SF2904 **REVISOR** S2904-2 **CKM** 2nd Engrossment

SENATE STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

S.F. No. 2904

(SENATE AUTHORS: HAWJ)

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DATE 03/14/2023 **OFFICIAL STATUS** D-PG

Introduction and first reading 1741

Referred to Environment, Climate, and Legacy

03/27/2023 2564a Comm report: To pass as amended

Second reading Special Order: Amended Third reading Passed 04/26/2023 6244

6255

A bill for an act 1.1

relating to state government; modifying environment and natural resources laws; modifying forestry laws; modifying game and fish laws; modifying water law; modifying certain collective bargaining provisions; requiring reports; making technical corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 84.788, subdivision 5; 84.82, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 84.821, subdivision 2; 84.84; 84.86, subdivision 1; 84.87, subdivision 1; 84.922, subdivision 4; 84.992, subdivisions 2, 5; 85.015, subdivision 10; 85.052, subdivision 6; 89A.11; 90.181, subdivision 2; 97A.015, subdivisions 29, 51; 97A.031; 97A.126; 97A.137, subdivisions 3, 5; 97A.401, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 97A.405, subdivision 5; 97A.421, subdivision 3; 97B.031, subdivision 1; 97B.036; 97B.037; 97B.071; 97B.301, subdivisions 2, 6; 97B.318, subdivision 1; 97B.668; 97C.041; 97C.211, subdivision 2a; 97C.315, subdivision 1; 97C.345, subdivision 1; 97C.371, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 97C.395, subdivision 1; 97C.515, subdivision 2; 97C.601, subdivision 1; 97C.836; 103G.005, by adding subdivisions; 103G.271, subdivision 4a; 103G.287, subdivision 2; 103G.299, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 10; 103G.301, subdivisions 6, 7; 115.061; 179A.10, by adding a subdivision; Laws 2022, chapter 80, section 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 11A; 103G; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 97C.055; 97C.515, subdivisions 4, 5; Minnesota Rules, parts 6100.5000, subparts 3, 4, 5; 6100.5700, subpart 4.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [11A.236] ACCOUNT TO INVEST FINANCIAL ASSURANCE MONEY 1.22 FROM PERMITS TO MINE. 1.23

Subdivision 1. **Establishment**; appropriation. (a) The State Board of Investment, when requested by the commissioner of natural resources, may invest money collected by the commissioner as part of financial assurance provided under a permit to mine issued under chapter 93. The State Board of Investment may establish one or more accounts into which money may be deposited for the purposes of this section, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment. Use of any money in the account is restricted to the financial assurance purposes identified in sections 93.46 to 93.51 and rules adopted

1 Section 1.

thereunder and as authorized under any trust fund agreement or other conditions established under a permit to mine.

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- (b) Money in an account established under paragraph (a) is appropriated to the commissioner for the purposes for which the account is established under this section.
- Subd. 2. Account maintenance and investment. (a) The commissioner of natural resources may deposit money in the appropriate account and may withdraw money from the appropriate account for the financial assurance purposes identified in sections 93.46 to 93.51 and rules adopted thereunder and as authorized under any trust fund agreement or other conditions established under the permit to mine for which the financial assurance is provided, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment.
- (b) Investment strategies related to an account established under this section must be determined jointly by the commissioner of natural resources and the executive director of the State Board of Investment. The authorized investments for an account are the investments authorized under section 11A.24 that are made available for investment by the State Board of Investment.
- (c) Investment transactions must be at a time and in a manner determined by the executive director of the State Board of Investment. Decisions to withdraw money from the account must be determined by the commissioner of natural resources, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment. Investment earnings must be credited to the appropriate account for financial assurance under the identified permit to mine.
- (d) An account may be terminated by the commissioner of natural resources at any time, so long as the termination is in accordance with applicable statutes and rules and any trust fund agreement or other conditions established under the permit to mine, subject to the policies and procedures of the State Board of Investment.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.788, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Report of ownership transfers; fee.** (a) Application for transfer of ownership of an off-highway motorcycle registered under this section must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer.
 - (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the <u>registered current</u> owner and the purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
 - (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.

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Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.82, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 2. Application, issuance, issuing fee. (a) Application for registration or reregistration shall be made to the commissioner or an authorized deputy registrar of motor vehicles in a format prescribed by the commissioner and shall state the legal name and address of every owner of the snowmobile.
- (b) A person who purchases a snowmobile from a retail dealer shall make application for registration to the dealer at the point of sale. The dealer shall issue a dealer temporary 21-day registration permit to each purchaser who applies to the dealer for registration. The temporary permit must contain the dealer's identification number and phone number. Each retail dealer shall submit completed registration and fees to the deputy registrar at least once a week. No fee may be charged by a dealer to a purchaser for providing the temporary permit.
- (c) Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate fee, the commissioner or deputy registrar shall issue to the applicant, or provide to the dealer, an assigned registration number or a commissioner or deputy registrar temporary 21-day permit. The registration number must be printed on a registration decal issued by the commissioner or a deputy registrar. Once issued, the registration number decal must be affixed to the snowmobile in a clearly visible and permanent manner for enforcement purposes as the commissioner of natural resources shall prescribe according to subdivision 3b. A dealer subject to paragraph (b) shall provide the registration materials or temporary permit to the purchaser within the temporary 21-day permit period. The registration is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.
- (d) Each deputy registrar of motor vehicles acting pursuant to section 168.33 shall also be a deputy registrar of snowmobiles. The commissioner of natural resources in agreement with the commissioner of public safety may prescribe the accounting and procedural requirements necessary to ensure efficient handling of registrations and registration fees. Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with these accounting and procedural requirements.
- (e) In addition to other fees prescribed by law, an issuing fee of \$4.50 is charged for each snowmobile registration renewal, duplicate or replacement registration card, and replacement decal, and an issuing fee of \$7 is charged for each snowmobile registration and registration transfer issued by:
- (1) a registrar or a deputy registrar and must be deposited in the manner provided in section 168.33, subdivision 2; or

Sec. 3. 3

4.1	(2) the commissioner and must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the
4.2	snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund.
4.3	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.82, is amended by adding a subdivision to
4.4	read:
4.5	Subd. 3b. Display of registration decal. (a) A person must not operate a snowmobile
4.6	in the state or allow another to operate the person's snowmobile in the state unless the
4.7	snowmobile has its unexpired registration decal affixed to each side of the snowmobile and
4.8	the decals are legible.
4.9	(b) The registration decal must be affixed:
4.10	(1) for snowmobiles made after June 30, 1972, in the areas provided by the manufacturer
4.11	under section 84.821, subdivision 2; and
4.12	(2) for all other snowmobiles, on each side of the cowling on the upper half of the
4.13	snowmobile.
4.14	(c) When any previously affixed registration decal is destroyed or lost, a duplicate must
4.15	be affixed in the same manner as provided in paragraph (b).
4.16	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.821, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
4.17	Subd. 2. Area for registration number. All snowmobiles made after June 30, 1972,
4.18	and sold in Minnesota, shall be designed and made to provide an area on which to affix the
4.19	registration number decal. This area shall be at a location and of dimensions prescribed by
4.20	rule of the commissioner. A clear area must be provided on each side of the cowling with
4.21	a minimum size of 3-1/2 square inches and at least 12 inches from the ground when the
4.22	machine is resting on a hard surface.
4.23	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.84, is amended to read:
4.24	84.84 TRANSFER OR TERMINATION OF SNOWMOBILE OWNERSHIP.
4.25	(a) Within 15 days after the transfer of ownership, or any part thereof, other than a
4.26	security interest, or the destruction or abandonment of any snowmobile, written notice of
4.27	the transfer or destruction or abandonment shall be given to the commissioner in such form
4.28	as the commissioner shall prescribe.
4.29	(b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered current owner and the
4.30	purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.

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(c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.88 if the purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. Every owner or part owner of a snowmobile shall, upon failure to give notice of destruction or abandonment, be subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.88.

2nd Engrossment

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.86, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **Required rules**, fees, and reports. (a) With a view of achieving maximum use of snowmobiles consistent with protection of the environment the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt rules in the manner provided by chapter 14, for the following purposes:
- (1) registration of snowmobiles and display of registration numbers.;
 - (2) use of snowmobiles insofar as game and fish resources are affected-;
- (3) use of snowmobiles on public lands and waters, or on grant-in-aid trails-;
- 5.13 (4) uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and cities, which are necessary or desirable to control, direct, or regulate the operation and use of snowmobiles-;
 - (5) specifications relating to snowmobile mufflers-; and
 - (6) a comprehensive snowmobile information and safety education and training program, including that includes but is not limited to the preparation and dissemination of preparing and disseminating snowmobile information and safety advice to the public, the training of snowmobile operators, and the issuance of issuing snowmobile safety certificates to snowmobile operators who successfully complete the snowmobile safety education and training course.
 - (b) For the purpose of administering such the program under paragraph (a), clause (6), and to defray expenses of training and certifying snowmobile operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the youth or adult training. The commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate snowmobile safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish both fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the services. The fees are not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. The fees may be established by the commissioner notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The fees, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for the electronic licensing system commission established by the commissioner under section

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84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources for the administration of such administering the programs. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each person any fee paid by the instructor for the person's online training course and up to the established fee amount for class materials and expenses. The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this paragraph (a), clause (6). School districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard to training program subject matter and performance testing that leads to the certification of snowmobile operators.

(7) (c) The operator of any snowmobile involved in an accident resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of any person or total damage to an extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the accident to the commissioner on such a form as prescribed by the commissioner shall prescribe. If the operator is killed or is unable to file a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business days.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.87, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Operation on streets and highways.** (a) No person shall operate a snowmobile upon the roadway, shoulder, or inside bank or slope of any trunk, county state-aid, or county highway in this state and, in the case of a divided trunk or county highway, on the right-of-way between the opposing lanes of traffic, except as provided in sections 84.81 to 84.90. No person shall operate a snowmobile within the right-of-way of any trunk, county state-aid, or county highway between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of such right-of-way and in the same direction as the highway traffic on the nearest lane of the roadway adjacent thereto. No snowmobile shall be operated at any time within the right-of-way of any interstate highway or freeway within this state.

- (b) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (a) to the contrary:
- (1) under conditions prescribed by the commissioner of transportation, the commissioner of transportation may allow two-way operation of snowmobiles on either side of the trunk highway right-of-way where the commissioner of transportation determines that two-way

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operation will not endanger users of the trunk highway or riders of the snowmobiles using the trail;

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- (2) under conditions prescribed by a local road authority as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, the road authority may allow two-way operation of snowmobiles on either side of the right-of-way of a street or highway under the road authority's jurisdiction, where the road authority determines that two-way operation will not endanger users of the street or highway or riders of the snowmobiles using the trail;
- (3) the commissioner of transportation under clause (1) and the local road authority under clause (2) shall notify the commissioner of natural resources and the local law enforcement agencies responsible for the streets or highways of the locations of two-way snowmobile trails authorized under this paragraph; and
- (4) two-way snowmobile trails authorized under this paragraph shall be posted for two-way operation at the authorized locations.
- (c) A snowmobile may make a direct crossing of a street or highway at any hour of the day provided:
 - (1) the crossing is made at an angle of approximately 90 degrees to the direction of the highway and at a place where no obstruction prevents a quick and safe crossing;
- (2) the snowmobile is brought to a complete stop before crossing the shoulder or main traveled way of the highway;
- (3) the driver yields the right-of-way to all oncoming traffic which constitutes an immediate hazard;
- (4) in crossing a divided highway, the crossing is made only at an intersection of such highway with another public street or highway or at a safe location approved by the road authority;
- (5) if the crossing is made between the hours of one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise or in conditions of reduced visibility, only if both front and rear lights are on; and
- (6) a snowmobile may be operated upon a bridge, other than a bridge that is part of the main traveled lanes of an interstate highway, when required for the purpose of avoiding obstructions to travel when no other method of avoidance is possible; provided the snowmobile is operated in the extreme right-hand lane, the entrance to the roadway is made within 100 feet of the bridge and the crossing is made without undue delay.

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(d) No snowmobile shall be operated upon a public street or highway unless it is equipped with at least one headlamp, one tail lamp, each of minimum candlepower as prescribed by rules of the commissioner, reflector material of a minimum area of 16 square inches mounted on each side forward of the handle bars, and with brakes each of which shall conform to standards prescribed by rule of the commissioner pursuant to the authority vested in the commissioner by section 84.86, and each of which shall be subject to approval of the commissioner of public safety.

- (e) A snowmobile may be operated upon a public street or highway other than as provided by paragraph (c) in an emergency during the period of time when and at locations where snow upon the roadway renders travel by automobile impractical.
- (f) All provisions of chapters 169 and 169A shall apply to the operation of snowmobiles upon streets and highways, except for those relating to required equipment, and except those which by their nature have no application. Section 169.09 applies to the operation of snowmobiles anywhere in the state or on the ice of any boundary water of the state.
- (g) Any sled, trailer, or other device being towed by a snowmobile must be equipped with reflective materials as required by rule of the commissioner.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.922, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Report of transfers.** (a) Application for transfer of ownership must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer.
- (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the <u>registered current</u> owner and the purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
- (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.992, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **Program.** The commissioner of natural resources shall develop <u>and implement</u> a program for the Minnesota Naturalist Corps that supports state parks <u>and trails</u> in providing interpretation of the natural and cultural features of state parks <u>and trails</u> in order to enhance visitors' awareness, understanding, and appreciation of those features and encourages the wise and sustainable use of the environment.

Sec. 10. 8

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 84.992, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Eligibility.** A person is eligible to enroll in the Minnesota Naturalist Corps if the person÷

(1) is a permanent resident of the state;

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- (2) is a participant in an approved college internship program in a field related to natural resources, cultural history, interpretation, or conservation; and
 - (3) has completed at least one year of postsecondary education.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 85.015, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 10. Luce Line Trail, Hennepin, McLeod, and Meeker Counties. (a) The trail shall originate at Gleason Lake in Plymouth Village, Hennepin County, and shall follow the route of the Chicago Northwestern Railroad, and include a connection to Greenleaf Lake State Recreation Area.
 - (b) The trail shall be developed for multiuse wherever feasible. The department shall cooperate in maintaining its integrity for modes of use consistent with local ordinances.
 - (c) In establishing, developing, maintaining, and operating the trail, the commissioner shall cooperate with local units of government and private individuals and groups. Before acquiring any parcel of land for the trail, the commissioner of natural resources shall develop a management program for the parcel and conduct a public hearing on the proposed management program in the vicinity of the parcel to be acquired. The management program of the commissioner shall include but not be limited to the following:
 - (1) fencing of portions of the trail where necessary to protect adjoining landowners; and
 - (2) the maintenance of maintaining the trail in a litter free litter-free condition to the extent practicable.
 - (d) The commissioner shall not acquire any of the right-of-way of the Chicago Northwestern Railway Company until the abandonment of the line described in this subdivision has been approved by the Surface Transportation Board or the former Interstate Commerce Commission. Compensation, in addition to the value of the land, shall include improvements made by the railroad, including but not limited to, bridges, trestles, public road crossings, or any portion thereof, it being the desire of the railroad that such improvements be included in the conveyance. The fair market value of the land and improvements shall be recommended by two independent appraisers mutually agreed upon by the parties. The fair market value thus recommended shall be reviewed by a review

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appraiser agreed to by the parties, and the fair market value thus determined, and supported by appraisals, may be the purchase price. The commissioner may exchange lands with landowners abutting the right-of-way described in this section to eliminate diagonally shaped separate fields.

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- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 85.052, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. State park reservation system. (a) The commissioner may, by written order, 10.6 develop reasonable reservation policies for eampsites and other using camping, lodging, 10.7 and day-use facilities and for tours, educational programs, seminars, events, and rentals. 10.8 The policies are exempt from the rulemaking provisions under chapter 14, and section 10.9 14.386 does not apply. 10.10
 - (b) The revenue collected from the state park reservation fee established under subdivision 5, including interest earned, shall must be deposited in the state park account in the natural resources fund and is annually appropriated to the commissioner for the cost of operating the state park reservation and point-of-sale system.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 89A.11, is amended to read: 10.15

89A.11 SUNSET. 10.16

- Sections 89A.01; 89A.02; 89A.03; 89A.04; 89A.05; 89A.06; 89A.07; 89A.08; 89A.09; 10.17 89A.10; 89A.105; and 89A.11 expire June 30, 2028 2033. 10.18
- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 90.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 10.19
 - Subd. 2. **Deferred payments.** (a) If the amount of the statement is not paid or the payment is not postmarked within 30 days of the statement date thereof, it shall bear, the amount bears interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 16A.124, except that the purchaser shall not be is not required to pay interest that totals \$1 or less. If the amount is not paid within 60 days, the commissioner shall place the account in the hands of the commissioner of revenue according to chapter 16D, who shall proceed to collect the same amount due. When deemed in the best interests of the state, the commissioner shall take possession of the timber for which an amount is due wherever it may be found and sell the same timber informally or at public auction after giving reasonable notice.
 - (b) The proceeds of the sale shall must be applied, first, to the payment of the expenses of seizure and sale; and, second, to the payment of the amount due for the timber, with interest; and. The surplus, if any, shall belong belongs to the state; and,. In case a sufficient amount is not realized to pay these amounts in full, the balance shall must be collected by

Sec. 15. 10

Sec. 17.

firearm.

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Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.031, is amended to read:

97A.031 WANTON WASTE.

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- (a) Unless expressly allowed, a person may not wantonly waste or destroy a usable part of a protected wild animal.
 - (b) This section does not apply to common carp.
- Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.126, is amended to read:

97A.126 WALK-IN ACCESS PROGRAM.

- Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** A walk-in access program is established to provide public access to wildlife habitat on private land for hunting, <u>bird-watching</u>, <u>nature photography</u>, <u>and similar compatible uses</u>, excluding trapping, as provided under this section. The commissioner may enter into agreements with other units of government and landowners to provide private land hunting access.
- Subd. 2. **Use of enrolled lands.** (a) From September 1 to May 31, a person must have a walk-in access hunter validation in possession to hunt, photograph, and watch wildlife on private lands, including agricultural lands, that are posted as being enrolled in the walk-in access program.
- (b) Hunting, bird-watching, nature photography, and similar compatible uses on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access program is allowed from one-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.
- (c) Hunter Access on private lands that are posted as enrolled in the walk-in access program is restricted to nonmotorized use, except by hunters persons with disabilities operating motor vehicles on established trails or field roads who possess a valid permit to shoot from a stationary vehicle under section 97B.055, subdivision 3.
- (d) The general provisions for use of wildlife management areas adopted under sections 86A.06 and 97A.137, relating to overnight use, alcoholic beverages, use of motorboats, firearms and target shooting, hunting stands, abandonment of trash and property, destruction or removal of property, introduction of plants or animals, and animal trespass, apply to hunters on use of lands enrolled in the walk-in access program.
 - (e) Any use of enrolled lands other than hunting according to use authorized under this section is prohibited, including:
- (1) harvesting bait, including minnows, leeches, and other live bait;

Sec. 19. 12

(2) training dogs or using dogs for activities other than hunting; and

(3) constructing or maintaining any building, dock, fence, billboard, sign, hunting blind, or other structure, unless constructed or maintained by the landowner.

- Subd. 3. **Walk-in-access hunter validation; fee.** The fee for a walk-in-access hunter validation is \$3.
- Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.137, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3. Use of motorized vehicles by disabled hunters people with disabilities. The commissioner may issue provide an accommodation by issuing a special permit, without a fee, authorizing a hunter person with a permanent physical disability to use a snowmobile, highway-licensed vehicle, all-terrain vehicle, an other power-driven mobility device, as defined under Code of Federal Regulations, title 28, section 35.104, or a motor boat in wildlife management areas. To qualify for a permit under this subdivision, the disabled person must possess: provide credible assurance to the commissioner that the device or motor boat is used because of a disability.
- 13.15 (1) the required hunting licenses; and

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- 13.16 (2) a permit to shoot from a stationary vehicle under section 97B.055, subdivision 3.
- Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.137, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 5. **Portable stands.** (a) Prior to the Saturday on or nearest September 16, a portable stand may be left overnight in a wildlife management area by a person with a valid bear license who is hunting within 100 yards of a bear bait site that is legally tagged and registered as prescribed under section 97B.425. Any person leaving a portable stand overnight under this subdivision must affix a tag with: (1) the person's name and address; (2) the licensee's driver's license number; or (3) the "MDNR#" license identification number issued to the licensee. The tag must be affixed to the stand in a manner that it can be read from the ground.
 - (b) From November 1 through December 31, a portable stand may be left overnight by a person possessing a license to take deer in a wildlife management area located in whole or in part north and west of a line described as follows:
 - State Trunk Highway 1 from the west boundary of the state to State Trunk Highway 89; then north along State Trunk Highway 89 to Fourtown; then north on County State-Aid Highway 44, Beltrami County, to County Road 704, Beltrami County; then north on County Road 704 to Dick's Parkway State Forest Road; then north on Dick's Parkway to County State-Aid Highway 5, Roseau County; then north on County State-Aid Highway 5 to

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Warroad; then north on State Trunk Highway 11 to State Trunk Highway 313; then north 14.1 on State Trunk Highway 313 to the north boundary of the state. 14.2 A person leaving a portable stand overnight under this paragraph must affix a tag with: (1) 14.3 the person's name and address; (2) the licensee's driver's license number; or (3) the "MDNR#" 14.4 license identification number issued to the licensee. The tag must be affixed to the stand so 14.5 that it can be read from the ground and must be made of a material sufficient to withstand 14.6 weather conditions. A person leaving a portable stand overnight in a wildlife management 14.7 14.8 area under this paragraph may not leave more than two portable stands in any one wildlife management area. Unoccupied portable stands left overnight under this paragraph may be 14.9 used by any member of the public. This paragraph expires December 31, 2019. 14.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2019, and 14.11 Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.137, subdivision 5, paragraph (b), is revived and reenacted 14.12 as of that date. 14.13 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.401, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 14.14 14.15 Subdivision 1. Commissioner's authority. The commissioner may issue special permits 14.16 for the activities in this section. A special permit may be issued in the form of a general permit to a governmental subdivision or to the general public to conduct one or more 14.17 activities under subdivisions 2 to $\frac{8}{9}$. 14.18 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.401, is amended by adding a subdivision 14.19 to read: 14.20 Subd. 9. Taking wild animals with federal incidental take permit. The commissioner 14.21 must prescribe conditions for and may issue a permit to a person for taking wild animals 14.22 during activities covered under a federal incidental take permit issued under section 14.23 10(a)(1)(B) of the federal Endangered Species Act, including to a landowner for taking wild 14.24 animals during activities covered by a certificate of inclusion issued by the commissioner 14.25 under Code of Federal Regulations, title 50, section 13.25(e). 14.26 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.405, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 14.27 Subd. 5. **Resident licenses.** (a) To obtain a resident license, a resident an individual 21 14.28 years of age or older must be a resident and: 14.29 (1) possess a current Minnesota driver's license or a valid application receipt for a driver's 14.30 license that is at least 60 days past the issuance date; 14.31

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(2) possess a current identification card issued by the commissioner of public safety or 15.1 a valid application receipt for an identification card that is at least 60 days past the issuance 15.2 15.3 date; or (3) present evidence showing proof of residency in cases when clause (1) or (2) would 15.4 violate the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993, Public Law 103-141-; or 15.5 (4) possess a Tribal identification card as provided in paragraph (b). 15.6 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "Tribal identification card" means an unexpired 15.7 identification card as provided under section 171.072, paragraphs (b) and (c). The Tribal 15.8 identification card: 15.9 (1) must contain the enrolled Tribal member's Minnesota residence address; and 15.10 (2) may be used to obtain a resident license under paragraph (a) only if the Tribal member 15.11 does not have a current driver's license or state identification card in any state. 15.12 (c) A person must not have applied for, purchased, or accepted a resident hunting, fishing, 15.13 or trapping license issued by another state or foreign country within 60 days before applying 15.14 for a resident license under this section. 15.15 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97A.421, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 15.16 15.17 Subd. 3. Issuance after conviction; big game. (a) A person may not use a big-game license purchased before conviction, obtain any a big-game license, or take big game under 15.18 a lifetime license, issued under section 97A.473, for three years after the person is convicted 15.19 of: 15.20 (1) a gross misdemeanor violation under the game and fish laws relating to big game; 15.21 (2) doing an act without a required big-game license; or 15.22 (3) the second violation within three years under the game and fish laws relating to big 15.23 game. 15.24 (b) A person may not obtain any deer license or take deer under a lifetime license issued 15.25 under section 97A.473 for one year after the person is convicted of hunting deer with the 15.26 aid or use of bait under section 97B.328. 15.27 (c) The revocation period under paragraphs (a) and (b) doubles if the conviction is for 15.28 a deer that is a trophy deer scoring higher than 170 using the scoring method established 15.29 15.30 for wildlife restitution values adopted under section 97A.345.

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Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.031, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 16.1 Subdivision 1. Permissible firearms and ammunition; big game and wolves. A person 16.2 may take big game and wolves with a firearm only if: 16.3 (1) the any rifle, shotgun, and or handgun used is a caliber of at least .22 inches and with 16.4 16.5 has centerfire ignition; (2) the firearm is loaded only with single projectile ammunition; 16.6 (3) a projectile used is a caliber of at least .22 inches and has a soft point or is an 16.7 expanding bullet type; 16.8 (4) the any muzzleloader used is incapable of being has the projectile loaded only at the 16.9 breech muzzle; 16.10 (5) the any smooth-bore muzzleloader used is a caliber of at least .45 inches; and 16.11 (6) the any rifled muzzleloader used is a caliber of at least .40 inches. 16.12 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.036, is amended to read: 16.13 16.14 97B.036 CROSSBOW HUNTING DURING FIREARMS SEASON AND ARCHERY **SEASONS.** 16.15 Notwithstanding section 97B.035, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person may take deer, bear, 16.16 or turkey by crossbow during the respective firearms and archery seasons. The transportation 16.17 requirements of section 97B.051 apply to crossbows during the firearms and archery deer, 16.18 bear, or turkey season. Crossbows must meet the requirements of section 97B.106, 16.19 subdivision 2. A person taking deer, bear, or turkey by crossbow under this section must 16.20 have a valid license to take the respective game by firearm or bow. This section does not 16.21 allow the use of a crossbow by licensed muzzleloader hunters during the muzzleloader 16.22 firearms deer season under section 97B.311. 16.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.037, is amended to read: 16.24 97B.037 CROSSBOW HUNTING; AGE 60 OR OVER. 16.25 Notwithstanding section 97B.035, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person age 60 or over may 16.26 take deer, bear, turkey, or rough fish by crossbow during the respective regular archery 16.27 seasons. The transportation requirements of section 97B.051 apply to crossbows during the 16.28

regular archery deer, bear, turkey, or rough fish season. Crossbows must meet the

requirements of section 97B.106, subdivision 2. A person age 60 or over taking deer, bear,

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turkey, or rough fish by crossbow under this section must have a valid license to take the respective game.

EXPIRATION DATE. This section expires on June 30, 2025.

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Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.071, is amended to read:

97B.071 CLOTHING <u>AND GROUND BLIND</u> REQUIREMENTS; BLAZE ORANGE OR BLAZE PINK.

- (a) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (e) (d), a person may not hunt or trap during the open season where deer may be taken by firearms under applicable laws and ordinances, unless the visible portion of the person's cap and outer clothing above the waist, excluding sleeves and gloves, is blaze orange or blaze pink. Blaze orange or blaze pink includes a camouflage pattern of at least 50 percent blaze orange or blaze pink within each foot square. This section does not apply to migratory-waterfowl hunters on waters of this state or in a stationary shooting location or to trappers on waters of this state.
- (b) Except as provided in rules adopted under paragraph (e) (d), and in addition to the requirement in paragraph (a), a person may not take small game other than turkey, migratory birds, raccoons, and predators, except while trapping, unless a visible portion of at least one article of the person's clothing above the waist is blaze orange or blaze pink. This paragraph does not apply to a person when in a stationary location while hunting deer by archery or when hunting small game by falconry.
 - (c) A person in a fabric or synthetic ground blind on public land must have:
- 17.21 (1) a blaze orange or blaze pink safety covering on the top of the blind that is visible for 17.22 360 degrees around the blind; or
- 17.23 (2) at least 144 square inches of blaze orange or blaze pink material on each side of the blind.
- (e) (d) The commissioner may, by rule, prescribe an alternative color in cases where paragraph (a) or (b) would violate the Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993, Public Law 103-141.
- 17.28 (d) (e) A violation of paragraph (b) shall does not result in a penalty, but is punishable only by a safety warning.

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Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.301, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

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Subd. 2. Limit of one deer. A person may obtain one regular firearms season deer license, one muzzleloader season deer license, and one archery season deer license in the same license year, but may not tag take more than one deer except as provided in subdivisions 3 and 4.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.301, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Residents or nonresidents under age 18; taking either-sex deer. A resident or nonresident under the age of 18 may take a deer of either sex except in those antlerless permit areas and seasons where no antlerless permits are offered. In antlerless permit areas where no antlerless permits are offered, the commissioner may provide a limited number of youth either sex permits to residents or nonresidents under age 18, under the procedures provided in section 97B.305, and may give preference to residents or nonresidents under the age of 18 that have not previously been selected. This subdivision does not authorize the taking of an antlerless a deer by another member of a party under subdivision 3.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.318, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Shotgun use area.** During the regular firearms season in the shotgun use area, only legal shotguns loaded with single-slug shotgun shells, legal muzzle-loading long guns, and legal handguns may be used for taking deer. Legal shotguns include those with rifled barrels. The shotgun use area is that portion of the state lying within the following described boundary: Beginning on the west boundary of the state at the northern boundary of Clay County; thence along the northern boundary of Clay County to State Trunk Highway (STH) 32; thence along STH 32 to STH 34; thence along STH 34 to Interstate Highway 94 (I-94); thence along I-94 to County State-Aid Highway (CSAH) 40, Douglas County; thence along CSAH 40 to CSAH 82, Douglas County; thence along CSAH 82 to CSAH 22, Douglas County; thence along CSAH 22 to CSAH 6, Douglas County; thence along CSAH 6 to CSAH 14, Douglas County; thence along CSAH 14 to STH 29; thence along STH 29 to CSAH 46, Otter Tail County; thence along CSAH 46, Otter Tail County, to CSAH 22, Todd County; thence along CSAH 22 to U.S. Highway 71; thence along U.S. Highway 71 to STH 27; thence along STH 27 to the Mississippi River; thence along the east bank of the Mississippi River to STH 23; thence along STH 23 to STH 95; thence along STH 95 to U.S. Highway 8; thence along U.S. Highway 8 to the eastern boundary of the state; thence along the east, south, and west boundaries of the state to the point of beginning consisting of Dodge and Olmsted Counties.

Sec. 32. 18 19.1 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97B.668, is amended to read:

97B.668 CAME BIRDS ANIMALS CAUSING DAMAGE.

Subdivision 1. Game birds causing damage. Notwithstanding sections 97B.091 and 97B.805, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person or agent of that person on lands and nonpublic waters owned or operated by the person may nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass game birds that are causing property damage or to protect a disease risk at any time or place that a hunting season for the game birds is not open. This section does not apply to public waters as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15. This section does not apply to migratory waterfowl on nests and other federally protected game birds on nests, except ducks and geese on nests when a permit is obtained under section 97A.401.

- Subd. 2. **Deer and elk causing damage.** (a) Notwithstanding section 97B.091, a property owner, the property owner's immediate family member, or an agent of the property owner may nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass deer or elk that are causing damage to agricultural crops that are propagated under generally accepted agricultural practices.
- 19.15 (b) Paragraph (a) applies only:
- 19.16 (1) in the immediate area of the crop damage; and
- 19.17 (2) during the closed season for taking deer or elk.
- 19.18 (c) Paragraph (a) does not allow:
- 19.19 (1) using poisons;
- 19.20 (2) using dogs;

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- 19.21 (3) conduct that drives a deer or elk to the point of exhaustion;
- 19.22 (4) activities that require a permit under section 97A.401; or
- 19.23 (5) conduct that causes the death of or that is likely to cause the death of a deer or elk.
- (d) A property owner or the owner's agent must report the death of a deer or elk to staff
 in the Division of Fish and Wildlife within 24 hours of the death if the death resulted from
 actions taken under paragraph (a).
- 19.27 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.041, is amended to read:

19.28 **97C.041 COMMISSIONER MAY REMOVE ROUGH FISH AND CATFISH.**

The commissioner may take rough fish, lake whitefish, and rainbow smelt with seines, nets, and other devices. The commissioner may also take catfish with seines, nets, and other

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devices on the Minnesota-Wisconsin boundary waters. The commissioner may hire or contract persons, or issue permits, to take the fish. The commissioner shall prescribe the manner of taking and disposal. The commissioner may award a contract under this section without competitive bidding. Before establishing the contractor's compensation, the commissioner must consider the qualifications of the contractor, including the contractor's equipment, knowledge of the waters, and ability to perform the work.

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- Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.211, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2a. Acquiring fish. (a) A private fish hatchery may not obtain fish outside of the state unless the fish or the source of the fish are approved by the commissioner. The commissioner may apply more stringent requirements to fish or a source of fish from outside the state than are applied to fish and sources of fish from within the state. The commissioner must either approve or deny the acquisition within 30 days after receiving a written request for approval. Minnows acquired must be processed and not released into public waters, except as provided in section 97C.515, subdivision 4. A request may be for annual acquisition.
- (b) If the commissioner denies approval, a written notice must be submitted to the applicant stating the reasons for the denial and the commissioner must:
 - (1) designate approved sources to obtain the desired fish or fish eggs; or
- (2) sell the fish or fish eggs from state fish hatcheries at fair market value. 20.19
- Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.315, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 20.20
- Subdivision 1. Lines. An angler may not use more than one line, except that: 20.21
- (1) two lines may be used to take fish through the ice; and 20.22
- (2) the commissioner may, by rule, authorize the use of two lines in areas designated by 20.23 the commissioner in Lake Superior-; and 20.24
- (3) two lines may be used in the Minnesota River downstream of the Granite Falls Dam 20.25 and in the Mississippi River downstream of St. Anthony Falls. 20.26
- Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.345, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 20.27
- Subdivision 1. When use prohibited. Except as specifically authorized, a person may 20.28 not take fish with a spear from the third Monday in February to the Friday before the last 20.29 Saturday in April and may not take fish with a fish trap, net, dip net, seine, or other device 20.30 capable of taking fish from the third Monday in February to through April 30. 20.31

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Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.371, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.1

- Subdivision 1. Species allowed. Only rough fish, catfish, lake whitefish, cisco (tulibee), 21.2 and northern pike may be taken by spearing. 21.3
- Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.371, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 21.4
- Subd. 2. Dark houses required for certain species. Catfish, lake whitefish, cisco 21.5
- (tulibee), and northern pike may be speared only from dark houses. 21.6
- Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.371, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 21.7
- 21.8 Subd. 4. Open season. The open season for spearing through the ice is November 15 to through the last Sunday in February. 21.9
- Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.395, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.10
- Subdivision 1. Dates for certain species. (a) The open seasons to take fish by angling 21.11 are as follows: 21.12
- (1) for walleye, sauger, northern pike, muskellunge, largemouth bass, and smallmouth 21.13 bass, the Saturday two weeks prior to the Saturday of Memorial Day weekend to through 21.14
- the last Sunday in February; 21.15
- 21.16 (2) for lake trout, from January 1 to through October 31;
- (3) for the winter season for lake trout, brown trout, brook trout, rainbow trout, and 21.17 splake on all lakes located outside or partially within the Boundary Waters Canoe Area,
- from January 15 to through March 31; 21.19
- 21.20 (4) for the winter season for lake trout, brown trout, brook trout, rainbow trout, and
- splake on all lakes located entirely within the Boundary Waters Canoe Area, from January 21.21
- 1 to through March 31; 21.22

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- (5) for brown trout, brook trout, rainbow trout, and splake, between January 1 to through 21.23
- October 31 as prescribed by the commissioner by rule except as provided in section 97C.415, 21.24
- subdivision 2; and 21.25
- (6) for salmon, as prescribed by the commissioner by rule. 21.26
- (b) The commissioner shall close the season in areas of the state where fish are spawning 21.27 and closing the season will protect the resource. 21.28

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Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.515, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 22.1 Subd. 2. **Permit for transportation importation.** (a) A person may transport import 22.2 22.3 live minnows through into the state with a permit from the commissioner. The permit must state the name and address of the person, the number and species of minnows, the point of 22.4 entry into the state, the destination, and the route through the state. The permit is not valid 22.5 for more than 12 hours after it is issued. A person must not import minnows into the state 22.6 except as provided in this section. 22.7 (b) Minnows transported under this subdivision must be in a tagged container. The tag 22.8 number must correspond with tag numbers listed on the minnow transportation permit. 22.9 22.10 (c) The commissioner may require the person transporting minnow species found on the official list of viral hemorrhagic septicemia susceptible species published by the United 22.11 States Department of Agriculture, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services, to provide 22.12 health certification for viral hemorrhagic septicemia. The certification must disclose any 22.13 incidentally isolated replicating viruses, and must be dated within the 12 months preceding 22.14 transport. 22.15 (b) Minnows must be certified as healthy according to standards of the World 22.16 Organisation for Animal Health or the Fish Health Section Blue Book of the American 22.17 Fisheries Society. 22.18 (c) Minnows must be certified free of viral hemorrhagic septicemia, infectious 22.19 hematopoietic necrosis, infectious pancreatic necrosis, spring viremia of carp virus, fathead 22.20 minnow nidovirus, and Heterosporis within the past 12 months. 22.21 (d) Minnows must originate from a biosecure facility that has tested negative for invasive 22.22 species in the past 12 months. 22.23 (e) Only a person that holds a minnow dealer's license issued under section 97C.501, 22.24 subdivision 2, may obtain a permit to import minnows. 22.25 (f) The following information must be available to the commissioner upon request for 22.26 22.27 each load of imported minnows: (1) the date minnows were imported; 22.28 22.29 (2) the number of pounds or gallons imported; (3) the facility name from which the minnows originated; and 22.30 22.31 (4) a fish health certificate for the minnows.

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23.1	(g) Minnows may be imported to feed hatchery fish if the requirements in paragraphs
23.2	(a) to (f) are met.
23.3	(h) The commissioner may use the expedited rulemaking process under section 14.389
23.4	to amend rules under this section.
23.5	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.601, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
23.6	Subdivision 1. Season. The open season for frogs is May 16 to through March 31. The
23.7	commissioner may, by rule, establish closed seasons in specified areas.
23.8	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 97C.836, is amended to read:
23.9	97C.836 LAKE SUPERIOR LAKE TROUT; EXPANDED ASSESSMENT
23.10	HARVEST.
23.11	The commissioner shall provide for taking of lake trout by licensed commercial operators
23.12	in Lake Superior management zones MN-3 and MN-2 for expanded assessment and sale.
23.13	The commissioner shall authorize expanded assessment taking and sale of lake trout in Lake
23.14	Superior management zone MN-3 beginning annually in 2007 and zone MN-2 beginning
23.15	annually in 2010. Total assessment taking and sale may not exceed 3,000 lake trout in zone
23.16	MN-3 and 2,000 lake trout in zone MN-2 and may be reduced when necessary to protect
23.17	the lake trout population or to manage the effects of invasive species or fish disease. Taking
23.18	lake trout for expanded assessment and sale shall be allowed from June 1 to through
23.19	September 30, but may end earlier in the respective zones if the quotas are reached. The
23.20	quotas must be reassessed at the expiration of the current ten-year Fisheries Management
23.21	Plan for the Minnesota Waters of Lake Superior.
23.22	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.23	to read:
23.24	Subd. 9c. Ecosystem harm. "Ecosystem harm" means to change the biological
23.25	community and ecology in a manner that results in loss of ecological structure or function.
23.26	Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.27	to read:
23.28	Subd. 13b. Negative impact to surface waters. "Negative impact to surface waters"
23.29	means a change in hydrology sufficient to cause aquatic ecosystem harm or alter riparian
23.30	uses long term.

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24.1	Sec. 47. N	Minnesota Statutes 202	22, section 103C	6.005, is amended by	adding a subdivision
24.2	to read:				
24.3	Subd. 1	5i. Sustainable divers	sion limit. "Sust	ainable diversion limi	it" means a maximum
24.4	amount of	water that can be remo	oved directly or	indirectly from a sur	face water body in a
24.5	defined geo	ographic area on a mor	nthly or annual	pasis without causing	a negative impact to
24.6	the surface	water body.			
24.7	Sec. 48. [103G.134] ORDERS	S AND INVEST	TIGATIONS.	
24.8	(a) The	commissioner has the	following pow	ers and duties when a	acting pursuant to the
24.9	enforcemen	nt provisions of this cl	napter:		
24.10	(1) to ad	lopt, issue, reissue, mo	dify, deny, revol	ke, enter into, or enfor	ce reasonable orders,
24.11	schedules o	of compliance, and stip	pulation agreem	ents;	
24.12	(2) to is	sue notices of violation	on;		
24.13	(3) to re	quire a person holding	g a permit issued	under this chapter or	otherwise impacting
24.14	the public v	waters of the state with	hout a permit is	sued under this chapt	er to:
24.15	(i) make	e reports;			
24.16	(ii) insta	all, use, and maintain	monitoring equi	pment or methods;	
24.17	(iii) per	form tests according t	o methods, at lo	ocations, at intervals,	and in a manner as
24.18	the commis	ssioner prescribes; and	<u>d</u>		
24.19	(iv) pro	vide other information	n as the commis	sioner may reasonab	ly require; and
24.20	(4) to co	onduct investigations;	issue notices, p	ublic and otherwise;	and order hearings as
24.21	the commis	ssioner deems necessa	ry or advisable	to discharge duties u	nder this chapter,
24.22	including b	ut not limited to issuin	ng permits and an	uthorizing an employ	ee or agent appointed
24.23	by the com	missioner to conduct to	he investigation	s and other authoritie	s cited in this section.
24.24	Sec. 49. [103G.146] DUTY O	F CANDOR.		
24.25	(a) A pe	erson must not knowin	ngly:		
24.26	(1) mak	e a false statement of	fact or fail to co	orrect a false statemen	nt of material fact
24.27	regarding a	ny matter pertaining t	to this chapter;		
24.28	(2) fail t	to disclose information	n that the persor	knows is necessary	for the commissioner
24.29	to make an	informed decision un	der this chapter	; or	

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(3) offer information that the person knows to be false.

25.1	(b) If a person has offered material information to the commissioner and the person
25.2	comes to know the information is false, the person must take reasonable remedial measures
25.3	to provide the accurate information.
25.4	Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.271, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:
25.5	Subd. 4a. Mt. Simon-Hinckley aquifer. (a) The commissioner may not issue a new
25.6	water-use permits that will permit to appropriate water for potable water use from the Mt.
25.7	Simon-Hinckley aquifer unless the appropriation is for potable water use,:
25.8	(1) the commissioner determines that there are no feasible or practical alternatives to
25.9	this source , and ;
25.10	(2) a water conservation plan that incorporates best available water conservation
25.11	technology and practices is incorporated with in the permit; and
25.12	(3) the permit is consistent with the requirements of sections 103G.255 to 103G.299 and
25.13	the general permit requirements of sections 103G.301 and 103G.311, as applicable.
25.14	(b) The commissioner may not issue a new permit to appropriate water for nonpotable
25.15	use from the Mt. Simon-Hinckley aquifer unless the permit satisfies the requirements of
25.16	paragraph (a) and the requested appropriation is outside a metropolitan county, as defined
25.17	in section 473.121, subdivision 4.
25.18	Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.287, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
25.19	Subd. 2. Relationship to surface water resources. Groundwater appropriations that
25.20	will have negative impacts to surface waters are subject to applicable provisions in section
25.21	103G.285 may be authorized only if they avoid known negative impacts to surface waters.
25.22	If the commissioner determines that groundwater appropriations are having a negative
25.23	impact to surface waters, the commissioner may use a sustainable diversion limit or other
25.24	relevant method, tools, or information to implement measures so that groundwater
25.25	appropriations do not negatively impact the surface waters.
25.26	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.299, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
25.27	Subdivision 1. Authority to issue administrative penalty orders. (a) As provided in
25.28	paragraph (b), the commissioner may issue an order requiring violations to be corrected
25.29	and administratively assessing monetary penalties for violations of sections 103G.271 and
25.30	103G.275, and any rules adopted under those sections.

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26.1	(b) An order under this section may be issued to a person for water appropriation activities
26.2	without a required permit or for violating the terms of a required permit.
26.3	(c) The order must be issued as provided in this section and in accordance with the plan
26.4	prepared under subdivision 12.
26.5	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.299, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
26.6	Subd. 2. Amount of penalty; considerations. (a) The commissioner may issue orders
26.7	assessing administrative penalties based on potential for harm and deviation from compliance.
26.8	For a violation that presents: up to \$40,000.
26.9	(1) a minor potential for harm and deviation from compliance, the penalty will be no
26.10	more than \$1,000;
26.11	(2) a moderate potential for harm and deviation from compliance, the penalty will be
26.12	no more than \$10,000; and
26.13	(3) a severe potential for harm and deviation from compliance, the penalty will be no
26.14	more than \$20,000.
26.15	(b) In determining the amount of a penalty the commissioner may consider:
26.16	(1) the gravity of the violation, including potential for, or real, damage to the public
26.17	interest or natural resources of the state;
26.18	(2) the history of past violations;
26.19	(3) the number of violations;
26.20	(4) the economic benefit gained by the person by allowing or committing the violation
26.21	based on data from local or state bureaus or educational institutions; and
26.22	(5) other factors as justice may require, if the commissioner specifically identifies the
26.23	additional factors in the commissioner's order.
26.24	(c) For a violation after an initial violation, including a continuation of the initial violation,
26.25	the commissioner must, in determining the amount of a penalty, consider the factors in
26.26	paragraph (b) and the:
26.27	(1) similarity of the most recent previous violation and the violation to be penalized;
26.28	(2) time elapsed since the last violation;
26.29	(3) number of previous violations; and
26.30	(4) response of the person to the most recent previous violation identified.

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Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.299, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 27.1 Subd. 5. **Penalty.** (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), if the commissioner determines 27.2 that the violation has been corrected or appropriate steps have been taken to correct the 27.3 action, the penalty must be forgiven. Unless the person requests review of the order under 27.4 27.5 subdivision 6 or 7 before the penalty is due, the penalty in the order is due and payable: (1) on the 31st day after the order was received, if the person subject to the order fails 27.6 to provide information to the commissioner showing that the violation has been corrected 27.7 or that appropriate steps have been taken toward correcting the violation; or 27.8 (2) on the 20th day after the person receives the commissioner's determination under 27.9 subdivision 4, paragraph (c), if the person subject to the order has provided information to 27.10 the commissioner that the commissioner determines is not sufficient to show that the violation 27.11 has been corrected or that appropriate steps have been taken toward correcting the violation. 27.12 (b) For repeated or serious violations, the commissioner may issue an order with a penalty 27.13 that is not forgiven after the corrective action is taken. The penalty is due by 31 days after 27.14 the order was is received, unless review of the order under subdivision 6 or 7 has been is 27.15 sought. 27.16 (c) Interest at the rate established in section 549.09 begins to accrue on penalties under 27.17 this subdivision on the 31st day after the order with the penalty was is received. 27.18 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.299, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 27.19 Subd. 10. Cumulative remedy. The authority of the commissioner to issue a corrective 27.20 order assessing penalties is in addition to other remedies available under statutory or common 27.21 law, except that the state may not seek civil penalties under any other provision of law for 27.22 the violations covered by the administrative penalty order. The payment of a penalty does 27.23 not preclude the use of other enforcement provisions, under which penalties are not assessed, 27.24 in connection with the violation for which the penalty was assessed. 27.25 Sec. 56. [103G.2991] PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT. 27.26 Subdivision 1. Civil penalties. (a) The commissioner, according to section 103G.134,

- 27.27 may issue a notice to a person who violates: 27.28
- (1) this chapter; 27.29
- (2) a permit issued under this chapter or a term or condition of a permit issued under 27.30 this chapter; 27.31

Sec. 56. 27

Subd. 2. **Enforcement.** This chapter and rules, standards, orders, stipulation agreements,

schedules of compliance, and permits adopted or issued by the commissioner under this

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(9) do all acts and things reasonably necessary to accomplish the purposes of the

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commissioner's order. 30.2 (c) The court must grant a municipality under paragraph (b) the opportunity to determine 30.3 the appropriate financial alternatives to be used to comply with the court-imposed 30.4 30.5 requirements. (d) An action brought under this subdivision must be venued in Ramsey County District 30.6 Court. 30.7 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.301, subdivision 6, is amended to read: 30.8 Subd. 6. Filing application. An application for a permit must be filed with the 30.9 commissioner and. If the proposed activity for which the permit is requested is within a 30.10 municipality, or is within or affects a watershed district or a soil and water conservation 30.11 district, or is within the boundaries of a reservation or Tribal community of a federally 30.12 recognized Indian Tribe in Minnesota, a copy of the application with maps, plans, and 30.13 specifications must be served on the mayor of the municipality, the secretary of the board 30.14 of managers of the watershed district, and the secretary of the board of supervisors of the 30.15 30.16 soil and water conservation district-, or the Tribal chair of the federally recognized Indian Tribe, as applicable. For purposes of this section, "federally recognized Indian Tribe" means 30.17 the Minnesota Tribal governments listed in section 10.65, subdivision 2. 30.18 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 103G.301, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 30.19 Subd. 7. Recommendation of local units of government and federally recognized 30.20 Indian Tribes. (a) If the proposed activity for which the permit is requested is within a 30.21 municipality, or is within or affects a watershed district or a soil and water conservation 30.22 district, the commissioner may obtain a written recommendation of the managers of the 30.23 district and the board of supervisors of the soil and water conservation district or the mayor 30.24 of the municipality before issuing or denying the permit. 30.25 (b) The managers, supervisors, or mayor must file a recommendation within 30 days 30.26 after receiving of a copy of the application for permit. 30.27 (c) If the proposed activity for which the permit is requested is within the boundaries of 30.28 a reservation or Tribal community of a federally recognized Indian Tribe in Minnesota, the 30.29 federally recognized Indian Tribe may: 30.30 (1) submit recommendations to the commissioner within 30 days of receiving the 30.31 application; or 30.32

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(2) request Tribal consultation according to section 10.65 within 30 days of receiving the application.

- (d) If Tribal consultation is requested under paragraph (c), clause (2), a permit application is not complete until after the consultation occurs or 90 days after the request for consultation is made, whichever is sooner.
- Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 115.061, is amended to read:

115.061 DUTY TO NOTIFY; AVOIDING WATER POLLUTION.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), it is the duty of every person to notify the agency immediately of the discharge, accidental or otherwise, of any substance or material under its control which, if not recovered, may cause pollution of waters of the state, and the responsible person shall recover as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible such substance or material and take immediately such other action as may be reasonably possible to minimize or abate pollution of waters of the state caused thereby.
- (b) Notification is not required under paragraph (a) for a discharge of five gallons or less of petroleum, as defined in section 115C.02, subdivision 10. This paragraph does not affect the other requirements of paragraph (a).
- (c) Promptly after notifying the agency of a discharge under paragraph (a), a publicly owned treatment works or a publicly or privately owned domestic sewer system owner must provide notice to the potentially impacted public and to any downstream drinking water facility that may be impacted by the discharge. Notice to the public and to any drinking water facility must be made using the most efficient communications system available to the facility owner such as in person, telephone call, radio, social media, web page, or another expedited form. In addition, signage must be posted at all impacted public use areas within the same jurisdiction or notification must be provided to the entity that has jurisdiction over any impacted public use areas. A notice under this paragraph must include the date and time of the discharge, a description of the material released, a warning of the potential public health risk, and the permittee's contact information.
- 31.28 (d) The agency must provide guidance that includes but is not limited to methods and protocols for providing timely notice under this section.

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Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 179A.10, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. Law enforcement supervisors unit. "Unit" shall include state patrol majors, state patrol captains, state patrol lieutenants, nr district supervisors, nr program managers 2, nr program managers 3, Bureau of Criminal Apprehension special agent in charge, Bureau of Criminal Apprehension assistant special agent in charge, supervisory special agent for the Commerce Fraud Bureau, special agent in charge and assistant special agent in charge for the Alcohol and Gaming Enforcement Division, corrections investigation assistant director, correction investigation supervisor for the Department of Corrections, and other licensed peace officer positions currently in the general supervisory employee's unit or Middle Management Association.

Sec. 61. Laws 2022, chapter 80, section 3, is amended to read:

Sec. 3. LAW ENFORCEMENT SUPERVISORS TRANSITION.

- (a) Until a negotiated collective bargaining agreement with an exclusive representative of the law enforcement supervisors unit is approved under Minnesota Statutes, section 3.855:
- (1) state patrol <u>supervisors</u> <u>majors</u>, <u>captains</u>, <u>lieutenants</u> and <u>nr</u> <u>enforcement supervisors</u>, <u>and nr program managers 2 and 3</u> employed by the Department of Natural Resources shall remain in the commissioner's plan, managerial plan, or other applicable plan;
- (2) criminal apprehension <u>investigative supervisors</u> <u>special agents in charge, assistant</u> <u>special agents in charge,</u> and other law enforcement <u>supervisor</u> <u>peace officer</u> positions currently in the general supervisory employees unit shall remain in the general supervisory employees unit represented by the Middle Management Association; and
- (3) employees in positions to be included in the law enforcement supervisors unit shall be authorized to participate in certification elections for the law enforcement supervisors unit and any negotiation and collective bargaining activities of the law enforcement supervisors unit.
- (b) In assigning positions included in the law enforcement supervisors unit, employees in positions under paragraph (a), clause (2), shall have the right to remain in the general supervisory employees unit represented by the Middle Management Association. If a group of employees exercises this right, the appropriate unit for such employees shall be the general supervisory employees unit represented by the Middle Management Association, and the commissioner shall assign them to such unit.

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(c) When negotiating a collective bargaining agreement for the law enforcement 33.1 supervisors unit, the parties shall negotiate a provision addressing potential conflicts of 33.2 interest between the job classifications related to disciplinary matters. 33.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 33.4 Sec. 62. WATER-USE PERMITS; CITY OF LAKE ELMO. 33.5 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner of natural resources 33.6 33.7 may: (1) issue permits necessary for the city of Lake Elmo to construct and operate a new 33.8 municipal water supply well; and 33.9 (2) amend existing water-use permits issued to the city of Lake Elmo to increase the 33.10 authorized volume of water that may be appropriated under the permits to a level consistent 33.11 with the amount anticipated to be needed each year according to a water supply plan approved 33.12 33.13 by the commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.291. (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), all new and amended water-use permits issued by 33.14 33.15 the commissioner to the city of Lake Elmo must contain the same water-use conservation and planning measures required by law for municipal wells located wholly or partially 33.16 within the five-mile radius of White Bear Lake. 33.17 (c) This section expires June 30, 2027. 33.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 33.19 Sec. 63. WHITE BEAR LAKE AREA WATER-USE PERMIT MODIFICATION 33.20 MORATORIUM. 33.21 (a) Except as provided under paragraph (b), the commissioner of natural resources may 33.22 33.23 not reduce the total maximum amount of groundwater use permitted under a White Bear Lake area water-use permit issued or amended before January 1, 2023. 33.24 33.25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the commissioner of natural resources may reduce the authorized amount of groundwater use permitted or impose additional restrictions or 33.26 conditions if necessary to address emergency preparedness or other public health and safety 33.27 issues as determined by the commissioner. 33.28 (c) Except as provided under paragraph (b), this section does not authorize the 33.29 33.30 commissioner to reduce or eliminate water-use conservation or planning conditions imposed

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on	municipal water appropriation permits for wells located wholly or partially within a
fiv	e-mile radius of White Bear Lake.
	(d) For the purposes of this section, "White Bear Lake area water-use permit" means a
wa	ter-use permit authorizing the use of groundwater from one or more municipal wells
loc	eated wholly or partially within a five-mile radius of White Bear Lake.
	(e) This section expires June 30, 2027.
	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
S	Sec. 64. REGISTRATION DECAL FORMAT TRANSITION.
	Separately displaying registration numbers is not required when a larger-format
æ	gistration decal as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.82, subdivision 2, is
is	splayed according to Minnesota Statutes, section 84.82, subdivision 3b. Snowmobiles
lis	playing valid but older, smaller-format registration decals must display the separate
eş	gistration numbers. Persons may obtain duplicate registration decals in the new, larger
01	mat, when available, without being required to display the separate registration numbers.
<u> </u>	ONTAMINATION IN TROUT STREAMS.
	By January 15, 2024, the commissioner of natural resources, in consultation with
1	nnesota Trout Unlimited and other trout stream angling organizations, must submit to
16	chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
co	mmittees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources
O	licy recommendations for statutory and program changes to reduce the risk of aquatic
n	vasive species contamination in Minnesota trout streams.
S	Sec. 66. USE OF CERTAIN MONEY BY ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
	(a) Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 373.475, St. Louis County may use up
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O1	50 percent of the principal in an environmental trust fund established under that section
en	economic development and environmental projects within the county that protect the
	economic development and environmental projects within the county that protect the
me	r economic development and environmental projects within the county that protect the vironment or create clean economy jobs and manufacturing.
	economic development and environmental projects within the county that protect the vironment or create clean economy jobs and manufacturing. (b) By October 1, 2024, St. Louis County must report to the chairs and ranking minority
	r economic development and environmental projects within the county that protect the vironment or create clean economy jobs and manufacturing. (b) By October 1, 2024, St. Louis County must report to the chairs and ranking minority embers of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction

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Sec. 67. ANA	ALYSIS OF CRO	DSSBOW HUI	NTING'S EF	FECT ON	DEER
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By October 1, 2025, the commissioner of natural resources must submit to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources an analysis of the effect that allowing persons who are under age 60 to hunt with a crossbow during regular archery seasons has had on the deer population in this state.

Sec. 68. **REVISOR INSTRUCTION.**

The revisor of statutes must renumber the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes, section 103G.005, listed in column A to the references listed in column B. The revisor must make necessary cross-reference changes in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules consistent with the renumbering:

35.13	Column A	<u>Column B</u>
35.14	subdivision 9b	subdivision 9d
35.15	subdivision 13a	subdivision 13c
35.16	subdivision 15h	subdivision 15j

35.17 Sec. 69. **REPEALER.**

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- 35.18 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 97C.055; and 97C.515, subdivisions 4 and 5, are repealed.
- 35.20 (b) Minnesota Rules, parts 6100.5000, subparts 3, 4, and 5; and 6100.5700, subpart 4, are repealed.

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APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S2904-2

97C.055 DEAD FISH REMOVAL.

The commissioner shall remove and dispose of dead fish that accumulate in or upon the shores of public waters in quantities that are a public nuisance or are detrimental to game fish.

97C.515 IMPORTED MINNOWS.

- Subd. 4. **Private fish hatchery or aquatic farm.** Live minnows used for feeding fish at a licensed private fish hatchery or aquatic farm must be obtained within the state. Dead minnows may be imported for feeding hatchery or aquatic farm fish according to section 97C.341, paragraph (d).
- Subd. 5. **Special permits.** (a) The commissioner may issue a special permit, without a fee, to allow a person with a private fish hatchery license, which private fish hatchery has been designated as a containment facility under section 17.4982, subdivision 8, to import live minnows from other states for export. A containment facility for the purposes of this section applies to live minnows imported for later export and does not need to comply with section 17.4982, subdivision 8, clause (4). The permit shall include conditions necessary to avoid spreading aquatic invasive species and fish pathogens. Permits shall not be issued to containment facilities located within a 25-year floodplain.
- (b) An applicant for a permit under this subdivision shall submit to the commissioner sufficient information to identify potential threats to native plant and animal species and an evaluation of the feasibility of the proposal. The permit may include reasonable restrictions on importation, transportation, possession, containment, disease certification, and disposal of minnows to ensure that native species are protected. The permit may have a term of up to two years and may be modified, suspended, or revoked by the commissioner for cause, including violation of a condition of the permit.
- (c) The premises, property, vehicles, private aquatic life, and equipment that are part of a containment facility permitted under this subdivision are subject to reasonable and necessary inspections at reasonable times by a fish health specialist delegated by the commissioner. The owner, operator, or designee may be present when inspections are conducted. During the inspection, a representative sample of imported minnows may be collected for the purpose of fish pathogen or invasive species screening.
- (d) The commissioner may require the applicant to furnish evidence of financial responsibility at the time of application for a permit under this section, as prescribed by the commissioner.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Rules: S2904-2

6100.5000 SNOWMOBILE REGISTRATION AND DISPLAY OF NUMBERS.

Subp. 3. **Affixation of number.** The registration number of the snowmobile, shown on the registration certificate, shall be affixed to the snowmobile and maintained in a clear, legible manner. On all machines made after June 30, 1972, and sold in Minnesota, such registration number shall be affixed in the space provided therefor in accordance with part 6100.5700, subpart 4. On all other machines it shall be affixed on each side of the cowling on the upper half of the machine, as follows.

[Image Not Shown]

- Subp. 4. **Description of decal or number; lost or destroyed number or decal.** All letters and numbers shall be of a color which will contrast with the surface to which applied, and shall be at least three inches high and three-eighths inch stroke. When any previously affixed registration number or decal is destroyed or lost, a duplicate shall be affixed in the manner shown above. The registration number shall remain the same if renewed by July 1 following the expiration date.
- Subp. 5. **General prohibition.** No person shall operate or transport, and no person shall permit the operation of, a snowmobile within this state which does not have its registration number and unexpired decal affixed in the form and manner required by this part, unless the owner is exempted from the registration requirements of this state by Minnesota Statutes, section 84.82.

6100.5700 REQUIRED EQUIPMENT.

- Subp. 4. **Snowmobile registration number affixation.** All snowmobiles made after June 30, 1972, and sold in Minnesota, shall be designed and made to provide an area on which to affix the snowmobile registration number at the following location and of the following dimensions:
- A. A clear area shall be provided on each side of the cowling or pan with the minimum size of 3-1/2 inches vertical by 11 inches horizontal.
- B. It shall be a minimum of 12 inches from the ground when the machine is resting on a hard surface.