
6.20	(1) the c	rime was not repoi	rted to the police w	ithin 30 days of its occu	rrence or, if it
6.21	could not re	asonably have beer	n reported within th	at period, within 30 days	; of the time when
6.22	a report cou	ld reasonably have	been made. A vict	im of criminal sexual co	onduct in the first,
6.23	second, thire	l, or fourth degree '	who does not report	the crime within 30 days	s of its occurrence
6.24	is deemed to	> have been unable	e to have reported i	t within that period;	
6.25	(2) the v	ictim or claimant f	failed or refused to	cooperate fully with the	police and other
6.26	law enforce	ment officials. Coo	operation is determ	ined through law enfore	ement reports,
6.27	prosecutor r	ecords, or corrobo	ration memorialize	d in a signed document	submitted by a
6.28	victim servi	ce, counseling, or	medical profession	al involved in the case;	
6.29	(3) (1) tł	ne victim or claima	int was the offende	r or an accomplice of th	e offender or an
6.30	award to the	e claimant would u	njustly benefit the	offender or an accompli	ce;
6.31	(4) (2) tł	ne victim or claima	nt was in the act of	committing a crime at the	he time the injury
6.32	occurred;				

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(5) (3) no claim was filed with the board within three years of victim's injury or death; 7.1 except that (i) if the claimant was unable to file a claim within that period, then the claim 7.2 can be made within three years of the time when a claim could have been filed; and (ii) if 7.3 the victim's injury or death was not reasonably discoverable within three years of the injury 7.4 or death, then the claim can be made within three years of the time when the injury or death 7.5 is reasonably discoverable. The following circumstances do not render a claimant unable 7.6 to file a claim for the purposes of this clause: (A) lack of knowledge of the existence of the 7.7 7.8 Minnesota Crime Victims Reimbursement Act, (B) the failure of a law enforcement agency to provide information or assistance to a potential claimant under section 611A.66, (C) the 7.9 incompetency of the claimant if the claimant's affairs were being managed during that period 7.10 by a guardian, guardian ad litem, conservator, authorized agent, or parent, or (D) the fact 7.11 that the claimant is not of the age of majority; or 7.12

7.13 (6) (4) the claim is less than \$50.

7.14 The limitations contained in clauses (1) and (6) clause (4) do not apply to victims of
7.15 child abuse. In those cases the three-year limitation period commences running with the
7.16 report of the crime to the police.

7.17 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 617.91, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Gang activity. "Gang activity" means the commission of one or more of the
offenses listed in section 609.11, subdivision 9 588.20, subdivision 1, paragraph (c); criminal
damage to property in the first or second degree under section 609.595, subdivision 1 or
1a; trespass under section 609.605; disorderly conduct under section 609.72; or unlawful
possession of a firearm by a minor under section 624.713, subdivision 1, clause (1).

7.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2024.

7.24 Sec. 11. TASK FORCE ON MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES.

7.25 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "mandatory minimum" refers to

7.26 legislatively defined, predetermined sentencing requirements, including but not limited to

sentencing requirements under Minnesota Statutes, sections 152.021, 152.022, and 609.11,

- that mandate a minimum period of commitment to the commissioner of corrections upon
- 7.29 <u>conviction for certain offenses.</u>

7.30 Subd. 2. Establishment. The Task Force on Mandatory Minimum Sentences is 7.31 established to collect and analyze data on the charging, convicting, and sentencing of persons

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8.1	to mandatory	minimum senten	ces: assess whether	current laws and practice	s promote public
8.2			· · · ·	mendations to the legisla	• •
8.3	<u>Subd. 3.</u>	Membership. <u>(</u> a)	The task force cor	nsists of the following me	mbers:
8.4	(1) the con	mmissioner of co	rrections, or a desi	gnee;	
8.5	(2) the ex	ecutive director c	of the Minnesota Se	entencing Guidelines Cor	nmission, or a
8.6	designee;				
8.7	(3) the sta	te public defende	er, or a designee;		
8.8	<u>(4) the sta</u>	tewide coordinat	or of the Violent C	rime Coordinating Counc	il, or a designee;
8.9	<u>(5) one de</u>	efense attorney, a	ppointed by the Mi	innesota Association of C	Criminal Defense
8.10	Lawyers;				
8.11	<u>(6) two co</u>	ounty attorneys, o	one from Hennepin	or Ramsey County and o	one from outside
8.12	the seven-cou	unty metropolitan	area, appointed by	y the Minnesota County A	Attorneys
8.13	Association;				
8.14	<u>(7)</u> a peac	e officer familiar	with shooting inv	estigations, appointed joi	ntly by the
8.15	Minnesota Sł	neriffs' Associatio	on and the Minneso	ota Chiefs of Police Asso	ciation;
8.16	<u>(8) one m</u>	ember representi	ng a victims' rights	organization, appointed	by the senate
8.17	majority lead	er;			
8.18	<u>(9) one m</u>	ember of a statew	vide civil rights org	anization, appointed by the	he speaker of the
8.19	house of repr	esentatives;			
8.20	<u>(10) one i</u>	mpacted person v	who is directly rela	ted to a person who has b	een convicted of
8.21	a mandatory	minimum sentene	ce or who has then	nselves been convicted of	a mandatory
8.22	minimum ser	ntence and has co	mpleted the senten	ce, appointed by the gov	ernor; and
8.23	<u>(11) one p</u>	person with acade	mic expertise rega	ding the laws and practic	es of other states
8.24	relating to ma	andatory minimu	m sentences, appoi	nted by the governor.	
8.25	<u>(b)</u> Appoi	ntments must be	made no later than	July 30, 2024.	
8.26	<u>(c) Memb</u>	ers shall serve w	ithout compensation	<u>on.</u>	
8.27	(d) Memb	pers of the task fo	rce serve at the ple	easure of the appointing a	uthority or until
8.28	the task force	e expires. Vacanci	es shall be filled b	y the appointing authority	y consistent with
8.29	the qualificat	ions of the vacati	ng member require	ed by this subdivision.	
8.30	<u>Subd. 4.</u>	Officers; meeting	gs. (a) The task for	ce shall elect a chair and	vice-chair and
8.31	may elect oth	er officers as nec	essary.		

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<u>(b)</u> The co	ommissioner of co	orrections shall con	vene the first meeting of	f the task force no
later than August 1, 2024, and shall provide meeting space and administrative assistance				
as necessary	for the task force	to conduct its world	<u><.</u>	
(c) The ta	sk force shall me	et at least monthly o	or upon the call of its cha	air. The task force
shall meet su	fficiently enough	to accomplish the	tasks identified in this s	ection. Meetings
of the task fo	rce are subject to	Minnesota Statute	s, chapter 13D.	
<u>(d)</u> To cor	npile and analyze	e data, the task forc	e shall request the coop	eration and
assistance of	local law enforce	ement agencies, the	Minnesota Sentencing	Guidelines
Commission,	the judicial bran	ch, the Bureau of C	Criminal Apprehension,	county attorneys,
and Tribal go	vernments and m	nay request the coop	peration of academics a	nd others with
experience ar	nd expertise in re	searching the impa	et of mandatory minimu	im sentences.
<u>Subd. 5.</u> I	Duties. (a) The ta	sk force shall, at a	minimum:	
(1) collect	and analyze data	on charges, convict	ons, and sentences that i	nvolve mandatory
minimum ser	ntences;			
(2) collect	and analyze data	on mandatory mini	mum sentences in which	a person received
			datory minimum senten	
-	-	unty attorney, or bo	Ť	
			nimum sentences in whi	ch a nerson likely
<u></u>			are but for the enforceme	
minimum ser	U	d durational depart		ent of a mandatory
(4) collect	t and analyze data	a on charges convi	ctions, and sentences fo	r codefendants of
· · ·		tory minimum sent		
<u> </u>			l federal court decisions	_
<u>(6) receiv</u>	e input from pers	ons who were conv	ricted of a mandatory m	inimum sentence;
<u>(7) receiv</u>	e input from fam	ily members of per	sons who were convicte	ed of a crime with
a mandatory	minimum senten	<u>ce;</u>		
(8) analyz	the benefits and	d unintended conse	quences of state statutes	s and practices
related to the	charging, convic	ting, and sentencin	g of persons with mand	atory minimum
sentences, inc	cluding but not lin	mited to an analysis	of whether current statu	ites and practices:
(i) promo	te public safety; a	and		
(ii) proper	rly punish a perso	on for that person's	role in an offense; and	

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10.1	<u>(9)</u> make re	commendations	for legislative ad	ction, if any, on laws affecti	<u>ng:</u>
10.2	(i) the colle	ection and reporti	ng of data; and		
10.3	(ii) the char	rging, convicting	, and sentencing	of persons for mandatory 1	ninimum
10.4	sentences.				
10.5	(b) At its di	iscretion, the task	c force may exar	nine, as necessary, other rel	ated issues
10.6	consistent with	this section.			
10.7	<u>Subd. 6.</u> Re	e port. On or befo	ore January 15, 2	2025, the task force shall su	bmit a report to
10.8	the chairs and	ranking minority	members of the	legislative committees and	divisions with
10.9	jurisdiction over	er criminal senter	ncing on the findi	ngs and recommendations of	of the task force.
10.10	<u>Subd. 7.</u> Ex	xpiration. The ta	sk force expires	the day after submitting its	report under
10.11	subdivision 6.				
10.12	EFFECTI	VE DATE. This	section is effect	ive the day following final	enactment.
10.13	Sec. 12. <u>GR(</u>	OUP VIOLENC	E INTERVEN	FION GRANT PROGRA	<u>M.</u>
10.14	Subdivision	n 1. <mark>Grants auth</mark>	orized. (a) The	group violence interventior	ı grant program
10.15	is established.	The commission	er of public safe	ty through the Office of Jus	stice Programs
10.16	shall award gra	ants to county att	orneys to fund in	nitiatives designed to reduc	e homicide and
10.17	gun violence a	nd interrupt cycl	es of community	violence using focused det	terrence models
10.18	that bring toge	ther law enforcer	nent, social serv	ices, and community. Grant	recipients may
10.19	use grant mone	ey to hire and tra	in additional stat	ff, purchase equipment and	supplies, and
10.20	contract with o	outside providers	to:		
10.21	(1) establis	h or expand focus	sed deterrence m	odels to reduce homicide ar	d gun violence;
10.22	and				
10.23	(2) evaluate	e the impact of fo	cused deterrence	models established or expa	nded under this
10.24	program.				
10.25	<u> </u>		0 0 1	ogram must align with best	•
10.26	focused deterre	ence models used	for community v	iolence intervention and vio	lence reduction,
10.27	including:				
10.28	(1) establish	hment of and ong	going oversight	from a functioning executiv	<u>e committee</u>
10.29	comprised of, a	at minimum, the	sheriff and other	chief law enforcement offi	cers, the county
10.30	attorney, the U	nited States Atto	rney, a represent	tative from community corr	ections, and
10.31	other appropria	ate jurisdictional	leaders;		

(2) identification of an operational team comprised of, at minimum, a project manager, 11.1 a law enforcement lead, and a support and outreach lead. The project manager shall be the 11.2 11.3 operational lead for the initiative and responsible for coordinating across law enforcement, social services, and community partners. The law enforcement lead shall be responsible for 11.4 coordinating the law enforcement portion of the initiative, including supporting the law 11.5 enforcement portion of delivery of the focused deterrence message, managing the information 11.6 maintenance and sharing necessary to ensure the model is data driven, and ensuring 11.7 11.8 involvement as needed from patrol officers, investigators responsible for investigating 11.9 nonfatal shootings and homicides, command staff, and analysts. The support and outreach lead shall be responsible for coordinating across social services providers to ensure follow 11.10 through on the initiative's credible offers of help to persons seeking support in exiting cycles 11.11 of violence, including supporting the social services portion of delivery of the focused 11.12 11.13 deterrence message and ensuring that participants have access to services, resources, and supports needed to work toward exiting cycles of violence; 11.14 11.15 (3) use of data to drive design and ongoing implementation of the initiative. Data and information should be used regularly to identify and understand which groups are most 11.16 active in the community, which groups are driving the largest share of gun violence, which 11.17 groups may be at highest risk for direct involvement with gun violence, and if and when 11.18 accountability action needs to be imposed on a group. Elements of a data-driven strategy 11.19 should include regular shooting review meetings, regular use of a tool to track group-related 11.20 shootings, regular audits of which groups are active with input from law enforcement and 11.21 community, and regular analysis of group-related gun violence in the initiative's focus area; 11.22 (4) communication of a focused deterrence message. Through the initiative, a person 11.23 engaged in group-involved violence should receive a message that reinforces that the violence 11.24 is unacceptable and must stop, that the person is believed to be at high risk of being a victim 11.25 or perpetrator of gun violence, that the person is valued by the community, that there are 11.26 natural legal consequences to continued involvement with gun violence activities, and that 11.27 there is individualized help available for a person who wants to change the behavior and 11.28 11.29 exit cycles of violence; (5) offer of credible and legitimate social services. Through the initiative, a person 11.30 looking to exit cycles of violence should receive an offer of services, resources, and supports 11.31 to help with working toward a violence-free lifestyle. The initiative must ensure that resources 11.32 11.33 are in place to provide the support offered; (6) establishment of procedurally just, natural legal consequences for a person who 11.34 continues to engage in gun violence activities. The initiative must ensure that legal 11.35

Sec. 12.

12.1	consequences are applied consistently and equitably to a person who continues to engage
12.2	in gun violence activities; and
12.3	(7) establishment of ongoing oversight from a functioning community advisory body
12.4	for the initiative. The board must include at least one victims advocate and should serve as
12.5	an accountability partner for the operational team and help to ensure the model is meeting
12.6	moral standards established by the impacted community.
12.7	(c) The commissioner shall give preference to applicants that:
12.8	(1) demonstrate that group-related gun violence is impacting the applicant's communities;
12.9	(2) seek to fund data-informed, focused deterrence initiatives designed to reduce homicide
12.10	and gun violence and interrupt cycles of community violence; and
12.11	(3) demonstrate the capability to coordinate and collaborate with all of the law
12.12	enforcement, social services, and community partners necessary for successful development
12.13	and implementation.
12.14	Subd. 2. Application for grants. A county attorney may apply to the commissioner of
12.15	public safety for a grant for any of the purposes described in subdivision 1. The application
12.16	must be on a form provided by the commissioner and comply with requirements developed
12.17	by the commissioner. The applicant must describe the intended uses of the grant funds,
12.18	estimate the amount of funds required, and include any other information required by the
12.19	commissioner.
12.20	Subd. 3. Awards; limitations. No grant awarded under subdivision 1 shall exceed \$
12.21	Subd. 4. Reports. (a) A county attorney who receives a grant under this section shall
12.22	file a report with the commissioner of public safety by January 15, 2026. The report must
12.23	itemize how the county attorney expended the grant funds, identify the purpose of the
12.24	expenditures, and explain progress toward reducing homicide and gun violence and
12.25	interrupting cycles of community violence.
12.26	(b) By June 1, 2026, the commissioner of public safety shall report to the chairs and
12.27	ranking minority members of the legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over
12.28	criminal justice policy and finance on the implementation, use, and administration of the
12.29	grant programs created under this section.

	02/20/24	REVISOR	KLL/NH	24-06759	as introduced
13.1	Sec. 13. <u>C</u>	RIME VICTIM	EMERGENCY FI	UNDING; APPROPRIA	ATION.
13.2	\$1,000,0	00 in fiscal year 20)25 is appropriated t	from the general fund to t	he commissioner
13.3	of public sat	fety for general cri	ime victim grants to	meet the needs of victin	ns of crime not
13.4	covered by o	domestic violence	, sexual assault, or	child abuse services.	
13.5			JNDING FOR VI	CTIMS OF GUN VIOL	ENCE;
13.6	APPROPR	IATION.			
13.7	\$500,000	0 in fiscal year 202	25 is appropriated fi	rom the general fund to the	ne commissioner
13.8	of public sat	fety for grants to m	neet the emergency	needs of victims of gun v	violence. Victims
13.9	of gun viole	nce may include v	ictims of domestic v	violence and sexual assau	lt. Funding must
13.10	prioritize the	e needs of victims	who are justice-inv	volved.	
13.11	Sec. 15. <u>V</u>	IOLENT CRIMI	E ENFORCEMEN	T TEAM; APPROPRI	ATION.
13.12	\$ in	fiscal year 2025 is	s appropriated from	the general fund to the c	commissioner of
13.13	public safety	y for one additiona	ll employee to work	with the statewide coord	linator under the
13.14	Violent Crin	ne Coordinating C	council established	in Minnesota Statutes, se	ection 299A.642,
13.15	whose prima	ary responsibilities	s must be helping c	oordinate with local law	enforcement to
13.16	conduct stin	g operations and i	nvestigations on gu	in trafficking and straw p	ourchases.
13.17	Sec. 16. <u>R</u>	EPEALER.			
13.18	(a) Minn	esota Statutes 202	2, section 609.11, s	subdivisions 4, 5, 5a, 6, 7	7, and 8, are
13.19	repealed.				
13.20	<u>(b) Minr</u>	nesota Statutes 202	23 Supplement, sect	tion 609.11, subdivision	9, is repealed.
13.21	EFFEC	FIVE DATE. Thi	s section is effectiv	e August 1, 2024, and ap	plies to crimes
13.22	committed of	on or after that dat	<u>e.</u>		

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609.11 MINIMUM SENTENCES OF IMPRISONMENT.

Subd. 4. **Dangerous weapon.** Any defendant convicted of an offense listed in subdivision 9 in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, used, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a dangerous weapon other than a firearm, shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than one year plus one day, nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law. Any defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, used a dangerous weapon other than a firearm, shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than one year plus one day, nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law. Any defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, used a dangerous weapon other than a firearm, shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than three years nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law.

Subd. 5. **Firearm.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), any defendant convicted of an offense listed in subdivision 9 in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, had in possession or used, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a firearm, shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than three years, nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law. Any defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, had in possession or used a firearm shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than three than the maximum sentence provided by law. Any defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of the offense, had in possession or used a firearm shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than the maximum sentence provided by law.

(b) Any defendant convicted of violating section 609.165 or 624.713, subdivision 1, clause (2), shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections for not less than five years, nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law.

Subd. 5a. **Drug offenses.** Notwithstanding section 609.035, whenever a defendant is subject to a mandatory minimum sentence for a felony violation of chapter 152, other than a violation of section 152.021, subdivision 2b, clause (1), or a violation of chapter 152 sentenced under section 152.021, subdivision 3, paragraph (c), and is also subject to this section, the minimum sentence imposed under this section shall be consecutive to that imposed under chapter 152.

Subd. 6. **No early release.** Any defendant convicted and sentenced as required by this section is not eligible for probation, parole, discharge, or supervised release until that person has served the full term of imprisonment as provided by law, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 242.19, 243.05, 244.04, 609.12 and 609.135.

Subd. 7. Fact finder shall establish. The question of whether the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of commission of an offense listed in subdivision 9, used a firearm or other dangerous weapon or had in possession a firearm shall be determined by the fact finder at the time of a verdict or finding of guilt at trial or the entry of a plea of guilty based upon the record of the trial or the plea of guilty. The fact finder shall also determine whether the defendant has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense in which the defendant or an accomplice, at the time of commission of an offense listed in subdivision 9, used a firearm or other dangerous weapon or had in possession a firearm.

Subd. 8. **Motion by prosecutor.** (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (b) and (c), prior to the time of sentencing, the prosecutor may file a motion to have the defendant sentenced without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences established by this section. The motion shall be accompanied by a statement on the record of the reasons for it. When presented with the motion, or on its own motion, the court may sentence the defendant without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences established by this section if the court finds substantial and compelling reasons to do so. A sentence imposed under this subdivision is a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines.

(b) The court may not, on its own motion or the prosecutor's motion, sentence a defendant without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences established by this section if the defendant previously has been convicted of an offense listed in subdivision 9 in which the defendant used or possessed a firearm or other dangerous weapon.

(c) The court may not, on its own motion or the prosecutor's motion, sentence a defendant without regard to the mandatory minimum sentences established by subdivision 5, if the defendant was convicted of a crime under section 152.021, subdivision 1, or 152.022, subdivision 1, and the person or an accomplice possessed on their person or within immediate reach, or used, whether by brandishing, displaying, threatening with, or otherwise employing, a firearm.

Subd. 9. Applicable offenses. The crimes for which mandatory minimum sentences shall be served as provided in this section are: murder in the first, second, or third degree; assault in the first, second, or third degree; burglary; kidnapping; false imprisonment; manslaughter in the first or second degree; aggravated robbery; simple robbery; carjacking in the first, second, or third

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degree; first-degree or aggravated first-degree witness tampering; criminal sexual conduct under the circumstances described in sections 609.342, subdivision 1, and subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (f) and (i); 609.343, subdivision 1, and subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (f) and (i); and 609.344, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (c) and (d), under the conditions described in section 609.341, subdivision 24, clause (2), item (i), (ii), or (iii), and subdivision 1a, clauses (a) to (e), (h), and (i), under the conditions described in section 609.341, subdivision 24, clause (2), item (i), (ii), or (iii); escape from custody; arson in the first, second, or third degree; drive-by shooting under section 609.66, subdivision 1e; harassment under section 609.749, subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clause (3); possession or other unlawful use of a firearm or ammunition in violation of section 609.165, subdivision 1b, or 624.713, subdivision 1, clause (2), a felony violation of chapter 152; or any attempt to commit any of these offenses.