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State of Minnesota HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES H. F. No. 4013

NINETY-SECOND SESSION

03/07/2022

Authored by Hausman The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Public Safety and Criminal Justice Reform Finance and Policy

1.1	A bill for an act
1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	relating to public safety; providing for the reasonable regulation of firearms; providing for rulemaking; amending Minnesota Statutes 2020, sections 97B.015, subdivision 1; 97B.021, subdivisions 1, 1a; 609.666; 624.712, subdivisions 6, 7, by adding subdivisions; 624.714, subdivision 2a, by adding a subdivision; 624.7151; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 299A; 624.
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.8	Section 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT AND PURPOSE.
1.9	To protect the life and liberty of Minnesotans from gun violence by people who would
1.10	deny them those rights, it is necessary to implement a rational regulatory system for firearms
1.11	similar to Minnesota's long-standing system for licensing drivers and registering motor
1.12	vehicles. Motor vehicles have lawful purposes but they can be deadly, likewise for firearms.
1.13	Motor vehicle ownership and use has been responsibly regulated resulting in reductions in
1.14	motor vehicle fatalities. A similar system of rational and responsible regulation of firearms
1.15	would result in reductions in firearms-related fatalities as well.
1.16	The United States Supreme Court has held that the Second Amendment guarantees an
1.17	individual right to bear arms in self-defense. However, the court acknowledged that
1.18	reasonable restrictions may be placed on firearms, some of which have long been effectively
1.19	banned from private ownership. This legislation is consistent with the court's holdings and
1.20	strikes a proper balance between an individual's right to bear arms and the compelling
1.21	interests of the state both in ensuring that dangerous persons do not get access to firearms
1.22	and protecting its citizens from gun violence.

02/17/22 REVISOR KLL/CH 22-05261 Nothing in this legislation infringes on the constitutional right to keep and bear arms. 2.1 The legislation is narrowly tailored to achieve a compelling state interest while placing 2.2 minimal burdens on individuals who wish to own and possess a firearm. 2.3 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.015, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 2.4 Subdivision 1. Establishment. (a) The commissioner shall establish a statewide course 2.5 in the safe use of firearms and identification of wild mammals and birds. A course may be 2.6 held in a school district. The courses must be conducted by the commissioner in cooperation 2.7 with other organizations. The courses must instruct youths in commonly accepted principles 2.8 of safety in hunting and handling common hunting firearms and identification of various 2.9 species of wild mammals and birds by sight and other unique characteristics. 2.10 (b) All firearm safety courses established by the commissioner of natural resources must 2.11 include the standards developed under section 624.714, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a). The 2.12 commissioner of natural resources shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in 2.13 the development of these courses. 2.14 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 2.15 2.16 applies to firearm safety courses held on or after January 1, 2023. Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.021, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 2.17 Subdivision 1. Restrictions. (a) A person at least age 18 but under age 21 may possess 2.18 a firearm except for a pistol as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 2; semiautomatic 2.19 military-style assault weapon as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 7; .50 caliber or 2.20 larger firearm as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 15; or large-capacity magazine if 2.21 the person possesses a license to possess a firearm under section 624.7135. 2.22 (a) (b) Except as provided in this subdivision paragraph (c), a person under the age of 2.23 2.24 16 18 may not possess a firearm, unless accompanied by a parent or guardian. (b) (c) A person under age 16 18 may possess a firearm without except for a pistol as 2.25 2.26 defined in section 624.712, subdivision 2; semiautomatic military-style assault weapon as defined in section 624.712, subdivision 7; .50 caliber or larger firearm as defined in section 2.27 624.712, subdivision 15; or large-capacity magazine if the person is being accompanied by 2.28 a parent or guardian. The requirement for accompaniment by a parent or guardian is waived 2.29 if the person is at least 14 years, has a license to possess a firearm under section 624.7135, 2.30 and written permission from the parent or guardian and is: 2.31

3.1	(1) on land owned by, or occupied as the principal residence of, the person or the person's
3.2	parent or guardian or on land where the person has explicit permission from the owner of
3.3	the land; or
3.4	(2) while participating in an organized target shooting program with adult supervision;.
3.5	(d) The requirement for possessing a license and the requirement for accompaniment
3.6	by a parent or guardian is waived
3.7	(3) while the person under age 18 is participating in a firearms safety program or traveling
3.8	to and from class ; or .
3.9	(4) if the person is age 14 or 15 and has a firearms safety certificate.
3.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022.
3.11	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 97B.021, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
3.12	Subd. 1a. Parent or guardian duties. A parent or guardian may not knowingly direct,
3.13	allow, or permit a person under the age of $\frac{16}{18}$ to possess a firearm in violation of this
3.14	section.
3.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022.
3.16	Sec. 5. [299A.07] DATABASE OF FIREARM REGISTRATIONS AND TRANSFERS;
3.17	<u>RULES REQUIRED.</u>
3.18	Subdivision 1. Database. The commissioner of public safety shall establish a
3.19	computerized central reporting system and maintain a database of firearm registrations and
3.20	transfers. The commissioner shall adopt rules to establish a procedure that must be followed
3.21	by transferors and transferees when checking on the number and dates of prior firearm sales
3.22	or transfers prior to a sale or transfer. Information in the database must be readily available
3.23	on a 24-hour basis to requesting law enforcement agencies and must quickly indicate whether
3.24	the transferee has purchased a firearm within a 30-day period.
3.25	Subd. 2. Private data. All data pertaining to transfers under this section are classified
3.26	as private data as provided in section 13.87, subdivision 2.
3.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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4.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2020), section 609.666, is am	ended to read:	
4.2	609.666 NEGLIGENT STO	RAGE OF FIREARM	S.	
4.3	Subdivision 1. Definitions. Fo	or purposes of this section	on, the following wo	ords have the
4.4	meanings given.			
4.5	(a) "Firearm" means a device	designed to be used as a	weapon, from whic	ch is expelled
4.6	a projectile by the force of any ex	plosion or force of com	bustion.	
4.7	(b) "Child" means a person un	der the age of 18 years.		
4.8	(c) "Loaded" means the firear	m has ammunition in the	e chamber or magaz	tine, if the
4.9	magazine is in the firearm, unless	the firearm is incapable	e of being fired by a	child who is
4.10	likely to gain access to the firearr	n.		
4.11	(c) "Ineligible person" means	a resident or household	guest who is not lic	ensed under
4.12	section 624.7135 to possess a fire	arm.		
4.13	(d) "Safely store" means:			
4.14	(1) the firearm is placed in a s	ecure storage container	that is specifically d	lesigned for
4.15	the safe storage of firearms and fu	ally enclosed and locked	<u>l; or</u>	
4.16	(2) locked with a safety device	e installed or incorporate	ed into the design of	f the firearm
4.17	that prevents the firearm from bei	ing operated without firs	st deactivating the de	evice.
4.18	Subd. 2. Access to firearms.	Unless reasonable action	is taken to safely st	ore a firearm,
4.19	a person is guilty of a gross misde	emeanor who negligently	y stores <u>, keeps,</u> or lea	aves a loaded
4.20	firearm in a location where the per	rson knows, or reasonab	ly should know, that	t an ineligible
4.21	person is able to gain access or a	child without the permis	ssion of the person i	s likely able
4.22	to gain access , unless reasonable	action is taken to secure	the firearm against	access by the
4.23	child. is guilty of a:			
4.24	(1) misdemeanor;			
4.25	(2) gross misdemeanor if the i	neligible person or child	takes and uses the	firearm; or
4.26	(3) felony if the ineligible per	son or child takes and us	ses the firearm resul	ting in the
4.27	injury or death of that person or c	hild or another person.		
4.28	Subd. 3. Limitations. Subdivi	ision 2 does not apply to) <u>:</u>	
4.29	(1) an ineligible person's or a	child's access to firearm	s that was obtained	as a result of
4.30	an unlawful entry . ; or			

5.1	(2) a person who is carrying the firearm or when it is within close proximity that the
5.2	person can readily retrieve and use the firearm as if the person was carrying the firearm.
5.3	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.712, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
5.4	Subd. 6. Transfer. "Transfer" means a sale, gift, loan, assignment or other delivery to
5.5	another, whether or not for consideration, of a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault
5.6	weapon firearm or the frame or receiver of a pistol or semiautomatic military-style assault
5.7	weapon_firearm.
5.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022, and applies to transfers
5.9	of firearms on or after that date.
5.10	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.712, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
5.11	Subd. 7. Semiautomatic military-style assault weapon. (a) "Semiautomatic
5.12	military-style assault weapon" means:
5.13	(1) any of the following firearms:
5.14	(i) Avtomat Kalashnikov (AK-47) semiautomatic rifle type;
5.15	(ii) Beretta AR-70 and BM-59 semiautomatic rifle types;
5.16	(iii) Colt AR-15 semiautomatic rifle type;
5.17	(iv) Daewoo Max-1 and Max-2 semiautomatic rifle types;
5.18	(v) Famas MAS semiautomatic rifle type;
5.19	(vi) Fabrique Nationale FN-LAR and FN-FNC semiautomatic rifle types;
5.20	(vii) Galil semiautomatic rifle type;
5.21	(viii) Heckler & Koch HK-91, HK-93, and HK-94 semiautomatic rifle types;
5.22	(ix) Ingram MAC-10 and MAC-11 semiautomatic pistol and carbine types;
5.23	(x) Intratec TEC-9 semiautomatic pistol type;
5.24	(xi) Sigarms SIG 550SP and SIG 551SP semiautomatic rifle types;
5.25	(xii) SKS with detachable magazine semiautomatic rifle type;
5.26	(xiii) Steyr AUG semiautomatic rifle type;
5.27	(xiv) Street Sweeper and Striker-12 revolving-cylinder shotgun types;
5.28	(xv) USAS-12 semiautomatic shotgun type;

02/17/22 REVISOR KLL/CH 22-05261 (xvi) Uzi semiautomatic pistol and carbine types; or 6.1 (xvii) Valmet M76 and M78 semiautomatic rifle types; 6.2 (2) any firearm that is another model made by the same manufacturer as one of the 6.3 firearms listed in clause (1), and has the same action design as one of the listed firearms, 6.4 and is a redesigned, renamed, or renumbered version of one of the firearms listed in clause 6.5 (1), or has a slight modification or enhancement, including but not limited to a folding or 6.6 retractable stock; adjustable sight; case deflector for left-handed shooters; shorter barrel; 6.7 wooden, plastic, or metal stock; larger clip size; different caliber; or a bayonet mount; and 6.8 (3) any firearm that has been manufactured or sold by another company under a licensing 6.9 agreement with a manufacturer of one of the firearms listed in clause (1) entered into after 6.10 the effective date of Laws 1993, chapter 326, to manufacture or sell firearms that are identical 6.11 or nearly identical to those listed in clause (1), or described in clause (2), regardless of the 6.12 company of production or country of origin. 6.13 The weapons listed in clause (1), except those listed in items (iii), (ix), (x), (xiv), and 6.14 (xv), are the weapons the importation of which was barred by the Bureau of Alcohol, 6.15 Tobacco, and Firearms of the United States Department of the Treasury in July 1989. 6.16 Except as otherwise specifically provided in paragraph (d), a firearm is not a 6.17 "semiautomatic military-style assault weapon" if it is generally recognized as particularly 6.18 suitable for or readily adaptable to sporting purposes under United States Code, title 18, 6.19 section 925, paragraph (d)(3), or any regulations adopted pursuant to that law. 6.20 (b) Semiautomatic military-style assault weapon also includes any: 6.21 (1) semiautomatic rifle that has the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and has 6.22 one or more of the following: 6.23 (i) a pistol grip or thumbhole stock; 6.24 (ii) any feature capable of functioning as a protruding grip that can be held by the 6.25 nontrigger hand; 6.26 (iii) a folding or telescoping stock; or 6.27 (iv) a shroud attached to the barrel, or that partially or completely encircles the barrel, 6.28 allowing the bearer to hold the firearm with the nontrigger hand without being burned, but 6.29 excluding a slide that encloses the barrel; 6.30 (2) semiautomatic pistol, or any semiautomatic, centerfire, or rimfire rifle with a fixed 6.31 magazine that has the capacity to accept more than seven rounds of ammunition; 6.32

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7.1	(3) semiautomatic pistol that has the	e capacity to acce	pt a detachable magazin	e and has
7.2	one or more of the following:			
7.3	(i) any feature capable of functioning	ng as a protruding	grip that can be held by	the
7.4	nontrigger hand;			
7.5	(ii) a folding, telescoping, or thumb	hole stock;		
7.6	(iii) a shroud attached to the barrel,	or that partially o	r completely encircles t	he barrel,
7.7	allowing the bearer to hold the firearm	with the nontrigg	er hand without being b	urned, but
7.8	excluding a slide that encloses the barr	el; or		
7.9	(iv) the capacity to accept a detacha	ible magazine at a	ny location outside of th	ne pistol
7.10	grip;			
7.11	(4) semiautomatic shotgun that has	one or more of th	e following:	
7.12	(i) a pistol grip or thumbhole stock;			
7.13	(ii) any feature capable of functioni	ng as a protruding	g grip that can be held b	y the
7.14	nontrigger hand;			
7.15	(iii) a folding or telescoping stock;			
7.16	(iv) a fixed magazine capacity in ex	cess of seven rou	<u>nds; or</u>	
7.17	(v) an ability to accept a detachable	magazine;		
7.18	(5) shotgun with a revolving cylind	er; or		
7.19	(6) conversion kit, part, or combination	tion of parts, from	n which an assault weap	on can be
7.20	assembled if those parts are in the poss	ession or under th	e control of the same po	erson.
7.21	Semiautomatic military-style assault w	eapon does not m	ean any firearm describ	ed in this
7.22	paragraph that has been made permane	ntly inoperable.		
7.23	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, sect	ion 624.712, is an	nended by adding a subc	livision to
7.24	read:			
7.25	Subd. 13. Firearm. "Firearm" has t	he meaning given	in section 609.666, sub	division
7.26	<u>1.</u>			

8.1	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.712, is amended by adding a subdivision
8.2	to read:
8.3	Subd. 14. Large-capacity magazine. "Large-capacity magazine" means any ammunition
8.4	feeding device with the capacity to accept more than ten rounds, or any conversion kit, part,
8.5	or combination of parts from which this type of device can be assembled if those parts are
8.6	in the possession or under the control of the same person. Large-capacity magazine does
8.7	not mean any of the following:
8.8	(1) a feeding device that has been permanently altered so that it cannot accommodate
8.9	more than ten rounds;
8.10	(2) a .22 caliber tube ammunition feeding device; or
8.11	(3) a tubular magazine that is contained in a lever-action firearm.
8.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2022.
8.13	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.712, is amended by adding a subdivision
8.14	to read:
8.15	Subd. 1550 caliber or larger firearm. ".50 caliber or larger firearm" means a firearm
8.16	that is capable of expelling a metal projectile that measures one-half inch or larger in diameter
8.17	but does not include an antique or replica firearm that uses black powder.
8.18	Sec. 12. [624.7134] LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIRED FOR FIREARM
8.19	OWNERS.
8.20	(a) A person who intends to own a firearm shall, prior to the ownership of the firearm,
8.21	obtain, and during ownership continuously maintain, a policy of liability insurance
8.22	specifically covering any damages resulting from any negligent or willful acts involving
8.23	the use of the firearm while it is owned by the person. No firearm shall be transferred in
8.24	this state unless the transferee at the time of the transfer provides proof that the transferee
8.25	has complied with the provisions of this section.
8.26	(b) For purposes of this section, a person is considered to own a firearm if the firearm
8.27	is lost or stolen until the loss or theft is reported to the chief of police or sheriff that has
8.28	jurisdiction in the municipality or county where the firearm owner resides.
8.29	(c) A person who owns a firearm on the effective date of this section shall obtain the
8.30	insurance required by this section by January 15, 2023.

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9.1	(d) The commissioner of c	ommerce shall set a minimu	m amount of coverag	ge satisfactory
9.2	to the commissioner.			
9.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. Th	is section is effective the da	y following final en	actment.
9.4	Sec. 13. [624.7135] OWNI	ERSHIP AND POSSESSIC	ON OF FIREARM	S; LICENSE
9.5	REQUIRED.			
9.6	Subdivision 1. License re	equirement. No person may	own or possess a fi	rearm in this
9.7	state unless the person has a	valid, current license issued	by the commission	er of public
9.8	safety under this section.			
9.9	Subd. 2. Application pro	cess. A person may apply fo	or a license to own o	or possess a
9.10	firearm by providing, in perso	on, the following informatic	n to the commission	ner of public
9.11	safety or the commissioner's	designee:		
9.12	(1) a background check co	ertificate issued within the p	ast 30 days by the c	hief of police
9.13	of the municipality in which the	he person resides or, if there	is no chief of police,	, by the sheriff
9.14	of the county in which the per-	rson resides stating that a ba	ckground check cor	nducted under
9.15	subdivision 3 shows that the	person is not prohibited from	n possessing a firea	<u>rm;</u>
9.16	(2) a firearms safety certif	ficate accepted by the Depar	tment of Public Safe	ety that shows
9.17	proof of the ability to safely of	own, store, transport, and us	e a firearm; and	
9.18	(3) proof of liability insur	ance under section 624.713	<u>4.</u>	
9.19	The commissioner or the	commissioner's designee sh	all take a color phot	ograph of the
9.20	applicant at the time the applic	ation is submitted. The comr	nissioner may charge	e the applicant
9.21	a reasonable fee to cover the	cost of the licensing process	<u>.</u>	
9.22	Subd. 3. Background che	eck. (a) A person may apply	for a background ch	eck certificate
9.23	by providing the following in	formation in writing to the c	chief of police of the	e municipality
9.24	in which the person resides o	r to the county sheriff if the	re is no local chief o	of police:
9.25	(1) the applicant's name, r	residence, telephone number	;, and driver's licens	e number or
9.26	nonqualification certificate m	umber, if any;		
9.27	(2) the applicant's gender,	date of birth, height, weight	, color of eyes, and c	distinguishing
9.28	physical characteristics, if an	<u>y;</u>		
9.29	(3) a statement that the ap	plicant authorizes the release	se to the local police	authority of
9.30	commitment information abo	out the applicant maintained	by the commissione	er of human
9.31	services to the extent that the	information relates to the a	pplicant's eligibility	to possess a
9.32	firearm under section 624.71	3, subdivision 1; and		

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10.1	(4) a statement by the applicant that the applicant is not prohibited by section 624.713
10.2	or other state or federal law from possessing a firearm.
10.3	The statements shall be signed and dated by the applicant. The statement under clause
10.4	(3) must comply with any applicable requirements of Code of Federal Regulations, title 42,
10.5	sections 2.31 to 2.35, with respect to consent to disclosure of alcohol or drug patient records.
10.6	At the time of application, the chief of police or county sheriff may charge the applicant a
10.7	reasonable fee to cover the cost of conducting the background check and shall provide the
10.8	applicant with a dated receipt for the application.
10.9	(b) The chief of police or sheriff shall check criminal histories, records, and warrant
10.10	information relating to the applicant through the Minnesota Crime Information System and
10.11	the National Criminal Record Repository and shall make a reasonable effort to check other
10.12	available state and local record-keeping systems. The chief of police or sheriff shall obtain
10.13	commitment information from the commissioner of human services as provided in section
10.14	<u>245.041.</u>
10.15	(c) The chief of police or sheriff may issue a certificate to the applicant. The certificate
10.16	shall be based on the results of the background check and shall state the date on which the
10.17	background check was performed. The certificate shall state whether the applicant is or is
10.18	not prohibited from possessing a firearm.
10.19	(d) The chief of police or sheriff may deny the application for a certificate on the grounds
10.20	that there exists a substantial likelihood that the applicant is a danger to self or the public
10.21	if allowed to possess firearms.
10.22	Subd. 4. Grant or denial of license. If the applicant meets the requirements under
10.23	subdivisions 2 and 3, the commissioner shall issue a license to own or possess a firearm
10.24	within five business days of the submission of the application to the commissioner or the
10.25	commissioner's designee. The commissioner shall provide the applicant with written
10.26	notification of a denial and the specific reason for it. Any person aggrieved by the denial
10.27	of a license application may seek review as provided in sections 14.57 to 14.69.
10.28	Subd. 5. Contents; validity. (a) A license granted under this section shall contain the
10.29	following information:
10.30	(1) the date of issuance and a unique license number;
10.31	(2) the license holder's name, current address, date of birth, sex, height, weight, and eye
10.32	color; and
10.33	(3) the color photograph of the license holder that was taken at the time of the application.

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11.1	(b) The license is valid statewide for four years from the date of issuance and is not
11.2	transferable. The license becomes invalid and must be returned to the commissioner if the
11.3	person becomes ineligible to possess a firearm under section 624.713 or other state or federal
11.4	law at any time within this four-year period. A court shall notify the commissioner when a
11.5	person who possesses a license under this section is convicted of an offense described in
11.6	section 624.713. The commissioner shall revoke a person's license to own or possess a
11.7	firearm if the person becomes ineligible to possess a firearm under section 624.713 or other
11.8	state or federal law during the period that the person possesses a license. The license may
11.9	be renewed in the same manner and subject to the same restrictions under which the original
11.10	license was obtained.
11.11	Subd. 6. Requirement to carry license. A person, other than a peace officer, as defined
11.12	in section 626.84, must carry the license to own or possess the firearm whenever the person
11.13	possesses a firearm in a place other than the person's dwelling or premises.
11.14	Subd. 7. Places where pistol possession is lawful. A license to own or possess a pistol
11.15	authorizes the license holder to carry the pistol only in the locations and for the purposes
11.16	described in section 624.714, subdivision 9. A person must obtain a permit to carry under
11.17	section 624.714 in order to carry the pistol in any other location.
11.18	Subd. 8. Statewide record system of license holders. The commissioner shall maintain
11.19	a statewide, computerized record system containing identifying information on and the
11.20	license numbers of persons who have been granted a license under this section. Information
11.21	in the record system shall be readily available on a 24-hour basis to requesting law
11.22	enforcement agencies.
11.23	Subd. 9. Penalties. (a) A person who fails to carry a license in violation of this section
11.24	is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.
11.25	(b) A person who does either of the following is guilty of a misdemeanor:
11.26	(1) owns a firearm without having registered it; or
11.27	(2) owns or possesses a firearm after a license issued under this section has expired.
11.28	(c) A person who does any of the following is guilty of a gross misdemeanor:
11.29	(1) owns or possesses a firearm without having first obtained a license under this section;
11.30	(2) owns or possesses a firearm after a license issued under this section has become
11.31	invalid except through expiration;
11.32	(3) makes a false statement in order to obtain a license; or

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12.1	(4) transfers a license in violation of this section.
12.2	(d) The court shall notify the commissioner when a person is convicted of a violation
12.3	under this section except for a petty misdemeanor violation under paragraph (a). Upon
12.4	receipt of the court's notification, the commissioner shall revoke or deny issuance of the
12.5	person's license to own or possess a firearm for a period of three years for a misdemeanor
12.6	violation under paragraph (b) and ten years for a gross misdemeanor violation under
12.7	paragraph (c).
12.8	Subd. 10. Private data. All data pertaining to licenses under this section are classified
12.9	as private data as provided in section 13.87, subdivision 2.
12.10	Subd. 11. Persons who own or possess firearms before January 1, 2023. All persons
12.11	who own or possess firearms on or after January 1, 2023, must comply with the license
12.12	requirements of this section. However, notwithstanding subdivision 2, a person who owns
12.13	or possesses a firearm on or after January 1, 2023, who lawfully owned or possessed the
12.14	firearm before that date is not required to provide a background check certificate or show
12.15	competence in firearm safety as required by subdivision 2, clause (2), when applying for
12.16	or renewing a license if the person applies for a license on or before July 1, 2023. The person
12.17	shall provide a signed statement that the person is not prohibited by section 624.713 from
12.18	possessing a firearm.
12.19	Subd. 12. Temporary licenses for nonresident aliens. The commissioner may issue a
12.20	temporary license to own or possess a rifle or shotgun to a nonresident alien who is lawfully
12.21	in the United States and present in the state to lawfully take game as a nonresident under
12.22	the game and fish laws. The commissioner shall determine the period of the license's validity
12.23	based on the circumstances of the case. The application for the temporary license must be
12.24	on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may charge the applicant a
12.25	reasonable fee to cover the cost of the temporary licensing process.
12.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2023, and applies to persons
12.27	who own or possess a firearm, and for crimes committed on or after that date; except that
12.28	a person who owns or possesses a firearm before January 1, 2023, may continue to own or
12.29	possess the firearm without obtaining a license until January 1, 2024.
12.30	Sec. 14. [624.7136] FIREARM TRANSFERS; REQUIREMENTS.
12.31	Subdivision 1. Definition. As used in this section, "transfer" has the meaning given in

12.31 Subdivision 1. Definition. As used in this section, "transfer" has the meaning g
12.32 section 624.712, subdivision 6, but does not include:

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13.1	(1) the delivery of a firearn	n to a person for the purpos	e of repair, recondit	tioning, or
13.2	remodeling;			
13.3	(2) a loan by a teacher to a st	udent in a course designed to	o teach marksmansh	up or firearms
13.4	safety, in the presence of the ir	structor, if the course is ap	proved by the comr	nissioner of
13.5	public safety;			
13.6	(3) a loan between persons	lawfully engaged in huntin	g or target shooting	g if the loan is
13.7	intended for a period of no mo			
13.8	firearms;			
13.9	(4) while hunting or trapping	ng if the hunting or trapping	g is legal in all place	es where the
13.10	transferee possesses the firearr	n and the transferee holds a	license to possess	firearms and
13.11	all licenses or permits required	for hunting or trapping;		
13.12	(5) while in the actual press	ence of the transferor; provi	ided that any transf	er under this
13.13	clause is permitted only if the	transferor has no reason to l	believe that the tran	nsferee is
13.14	prohibited by federal law from	buying or possessing firear	ms or not entitled u	nder state law
13.15	to possess firearms. If the trans	sferee is under 18 years of a	ige, it must be unde	er direct
13.16	supervision and control of the	transferor;		
13.17	(6) a loan between peace of	fficers, as defined in sectior	1 626.84; and	
13.18	(7) a loan between employe	ees or between the employe	r and an employee	in a business
13.19	if the employee is required to c	arry a firearm by reason of	employment and is	the holder of
13.20	a valid permit to carry a pistol.	<u>.</u>		
13.21	Subd. 2. Record. At the tin	ne of a delivery of a firearm	under subdivision	1, clause (1)
13.22	or a loan of a firearm under cla	suses (2) to (4), (6), and (7),	the transferor and	the transferee
13.23	each shall retain a document si	gned by both parties. The d	ocument shall conta	ain the names
13.24	and license numbers of the trans	sferor and transferee, serial n	umber of the firear	<u>n or firearms,</u>
13.25	and the dates of the temporary	transfer, not to exceed 30 d	lays. The commissi	oner shall
13.26	develop and provide a standard	lized form for temporary tra	ansfers.	
13.27	Subd. 3. Firearm license r	equired. No person may tra	unsfer a firearm to a	nother unless
13.28	the transferee presents a valid,	current license to own and	possess the firearm	issued under
13.29	section 624.7135.			
13.30	Subd. 4. Information. Eve	ry person who agrees to tra	nsfer a firearm shal	ll report the
13.31	following information in writin	ng to the commissioner of p	ublic safety within	three days of
13.32	the transfer:			

14.1	(1) the name and address of the transferee and the number of the license presented by
14.2	the transferee authorizing the transferee to own or possess a firearm; and
14.3	(2) the serial number of the firearm that was transferred.
14.4	Subd. 5. Records; registration card. (a) At the time of the transfer, the transferor shall
14.5	give the transferee a temporary registration card. The temporary registration card shall
14.6	contain the information described in paragraph (c) and shall be valid for 30 days following
14.7	the date of the transfer. The expiration date of the temporary registration card shall be clearly
14.8	displayed on the card.
14.9	(b) Upon receipt of the information required under subdivision 3, the commissioner shall
14.10	record the transferee's name, license number, and firearm serial number in the database
14.11	under section 299A.07 and shall issue a permanent registration card to the transferee within
14.12	30 days. The commissioner may charge the transferee a reasonable fee to cover the cost of
14.13	the registration process.
14.14	(c) The temporary and permanent registration cards shall contain the transferee's name,
14.15	license number, and firearm serial number and shall identify the transferee as the person
14.16	entitled to own and possess the firearm.
14.17	Subd. 6. Fee; exception. Notwithstanding subdivision 4, paragraph (b), the commissioner
14.18	may not charge a fee when the transferee is a federally licensed firearms dealer.
14.19	Subd. 7. Validity; subsequent transfers. The registration card is valid until the person
14.20	transfers the firearm to another. The registration card becomes invalid whenever the person
14.21	becomes ineligible to possess a firearm under section 624.713 or other state or federal law.
14.22	Subd. 8. Penalties. (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), a person who
14.23	transfers a firearm to another in violation of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
14.24	(b) A person who does any of the following is guilty of a felony:
14.25	(1) transfers a firearm to a transferee whom the transferor knows is ineligible to possess
14.26	the weapon if the transferee possesses or uses the weapon within one year after the transfer
14.27	in furtherance of a crime of violence;
14.28	(2) transfers a firearm to a person who has made a false statement in order to become a
14.29	transferee, if the transferor knows or has reason to know the transferee has made the false
14.30	statement;
14.31	(3) knowingly becomes a transferee in violation of this section; or

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15.1	(4) makes a false statement in order	to become a tran	sferee of a firearm kn	owing or
15.2	having reason to know the statement is	false.		
15.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section i	s effective Januar	ry 1, 2023, and applies	s to transfers
15.4	of firearms and crimes committed on or			
15.5	Sec. 15. [624.7137] PURCHASE OR	TRANSFER OF	MORE THAN ONE	FIREARM
15.6	PER 30 DAYS PROHIBITED.			
15.7	Subdivision 1. Gross misdemeanor	: (a) A person wh	o purchases or accepts	the transfer
15.8	of more than one firearm within a 30-da	ay period is guilty	y of a gross misdemea	nor.
15.9	(b) A person who transfers a firearn	n to an individual	knowing that the indi	vidual has
15.10	purchased or accepted the transfer of a	firearm within the	e preceding 30 days is	s guilty of a
15.11	gross misdemeanor.			
15.12	Subd. 2. Exceptions. Subdivision 1	does not apply to	<u>):</u>	
15.13	(1) firearms dealers as defined in se	ction 624.7161, s	ubdivision 1;	
15.14	(2) law enforcement agencies;			
15.15	(3) private security companies;			
15.16	(4) the purchase of antique firearms	; and		
15.17	(5) persons who have been exempted	d from this section	on under subdivision 3	<u>.</u>
15.18	Subd. 3. Stolen or lost firearms. A	person whose fir	earm was stolen or irr	etrievably
15.19	lost and who because of an occupationa	l or personal safe	ety hazard wishes to p	urchase or
15.20	accept the transfer of a pistol, but who	is prohibited from	n doing so because of	this section,
15.21	may apply to the chief of police of an o	rganized full-time	e police department of	f the
15.22	municipality where the person resides of	or to the county sl	neriff if there is no loc	al chief of
15.23	police where the person resides for an e	exception to this s	section. The police chi	ef or sheriff
15.24	shall respond to an application within the	nree business day	rs of the application by	either
15.25	approving or denying the request.			
15.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section i	is effective Januar	ry 1, 2023, and applies	to transfers
15.27	of firearms and crimes committed on or	after that date.		

16.1	Sec. 16. [624.7138] GUN TRAFFICKING PROHIBITED.
16.2	A person who crosses a state or international border to transport firearms into the state
16.3	of Minnesota with the intent to transfer the firearms to a person who is ineligible to possess
16.4	a firearm under section 624.713 or other state or federal law is guilty of a felony.
16.5	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2023, and applies to transfers
16.6	of firearms and crimes committed on or after that date.
16.7	Sec. 17. [624.7139] LOST OR STOLEN FIREARMS.
16.8	Subdivision 1. Failure to report; gross misdemeanor. A person who fails to report a
16.9	stolen or lost firearm within two days of discovery of the loss is guilty of a gross
16.10	misdemeanor.
16.11	Subd. 2. Duty to report. A person shall report a stolen or lost firearm to the chief of
16.12	police of an organized full-time police department of the municipality where the person
16.13	resides or to the county sheriff if there is no local chief of police where the person resides.
16.14	Subd. 3. Report to commissioner of public safety. A chief of police or sheriff shall
16.15	report a stolen or lost firearm to the commissioner of public safety within two days of
16.16	receiving notification of the theft or loss under this section.
16.17	Subd. 4. Rebuttable presumption. If a person whose firearm was stolen or lost fails to
16.18	report it under subdivision 1 or 2, and it is used in the commission of a crime or seized from
16.19	a person ineligible to possess it, there is a rebuttable presumption that the original gun owner
16.20	transferred the weapon in violation of this chapter.
16.21	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective January 1, 2023, and applies to transfers
16.22	of firearms and crimes committed on or after that date.
16.23	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.714, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
16.24	Subd. 2a. Training in safe use of a pistol pistols and other firearms. (a) An applicant
16.25	must present evidence that the applicant received training in the safe use of a pistol firearm
16.26	within one year of the date of an original or renewal application. Training may be
16.27	demonstrated by:
16.28	(1) employment as a peace officer in the state of Minnesota within the past year; or
16.29	(2) completion of a firearms safety or training course <u>approved by the commissioner</u>

16.30 providing basic training in the safe <u>ownership</u>, <u>handling</u>, <u>and</u> use of a pistol <u>and other firearms</u>

16.31 and conducted by a certified instructor.

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17.1	(b) Basic training must include:
17.2	(1) at least hours of training;
17.3	(1) (2) instruction in the fundamentals of pistol and other firearm use;
17.4	(3) strategies for safely retreating and not escalating a potentially lethal encounter;
17.5	(2) (4) successful completion of an actual shooting qualification exercise; and
17.6	(3) (5) instruction in the fundamental legal aspects of:
17.7	(i) pistol and other firearm possession, carry, transport, and use, including;
17.8	(ii) self-defense and the restrictions on the use of deadly force-:
17.9	(iii) safe storage of firearms; and
17.10	(iv) reporting a theft or loss of a firearm; and
17.11	(6) all of the standards developed under subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).
17.12	(c) The certified instructor must may issue a firearms safety certificate on a form approved
17.13	by the commissioner to a person who has completed a firearms safety or training course
17.14	described in paragraph (b) and passed an exam approved by the commissioner. The certificate
17.15	must be signed by the instructor and attest that the person attended and completed the course.
17.16	(d) A person qualifies as a certified instructor if the person is certified as a firearms
17.17	instructor within the past five three years by an organization or government entity that has
17.18	been approved by the Department of Public Safety in accordance with the department's
17.19	standards.
17.20	(e) A sheriff must accept the training described in this subdivision as meeting the
17.21	requirement in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), for training in the safe use of a pistol. A sheriff
17.22	may also accept other satisfactory evidence of training in the safe use of a pistol.
17.23	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.714, is amended by adding a subdivision
17.24	to read:
17.25	Subd. 2b. Firearm safety and training classes; testing; rules. (a) The commissioner
17.26	of public safety shall adopt rules establishing safety and training standards for firearm safety
17.27	and training courses. These standards shall cover all aspects of safety regarding firearms.
17.28	The commissioner shall consult with public safety and firearms safety experts in developing
17.29	the standards. The rules must be adopted under chapter 14.
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18.1	(b) The commissioner shall develop a written firearm safety test for all applicants for a
18.2	license to own a firearm and a separate test for all applicants for a permit to carry. Each test
18.3	shall cover the safety and training standards developed under paragraph (a). The
18.4	commissioner shall provide for giving a test under this subdivision either in the county
18.5	where the applicant resides or at a place adjacent thereto and reasonably convenient to the
18.6	applicant.
18.7	(c) Each test shall include at a minimum:
18.8	(1) the applicant's knowledge of:
18.9	(i) safety and training standards developed under paragraph (a);
18.10	(ii) the effects of alcohol and drugs on a person's ability to use, possess, carry, and
18.11	transport a firearm safely and legally, and the legal penalties and financial consequences
18.12	resulting from violations of laws prohibiting the use, possession, carrying, and transporting
18.13	of a firearm while under the influence of alcohol or drugs;
18.14	(iii) the civil and criminal legal consequences of causing the harm or death of a person
18.15	with a firearm;
18.16	(iv) firearm transfer laws; and
18.17	(v) for applicants for permits to carry:
18.18	(A) permit to carry laws; and
18.19	(B) the obligation to safely retreat and not escalate a potentially lethal encounter;
18.20	(2) an actual demonstration of the ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable control in
18.21	the use, possession, carrying, and transporting of a firearm; and
18.22	(3) other physical and mental testing as the commissioner of public safety finds necessary
18.23	to determine the applicant's fitness to use, possess, carry, and transport a firearm safely.
18.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
18.25	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 624.7151, is amended to read:
18.26	624.7151 STANDARDIZED FORMS.
18.27	(a) By December 1, 1992 2022, the commissioner shall adopt statewide standards
18.28	governing the form and contents, as for all transactions required by sections 624.7131 to
18.29	624.714, on or after January 1, 2023, of every application for a pistol firearm transferee

18.30 permit, pistol transferee permit, report of transfer of a pistol, application for a permit to

19.1	carry a pistol, and permit to carry a pistol that is granted or renewed on or after January 1,
19.2	1993 .
19.3	(b) On or after January 1, 2023, every application for a pistol firearm transferee permit,
19.4	pistol transferee permit, report of transfer of a pistol firearm, application for a permit to
19.5	carry a pistol firearm, and permit to carry a pistol firearm that is received, granted, or renewed
19.6	by a police chief of police or county sheriff on or after January 1, 1993, must meet the
19.7	statewide standards adopted by the commissioner. Notwithstanding the previous sentence,
19.8	neither failure of the Department of Public Safety to adopt standards nor failure of the chief
19.9	of police chief or county sheriff to meet them shall delay the timely processing of applications
19.10	nor invalidate permits issued on other forms meeting the requirements of sections 624.7131
19.11	to 624.714.
19.12	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
19.13	Sec. 21. FIREARM REGISTRATION REQUIRED.
19.14	Subdivision 1. Registration required. By January 1, 2023, every person who owns a
19.15	firearm must register the firearm with the commissioner of public safety. The registration
19.16	must be in writing and contain:
19.17	(1) the name and address of the owner;
19.18	(2) the number of the license authorizing the owner to own or possess a firearm; and
19.19	(3) the serial number of the firearm being registered.
19.20	Upon receipt of this information, the commissioner shall record the owner's name, license
19.21	number, and firearm serial number in the database under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.07,
19.22	and issue a registration card to the owner within 30 days. The registration card must conform
19.23	with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 624.7136.
19.24	Subd. 2. Private data. All data pertaining to registrations under this section are classified
19.25	as private data as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.87, subdivision 2.
19.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
19.27	Sec. 22. CONFORMING STATUTORY CHANGES.
19.28	The revisor of statutes in consultation with House Research and Senate Counsel shall
19.29	make necessary statutory corrections to reflect the changes made in this act. Any changes
19.30	that are beyond the scope of the revisor's editorial authority must be reflected in a bill
19.31	prepared by the revisor for introduction in the 2023 legislative session.